



91 - 448

May

Evans'

from myself to myself with

love from Icar we self.

(How touching.) Sweet is it not, even
like to sugar-candy.

4219.
Evans 10 P
A LEXICON

Abridged from

Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

THE TWENTY-THIRD EDITION

Carefully revised throughout

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ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἀφ-ήμι, ἄ-βατος, ἔφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομουσέω under φιλό-μουσος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used :—

= means *equal* or *equivalent* to

absol. = absolute, absolutely

acc. = accusative : acc. to = according to

Act. = active voice

act. = active signification

Adj. = adjective

Adv. = adverb

Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect

aor. = aorist tense

Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek

c. = cum (with)

c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a

Subst. which has the same or a similar signification with the Verb

c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae

cf. = confer (compare)

collat. = collateral

Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek

Compar. or Comp. = comparative

Conjunct. = conjunction

contr. = contracted, contraction

cp. = compare

dat. = dative

Dep. = Dependent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or

Passive forms with Active sense

deriv. = derived, derivation

dissyll. = dissyllable

Dor. = in Doric Greek

e. g. = exempli gratia

Ep. = in Epic Greek

esp. = especially

etc. = et cetera

f. or fut. = future tense

fem. = feminine

fin. = ad finem or fine

freq. = frequent, frequently

gen. or genit. = genitive

Hom. = Homer

i. e. = id est

imperat. or imper. = imperative mood

imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense

impers. = impersonal

indic. = indicative mood

inf. = infinitive mood

intr. or intrans. = intransitive

Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect

irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin

lengthd. = lengthened

masc. = masculine

Med. = medial or middle voice

med. = medial or middle signification

metaph. = metaphorically

metri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the metre)

n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name)

N. T. = New Testament

negat. = negativum (negative)

neut. = neuter

nom. = nominative

opp. to = opposed to

opt. or optat. = optative mood

orig. = originally

part. = participle

Pass. = passive voice

pass. = passive signification

pecul. = peculiar

perf. or pf. = perfect tense

pl. or plur. = plural

plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect)

poët. = poetically

Prep. = preposition

pres. = present tense

priv. or privat. = privativum

q. v. = quod vide

qq. v. quae vide

radic. = radical

regul. = regular, regularly

shortd. = shortened

signf. = signification

sing. = singular

sq. = sequens (the following word)

sub. = subaudi, subaudito

subj. = subjunctive mood

Subst. = Substantive

syll. = syllable

Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek

trans. = transitive

trisyll. = trisyllable

usu. = usually

v. = vide

verb. Adj. = verbal adjective

voc. = voce, vocem

vocat. = vocative

A

A—ἀβληχός.

A, α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρῶτος, but α' = 1000.

In Ion. Greek ᾱ becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek ᾱ is used instead of η, as, ἄδης for ἡδύς: but the verbal term. ᾱτο is changed into ἦτο, as ἐκνύζᾱτο into ἐκνύζητο.

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφός wise, ἄσοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, together, as in ἄ-τάλαντος, ἄ-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, very much, as in ἄ-τενής, ἄ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. α euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as ἄ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἄ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἄ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ᾱ, ἄ or ᾱᾱ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our ah!

ᾱ, ᾱ, to express laughter, like our ha ha.

ᾱ, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. ᾱ, Dor. for relat. pron. ἦ.

3. ᾱ Dor. for ἦ, dat. of ὅς.

ἄ-ᾱτος, ov, (a privat., ἄᾱω) not to be hurt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἄεθλος ἄ-ᾱτος a dangerous or difficult task.

ἄ-ᾱγής, ἐς, (a privat., ἄγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken, hard, strong.

ἄ-ᾱτος, ov, (a privat., ἄπτομαι) not to be touched: invincible.

ἄᾱσα, ἄᾱσάμην, ἄᾱσθην, v. ᾿Αᾱᾱ.

ἄᾱσχος, ov, lengthd. poet. for ἄ-σχος.

ἄᾱτος, contr. ᾱτος, ov, (a privat., ᾱᾱ, ᾱσα to satiate) insatiate, ᾱτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle.

᾿Αᾱᾱ, old Ep. Verb. used chiefly in aor. I act.

ᾱσα contr. ᾱσα, med. ᾱσάμην, contr. ᾱσάμην, and pass. ᾱσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ᾱσται—all in Hom.:—to hurt, damage, esp. to hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., ᾱτη ἢ πάντας ᾱσται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly. [Hom. has ᾱσας, ᾱσεν, ᾱσαν: so too ᾱσάμην, but ᾱσάτο.]

ᾱᾱω, = ᾱω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. ᾱσται.

ᾱβα, Dor. for ἦβη.

ᾱβᾱκῶ, (ᾱβᾱκής) to be speechless.

ᾱβᾱκής, ἐς, (a privat., βᾱζω) speechless.

ᾱβᾱκχευτος, ov, (a privat., βακχεύω) without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

ᾱβᾱπτιστος, ov, (a privat., βαπτίζω) not to be dipped, that will not sink, Lat. immersabilis. II. unbaptized.

ᾱβᾱρής, ἐς, (a privat., βᾱρος) not heavy: not burdensome.

ᾱβᾱσάνιστος, ov, (a privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. -τως, without question or trial.

ᾱβᾱσίλευτος, ov, (a privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king. [r]

ᾱβᾱσκαντος, ov, (a privat., βασκαίνω) unenvied. Adv. -τως, without envy.

ᾱβᾱτος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., βαίνω) untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

ᾱβᾱβαιος, ov, (a privat., βῆβαιος) unsteady, wavering, fickle.

ᾱβᾱβηλος, ov, (a privat., βῆβηλος) not profane, inviolable.

ᾱβᾱλτερία, ἡ, stupidity: from

ᾱβᾱλτερος, ov, (a privat., βῆλτερος) good-for-nothing, silly, stupid.

ᾱβᾱστος, ov, (a privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

ᾱβᾱος, ov, (a privat., βίος) not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βίος ᾱβᾱος. II. without subsistence, poor.

ᾱβᾱιος, ov, (a privat., βίος) = ᾱβᾱος.

ᾱβᾱωτος, ov, (a privat., βιώω) = ᾱβᾱος.

ᾱβᾱλβεια, ἡ, freedom from harm: security: from ᾱβᾱλβής, ἐς, (a privat., βᾱλβη) without harm: I. pass. unharmed, unburnt.

II. act. harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βῶς, Ep. -βέως, without harming, without infringement.

ᾱβᾱλβια, ἡ, poet. for ᾱβᾱλβεια.

ᾱβᾱλής, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, (a privat., βάλλω) not thrown or shot, of an arrow.

ᾱβᾱλητος, ov, (a privat., βᾱλλω) not hit by a dart or arrow.

ᾱβᾱληχός, ἐς, (a privat., βᾱλήχη) without bleatings.

ἀ-βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (α euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless* :—of death, *easy, light*.

ἀβληχρώδης, ἐς, = ἀβληχρός.

ἀ-βοῦτι, Dor. for ἀ-βοητή.

ἀ-βόατος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀ-βόητος.

ἀ-βοήθητος, ὄν, (α privat., βοητέω) *helpless*.

ἀ-βοητή, Dor. -ᾱτή, Adv. (α privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀ-βόητος, Dor. -ᾱτος, ὄν, (α privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled*. II. *unmourned*.

ἀβολέω, = ἀντιβολέω, *to meet*.

ἀ-βόσκτος, ὄν, (α privat., βόσκω) *ungrazed*.

ἀ-βουκόλητος, ὄν, (α privat., βουκολέω) *untended, unheeded*.

ἀ-βουλέω, ἴσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, *to be unwilling*.

ἀ-βούλητος, ὄν, (α privat., βούλομαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, thoughtlessness* : from

ἀ-βουλος, ὄν, (α privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised* :—Adv. -ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀ-βούτης, ὄν, ὅ, (α privat., βοῦς) *without oxen* : hence *poor*.

ἀ-βρεκτος, ὄν, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀ-βριθής, ἐς, (α privat., βριθω) *without weight*.

ἀβρο-βάτης, ὄν, ὅ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [βᾶ]

ἀβρό-γος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, γός) *womanishly wailing*.

ἀβρο-δαίτης, ὄν, (ἀβρός, δαίτα) *living delicately or effeminately* : τὸ ἀβροδαίτων *effeminacy*.

ἀβρο-κόμης, ὄν, ὅ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀ-βρόμιος, ὄν, (α privat., Εὐρόμιος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀ-βρομος, ὄν, (α copul., βρόμος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβρο-πέδιλος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-sandalled*.

ἀβρό-πλουτος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πλούτος) *richly luxuriant*.

ἈΒΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἡβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτάω, ἡ, ἄζω, *to miss, c. gen.*—Ep. word formed from ἀμβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ὄν, also ὄν, ὄν, (α privat., βροτός) like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, *immortal, divine, holy*.

ἀβρο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβρο-χαιτης, ὄν, ὅ, (ἀβρός, χαιτή) = ἀβρο-κόμης.

ἀβρο-χιτών, ανος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad* : *with soft coverings*. [ῥ]

ἀ-βροχος, ὄν, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. -χως.

ἀβρύνω, ἡ, ὤνω : aor. I. ἡβρύνα (ἀβρός) :—*to make delicate, treat delicately* :—Pass. *to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs* ; ἀβρύνεσθαι *τινι* *to pride oneself on a thing*.

ἀ-βρώς, ὄτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἀ-βρωτος.

ἀ-βρωτος, ὄν, (α privat., βιβρώσκω) *not having eaten*. II. *pass. not to be eaten, uneatable*.

ἀ-βυσσος, ὄν, (α privat., βύσσω) *bottomless, unfath-*

omed : generally, *unfathomable, enormous*. II. as Subst. ἡ ἀβυσσος, *the abyss, bottomless pit*.

ἀγάασθαι, ἀγάασθε, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω : ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἡγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγωμι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάζομαι, poet. form of ἀγαμαι, *to admire*.

ἀγαθο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργέω, *to do good* ; and

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἡ, *a good or noble deed* : *good service*. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) *doing good* : οἱ Ἀγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω ; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἡ, = ἀγαθο-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποιέω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

ἈΓΑ-ΘΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, *good in its kind*, opp. to κακός, *bad* : I. in Homer usu. of heroes, *brave, noble* : later in moral sense, *good, virtuous*. 2. of things, etc., *good in their kind* : neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ *the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties* ; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. *summum bonum*.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων, also ἀμείνων, κρείσσω, λωίων (λῶων) : Ep. βέλτερος, λωίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἄριστος, κράτιστος, λωίστος (λῶστος) : Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εἰδ, *well*.

ἀγαθουργέω, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργέω.

ἀγαθύνω, (ἀγαθός) *to make good, exalt*. II. *to do good* :—Pass. *to be of good cheer*.

ἀγαθωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀγαθός) *goodness, kindness*.

ἀγαίομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγαμαι, ἀγάομαι, only in bad sense, *to be angry at* : *to envy*.

ἀγα-κλής, ἐς, (ἀγαν, κλέος) *very glorious, famous, renowned* : gen. ἀγακλῆος ; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. ἀγακλέᾱ, pl. ἀγακλέας, dat. sing. ἀγακλεῖ.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ὄν, ὄν, = ἀγακλής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) like ἀγακλής, Lat. *inclutus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτιζω) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, *well-built or placed*.

ἀ-γάλακτος, ὄν, (α privat., γάλα) *without milk, giving none*. II. *getting none, weaned*, Lat. *lacte depulsus*.

ἀγαλλιᾶσθαι, εως, ἡ, *exceeding great joy*. From ἀγαλλιάω, aor. ἡγαλλιάσα : also as Dep. ἀγαλλιάομαι, ἡ, ἀσσομαι [ᾶ], strengthd. for ἀγάλλομαι :—*to rejoice exceedingly*.

ἈΓΑΛΛΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a plant, *the iris or flag*.

ἈΓΑΛΛΩ, ἡ, ἀγᾶλῳ : aor. ἡγήλα, inf. ἀγῆλαι : = ἀγλαδὸν ποιῶ, *to make glorious, glorify, honour*, esp. a god : also *to deck, adorn* :—mostly in Pass. ἀγάλλομαι, *to glory, delight, exult* in a thing, c. dat. Hence

ἀγάλαμα, ατος, τό, *that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament* : a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods : hence, 2. a statue in honour of a god ; the image

of a god as an object of worship.

3. any statue or image.

ἀγαλματο-ποιός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγαλμα, ποιέω) a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.

*ΑΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἀγάσθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγάσθαι Ep. ἀγάσθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἡγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγάσάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἡγάσάμην, ἀγασάμην: Dep.: I. to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admirari.

II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, τί, τινί, περί τινος.—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγάσάμην, and as pres. ἀάομαι or ἀαίομαι.

ἀγαμία, ἡ, celibacy. From

ἀ-γάμος, ov, (a privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀ-γάμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.

*ΑΓΑΝ, Adv. very, much, very much: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion.

II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδὲν ἄγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing. [ἄγαν, but later sometimes ἄγαν.]

ἀγανάκτης, f. ἡσω, (ἀγαν) to feel irritation:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence

ἀγανάκτησις, εως, ἡ, irritation, vexation.

ἀγανάκτητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανακτέω) irritable.

ἀγανακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανακτέω, irritating, vexatious.

ἀγανακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, irritable, = ἀγανακτητικός. Adv. -κώς.

ἀγανῆσι, poet. for ἀγαναῖς, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγάν-νιφος, ov, (ἀγαν, νίφω) much snowed upon, snow-capt, Ὀλυμπος.

ἀγανόρειος, α, ov, Dor. for ἀγηνόρειος.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (a copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανοφροσύνη, ἡ, gentleness, kindness. From ἀγανό-φρων, ov, gen. onos, (ἀγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

ἀγανώπις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) mild-eyed.

ἀγ-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀάομαι, Ep. form of ἀγάμαι, only found in part. ἀγόμενος, in act. sense admiring.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπατός, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπητός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἡσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγάμαι, ἀγάσθαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπάομαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of:—generally, to be fond of, to love dearly.

II. of things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ἄγᾱ] Hence

ἀγαπεύντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl.

ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) brotherly love: charity. [ἄγᾱ] ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) an object of love, Lat. deliciae.

ἀγαπ-ήνωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἀνήρ) = ἡγορέην ἀγαπῶν, loving manliness, manly.

ἀγάπτης, εως, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.

ἀγαπητός, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, to be loved, acquiesced in.

ἀγαπητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) disposed to love, affectionate. Adv. -κώς.

ἀγαπητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil.

II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.

ἀγάρ-ροος, ov, contr. ἀγάρ-ρους, ου, (ἀγαν, βέω) strong or swift-flowing.

ἀγασθαί, pres. inf. of ἀγάμαι.

ἀγασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγάμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγάμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

ἀγάσσομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγασσομαι, fut. of ἀγάμαι.

ἀγασσάτο, poet. for ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγάμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, ov, (ἀγαν, στένω) much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγάμαι) admirable. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυμαστός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγάμαι) illustrious, noble.

ἀγαιρός, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, stately, proud: sup. Adv. ἀγαιρότατα.

ἀγά-φθεγκτος, ov, (ἀγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding.

ἀγγρέυω, f. σω, (ἀγγρος) to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.

ἀγγραῖος, ὁ, Ion. form = ἀγγρος:—τὸ ἀγγραῖον the business of an ἀγγρος.

ἀγγαρός, ὁ, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

ἀγγεῖον, Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (ἀγγος) a vessel, pail: a reservoir.

ἀγγελία, Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἀγγελος) a message, tidings, news, ἀγγελίῃ ἐμή a message concerning me; ἀγγελίης ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message. 2.

a proclamation: a command, order.

ἀγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ὁ, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) a messenger.

ἀγγελιώτης, ov, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) a messenger.

ἀγγέλλω: f. ἀγγεῶ, Ep. ἀγγελέω: aor. I ἡγγέληα: pf. ἡγγέληκα, pass. ἡγγέλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγέλην: (ἀγῶ)—to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:—Med. to announce oneself:—

Pass. to be reported of. Hence

ἀγγελημα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἀγγήτιον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγείον.
ἄΓΓΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἄγειν, Adv. (ἀγω) by carrying.
ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἄγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἀγείρω: aor. I ἤγειρα: pf. ἀγήγερκα: (ἀγω):—to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass. ἀγείρομαι: aor. I ἠγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl. ἤγερθεν: pf. ἀγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγηγέρηται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀγηγέρητο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ἀ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἀγελᾶδων, Dor. for ἀγεληδόν.
ἀγελάζομαι, Pass. (ἀγέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελαιος, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἀγελάρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ἀ-γελαστί, Adv. (α privat., γελᾶω) without laughing.

ἀ-γέλαστος, ον, (α privat., γελᾶω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἀγεία, ἡ, (ἀγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληϊtis, λείαν ἄγουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἀγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.

ἀγεληδόν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγεληδά.

ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.
ἀγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

ἀγεμόνευμα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.
ἀγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγηναν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἀγνυμι: [ᾱ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἡγεν, impf. from ἀγεω to lead.

ἀ-γεναιολόγητος, ον, (α privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἀγένεια, ἡ, (ἀγένης) low birth: meanness.

ἀ-γένεος, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἀ-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἀ-γεννής, ἐς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -νῶς.

ἀ-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι.

ἀ-γέραςτος, ον, (α privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγερθεν, Ep. for ἠγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἀγέρισος, εως, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἀγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce.

Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀγω.

ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.

ἀ-γευστος, ον, (α privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἄγῃ [ᾱ] ἡ, (ἀγαυαί) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἄγῃ [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ᾄγῃ, Ep. for ἔαγῃ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἀγῃγέραται, ἀγῃγέρατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγήγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγῆλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

ἀγ-ηλατεύω, ἡσω, (ἄγος, ελαίνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατεύω.

ἄγημα, τό, (ἀγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἀγ-ηρόρειος, Dor. ἀγᾶνόν-, α, ον, = ἀγῆνωρ.

ἀγ-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἀγ-ῆνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγαν, ἀνῆρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἀγῆοχα, pf. act. of ἀγεω to lead.

ἀ-γῆραντος, ον, = sq.

ἀ-γῆραός, ον, (α privat., γῆρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying.

Contr. **ἀγῆρας**, ον: acc. sing. ἀγῆραν or ἀγῆρω: nom. dual. ἀγῆρων, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγῆρας.

ἀ-γῆρατος, ον, = ἀγῆραος.

ἀ-γῆρας, ον, contr. for ἀγῆραος.

ἀγῆσι-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέομαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἀγῆτήρ, ἦρος, Dor. for ἡγῆτήρ. [ᾱ]
ἀγῆτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wonderful. [ᾱ]
ἀγιάζω, (ἀγιος) to hallow, consecrate.
ἀγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. impf. of ἀγιάζω.
ἀγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.
ἀγιασμός, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.
ἀγιαστήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.
ἀγίζω, f. Att. ἱῶ, (ἀγιος) to hallow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.
ἀγινέω, f. ησω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf. ἡγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἀγω,

to carry, bring :—Med. to have brought one. II. to bear fruit.

ἀγιό-γράφος, ον, (ἄγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἄγιος, α, ον, (ἄγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἄγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἄγνός is used instead. [ἄγ]

ἀγιότης, ητος, ή, (ἄγιος) sanctity, holiness.

ἀγιστεία, ή, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἀγιστεύω, f. εἰσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

ἀγιωσύνη, ή, (ἄγιος) = ἀγιότης.

ἀγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e.g. ἀγκέσθαι for ἀνα-κεῖσθαι.

ἀγκάζομαι, f. ἀσσομαι. Dep.: (ἀγκας, ἀγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἀγκάθεν, Adv. for ἀνὰς, on the arm, i.e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

ἀγκάλλω, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἀγκάλη, ή, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ]

ἀγκάλισμαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἡγκάλισάμην: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms.

ἀγκάλις, ἰδος, ή, in plur.=ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἀγκάλισμα, τό, (ἀγκάλισμαι) that which is embraced.

ἀγκάλος, ό, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

ἀγκάς, Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

ἀγ-κεμαι, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

*ΑΓΚΗ, ή,=ἀγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm.

ἀγ-κηρῦσσω, poet. for ἀνα-κηρῦσσω.

ἀγκιστρεῖα, ή, (ἀγκιστρον) angling.

ἀγκιστρευτικός, ή, όν, (ἀγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἀγκιστριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκιστρον, a small book.

ἀγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἀγκιστρον, δέω) with a book bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἀγκιστρο-ειδής, ές, (ἀγκιστρον, εἶδος) book-shaped.

ἀγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἀγκος, ἀγκύλος) a fish-book.

ἀγ-κλίνω and ἀγ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

ἀγκοινή, ή, (ἀγκών) poet. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding: cf. ἀγκάλη.

ἀγ-κομίζω, poet. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἀγ-κονίω, for ἀνα-κονίω, to hasten.

*ΑΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἀγ-κρεμάσας, poet. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννμι.

ἀγ-κρίσις, poet. for ἀνά-κρίσις.

ἀγ-κρούομαι, poet. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῥ], ή, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself. 2. any thong or string, e.g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the

Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλο-γλῶχιν, ἱνος, ό, (ἀγκυλος, γλωχίς) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλ-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (ἀγκύλος, ὀδούς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκυλο-μήτης, ον, ό, ή, (ἀγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκυλος, ποῦς) with curved feet, δίπους ἀγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκύλος, η, ον, (ἀγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῥ]

ἐγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

ἀγκυλο-χείλης, ον, ό, (ἀγκύλος, χείλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλο-χήλης, ον, ό, (ἀγκύλος, χήλη) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλώω, f. ὦσω: pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἐγκυλωτός, ή, όν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἐγκυρᾶ, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ή, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὔναι, i.e. stones used as anchors.

ἐγκυρίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγκύρισα: (ἀγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-book.

ἀγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἀγκυρο-ουχία, ή, (ἀγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor: ἐν ἀγκυροουχίαις when safe at anchor.

*ΑΓΚΩ'Ν, ὤνος, ό, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence

II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ό, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἀγλᾶ-θεῖρος, ον, (ἀγλαός, ἔθειρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαιεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαίζω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλᾶτα, ή, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλάϊσμα, τό, an ornament: cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἀγλαό-γυιός, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, γυίων) *with beautiful limbs*.
 ἀγλαό-δένδρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees*.

ἀγλαό-δωρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing splendid gifts*.

ἀγλαό-θρονος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne*.

ἀγλαό-καρπος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit*.

ἀγλαό-κουρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths*.

ἀγλαό-κωμος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast*.

ἌΓΛΑΪ'ΟΨ, *ή, όν*, also *ός, όν*, *splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright*: of men, famous, noble: c. dat. famous for a thing. Adv. -ώς. (Akin to αἶ-γλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἄγλαο-τρίαινης, *ον, ός, acc. -άν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαινα) *the god of the bright trident*.

ἀγλαΐ-ωψ, *ώπος, ό, ή*, (ἀγλαός, ὦψ) *bright-eyed: generally, flashing*.

ἀ-γλυεκής, *ές*, (α privat., γλυεύκος) *not sweet: sour, harsh*.

ἌΓΛΙΣ, ἀγλίθος, only used in plur. ἀγλίθες, *a head of garlic, which is made up of several cloves*.

ἀ-γλυκτής, *ές*, = ἀ-γλυεκής.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωστία, *ή, dumbness*. From ἀ-γλωστος, Att. ἀ-γλωττος, *ον*, (α privat., γλώσσα) *without tongue: silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis*. II.

speaking a strange tongue, = βάρβαρος.

ἄγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) *a fragment*.

ἄγμος, ό, (ἀγνυμι) *a cleavage, fracture of a bone*. II. *a broken cliff, precipice*.

ἀ-γναμπος, *ον*, (α privat., γνάμπτω) *unbending*. ἀ-γναπτος, *ον*, = sq. II. *also not cleansed*.

ἀ-γνάφος, *ον*, (α privat., γνάπτω) *of cloth, not carded, i. e. new*.

ἀγνεία, *ή*, (ἀγνέω) *purity, chastity*.

ἄγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνέω) *chastity*.

ἀγνέω, *φ. εύω*, (ἀγνός) *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.*:—also simply, *to be pure or chaste: c. gen. to keep oneself pure from*.

ἀγνίζω, *φ. Att. ιώ: aor. I ήγνισα: (ἀγνός):—to make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare*. II.

to offer, burn as a sacrifice.

ἄγνος, *α, ον*, (ἀγνός) *made of witby or agnus castus*.

ἀγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) *a means of purification, atonement*.

ἀγνισμός, ό, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation*.

ἀγνίτης, *ον, ός*, (ἀγνίζω) *a purifier*. [ἔ]

ἀγνοέω, *Ep. ἀγνοίεω: φ. ήσω: aor. I ήγνόησα, Ep. ἀγνόησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf. ήγνόηκα:—Pass., aor. I ήγνόηθην: pf. ήγνόημαι: (as if from *ἀ-γνοος = ἀ-voos):—not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare: in Homer mostly, οὐκ ἀγνόησεν as he perceived or knew well:—Pass., not to be known*. II. absol. *to mistake, be wrong; hence in part. ἀγνώτω, by mistake*. Hence

ἀγνόημα, τό, *a fault of ignorance, oversight; and*

ἀγνοητικός, *ή, όν, apt to err from ignorance*.

ἀγνοιά, *ή*, (ἀγνοέω) *want of perception, ignorance*. II. = ἀγνόημα, *a fault of ignorance*. [poët. sometimes ἀγνοιά: cf. ἀνοία.]

ἀγνοίεω, *poët., esp. Ep., form for ἀγνοέω*.

ἀγνοίησι, *Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀγνοέω: but if written ἀγνοήσι, it is 3 sing. pres. subj.*

ἀγνοούντως, *Adv., pres. act. part. of ἀγνοέω, ignorantly*.

ἀγνό-ρῦτος, *ον*, (ἀγνός, ῥέω) *pure-flowing*.

ἀγνός, *ή, όν*, *pure, chaste, unsullied: holy, sacred*. II. *c. gen. pure from a thing*. Adv.

-ως. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγιος, ἄγος.)

ἌΓΝΟΣ, *ή, Att. ό, = λύγος*, *a tall tree like the willow, the agnus castus*.

ἀγνότης, *ητος, ή*, (ἀγνός) *purity, chastity*.

ἌΓΝΥΜΙ, 3 dual ἀγνύτον: fut. ἄξω: aor. I ἔαφα, *Ep. ήξα, imperat. ἄξον, inf. ἔαφα, part. ἔξας: aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην [ά, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔγηγα:—to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango:—Pass. with pf. act. ἔαγα, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces: of sound, to spread around: of a river, to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course. [ā in pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔγηγα: but in aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην, ā in Hom., ā long in Att.; v. κατάγνυμι.]*

ἀγνωμονέω, *φ. ήσω, (ἀγνώμων) to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly*.

ἀγνομόμων, *Adv. of ἀγνώμων, senselessly*.

ἀγνομοσύνη, *ή*, *want of sense or judgment*. I. *senselessness, ignorance*. II. *senseless pride, arrogance*.

III. *unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas: in plur. misunderstandings*. From

ἀγνώμων, *ον, ονος*, (α privat., γνῶμη) *wanting sense or judgment: senseless, thoughtless, headstrong*. II. *unfeeling, unkind: unjust*.

ἀγνώω, *ώτος, ό, ή*, (α privat., γνῶναι) *pass. unknown: obscure*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*. II. *act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing*.

ἀγνός, *Adv. of ἀγνός*.

ἀγνώσια, *ή*, (ἀγνός) *a not knowing, ignorance*. II. *a being unknown, obscurity*.

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, *Ion. and Ep. for ήγνόησε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγνοέω*.

ἀγνώσσω, *pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγνοέω*.

ἀ-γνωστος or ἀ-γνωστος, *ον*, (α privat., γιγνώσκαω) *unknown, ἀγνωστος γλώσσα an unknown tongue: unheard of, forgotten*. 2. *not to be known*. II.

act. not knowing, ignorant of, τινός.

ἀγξήρᾶναι, *aor. I inf. of ἀναξηρᾶναι*.

ἀγονία, *ή*, *unfruitfulness*. From

ἀ-γονος, *α*, (α privat., γονή) *pass. unborn*. II. *act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: c. gen. not productive of, destitute of: τόκος ἀγονος, fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is born*. 2. *left childless*.

ἀ-γους, *ον*, (α privat., γός) *unmourned*.

ἀγορά, *ās, Ep. and Ion. ἀγορή, ής, ή*, (ἀγείρω) *any*

assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the Council (βουλή).

II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-place.

III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. *conciō*.

IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annona*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πλήθουσα, or ἀγορῆς πληθώρα, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορῆς διάλυσσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράσθε, Ep. from ἀγοράσθαι, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράσαι. [ἀγοράσασθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:—Pass., aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγοράσμαι: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself. 3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ov, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—οἱ ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἄθροιστοι): 1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers. 2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subros-trani*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

ἀγορανομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἀγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορᾶ-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορήσασθην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *concionari*.

ἀγοράσδω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσσειν, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγόρασμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ep. ἀγορεύειν: fut. -εύσω: aor. ἡγόρευσα, Ep. ἄγ-: pf. ἡγόρευκα: Med., aor. ἡγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορευέσθην: pf. ἡγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἴρηκα, aor. εἶπον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινὰ to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence

ἀγορήθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

ἀγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἡγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἀγορητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητύς, ὅς, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἀγορός, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἄγος, εὖς, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence 1. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγος, οὗ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἄγοςτός, ὁ, the flat of the hand.

II. the bent arm, like ἄγκων, ἀγκύων. (Akin to ἄγκων, ἀγκυμ.) [ἄ]

*ΑΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγρην ἐφέτειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching. II. that which is taken in bunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἄγραμματία, ἡ, want of learning: from

ἄ-γράμματος, ov, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write. II.=ἄγραφος, unwritten.

ἄ-γραφτος, ov, (a privat., γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ. νόμμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἄγραφος.

ἄγραυλῶ, f. ἡώω, to be an ἄγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἄγρ-αυλος, ov, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἄ-γρᾶφος, ov, =ἄγραφτος, unwritten; ἄγραφοι νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are 1. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not

registered in a written list.

ἄγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρείος, α, ov, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγροικός. Hence

ἀγρεισσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

*ΑΓΡΕΙΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρέμος, ov, (ἄγρᾱ) taken in bunting.

ἀγρῆσῖα, ἡ, =ἄγρᾱ, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρεῖμα, τό, (ἀγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, =ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὗ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς.

II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; ἄγρ. κύνες, bounds; ἄγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From ἀγρεύω, f. εὖσα, (ἄγρᾱ) to hunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἄγρει, ἀγρεῖτε.

ἄγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄγρᾱ.

ἀγρίαινα, f. ἄνω: aor. ἡγρίαινα: (ἄγριος):—I. intrins.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρί-ἐλαιος, ον, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγρίελλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence 1. of animals, opp. to τρωσός, wild, savage, Lat. ferus; οὗτος ἀγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed. II. of men and animals, 1. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. ferus, ferrox. 2. in Att. also opp. to ἀστεῖος, (as Lat. rusticus to urbanus) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious. III. Adv. -ῖως, also neut. pl. ἀγρια, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, ἦτος, ἡ, wildness, fierceness, Lat. feritas.

ἀγριό-φωνος, ον, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριόω, ἑ. ὥσω. ἀγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἀγρίω-θην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος) —to make wild or savage.

II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. efferrari.

ἀγρίφη, ἡ, = ἀγρίφνα. [Ὶ]

ἀγρι-ώδης, ἐς, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.

ἀγρι-ώπός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγριο-βότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγριος, βόσκειν) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγριο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀγριος, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγριο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγρια, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγριο-οικος, ον, (ἀγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to ἀστεῖος.

3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γειναῖος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγριοῦτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρό-κομος, ὁ, (ἀγρος, κομῆ) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, ἡ, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμωμαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἌΓΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, Lat. AGER, a field, land: also the country, as poet. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρια) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγορέα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, ου, ὁ, fem. ἀγρότις, ἰδος, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνεῖν τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. invigilare rei. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, ου, (ἀγρέω, ὕπνος) = ἀϋπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρώσω, = ὀγρεύω, to catch.

ἀγρώστης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρα) a hunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, ἰδος, ἡ, a huntress.

ἀγρωστis, ιος and εως, ἡ, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, ου, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυῖα, ἡ, (ἀγῶ) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place: in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυῖα] Hence

ἀγυιότης, ου, ὁ, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυῖα]

ἀγυιᾶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἀγυιᾶτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἀγυιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἀγυῖα) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσις, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γυμναστος, ον, (ἀ privat., γυμνάω) without exercise, untrained: ἀγυμναστός τιος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undis- turbed. II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστωις ἔχειν to be un- practised.

ἀγῦρις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ᾱ]

ἀγυρμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάω, (ἀγυρτής) to collect by begging. [ᾱ]

ἀγύρτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, col- lector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like a mountebank.

ἀγυρτρία, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτής.

ἀγχε-μάχος, ον, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting hand to hand: ἀγχι ὕπλα arms for close fight.

ἌΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγχιον and ἀσσον: Sup. ἀγγίστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἀγχιστος. [Ὶ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀγχι, ἄλς) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, sea- girt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

ἀγχι-βαθής, ἐς, (ἀγχι, βαθύς) deep close to shore.

ἀγχι-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, ον, (ἀγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγχι-θεός, ον, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

ἀγχι-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, θύρα) *near the door, neighbouring*. [γ]

ἀγχι-μάχητης, *ov*, δ, = ἀγχιμαχος.

ἀγχι-μόλος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, μόλειν) *coming near*: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγχιμόλον ἐλθεῖν or στήναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

ἀγχι-νεφής, *es*, (ἀγχι, νέφος) *near the clouds*.

ἀγχι-νοία, *η*, (ἀγχι, νοέω) *a ready wit, sbrewdness*, Lat. sagacitas.

ἀγχι-νοος, *ov*, contr. ἀγχι-νους, *ov*; (ἀγχι, νοός) *ready of mind, sbrewd*, Lat. sagax.

ἀγχιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγχι, *nearer*.

ἀγχι-πλοος, *ov*, contr. ἀγχι-πλους, *ov*, (ἀγχι, πλοῦς) *near by sea*; ἀγχι. πόρος *a short voyage*.

ἀγχι-πολις, *poët*, ἀγχι-πόλις, *ews*, δ, *η*, (ἀγχι, πόλις) *near the city, dwelling in the land*.

ἀγχι-πορος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, πορεύομαι) *passing near*; κολακες ἀγχιποροί flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγχι-πολις, *poët*, for ἀγχι-πολις.

ἀγχιστα, *v*, ἀγχιστος.

ἀγχιστεία, *η*, (ἀγχιστεύω) *nearness of kin*.

rights of kin, right of inheritance.

ἀγχιστεία, *τά*, = ἀγχιστεία.

ἀγχιστεύς, *ews*, δ, (ἀγχιστα) *the next of kin: the heir at law*.

ἀγχιστεύς, *f*, εἶσω, (ἀγχιστος) *to be near to one*, c. dat.: esp. *to be next of kin, to be heir at law*.

ἀγχιστήρ, *ηρος*, δ, *poët*, for ἀγχιστεύς, ἀγχιστήρ τοῦ πάθους *immediate author of the suffering*.

ἀγχιστινός, *η*, *ov*, *poët*, lengthd. form of ἀγχιστος, *close-packed, in a heap*.

ἀγχιστος, *ov*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) *next or nearest*: ἀγχιστος γένει *nearest of kin*: neut. ἀγχιστον, or ἀγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. *most nearly*, ἀγχιστα εὐκας *most nearly like*; οἱ ἀγχιστα *the next of kin*: freq. c. gen. as ἀγχιστά τινος, *nearest to him*.

II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

ἀγχι-στρόφος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, στρέφω) *turning near, quick-ubeeing*, of a bird. 2. *quick-changing, changeable, sudden*: neut. pl. ἀγχιστροφά as Adv. *suddenly*.

ἀγχι-τέριμον, *ov*, gen. ovos, (ἀγχι, τέριμα) *near the borders, neighbouring*.

ἀγχι-τόκος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, τόκος) *near the birth*.

ἀγχιόθεν, Adv. (ἀγχιού) *from nigh at hand*.

ἀγχιόθι, Adv. = ἀγχιού, *nigh at hand*, c. gen.

ἀγχιόνη, *η*, (ἀγχιω) *throttling, strangling, hanging*: κρείσσον ἀγχιόνης *worse than hanging*; ἀγχιόνης πέλας *as bad as hanging*; ἀγχιόνη καὶ λύπη *anguish and grief*. 2. *a rope for hanging, halter*.

ἀγχιόνιος, *a*, *ov*, (ἀγχιόνη) *fit for strangling or hanging*.

ἀγχορεύω, *poët*, for ἀναχορεύω.

ἀγχιότατος, *η*, *ov*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) *nearest, next*: mostly as Adv. ἀγχιότατά, like ἀγχιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγχιότατοι προσήκοντες *the nearest of kin*.

ἀγχιότερος, *a*, *ov*, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) *nearer*.

ἘΓΧΟΤ = ἀγχι, *near, nigh at hand*: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγχι.

*ἘΓΧΩ, impf. ἤγχων: *f*. ἀγχα: aor. ἤγεα:—Lat. *ANGO*, *to press tight*, esp. *the throat: to strangle, throttle, hang*.

ἀγχι-ώμαλος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, ὁμαλός) *nearly equal*; ἀγχι-ώματος μάχη *a doubtful battle*. Adv. ἀγχιώμαλως, also ἀγχιώμαλα, *doubtfully*, Lat. *aequo Marte*.

*ἈΓΩ, fut. AGO: impf. ἤγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγεσκον: fut. ἄγω: aor. 2 ἤγαγον, inf. ἄγαγεῖν; less freq. aor. 1 ἤγα, inf. ἄγει Ep. ἄξέμεν or ἄξέμεναι: pf. ἤγα, redupl. ἀγήγαχα.—Med., fut. ἄξομαι: aor. 1 ἤξα, aor. 2 ἤγαγόνην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ἄξομαι, with pass. signf.: aor. 1 pass. ἤγαθην: pf. ἤγαμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέον:—Lat. AGO: 1. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν *to carry off the spoil of a land*, both cattle and movables, like Lat. *agere et ferre*: ἄγειν εἰς δίκην or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, *to carry before a court of justice*, Lat. *rapere in jus*.

2. to lead on, lead towards; ἄγειν θανάτιο τέλοσδε *lead on to death*; c. inf., ἄγει θανεῖν *it leads to death*: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc.

3. to bring up, train, educate, καλῶς or κακῶς ἡχθῆναι.

4. to draw out in length; τεῖχος ἄγειν, Lat. *murum ducere*, *to build a wall*.

5. like Lat. *agere*, to bold, celebrate, εὐρῆναι, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. *agere vitam*, *to lead a life*, live.

6. like Lat. *ducere*, to bold, consider; ἐν τιμῇ ἄγειν or ἀγεσθαι, *to bold in honour*, etc.

7. like ἔλκειν, to weigh so much, e. g. ἄγειν μῶν, τριακοσίου δαρπείκους, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 darics, etc.

II. Med. ἔγομαι, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσὸν τε καὶ ἀργυρον οἰκάδ' ἄγεσθαι.

2. ἀγεσθαι γυναικα, Lat. *uxorem ducere*, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἀγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son.

3. διὰ στόμα ἀγεσθαι μῦθον *to let pass through the mouth*, i. e. to utter.

4. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

ἀγωγάς, *ov*, (ἀγωγή) *fit for leading by*, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγωγεύς, *ews*, δ, (ἀγω to lead) *a leader, one that draws or drags*.

II. *that by which one leads, a rein, leash*.

ἀγωγή, *η*, (ἀγω) *a leading away, a carrying away or off*: also in intrans. sense, *a going away*.

2. *a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly*.

3. *a leading towards a point, guiding*: the leading of an army, guiding a state.

4. *a training, educating*: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγώνιμος, *ov*, (ἀγω) *easy to be carried*: τὰ ἀγώνιμα, *things portable, a cargo of wares*.

II. *that may be carried away*: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage.

III. *easily led, com-pleasant*.

ἀγώνιον, τό, (ἀγω) *the load of a wagon.*

ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἀγω) *leading, guiding:* as Subst., ἀγωγός, ὅ, *a guide; ἀγωγοί an escort.* II. *leading towards.*

III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting*, c. gen.: *attractive, τὸ ἀγαθόν, attractiveness.*

ἌΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ὅ, *an assembly, like ἀγορά:* esp. *an assembly met to see games.* 2. *a place of assembly:* *a place of contest, the arena or stadium.*

II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games*, as, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπικός, etc.: *hence the contest for a prize at their games.* 2. *generally, any struggle or contest*, ἀγὼν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς. 3. *a battle.* 4. *an action at law, trial.* 5. *metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν λόγων, μάχης*, etc., *now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἀγων-άρχης, ου, ὅ, (ἀγών, ἀρχω) *a president or judge of a contest.*

ἀγωνία, ἡ, *a struggle for victory.* 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling.* 3. *of the mind, agony, anguish.*

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἡγωνίαν: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἡγωνιάσα: pf. ἡγωνιάκα:—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι.* III. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.*

ἀγωνίσταται, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Att. ἴομαι, aor. I ἡγωνίσασμαι:—*for the pass. forms see signif. II. 2: (ἀγών):—to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ. περί τινος to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινι or πρὸς τινα to contend with one.* 2. *to fight.* 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act.* II. *to contend against in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφήν, to fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder.* 2. *in Pass. to be won by a hard contest, but rarely save in pf., e.g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνίσταται* (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσὶν), *many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἡγωνίστην.*

ἀγώνιος, ου, (ἀγών) *presiding over the contest or the games*, as an epithet of the gods:—*σχολὴ ἀγώνιος cessation from combat.* [ᾶ]

ἀγωνίστις, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize.*

ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize, generally, a* in plur. *achievements, exploits.* II. *an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.* III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.*

ἀγωνισμός, ὅ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry.*

ἀγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend.*

ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival, esp. at the games; an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc.* 2. *a champion.*

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:—ἡ ἀγωνιστική* (sub. τέχνη) *the art of winning or prevailing.*

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat.*

ἀγωνοθετέω, f. ἦσω, *to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.* From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, ου, ὅ, (ἀγών, τίθημι) *a president in the games: a judge.*

ἀδαγμός, ὅ, Ion. for ὀδαγμός, *an itching, sting.*

ἀδδῆμονία or ἀδαημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, unskilfulness in doing.* From

ἀ-δᾶμῶν, ου, (a privat., δᾶναι) *unknowing, ignorant of*, c. gen. μάχης ἀδαήμων: but, ἀδ. κακῶν *beyond the knowledge*, i. e. *reach of ill.*

ἀδᾶής, ἐς, (a privat., δᾶναι) = *foreg. unknowing, ignorant of*, c. gen. also c. inf. *unknowing how to.*

ἀ-δᾶτος, ου, (a privat., δᾶναι) *unknown.*

ἀ-δᾶτος, ου, (a privat., δᾶιος) Dor. for ἀδῆος.

ἀ-δαιτος, ου, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) *not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.*

ἀ-δακρῦς, v. gen. vos, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἀδάκρυτος I. II. = ἀδάκρυτος II.

ἀ-δακρυτί, Adv. *without tears.* From

ἀ-δακρύτος, ου, (a privat., δακρύω) *without tears: hence* I. act. *not weeping, tearless.* II. pass. *unweep.*

ἀ-δάλῃς, ἐς, Dor. for ἀ-δῆλῃς.

ἀδαμάντινος, ου, (ἀδάμας) *adamantine, of steel: hence, hard as adamant, stubborn.* Adv. -ως.

ἀδάμαντ-δετος, ου, (ἀδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound.*

ἀ-δάμας, αντος, ὅ, (a privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable: hence* I. as Subst. *adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond.* II. as Adj. *inexorable.*

ἀ-δάμαστος, ου, (a privat., δαμάω) *properly of horses, unbroke, untamable:—metaph. inexorable.*

ἀ-δάματος, ου, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, *unwedded.* [ἀδᾶ- but also ἀδ- as in ἀ-θάνατος.]

ἀ-δάπανος, ου, (a privat., δάπανη) *without expense, costing nothing.* Adv. -ως.

ἀ-δασμος, ου, *tribute-free.*

ἀ-δαστος, ου, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέ-ομαι) *undivided.*

ἀδδεές, Ep. vocat. of ἀδεής.

ἀδδῆκότες, poet. for ἀδῆκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ἀδδῆν, poet. for ἀδῆν.

ἀδδῆσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδδῆ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ἀδῆφ-.

ἀδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ᾶ]

ἀδέα, Dor. poet. for ἡδέα, fem. of ἡδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ἀ-δεής, Ep. ἀ-δευής, ἐς, Ep. voc. ἀδδεές, (a privat., δέος) *fearless, shameless.* 2. *fearless, secure: τὸ ἀδεές, security:—Adv. ἀδεῶς, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.* II. *causing no fear, not formidable.*

ἀδεα, ἡ, (ἀδεής) *freedom from fear, safety, security: ἀδεαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an am-*

nesty; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δείης, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δειμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted: c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δεῖπνον) without food, unfed.

ἀ-δέκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) unbidden. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεκάτεutos, ον, (a privat., δεκατέω) not tithed.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or believed. II. act. not receiving, not capable of,

τινός.

ἀδελφεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφῆ.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφῆ.

ἀδελφείος, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφω-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφῆ, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδέος, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδουός, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφω-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός): I. as Subst.

ἀδελφός, Ion. -φεύς, Ep. -φεύς, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελ-

φός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. *geminus*, in pairs, twin, also *twin* to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δένδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

ἀ-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ἀ-δερκής, ἐς, (a privat., δέρκομαι) unseen, invisible.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δέρκομαι) not seeing, sightless, ὁματᾶ. Adv. -τως, without looking.

ἀ-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) unfettered, unbound; ἀδεσμος φυλακῆ, Lat. *libera custodia*, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσποτής) without a master:—of writings, anonymous.

ἀ-δέτος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound: free.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεῦκος) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. *acerbus*.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) untanned.

*ἈΔΕΨΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*ἈΔΕΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. 1 opt. ἀδδῆσειε or ἀδῆσειε, may be be sated; and pf. part. ἀδδῆκότες or ἀδῆκότες, sated. Cf. *āw*, *satio*.

ἀ-δήϊος, contr. ἀ-δῆος, Dor. ἀ-δάϊος, ον, (a privat., δῆϊος) unassailed.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

ἀδῆλῶ, (ἀδῆλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δῆλγτος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) unburt.

ἀδῆλῖα, (ἀδῆλος) uncertainty.

ἀ-δῆλος, ον, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown,

unseen, secret; ἀδῆλόν ἐστιν εἰ. . . or ὅτι. . . it is uncertain whether . . . Adv. -λως, secretly: Sup. ἀδῆλ-λῶτατα.

ἀδῆλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδῆλος) uncertainty.

ἀδῆμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguish at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδῆμονία, ἡ, great distress or anguish.

ἀδην, Ep. ἀδδην, Att. ἄδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. *SATIS*, enough, abundantly; ἐδμεναι ἀδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἀδην πολέμοιο enough of war; ἀδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δηρις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) without strife.

ἀ-δῆριτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) without strife or battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

ἀδῆσειε, aor. 1 opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδῆσω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδης or 'Αιδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also 'Αΐδης [υ υ -], ao and εω:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. *Pluto*: εἰν and εἰς 'Αἶδα, Attic ἐν and ἐς 'Αἶδου (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of Hades. II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδῆ-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

ἀ-δηῶτος, ον, (a privat., δηῶω) not wasted.

ἀ-διάβατος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be crossed, impassable.

ἀ-διάκρίτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) undistinguishable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ἀ-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκ-τως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλύτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: indissoluble. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incomprehensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., δαίνω) unwetted:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπαυστος, ον, (a privat., διαπαύω) not to be stilled, incessant, violent.

ἀ-διά-πτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπᾶω) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) immovable, headstrong. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, immovableness, obstinacy.

ἀ-διάφθορος, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀ-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀ-διδάκτος, ον, (a privat., διδάσκειν) of persons, *untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not learnt: also, learnt without teaching*.

ἀ-διεργάστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀ-διεξόδος, ον, (a privat., διεξόδος) *without outlet*.

II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀ-διεργάστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀ-διερευνήτος, ον, (a privat., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀ-διήγητος, ον, (a privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀ-δικάστος, ον, (a privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικειμένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: impf. ἡδিকেον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II. trans. c. acc. pers. to do one wrong, to wrong, injure: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι to wrong one in a thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured.

ἀδίκημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδίκημα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδίκιον, τό, = ἀδίκημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δικος, ον, (a privat., δίκη) of persons and things, *doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust*; ἀδικος εἰς τι *unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person*: ἀδικος λόγος *a plea of injustice*; ἀδικων χειρῶν ἄρξαι *to begin lawless acts of violence*; ἀδικος πλοῦτος *unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched*, as horses.

III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἀνευ δικῶν, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδίκως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀδην) *close, thick*: hence I. *crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehement, loud*, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*;

Comp. ἀδινώτερον, [α]

ἀ-διοικητος, ον, (a privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἀ-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθῶ) *not corrected: incorrigible*.

ἀ-δίστακτος, ον, (a privat., διαστᾶω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀ-δμής, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἀδμητος.

ἀδμήτις, ἰδος, acc. ἀδμήτιν, fem. of ἀδμής.

ἀ-δμητος, ἦ, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδάματος, *untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried*.

ἀδο-βάτης, ον, ὅ, (ᾄδω, βαίνω) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδιον, Dor. for ἥδιον, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς.

ἄδον, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκῆτου.

ἀ-δοκιμάστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [ῥ]

ἀ-δόκιμος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολοσχέω, fut. ἦσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [α]

From ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὅ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. in good sense, *a keen, subtle reasoner*. [α] Hence

ἀδολοσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [α] Hence

ἀδολοσχικός, ἡ, ὅν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [α]

ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless*: in Att. esp. of treaties, *without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἄδονις, ἰδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀηδονίς. [α]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. e. certain*.

ἀδοξίω, f. ἦσω, (ἀδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute*. II. trans. *to hold in no esteem*.

Hence ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, dishonour*.

ἀ-δοξος, ον, (a privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

*ΑΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἥδος, *joy*.

ἀ-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δοῦλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἀ-δουλωτος, ον, (a privat., δουλώω) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δουήτος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) *noiseless*.

ἀδράνεια, Ep. ἀδρανίη, ἡ, *inactivity*. From

ἀ-δράνής, ὅ, ἀδρανής, ἡ, (a privat., δρᾶναι) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

*Αδράστεια, Ion. *Αδρήστεια, ἡ, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if from διαδράσκω, cf. sq.

ἀ-δραστος, Ion. ἀ-δρηστος, ον, (a privat., διδράσκω) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ἀ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

*Αδρίας, ον, Ion. *Αδρήης, εω, ὅ, the *Adriatic Sea*. Hence

Ἀδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὅν, of the Adriatic.
 ἄ-δρῖμος, υ, (a privat., δρῖμός) not tart or pungent.
 ἈΔΡΟΥΣ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-
 grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: gene-
 rally, strong, great in any way. Hence

ἀδρσοῦνη, ἡ, = sq.
 ἀδρσότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, ful-
 ness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

ἀδρόομαι, Pass. (ἀδρός) to grow ripe: to come to
 one's strength.

ἀδρῶν, (ἀδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.
 ἀδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.

ἀ-δυνάμια, ἡ, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength,
 weakness: poverty.

ἀ-δυνασία, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.
 ἀδυνάτω, f. ἦσω, (ἀδύνατος) to want strength,
 power, or ability. Hence

ἀδυνάτια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.

ἀ-δύνατος, ον, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2.
 absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things,
 disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossi-
 bility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [v]

ἀδύς, ἑα, ὕ, Dor. for ἡδύς.

ἀ-δύτος, ον, (a privat., δύω) not to be entered:—
 hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary
 or shrine, Lat. adytum: also ἄδυτος, ὅ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.
 ἄδων, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [α]

Ἀδωνία, τὰ, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἀδωνιασμός, οὔ, ὅ, the mourning for Adonis.

*Ἀδωνις, ἰδος, ὅ, Adonis. 2. Ἀδωνίδος κήποι,
 pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [α]

ἀ-δωρήτος, ον, (a privat., δωρέομαι) = ἄ-δωρος.

ἀ-δωροδοκίης, ον, (a privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq.
 Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δωροδόκος, ον, unbribed, incorruptible.

ἀ-δωρος, ον, (a privat., δῶρον) without gifts, taking
 no gifts, unbribed:—ἀδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no
 gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἀ-δῶτης, ον, ὅ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives
 nothing.

ἀέ, Dor. for ἀέ. [α]

ἀ-έδνος, ον, (a privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

ἀέθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἀέθλω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. imperf. ἀέθλεον.

ἀέθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἀέθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον: properly neut.

from
 ἀέθλιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἀέθλον) running for the
 prize: ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse: ἀέθλιον μῆλον the
 apple of discord.

ἀέθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον.

ἀέθλος, ὅ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλος.

ἀέθλο-φόρος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φύρος.

ἀεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῖρ' ἀεί ever up
 to this time: also εἰς ἀεί or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὁ αἰ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is
 ruler: ὁ αἰ βασιλεύς the reigning king. Besides αἰ
 the Ion. and poet. forms αἰεί and αἰέν are very com-
 mon: in Dor. also αἰές, αἰές, and αἰέ.

αἰ-βολος, ον, (αἰεί, βάλλω) continually thrown.

αἰ-γενέτης, poet. αἰει-γενέτης, ον, ὅ, (αἰεί, γενέσθαι)
 epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἔντες, ever
 existing, immortal.

αἰ-γενής, ἑς, Att. for αἰει-γενέτης.

αἶε, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰεῶ.

ἀ-εἶδελος, ον, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.

ἀ-εἰδής, ἑς, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily
 form. II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.

αἰ-δίντος, ον, (αἰεί, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

*ΑΕΙΔΩ, Att. contr. αἶδω: imperf. ἡέδον, Ep. αἶδον,
 Att. ἦδον: fut. αἰέσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, Dor. ἀσεύμαι;
 rarely αἰέσω, Att. ἄσω, Dor. ἄσῶ: aor. 1 ἦεσα, Ep.
 αἶεσα, Att. ἦσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἦσθην: pf. ἦρημαι:—

to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter,
 croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string
 to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to
 ring. II. trans.:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt,
 descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3.

Pass. to resound with song.

αἰ-ἔως, ον, Att. contr. αἰεί-ἔως, ον, (αἰεί, ἔω)
 everliving, everlasting.

αἰ-θάλης, ἑς, (αἰεί, θάλος) ever-green.

ἀ-εκεῖη ὀν, ἑτή [ῖ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῖ], ἡ, un-
 seemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ἀ-εκέλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, poet. form for sq.:
 contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίως.

ἀ-εκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκής, ἑς, (a privat., εἶκος)
 unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες as

Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἀ-εκήνη, ἡ, = αἰεκήνη.

αἰεκίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ίω: aor. I
 ἡέικισα, Ep. αἰέκισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. αἰεκι-

σθῆναι: (αἰεκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

ἀ-εκίνητος, ον, (αἰεί, κινέω) ever moving, in perpe-
 tual motion. [ῖ]

αἰεκισθήμεναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰεκίζω.

αἰέκισσα, αἰεκισσάμην, Ep. aor. I act. and med. cf
 αἰεκίω.

αἰεκίω, Att. fut. of αἰεκίζω.

αἰεκῶς, Ion. αἰεκέως, Adv. of αἰεκής, shamefully.

αἰ-ἄλως, ον, (αἰεί, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

αἰελογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν αἰελογίαν περ-
 ἔχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From

αἰ-λόγος, ον, (αἰεί, λέγω) always talking.

αἰ-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (αἰεί, μνησικαίω) had
 in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, ever-
 lasting. Adv. -τως.

αἰ-ναος, ον, contr. αἰεί-ναος, ον, (αἰεί, νάω) = ἀέναος,
 ever-flowing.

αἰ-νηστος, ιος, ὅ, ἡ, ever-fasting.

αἰ-πλάνος, ον, (αἰεί, πλαναομαι) ever-wandering.

αἶρα, Ep. for ἡερα, aor. I of αἶρω.

αἶραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

αἰ-ρός, *ov*, contr. αἰ-ρός, *ov*, = sq.

αἰ-ρύτος, *ov*, (αἰ, ῥέω) *ever-flowing*.

ἈΕΪΡΩ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], contr. from ἀέρω: *aor. I act. ἤερα*, Ep. αἶρα.—Med., fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερούμαι: *aor. I ἤεράμην*.—Pass., *aor. I ἤέρην*, Ep. ἀέρην: pf. ἤεμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. ἄρωτο: for the Att. forms, v. αἶρω:—*to lift, beave, raise up*, hence *to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder*: but also, *to hand, offer*.—Med. *to lift up for oneself*, i. e. *bear off, win, take for oneself*:—Pass. *to be hung up, to hang*: μάχαυρα παρὰ ξίφους κουλεύει ἄρωτο the dagger bung beside the sword sheath. 2. *to raise or stir up*: αἶρασθαι τὰ ἱστία *to hoist sail*: Pass. *to raise up, arise*.

αἶσα, Ep. *aor. I of αἶδω*.

αἶσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of αἶμα.

αἶσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ἄσμα, as αἶδω for ᾄδω.

αἶσι, 3 pl. of αἶμα.

αἶσομαι, fut. of αἶδω.

αἰ-φάνης, ἐς, (αἰ, φανῆναι) *ever-shining or appearing*.

αἰ-φρουρος, *ov*, (αἰ, φρουρά) *ever-watched or ever-watching, ever-wakeful*.

αἰ-φύγια, ἡ, (αἰ, φυγή) *exile for life*.

αἰ-χρόνιος, *ov*, (αἰ, χρόνος) *everlasting*.

ἀκακόμηνος, ἡ, *ov*, (ἀέκων) *unwilling, resisting*: πόλλ' ἀκακόμηνος, Virgil's *multa reluctans*.

ἀ-εῖλιος, *ov*, for ἀεικέλιος.

ἀέκῃ or ἀεκητί, (ἀέκων) Ep. Adv. *against the will*, often in Homer c. gen.: σεῦ ἀέκῃ, Lat. *te invito*: θεῶν ἀέκῃ, Lat. *Diis non propitiis*.

ἀ-εκούσιος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Att. contr. ἀκούσιος, *ov*, (α privat., ἐκούσιος) *against the will, forced, involuntary*.

ἀ-έκων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ᾶ], *ov*, (α privat., ἐκῶν) *against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose*.

ἄελιος, Dor. for ἥελιος, ἥλιος.

ἄελλα, Ep. ἄελλη, ἡς, ἡ, (ἄω, ἄημι) *a stormy wind*, a whirlwind. 2. metaph. of any *whirling motion*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλαῖος, α, *ov*, (ἄελλα) *stormy, swift as the storm*.

ἄελλᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, = ἄελλαῖος.

ἄελλῆς, ἐς, (ἄελλα) *eddy*.

ἄελλο-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) *struggling with the storm*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλο-πος, Homeric form of sq.

ἄελλο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *poun*, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἄελλα, πούς) *storm-footed, swift as the storm*, only found in Ep. form ἄελλο-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. ἀελλοπόδεσσιν.

ἀελπτέω, (ἀελπτος) *to be without hope, to despair*.

ἀ-ελπίης, ἐς, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) *unhoped for, unexpected*.

ἀελπτία, ἡ, *an unlooked for event*: ἐξ ἀελπίης, Lat. *ex insperato, unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*.

From

ἀ-ελπτος, *ov*, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) *unlooked for, un-*

expected: to be despaired of: ἀελπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. *unexpectedly*.

II. act. *hopeless, desperate*.

ἀελπῶς, Adv. of ἀελπτής, *unexpectedly*.

ἀέ-νῶς, *ov*, also Ep. ἀέ-ναος, contr. ἀέ-νως, *ov*, (ἀέ, νᾶω) *ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-failing*. Adv. —άως.

ἀε-νάων, *ov*, = ἀέναος.

ἀέντες, part. pl. of ἀένω.

ἀέξι-γυος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) *strengthening the limbs*.

ἀέξι-voos, *ov*, contr. ἀέξι-vous, *ov*, (ἀέξω, νόος) *strengthening the mind*.

ἀέξι-φύλλος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) *making leaves grow, leafy*.

ἀέξι-φύτος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φυτύν) *making plants grow*.

ἈΕΪΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑΥΪΩ, αὔξανω, Lat.

AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and

impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀέξω, *aor. I ἤέξω*; fut. med. ἀέξσομαι, pf. pass. ἤέξμαι:—*to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to heighten, multiply*:—Pass. and Med. *to increase, wax great: prosper*.

ἀεργείη or -ίη [ῖ], Ion. for ἀεργία.

ἀ-εργίς, ἐς, = ἀ-εργός.

ἀεργία, Ion. -ίη [ῖ], ἡ, *a not working, idleness*.

[ῖ] 2. of a field, *a lying fallow or waste*. From

ἀ-εργός, contr. ἀργός, *ov*, (α privat., *ἐργω) *not working, idle*. Adv. —γῶς.

ἀέρδην, contr. ἄρδην, Adv. (αἶρω) *lifting up*.

ἀέρθεις, *aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω*.

ἀέρθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἤερθην, 3 pl. *aor. I pass.*

of αἶρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Ion. ἡέριος, ἡ, *ov*, (ἀήρ, ἡρ,

ἡρι) *in mist, or thick air: cloudy*. II. *in the air,*

high in air.

ἀ-ερκτος, *ov*, (α privat., ἔργω) *unfenced, open*.

ἀεροβάτεω, f. ἡσω, *to tread in air, walk the air*.

From

ἀερο-βάτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) *one who treads in air*.

ἀερο-δίνης, Ion. ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in air*.

ἀερο-δνήτος, *ov*, (ἀήρ, δονέω) *tossed in mid air,*

soaring.

ἀεροδρομέω, f. ἡσω, *to traverse air*. From

ἀερο-δρόμος, *ov*, *traversing air*.

ἀερο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *like the sky or air, misty*:

see ἡεροειδής.

ἀερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *an air-raven*.

ἀερο-κῶναψ, ὠπος, ὁ, *an air-gnat*.

ἀερο-μάχια, ἡ, (ἀήρ, μάχη) *a battle in the air*.

ἀερο-μετρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) *to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation*.

ἀερο-νηχῆς, ἐς, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) *floating in air, of*

the clouds.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for αἶρω.

ἀερσι-κάρηνος, *ov*, (αἶρω, κάρηνον) *carrying the*

head high. [κῆ]

ἀερσι-πότης, *ov*, ὁ, and ἀερσι-πότητος, *ov*, (αἶρω,

ποτάομαι) *bovering on high*.

ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς)
lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.

ἀερτάζω, poet. form of ἀείρω, to lift up: impf.
 ἡέρταζον.

ἀερτάω, = ἀερτάζω:—aor. I ἡέρτησα: pf. pass. ἡέρ-
 τημαι.

ἄες, Dor. for ἀέι. [ᾶ]

ἄεσα, I pl. ἀέσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf.
 ἀέσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root ἀέω, = εὐδω,
 to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἀημι, ἰαύω,
 ὠατέω.

ἀσειφοσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. ἀσειφο-
 σύναι. From

ἀσει-φρων, on, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) injured in
 mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [ᾶ]

ἌΕΤΟ/Σ or αἰετός, also poet. αἰητός, οὐ, ὁ, an
 eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a stan-
 dard. [ᾶ]

ἀετ-ώδης, es, (ἀετός, εἶδος) eagle-like. [ᾶ]

*ἈΕΨΩ, to sleep, v. ἄεσα.

*ΑΖΑ, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub
 ἄζω).

ἀζάλεος, α, on, (ἄζω) pass. dry, parched: hence
 harsh, cruel. II. act. parching, scorching.

ἀζάνω, (ἄζω) to dry or parch up.

ἀζήλια, ἡ, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From
 ἀ-ζήλος, on, like ἀζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable:
 inconsiderable, mean.

ἀ-ζήλωτος, on, (α privat., ζηλώω) not to be envied.

ἀ-ζήμιος, on, (α privat., ζημία) without loss, scot-
 free: not deserving punishment:—Adv. -laws, with
 impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment,
 harmless.

ἀζήτω, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ἄζω.

ἀ-ζήτητος, on, (α privat., ζητέω) unexamined.

ἀζήχης, es, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv.
 ἀζηχές, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. hard,
 rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-ζυγος, on, = ἄ-ζυγ, ill-matched: unmarried.

ἀ-ζυμος, on, (α privat., ζύμω) unleavened: τὰ ἀζύμα,
 the feast of unleavened bread.

ἀ-ζυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ζυγῆναι) unyoked, un-
 paired: unmarried, unwedded.

*ΑΖΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched
 up, pine away through grief.

*ΑΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ἄζομαι, and only in
 pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or
 one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of
 doing; or μή..., to fear lest:—absol. to be awe-
 struck.—Cf. σέβω.

ἀ-ζωστος, on, (α privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from
 hurry: generally, not girded.

ἄη, 3 sing. impf. of ἀημι.

ἀ-ηδής, es, (α privat., ἥδως) unpleasant, annoying:
 of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

ἀηδία, ἡ, (αἰδής) a being displeased, disgust, dis-
 like. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

ἀηδονιδεύς, εως, Ep. gen. ἦος, ἡ, a young nightingale.

ἀηδόνιος, on, (ἀηδών) of or belonging to a nightingale.

ἀηδονίς, ἱδός, ἡ, = ἀηδών, a nightingale.

ἀηδῶ, οὖς, ἡ, = ἀηδών, a nightingale.

ἀηδών, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἀηδόνος or ἀηδούς, (ἀείδω)
 a nightingale; properly the songstress.

ἀηδῶς, Adv. of ἀηδής, ἀηδῶς εἶχειν to be unfriendly.

ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθία [ῖ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) unaccustom-
 edness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ.
 τινός inexperience of a thing.

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθέω, to be unaccustomed to a
 thing, c. gen.: impf. ἀηθέσσον.

ἀ-ήθης, es, (α privat., ἥθως) unwonted, unusual,
 strange:—Adv. -θως. 2. unused to a thing, c.

gen. II. without ἥθως or character.

ἀηθίη, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἀηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) to be unaccustomed.

ἀήθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, unexpectedly.

ἄημα, τό, (ἀημι) a blast, wind.

ἀήμεναι, Ep. for ἀἵναι, inf. of ἀημι.

*ΑΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl.

ἄεσαι; imper. 3 sing. ἄητω; inf. ἀἵναι, Ep. ἀήμεναι;
 part. ἀείς: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄῃ, 3 pl. ἄεσαν:—Pass.
 ἄημαι, part. ἀήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄητο:—to
 breathe hard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms
 sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more
 often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence
 to be spread abroad.

ἀἵναι, inf. of ἀημι.

ἄήρ, ἀέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἄήρ or ἡήρ,
 ἡέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the at-
 mosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp.
 to αἰθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. Il. 14. 288: hence
 misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air.
 (From *ἄω, ἀημι.) [ᾶ]

ἄησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀημι) = ἄημα, a blowing. [ᾶ]

ἀ-ήσσητος, Att. ἀ-ήττητος, on, (α privat., ἡσσά-
 ομαι) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

ἀήσυλος, for αἰσυλος, wicked.

ἀήσυρος, on, (*ἄω, ἀημι) light as air: little.

ἄήτης, ἡ, = ἀήτης.

ἄήτης, on, ὁ, (ἄω, ἀημι) a blast, gale, wind.

ἄητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀημι.

ἄητον, 3 dual pres. of ἀημι.

ἄητος, on, an old word, only in Il. 21. 395, prob.
 from ἄημα, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible;
 cp. αἰήτος.

ἄήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἀημι.

ἀ-θάλαστος, Att. -ττος, on, (α privat., θάλασσα)
 without sea, inland.

ἀ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, on, (α privat., θα-
 λασσώω) never having been at sea.

ἀ-θαλής, es, (α privat., θάλος) not verdant.

ἀ-θαλπής, es, (α privat., θάλπος) without warmth.

ἀ-θαμβής, es, (α privat., θάμβος) fearless.

ἀθάνασία, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) immortality.

ἀθανάτιζω, (ἀθάνατος) to make immortal:—Pass.
 to become or be immortal. II. to hold oneself
 immortal.

ἀ-θάνατος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to *θνητός* and *βροτός*:—hence ἀθάνατοι, *oi*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θάπτω) *unburied*. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθάρη, also ἀθήρη, *ή, groats* or meal, porridge made of it. [ἀθά-]

ἀ-θαρός, *ές*, (a privat., θάρσος) *discouraged*.

ἀ-θαύματος, *ov*, (a privat., θαυμάζω) *not wondering* at anything. Adv. -τως. II. *not admired*.

ἀ-θέατος, *ov*, (a privat., θεωράω) *unseen, invisible*: secret. II. act. *not seeing, blind* to.

ἀθεέ, Adv. (ἀθεός) *without the aid of God*.

ἀ-θεϊαστος, *ov*, (a privat., θεαίω) *uninspired*.

ἀ-θελκτος, *ov*, (a privat., θέλγω) *implacable*.

ἀ-θεμς, *ιτος, ό, ή, lawless*.

ἀ-θεμίστος, ἀ-θεμωτος, and ἀ-θέμιτος, *ov*, (a privat., θέμις) *lawless, without law* or government, godless, Lat. *nefarius*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-θεος, *ov*, *without God, denying the gods*: generally, *godless, ungodly*. II. *abandoned by the gods*. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, ή, godlessness, ungodliness*.

ἀθεράπευσια, *ή, want of attendance or care*: c. gen. *neglect of a thing*. From

ἀ-θεραπνεύς, *ov*, (a privat., θεράπειν) *not attended to, neglected*. II. *unhealed, incurable*.

ἀ-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀτέριξα or -ισσα: (a privat., θέρω = θεραπνέω):—to *slight, make light of*, Lat. *nihil curare, c. acc.*

ἀ-θέριμνος, *ov*, (a privat., θερμαίνω) *unbeaten; not excited by passion*.

ἀ-θερμος, *ov*, *without warmth*.

ἀθεσία, *ή, (ἀθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness*.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ov*, *lawless*.

ἀ-θεσφότος, *ov*, *impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible*: hence *marvellously great, enormous*.

ἀ-θετίω, *f. ήσω, (ἀθετος) to set aside, disregard*.

ἀθέτησις, *εως, ή, (ἀθετέω) abolition, rejection*.

ἀ-θετος, *ov*, (a privat., τίθημι) *not placed, set aside, useless*:—Adv. ἀθετῶς = ἀθεσμως, *lawlessly*.

ἀθέως, Adv. of ἀθεός, in a *godless manner*.

ἀ-θηλος, *ov*, (a privat., θηλή) *unsuckled, weaned*.

ἀ-θήλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., θηλύνω) *not made womanish*: *masculine*.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ās, ή, contr. from Ἀθηνᾶ or Ἀθηναία, Ion. Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθᾶνα, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀ-θηνᾶα, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens*.

Ἀθίναζε, Adv. *to or towards Athens*. From Ἀθίνα, *ῶν, al, the city of Athens*, used in pl. like Θήβαι, Μυκῆναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, τό, (Ἀθηνᾶ) *the temple of Athena*.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α, ov*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) *Athenian, of or from Athens*.

Ἀθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. *from Athens*.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. *at Athens*.

Ἀθηνῶν, *to long to be at Athens*.

Ἀθήνοθεν, Adv. *from Athens*.

ἈΘΗΨ, ἑπος, ό, *the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself*, Lat. *spica*. II. *the point or barb of a weapon*. [ἄ]

ἀ-θήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., θηράω) *not to be caught*.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θηρεύω) *not hunted*.

ἀθηρη-λοιγός, ό, (ἀθήρ, λοιγός) *consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan*: cf. ἀθρό-βρωτος.

ἀθρό-βρωτος, *ov*, (ἀθήρ, βιβρώσκω) *devouring ears of corn*: ἀθρόβρωτον ὄργανον *a winnowing fan*.

ἀ-θηρος, *ov*, (a privat., θήρ) *without wild beasts or game*.

ἀ-θησαύριστος, *ov*, (a privat., θησαυρίζω) *not fit for hoarding up*.

ἀ-θίγης, *ές*, (a privat., θιγέω) = ἀθικτος.

ἀ-θικτος, *ov*, (a privat., θιγγάνω) *untouched*: c. gen. *untouched by a thing*; κερδῶν ἀθικτος *untainted by money*; also c. dat. νόστις ἀθικτος. 2. *not to be touched, holy, sacred*. II. act. *not touching*.

ἀθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. εύσω: (ἀθλος):—to *contend for a prize, combat, wrestle*. 2. *to struggle, endure, suffer*.

ἀθλω, *f. ήσω*: aor. I ήθλησα: pf. ήθληκα: (ἀθλος):—to *contend for a prize*. 2. *to endure, suffer*.

II. *to be an athlete*.

ἀθλημα, τό, (ἀθλέω) *a contest, struggle*. II. *an implement of labour*.

ἀθλησις, *εως, ή, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, bard trial*.

ἀθλητήρ, ἥρος, ό, *older form of ἀθλητής*.

ἀθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, *οῦ, ό, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter*, Lat. *athleta*.

II. *generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.*

ἀθλιος, *α, ov*, also *ος, ov*, contr. from ἀέθλιος, (ἀέθλον, ἀθλον) *subject to the toils of conflict*: hence *generally, wretched*, Lat. *miser*. Hence

ἀθλιοτης, *ητος, ή, suffering wretchedness*.

ἀθλο-θετήρ, ἥρος, ό, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) = ἀθλοθετής.

ἀθλο-θέτης, *ov*, ό, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) *one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also braβεύς*.

ἌΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλον, *the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompense*. II. in plur. also = ἀθλος, *a contest, combat*.

ἌΘΛΟΣ, ό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλος, *a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble*.

ἀθλοσύνη, *ή, = ἀθλος*.

ἀθλο-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀθλον, φέρω) *bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses*.

ἀ-θολος, *ov*, (a privat., θολός) *not muddy, clear*.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θολώω) *not muddied, undisturbed*.

ἀ-θορύβητος, *ov*, (a privat., θορυβέω) *undisturbed*.

ἀ-θόρυβος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρυβος) *without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil*. Adv. -βως.

ἄθραυστος, *ov*, (a privat., θραύω) *unbroken*.

ἄΘΡΕΨ, Att. ἄθρεω: f. ἴσσω: aor. 2 ἤθρησα:—*to look closely at, gaze at, observe*. 2. later, of the mind, *to consider, think on, ponder*:—esp. in pres. and aor. I. imperat. ἄθρει, ἄθρησον, *see, look, consider*.

ἄθρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθρεω, *one must consider*.

ἄθροίζω or ἄθροίξω: f. σω: aor. I ἤθροισα:—Pass., aor. I ἤθροίσθην: pf. ἤθροισμα: (ἄθροος):—*to gather together, collect*, esp. *to levy forces*; πνεῦμα ἄθροίξιν *to collect one's breath*:—Pass. *to be gathered or crowded together*: of armies, *to muster*: φύβος ἤθροισται *fear has gathered*, i. e. *b. arisen*.

ἄθροισις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἄθροίξω) *a gathering, levying*.

ἄθροισμα, τό, (ἄθροίξω) *that which is gathered, a gathering, collection*.

ἄθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθροίξω, *one must collect*.

ἄθροος, *a, ov*, old Att. ἄθροος, *oun*: Comp. ἄθροότερος, later ἄθρούστροφος: (ἄμα, θρόος) *assembled in crowds, collected together*: ἄθροοι *in crowds*. II.

all at once, once for all: τό ἄθροον *the whole body, the mass: collective*: ἀθρία πάντ' ἀπέτισεν *he paid the penalty of all at once*:—Adv. ἄθρόον and ἄθρώς, *at once, suddenly*. III. *immense, vast*: also *continuous, incessant*.

ἄθρυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θρύπτω) *unbroken, imperishable*. II. *not enervated*.

ἄθυμέω, f. ἴσσω, (ἄθυμος) *to be disheartened, to despond at or for a thing*.

ἄθυμητέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθυμέω, *one must lose heart*.

ἄθυμία, ἡ, (ἄθυμος) *want of heart, faintheartedness, despondency*.

ἄ-θυμος, *ov*, *without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-hearted*. Adv., ἄθυμός ἐστιν *to be despondent*.

ἄθυρμα, τό, (ἄθιρω) *a plaything or toy: a delight*.

ἄθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., *a little toy, a pet*.

ἄθυρό-γλωττος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, γλῶττα) *unable to keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer*.

ἄ-θυρος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρα) *without a door*.

ἄθιρό-στομος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, στόμα) = ἀθιρύγλωττος, *babbling, of Echo*.

ἄ-θυρος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρος) *without thyrsus*.

ἈΘΥΨΩ, *to play, amuse oneself*. II. c. acc. *to play at a thing, do it in play*. [ἀθῦ]

ἄ-θύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρῶ) *not closed by a door*.

ἄ-θύτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύω) *not offered, not to be offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbalanced*. II. act. *without sacrificing*.

ἄ-θῶος, *ov*, (a privat., θωή) *unpunished, scot-free*. 2. c. gen. *free from the penalty of*, ἄθωος πληγῶν.

II. act. *harmless*.

ἄ-θώπευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θωπέω) *without flattery: hence, rough, rude*.

ἄ-θωράκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., θωράκίζω) *without breastplate*.

Ἀθως, *ω*, Ep. Ἀθώως, *ow, ὁ*, Mount Athos.

αἶ, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εἰ, *if*.

αἶ, Exclam. of strong desire, *O that! would that!* Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always αἶ γάρ. See αἶθε.

Αἶ'Α, ἡ, gen. αἶης, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, *earth, land*.

αἶαγμα, τό, *a wailing cry, lament*. From αἶαζω, f. ζω, *to cry aia! or ab! to wail*, and c. acc. *to bewail*.

αἶαϊ, Exclam. *alas!* Lat. *vae*.

αἰακτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of αἶαζω, *lamentable*.

αἰανής, Ion. αἰηνής, *ēs*, prob. from αἶε, and so properly, *everlasting, never-ending*: hence *wearisome, irksome*: then generally, *dismal, horrible*.

Αἰαντίδης, *ov, ὁ*, (Αἶας, gen. -αντος) *son of Ajax*. II. at Athens, *a citizen of the tribe*

Αἰαντίς, named after the Hero.

αἰάνως, Adv. (αἰανής) *for ever*.

Αἶας, *αντος, ὁ*, Ep. voc. Αἶαν, *Ajax*.

αἶβοι, *faugh!* exclam. of disgust or astonishment.

αἶβαγρος, ὁ, (αἶξ, ἄγρος) *a wild goat*.

Αἰγαῖος, *ov*, Aegaeus: Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος *the Aegaeian sea*, also called Αἰγαῖον, *ωνος, ὁ*.

αἰγανέη, ἡ, (αἶξ) *a hunting-spear, javelin*.

αἶγαιος, a Ion. *η, ov*, (αἶξ) *lengthd. for αἶγαιος, of a goat or goats*, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. αἰγίη (sub. ζορά), ἡ, *a goat's skin*.

Αἰγτεῖρος, ἡ, *the black poplar*, Lat. *pŕulus*: cf. λεύκη.

αἰγ-ελάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἶξ, ἐλαίνω) *a goatberd*. [ἄ]

αἶγαιος, *a, ov*, = αἶγαιος.

αἰγιάλιτος, *ov, ὁ*, fem. ἴτις, ἴδος, *on the shore*. From αἰγιάλος, ὁ, (αἶσσω, ἄλς) *the sea-shore, beach, strand*.

αἰγί-βοσις, *ews, ἡ*, (αἶξ, βύσκη) *a goat-pasture*.

αἰγί-βότης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἶξ, βοτῆς) *feeding goats*.

αἰγί-βοτος, *ov*, (αἶξ, βύσκη) *browsed by goats*.

αἰγί-θαλλος, ἡ, *a bird, the tit*, Lat. *parus*.

αἰγί-κνημος, *ov*, (αἶξ, κνήμη) *goat-banked*.

αἰγί-κορεῖς, *ewn, ol*, (αἶξ, κορέννιμι) *feeders of goats, goatberds*.

αἰγί-λιψ, ἵπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, λιπεῖν) *properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer*. [γῆ]

αἰγίλος, ἡ, (αἶξ) *an herb of which goats are fond*.

αἰγί-νόμος, *ov*, (αἶξ, νέμω) *browsed by goats*. 2.

as Subst., αἰγονόμος, ὁ, *a goatberd*.

αἰγί-οχος, *ov*, (αἰγίς, ἔχω) *aegis-bearing*.

αἰγί-πόδης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἶξ, πούς) *goat-footed*.

αἰγί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδος, = αἰγίπυδης.

αἰγί-πίρος, ὁ, (αἶξ) *a plant with a red flower, of which goats were fond*.

αἰγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described in Il. 5. 738*: (from αἶσσω, *to rush or move violently*): hence 2. later *a rushing storm, hurricane, terrible as the shaken aegis*. II. from αἶξ, *a goat-skin coat*.

αἰγίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of αἶξ, *a little goat*.

αἰγλάεις, Dor. for αἰγλήεις.

αἰγλάς, *αντος*, contr. for αἰγλάεις.

Αἴ'ΤΑΗ, ἡ, *the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal*. 2.

metaph. *splendour, glory*. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant.*

αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἰγλή, φανήναι) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous.*

αἰγο-βοσκός, ὄν, (αἶξ, βύσκειν) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatberd.*

αἰγό-κερος, ὦν, gen. ω, also αἰγοκέρας, ὠτος, ὁ, (αἶξ, κέρας) *goat-borned.* II. as Subst., αἰγό-κερος, ὁ, *Capricorn in the Zodiac.*

αἰγο-νόμος, ὁ, = αἰγινόμος, a *goatberd.*

αἰγ-ὄνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) = αἰγῶνυξ.

αἰγο-πόδης, ὁ, = αἰγυπόδης.

αἰγο-πρόσωπος, ὦν, (αἶξ, πρόσωπον) *goat-faced.*

αἰγο-τρίχην, f. ἡσω, (αἶξ, τρίξ) *to have goat's hair.*

αἰγυπίος, ὁ, (γύψ) a *vulture*, Lat. *vultur.*

Αἰγυπτίως, f. ἄσω, *to speak Egyptian.*

Αἰγυπτιστί, Adv. in the *Egyptian tongue.* II.

like an *Egyptian*, *craftily.*

Αἰγυπτο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἰγυπτος, γένος) of *Egyptian race.*

Αἰγυπτος, ὁ, the *river Nile.* II. Αἰγυπτος, ἡ, *Egypt:* as Adv., Αἰγυπτῶνδε, *to Egypt.*

αἰγ-ῶνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) *goat-boofed.*

Ἄιδας, Dor. for Ἄιδης, Αἰδης.

αἰδέομαι, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, αἰδω, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.

ΑἰΔΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. -έσσομαι: aor. I ἤδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἰδεσσαι; also in pass. form ἤδεσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδεσθεν: Dep.—*to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be ashamed or afraid to do a thing.* 2. as Att. law-term, *to feel pity for*, hence *to pardon*, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι.

αἰδέσθεν, for αἰδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσμιος, ὦν, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable.*

αἰδέσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion.*

αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.

ἀ-ἰδήλος, ὦν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying.* II. pass. unseen, unknown, obscure.

αἰδήμων, ὦν, gen. ὠνος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονέστερος.* Adv. -μόνων.

ἀ-ἰδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen: destroyed.*

Ἄιδης, εως, ὁ, ἄτ, Att. Ἀΐδης or ᾠδης, ὦν, (αἰδής) *Hades, the god of the world below*, Lat. *Pluto.*

αἰδιος, ὦν, (αἶ) *everlasting*, for αἰδιος.

ἀ-ἰδνός, ἡ, ὦν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) poet. for ἀ-ἰδής, *unseen, bidden, dark.*

αἰδοιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοῖος.

αἰδοῖον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοῖα, the *genitals*, *pudenda:* properly neut. from

αἰδοῖος, α, ὦν: Comp. αἰδοιότερος and -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable:* of women, *deserving respect, tender:* of things, *valuable, excellent.* II.

act. *bashful, modest.* 2. *reverent.*

αἰδοῖως, Adv. of αἰδοῖος, *reverently.*

Αἰ'ΔΟΜΑΙ, impf. αἰδόμεν, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ἤδεομαι.

Ἄιδος, Ἄϊδι, Ep. gen. and dat. of Ἄιδης, from an obsol. nom. Ἄϊς: Ἀιδόσδε, and εἰς Ἀιδόσδε, *to the dwelling of Hades:* εἰν Ἄϊδος (sc. οἶκον), Att. ἐν ᾧδου, in *Hades.* [Ἄιδ-, but ἄ sometimes.]

αἰδῶ-φρων, ὦν, gen. ὠνος, (αἰδώς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate.*

ἀ-ἰδρεῖν or -ἰν [ῖ], ἡ, Ep. and Ion. word (ἄδρις) *want of knowledge, ignorance:* Ep. dat. pl. ἀδρέησι.

ἄ-ἰδρις, ι, gen. ἰος and εος, (α privat., ἰδρις) *unknowing, ignorant.*

ἄδρo-δίκης, ὦν, Dor. -δίκας, α, ὁ, (ἄδρις, δίκη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage.* [ᾠδῖ]

ἄ-ἰδρύτος, ὦν, = ἄν-ιδρύτος, *unsettled, unsteady.*

Ἄιδωνεύς, ὁ, lengthd. Ep. form of Ἄιδης.

Αἰ'ΔΩ'Σ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, *sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty:* a *sense of shame or honour*, αἰδῶ θέσθ' ἐνὶ θυμῷ: *regard for others, respect, reverence.* II. *that which causes shame or respect,* and so 1. a *shame, scandal:* αἰδώς, Ἀργεῖοι *shame*, ye Argives! 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. 3. *dignity, majesty.*

αἶεἰ, Ion. and poet. for αἶεἰ.

αἶε-γενέτης, ὁ, poet. for αἶε-γενέτης, *ever existing.* (For compds. of αἶεἰ here omitted, v. sub αἶε-.)

αἶε-ουρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for αἰλουρος.

αἶεν, = αἶεἰ.

αἶεν-υπνος, ὦν, (αἶεν, ὕπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep.* αἶε, Dor. for αἶεἰ.

αἰετός, ὁ, lengthd. form of αἰετός, an *eagle.*

αἰζήτιος, lengthd. form of αἰζήτιος.

αἰζήτος, ὁ, an *active, vigorous, lusty person:* a man. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰήτος, like αἴητος, *terrible, mighty.*

αἰήτος, ὁ, Dor. of αἰετός, αἰετός, an *eagle.*

αἰθάλη, ἡ, (αἰθω) = αἰθαλος, soot. [θα]

αἰθαλίω, ὠνος, (αἰθαλος) *swarthy, dusky.*

αἰθαλούς, ὠσσα, οεν, contr. αἰθαλοῦς, ούσσα, οῖν, (αἰθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black.* II. *burning, blazing.*

Αἰ'ΘΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, like λιγνός, a *smoky flame*, the *thick smoke of fire, soot.* [θα] Hence

αἰθαλῶω, f. ὠσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes.*

αἶθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, O *that! would that!* Lat. *utinam*, αἰθ' ὄφελος O *that thou hadst* . . , c. inf.

αἰθερ-εμβατέω, (αἰθήρ, εμβατέω) *to walk in ether.* αἰθέριος, α, ὦν or ος, ὦν, (αἰθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air*, as opp. to ἡέριος, and so 1. *high in air, on high.* 2. *ethereal, heavenly.*

αἰθερο-βατέω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether.*

αἰθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether.* From αἰθερο-δρόμος, ὦν, (αἰθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether.*

αἰθήρ, ἔπος, in Homer always ἡ, in Att. prose always ὁ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἰθω):

—*ether, the upper, purer air*, opp. to ἀήρ (*the lower air or atmosphere*):—hence *the clear sky or heaven*, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπῆας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθίοψ.

Αἰθί-οψ, σπος, ὁ, fem. Αἰθιοπῆς, ἰδος, (αἶθα, ὄψ) an *Ethiop, negro*, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἶθος, τό, and ὁ, (αἶθα) *burning heat, fire*.

αἰδός, ἡ, ὅν, (αἶθα) *burnt*—*fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἰθούσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἶθα) *the corridor or vestibule of a house*; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἰθ-οψ, σπος, (αἰδός, ὄψ) *fiery-looking*, of metal, *flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἰθήρ, later αἶθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather*, Lat. *sudum*.

αἰθήρ-γενεῖς, ον, ὁ, = αἰθήρ-γενής.

αἰθήρ-γενής, ἐς, (αἰθήρ, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἰθρία, ἡ, = αἰθήρ: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. οὐσής), in *fine weather*, Lat. *per purum*. II. *the open sky*.

αἰθριάζω or —ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αἰθριο-κοιτέω, f. ἦσω, (αἰθρία, κοίτη) *to sleep in the open air*.

αἰθριος, ον, (αἰθήρ) *clear, bright, fair*. II. in *the open air*: hence *cold, chill*.

αἰθριος, ὁ, = αἰθήρ: esp. *the clear chill air of morn.*

Αἰ-ῥῳτία, ἡ, a *sea-gull or diver*, Lat. *mergus*.

αἰθουκτής, ἦρος, ὁ, (αἰθούσσω) *one that darts rapidly*.

αἰθούσσω, f. ὕζω, (αἶθα) *to put in rapid motion*; to *kindle*:—Pass. *to move rapidly, quiver*.

Αἰ-ῥῳ, only found in pres. and impf. ἦθον, to *light up, kindle*:—Pass. *to burn*. 2. rarely intr. *to burn or blaze*.

αἰθων, ανος, ὁ, (αἶθα) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*. III. of animals, *fiery, fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἶκα, conj., Dor. for εἰ κε, ἐάν, with subj. if *haply*.

Αἶκα/ΔΔΩ, f. αἰκάω, properly of a dog, *to wag the tail fawningly*: to *weedle, fondle*.

αἶκε, αἶκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

αἶκελα, ἡ, = αἰκία, q. v.

αἰκέλιος, ον, = αἰκέλιος.

αἰκή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) *rapid motion, a rush*, Lat. *impetus*. [ε]

αἰκής, ἐς, poet. for αἰκής, contr. αἰκής, *unseemly*.

Adv. αἰκῶς, in *unseemly fashion*.

αἰκία [ε], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκείη, *injuriously*.

αἰκίζω, (αἰκής) *to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage*, esp. by blows, *to plague, torment*: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἦκισάμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἦκισσῃν; pf. ἦκισμαι: to be *tormented*.

αἰκισμα, στος, τό, (αἰκίζω) *an outrage, torture*.

αἰ-ῥος, ον, (a privat., ἰκεῖσθαι) *unapproachable*.

αἰ-ῥινος, ὁ, a *mournful dirge*, (from αἶ, ῥινος, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. os, ον, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἰ-ουπος or αἰά-ουπος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, οὐρά) a *cat*, so called from the *wavy motion of the tail*.

Αἶ-ῥμα, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. streams of blood:—also bloodshed; εἰργασται μητρώον αἶμα a mother's blood has been shed; αἶμα πράττειν to shed blood; ἐφ' αἵματι φεύγειν to be banished for homicide. II. like Lat. *sanguis, blood-relationships*, kin.

αἶμα-κορία or αἶμα-κουρία, ὦν, αἶ, (αἶμα, κορέν-νυμι) offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

αἶμακτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of αἵμασσω, stained with blood, bloody.

αἶμαλέος, α, ον, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἶμας, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἶμα) a *gush or stream of blood*.

αἶμαστια, ἡ, a *wall of dry stones*, Lat. *maceria*: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἶμασι-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμασία, εἶδος) like a fence or hedge.

αἵμασσω, Att. αἵματτω: f. ἄζω: aor. I ἦμαξα: (αἶμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἵματ-εκχύς, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἵματῆρος, ὁ, ὅν, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. consisting of blood.

αἵματ-φόρος, ον, (αἶμα, φέρω) *bringing blood*: murderous.

αἵματόεις, εσσα, εν, (αἶμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἵματο-λοιχός, ὅν, (αἶμα, λείχω) *licking blood*; ἔρωσ αἶμ. thirst for blood.

αἵματο-πίωτης, ον, ὁ, (αἶμα, πίνω) a *blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἵματ-ρόφος, ον, (αἶμα, ροφέω) *blood-drinking*.

αἵματῶρ-ρύτος, ον, (αἶμα, ῥέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἵματο-στάγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, στάζω) *blood-dripping*.

αἵματῶ-φυγτος, ον, (αἶμα, φύγω) *blood-stained*.

αἵματο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (αἶμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἵματόω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἦματῶσα:—Pass., pf. ἡμάτωμαι: (αἶμα) *to make bloody*.

αἵματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood, blood-red*.

αἵματ-ώπος, ὅν, and αἵματ-ώψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ὄψ) *bloody to behold*.

αἵμνιον, τό, (αἶμα) a *basin for blood*.

αἶμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βάπτω) *bathe in blood*.

αἶμο-βόρος, ον, (αἶμα, βορά) *greedy for blood*.

αἶμο-διψος, ον, (αἶμα, δίψω) *bloodthirsty*.

αἶμορ-ράγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, ραγῆναι) *bleeding violently*.

αἵμορ-ραντος, ον, (αἶμα, ραίνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἰμορροῶ, f. ἦσω, (αἰμόρροος) *to lose blood*: to have a discharge of blood. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.

αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) streaming with blood.

αἰμόρ-ρῦτος, ποῖτ. αἰμό-ρῦτος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴ-μος, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-στᾶγής, ἐς, = αἱματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φόρुकτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμῶ, = αἱματός.

αἰμύλος, ον, (αἰμύλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμύλο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰμύλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἰμύ-λος, ἡ, ον, also os, ον, flattering, winning, tubedling, wily. [ῥ]

αἶμαν, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skilful. II. (αἶμα) bloody.

αἶμα-ωπός, ὄν, = αἱματοπός, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἀρέτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Αἰνείας, ου, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Αἰνεῖο or Αἰνεῖω.

αἰνεύς, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From

αἰνέω: impf. ἤνεον, contr. ἤνουν, Ion. αἰνεον: fut.

-ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. I ἤνησα, Att. ἤνεσα, Ion. αἰ-

νεσαι: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἤνεσάμην:—Pass.,

aor. I ἤνεθον: pf. ἤνημαι:—properly to tell or speak

of (cf. αἶνος); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise,

approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recom-

mend. 3. like ἀγαπᾶω, to be content with, acqui-

esce in. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. lau-

dare. II. to promise or vow.

Αἶ-νη, ἡ, = αἶνος, praise, fame.

αἶνημ, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

αἶνήσι, Ion. for αἰναῖς, dat. pl. of αἰνός.

αἰνητός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for αἰνετός.

αἰνίγμα, atos, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying,

riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ ὁ ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων in riddles,

darkly; also ἐν αἰνίγμασιν.

αἰνιγματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἰνίγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἰνιμός, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles:

mostly in plur. like αἰνίγμα.

αἰνίζομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνικτήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως,

riddlingly.

αἰνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from

αἰνίσσομαι, Att. αἰνιττομαι, f. ἔξομαι: aor. I ἡνι-

ξάμην: Dep. (αἰνός):—to speak darkly or in

riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II.

in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ἡνιχθην, pf. ἡνίγημαι, to be

spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίαι, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fear-

fully strong.

αἰνό-γάμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, = ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase

αἰνόθεν αἰνῶς, from borror to borror, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτωμαι) dreadfully

enuerated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἐς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λέκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.

αἰνό-λινος, ον, (αἰνός, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in

allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνο-πάθής, ἐς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp.

Δύσπαρις.

αἰνο-πατήρ, ἐρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴ-νος, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν

αἶνον to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally,

a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said

to one's praise, praise.

Αἴ-νος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of

persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἰνά

as Adv. terribly; Sup. ἀνίστατον, most terribly.

αἰνό-τόκεα, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy

in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνο-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἴ-ντμαι, defect. Dep. used only in pres.,

and impf. without augm., like αἶρω, ἀρνύμαι, to take, lay

bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνῶς, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, ex-

ceedingly; αἰνῶς πικρός terribly bitter.

αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἰγέσιν, (αἰσσω) a goat;

αἶξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the chamois; αἶξ ἱξάλος ἀγρία,

the ibex.

αἶξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of αἰσσω.

αἶψ, fut. of αἰσσω.

Αἶ-ο-λαδω, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to

change in colour or hue; ὄμφακες αἰόλλονται the

grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰολο-βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of

forked lightning.

αἰολο-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming

breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various

wiles.

αἰολο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος, μέτης) with gleaming

belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώ-

ρηξ. II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πῶλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῶλος) with quick-moving

steeds.

Αἶ-ο-λος, ἡ, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms,

wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, ma-

nageable. II. changeful of hue, gleaming,

glancing; αἰόλη νύξ spangled night; αἰόλη σὰρξ

flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. I.

changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Αἰόλος, ου, ὁ, Aëolus, the

god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various mean-

ing, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρώς) with

spangled skin.

ἀόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of ἡών.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπός) high, lofty, of cities on heights:

metaph. lofty, high-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.

αἰψήεις, εσσα, εν, ποῖτ. for αἰπεινός.

αἰπολέω, f. ήσν, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatberd:—Pass. to feed, browse.

αἰπολικός, ή, όν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatberds.

αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a berd of goats. II. a goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ό, (αἶψ, πολέω) a goatberd.

Αἰΰος, εος, τό, a beight, a steep; πρὸς αἰψος up-hill.

Αἰΰος, ή, όν, Ep. for αἰψύς, high, lofty, of cities: αἰπὰ βέεθρα rapid torrents.

αἰψύ-μητης, ου, ό, (αἰψύς, μητης) with high thoughts.

αἰψύ-νωτος, ον, (αἰψύς, νῶτος) high-backed, on a high ridge. [ῥ]

Αἰΰς, εἰα, ύ, high and steep, of cities on steep rocks; βρόχος αἰψύς a noose hanging straight down. 2. headlong; αἰψύς ὕλεθρος sheer, utter destruction; αἰψύς χόλος towering wrath. 3. metaph. hard, difficult; αἰψύ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be hard work for him.

αἰρεσίμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.

αἰρεσις, εως, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself,

choosing, choice; αἰρεῖν δίδουσι to give choice; αἰρεῖν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan,

purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. a heresy.

αἰρετέον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or choose. II. (αἰρετός, α, ον, desirable.

αἰρετίζω, f. ἰσιν, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong to a sect.

αἰρετικός, ή, όν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. heretical.

αἰρετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen, preferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

Αἰρεῖν: impf. ἤρεον, Ion. αἰρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: pf. ἤρηκα, Ion. ἀραῖρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραῖρηκα.—Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρησάμην.—Pass., fut. αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρησομαι: aor. I ἤρθην: pf. ἤρημαι: plqpf. ἤρημην.—Also from the root *ἔλαδ, aor. 2 εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. ἔλαιν: fut. med. ἐλοῦμαι; aor. 2 εἶλόμην; Ep. 3 sing. γέντο, for ἔστο: rarely aor. I εἶλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer, overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as

Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III. to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer one thing to another; also μάλλον αἰρεῖσθαι to choose in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by vote, elect to an office.

*Α-ῖπος, ό, ἵπος Α-ῖπος, Irus unhappy Irus.

Αἰρεῖν, Att. for αἰρέω: f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ἤρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἀραι: pf. ἤρηκα.—Med., impf. ῥόμην: fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἤράμην: aor. ῥόρην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθην: pf. ἤρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἰρεῖν πόδα to walk; αἰρ. σημείον to hoist a signal; αἰρεῖν ναῖς to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans. to get under way, start, set out; αἰρεῖν ταῖς ναυσὶν to set sail; αἰρεῖν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἰρεῖν θυμὸν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a beight, increase. III. to lift and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound,

αἰρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

Αἰρεῖσθαι, ή, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate, Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of

a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῇ αἰσῇ by ill luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; λήϊδος αἶσα one's share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν, like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ἤσθανόμην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤσθόμην, later aor. I ἤσθησάμην: Dep.: (αἶω, αἰσθῶ):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ή, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception. II. in plur. the senses. III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.

αἰσθητής, ου, ό, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ή, όν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

αἰσθῶ, (*αἶω, ἄημι) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro; θυμὸν αἰσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring.

αἰσμία, happiness. From

αἰσμος, ον, also η, ον, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, appointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσμον ἡμῶν the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable

to fate, meet, right; αἰσμία εἰδῶς knowing what is right and proper.

αἰσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky, happy: opportune.

αἰσος, *ov*, (a privat., *Isos*) = ἀν-ισος, *unlike, unequal*.

Αἰΐσσω, Att. αἰσσω or αἰτω : impf. αἰσσαν, Att. ἤσσαν, Ion. αἰσσεσκον : fut. αἰξω, Att. αἰξω : aor. ἤξα, Att. ἤξα, Ion. αἰξασκον.—Med., aor. 1 ἤξαμην.—Pass., aor. ἤχθην, Ion. αἰχθην :—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. *ruere, impetu ferri* :—so also in Aor. 1 med. αἰξασθαι, and in aor. 1 pass. αἰχθῆναι. 2. later, to be eager after. II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [ā in Homer : in Trag. ā when trisyll.]

αἰ-ιστος, Att. αἰστος, *ov*, (a privat., *idein*) *unseen, unknown, not to be seen and heard* : hence *vanished, destroyed* : see αἰδηλος. II. act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αἰστώ, Att. αἰστώ : f. ἄσω : aor. 1 ἤιστωσα, Att. ἤιστωσα.—Pass., aor. 1 ἤιστώην, Ion. αἰστώθην : (αἰστος) :—to make unseeing, to destroy : to slay, kill. αἰστωρ, *opos*, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ-ιστος) *unknowing, inexperienced*.

αἰστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of αἰστώ.
αἰσῦλος, *ov*, opp. to αἰσιμος, *unseemly, evil, impious*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰσυννάω, f. ἴσω, (αἶσα) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

αἰσυνήτης, *ov*, ὁ, ἡ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people : a president, manager.

αἰσχίον, *ov*, gen. *onos*, and αἰσχιστος, *ov*, *ov*, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχος, formed from αἰσχος.

Αἰσχος, *eos*, τό, *shame, disgrace*. II. ugliness or deformity.

αἰσχροῖων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (αἰσχος) *shameful*. αἰσχροκερδής, ἡ, *sordid love of gain*. From αἰσχρο-κερδής, ἑς, (αἰσχρός, κέρδος) *sordidly greedy of gain, covetous*. Adv. -δῶς.

αἰσχρολογία, ἡ, *foul language, abuse*. From αἰσχρο-λόγος, *ov*, (αἰσχρός, λέγω) *foul-mouthed, abusive*.

αἰσχρο-μητις, *ios*, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰσχρός, μῆτις) *forming base designs*.

αἰσχρο-ποιός, *όν*, (αἰσχρός, ποιέω) *acting shamefully*.

αἰσχρός, ἄ, *όν*, also ὅς, *όν*, (αἰσχος) in Homer *causing shame, disgracing* ; αἰσχροῖα ἔπεα *abusive words*. II. opp. to καλός : I. ugly, ill-favoured. 2. in moral sense, *shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous* ; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἰσχρόν, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αἰσχροτέρος, αἰσχροτάτος, the forms αἰσχίων, αἰσχιστος are used. Hence

αἰσχροτής, *ητος*, ἡ, *ugliness*. 2. *shame, infamy*.

αἰσχροργία, ἡ, *contr. for αἰσχροεργία*, (αἰσχρός, ἔργον) *lewd conduct*.

αἰσchrῶς, Adv. of αἰσχρός, *shamefully*.

αἰσχυνθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰσχύνομαι.

αἰσχύνη, ἡ, (αἰσχος) *shame done one, disgrace, dishonour*. II. *shame for an ill deed*, Lat. *pudor* : generally, *shame, the sense of shame*. [ῥ]

αἰσχυνέον, verb. Adj. of αἰσχύνομαι, *one must be ashamed*.

αἰσχυνηλός, ἡ, *όν*, (αἰσχύνομαι) *bashful, modest*.

αἰσχυνητήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (αἰσχύνω) a dishonourer, a seducer.

αἰσχυνητός, ἄ, *όν*, = αἰσχυνηλός, *bashful*.

αἰσχύνω : f. ὕνω, Ion. ὕνω : aor. 1 ἤσχυνα : pf. ἤσχυνα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αἰσχυνούμαι ; also αἰσχυνθήσομαι : aor. ἤσχύνθην : pf. ἤσχυμαι : (αἰσχος) :—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2. to disgrace, dishonour, tarnish, γένος αἰσχυνέμεν.

II. Pass. to be ashamed, feel shame : but more freq. to be ashamed at a thing, c. acc. rei : also c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one : c. part. to be ashamed at doing a thing : but c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

Αἰτεῖν : impf. ἤτεον, Ion. αἰτεον : fut. αἰτήσω : aor. 1 ἤτησα ; pf. ἤτηκα :—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something ; ὁδὸν αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart : c. acc. pers. to ask a person ; αἰτεῖν τι to ask a person for a thing ; c. inf. to ask one to do :—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. *vindicare sibi* :—Pass. to have a thing begged of one.

αἰτήμα, *ατος*, τό, (αἰτέω) *that which is asked, a request, demand*.

αἰτήμι, Aeol. for αἰτέω.

αἰτήσις, *ov*, Dor. αἰτας, a or *ew*, ὁ, a favourite.

αἰτήσιος, *eos*, ἡ, (αἰτέω) a request, demand.

αἰτητέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *one must ask*.

αἰτητός, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *asked for, begged*.

Αἰτία, ἡ, a cause, origin, ground, occasion ; αἰτίαν παρέχειν to give occasion. II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. *crimen* : remonstrance, expostulation to a friend ; αἰτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. *crimen habere*, to be accused ; αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge ; ἐν αἰτίᾳ ἔχειν to hold guilty ; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one, ἀπολοῖεν τινὰ τῆς αἰτίας to acquit of fault.

αἰτιάσθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιάομαι, Pass. (αἰτία) to be charged or accused.

αἰτίμα, *ατος*, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā] : aor. 1 ἤτιασάμην, Ion. αἰτισάμην : (αἰτία) :

I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion : esp. of a fault : to charge, accuse, blame ; αἰτιάσθαι τινὰ τινος to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. αἰτιάθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἤτιαθην, perf. ἤτιάμι :—to be accused. Hence

αἰτιάσις, *eos*, ἡ, a complaint, accusation.

αἰτιάτεον, verb. Adj. of αἰτιάομαι, *one must accuse*.

αἰτίω, (αἰτέω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei : c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

αἰτίον, τό, neut. of αἰτίος, = αἰτία, a cause.

αἴτιος, *a*, *ov*, more rarely *os*, *ov*, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—ὁ αἴτιος, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τὸ αἴτιον the cause of a thing.

αἰτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιόφο, αἰτιόφοτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίω.

Αἰτναῖος, *a*, *ov*, of or belonging to Etna: cf a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

Αἰ΄ΦΝΗΣ, Adv. = ἄφνω, ἄφνω, on a sudden.

Hence

αἰφνίδιος, *ov*, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δῖας, also -διον, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσθώ.

αἰχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of αἰσθώ.

αἰχμάζω, *f*. ἄσω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμαλώσια, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) captivity. II. a body of captives.

αἰχμαλῶτεύω, *f*. εὔσω, (αἰχμάλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμαλῶτιζω, *f*. ἰσώ, = αἰχμαλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμαλῶτιζομαι in same sense: fut. ἰσμοι: aor. I ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλωτισμαι.

αἰχμαλωτικός, ἡ, ὢν, (αἰχμάλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αἰχμαλῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From αἰχμ-άλωτος, *ov*, (αἰχμή, ἄλωτός) taken by the spear or in war: οἱ αἰχμαλῶται prisoners of war: τὰ αἰχμάλωτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (ἄσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἄσπισ a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμηεὺς, ἐσσα, *ev*, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, ὅ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής, οὗ, ὅ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior. II.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητής, ἰδος.

αἰχμο-φόρος, *ov*, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

Αἰ΄ΨΑ, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψηρο-κέλευθος, *ov*, (αἰψρός, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

αἰψηρός, ὁ, ὢν, (αἰ΄ΨΑ) quick, speedy, sudden.

ἌΓ'Ω, used only in pres. and impf. αἶον, to perceive, become aware of, esp. to hear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

ἌΓ'Ω [ᾶ], used only in impf. αἶον [ᾶ], = ἄμμι, to breathe. 2. = αἰσθώ, to breathe out, expire:

φίλον αἶον ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἶων, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἰδών. [ᾶ]

Αἰών, ὄνος, ὁ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰώ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period. space of time, eternity. of life.

3. an infinitely long II. one's age or time

αἰώνιος, *ov*, also *a*, *ov*, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (ἀέρω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a hovering in air, oscillation.

αἰώρῳ, *f*. ἦσω, (ἀέρω) to lift and hang up, let hang: and so to wave, or set waving. II. more freq.

In Pass. αἰωρόμαι, aor. I ἠωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, hover or flit about. 2. metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo: αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

αἰώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is bung up: a hanging cord or balter. II. a being bung up, hovering: a banging.

αἰώρητος, *ov*, verb. Adj. of αἰωρέω, hovering.

ἄκᾶ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἄκην, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδημεῖα, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [ῖ], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκάθαρτος, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀκάθαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, *f*. ἦσομαι, (ἀκαίρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαίρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. importunity.

ἔ-καιρος, *ov*, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed: ἐς ἀκαιρα πονεῖν, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv.

-πως. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, *ov*, ὁ, poet. for ἄκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἄκακος, benignant, gracious.

ἀκᾶκία, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀ-κάκος, *ov*, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἰδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλαρ-ρεῖτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing.

ἈΚΑΛΗΦΗ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as of a nettle. [ᾶκᾶ]

ἀ-καλήης, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (a privat., κάλλος) without charms.

ἀ-καλλίερτος, *ov*, (a privat., καλλιερέω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, *ov*, (a privat., καλλωπίζω) unadorned.

ἀ-κάλυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-καλύφης, ἔς, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγχη, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγχη) unwearied with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied in fight.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, ποτὶς) untiring of foot.

ἀκάμαντο-χάρμας, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ἀ-κάμας, αντος, ὁ, (α privat., καμῖν) untiring, unresting. [κᾶ]

ἀ-κάματος, ov, also η, ov, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀ-κάμπτος, ov, (α privat., κάμπω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inexorable.

ἀκανα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickle: hence I. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree.

the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ov, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκανθίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla spinus*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκανθο-βάτης, ov, ὁ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκανθο-λόγος, ov, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling.

*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκανθ-ώδης, es, gen. eos, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάπνιστος, ov, (α privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-κάπνος, ov, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ov, (α privat., καρδιά) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. excors.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ov, (α privat., κάρηνον) headless.

ἀ-κάρης, ἐς, (α privat., κάρῃναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ἀκαρὲς a moment, ἐν ἀκαρὲ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρῇ διαλιπὼν (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῇ not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρὲς a morsel.

ἀ-καριαῖος, α, ov, (ἀκαρῆς) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπός) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-καρπιστος, ov, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκαρπῶτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ov, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-καρπῶτος, ov, (α privat., καρπώω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἀκαρκαῖ, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ἀκασκαῖος, α, ov, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ov, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ov, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ov, (α privat., κατακάλυπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάρκτος, ov, (α privat., καταρκίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ov, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ov, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ov, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ov, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ov, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἀ-κατανόητος, ov, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ov, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἀκαταστασία, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion. From

ἀ-κατάστατος, ov, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἀκαταστάτως

ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατάσχετος, ov, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόνητος, ov, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *baud spernendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ἀκά]

ἀ-καυστος, ov, (α privat., καίω) unburnt.

ἀκαχέατο or -ήατο, Ep. for ἡκάχηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησθω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχῆσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχημαι, redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχιζω, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκαχμένος, η, ov, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from *ἀκω to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχοιτο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκειρε-κόμας, ov, ὁ, = ἀκερσεκόμας.

ἀ-κέλευστος, ov, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ἀ-κέννητος, ov, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κεντρος, ov, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκέομαι, Ep. impf. ἀκέομην; f. ἀκέομαι, Ep. ἀκέοσμαι, Att. ἀκοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἡκεσάμην, Ep. imper. ἀκεσσι: Dep. (ἀκος) = to heal, cure. 2. to stanch, quench, diminish. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέραιος, ov, (α privat. κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-

harmed, unravaged, of countries: generally, *unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.*

ἀκέραστος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure from a thing.*

ἀκεράτος, *ov*, (a privat., κέρας) *without horns.*

ἀκεραίνωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεραυνώ) *not struck by lightning.*

ἀκερδεῖα, *ῆ*, (ἀκερδής) *want of gain, loss.* From

ἀκερδής, *ἐς*, (a privat., κέρδος) *without gain, bringing loss.* Adv. *-δῶς, gratis.*

ἀκέρκιοςτος, *ov*, (a privat., κερκίζω) *unwoven.*

ἀκερως-κόμης, *ov*, ὁ, (a privat., κείρω, κόμη) *with unshorn hair*, epith. of Apollo: also *ever-young*, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀκερως, *av*, gen. *ω*, and ἀκέρωτος, *ov*, = ἀκέρατος.

ἀκέσασθε, *aor. 1 imperat.* of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσι-σος, *Ep.* ἀκεσι-, *ov*, (ἀκέομαι, νόσος) *healing disease.*

ἀκευς, *εως, ῆ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a healing, cure, remedy.*

ἀκέουα, *τό*, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy, cure.*

ἀκέομαι, *fut.* of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσ-, for words so beginning, *v. sub* ἀκεσ-.

ἀκεστήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a healer, restorer, physician*: ἀκεστήρ χαλινός *the rein that tames the steed.*

ἀκεστής, *ov*, ὁ, = ἀκεστώρ *a mender of torn clothes.*

ἀκεστορία, *ῆ*, (ἀκεστώρ) *the healing art.*

ἀκεστός, *ῆ, ov*, (ἀκέομαι) *curable: easy to be cheered or revived.*

ἀκέστρα, *ῆ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a darning-needle.*

ἀκέστρια, *ῆ*, *fem.* of ἀκεστής, *a sempstress.*

ἀκεστρον, *τό*, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy.*

ἀκεστός, *vos, ῆ*, *Ion.* for ἀκευς.

ἀκεστώρ, *opos, ὁ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a healer, saviour.*

ἀκεφ-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀκος, φέρω) *bringing a cure, healing.*

ἀκεσ-ῶδυνος, *ov*, (ἀκέομαι, ὀδύνη) *allaying pain.*

ἀκεφάλος, *ov*, (a privat., κεφαλή) *without a head: without beginning.*

ἀκέων, ἀκέουσα, (ἀκήν) *in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stillly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκέων δαίνυσθε feast ye in silence:—the dual ἀκέοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκέουσα is found, yet ἀκέων stands also with the fem., as Ἄθη-ναίη ἀκέων ἦν.*

ἌΚΗ, *ῆ*, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: 1. *a point, edge*, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωχή, ἀκμή, ἀιχμή, ἀκύνη, ἀκός, and Lat. *acies, acuo*). 2. *silence*, (whence ἀκήν, ἀκέων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα). 3. *healing*, (whence ἀκέομαι).

ἀκήδεστος, *ov*, (a privat., κηδέω) *uncared for, un- bedded: without funeral rites, unburied.* Hence

ἀκηδέιστος, *Adv.* of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, *without heed for any one, remorselessly.*

ἀκηδέω, *f. ῆω*: *aor. 1* ἡκήθησα, *Ep.* ἡκήδεσα:—*to neglect, slight, c. gen.* From

ἀκηδής, *ἐς*, (a privat., κηδος) *pass. uncared for:*

unburied.

securus. II. act. *without care or sorrow*, Lat.

securus. 2. *heedless, careless.*

ἀκήκωα, *pf. med.* of ἀκούω.

ἀ-κλήτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηλέω) *to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.*

ἄκμα, *τό*, = ἄκεσμα, *a cure, remedy.*

ἀκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. *stilly, softly, silently.*

ἀκηράσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure: hence untouched*, Lat. *integer: generally, pure, fresh.*

ἀ-κήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of...* II. *unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.*

ἀκήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *unarmed by the fates, uninjured.* II. act. *unbarring, harmless.*

ἀ-κήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *without heart or soul, lifeless.* II. *without heart or courage, heartless,*

spiritless, Lat. *vecors.*

ἀκηρότατος, *Ep.* for ἀκηρατώτατος, *Sup.* of ἀκήρατος.

ἀκηρυκτεῖ and ἀκηρυκτί, *Adv.* *without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce.* From

ἀ-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρύσσω) *unannounced: unproclaimed: ἀκηρυκτος πόλεμος a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was*

admitted, implacable. 2. *inglorious, unknown.* 3. *unheard of, sending no tidings.* Hence

ἀκηρυκτως, *Adv.* = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κήρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρώ) *not covered with wax, unwaxed.*

ἀκηχέδαια or ἀκηχέαια, *Ep.* for ἡκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl. *pf. pass.* of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχήμενος, *Ep.* for ἀκαχήμενος, *part.* of redupl. *pf. pass.* of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, *ov*, (a privat., κίβδηλος) *unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, honest.*

ἀκίνδος, *η, ov*, *weak, feeble, faint*, in Homer only in Comp. *ἀκινδύτερος.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κίθαρις, *ι, gen. ιος*, (a privat., κιθάρα) *without the harp.*

ἀκίκυσ, *vos, ὁ, ῆ*, (a privat., κίκυς) *powerless, feeble.*

ἀκινάκης, *ov*, or *εος, ὁ*, Lat. *acināces*, a Persian word, *a short sword.*

ἀ-κινδύνος, *ov*, *without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly.* Adv. *-νῶς.*

ἀ-κίνητος, *ov*, rarely *η, ov*, (a privat., κινέω) *unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish.* 2. *unaltered, settled, steady.* II. *immovable, hard to move.*

2. *not to be stirred or touched, inviolable*, like Lat. *non movendus: not to be divulged.* [r]

ἀ-κίος, *ov*, (a privat., κίς) *without worms, not worm-eaten, sound:* *Sup.* ἀκίωτατος.

ἀκίρος, *όν*, = ἀκίδνος.

ἀκίς, *ιδος, ῆ*, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) *a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting: πύθων ἀκίδες the stings of desires.* [α]

ἀκίχτος, *ον*, (α privat., κίχων) *not to be reached, unattainable*: of persons, *not to be reached by prayer, inexorable*.

ἀκκίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκκῶ) *to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness*: generally, *to dissemble*.

ἀκκῶ, ἡ, *a bugbear*: acc. to others *a vain woman*.

ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀ-κλαστος, *ον*, (α privat., κλάω) *unbroken*.

ἀ-κλαυστος or ἀ-κλαυτος, *ον*, (α privat., κλαίω) *pass. unwept*: *without lamentation*. II. act. *unweeping, tearless*.

ἀ-κλεής, *ές*, gen. *έος*: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῇ, poet. ἀκλεᾶ: (α privat., κλέος):—*without fame, inglorious, ignoble*: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. *ingloriously*.

ἀ-κλειᾶ, ἡ, (ἀ-κλεής) *ingloriousness*.

ἀ-κλειής, *ές*, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀ-κλειστος, *ον*, Ion. ἀ-κλήϊστος, Att. contr. ἀ-κλή-στος, (α privat., κλείω): *not sbut, not bolted or fastened*.

ἀκλεῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, *ingloriously*.

ἀκλήης, *ές*, poet. for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλήρος, *ον*, *without lot or portion, poor, needy*. 2. *without lot or share in a thing, c. gen.* II. *unallotted, without an owner*.

ἀ-κλήρωτος, *ον*, (α privat., κληρώω) *without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.*

ἀκλήρωτος, *ον*, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλήρος, *ον*, (α privat., καλέω) *uncalled, unbidden*.

ἀ-κλινής, *ές*, (α privat., κλινῆναι) *bending to neither side*: *unswerving, steadfast*.

ἀ-κλυστος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (α privat., κλύω) *unwashed by waves*.

ἀκμάζω, *φ. άσω*, (ἀκμή) *to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection*: hence *to flourish, abound in a thing*, ἀκμάζον πλούτῳ, etc.: c. inf. *to be strong enough to do*; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., *it is bigb time to do*.

ἀκμαῖος, *α, ον*, (ἀκμή) *in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous*; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν *in the prime of strength*. II. *in time, in season*, Lat. *opportunus*.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) *a point, edge*; proverb. ἐπὶ ζυροῦ ἀκμῆς *on the razor's edge*, i. e. *at the critical moment*; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαὶ *the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί*. 2. *the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime*, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβης, Lat. *flor aetatis*; ἀκμή θέρους *mid-summer*:—generally, *strength, vigour*. 3. *like καιρός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time*; ἀκμή [ἔστι], c. inf., 'tis *high time to do*; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., *to be on the point of doing*.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. *in a moment, directly*: even now, still, like ἔτι.

ἀκμηνός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀκμή) *full-grown, in full vigour*.

ἀκμηνος, *ον*, *fasting from food*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κμῆς, ἦτος, *ός, ὅ, ἡ*, (α privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, *untiring, fresh*.

ἀ-κμητος, *ον*, (α privat., κάμνω) *unwearied, untiring*.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἄκμων, τίθημι) *the anvil-block*.

*ΑΚΜΩΝ, *ονος, ὅ*, an anvil, Lat. *incus*.

ἀ-κνιστος or rather ἀ-κνίστος, *ον*, (α privat., κνίσω) *without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice*.

ἀκοή, Ep. ἀκουή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) *hearing*: I. *the sense of hearing*: *the ear*; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέ-χεσθαι *to hear, etc.* II. *a bearing, listening to*; ἀκοῆς ἀξίως *worth bearing*.

III. *the thing heard, a report, saying, fame*; ἀκοῇ εἰδέναι τι *to know a thing by hearsay*.

ἀ-κοίμητος, *ον*, (α privat., κοιμάομαι) *sleepless*.

ἀ-κοινώνητος, *ον*, (α privat., κοινωνέω) *not shared in common*. II. act. *not sharing in, not par-taking of*: hence *unsocial*.

ἀ-κοίτης, *ον, ὅ*, (α = ἄμα, κοίτη) *a bedfellow, spouse, husband*: fem. ἀ-κοιτις, *ιως, ἡ*, *a wife*.

ἀ-κολάκευτος, *ον*, (α privat., κολακεύω) *not flattered, not won by flattery*.

ἀκολασία, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) *licentiousness, intemperance*: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκολασταῖνω, (ἀκόλαστος) *to be licentious, debauched, intemperate*: *to live a riotous life*.

ἀ-κόλαστος, *ον*, (α privat., κολάω) Lat. *non casti-gatus, uncabasted, undisciplined, unbridled*: also *uneducated*. 2. *intemperate, opp. to σώφρων*.

Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. *intemperately*: Comp., ἀκολαστο-τέρως ἔχειν πρὸς τι *to be too intemperate in a thing*.

ἀ-κόλος, *ον, ὅ*, (α privat., κολῶν) *a bit, morsel*.

ἀκολουθεῶ, *φ. ήσω*, (ἀκόλουθος) *to follow, go after or with*. II. metaph. *to follow or obey one in a thing*. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, *εως, ἡ*, *a following, sequence*.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθεῶ, *one must follow*.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθεῶ) *a following, attendance, train*. II. *agreement or conformity with*.

ἀ-κόλουθος, *ον*, (α copul., κέλευθος) *following, attending on*:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, *ός*, *a follower, attendant*; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι *the camp followers*. II.

following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. —θῶς, *in accordance with, c. dat*.

ἀ-κόλυμπος, *ον*, *unable to swim*.

ἀ-κομιστία, Ep. —λή [ῖ], ἡ, *want of tending*. From ἀ-κόμιστος, *ον*, (α privat., κομίζω) *untended*.

ἀ-κομος, *ον*, (α privat., κόμη) *without hair, bald*: of trees, *leafless*.

ἀ-κόμπαστος, *ον*, (α privat., κομπάζω) *unboastful*.

ἀ-κομπος, *ον*, *without boast, unboasting*.

ἀ-κομψος, *ον*, *unadorned, simple, plain*, Lat. *simplex*. II. *rude in speech*.

ἀκονάω, *φ. ήσω*, (ἀκονή) *to sharpen, whet*.

ἀ-κόνδυλος, *ον*, (α privat., κονδύλη) *without blows*.

ἀκονή, ἡ, (ἀκή) *a whetstone, bone*, Lat. *cos*.

ἀ-κονίτι, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (α privat., κονίω) *without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort*, Lat. *sine pulvere*.

ἀκόνιτον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monkshood.

ἀκόντι, later form for ἀκόντιον.

ἀκοντίω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἡκόντισα, Ep.

ἀκόντισα: (ἀκον):—to hurl a javelin: also to throw, fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc. pers. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and Pass. to be so hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or pierce.

ἀκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκον, a dart, javelin.

ἀκοντίς, ἡ, (ἀκοντίω) the throwing a javelin.

ἀκόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίω) that which is darted, a javelin; ἐντὸς ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw.

ἀκοντιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκοντίω) a darter, hurler of javelins.

ἀκοντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίω) skilled in throwing the dart.

ἀκοντιστός, ὅος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκόντισις, the game of the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

ἀκοντο-δόκος, ὄν, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the dart, i. e. snubbing it.

ἀ-κοπος, ὄν, without weariness: I. pass. unwearied, untiring. II. act. not wearying, easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

ἀκρόστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from ἀ-κορής=ἀκρόστος; or shortened for ἀκροεστότατος, Sup. of ἀκρόστος, like μέσστατος, νέατος.

ἀ-κρόστος, ὄν, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, unceasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II. act. not satiating: not disgusting.

ἀ-κρόρετος, ὄν,=ἀκρόστος.

ἀ-κρόρητος, ὄν, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c. gen. unsated with, ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a privat., κορέω) unslept, untrimmed.

ἀ-κορος, ὄν,=ἀκρόρητος, insatiate: metaph. ceaseless, Lat. improbus.

ἄΚΟΣ, εὖος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, resource for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to prepare a remedy.

ἀκοσμέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, unruly: to be out of order, to offend.

ἀ-κόσμητος, ὄν, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged, disorderly. 2. unadorned, untrimmed.

ἀκοσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness, offence. From

ἀ-κοσμος, ὄν, without order, disorderly: in moral sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. -μως, without order. II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no world, like γάμος ἀγάμος, etc.

ἀκοστάω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I part. ἀκοστήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From

ἄΚΟΣΘΗ, ἡ, barley.

ἀκουδοῖμαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to hearken to, c. gen. II. to be called, bidden; δαίτης ἀκούεσθον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat. vocari.

ἀκουή, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρός ἀκουή tidings of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κουρος, ὄν, (a privat., κούρος) childless, without male heir. II. (a privat., κουρά) unborn.

ἀκουσέαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουσέαι, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.

ἀκουσί-θεος, ὄν, (ἀκούω, θεός) heard of God.

ἀκούσιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκούω) audible.

ἀκούσιος, ὄν, Att. contr. for ἀκούσιος, unwilling, under constraint:—Adv. -ίως, unwillingly, or in an unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most unwillingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound, strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ᾗ] Hence

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

ἀκουστέον, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one must hear or hearken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

ἀκουστός, ὡς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible: that should be heard.

ἄΚΟΥ'Ω, f. ἀκούσσομαι: aor. I ἡκουσα: pf. Att. ἀκήκα, Dor. ἀκουκα: plqpf. ἀκηκέειν, Att. ἀκήκη:—Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡκούσθην: pf. ἡκουσμαι:—to hear, used both with gen. and acc. 2. absol. to hear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφ hear, O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c. gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj. or Subst. ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with an Adv. εὖ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire.

ἄκρα, Ion. ἀκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀκρος) the end, point, esp. the highest point, the top of the hill, peak, headland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' ἀκρὴς πρὲθιν, Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e. utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

ἀκράαντος, ὄν,=ἀκραντος, without result, unfilled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

ἀ-κράγῃς, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.

ἀκραῆ, contr. form of ἀκραέα, acc. masc. of ἀκραῆς.

ἀκρ-αῖς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, αἶμα) of certain winds, blowing strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραφνῆς, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραιο-φανῆς, (ἀκεί-ραιος, φανῆναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence

unarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἀ-κραντος, ὄν, (a privat., κρᾶνω) unaccomplished, unfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράστια, ἡ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκράτης, incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἀ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of foreg. [ᾗ] ἀκράτестρος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.

ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not having power or command over a thing; ἀκράτης ὀργῆς, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense, without power or command over oneself, incontinent, Lat. impotens sui.

ἀ-κράτιστα, fut. Att. τοῦμαι, Dep. to drink pure wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because

this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ὄν, having breakfasted. [κρά]

ἀκρατοποσία, Ion. -λη, ἡ, *a drinking of unmixed wine.* From

ἀκράτο-πότης, ov, Ion. ἀκρητο-πότης, ew, ὁ, (ἀκράτος, πίνω) *a drinker of unmixed wine.*

ἀκράτος, Ion. ἀ-κρητος, ov: Comp. and Sup. ἀκρά-τέστερος, -έστατος: (a privat., κεράννυμι):—*unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate*: esp. of wine, ἀκράτος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, *wine without water, sheer wine*, Lat. *merum*; metaph., ἀκράτος νοῦς *pure intellect*. 2. *untempered, unrestrained, excessive: intemperate, violent.*

ἀ-κράτωρ, opos, ὁ, = ἀκρατής, *without control*. [κρῆ] ἀκράτῳς, Adv. of ἀκρατής, *without control*; ἀκρατῳς ἔχειν *to be incontinent*.

ἀκράχολῶ, f. ἴστω, *to be passionate.* From ἀκρά-χολος, Ion. ἀκρή-χολος, ov, (ἀκρος, χόλος) *quick or sudden to anger, passionate*; κίων ἀκράχολος *an ill-tempered dog*. [κρᾶ]

ἀκρέμων, onos, ὁ, (ἀκρος) *the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.*

ἀκρ-έσπερος, ov, (ἀκρος, ἑσπέρα) *at the beginning of evening, at eventide.*

ἀκρ-ήβης, es, and ἀκρ-ήβος, ov, (ἀκρος, ἥβη) *in earliest youth, very young.*

ἀ-κρητος, ov, Ion. for ἀκράτος, *unmixed, pure.*

ἀκρή-χολία, ἀκρή-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc.

ἀκρίας, acc. pl. of ἀκρίς.

ἀκριβεία, ἡ, *exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection.* II. *strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality.* From

ἀκριβής, es, *exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise.* II. of persons, *exact, strict, scrupulous*:—also *frugal, stingy.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκριβολόγος) *to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh accurately.* Hence

ἀκριβολογία, ἡ, *precision of language.*

ἀκριβο-λόγος, ov, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) *exact in language.*

ἀκριβῶς, f. ὥσω, (ἀκριβής) *to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:—Pass. to be made exact or perfect.*

ἀκριβῶς, Adv. of ἀκριβής, *exactly, accurately, precisely.* II. *sparingly*; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μόλις, Lat. *vix et ne vix quidem.*

ἀκριδο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρις, τίθημι) *a locust-cage.*

ἀκρίς, ios, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρεα, *a bill-top, peak*; mostly in pl. ἀκρίες ἡνέμοεσσαι *the windy mountain-tops.*

ἌΚΡΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, *a locust, Lat. gryllus.*

ἀκρισία, ἡ, (ἀκριτος) *want of distinctness and order, confusion.* II. *want of judgment.*

ἀκριτό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀκριτος, δάκρυ) *shedding floods of tears.*

ἀκρό-μυθος, ov, (ἀκριτος, μῦθος) *talking recklessly.* II. *hard to interpret.*

ἀ-κρίτος, ov, (a privat., κρίνω) *unarranged, con-*

fused, disorderly: countless. 2. *lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous.* II. *undecided, doubtful.*

2. *unjudged, untried, of persons and things*; ἀκριτόν τινα κτείνειν, *to put to death without trial, Lat. indicta causa*:—also *not subject to trial.*

III. *act. not giving judgment.* 2. *not exercising judgment, undistinguishing.*

ἀκριτό-φυλλος, ov, (ἀκριτος, φύλλον) *of blended foliage.*

ἀκριτό-φυρτος, ov, (ἀκριτος, φύρω) *undistinguishably mixed.*

ἀκροάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.

ἀκροῦμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroūma*, *anything beard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung: a play or musical piece.*

ἌΚΡΟΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤκροάμην: fut. ἄσομαι [ἀ]: aor. 1 ἤκροάσασθαι: pf. ἤκροάμαι: Dep. —to bearken or listen to, esp. to bear or attend lectures;

ὁ ἀκροῦμενος *a bearer, student.* II. *to obey.*

ἀκροάσθαι, eaws, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) *a bearking or listening to.* 2. *obedience.*

ἀκροᾷτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, *one must listen to.*

ἀκροᾷτήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) *a place of audience: lecture-room.* II. *an audience.*

ἀκροᾷτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) *a bearer: a pupil.*

ἀκροατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκροάομαι) *proper for bearing or attending lectures*; μισθὸς ἀκροατικός, Lat. *honorarium, a pupil's fee.*

ἀκρο-βάτω, (ἀκρος, βαίνω) *to walk on tiptoe or erect.*

ἀκρο-βάφης, (ἀκρος, βάφηναι) *wetted at the end.* II. *tinged at the point, or slightly.*

ἀκρο-βελής, es, (ἀκρος, βέλος) *with a point at the end.*

ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβόλος) *to be a slinger, to skirmish.*

ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. *to throw or strike from afar: to skirmish.* Hence

ἀκροβόλις, eaws, ἡ, *a skirmishing.*

ἀκροβολισμός, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλις.

ἀκροβολιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλος.

ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. *one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but* II. as Adj. *paraprox.* ἀκρό-βολος, ov, *struck from afar.*

ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκρόβυστος) *uncircumcision.*

ἀκρό-βυστος, ov, (ἀκρος, βύω) *uncircumcised.*

ἀκρο-γωνιαῖος, ov, (ἀκρος, γωνία) *at the extreme angle; ἀκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.*

ἀκρό-δετος, ov, (ἀκρος, δέω) *bound at the end or top.*

ἀκρόδρνα, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) *fruit-trees.* II. *fruits, esp. hard-shelled fruits.*

ἀκρό-έλκτος, ov, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) *twisted at the end.*

ἀκρο-θιγής, es, (ἀκρος, θιγεῖν) *touching on the surface or lightly.*

ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκρο-θίνιον.

ἀκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) *to take of the best, pick out for oneself.*

ἀκρο-θίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκρο-θίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, *the top of the head, the*

best or choice parts : hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί :—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀκροθίνιος, whence θύη ἀκροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θ]

ἀκρο-κελαινώω, (ἀκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀκροκελαινώων, growing black on the surface.

ἀκρο-κνεφαίος, on, and ἀκρο-κνεφής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, κνέφος) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. ἀκρό-κομος, on, (ἀκρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown. II. with leaves at the top.

ἀκρο-κόρινθος, ὁ, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀκρο-κύματός, f. ὥσω, (ἀκρος, κύμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀκρό-λίθος, on, (ἀκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀκρο-λίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.

ἀκρο-λογέω, (ἀκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀκρολοφίτης, [τ], on, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountaineer.

ἀκρό-λοφος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρο-λύτew, (ἀκρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀκρο-μῆνης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, μῆνηναι) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀκρο-μόλιβδος, on, (ἀκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἀκρον, on, τό, neut. of ἀκρος, the highest or topmost point : I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl.

ἀκρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀκρο-ονυχί, Adv. (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀκρο-ὄνυχος, on, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκράνυχος.

ἀκρό-νυχος, on, (ἀκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀκρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀκρο-ποδητί, Adv. (ἀκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

ἀκρό-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle : in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury. II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀκρο-πόλος, on, (ἀκρος, πολέω) high-ranging : generally, high.

ἀκρο-πόρος, on, (ἀκρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀκρό-πτερον, τό, (ἀκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

ἀκρό-πολις, ἡ, poet. for ἀκρόπολις.

ἀκρος, α, on, (ἀκῆ) at the end, i.e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus ; ἀκρα χεῖρ,

ἀκροὶ πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc. ; πόλις ἀκρῆ = ἀκρόπολις, the citadel ; ὕδωρ ἀκρον the surface of the water ; so also, ἐπ' ἀκρους (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe ; οὐκ ἀπ' ἀκρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i.e. from the inmost heart ; ἀκροὶ λαίφους κρασπέδους with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time,

ἀκρα ἑσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III.

of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent ; ἀκροὶ Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets ; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἀκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀκρον and ἀκρα, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly : v. ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-σίδηρος, on, (ἀκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀκρό-σοφος, on, (ἀκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀκρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀκρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀκρο-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, σφάλῃναι) apt to stumble.

ἀκροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-τελευτιον, τό, (ἀκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀκρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀκρος) a summit, height.

ἀκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From

ἀκρό-τομος, on, (ἀκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀκρο-ουχέω, (ἀκρον, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀκρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀκρο-χάνῃς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, χάνειν) wide-yawning.

ἀκρο-χεῖρῖσμαι, Dep. (ἀκρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀκρυπτος, on, (α privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀκρύσταλλος, on, without ice, unfrozen.

ἀκρο-ὤλενιον, τό, (ἀκρος, ὤλενη) the point of the elbow.

ἀκρο-ωνυχία, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail : hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀκρο-ὠνυχος, on, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀκρο-ὤρεα, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρος, regul. Adv. of ἀκρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηριάξω, f. σω : aor. I ἡκρωτηρίασα : pf. pass. ἡκρωτηρίασμαι :—to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἀκρος) any topmost or prominent part ; ἀκρ. οὐρεος a mountain-peak ; ἀκρ. νηός a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινόω, = ἀκταίνω.

ἀκταίνοω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἀγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, on, (ἀκτῆ) on the shore or coast. II.

Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτῆ.

ἈΚΤΕ΄Α, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτένιος, on, (α privat., κτέανον) without property.

ἀ-κτένιστος, on, (α privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγω, one must lead : εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀ-κτερίστος or ἀ-κτέριστος, on, (α privat., κτερίζω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγγυμ) the place where the waves break, i.e. the beach, sea-shore, strand ; in plur., ἀκταὶ πο-βλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, *any raised place or edge*, like the sea-coast, Lat. *ora*.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγγυμ) properly fem. of ἀκτός (*broken, bruised*), *bruised corn*, Lat. *mola*: *groats, meal, bread made of it*.

ἀκτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κτῆμα) *without property*, c. gen., ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῖο *poor in gold*.

ἀκτῆτος, ον, (a privat., κτᾶμαι) *not worth getting*.

ἀκτίνεσσι, Ep. for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl. of ἀκτίς.

ἀκτῆνρδον, (ἀκτίς) Adv. like a ray.

ἀκτιος, ον, (ἀκτῆ) *of or inhabiting the sea-shore*.

ἀκτίς, ἴσες, ἡ, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἀκτίς *midday*: also the *flash of fire and lightning*: metaph. *brighness, splendour*. II. like Lat.

radius, the spoke of a wheel.

ἀκτίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκτῆ) *a dweller on the coast*. [7]

ἀκτίτος, ον, (a privat., κτίζω) *uncultivated*.

ἀκτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (ἀγω) *a leader, chief*.

ἀκτιβέρνητος, ον, (a privat., κυβερνάω) *without pilot, not steered*.

ἌΚΤΥΔΟΣ, ἡ, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex.

ἀκῦμαντος, ον, (a privat., κῦμαίνω) *not washed by the waves, waveless, calm*.

ἀκῦμος, ον, = ἀκῦμαντος: metaph. *calm, serene*.

ἀκῦμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κῦμα) = ἀκῦμαντος. [8]

ἀκῦμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κνέω) *without fruit or offspring, barren*. [9]

ἀκῦρος, ον, (a privat., κύρος) *without authority*.

I. of laws, sentences, etc., *no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside*: ἀκυρος γίγνεσθαι, εἶναι *to have no force, be set aside*. II. of persons, *having no right or power*, c. gen. Hence

ἀκῦρῶν, f. ὦσα, *to cancel, set aside*.

ἀκῦρωτός, ον, verb. Adj. *unratified*.

ἀκωδώνιστος, ον, (a privat., κωδωνίζω) *untried, unexamined*.

ἀκωκή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) *a point, edge*, Lat. *acies*.

ἀκωλύτος, ον, (a privat., κωλύω) *unbinderd*. Adv. *τως, without hindrance*.

ἀκωμώδης, ον, (a privat., κωμᾶν) *not made the subject of comedy*: generally, *not ridiculed*.

ἄκων, οντος, ὁ, (ἀκῆ) *a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος*.

ἄκων, ἰκίονσα, ἄκων, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for ἄκων, *against one's will, perforce*. II. = ἀκούσιος, *involuntary*. [10]

ἄκωπος, ον, (a privat., κῶπη) *without oars*.

ἀλάβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θήκη) *a case for alabaster ornaments*.

ἀλάβαστος, ὁ, ἀλαβαστίτης, -ὁ, ἀλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστρος.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ὁ, also ἡ, a calcareous spar, *alabaster*. II. *that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster*.

ἄλαδε, Adv. (ἄλς) *to or into the sea*: in Homer also εἰς ἄλαδε.

ἀλά-δρομος, ον, ὁ, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρόμος, the bounding race; by others from ἄλς, ἑρόμος, a race over the sea.

ἀλαζονεία, ἡ, (ἀλαζών) the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, *impudence*.

ἀλαζονεῦμα, τό, an *imposture*. From ἀλαζονεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Dep. *to swagger, use false pretensions*. From

ἀλαζών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλη) *a wanderer about the country, vagabond*:—hence, *a false pretender, an impostor*. II. as Adj. *making false pretences, swaggering, braggart*, Lat. *gloriosus*:—Sup. ἀλαζονέστατος or -ίστατος.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλαθής, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθής.

ἀλάθεῖς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαῖνον, = ἀλάομαι, *to wander about*.

ἀλακάτα, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακάτη.

ἀλαλά, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλαλάγη, ἡ, (ἀλαλάω) *a shouting*.

ἀλαλαγμός, ὁ, = ἀλαλαγή.

ἀλαλάω: f. ἄζομαι: aor. I ἡλάλαξα, poet. ἀλάλαξα: (ἀλαλή):—*to raise the war-cry*: generally, *to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν to shout the shout of victory*.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀλαλά, ἡ, *alala!* a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry.

ἀλάλημαι, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, *to wander or roam about*, like a beggar.

ἀλάλητος, ον, (a privat., λαλέω) *unspeakable*.

ἀλαλητός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) *the war-cry, shout of victory*: also *a cry of woe, wailing*.

ἀλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἀλαλκέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

Ἄλακο-μενής, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλαλκεῖν, μένος) *the guardian goddess, name of Minerva*.

ἄ-λαλος, ον, (a privat., λάλος) *speechless, dumb*.

ἀλαλύνικται, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύνω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, *to wander about in anguish: to wander in mind from grief*.

ἀλαμπέτος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) *without light, darkness*.

ἀ-λαμπής, ἑς, = ἀλαμπέτος; ἀλαμπής ἡλίου *without the light of the sun*.

ἀλάομαι, impf. ἡλῶμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—*to wander, stray, or roam about*: sometimes c. acc., ἀλάσθαι γῆν *to wander through or over the land*: also *to wander from home, be banished*. II. metaph. *to wander in mind, be distraught*.

ἀλάος, ὄν, *not seeing, blind*; ἀλαοί, as opp. to δεδορκότες, *the dead*; ἀλαὸν ἔλκος ὀμμάτων *a wound that brings blindness*. II. *dark, obscure*.

ἀλάο-σκοπίη, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) *a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch*.

ἀλάσω, f. ὦσω: aor. I inf. ἠλάσωμαι: (ἀλαός):—*to make blind*.

ἀλαπαδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλαπάω) *easily mastered, weakened*: *powerless, feeble*.

ἀ-λαπάξω, Ep. impf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἠλαπάω: Ep.

αορ. ἀπάραξ: (a euphon., λαπάξω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ἄλαστέω, (ἄλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ἄλάστορος, ον, (ἄλαστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἄλαστος, ον, (a privat., λανθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

ἄλαστωρ, οπος, ὁ, (a privat., λανθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; Βουκόλων ἄλαστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἄλατας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἄλῳτεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητεία.

ἄλῳτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἄλαομαι.

ἄλαωτός, ὅς, ἡ, (ἀλαώω) a making blind, blinding.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous:—Adv. —ῶς. II. act. feeling pain, suffering.

For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

ἀλγεσί-δωρος, ον, (ἀλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ἀλγέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡλγησα: (ἀλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph.

to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἀλγηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

ἄλγημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἄλγησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

ἀλγινόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀλγος) painful, grievous.

ἀλγίων, ον, gen. ονος, and ἀλγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγεινός, formed from Subst. ἄλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [Y Ep., but ἔ Att.]

*Ἄλγος, εος, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later, anything that causes pain. Hence

ἀλγύνω, f. ὠνώ: aor. I ἡλγύνῃα.—Pass. with f. med.

ἀλγυνοῦμαι: aor. I ἡλγύνθην:—to pain, grieve, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

ἄλδαίνω: aor. 2 ἡλδάνον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ἡλδανε μέλαια she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From *ἄλω, Lat. alo.)

ἄλδῃσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. = ἄλδαίνω. (From Root Ἄλ-, as in Lat. alere.)

ἄλέα, Ion. ἄλέη, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλεῖν) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

*Ἀλεῖα, Ion. ἄλέη, ἡ, = εἰλη, beat or warmth, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἄλεαίνω, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

ἄλεασθαι, ἄλεασθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of ἄλεομαι.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγος) cf. ἀλγεινός painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλγεινοὶ δαμήμεναι horses hard to break.

ἀλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλέγισον: (ἀλέγω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλέγνυω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω):—in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἄ-λέγω, (a copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not; rarely without negat., Αἰταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are heedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τισι, to be regarded or counted among.

ἄλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλέα, ἄλω) hot, warm.

ἄλεινώ, only used in pres. and impf. = ἄλεομαι, ἀλειόμαι, (ἄλέα, ἀλη) to sbun, avoid.

ἄλη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλέα.

ἄλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἄλέω) wheaten flour.

ἄλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἄλείπτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἄλεις, εῖσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἰλω.

ἄ-λεισον, τό, (a privat., λείος) an embossed cuir, generally = δέπας.

ἄλείτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

ἄλειφα, τό, = ἄλειφαρ.

ἄλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

*ἈΛΕΪΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἡλείψα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἀλήλφα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλείφθην, also aor. 2 ἡλίφην [Y]: pf. ἀλήλιμμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ελαῖω to anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. II. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὐατα ἀλείψαι to stop up the ears. Hence

ἄλειψις, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἄλεκτορίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄλεκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἄλεκτρος, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἄλεκτορίδεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἄλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ἄ-λεκτρος, ον, (a privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἄ-λεκτρα γάμων ἀμύλλημα an unlawful contest of marriage: ἄλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἄλεκτράνα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτράων, by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἄλεκτρώων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

*ἈΛΕΚΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, a cock, Lat. gallus.

*ἈΛΕΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward off, avert, τινί τι.

ἄλεματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλευ, Dor. and Ep. for ἑάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of ἑλω:—but ἄλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἄλέϊς.

ἄλέξ-ανδρος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἀνὴρ) *defending men*. II. the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.

ἄλέξ-άνεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἄνεμος) *keeping off the wind*.

ἄλέξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξηϊς, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέχημα, τό, (ἄλέξω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλέχησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλέξησω, fut. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλεξηταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian; ἄλεξητήρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξητήριος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλέξητρον, οπος, ὅ, = ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξι-ἄρη, ἡ, (ἄλέξω, ἀρά) *sbe that keeps off a curse; or (from ἄλέξω, ἄρης) sbe that guards from death and ruin*. [ἀρ]

ἄλεξι-βέλεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βέλεμον) *keeping off arrows or darts*.

ἄλεξι-κάκος, ον, (ἄλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξι-βροτος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξι-μορος, ον, (ἄλέξω, μόρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἌΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἄλέξω, partly from ἀλέκω:—fut. ἄλεξησω; 3 sing. aor. I act. opt. ἄλεξηῖς; fut. med. ἄλεξησμαι:—but also fut. ἄλέξω; aor. I ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἀλέξομαι; aor. I ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἄλκω) ἀλακον, inf. ἀλακεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἀλακόν; whence again is formed a fut. ἀλακήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἄλέξεν τινὶ to help one; Ζεὺς τὸν ἄλεξης may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, ἄλέξεν Δαναοὺς κακὸν ἥμαρ to avert the day of evil from the Danaï: cf. ἀλαλεῖ.—Med., ἀλέξεσθαι tuna to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. *defendere*: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ἄλεομαι, contr. ἀλευμαι, also ἀλεύομαι; 3 sing. opt. ἀλεύτο; part. ἀλεύμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. I ἤλευατο or ἀλεύετο; imper. ἀλεύαι, ἀλέασθε; subj. ἀλήται or ἀλεύεται; opt. ἀλείατο; inf. ἀλέασθαι, ἀλεύασθαι; part. ἀλευάμενος: Dep.: (ἀλέω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἀλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἀλεῶ.

ἄλεσσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. I of ἀλέω.

ἄλειται, Ep. for ἀλήται, 3 sing. aor 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinder; ἀλέτης ὄνος a mill-stone*.

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλετριος, f. εὔσω, longer form of ἀλέω, to grind. [ᾱ]

ἄλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (ἀλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle*.

ἄλετρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn, Lat. molitrix*. [ᾱ]

ἄλεϋ or ἄλευ, prob. shortened for ἀλέον, imper. of ἀλέομαι, avoid! cease!

ἀλευμένη, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἀλέω) *beaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφита (barley-meal).

ἀλεύω, f. ἀλεύσω, aor. I ἤλεуса, used as Act. to ἀλέομαι or ἀλεύομαι (v. ἀλέομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἌΛΕΩ: impf. ἤλουν; fut. ἀλέσω; aor. I ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα: pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρῃ, Att. ἄλεωρά, ἡ, (ἀλέομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, δηῖων ἀνδρῶν ἀλέωρῃ*:—absol. help, succour.

ἌΛΗ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. *a wandering of mind, distraction, madness*, Lat. *error mentis*.

ἀληθείᾳ, ποῖτ. ἀληθειᾶ, ἡ, (ἀληθής) *truth*. II. the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

ἀληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀληθῶς.

ἀληθεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀληθής) *of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful*: of things, *to be true*: of divinations, in Pass. *to come true, be fulfilled*:—ἀληθευσον πάντα *speak truth in all things*.

ἀληθής, ἐς, (α privat., λήθω) *without reserve*:—of persons, *true, sincere*; truthful, frank, honest: of things, *real, actual*. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signif.; προπατοχ. ἀληθες; *iatene? indeed? in sooth?* but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. *revera*.

ἀληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἀληθεύω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀληθής) *agreeable to truth*:—of persons, *truthful, honest*: of things, *real, actual, genuine*. Adv. -νός.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀληθής, μάντις) *prophet of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ἀλήθεια.

ἀλήθω, fut. ἤσω, = ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀληθῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀληθής, *really, truly*; also ὡς ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, *more truly*; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, *most truly*.

Ἄλγιον πεδίον, τό, (ἀλη) *land of wandering*, in Lycia or Cilicia.

ἀ-λήϊος, ον, (α privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-λγκτος, Ep. ἄλλγκτος, ον, (α privat., λήγω) *unceasing, incessant; ἄλλγκτος θυμός implacable anger; ἄλλγκτος χόλου abating not from wrath*.

ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσμαι or -εμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέειν.

ἀλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. *a wily knave*.

ἀλήμεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἀλῆμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, rover*.

ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἀ-ληπτος, ον, (α privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid hold of, hard to catch*: Comp. ἀληπτότερος, less amenable. 2. incomprehensible.

ἌΛΗΞ or ἄλης, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀθρόος, thronged, in a mass, Lat. *confertus*. [ᾶ]

ἀλητραι, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἄλλομαι.

ἀλητρία, Dor. ἀλᾶτρία, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

From ἀλητεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλήτης) *to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life*.

ἀλήπτος, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.

ἀλήτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond*. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*. [ᾶ]

ἌΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλθύμην: f. ἀθήσομαι: —to become whole or sound: ἄθετο χεῖρ.

ἄλῖα, Ion. ἄλῖη, ἡ, (ἀλής) *an assembly, gathering of the people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.

ἄλῖα, ἡ, (ἄλς) *a salt-cellar*.

ἄλῖαδαι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἄλς) *seamen*.

ἄλῖ-ἀετος, ποῖτ. ἄλῖαιετος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἀετός) *the sea-eagle, osprey*.

ἄλῖ-ῤης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward*.

ἄλῖ-ἀνθός, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) *sea-blooming, i.e. purple*.

ἄλῖ-ἀστος, ον, (α privat., λιάζομαι) *unyielding, unobating*: neut. ἄλῖαστος as Adv., incessantly.

ἄλῖ-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.

ἄλῖ-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-γκιος, α, ον, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾶ]

ἄλῖ-δονος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.

ἄλῖ-ερίης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἔρκος) *sea-girl, surrounded by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-εύς, gen. ἑως, Ion. ἥος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἔλιος) *one who has to do with the sea, and so* I. *a fisher*. II. *a seaman, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἄλῖτας *rowers on the sea*.

ἄλιευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.

ἄλιεύω, f. σω, (ἄλιεύς) *to be a fisher, to fish*.

ἄλιζω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἥλιζα:—Pass., aor. ἡλίσθην: pf. ἥλισμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλής) —to gather together, assemble:—Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [ᾶ]

ἄλιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλς) *to salt*. [ᾶ]

ἄλῖ-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) *sea-girl*.

ἄλῖη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλῖα.

ἄλῖ-ῥης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.

ἄλῖ-τραι, ορος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἄλῖεις.

ἄλῖ-τισι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἄλῖη.

ἀλίθιος, Dor. for ἡλίθιος.

ἀ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.

ἀλικία, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλικία.

ἀλί-κλυτος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύζω) *sea-beaten*.

ἀλί-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κᾶμω) *wearied by the sea*.

ἀλίκος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.

ἀλί-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea, of waves*.

ἀλί-κύμα, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [ῥ]

ἀλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.

ἀ-λίμενος, ον, (α privat., λιμήν) *without harbour, Lat. importunus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence

ἀ-λίμενότης, ἡ, *the being without harbours*.

ἀλῖ-μύρτης, ἐσσα, εν, (ἄλς, μύρω) *flowing into the sea, of rivers*.

ἄλινδω, aor. ἰ ἥλιστα, inf. ἀλῖσαι: pf. ἥλικα:—to make a horse roll:—Pass. ἄλινδόμεαι or ἀλίνδομαι, to roll like a horse; also *to wander up and down, roam about*. Hence

ἄλινδθήρα, ἡ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.

ἀλί-νήκτεira, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἀλι-νηκτῆρ (ἄλς, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.

ἀλί-νηχῖς, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλῖνος, η, ον, (ἄλς) *made of or from salt*.

ἄλῖ-νιος, ον, (α privat., λίνον) *without a net, without hunting toils*.

ἄλιξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.

ἄλί-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) *worn by the sea*.

ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἥλιος, *the sun*. [ᾶ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) *of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. marinus*. [ᾶ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [ᾶ] (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄλιο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.

ἄλιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. ἰ ἡλίωσα, Ep. ἄλιωσα: (ἄλιος ἡ):—to make fruitless, disappoint.

ἄλι-πάρης, ἐς, *not fit for a suppliant*.

ἄλίπεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) *a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piræus*.

ἄλί-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.

ἄλίπλακτος, Dor. for ἀλίπλακτος.

ἄλι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence

ἄλιπλάνια, ἡ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.

ἄλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.

ἄλί-πλους, ον, contr. ἄλί-πλους, ονν, (ἄλς, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.

ἄλί-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.

ἄλι-πορφύρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφύρα) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ρᾱγίς, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥᾱγῆναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλιρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραῖνω) *sea-surfing.*

ἀλιρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγίς.

ἀλιρ-ρθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλιρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρθιος.

ἀλιρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἄΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough, Lat. satis*; also c. gen., ἄλις ὀργού silver enough, Lat. sat argenti; ἄλις ἔχω τινός I have enough of a thing; rarely just enough, = μετρίως.

ἀλίσται, aor. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἄΛΙΣΤΕΓΕΩ, f. ἡσω, to pollute. Hence

ἀλίσγημα, ατος, τό, a pollution.

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλίσκομην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncope. ἦλαν, Att. also ἔλαν []; subj. ἀλῶ, Ep. ἀλῶω; opt. ἀλόνην, Ep. ἀλόνην; inf. ἀλῶναι [ᾶ]; part. ἀλούς: pf. ἦλωκα, Att. also ἔλωκα [ᾶ]: plqpf. ἦλῶκεν:—to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's band.

2. to be caught, seized.

3. to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.

4. rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.
II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἀλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.

ἀλι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλί-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλί-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταῖνω, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἤλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. I ἤλιτησα.—Med., aor. 2 ἤλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλίτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἀλη):—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.

ἀ-λίτανεutos, ον, (a privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλί-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλί-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλίτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταῖνω, with accent and signif. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμι. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλίτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτήμωος, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριός τινος sinning against him.*

ἀλίτωνα, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλίτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιτραῖνω, = ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτρία, ἡ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτθόρος, ὄν, syncope. for ἀλιτθρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλί-τρώτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρώω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed: as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, a seaman.*

ἀλί-τύρος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἀλίως, Adv. οἱ ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλιφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλιφῶ.

ἀλιφθορία, ὄν, syncope. for ἀλιφθωρεῖα, From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea: as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, a pirate.*

ἀλκαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἀλκῆρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἀλκάς, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαίος, = ἀλκήεις.

ἀλκή, ἡ, (ἀλαλκῆ) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. ἀλκαί, feats of strength.* II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.* IV. *battle, fight.*

ἀλκήεις, εσσα: Dor. ἀλκαίος, contr. ἀλκάς, gen. ἀλκῆντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἀλκή, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἀλκή-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἀλκήμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκή-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-hearted.*

ἀλκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλαλκῆν) *one who wards off, a protector.*

ἀλκυόνιδες, αἱ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκῶν) *balcony days, the 14 winter days during which the balcony builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἄΛΚΥ' Ὀ'Ν, ὄνος, ἡ, the kingfisher, balcony.

ἄΛΛΑ', Conjunct., neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—in another way, otherwise: I. to oppose single clauses, *but, Lat. autem.* II. to oppose whole sentences, *but, yet, Lat. at:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem: ἄλλ' ἴθι, ἄλλ' ἄγε, well come, come now.* III. joined with other Particles: I. ἄλλ' οὖν, *but then, however.* 2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, Lat. enimvero, *but really, certainly.*

ἀλλάγη, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἀλλαγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.*

ἀλλαντοπωλέω, to sell sausages. From

ἀλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλλας, πωλέω) *a sausage-seller.*

ἀλλάξαι, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλαξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἄΛΛΑ' Σ, ἄντος, ὁ, a sausage.

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἀφω: aor. I ἤλλαξα: pf.

ἤλλαχα:—Pass. fut. I ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή-

σομαι : aor. I ἡλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἡλλάγην : pf. ἡλλαγμαί : (ἄλλος) :—to make other than it is, to change, alter.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay.

2. to change, and so leave, quit. III. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος or ἀντί τινος one thing for another.

2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. *mutare*.

IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange : hence to barter, traffic :—and so, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

ἄλλᾶθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi* ; ἄλλοτε ἀλαλχῇ at one time in one place, at another in another.

ἄλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place : by another way.

ἄλλᾶχού, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else.

ἄλλαχόσε, Adv. elsewhere, to another place.

ἄλλᾶχου, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. *alibi*.

ἄλλενον, ἄλλῆσαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. ἀναλέγω.

ἄλλη, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place : 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. *alibi*.

2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. *aliorum*.

II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλῃ, i. e. ἄλλο ἥ, except.

ἄλλ-ηγorew, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

ἄλ-ληκτος, on, poet. for ἄλ-ληκτος.

ἄλληλοφάγία, ἥ, an eating one another. From

ἄλληλο-φάγος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one another.

ἄλληλοφθορία, ἥ, mutual destruction. From

ἄλληλο-φθόρος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

ἄλληλοφονία, ἥ, mutual slaughter. From

ἄλληλο-φόνος, on, (ἄλλήλων, *φένω) murdering one another.

ἄλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom. : dat. ἄλλήλοις, ais, eis : acc. ἄλλήλους, as, a : (ἄλλος) :—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence

ἄλλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually.

ἄλ-λιστος, on, poet. for ἄλ-ιστος, (α privat., λίσ-σوماί) inexorable.

ἄλ-λιτάνευτος, on, poet. for ἄλ-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable.

ἄλλο-γενής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race : a foreigner.

ἄλλό-γλωσσος, on, (ἄλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

ἄλλο-γνοῶ, Ion. aor. I part. ἄλλογνώσας, (ἄλλος, νοῶ) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake.

ἄλλο-γνωτος, on, (ἄλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

ἄλλο-δαπός, ἥ, ὄν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land : ἄλλοδαπή (sc. γῆ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλλοδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

ἄλλοδοξία, ἥ, a mistaking one thing for another.

ἄλλό-δοξος, on, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion.

ἄλλο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat. *aliunde*.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*.

II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλό-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, onv, (ἄλλος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἄλλοιός, α, on, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other :—Comp. ἄλλοιότερος, different.

ἄλλοιούω, f. ὥσω : aor. I ἡλλοίωσα :—Pass., pf. ἡλλοίωμαι : (ἄλλοιός) :—to make different, to change, alter :—Pass. to become different, be changed : esp. to be changed for the worse.

ἄλλοιώς, Adv. of ἄλλοιός, otherwise.

ἄλλοκα, Acol. for ἄλλοτε.

ἄλλόκοτος, on, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous : also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ἈΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. *SAL-IO* : fut. ἀλοῦμαι : aor. I ἡλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι : aor. 2 ἡλόμην, Ep. syncope.

2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσο, ἄλτο ; 3 subj.

ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται : inf. ἀλέσθαι ; part. ἀλόμενος, Ep.

ἄλμενος : Dep. :—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρός-ἄλλος, ὅ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ἈΛΛΟΣ, ἡ, ο, Lat. *ALIUS*, another, other : 1.

ἄλλος τις, or τις ἄλλος, any other, some other : εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. *si quis alius*, whoever else.

2. ἄλλος is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another.

3. joined with the Art., ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest ; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. *ceteri* ; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. *cetera, reliqua*, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides : οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί. all others and especially. : so also ἄλλως τε καί. , both otherwise and. . . i. e. especially.

4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc. : πέμπτος ποταμός ἄλλος, yet a fifth river.

II. more rarely like ἄλλοιός, of other sort, different : hence 1. other than what is common, strange, foreign.

2. other than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere, to foreign lands, Lat. *aliorum*.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times ; ἄλλοτε. . . ἄλλοτε. . . at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι ; Adv. (ἄλλος, τίς) anything else ? Lat. *numquid aliud* ? when followed by ἥ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἡ πενήσονται ; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἡ πενήσονται ; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger ? but ἥ is sometimes omitted.

ἁλλοτριάζω, (ἁλλότριος) to be estranged.
 ἁλλοτριό-ἐπίσκοπος, *ov*, (ἁλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) a busy-body in other-men's matters.
 ἁλλοτριό-πράγῳ, (ἁλλότριος, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence
 ἁλλοτριόπρᾶγία, *ἡ*, meddlesomeness.
 ἁλλότριος, *α, ov*, (ἄλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. *alienus*, opp. to *ἴδιος*; ἁλλοτρίαν χάρισσασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; ἁλλοτρίους γαβημοὺς γεῶν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's *ridere malis alienis*. II. foreign, Lat. *peregrinus*: hence *strange, alien*: also *estranged, hostile*.
 ἁλλοτριότης, *ἡ*, (ἁλλότριος) *estrangement*.
 ἁλλοτριό-χρως, *χρῶτος, ὅ, ἡ*, (ἁλλότριος, *χρῶς*) of divers colours.
 ἁλλοτριῶ, *ῶ, ῶσω*, to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed:—Pass. to become estranged, be made an enemy. II. to bring into another's hands:—Pass. to fall into strangers' hands. Hence
 ἁλλοτρίως, Adv. of ἁλλότριος, *strangely*; ἁλλοτρίως ἔχειν to be estranged.
 ἁλλοτρίως, *εως, ἡ*, *estrangement*.
 ἄλλου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*.
 ἄλ-λοφος, *ov*, Ep. for ἄ-λοφος.
 ἄλλο-φρονέω, *ῶ, ῶσω*, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly. 2. to be absent or unbecoming: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.
 ἄλλο-φυλος, *ov*, (ἄλλος, φυλή) of another tribe, foreign, strange.
 ἄλλο-χροος, *ov*, contr. -χροος, *ov*, (ἄλλος, χρῶς) of another colour, changeful of hue.
 ἄλλο-χρως, *ov*, *ὅ, ἡ*, = ἄλλοχροος, foreign.
 ἄλλυδις, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, elsewhere: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e.g. ἄλλυδις ἄλλος one hither another thither.
 ἀλλύσκε, ἀλλύσους [v], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.
 ἄλλως, Adv. of ἄλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; ἄλλως πως in some other way; ἄλλως τε καί . . both otherwise and . . , i.e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than . . differently: hence in good sense, better. 2. otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like *proûka*, Lat. *gratis*: hence = *μόνον*, only, merely.
 ἄλμα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.
 ἄλμη, *ἡ*, (ἄλς) sea-water that has dried: also the sea. 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltiness.
 ἀλμῆς, *εσσα, εν*, (ἄλμη) salt, briny.
 ἀλμῆρος, *ά, ov*, (ἄλμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. *amarus*.
 ἈΛΟΑΨ, ποῖτ. ἀλούω. 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἀλοία: fut. ἀλόησα: aor. I ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλόηθην: pf. ἡλόημαι:—to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.
 ἄ-λοβος, *ov*, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims

ζλογέω, *ῶ, ῶσω*, (ἄλογος) to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it, Lat. *rationem rei non habere*. 2. to be out of one's senses. Hence
 ἄλογία, *ἡ*, want of regard or esteem, contempt. II. want of reason, senselessness, folly.
 ἄ-λόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. 2. not to be heeded, vile.
 ἄ-λογος, *ov*, I. without speech, speechless. 2. unspeakable, i.e. unutterable, Lat. *infandus*. II. without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.
 ἈΛΟΨ, *ἡ*, the aloe, a plant.
 ἀλοπτός, *ὅ*, (ἀλοῶ) threshing or threshing-time.
 ἀλόθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) from or out of the sea.
 ἀλοία, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλοῶ.
 ἀλοῖα, ποῖτ. for ἀλοῶ.
 ἀλοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἄ-λοιδότης, *ov*, (a privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.
 ἄ-λοιδορος, *ov*, not reviling.
 ἀλοιφή, *ἡ*, (ἀλείφω) anything for smearing: hog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.
 ἀλοκίψω, *ῶ, ῶσω*, (ἀλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw.
 ἀλόντε [α], dual aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἈΛΟΞ, *okos, ἡ*, a poet. form of αὔλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gash, wound.
 Ἀλοο-υρνῆ, *ἡ*, (ἄλς, ὕδνη) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.
 ἀλό-τριψ, *ιβος, ὅ*, (ἄλς, τρίβω) a pestle for pounding salt.
 ἄλ-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.
 ἄλ-ουργίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (ἀλουργός) a purple robe.
 ἄλ-ουργός, *όν, and ἄλ-ουργής, ἑς*, (ἄλς, *ἐργω) purple-wrought, i.e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ ἀλουργή purple robes.
 ἀλούς, ἀλούσσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι. [α]
 ἀλουσία, *ἡ*, want of the bath. From
 ἄ-λουτος, (a privat., λούω) unwashed.
 ἄ-λοφος, Ep. ἄλ-λοφος, *ov*, without a crest.
 ἄ-λοχος, *ov, ἡ*, (a copul., λέχος) the partner of one's bed, a wife.
 ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἀλάου, pres. imperat. of ἀλάομαι.
 ἄλπνιστος, *η, ov*, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπνος, sweetest, loveliest.
 ἈΛΞ, ἄλός, *ὅ*, Lat. *SAL*, Engl. *SALT*: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in plur. salt as prepared for use.
 ἈΛΞ, ἄλός, *ἡ*, the sea.
 ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.
 ἈΛΣΟΣ, *εος, τό*, a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade.
 ἄλσ-ώτης, *ες*, (ἄλσος, εἶδος) like a grove, woodland.
 ἀλτῦκός, *ἡ, ov*, (ἄλλομαι) good at leaping, nimble.
 ἀλῦκός, *ἡ, ov*, (ἄλς) salt.
 ἀλукτάζω, *ῶ, ῶσω*, (ἀλῶ) to be in trouble or dis-

press: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτῃμαι, as if from a pres. ἀλυκτέω,

ἀλυκτο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκτος II, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

ἀλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled. II. (a privat., λύω) = ἀλυτος, indissoluble.

ἀλύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκει) an escaping, avoiding.

ἀ-λύπητος, ον, (a privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved. II. act. not paining or distressing.

ἀ-λύπος, ον, (a privat., λυπη) without pain or grief, unpaired. II. act. not paining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ἀ-λύρος, ον, (a privat., λίρα) without the lyre, unaccompanied by it: hence mournful.

ἄλυσις, εως, ἡ, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-λύστοιτέλης, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence burdensome. Adv. -λῶς.

ἀλυσκάζω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκει, used only in pres. and impf.

ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλύσκει: fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἄλυφα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

ἀλύσμαι, f. ὑέω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (a privat., λύω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ἀ-λυχος, ον, without lamp or light.

ἄλγ' ὦ, Att. ἄλῳ, used only in pres. and impf.: (ἄλγ, ἀλόμεναι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀπορέω: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

ἄλφ' ἈΝΩ, aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἄλφοι:—to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον ἄλφαινεῖν to incur envy.

ἄλφειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλφεσι-βοιος, α, ον, (ἀλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἄλφιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄλφισται, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ἄλφιτ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀλφιστον, ἀμείβω) a dealer in barley-meal.

ἄλφιστον [ῥ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. polenta: sing. only in phrase ἄλφιστον ἄκτῃ, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιστα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρὶς ἄλφιστα one's patrimony.

ἄλφιτοποιία, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From ἄλφιτοποιός, ὁ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ἄλφιτο-σίτῃς, f. ἡσώ, (ἀλφιστον, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ἄλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλω, acc. of ἄλως.

ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωενός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἄλως) used on a threshing-floor.

ἄλωεύς, εως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἀλῳ) a thresher, vine-dresser.

ἄλῳ, Dor. ἄλωά, poet. for Att. ἄλως: I. a threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

ἄλῳτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλῳ) a husbandman, gardener. [ᾱ]

ἄλωμεναι, Ep. for ἄλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳμενος, η, ον, part. of ἄλῳμαι.

ἄλῳς, ανος, ἡ, = ἄλως.

ἄλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳπεκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἄλῳπεκεῆ (sub. δορά): (ἀλῳπηξί) a foxskin.

ἄλῳπεκίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀλῳπηξί) branded with a fox.

ἄλῳπεκιδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλῳπηξί) a fox's cub.

ἄλῳπεκίζω, f. ἰσώ, (ἀλῳπηξί) to play the fox, Lat. vulpinari.

ἄλῳπέκιον, τό, Dim. of ἀλῳπηξί, a little fox.

ἄλῳπεκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀλῳπηξί) a mongrel between fox and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.

ἄλῳπῆς, ω, ἡ: gen. ἄλῳ or ἄλῳος: acc. ἄλῳ, ἄλῳν or ἄλῳα: pl. n. ἄλῳα:—a threshing-floor. II. the disk of the sun or moon.

ἄλῳσιμος, ον, (ἀλῳναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II. (ἄλῳσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλῳσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλῳναι) a taking, capture, conquest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἄλῳσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλῳτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἀλῳναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄμ, for ἀνά:—but ἀμ, for ἄμα.

ἄμα, I. Adv. at once, Lat. simul. II. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμα, Dor. for ἄμα.

ἄμαζών, ὄνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also Ἀμαζονίδες.

ἄμαθής, (ἄμαθής) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἄ-μαθής, ἐς, (a privat., μαθῖν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown.

Hence

ἄμαθία, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἄμαθῆς, οσσα, ον, contr. ἄμαθούς, οὔσσα, οὔν, (ἄμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθῆς, sandy.

ἄμαθος, ἡ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see ψάμμος. [ᾱμ-]

ἄμαθῖναι, (ἀμαθῖν) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

ἄμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθῖν, ignorantly: ἄμαθῶς ἔχειν to be ignorant.

ἄ-μαμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, huge, enormous.

ἄμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to

soften : hence to crush, destroy, ruin.
to bide, disguise.

2. metaph.

ἀ-μάλθακτος, *ov*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) unsoftened.
ἀμάλλα, *ῆ*, (ἀμάω) a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf.
ἀμαλλο-δετήρ, *ῆρος*, and ἀμαλλο-δετής, *οὔ*, *ὅ*,
(ἀμαλλα, δέω) a binder of sheaves.
ἀμᾶλός, *Att.* ἀμαλός, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, = ἀπαλός, soft, light,
Lat. *tener*. 2. weak, feeble.

ἀμαξα, *Att.* ἀμαξα, *ῆ*, (ἀγω) a carriage, a wagon
or wain. 2. the carriage of the plough, Lat. *cur-
rus*. 3. Charles' wain in the heavens, the great
bear. 4. a carriage-road. Hence

ἀμαξεύομαι, *Pass.* to be traversed by wagons, to
have wagon-roads through it.

ἀμαξεύς, *ῥως*, *ὅ*, (ἀμαξα) a wagoner.
ἀμαξ-ῆλτος, *ον*, (ἀμαξα, ἐλαίνω) traversed by
wagons.

ἀμαξ-ῆρης, *ες*, (ἀμαξα, *ἄρω, Root of ἀρρίσκω) at-
tached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

ἀμαξιαῖος, *α*, *ον*, (ἀμαξα) fit for a wagon : large
enough to load a wagon, of stones.

ἀμαξίς, *ἰδος*, *ῆ*, *Dim.* of ἀμαξα, a little wagon, Lat.
plostellum : a go-cart.

ἀμαξίτης, *ον*, *ὅ*, (ἀμαξα) of or belonging to a
wagon. [*ῆ*]

ἀμαξ-ίτης, *όν*, (ἀμαξα, εἰμι) traversed by wagons : as
Subst. ἀμαξίτης (sub. ὁδός), *ῆ*, a high-road for wagons.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, *ῥες*, (ἀμαξα, πληθός) large enough to
fill a wagon.

ἀμαξ-οουργός, *όν*, (ἀμαξα, *ἔργω) making wagons or
carriages.

ἀμαρ, *ατος*, *τό*, Dor. for ἡμαρ.

ἌΜΑΡΑ, *ῆ*, a trench, conduit, water-course. [ἀμάρᾱ]
ἀμαράντινος, *η*, *ον*, = ἀμαράντος.

ἀ-μαράντος, *ον*, (a privat., μαραίνω) unfading.
ἌΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ; fut. ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ῆσω;
aor. *ἰ* ἡμαρτήσα : *aor.* 2 ἡμαρτον, inf. ἀμαρτεῖν, *Ep.*

by metaph. (with β inserted) ἡμροτον : pf. ἡμαρ-
τηκα : *Pass.*, *aor.* *ἰ* ἡμαρτήθην : pf. ἡμαρτήμαι :—to
miss, miss the mark, c. gen. : hence 2. generally,
to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong :
to be deprived of a thing, lose it. II. to fail, do
wrong, err, sin.

ἡμαρτον, *Ep.* *aor.* 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτεῖν, *aor.* 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτή, or ἀμαρτή, Adv. (ἅμα) together, at the same
time, at once. [ἀμ-]

ἀμαρτήσομαι, fut. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμάρτημα, *τό*, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.

ἀμαρτητικός, *ῆ*, *όν*, (ἀμαρτεῖν) prone to fail or err.

ἀμαρτία, *ῆ*, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.

ἀμαρτί-voos, *ον*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) erring in mind,
distracted.

ἀμάρτιον, *τό*, = ἀμάρτημα.

ἀμαρτο-επής, *ῥες*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) failing in words,
speaking at random or idly.

ἀ-μαρτύρητος, *ον*, (a privat., μαρτύρεω) without
witness.

ἀ-μαρτύρος, *ον*, (a privat., μάρτυς) without witness,
unattested.

ἀμαρτωλή, *ῆ*, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτωλός, *όν*, (ἀμαρτάνω) sinful, hardened in sin.

ἀμαρτυγή, *ῆ*, = μαρμαρυνγή, a sparkling, twinkling,
glancing, of objects in motion. [ῆ, but in *Ep.* ῆ.]

ἀμαρτυγία, *τό*, a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion. From
ἌΜΑΡΤ'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to
sparkle, twinkle, glance.

ἀμας, Dor. for ἡμας.

ἀμα-τροχάω, only used in *Ep.* part. ἀματροχάων,
(ἅμα, τρέχω) to run together, run along with. Hence

ἀματροχιά, *ῆ*, a running together or clashing of wheels.

ἀμαυρός, *ἄ*, *όν*, dark, dim, faint, obscure. 2.

having no light : hence blind, sightless, dusky,
gloomy. II. metaph. dim, uncertain. 2. ob-
scure, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἀμαυρώω, f. ὥσω : *aor.* *ἰ* ἡμαύρωσα : pf. ἡμαύρωκα :
—to make dark or dim :—mostly in *Pass.* to become
dark or dim ; also to come to nothing. II. metaph.

to eclipse : to weaken, impair.

ἀμαχεί, Adv. of ἀμαχος, without resistance.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ον*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητι, Adv. of ἀμάχητος, without fighting.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ον*, (a privat., μάχομαι) not to be fought
with, unconquerable. II. never having fought.

ἀμάχη, Adv. of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεί.

ἀ-μάχος, *ον*, (a privat., μάχη) without battle, and
so

I. with whom no one fights, unconquered :
unconquerable, of persons : of places, impregna-
ble. II. act. not having fought. 2. disin-
clined to fight.

ἌΜΑΩ; contr. impf. ἤμων : f. ἀμήσω : *aor.* *ἰ*
ἤμισα :—*Pass.*, *aor.* *ἰ* ἤμῃθην : pf. ἤμῃμαι :—to reap,
to mow : also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to
collect. [generally, ᾱ *Ep.* : ᾱ *Att.*]

ἀμβ-, *ῆ*, ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβάλη, *Ep.* for ἀναβαλή, 3 sing. *aor.* 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀμβολώμεθα, *Ion.* and *Ep.* for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἀμβάσις, *ῆ*, poet. for ἀνάβασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλῶω : f. ἀμβλῶσω : *aor.* *ἰ* ἡμ-
βλωσα : pf. ἡμβλωκα : (ἀμβλός) :—to have an abor-
tion, miscarry.

ἡμβλῖνον [ῆ], ἔνω : *aor.* *ἰ* ἡμβλῖνα :—*Pass.*, fut.
ἡμβλυνθήσομαι : *aor.* *ἰ* ἡμβλύνθην : pf. ἡμβλυνμαι :

(ἀμβλός) :—to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat.
bebetare :—*Pass.* to become blunt or dull, lose the edge.

ἌΜΒΑΤ'Σ, εἴα, ὕ, blunt, dulleth, with the edge or
point taken off, Lat. bebes : metaph. dull, faint, feeble :

of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

ἀμβλῦτις [ῆ], *ητος*, *ῆ*, dullness : sluggishness.

ἀμβλύ-ωπος, *ον*, = ἀμβλαπος.

ἀμβλῶσω, *Att.* -ττω, (ἀμβλός) to be dim-sighted
or blind.

ἀμβλ-ωπός, *όν*, and ἀμβλ-ώψ, ὥπος, *ὅ*, *ῆ*, (ἀμβλός,
ώψ) dim-looking, dark, obscure.

ἀμ-βολάδην, Adv., poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-
βάλλω) bubbling up. II. (ἀναβολή) like a prelude.

ἀμ-βολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ ἀμβολάς earth thrown up.

ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) ποῖτ. for ἀνα-βολ., putting off work, lazy.

ἀμβροσία, Ion. -τή, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος) ambrosia, the food of the gods.

ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ὄν, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, immortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.

ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμ-βροτος, ὄν, (α privat., βροτός) immortal, divine.

ἀμβρόσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, aor. I part. of ἀναβοάω.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀ-μέγαρτος, ὄν, (α privat., μεγαῖρω) unenvied, unenviable, unhappy: as a reproach, wretched, miserable: also horrible.

ἀμεθύσιτος, ἡ, ὄν, of amethyst. From ἀ-μέθυστος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II.

as Subst. ἀμεθύστος, ἡ, or ἀμέθυστον, τό, a remedy against drunkenness: 1. a kind of herb. 2. the precious stone, amethyst.

ἈΜΕΙΨΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβον: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I ἡμειψα:

I. Act. to change, exchange; χάλκεα χρυσεῖαν τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. *muto*, either to quit a place, or to go to it. II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι=ἀμοιβαδῖς, in exchange: ἀμείβοντες of, rafters that cross each other.

III. Med. to change one with another, do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act. to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph. to surpass.

ἀ-μειδῆτος, ὄν, (α privat., μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy.

ἀ-μειλικτος, ὄν, (α privat., μειλίσσω) unscooted: harsh, cruel.

ἀ-μειλχος, ὄν, =foreg. harsh, severe: relentless, unassuaged.

ἀμείνων, ὄν, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better: of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

ἈΜΕΙΡΩ, =ἀμέρδω.

ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψάσθαι, aor. I med. of ἀμείβω.

ἀμειψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: succession.

ἈΜΕΛΓΩ, f. ἔω, to MILK, Lat. *MULGERE*. II. to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III. to sip, drink.

ἀμέλει, imperat. of ἀμελέω, never mind. Hence as Adv. by all means, of course.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, (ἀμελής) heedlessness, indifference.

ἀμελετησία, ἡ, want of practice or attention. From

ἀ-μελετήτος, ὄν, (α privat., μελετάω) unpractised, unprepared.

ἀμελέω, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέληκα: (ἀμελής):—to be careless, heedless, negligent.

2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3. to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:—Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ἀ-μελής, ἐς, (α privat., μέλει) careless, heedless, negligent. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded.

ἀμελήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect. ἀμέλητος, ὄν, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, not cared for: unworthy of care.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ἀμέλεια, heedlessness.

ἀ-μέλλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed.

ἀμελῆξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμέλγω) a milking.

ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελής, carelessly: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν to be careless.

ἀ-μεμπος, ὄν, (α privat., μέμφομαι) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect:—Adv. -τως, so as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, finding no fault, well content.

ἀ-μεμφής, ἐς, =ἀμεμπος II.

ἀμεμφία, ἡ, (ἀμεμφής) blamelessness, freedom from blame.

ἀμεναι, for δέμεναι, Ep. inf. of δῶ, to satisfy.

ἀ-μενήνός, ὄν, (α privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly or sickly. Hence

ἀ-μενήνωσα, Ep. aor. I ἀμενήνωσα, to make weak, weaken the force of.

ἀμέρα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.

ἈΜΕΡΓΩ, f. ἔω, to pluck or pull, Lat. *decerpere*.

ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. I pass. ἡμέρθην: (prob. from α privat., μέρος):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

ἀ-μέριμος, ὄν, (α privat., μέριμνα) free from care, unconcerned. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded. III. driving away care.

ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.

ἀ-μέριστος, ὄν, (α privat., μερίζω) undivided.

ἀμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερό-κοιτος.

ἄμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.

ἀμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ἀμέρδω.

ἀμές or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀ-μετάθετος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchangeable: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.

ἀ-μετακίνητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακινέω) immovable.

ἀ-μετάκλαστος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακλάω) not to be broken: unalterable.

ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

ἀ-μετανόητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unrepented of. II. act. unrepentant.

ἀ-μεταπειστος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπειθω) unpersuadable.

ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) unchangeable.

ἀ-μετάστατος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable.

ἀ-μεταστειπέ, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) without turning about.

ἀ-μετάστροφος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unalterable.

ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατρέπω) unalterable.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, *ov*, (α privat., μέτρω) *immeasurable, immense*, Lat. *immensus*: *unnumbered, exhaustless*.

ἀμετρό-βιος, *ov*, (ἀμέτρος, βίος) *of an immeasurable life*.

ἀμετρο-επής, *és*, (ἀμέτρος, ἔπος) *immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue*.

ἀμετρο-πότης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἀμέτρος, πότης) *drinking to excess*.

ἀ-μέτρος, *ov*, (α privat., μέτρον) *without measure, immense, boundless, incessant*. 2. *immoderate*.

ἀ-μέτρως, Adv. of ἀμέτρος, *infinitely*.

ἀμευσί-πορος, *ov*, (ἀμείω, πόρος) = τριόδος, Lat. *trivium*, *where three paths cross*.

ἀμείω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύ-σασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.

*AMH, ἦ, a sbovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. *bama*. 3. a barrow, rake.

ἀμῆ, Att. ἀμῆ, Adv., properly for ἀμῆ, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, in a certain way: ἀμῆγῃ, in some way, somehow or other. [α]

ἀμῆν, Hebr. Adv. *verily, of a truth*: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμῆν, *certainty*.

ἀ-μῆνιτος, *ov*, (α privat., μῆνίω) *not wrathful*.

*AMHΣ, ἦτος, *δ*, a kind of milk cake.

ἀμῆσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμῆτηρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (ἀμάω) a reaper: metaph. *one who cuts down, a destroyer*. [α]

ἀμῆτος, *δ*, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also *barvest, harvest-time*. II. a barvest or crop.

ἀ-μῆτηρ, *ov*, *δ*, ἦ, (α privat., μήτηρ) *without mother, motherless*. II. *unlike a mother*.

ἀμῆχανός, impf. ἡμῆχανόν: fut. ἦσω: (ἀμήχα-ρος):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

ἀμῆχανία, Ion. -ία, ἦ, *want of means, helplessness, distress*. II. *bardship, trouble*.

ἀ-μῆχάνος, *ov*, (α privat., μηχανή) *without means or resource, helpless*. II. more freq. in pass. sense, *impracticable, irresistible*: also *inexplicable*.

ἀμῆχανόωσι, ἀμῆχανόω, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμῆχανάω.

ἀ-μῆανος, *ov*, (α privat., μῆανω) *undefiled, pure*.

ἀμῆ-θεος, Dor. for ἡμῆ-θεος.

ἀ-μικτος, *ov*, (α privat., μίγνυμι) *unmixed, pure*. II. *not mingling with others, unsociable, savage*. III.

not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμικτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

*AMIAAA, ἦς, ἦ, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [α] Hence

ἀμιλλάσθαι, fut. ἡσσομαι: aor. I med. ἡμιλλασάμην and pass. ἡμιλλάσθην: pf. ἡμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to com-
pete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. *aemulari*. II.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλᾷτεον, verb. Adj. *one must compete*.

ἀμίλλημα, τό, (ἀμιλλάσθαι) a contest, conflict.

ἀμιλλᾷτηρ, ἦρος, (ἀμιλλάσθαι) a competitor, rival.

ἀμμητρό-βιος, *ov*, (ἀμμητρος, βίος) *inimitable in one's life*.

ἀ-μῆμιτος, *ov*, (α privat., μιμέομαι) *inimitable*.

ἀμῆξία, Ion. -ία, ἦ, (ἀμικτός) a being unmixed, purity. 2. *want of intercourse, unsociableness*.

ἀμ-ιππος, *ov*, (ἀμα, ἵππος) *along with horses*, i. e. *fleet as a horse*. 2. ἀμῖπποι, οἱ, *infantry mixed with cavalry*.

*AMIZ, ἴδος, a chamber-pot.

ἀμίστης, *és*, (α privat., μῖσος) *without hatred, not hateful*: Comp. ἀμισέστερος.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, *without reward*.

ἀ-μισθος, *ov*, (α privat., μισθός) *without pay or reward*.

ἀ-μισθωτος, *ov*, (α privat., μισθώω) *not let out on hire, not leased*.

ἀμῖτρο-χίτωνες, οἱ, (α privat., μίτρα, χιτών) *wearing no girdle with their coat of mail*.

ἀ-μυθάλοις, *εσσα*, *en*, lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, *inaccessible, inhosptable*.

ἀμμ-, poet. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἄμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἄπτω) *anything tied or made to tie*: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, halter. 3. a cord, band.

ἄμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἄμμες, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀμ-μέσον, poet. for ἀνὰ μέσον.

ἄμμιών, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἄμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μιγα.

ἀμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἄμμινάσει, ἄμμινάσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμνήσει, ἀναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἄμμο-δύτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἄμμος, δύω) *sand-burrower, a kind of snake*.

ἄμμορβια, Ion. -ία, ἦ, (ἄμμορος) *ill fortune*.

ἄμμορος, *ov*, poet. for ἀ-μορος, *without lot or share in a thing*: absol. *unfortunate, unhappy*.

*AMMOΣ or ἄμμος, ἦ, *sand*: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

ἄμμο-τροφός, *ov*, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) *growing in sand*.

ἄμμο-ώδης, *es*, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) *sandy*.

*Ἀμμωνίας, *ἄδος*, or *Ἀμμωνίς, *ἴδος*, ἦ, (*Ἀμμων) *of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon*, i. e. *African*.

ἄμμιών [α], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

ἄμμιναστέω, ἄμμιναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἄμνεις, *α*, *ov*, (ἀμνός) *of a lamb*.

ἀμνή, ἦ, fem. of ἀμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, *ov*, (α privat., μνημονεύω) *unmentioned, unbedded*.

ἀμνημόνεω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡμνημόνησα:—to be unmindful, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.

ἐμνημοσύνη, *ἡ*, *forgetfulness*. From

ἀ-μνήμων, *ov*, gen. *ενος*, (α privat., μνήμη) *unmindful, forgetful*. 2. *pass. forgotten, not mentioned*.

ἀ-μνήστευτος, ἦ, (α privat., μνηστεύω) *unwooed, not sought in marriage*.

ἀμνηστῶ, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget : —Pass. to be forgotten.

ἀμνησῶ, poet. fut. of ἀναμνησκώ.

ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From ἀ-μνηστος, ov, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀμνή.

ἀμνο-κῶν, οὖντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοῦω) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.

*ΑΜΝΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἀρνα, ἀρνες, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἀμνο-φόρος, should be μαννο-φόρος.

ἀμνογῆτι, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ἀ-μόγητος, ov, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, unwearied, untiring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.

ἀμόθι or ἀμοθεῖ, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.

ἀμοί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ov, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἀμοιβάδις, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alternatim.

ἀμοιβάτος, ov, also η, or α, ov, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate : of verses, amoebaeon, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive : —

Adv. -ως, in requital.

ἀμοιβάς, ἀδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος ; χλαῖνα ἀμοιβάς a cloak for a change.

ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence repayment, atonement : revenge. 2. an answer. II. change, exchange, barter.

ἀμοιβηδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II. as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.

ἀμοιρέω, to have no share in a thing. From ἀ-μοιρος, ov, (a privat., μοῖρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

ἀμολγαῖος, α, ov, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.

ἀμολγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.

ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning and evening twilight ; the four hours either before day-break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

ἀ-μομφος, ov, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

ἀμορβός, οὗ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἀμόργινος, ov, made of fine flax. From

ἀμοργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ἀ-μορος, ov, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

ἀ-μορφος, ov, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, misshapen, unsparingly, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορφέστερος.

ἀμός or ἀμός, ἡ, ὅν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἀμός, in Att. Poets for ἐμός.

ἀμός, Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἰς, and so = τίς, but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμῇ, ἀμόθεν, ἀμού, ἀμῶς.

ἀμος, Dor. for ἡμος, as, when.

ἄμωτος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage : neut. ἄμωτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain).

ἀμού, Att. ἀμού, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.

ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

ἀ-μουσος, ov, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish : of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεῖ, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθητος, ov, (a privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-μοχθος, ov, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναμπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμπ-,

ἀμπ-εδίον, ἀμπ-εδιήρεις, ἀμπ-ελάγος, should be written ἀμ πεδίον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδίον, etc.

ἀμπείραντες, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναπείρω.

ἀμπ-ελάγος, for ἀνὰ πέλαγος.

ἀμπελών, ὠνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελῶν, a vineyard.

ἀμπέλινος, ov, also η, ov, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.

ἀμπέλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.

ἀμπέλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a kind of bird.

ἀμπέλεις, ἐσσα, εν, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine-clad.

ἀμπело-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελουργός, q. v.

ἀμπело-μῖξια, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μῖξις) an intermixture of vines.

*ΑΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπελοῦργος, to dress or prune vines. From

ἀμπελ-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπело-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπελών, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.

ἀμπ-επαλῶν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. I imper. and part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀμπεχόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχόν : fut. ἀμφέξω : aor. 2 ἡμισχον, inf. ἀμψιχεῖν, part. ἀμπ-ισχών : —Med. ἀμπέχομαι and ἀμψιχομαι : impf.

ἀμψιχόμεν : fut. ἀμφέξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμψιχόμεν, part. ἀμψιχόμενος : (ἀμφί, ἔχω) : —to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over,

Lat. circumdare. See ἀμψιχόμεαι.

ἀμπήδησε, for ἀνεπήδησε.

ἀμπ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-πίμπλημι.

ἀμψιχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.

ἀμψιχνόμεαι, = ἀμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circum-induor.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.

ἀμπλακῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακῆν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκτης, ov, (ἀμπλακῆν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακῆσω: pf. ἡμπλάκηκα: aor. 2 ἡμπλάκον:—Pass., pf. ἡμπλάκημαι:—like ἀμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of; c. gen.
 ἀμ-πνευμα, ἀμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπν-
 ἀμπνῦε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.
 ἀμ-πόνον, for ἀνὰ πόνον.
 ἀμπτάμενος, ἀμπταίνη, v. ἀναπέτομαι.
 ἀμπυκάς: aor. 1 pass. ἡμπυκάσθην: (ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a band: generally, to bind, wreath.
 ἀμπυκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = (ἀμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a horse's bridle. Hence
 ἀμπυκτήριος, α, ov, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.
 ἄμπυξ, ὕκος, δ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a head-band, snood. II. the head-band of horses: also a bridle. III. anything rounded, a wheel
 ἀμπωτις, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ἀνα-
 ποτις (ἀναπίνω), a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide.
 ἀμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.
 ἈΜΥΓΔΑΛΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence
 ἀμυγδάλλω, ἡ, ov, of almonds.
 ἀμυγμα, στος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a scar.
 ἀμύγμος, δ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.
 ἀμύγμῃς, Adv. = ἀμα, of Time, together, at the same time: oftener of Place, together.
 ἈΜΥΓΔΡΟΣ, α, ὅν, akin to ἀμυρός, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρως: also neut. ἀμυρόνως Adv.
 ἀ-μύητος, ov, (a privat., μνέω) uninitiated, profane.
 ἀ-μύθητος, ov, (a privat., μνέομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.
 ἀ-μύκτης, ov, (a privat., μνέομαι) without howling or bellowing: of places, where no birds low.
 Ἀμυκλαῖζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).
 ἀ-μύλος, δ, (a privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.
 ἀ-μύμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἀμῶ]
 ἀμύνθε, ἀμυνάθειν, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of ἀμύνω.
 ἀμυνάθου, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.
 ἀμύνα, ἀμύνασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω.
 Ἀμυνίας, ov, δ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω) on its guard.
 ἀμυνον, aor. 1 imper. of ἀμύνω.
 ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμύνω, one must assist; so too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.
 ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ἀμύνω) a defender.
 ἀμυντήριος, ov, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive; ἀμυντήρια ὅπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντήριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμυντικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge.
 ἀμύντωρ, ορος, δ, = ἀμυντήρ, a belp: an avenger.
 ἈΜΥΤΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμυνον: fut. ἀμύνῶ, Ion. ἀμύνειν: aor. 1 ἡμύνα, Ep. ἀμύνα: poet. aor. 2 ἡμύνανθον:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay. II. Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.
 ἀμύεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.
 ἈΜΥΤΣΣΩ, Att. -ττω, Ep. impf. ἀμυσσον: fut. ἀμύτω: aor. 1 ἡμυσα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμὸν ἀμύεις χωόμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]
 ἀ-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i.e. at one draught. Hence
 ἀμυστίζω, f. σω: pf. ἡμύστικα: to drink deep, tipple. From
 ἀ-μυστις, ιος and ιδος, ἡ, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.
 ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμυξις.
 ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμψ-
 ἀμφ-ἀγαπάω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφί, ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.
 ἀμφ-ἀγᾶπάω, = ἀμφαγαπάω.
 ἀμφ-ἀγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερούμην: (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω):—to collect around:—Med. to gather around.
 ἀμφ-ἀγερθεομαι and -αγέρομαι, poet. for -αγείρομαι.
 ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμψάδον.
 ἀμφάδιος, α, ov, (ἀμψάδος) public, known: ἀμψάδην as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.
 ἀμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From
 ἀμψ-φᾶδος, η, ov, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.
 ἀμφ-φάδην, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.
 ἀμφ-αἰσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, αἰσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.
 ἀμφακῆς, Dor. for ἀμψακῆς.
 ἀμψ-φανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.
 ἀμφανέειν, poet. for ἀναφανείν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω.
 ἀμφ-ἀράβέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring about.
 ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμψ-αραβέω.
 ἀμψ-ᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.
 ἀμψᾶφάσθαι, Ep. for ἀμψαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμψαφᾶω.
 ἀμψ-ᾶφᾶω, and Med. ἀμψ-αφᾶομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφᾶω) to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to bandle.
 ἀμψάδων, -ῶσα, Ep. for ἀμψαδῶν, ῶσα, pres. part. of ἀμψαφᾶω.
 ἀμψαδώντω, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμψαφᾶω.
 ἀμψέθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμψαφᾶω.
 ἀμψ-ελικτός, ὅν, poet. for ἀμψιελ-, coiled round.
 ἀμψ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔσω, poet. for ἀμψιελίσσω, to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφ-έπω, poet. for ἀμφι-έπω.

ἀμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.
ἀμφ-έρχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλυθον or ἀμφήλθον: Dep.: (ἀμφί, ἔρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.

ἀμ-φέρω, poet. for ἀναφέρω.

ἀμφεστᾶσι for ἀμφεστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφ-ίστημι.

ἀμ-φεύγω, poet. for ἀναφεύγω.

ἀμφ-έστην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.

ἀμφ-έχων, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχαίνω.

ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀμφιχέω.

ἀμφ-έχτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.

ἀμφ-ήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκτῆ) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous.

ἀμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφέρχομαι.

ἀμφ-ηρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round, close-covered.

ἀμφ-ήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both sides. 2. (*άρα) fitted or joined on all sides, well-fitted. Hence

ἀμφ-ηρικῆς, ἡ, ὄν, worked by sculls, of a boat.

ἀμφ-ήριστος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.

ἈΜΦΙ, Præp. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf. on both sides, around. I. C. GEN. about, for, for the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of it.

2. rarely of Place, about, around. II. C. DAT. I. of Place, about, around, round about:—at, by, near, with.

2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concerning. 3. by means of. III. C. ACC., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides.

V. IN COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.

ἀμφι-ἄλος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) sea-girt, esp. having the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.

ἀμφ-ιάχω, (ἀμφί, ιάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιάχως, via.

ἀμφι-βαίνω, f.-βήσομαι: pf.-βέβηκα:—to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, protect.

II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.

ἀμφι-βάλλω, f.-βᾶλῶ: pf.-βέβληκα: Med., Ion. fut.-βαλεῖμαι: aor. 2 inf.-βαλέσθαι:—to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi.

2. esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II.

intr. to go to another place; so also in Med.

ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφι-βαίνω.

ἀμφιβασία, ἡ, v. ἀμφισβασία.

ἀμφιβαῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, encompassing.

ἀμφιβλήμα, atos, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown round, an enclosure. II. a garment.

ἀμφιβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: I. a large fishing-net. 2. a garment. 3. a fetter, bond.

ἀμφιβάλλω, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.

ἀμφι-βότης, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-famed.

ἀμφιβολία, ἡ, the state of being attacked on both sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From

ἀμφιβολος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφιβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.

ἀμφι-βουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλῆ) double-minded, doubting.

ἀμφι-βροτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἀμφί, βροτός) covering the whole man, of a large shield.

ἀμφι-βροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.

ἀμφι-βώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βωμός) round the altar.

ἀμφι-γηθω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.

ἀμφι-γνώω, inipf. ἡμφεγνύνουν: f. ἡμφιγνύω: aor. I ἡμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. I part. ἡμφιγνυοῦν: (ἀμφί, γνῶω Acol. for γνῶω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.

ἀμφι-γύητος, ον, (ἀμφί, γυῶω) bewailed all round.

Ἀμφι-γυῖης, ὁ, (ἀμφί, γυῖς) be that halts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.

ἀμφι-γυῖος, ον, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) properly having limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised.

ἀμφι-δαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf. ἀμφι-δέδωκα, plqpf. —δέδωκεν, to burn around.

ἀμφι-δάκνω, f. δήσομαι, to bite all round.

ἀμφι-δάκρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.

ἀμφι-δάσσω, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.

ἀμφι-δέαι, αἰ, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.

ἀμφιδόδηα, —δέδωκεν, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαίω.

ἀμφι-δέξιος, ον, with two right hands, very dextrous, Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-edged.

3. sometimes simply like ἀμφοτερος, ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαῖ both hands.

ἀμφι-δέσκομαι, pf. —δέδορκα, Dep. to look round about one.

ἀμφι-δέτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.

ἀμφι-δηρήτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίσμαι) disputed, doubtful.

ἀμφι-δαινώ, to water around.

ἀμφι-δίνω, f. ἤσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεινύημα, to be fitted close.

ἀμφι-δοκεύω, f. εἴσω, to lie in wait for.

ἀμφι-δονέω, f. ἤσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.

ἀμφι-δοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. From

ἀμφι-δοξος, ον, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.

ἀμφι-δορος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέρω) skinned all round, quite flayed.

ἀμφι-δοχος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχή) as large as can be grasped.

ἀμφί-δρομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round: encompassing.*

ἀμφί-δρυπτος, *ον*, = ἀμφίδρυφος.

ἀμφί-δρυφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks.*

ἀμφί-δρυφός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torn on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύμος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) *approachable on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύω, *φ. δύσω* [ῥ], *to put round or on:—Med. to put on oneself.*

ἀμφιελικτός, *όν*, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving.*

ἀμφιελίσσα, *φem. Adj.* *rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking. From*

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, *φ. ἔλω*, *to wind round.*

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννύω: *fut. ἀμφιέσω*, *Att. ἀμφιάω*: *aor. I ἡμφίεσα*, *Ep. ἀμφίεσα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I ἡμφιέσθην*: *pf. ἡμφιέσμαι*, *poët. ἀμφιέμμαι*:—*to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere*:—*Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.*

II. Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι: *aor. I ἡμφιεσάμην*, *3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο*, *imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε*:—*to put on oneself, dress oneself in.*

ἀμφι-έπω, *poët. also ἀμφ-έπω*: *aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον* and ἀμψεπον: (ἀμφί, έπω):—*to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to: esp. to tend, protect.*

III. Med. to follow and crowd round.

ἀμφιέσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφιέννυμι.*

ἀμφ-ιζάνω, (ἀμφί, ιζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does.* [ἀ]

ἀμφί-ζευκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) *joined from both sides.*

ἀμφι-θάλαστος, *Att. -πτος, ον*, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea.*

ἀμφιθαλής, *ές*, *blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich. From*

ἀμφι-θάλλω, *pf. ἀμφιτέθλα*, *to bloom all round, to be in full bloom.*

ἀμφι-θάλω, *φ. ψω*, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.*

ἀμφι-θέατρον, *τό*, (ἀμφί, θέατρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre.*

ἀμφίθετος, *ον*, (ἀμφιτίθῃμι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides.*

ἀμφι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, *to run round about.*

ἀμφι-θηγγής, *ές*, = *sq.*

ἀμφι-θηκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged.*

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood.*

ἀμφι-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a hall.*

ἀμφι-κάλυπτω, *φ. ψω*, *to cover all round, enfold, shroud. II. to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in.*

ἀμφι-κεάω: *Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικεάσας*:—*to cleave asunder.*

ἀμφι-κειμαι, used as *Pass. of ἀμφιτίθῃμι*, *to lie close upon: to lean on.*

ἀμφι-κείρω, *φ. κερῶ*, *to shear or clip all round.*

ἀμφικέφαλος, *Ep. -κέφαλλος, ον*, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-headed.*

ἀμφι-κίων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (ἀμφί, κίων) *with pillars all round.* [κτ]

ἀμφι-κλαστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round.*

ἀμφι-κλυστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλύω) *flooded all round.*

ἀμφι-κορέω, *φ. ήσω*, *to tend on all sides or carefully.*

ἀμφι-κομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round,*

thick-haired: of trees, thick-leaved.

ἀμφικράνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κρά) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέμμαι, *Pass. declined like δύναμαι*: (ἀμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—*to bover or flutter round. Hence*

ἀμφι-κρεμής, *ές*, *hanging round one: hanging round the shoulder.*

ἀμφίκτηνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κτηνός) *with cliffs all round.*

ἀμφίκτηνος, *ον*, *Ion. for ἀμφικράνος*, *surrounding the head.*

ἀμφι-κτίονες, *ων, οί*, (ἀμφί, κτίζω) *they that dwell round or near. Hence*

Ἄμφι-κτίονες, *ων, οί*, the *Amphictyons*, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. *II. the presidents of the Pythian games. Hence*

Ἀμφικτυονία, *ή*, the *Amphictyonic League or Council.*

Ἀμφικτυονικός, *ή, όν*, *of or for the Amphictyons or their League.*

Ἀμφικτυονίς, *ίδος, ή*, *fem. of Ἀμφικτυονικός*: *I. (sub. πόλις)*, a city or state in the *Amphictyonic League.*

II. a name of Artemis at Antibia, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council.

ἀμφι-κυλίνδω, *φ. -κυλίω* [ῥ], *to roll about or upon.*

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) *in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος.* [ῥ]

ἀμφί-λαλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λάλος) *chattering everywhere.*

ἀμφι-λαφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, λαβεῖν) *far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent.*

ἀμφι-λαχάω, *to dig or hoe round.*

ἀμφι-λέγω, *φ. ξω*, *to speak on both sides, dispute. Hence*

ἀμφίλεκτος, *ον*, *discussed on all hands, doubtful.*

II. act. disputing, captious.

ἀμφιλογία, *ή*, *dispute, doubt. From*

ἀμφι-λογος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful.*

II. act. disputatious, contentious.

ἀμφι-λοφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck.*

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, *ή*, (ἀμφί, λύκη, *Lat. lux*) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning.* [ῥ]

*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) *pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμφιμασάμην*, *to wipe or rub all round.*

ἀμφι-μασχάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, μασχάλη) *covering both shoulders, two-sleeved.*

ἀμφι-μάτορες, *Dor. for ἀμφιμήτορες.*

ἀμφιμάχῃτος, *ον*, *contended for, contested on both bands.* [ἀ] *From*

ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι : Dep. :—to fight
 round : 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [δ]
 ἀμφι-μέλας, αῖνα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in
 darkness.
 ἀμφιμέμυκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μυκάομαι.
 ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.
 ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters
 by different mothers.
 ἀμφι-μυκάομαι, pf. act. μέμυκα : Dep. :—to low or
 bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέ-
 μυκε the floor echoed all around.
 ἀμφι-νείκης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, νεῖκος) made an object of
 contest, eagerly wooed.
 ἀμφι-νεϊκῆτος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεϊκέω) = ἀμφινεϊκος.
 ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, in-
 habit.
 ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to think both ways, doubt.
 ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἴσω, to smooth or polish all round.
 ἀμφίξοος, ον, contr. ἀμφίξουσ, ουν, (ἀμφιξέω)
 polishing all round.
 ἀμφι-παλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.
 ἀμφι-πάτασσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.
 ἀμφι-πέδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.
 ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, hover around.
 ἀμφι-πνέομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of,
 pay heed to.
 ἀμφι-περικτιόες, ων, the dwellers round about.
 ἀμφι-περιπλέγδην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined
 round about.
 ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.
 ἀμφι-περιστροφάω, to keep turning round about
 or in every direction.
 ἀμφι-περιτρίζω, to chirp or twitter all round.
 ἀμφι-περι-φθινύω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or
 die all around. [ϋ]
 ἀμφιπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.
 ἀμφι-πιάζω, f. ἄζω, to press all round.
 ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, to fall around, embrace
 eagerly.
 ἀμφι-πίτνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.
 ἀμφι-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both
 sides, intertwining.
 ἀμφι-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dash-
 ing on all sides.
 ἀμφι-πλήξ, ἥγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with
 both sides, double-biting.
 ἀμφιπολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant : be
 busied about, take charge of : of slaves, to serve, to
 minister to.
 ἀμφιπολέω, = ἀμφιπολεῖω.
 ἀμφι-πολύς, ποῖτ. ἀμφί-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πόλις)
 around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as
 fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.
 ἀμφι-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about,
 busied about : generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid,
 waiting-woman : as masc. an attendant, fol-
 lower.
 II. as Adj. much frequented.
 ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. 1 pass. ἀμφεπονθήην :

(ἀμφί, πονέω) :—to bestow labour about, attend to,
 provide for.
 ἀμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.
 ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced,
 Lat. bifrons.
 ἀμφι-πύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence
 ἀμφιπύχῃ, ἡ, a clasping round, embrace.
 ἀμφι-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.
 ἀμφι-πῦρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πῦρ) surrounded by fire, with
 fire all round.
 ἀμφι-ρύτος, η, ον, ποῖτ. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί,
 βέω) flowed around, sea-girt.
 ἈΜΦΙΣ, as Adv. 1. on or at both sides :
 hence 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφὶς
 ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. gene-
 rally, around, round about. II. more rarely as
 Prep. c. gen. around : apart from, far from. 2.
 rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc.
 about, around, when it always follows its case.
 ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship
 at sea.
 ἀμφίσ-βαινα, ης, ἡ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of ser-
 pent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.
 ἀμφισ-βάσῃ, ἡ, Ion. for ἀμφισ-βήτησις.
 ἀμφισ-βητέω : impf. ἡμφισβήτουν, or with double
 augm. ἡμφεσβήτουν : so, aor. 1 ἡμφισβήτησα or ἡμ-
 φεσβήτησα :—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβη-
 τήσομαι :—aor. 1 ἡμφισβήτηθην or ἡμφεσβη-
 τήσθην aor. 2 of βαίνω) :—to stand apart, and so to
 dispute, differ, argue :—Pass. to be the subject of dis-
 pute. Hence
 ἀμφισβήτημα, atos, τό, a point in dispute. And
 ἀμφισβητήσιμος, ον, debatable, doubtful.
 ἀμφισβήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, con-
 troversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.
 ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.
 ἀμφι-ιστάμαι, v. ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :—Med. to fold
 round oneself, deck oneself in.
 ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand
 round like a crown.
 ἀμφι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like
 a crown.
 ἀμφ-ίστημι, to place round :—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι,
 with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφ-
 έστηκα :—to stand around.
 ἀμφι-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth
 or opening : double.
 ἀμφι-στράτομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφεστρατώντο :
 Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός) :—to beleague, besiege.
 ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round,
 turning all ways.
 ἀμφιτάβεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
 ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.
 ἀμφι-τάνύω, = ἀμφι-τέμνω.
 ἀμφι-τάρσσω, to trouble all round.
 ἀμφιτεθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
 ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τειχῆς, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) encompassing the walls.

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

ἀμφι-τήλημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. 1 ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφέθην: aor. 1 pass. ἀμφετέθην:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

ἀμφι-τίνασσω, f. ἀΐω, to shake around.

ἀμφι-πιττῦβίζω, to twitter around.

ἀμφι-τάμος, on, (ἀμφί, ταμεῖν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

ἀμφι-τορνος, on, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) well-rounded.

ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

ἀμφι-τρής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἦ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, on, (ἀμφί, *τρώω Root of τετραῖνω) bored through, with double entrance.

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.

ἀμφι-φάειν, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.

ἀμφι-φάλος, on, with φάλοι all round: see φάλος.

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηται) visible all round.

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

ἀμφι-φορεῦς, gen. ἐως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or pithcer with two handles.

ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-έχων:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. 1 ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. 1 ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

ἀμφι-χρῦσος, on, (ἀμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

ἀμφιχύεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχύτος, on, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

ἀμφι-χολος, on, lame in both feet.

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

ἀμφ-οδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) a road round, a street.

ἀμ-φορεῦς, ἐως, ὁ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεῦς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

ἀμφοτέρη, as Adv. (ἀμφοτέρως) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

ἀμφοτέρος, α, on, (ἀμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφοτέρα on both sides, Lat. utrinque: ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρα towards both sides. Hence

ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

ἀμφ-ουδῖς, Adv. (ἀμφίς, οὔδας) from the ground.

ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor.

1 opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

ἀμ-φύν, poet. ἀναφύν.

'ΑΜΦΩ, τῶ, τὰ, τῷ, also οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, Gen. and Dat.

ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

ἀμφώβολος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ώης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-banded.

ἀμφ-ώτης, ἰδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-banded rail.

ἀμφ-ωτος, on, = foreground, two-eared, two-banded.

ἀμφεῖν, for ἀμάσιν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.

ἀ-μωήτος, on, (a privat., μωέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.

ἀμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

ἀ-μωμος, on, (a privat., μωμος) without blame, blameless.

ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶς, Adv. from the absol. ἀμός = τίς, esp. in compd. ἀμωσ-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.

'AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle κε, κεν.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent.

I. WITH INDIC. —with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; ἔλεγεν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαί-εσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said.

II. WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion.

III. WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself.

IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signf. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἔάν, with subjunctive. [ᾱ] ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ᾱ] ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεστί), be stood up, arose.

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms

ἄν-, ἄγ-, ἄμ-: in general signf. opp. to κατά.

I. C. GEN. on board; ἀνά νηὺς on board ship.

II. C. DAT. on, upon.

III. C. ACC. the common usage, implying motion upwards.

1. of Place, up:—throughout.

2. of Time, throughout.

3. in numbers, up to.

4. taken distributively, e.g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. sub

κράτος.

IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: through-

out, all over.

V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening.

Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ἀνά]

ἀνα, for ἀνάσθηθι, *up!* arise!
 ἀνα, vocat. of ἀναξ, king, only addressed to gods.
 ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) going up, mounting:
 being up on high, aloft; opp. to καταβάδην. [βᾶ]
 ἀναβαθμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) a means of going up, a
 flight of steps, stair.
 ἀνα-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.
 ἀνα-βαῖνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. I
 med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο; pf. ἀνα-
 βέθηκα; I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on
 ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. I ἀνέβησα,
 Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship,
 make to mount:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀναβαθείς, moun-
 ted: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.
 ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bac-
 chic frenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.
 ἀνα-βακχιώω, = ἀναβακχεύω.
 ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω; pf. -βέβηκα:—to throw or
 toss up. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift up
 one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.
 to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.
 to throw one's cloak around one.
 ἀνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.
 ἀναβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνάβῃς, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνειν) a going up, mount-
 ing. 2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into
 central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.
 the rising of a river. II. a way up, the ascent of
 a mountain, etc.
 ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) one
 who is mounted, a horseman. [ᾶ]
 ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) skilled in mounting.
 ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμβατός, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) that may
 be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.
 ἀναβέβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβήρυχεν, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύω, to boil or
 bubble up.
 ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβήναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνα-βιβάζω; fut. med. βιβάσομαι, Att. βιβῶμαι;
 aor. I ἀνεβιβᾶσα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-
 βαίνω, to make go up: I. to mount one on horse-
 back. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put
 on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court
 of justice. Hence
 ἀναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. one must set on.
 ἀνα-βιώω; f. ἀναβιώσομαι; aor. 2 ἀνέβιω, inf.
 ἀναβιώναι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίωσα; (ἀνά, βίος):—to
 come to life again, return to life.
 ἀναβιώσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀναβιώω) recovery of life.
 ἀναβιώσκομαι, aor. I ἐνεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring
 back to life.
 ἀνα-βλαστάνω, f. βλαστήσω; aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον;
 —to shoot or grow up again.
 ἀνάβημα, ατος, τό, a look cast upwards. From
 ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look up. 2. to look back
 upon, Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover
 one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) a seeing again, re-
 covery of sight.
 ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀνα-
 βάλλομαι) boiling up:—with sudden bursts.
 ἀναβλήσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay.
 ἀνα-βλήω, f. ὥσω; aor. I ἀνέβλυσα:—to gush forth;
 ἀναβλύζειν ἔλαιον to gush out with oil.
 ἀνα-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.
 ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ἡσομαι; aor. I ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf.
 ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or shout aloud,
 utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to
 call on.
 ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) bubbling
 up. II. as a prelude or beginning of song.
 ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)
 thrown up, of earth.
 ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) that which
 is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. that which is
 thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting up of
 the voice, a prelude. 2. a putting off, delaying.
 ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) delay.
 ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -πτω; Pass., aor. I ἀνεβράσθην;
 —to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence.
 ἀνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.
 *ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνέβραχεν,
 q. v.
 *ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. I ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεαι, pf.
 ἀναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2
 pass. part. ἀνα-βροχέις, εἶσα, ἐν, swallowed back, swal-
 lowed down again. Cf. καταβρύχω.
 ἀνα-βρούζω, aor. I -εβρύαξα, to shout aloud for joy.
 ἀνα-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.
 ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-
 βοάω.
 ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνάγειον.
 ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—to carry
 back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.
 ἀνα-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]; aor. I -εγέλασα: to
 laugh aloud.
 ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἡσω, to beget anew, regenerate.
 ἀν-αγέομαι, Dor. for ἀν-ηγέομαι.
 ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω; aor. I ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste.
 ἀνα-γινώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω; f. ἀναγνώσομαι,
 aor. 2 ἀνέγνω; ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2.
 to know again, recognise, ουν, Lat. agnoscere. 3.
 to distinguish, discern: hence to read. II. in
 Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense
 to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-
 γνωσμαι, to be persuaded.
 ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω; pf. ἡνάγκασα; (ἀνάγκη):—to
 force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also
 to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. to
 prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double
 acc. to force a person to do a thing.
 ἀναγκαλῆ, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.
 ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with
 force: I. act. constraining, forcing, pressing; ἡμαρ
 ἀναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2.

forcible, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done. II. pass. forced: hence painful.

2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκαῖος, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαῖως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαῖοτάτα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀναγκλή, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀν-ἀγκῃ as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγράμφθην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνοίην, ἀναγνῶναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγινώσκω.

ἀν-ἄνως, ov, (a privat., ἄνως) impure, unchaste, generally unboly, guilty.

ἀνα-γνώριζω: f. ἰσω, Att. ἰῶ: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνώρισις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀναγνώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνῶναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀναγνώσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνῶναι) aor. 2 of ἀναγινώσκω a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἄγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερῶ, aor. 2 ἀνέειπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀναγράφτος, ov, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγράφεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγράφῃ, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γράφ]

ἀνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάξω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, ἄγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer = ἄγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate. II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. εαυτὸν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγαγείς, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-άγωγος, ov, (a privat., ἄγωγῃ) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken.

ἀν-ἀγώνιστος, ov, (a privat., ἀγανίζομαι) without contest; never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαίω, poet. ἀν-δαίω, = ἀνακαίω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδατέομαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνὰδαστος, ov, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδρομα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by orators.

ἀνα-δεῖκνυμι and ἀνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-ἀδελφος, ov, (a privat., ἀδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἄνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναδεῖκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέркоμαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ov, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδέξαμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέχημην: pf. ἀναδέδεχαμην: Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. δέδεχαμην:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδεῖν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδῆσαι ἐαυτοὺς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to a founder. III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἔλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἄνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκειν, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δῶσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth.

II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δύκος, ov, (ἀνά, δύκη) tried over again.

ἀνα-διπλῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, διπλοῦς) to make double.

ἀνάδοτος, ov, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up.

ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδοῦς, οὔσα, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦνται, ἀναδοῦμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχὴ πόνων the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνα-δύνα, to come to the top of the water.

ἀνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέδυν, pf. ἀναδέδυκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but also of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:—

c. acc. to shun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.

ἀναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-ἀένδος, ἡ, (a privat., ἔδνον) without presents

from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναείραι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀναείρω.

ἀνα-είρω, (ἀνά, εἶρω) to lift or raise up.

ἀν-ἀέλπτος, ov, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) unboasted, unlooked for.

ἀν-αερόω, lengthd. for ἀν-αείρω.

ἀνα-ζῶω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζήσω: to return to life.

ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ῶω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆας ἀν. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. σπαρτών, etc.) to march off. Hence

ἀνάζευξις, εως, ἡ, a marching away.

ἀνα-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνα-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*: to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναζήτησις, εως, ἡ, investigation.

ἀνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.

ἀνα-ζοπύρω, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλλω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρρῶ, to regain one's courage.

ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.

ἀνα-θεῖναι, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνάθεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.

ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or beat again.

ἀναθετόν, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσοῦμαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully: to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θῆλος) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἀγάμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard.

ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρώσκω.

ἀνα-θορυβέω, f. ἤσω, to shout in applause.

ἀνάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-ἀθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) to look up at: observe closely.

ἀνα-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρώσκω: fut. ἀναθοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναίδεια, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδείη, ἡ, (ἀναίδης) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδέομαι, Dep. (ἀναίδης) to behave impudently.

ἀν-αιδής, ἐς, (a privat., αἰδέομαι) shameless, unabashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called λίθας ἀναίδης, reckless, ruthless.

ἀν-αιθίσσω, to fan the flame.

ἀν-αῖθω, (ἀνά, αἰθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.

ἀν-αίμακτος, ov, (a privat., αἰμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.

ἀν-αίματος, ov, = ἀναιμος.

ἀν-αιμος, ov, and ἀν-αίμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., αἷμα) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αμωτί, Adv. like ἀν-αμακτί. [τῇ]

ἀναινομαι: impf. ἡναινόμην, Ep. ἀναινόμεν: fut. ἀνάνομαι (not in use): aor. 1 ἡννήναι, inf. ἀνήνασθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναίτας, aor. 1 part. of ἀναίσσω.

ἀναίρεθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ἀναίρεω.

ἀναίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a taking up of dead bodies: burial. 2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

ἀν-αίρεω: f. ἤσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tollere*, and so

I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift.

II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish.

III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer: but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for burial.

3. to take up newborn children, Lat. *tollere*, *suscipere liberos*. 4. to conceive. 5. to take up money at interest.

II. to take upon oneself, undertake.

III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνάρω, to raise up.

ἐναίσθησις, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ov, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless.

II. pass. unfeelt.

ἀν-αἰσμός: impf. ἀναισίουν: aor. I ἀναισίουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀναισιμώην: pf. ἀναισιμώμαι: (a privat., αἰσμος, —the simple αἰσιμός being never used):—an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναισιμώμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-αἰσσω, ἀν-αἰσσω:—to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [ανᾶ-]

ἀναισχυντέω, (ἀναισχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀναισχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From ἀν-αίσχυντος, ov, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

ἀν-αἴτιος, η, ov, (a privat., αἰτέω) unasked.

ἀν-αἴτιος, ov, (a privat., αἴτια) without cause, groundless.

II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright:—Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καίνιζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to renew.

ἀνα-καίνουργέω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καίνω, (ἀνά, καίνω) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαίνωσις, εως, ἡ, renewal, restoration.

ἀνακαίον, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκαυσα, to kindle, light up:—Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-καλέω, poet. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. ἐσώ:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again

and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back,

recall, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-άκανθος, ov, (a privat., ἀκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

ἀνα-κάττω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down. ἀνακαταί, Ion. for ἀνακείνεται, 3 pl. of

ἀνα-κείμαι, poet. ἀγ-κείμαι: f. -κέισομαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue. II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἀνάκειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, of, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, ό, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι. and -ύω: f. κεράσω [ᾶ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix up; mix well.

ἀνα-κεφαλαιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κτείνω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb violently. [ῥ Ερ.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔψω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδυνέω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2. excitement, emotion. [κῆ]

ἀνα-κίρνωμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα:—to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθεῖς, later ἀνακλιθείς, poet. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, poet. ἀγ-κλίνω [ῆ]: fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνακλίτος, η, ov, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινώω, f. ὠσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνομαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρανέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομιδή, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, poet. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. -ἴσω Att. -ἰώ: aor. I ἀνέκομισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

ἀν-ακοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to dart or fling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to lift or raise up:—Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a *lifting up*, *lightening*: relief from a thing.

ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἀζομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκρᾶγον:—to cry out, *lift up the voice*.

ἀνα-κράθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακεράννυμι.

ἀνάκρᾱσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακεράννυμι) a *mixing up*.

ἀνα-κρέκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνεκρέμασα:—to hang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be hanging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. *suspensus esse*.

ἀνα-κρίνω [ῖ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine before-hand:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἄγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an examination, inquiry.

ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a pushing back, checking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἀνακρουστήον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check.

ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῃν to put her back sternwards, by backing water.

2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.

ἀνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to win a person over, gain his favour.

ἀνάκτεσι, Ep. for ἀναίε, dat. pl. of ἀναί.

ἀνάκτοριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: ἀνάκτοριον, τό, = sq. a temple.

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ἀνα-κυκᾶω, f. ἦσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.

ἀνα-κυκλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

ἀνακύκλησις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a circuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβᾶλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δῖφοι ἀνεκυμβᾶλιάζον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἀνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυψα: pf. ἀναέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

ἀνα-κοικύω, f. ὤσω, to wait aloud. [ῦ]

ἀνάκως, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, carefully, ἀνάκως ἔχειν τινός to look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of ἀναί, a manager.)

ἀνακωχεύω, f. σω, to hold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν ὄλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught.

2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to keep still. From ἀνακωχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκωχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάβωμαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἀλᾶλάξω, aor. I ἀνηλάξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνέληφα:—to take up, take into one's hands: generally, to take with one.

2. to take into one's service, to adopt.

3. like Lat. *recipere*, to take upon one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πόλεμον.

4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, repair.

III. to pull short up, of a horse.

IV. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναλγησία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From ἀν-ἀλγητος, ον, (α privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I.

of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv. -τως, unfeelingly.

II. of things, I. not painful.

2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-αλδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἀλδεῖν) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω: Ep. impf. ἄλλεγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἄλλεξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—Med. to pick up for oneself.

2. to recount.

II. to read aloud.

ἀνα-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends.

II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἄλθομαι) not bealing.

ἀνάλιπτος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπτος, barefoot.

ἀν-ἄλίσκω: f. ἀνᾶλῶσω: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνᾶλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνᾶλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνηλῶθην or ἀνᾶλῶθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνᾶλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ᾶλῶ, impf. ἀνᾶλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὑπνον to use to the full, i. e. enjoy, sleep.

II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ῖδα or -ιν, (α privat., ἀλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἄλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-ἄλμος, ον, (α privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-αλος, ον, (α privat., ἄλς) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ᾶλῶ, a rare form of ἀν-αλίσκω.

ἀν-ἄλτος, ον, (α privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. *inexplebilis*.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἄλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [ῦ]: pf.

-ἔλελυκα, pass. -ἔλελύμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free.

II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to.

III. intr. (sub. ἔκπον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαί, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνάλωσκω.
ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνάλω) that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay: in plur. expenses.

ἀνάλωστα, ἀνάλωσαι, aor. I of ἀνάλωσκω.

ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνάλω) expenditure. [ἀνά]

ἀν-άλωτος, ον, (a privat., ἀλῶναι) not taken, not to be taken, impregnable.

ἀνα-μαίμω, to rage through or throughout.

ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.

ἀν-αμύζευτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμαζεύω) impassable for wagons.

ἀν-ἀμάρτητος, ον, (a privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) without missing or failing, unfailing: in a moral sense, faultless. Adv. —τως, without fail.

ἀνα-μασάσθαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. ruminari.

ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. -μάω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—to wipe up, wipe off; ἔργον, δὲ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.

ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσθαι or -ῥήσθαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.

ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀνάβατος, (a privat., ἀναβαίνω) of a horse, not to be mounted, unmanageable. ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, to begin to sing.

ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 2. to await, endure. 3. to put off, delay.

ἀνά-μεσος, ον, in the middle.

ἀνά-μεστος, ον, filled full. Hence

ἀναμεστόω, f. ὦσω, to fill up, fill full.

ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence

ἀναμέτρῃσις, εως, ἡ, a measuring out, admeasurement. ἀνά-μύγα, poet. ἀμμύγα, also ἀνά-μυγδα, Adv. promiscuously.

ἀνα-μύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μύξω: aor. I ἀνέμυξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to have social intercourse, join company.

ἀνα-μυνησκω: f. ἀναμνήσω, poet. ἀμνήσω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recall to memory, make mention of:—Pass. to remember.

ἀνα-μύνω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἀνα-μίξ, (ἀναμύγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell.

ἀνάμυξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμύγνυμι) social intercourse.

ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμύγνυμι.

ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμνησκω.

ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.

ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλάσκω.

ἀνα-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [ῶ]

ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) to lift with a lever: to force open.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτης, ον, (a privat., ἀμπλάκῃτος) unerring, without wandering.

ἀνα-μυθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.

ἀν-ἀμφίλογος, ον, (a privat., ἀμφίλογος) undisputed, undoubted.

ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, (a privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute. II. act. without dispute or controversy.

ἀνανδρία, ἡ, unmanliness, cowardice. From

ἀν-ἀνδρος, ον, (a privat., ἀνήρ), I. = ἀνεν ἀνδρός, without a husband: without men, desolate. II. unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man.

ἀν-ἀνδρόω, f. ὦσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence ἀνάνδρωτος, ον, widowed.

ἀνα-νεάω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again.

ἀνα-νέμω, poet. ἀννέμω, to divide or distribute anew. II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse.

ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise.

ἀνα-νεόομαι, f. ὄσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεώσαμην, poet. inf. ἀννεώσασθαι: Dep.:—to renew, revive.

ἀνα-νέω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.

ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανεόομαι) a renewal, revival.

ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's senses. 2. trans. to make sober again.

ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, uphill, opp. to κάτωτα.

ἀν-ἀνταγώνιστος, ον, (a privat., ἀνταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.

ἀν-άντης, ες, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-hill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης: hence like Lat. arduus, difficult.

ἀν-ἀντίρρητος, ον, (a privat., ἀντερῶ) not to be gainsaid. Adv. -ως, without contradiction.

*ANAE, ἀνακτος, δ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II.

any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. berus. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as κτήνης ἀνακτες: cf. ἄρ-ἀναξ.

ἀνα-ξάινω, to rub or irritate afresh.

ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.

ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I -ἐξηράνω, poet. inf. ἀξηράνω:—to dry up.

ἀν-άξιος, ον, also α, ον, (a privat., ἀξιος) unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. 2. undeserving of evil.

ἀναξί-φόρμυγξ, ιγγος, δ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμυγξ) lord of the lyre.

ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, unworthily.

ἀνα-ξυνόω, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινώω.

ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, the trousers worn by eastern nations, (Persian word.)

ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὑσω [ῶ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—to scrape off.

ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.

ἀν-αοίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.

ἀνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.

ἀνάπαιστος, ον, (ἀναπαῖς) struck back, rebounding:

as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anapaest, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παίω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-πᾶλιν, Adv. back again. II. over again. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπάλῳ: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλόν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, f. ἄσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρησθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπαυστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, ov, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαυστήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημεῖον), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω):—to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πείω, f. πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειράομαι, f. ἡρώμαι, Deo. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πέρω, f. -περῶ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμπεράς: Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμπεπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπειστήριος, α, ov, (ἀναπέλω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπίω, and -ἄζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμνω, poet. ἀμπεμπνω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

ἀναπεπτάμενος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπεσεῖν, ἀναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναπίπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάσω, Att. -πετῶ: aor. I ἀνέπετασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀναπεπτάμενος, η, ov, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτόμην or ἀνεπτάμην, poet. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπτάτην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφηναι, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ἡσώμαι: (v. πηδάω):—to leap, spring up or forth, start up: ἀν. ἐν ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II.

ἀνα-πείω, f. ἄσω, to fill up, fill full.

ἀνα-πέτω, f. ἄσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνα-πέτω, f. ἄσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνά-πηρος, ov, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πίδῶ, f. ἴσω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. explere:—to fulfil, accomplish. II.

to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. concidere animo.

ἀνα-πίτνυμι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέπλάσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II.

to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεω, ov, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέος=πλέος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρόω, f. ἴσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπικύλλω.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀνα-πλόω, f. ἴσω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

ἀνα-πνέω, Ion. ἀμπνέω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνὰπνευστις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respire, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ov, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνευ, ἀμπνυτο, ἀμπνυνθή v. sub vocc.) II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respirō.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio.

ἀνὰπνευ, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-ἀποδείκτος, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἀνεπόδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question: ἀναποδιξέειν ἑαυτὸν to correct oneself. II.

intrans. to step back.

ἀν-ἀποιος, ov, (a privat., ἀποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποιον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-απολόγητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀπολογέομαι) *indefensible, inexcusable*.
2. act. *unable to defend oneself, without excuse*.

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμπω) *a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures*.

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμπω) *one that sends up or back*.

ἀν-απόνυτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀπονύω) *unwasben*.

ἀνα-ποτόμοι, *Dep.* = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, *Att.* -πρω, *fut.* -πράξω, *to exact, levy*;

ἀν. ὑπόσχεσιν *to exact the fulfilment of a promise*.

ἀνα-πρήθω, *f. σω*, properly *to set on fire, light up* :

δάκρυ ἀναπρήσας *letting tears burst forth*.

ἀνα-περῶω, *f. ὥσω*; *aor.* I ἀν-επετέρωσα : *pf.* -επετέρωκα :—*to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight* : generally, *to raise, set up*. 2. of the mind, *to set on the wing, excite vehemently* :—*Pass.*

to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. II.

to furnish with new wings :—*Pass.* *to get new wings*.

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτύσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, *inf.* of ἀν-επτῆναι, ἀνεπτάνην, ἀνεπτόμεν, *aor.* 2 ἀν-επέτομαι.

ἀνα-πύσσω, *fut.* ὕξω :—*Pass.*, *aor.* I ἀνεπτύθην, *aor.* 2 ἀνεπτύγην [ῥ] : (v. πύσσω) :—*to unfold, undo*, esp. of rolls of books ; and so, like *Lat. evolvere*, *to unroll for reading* : hence *to unfold, bring to light*, *Lat. explicare*.

II. as military term, τὴν φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν *to fold back the phalanx*, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear ; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν *to open out the wing*, i. e. extend the front, *Lat. explicare*. Hence

ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, *an opening, unfolding : an expanse*.

ἀνα-πύω, *f. ὕσω* [ῥ], *to spit up or out* : *absol.* *to sputter*.

ἀν-ἄπτω, *f. ψω* : *aor.* I ἀνήψα :—*to hang up to, fasten on or to a thing* ; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατίθεναι, *to hang up votive gifts* ; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν *to fasten disgrace upon one* :—*Med.* *to fasten for oneself* ; ἀνάπτειν ναῦν *to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away* :—*Pass.* *to be fastened or fasten oneself on, cling to*. II. *to light up, light, kindle* : *metaph.* *to inflame*.

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, *f.* -πεύσομαι : *aor.* 2 ἀνεπυθόμην :

Dep. :—*to search out, inquire into* : also *to learn by inquiry*. Hence

ἀνᾶπτωτος, *ον*, *sought out, ascertained, notorious*.

ἀνᾶπτωτος, shortened ἄμπωτος, *gen.* εως *Ion.* ιος, ἡ, (ἀναπίνω) *a being drunk up* : of the sea, the ebb-tide, *returning of the waters*.

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with ρ the ρ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-παίω, etc., though in poets and *Ion.* Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιρεκώς, *Ion.* for ἀνηρηκώς, *pf. part.* of ἀναρέω.

ἀν-ἀργύρος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀργυρος) *without silver* :

without money.

ἀν-ἀρθρος, *ον*, (a privat., ἄρθρον) *without joints* : *disjointed, nerveless*. 2. of sounds, *inarticulate*.

ἀν-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἡσσομαι*, *to count up, enumerate*.

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀριθμητος) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀριθμός) *without number*,

countless : *without bounds in a thing* : c. *gen.* *taking no account of a thing*.

ἀν-ἀρκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἄρκω) *not governed or subject* : *not submitting to be governed*.

ἀναρμυστία, ἡ, *unsuitableness* : *discord*. From

ἀν-ἀρμυστος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρμύω) *unfit, incongruous* : of sound, *inharmonious* ; of persons, *absurd*. 2. *unfitted, unprepared*.

ἀναρπάγῃ, ἡ, *recapture*. From

ἀν-αρπάω : *fut.* ἄρω, *Att.* ἄσω or ἄσομαι [ᾱ] : *aor.* I ἀνήρπασα :—*to tear up, snatch up*. II. *to hurry along, to carry off, to drag by force*, esp. before a magistrate, *Lat. rapere in jus*. III. *to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence*. Hence

ἀναρπαστός, *όν*, also ἡ, *όν*, *torn away, carried off*, esp. into Persia, *treated with violence*.

ἀναρ-ρέω, *f.* -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, ρέω) *to flow back or to the source*.

ἀναρ-ρήγνυμι or -ρύω : *f.* -ρήξω : *aor.* I ἀνέρρηξα :—*to break up, break through or open*. II. *to make break forth* ; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like *Lat. rumpere voces* :—*Pass.* *to burst forth*. III. *intr.*, like *Pass.* *to burst forth*.

ἀναρ-ρῆθῃναι, *aor.* I *pass.* of *aor.* 2 *act.* ἀνεπείν.

ἀναρρῆξας, *aor.* I *part.* of ἀναρρήγνυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or -ῥέω : *f.* -ρίψω : *aor.* I ἀνέριψα :—*to throw up* ; ἀναρριπτέιν ἅλα πηδῶ *to throw up the sea with the oar*. II. ἀναρρίπτειν κίνδυνον *to run the hazard of a thing, run a risk* : also *without κίνδυνον*, *eis ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρκον ἀναρρίπτειν* *to throw for one's all, stake one's all*.

ἀν-αρρήχαι, *impf.* ἀνερχιχάμην : *fut.* ἀναρρήχῃσομαι : *aor.* I ἀνερχιχάμην : *Dep.* :—*to clamber up with the hands and feet, to scramble up*.

ἀνάρροια, ἡ, (ἀναρρέω) *a flowing back, reflux, ebb*.

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, *to swallow back, gulp down again*.

ἀναρ-ρύσσω, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀνά, ρύω = ἔρῶ) *a snatching away, rescuing*. 2. *the second day of the festival Ἀπαυτοῖα*.

ἀναρ-ρόννυμι and -ρύω, *fut.* -ρώσω : *aor.* I ἀνέρρῳσα :—*to strengthen again* :—*Pass.* *to regain strength or spirit*.

ἀν-ἄριστος, *ον*, also α, *ον*, (a privat., ἄριστος) *not fitting together* : hence *hostile, unpropitious, implacable* : of things, *untoward, strange, monstrous*.

ἀν-αρτάω, *f. ἡσω* : *aor.* ἀνήρτησα :—*to hang up or upon, to attach to, make dependent upon*.—*Med.* with *pf. pass.* ἀνήρτημαι, *to attach to oneself* : also *to subdue* :—*Pass.* also with *pf.* ἀνήρτημαι, *to be dependent upon* ; ὅτω πάντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνήρτηται *who has everything dependent on himself* ; but ἀνήρτηται, c. *inf.* *to be prepared to do*.

ἀν-ἄρτιος, *ον*, (a privat., ἄρτιος) *uneven, odd* ; cf. ἄρτιος.

ἀν-αρχαίω, *f. σω*, *to make old again*.

ἀναρχία, ἡ, *the state of a people without government, anarchy*. From

ἀν-αρχος, ον, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, σείρα) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σειώ, poet. ἀνασειώ, f. σείσω, to shake up or back : to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασεισγυμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards :—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκενάζω, f. ἄσω : pf. ἀνεσκενάκα :—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκενάσθην : pf. ἀνεσκενάσμαι :—opp. to κατασκενάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεῖη), Lat. vasa colligere : hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to disfur-

nish, dismantle a place : Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt; ἀνεσκενάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, ον, (α privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπιζώ, f. ἴσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale :—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιεῖσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέψομαι : aor. ἀνεσκέψαμην :—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

ἀνάσπατος, ον, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i. e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάω, poet. ἀνσπάω : f. -σπάσω [ᾱ] : aor. I ἀνέσπασα :—to draw or pull up : to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up : to draw back. II.

τὰς δ' ὀφρύς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους ἀνασπᾶν to utter boastful words.

ἀνασσα, ἡ, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσσυτος, Der. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασσειασκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ἥρασσον, Ep. ἄρασσον : fut. ἀνάξω : aor. I ἥναξα, Ep. ἀναξα : (ἀναξ) :—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over :—Med., τρις ἀναξασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations :—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-ᾄσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάσταδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ : I. causal (ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2.

a making to rise and leave their place, removal : usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding.

II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect : ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening : the Resurrection.

ἀναστῆτης, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστατής, ον, ὁ, = ἀναστατήρ.

ἀνάστατος, ον, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home : hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀναστατόω, f. ὥσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to impale or crucify, like ἀνασκολοπιζώ. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ (for the tenses, v. στέλλω) :—to send up, raise :—Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check :—Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to withhold.

ἀνα-στενάζω, f. ἄξω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενᾷζω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ᾱχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreath :—Pass., pf. ἀνέ-

στεμμαί κάρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

ἀναστηρέω, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, ἡ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομόω, f. ὥσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. ψω : pf. ἀνέστραμμαι :—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat :

to rally. 2. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to turn back, return. III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέφομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. versari; γαίαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be busied in a thing. 3. to resolve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, ἡ, a turning back or about, a return : a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2.

a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place : hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ἀνα-στρωφάω, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρῶ : aor. I ἀνέσυρα :—to draw or pull up : in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλλω : aor. I ἀνέσφηλα :—to recover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθέειν, contr. ἀνασχεθῆναι, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνασχετός, ὁν, (ἀνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχωῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to split up, rip up.

ἀνα-σώζω, f. -σώσω : aor. I ἀνέσωσα :—to recover what is lost :—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore :—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

ἀνα-τάρασσω, Att. -ττω : fut. -ταράξω to stir up and trouble : hence to excite, rouse to pbrensy : pf.

pass. part. ἀνατεταραγμένος, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -τῶ: f. -τάξω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατέθραιμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνατί or ἀνατί, Adv. of ἀνάτος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντέινω: f. -τενῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαραν ἀνατεταμένους having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τεχνίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατεχνισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεila:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνατί, Adv.=ἀνατεί.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀναθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα. III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθεῖσα κἀναθεῖσα τοῦ ἑ κατθανεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τίμω, f. ἴσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τίνασσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμῶν being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμῶ, f. ἴσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-ατος, or, (a privat., ἀτη) without harm, unpunished. II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overturn, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι: to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνέθρεψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up. 3. to go straight up: ἀναδέδρομε πέτρῃ (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4.

to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, τετραίνω) a boring through.

ἀνα-τριβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [τ]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυράξω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύγητος, or, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αύδηςτος, Dor. -αῦτος, or, (a privat., αὐδῶ) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδος, or, (a privat., αὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλος, or, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναός, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships; ναὶς ἀναες ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίνω, poet. ἀμφαίνω, f. -φάνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -έφανα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνας, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾱ]

ἀναφανδᾶ, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv.=foret.

ἀναφάνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνοίω: aor. I ἀνήνεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεικα, also ἀνωσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀναείκασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up.

praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr. to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφήναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀν-αφή, ἐς, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω,=ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω,=ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀνα-φράξομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, or, (a privat., Ἀφροδίτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

ἀνα-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.

ἀναφύγῃ, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from. II. a retreat.

ἀνα-φύρω [ῥ], pf. pass. —πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ἀνα-φυσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

ἀνα-φυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀνα-φύω, f. ὕσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυον, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

ἀνα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀνα-χάζω, f. ἄσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀνεχασσάμην, to draw back, retire.

ἀνα-χαλνώ, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχνηα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.

ἀνα-χαίτω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overthrow, upset.

ἀνα-χάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.

ἀνα-χέω, f. χέω, to pour over.

ἀνα-χνοαίνωμαι, (ἀνά, χνός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ἀνα-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

ἀναχύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

ἀνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to heap up.

ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner.

Hence ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀνα-ψηφίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: (ἀνά, ψήφος) to put to the vote again. Hence

ἀναψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.

ἀναψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.

ἀναψυχή, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing: rest. From

ἀνα-ψύχω, fut. ψύξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῥ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναὺς ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῥ]

ἀν-δαω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.

ἀνδάνω: impf. ἤνδανον, Ep. ἔηνδανον, Ion. ἔανδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὔαδον and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'ΑΔ-', which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἡδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.

ἀνδρην, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδρηα, quasi ἄνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or trown up.

ἀνδραράμενος, poet. part. aor. I of ἀναδῶ.

ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνήρ, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδράγαθία, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδράγαθίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰῶμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.

ἀνδρ-άγρια, ων, τό, (ἀνήρ, ἄγρα) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδράκάς, Adv. (ἀνήρ) man by man, like κατ' ἄνδρας, Lat. virilitim: generally, separately, apart.

ἀνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδραπόδων, for ἀνδραπόδους, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.

ἀνδραπόδισσι: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med.

ἀνδραποδιούμαι: aor. I ἡνδραποδίσθην: pf. ἡνδραποδίσμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλεύω.)

Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.

ἀνδραπόδισις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδραποδισμός, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

ἀνδραποδιότης, οῦ, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδραποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin. [ᾶρ]

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ἀνδρ-αχθής, ός, (ἀνήρ, ἀχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.

ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (ἀνήρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-εἰκελος, τό, (ἀνήρ, εἶκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.

ἀνδρείος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, (ἀνήρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence

ἀνδρείότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρ-ει-φόντης, ον, ό, (ἀνήρ, *φένω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρείων, ὧνος, ό, poet. for ἀνδρέων: see ἀνδράν.

ἀνδρεσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ἀνδρεῖμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρέω.

ἀνδρεῖομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.

ἀνδρεόν, ὧνος, ό, Ion. for ἀνδράν.

ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρῆλατῶ, f. ἦσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, ἐλαίνω) be that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιία, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary. Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀνδρίας, ποίεω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδριάς, ἀντος, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνὴρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνὴρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνὴρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρο-γύνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II.

as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δαικτος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνὴρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κητος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's hands.

ἀνδρο-κτάσις, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men. Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρο-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, ὀλλυμι) a murderess.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ου, (ἀνὴρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρόμοος, α, ου, (ἀνὴρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, es, (ἀνὴρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρο-παῖς, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σῖνις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, σίνωμαι) burly of men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, σφίγξ) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, es, (ἀνὴρ, τύχην) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφάγῶ, f. ἦσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, φάγειν) eating men: cf. Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, φθείρω) man-destroying.

II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ου: hence αἷμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, *φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer homicide.

ἀνδρῶ, f. ὦσω, (ἀνὴρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ώδης, es, (ἀνὴρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly. Adv. —ως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρῶ.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρέων, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ιδος, ἡ, = ἀνδράν.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνέδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έθην, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνεβωσάμην, aor. I of ἀναβωσσομαι.

ἀν-εβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβωσε, Ion. for ἀνεβήσε, aor. I of ἀναβόω.

ἀν-εγγυος, ου, (a privat., ἐγγύη) not vouched for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. —εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα;—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awakened, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ου, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-εγκλητος, ου, (a privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνεγνάμψα, ἀνεγνάμψθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμψω.

ἀνεγνώκα, ἀνεγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγινώσκω.

ἀνέδεγχα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίμην) let loose, without restraint carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρκομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνέδυστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνέργω, impf. ἀνέργων, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέκτησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-θέλητος, ου, (a privat., θέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίημι. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίημι.

ἀνείην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ελεῖθαια, ἡ, (a privat., Εἰλεῖθαια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-ελέω, f. ἦσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνέλκῃα, ἀνέλκῃμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνείλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναίρειω.
 ἀνεμίστος, Adv. of ἀνεμίστος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνέ-
 ημι, *let loose, carelessly: without restraint.*
 ἀν-εμι, (ἀνά, εἰμι ibo) to go up: to sail out to sea:
 but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a
 suppliant.
 III. to go back, go home, return.
 ἀν-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., εἶμα) without
 clothing, unclad.
 ἀν-επιέν, (ἀνά, ἐπιέν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use:
 aor. I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-ρέω): pf.
 ἀνέρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim,
 give notice.
 ἀν-εργω, f. ξω, to keep back, ward off, in poet.
 impf. ἀνέργον.
 ἀνέρημαι, pf. pass., v. ἀνεπιέν.
 ἀν-είρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι,
 ἔρομαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.
 ἀν-ερίω, f. ύω [ῡ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-ερίω, to
 draw back.
 ἀν-είρω, (for the tenses, v. εἶρω) to fasten on or to:
 to wreath together.
 ἀνέις, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.
 ἀν-ἐκάθεν, (ἀνω, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, from above:
 cf. ἀγκάθεν. II. of Time, from the first.
 ἀν-εκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) upwards, on high, Lat.
 sursum.
 ἀν-ἐκβάτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκβαίνω) without outlet.
 ἀν-ἐκδιήγητος, ον, (α privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) inde-
 scribable, extraordinary.
 ἀν-ἐκδρομος, ον, (α privat., ἐκδραμῖν) without es-
 cape, inevitable.
 ἀν-εκλάλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐκκαλέω) unspeakable.
 ἀν-ἐκλειπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκλείπω) unfulfilling.
 ἀν-εκκλήθην [τ], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀνέκλινα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀν-εκπίμπλημι, fut. -εκπλήσω, to fill up or again.
 ἀν-εκπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκπλήσσω) undaunted:
 τὸ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.
 ἀνέκρεως, aor. 2 of ἀνακράω.
 ἀν-εκτός, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne.
 ἀνεκτός, ὄν, later ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, toler-
 able:—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.
 ἀν-εκφραστός, ον, (α privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable,
 indescribable.
 ἀν-ἐλεγκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐλέγχω) safe from
 being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.
 ἀν-ελεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλεήμων) un-
 merciful.
 ἀνελύν, ἀνελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναίρειω.
 ἀν-ελεος, ον, (α privat., ἔλεος) unmerciful.
 ἀν-ελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀν-ελευθερος) illiberality.
 ἀν-ελευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀν-ελευθερία. From
 ἀν-ελεύθερος, ον, illiberal, slavish, Lat. illiberalis:
 in money matters, niggardly.
 ἀνελύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.
 ἀν-ελίσσω, Att. -ίτω, f. ξω, to unroll, like Lat. evol-
 vere, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. 2.
 metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

ἀν-έλκω: f. ἀνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύω [ῡ], with
 aor. I ἀνελκύσα, pf. pass. ἀνελκυσμαι (as if from
 ἀν-ελκύω):—to draw up, to bold up: esp. to draw
 up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῖς to haul
 up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into
 open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; ἀνελκυσθαι
 τρίχας to tear one's own hair. II. to draw back.
 ἀν-ελπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλπίς) without hope.
 ἀν-ἐλπιστος, ον, (α privat., ἐλπίς) unhopd for,
 unlooked for. II. act. of persons, having no
 hope, hopeless. 2. of things, leaving no hope, hope-
 less.
 III. Adv. -τως, hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως
 ἔχειν to be in despair.
 ἀν-ἐμβάτος, ον, (α privat., ἐμβαίνω) inacces-
 sible. II. act. not going to or into.
 ἀν-νεμίστος, ον, (α privat., νεμίσω) free from
 blame, without offence.
 ἀν-νέμητος, ον, (α privat., νέμω) not distributed. II.
 having no share.
 ἀνεμιάς, α, ον, (ἀνεμος) full of wind, windy.
 ἀνεμίζωμαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. to be driven with the wind.
 ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ον, (ἀνεμος, δραμῖν) swift as the wind.
 ἀνεμνήσθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.
 ἀνεμείας, εσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) windy, exposed to the
 wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [ᾱ]
 *ANEMOS, ὁ, a wind, Lat. ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο
 a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἐστηκώς the wind
 being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four
 winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and
 Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as
 points of the compass. [ᾱ]
 ἀνεμο-σκεπής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) sheltering from
 the wind.
 ἀνεμο-τρέφης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) fed by the wind,
 of a wave; ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree
 made tough by the wind.
 ἀνεμώ, f. ύω: pf. pass. ἡνέμωμαι (ἀνεμος) t—to
 expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by
 the wind.
 ἀν-εμποδίστος, ον, (α privat., ἐμποδίζω) unbindered.
 ἀν-εμώκης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, ώκής) swift as the wind.
 ἀνεμώλιος, ον, (ἀνεμος) windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.
 ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) the wind-flower, anemone.
 ἀν-ενδεής, ἐς, not in want.
 ἀν-ἐνδεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) inadmissible.
 ἀνένεκα, poet. for ἀνήνεκα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρω:
 ἀνενεκάτο, aor. I med., ἀνενεχθείς aor. I pass. part.
 ἀν-ἐνήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.
 ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀν-ίημι.
 ἀν-ἐξάλεπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐξαλέφω) indclib'e.
 ἀν-ἐξέλεγκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐξελέγχω) not put to
 the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be
 refuted: irreproachable.
 ἀν-ἐξερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ἐξερευνάω) not to be
 searched out, unsearchable.
 ἀν-ἐξέταστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξετάζω) not searched
 out, not inquired into. II. Blos ἀνεξέταστος a
 life without inquiry.

ἀν-εξέμετος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐξεμεῖσκω) *not to be found out*.

ἀνέξι-κακος, *ον*, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) *enduring evil: forbearing*.

ἀν-εξιγνάστος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐξιγνάσσω) *not to be traced out*.

ἀν-εξοδος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐξοδός) *with no outlet, without return*, Lat. *irremediabilis*.

ἀνέοι or ἀνεοί, *v. sub* ἀνέως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέονται.

ἀν-έορτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐορτή) *without festival; ἀνέορτος ἑρῶν without share in festal rites*.

ἀν-επαίσχυτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) *having no cause for shame*.

ἀν-επαλτο, *Ep. for* ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, *be was thrown up, rushed up*.

ἀνέπαισα, aor. I of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, *ές*, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) *not burdensome, without offence*. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν *not to take ill*.

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) *without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against*.

ἀν-επιδίκος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιδίκος) *undisputed: of an heirless, about whose marriage there is no dispute*.

ἀν-επιδόκητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιδόκω) *unexpected, unforeseen*.

ἀνεπιείκεια, *ή*, *unfairness*. From

ἀν-επιεικής, *ές*, (α privat., ἐπιεικής) *unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς*.

ἀν-επικλῆτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) *unblamed*. Adv. -τως, *without censure*.

ἀν-επικλητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) *not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless*. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιξεστός, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιξέω) *not polished over, not finished off*.

ἀν-επιπληκτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) *not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible*.

ἀν-επὶρρεκτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπὶρρέω) *not used for sacrifices*.

ἀν-επισκεπτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπισκεπτόμαι) *not examining, inattentive*. II. pass. *not considered*.

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, *ή*, *ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science*. From

ἀν-επιστήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) *unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing*. Adv. -μόνος.

ἀν-επιτακτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) *not commanded, subject to no one*. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτήδεος, *ον*, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, *η*, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιτήδεος) *unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful*. 2. of persons, *ill-disposed, unfriendly*.

ἀν-επιτιμήτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) *not to be censured*.

ἀν-επιφθονος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐπιφθονος) *without envy or reproach: not invidious*. Adv. -νως.

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπατήνη, ἀνέπηνη, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνιπατήμαι; cf. ἀναπτόμαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. I ἀνηράσθη, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) *to love again*.

ἀν-εραστός, *ον*, (α privat., ἐράω) *not worthy of love*. II. act. *not loving*.

ἀν-εργος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐργον) *not done; έργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facia infecta*.

ἀν-έργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, *f. ἴσω*, *to provoke again*.

*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. I ἀνηρείψαντο; *to snatch up and carry off*.

ἀν-ερευνάω, *f. ἴσω*, *to search out*.

ἀν-ερεύνητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) *not searched out: not to be searched out*.

ἀν-έρομαι, *Ep. ἀνείρομαι*: aor. ἀνηρόμην; Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι) *to question, ask*.

ἀν-έρπω, aor. I ἀνείρπυσα (as if from ἀνερπύω) *— to creep up*.

ἀν-έρρω: aor. I ἀνήρρησα: *— to come or go away*, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, *away with you*, Lat. *abi in malam rem*.

ἀν-ερυθρίω, *f. ἴσω* [ᾱ]: *to begin to blush*.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ειρύω: *f. ὕσω* [ῡ]: *to draw up*.

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνήλϋθον or ἀνήλϋθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα: *— to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up*. II.

to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι *to be referred to or made dependent upon one*.

ἀν-ερωτάω, *f. ἴσω*, *to ask again or repeatedly*.

ἄνεσμαι, *Ep. aor. I opt. of* ἀνίημι.

ἄνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἄνεσαντες, part. of ἀνείσα, aor. I of ἀνίζω.

ἄνεσαι, *Ep. for* ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἄνεσις, *ως*, Ion. *ιος*, *ή*, (ἀνίημι) *a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils*. 2. *a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence*.

ἀνόςσυτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνίστημι, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, *ον*, (α privat., ἐστία) *without hearth or home*.

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχεόμεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάω, *f. σω*, *to search thoroughly*.

ἀνέτειλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀνέτλην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτλημι.

ἀν-ετος, *ον*, (ἀνίημι) *relaxed, slack; properly of a bow*. 2. *set free from labour, ranging freely*.

ἀνερπράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνερπύω.

ἀνευ, Prep. with gen. *without*; ἀνευ θεῶν, Lat. *sine Diis*, *without divine aid*; ἀνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. *injussu regis*. 2. *away from, far from*. 3. in

prose, *except, besides*.

ἀν-ευδάω, *to honour with cries of evae!*

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ) : I. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II. Adv. *far away, distant : out of the way*.
 ἀν-εὐθετος, ov, (a privat., εὐθετος) *not well placed, inconvenient*.
 ἀν-εὐθύσις, ov, (a privat., εὐθύνη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible : hence guiltless*.
 ἀν-ευκτος, ov, (a privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.
 ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.
 ἀνευρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.
 ἀν-εὐρετος, ov, (a privat., εἰρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.
 ἀν-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω : aor. 2 ἀνεύρον : un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην : aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην :—to find out, discover :—Pass. to be found out or discovered to be.
 ἀν-ευφημέω, f. ἡσώ, to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε : to shout aloud with joy.
 ἀν-ευχομαι, Dep. to recall a prayer.
 ἀ-νέφελος, Ep. ἀννέφελος, ov, (a privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless : unveiled*.
 ἀν-εγγύς, ov, (a privat., ἐγγύς) *unwarranted*.
 ἀν-έχῃσι, v. sub sq.
 ἀν-έχω, impf. ἀνείχων : also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων : f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχέσω : aor. 2 ἀνέσχον, poet. ἀνέσχεθον : pf. ἀνέσχηκα :—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσχήθην : pf. ἀνέσχημαι :—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχῃσι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι : (ἀνά, ἔχω) :—to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle : to hold up and shew to one ; ἀνέχειν φάος, to hold up a light ; esp. in phrase ἀνέχε, παρέχε φάος, or simply ἀνέχε, παρέχε, hold up and shew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on. 2. to exalt, extol. 3. of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἄκρην to put forth a headland.
 4. to uphold, support : to continue to do ; c. part., στέρας ἀνέχει continues to love : of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσόν to keep constant to the ivy.
 II. to hold in, keep in ; Zeus ἀνέχων, opp. to ὕων, holding up, stopping the rain. III. intrans. to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχαι, of the sun : of events, to happen : c. gen. to rise from, recover from. 2. to come forth, project : esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea. 3. to hold on, keep doing.
 B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι : f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχέσομαι : Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνεύχομην, ἡνεύχομην :—properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, hold out, last : so in part., ἀνεύχοντο φέρουσι they bear with patience. 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξένους to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them. II. to hold up what is one's own ; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρας to hold up one's hands to fight. III. rarely, to hold on by one another.
 ἀνεψία, ἡ, fem. of ἀνέψιος, a female cousin.
 ἀνεψιαδούς, οὔ, ὁ, a first-cousin's son. From
 ἄΝΕΨΙΟΨ, ὁ, a first cousin, a cousin. Hence
 ἀνεψιότης, ητος, ἡ, consinship.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.
 ἀνέψω or ἀνέω, see ἀνέω.
 ἀνέωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεωγώς, always intr.
 ἀνέωγον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.
 ἀνέωξα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.
 ἀνέωνται (not ἀνέονται), for ἀνέονται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-έω), they have been given up or devoted.
 ἄνωος, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἄναος, ἀνάος (a privat., αἰώ to cry), without a voice, mute : ἀνέω nom. plur.
 ἀνέωχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.
 ἄνη, ἡ, (ἀνώ) fulfilment.
 ἀν-ηβάω, f. ἡσώ, to grow young again, Lat. *rejuvenescere*. Hence
 ἀνηβητήριος, α, ov, making young again.
 ἀν-ηβος, ov, (a privat., ἡβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.
 ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.
 ἀν-ηγεμόνευτος, ov, (a privat., ἡγεμονεῖω) *without a leader*.
 ἀν-ηγεμαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate.
 ἀν-ἡδυντος, ov, (a privat., ἡδύνω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.
 ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι.
 ἀνήθις, ἡ, ov, (ἀνηθον) made of dill.
 ἄΝΗΘΟΟΝ, τό, dill, anise, Lat. *anethum* : also ἀν-νηθον ; Ion. ἀνηθον or ἀνησον : poet. ἀνητην or ἀνητον.
 ἀνήτεια, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.
 ἀνήτιον, Ep. for ἀνήην, impf. of ἀνέιμι.
 ἀνήκα, aor. I of ἀνίημι.
 ἀν-ήκετος, ov, (a privat., ἀκείομαι) *not to be healed, incurable* : ἀνήκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt : ἀνήκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same. II. act. *damaging beyond remedy, deadly* :—Adv., ἀνηκέτως διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty.
 ἀν-ήκοος, ov, (a privat., ἀκοή) *without bearing : never having heard a thing, ignorant of it*. 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.
 ἀν-ήκουστέω, f. ἡσώ, to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient. From
 ἀν-ήκουστος, ov, (a privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. act. *unwilling to bear, disobedient*.
 ἀν-ήκω, f. ἔω, (ἀνά, ἦκω) to reach up to. 2. to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνήκειν : to refer or pertain to a person or thing.
 ἀνηλάλαζον, ἀνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀναλαλάω.
 ἀνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.
 ἀν-ήλικος, ov, (a privat., ἥλιξ) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.
 ἀν-ήλιος, ov, (a privat., ἥλιος) *sunless, gloomy*.
 ἀνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ov, (a privat., ἥλιψ a kind of shoe) *unshod, barefoot*.
 ἀνήλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνέρχομαι) *a going up, a coming back*.

ἀνῆλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀν-ήμελος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) *unmilked*.
 ἀν-ήμερος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡμέρος) *not tame, wild, savage*: of plants, *wild*.
 ἀνῆνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνῆνάντο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνῆνῆται 3 sing. subj.
 ἀνῆνεμία, ἡ, a *calm*. From
 ἀν-ῆνεμος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄνεμος) *without wind, calm*; ἀνῆνεμος χειμῶναν for ἀνεῦ ανέμου χειμῶναν, *without the blast of storms*.
 ἀνῆνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signif.: Homer has it twice, αἶμα ἀνῆνοθεν ἐξ ἀτελεῖης blood gushed from forth the wound; κνίσση ἀνῆνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb *ἀνέθω.)
 ἀν-ῆνυστος and ἀν-ῆνιτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀνύω) *not to be accomplished, endless, aimless*.
 ἀν-ῆνωρ, *ov*, *ος*, *δ*, (a privat., ἀνῆρ) *unmanly, dastardly, like ἀνανδρος*.
 ἀνῆπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀν-ῆπτός, f. *σω*, to cry aloud.
 ἌΝΗΨ, *δ*, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἀνδρα, voc. ἀνερ: plur. ἀνδρες, —δρων, —δράσι, —δρας. Ep. also gen. ἀνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. *vir* (not *homo*). II. a man, as opp. to God, πατὴρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth. IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to ἀνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες. V. a husband; αἰγῶν ἀνῆρ, Virgil's *vir gregis*.
 ἀνῆρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνῆρ.
 ἀνῆρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναίρω.
 ἀν-ῆριμος, *ov*, poet. for ἀν-ἄριμος.
 ἀνῆρόμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέρομαι.
 ἀν-ῆροτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀρώ) *unploughed*.
 ἀνῆρτησα, ἀνῆρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-ῆρτάω.
 ἀνῆρτον or ἀνῆρτον, τό, Ion. for ἀνῆρτον.
 ἀν-ῆσσητος, Att. ἀ-ῆττητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἥσσω) *unconquered, unconquerable*.
 ἀνῆτῆς, *η*, *ov*, Dor. for ἀνῆτῆος.
 ἀνῆρτον or ἀνῆρτον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνῆρτον.
 ἀν-ῆττητος, *ov*, Att. for ἀν-ῆσσητος.
 ἀν-ῆφαιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἠφαιστος) *without real fire*; πῦρ ἀνῆφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.
 ἀνῆφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνῆφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνῆψαθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.
 ἀνῆψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνθ-αίρεσμαι, f. ῆσμαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead. II. to dispute, lay claim to.
 ἀνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.
 ἀνθ-αμύλλομαι, f. ῆσμαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From
 ἀνθ-άμιλλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ἀμύλλα) *rivalling*.
 ἀνθ-άπτομαι, Ion. ἀντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in. 2. to lay

hold of, seize, attack. II. to lay bold of in return.
 ἄνθειον, τό, (ἄνθος) a blossom.
 ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέχω, one must hold to, cleave to: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.
 ἀνθ-έλω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.
 ἀνθέμα, *ατος*, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.
 ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἄνθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένους tattooed with flowers.
 ἀνθεμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἄνθος.
 ἀνθεμοδεῖς, *εσσα*, *εν*, also *εις* in fem., *flowering, flowered*: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From
 ἀνθεμιον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἄνθος, a flower.
 ἀνθεμόρ-ρutos, *ov*, (ἀνθεμιον, ῥέω) *flowing from flowers*.
 ἀνθεμ-ουργός, *ον*, (ἀνθεμιον, *ἐργω) *working in flowers*.
 ἀνθεμ-ώτης, *ες*, contr. for ἀνθεμο-εἰδής, (ἀνθεμιον, εἶδος) *flowering, blooming*.
 ἀνθέξομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέχω.
 ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθω, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθην.
 ἀνθερεων, ἄνω, *δ*, (ἀνθέω) the chin, Lat. mentum.
 ἀνθερίκη, ἡ, and ἀνθερίκος, *ος*, = ἀνθερίξ, a stalk.
 ἀνθερίξ, *ικος*, *δ*, (ἀθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.
 ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθην.
 ἀνθ-εστῖα, to feast in return.
 Ἄνθεστῆρια, *ων*, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.
 Ἄνθεστῆριον, ἄνω, *δ*, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.
 Ἄνθεσφόρια, *ων*, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From
 ἀνθεσ-φόρος, *ov*, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.
 ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθην.
 ἀνθέω, f. ῆσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease.
 ἀνθη, ἡ, = ἄνθος, a blossom.
 ἀνθηρός, *ά*, *ον*, (ἀνθέω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:—metaph. in full force, in perfection. 2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, florid.
 ἀνθ-ηρσάσσομαι, pf. ἀνθήσσημαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.
 ἀνθη-φόρος, *ov*, = ἀνθεσφόρος, flower-bringing.
 ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:—Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.
 ἀνθινος, *η*, *ov*, (ἄνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh.
 ἀνθ-ιππάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to ride against. Hence
 ἀνθιππασία, ἡ, a sham-fight of horse.
 ἀνθ-ιππεύω, = ἀνθιππάζομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and imperf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. *componere*. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀνέστηκα, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθόβολός, f. ἡσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From ἀνθό-βολος, ον, (ἀνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθό-δαιτος, ον, (ἀνθος, δίατα) living on flowers. ἀνθό-δόκος, ον, (ἀνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers. ἀνθοκομεία, f. ἡσω, to produce flowers. From ἀνθό-κόμος, ον, (ἀνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers. ἀνθό-κρέκος, ον, (ἀνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογία were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

ἀνθό-λόγος, ον, (ἀνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers.

ἀνθo-μολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From ἀνθό-νόμος, ον, (ἀνθος, νέμωμαι) feeding on flowers. ἀνθo-πλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ἀνθoρε, poet. for ἀνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρῶσκα. ἀνθo-ορμέω, f. ἡσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἀνθος οἶνου, Lat. *flos vini*, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἡβης ἀνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθo-οσμίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμή) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθοσίγη, ἡ, (ἀνθος) a flowering, bloom. ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers. ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφόρια. From ἀνθo-φόρος, ον, (ἀνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flower: blooming.

ἀνθo-φύης, ἐς, (ἀνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθράκεις, ἐως, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ἀνθράκεια, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθράκεια, ἄς, Ep. ἀνθρακίη, ἡ, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals.

ἀνθράκκομαι, pf. ἡνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἀνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or hornet.

*ΑΝΘΡ'ΗΝΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the honeycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπo-ἄρεσκος, ον, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκω) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin.

ἀνθρωπότη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνθρωπιῆος, ἡ, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπιῆος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος. ἀνθρωπιζέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to behave like a man; Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a man, human. ἀνθρωπίσιος, ἡ, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, human: πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i.e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπισκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. *homuncio*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i.e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. proparox. ἀνθρωπο-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά ἄνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποίω) making man.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλαστα or ἥκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἀνθρώπος ὁδῖτης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. *homo opp. to vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἀνθρώπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγγω, f. ἡσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγγω, f. ἡσω, (ἀνθρωποφάγος) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγγω) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature. ἀν-θρῶσκα, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρῶσκα.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθύπατεύω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ὄν, proconsular. From ἀνθ-υπάτος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντί ὑπάτου, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-υπέκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, ὑπέκω) to yield in turn.

Hence

ἀνθύπειξς, εως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρίνομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [ἔν]

ἀνθ-υπομνήμι, f. -ομώσω, (ἀντί, ὑπομνήμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, ὑποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υπουργέω, (ἀντί, ὑπουργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργήμα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαίρῳ, (ἀντί, ὑφαίρῳ) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσομαι: aor. 2 -υπέστην: (ἀντί, ὑφίστημι):—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνθώπλισμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνθωπλίζω.

*ΑΝΙΑ, Ion. ἀνία, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble: Homer uses it act. of a person, δαυὶς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάζω, aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ῥ]

ἀν-ιάομαι, fut. άσσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀντιρός, ᾶ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀντιρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνιδω) grieved, distressing: irreg. Comp. ἀνιηρόστροφος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρῶς. [In Homer ἀνιηρός, later also ἀνί-.]

ἀν-ιάτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰάομαι) incurable: of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάσσω, fut. άσω [ᾶ], Ion. ἡσω: aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, Dor.

ἀνιάσα: pf. ἡνιάκα:—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἡνιάσθην: pf. ἡνιάμαι: (ἀνία):—to grieve, distress:—Pass. to be grieved, etc.; ἀνιάσθαι τούτο to be vexed at this:—Homer has Ion. aor. I pass. part. ἀνιηθεῖς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [ῖ in Homer always, later also ῖ.]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-είδω, to look up.

ἀν-ιδρύτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρύω) unsettled, restless: esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ιδρωῖ, Adv. of ἀνιδρώτος, without sweat: hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ιδρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρώω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνιεύς, ἀνιεί, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιεύς, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέναι, pres. inf. of ἀν-ίημι, to send up. 2. pres.

inf. of ἀν-εἰμι (εἰμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ίερος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰερός) unholy, impious. [ῖ]

ἀνιέσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ίζω, aor. 1 ἀνείσα, (ἀνά, ἰζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθεῖς, Ion. for ἀνιᾶθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνιδω.

ἀν-ίημι, impf. ἀνίην; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνιεύς, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνιεύς, εἰ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνιέσκε (as if from ἀνιέω): fut. ἀνήσω, also ἀνέσω: aor. I ἀνήκα, Ion. ἀνέκα, Ep. also ἀνέσα: aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνέη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες:—Pass. ἀνιέμαι: aor. I ἀνέσθην: pf. ἀνέειμαι: (ἀνά, ἰημι):—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth: esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to tend back. III. to let

go. 2. ἀνιέναι τινί to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui: hence generally, to set on. 3. to let alone, let:—Med. ἀνιέμαι, to loosen, undo:—Pass. to be let go, go free; part. pf. pass. ἀνιέμενος going free, left to one's will and pleasure; ἀνιέμενος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing: hence

IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring: hence to neglect, give over, remit:—Pass. to be slack or unstring. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere. ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιαρός.

ἀνικά, Dor. for ἡνικά. [ῖ]

ἀν-ικᾶνος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκανός) insufficient.

ἀν-ικέρεντος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκετεύω) not entreated: act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ίλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἱλεως) unmerciful. [ῖ]

ἀν-ιμάω, f. ἡσομαι: (ἀνά, ἱμάς):—to draw up water by leather straps: generally to draw or haul up:—Pass. to get up, mount up; so also intr. (sub. ἐανύην), to mount up.

ἀνίος, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιαρός.

ἀν-ιούλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰούλος) beardless.

ἀν-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride on high.

ἀν-ιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵπτος) without a horse, not serving on horseback: of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ιπτάμαι, Dep., = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, πούς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνς, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ισος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven: metaph. unfair. [ῖ Ep., ῖ Att.] Hence

ἀνίσω, f. ὥσω, to make equal, equalise:—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἴσθημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up: to raise from sleep, Lat. excito, and from the dead: later, to set up, build: also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action: to stir up to rebellion. 3. to make people rise to leave their homes: transplant them; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste; χώρα ἀεσθηκνία a wasted land: also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men for war.

II. in aor. I med. also trans., ἀναστήσασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. —εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινὶ to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἴσω, to make inquiry, ask.
ἀν-ίστο, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνίσχει ἥλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσος, unequally.
ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίσω) an equalising.
ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
ἀνίψατο, Ion. for ἀνιάοντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιάομαι.
ἀν-νέμῃ, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνέμειναι.
ἀννείται, poet. for ἀνανείται, 3 sing. cf. ἀνανέομαι.
ἀννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.
ἀννέσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of ἀνανεόομαι.
ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.
ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, δὴδηγέω) to guide back.

ἀν-οδος, ov, (a privat., ὁδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v]
ἀ-νόμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
ἀ-νόητος, ov, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens

ἀνοία, Ep. ἀνοήτῃ, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οἰγνύμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίγω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφρων, Ion. ἀναοίγεςκον: aor. I ἀνέφρα, Att. ἥφρα, Ion. ἀνοίφα or ἀνωφα: pf. I ἀνέφρα, pf. 2 ἀνέφρα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφίξομαι: aor. I ἀνέφρχην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οἶγω): 1. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.

ἀν-οιδάινω, (ἀνά, οἰδάινω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνέδῃκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.

ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2.

ἀνοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeople a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, οἰκοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

ἀν-οικος, ov, (a privat., οἶκος) houseless, homeless.

ἀν-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.

ἀν-οικτίρμων, ονος, (a privat., οἰκτίρμων) un pitying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτιστος, ov, (a privat., οἰκτίζω) unpitied.

ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.

ἀν-οικτος, ov, (a privat., οἰκτος) pitiless, ruthless.

ἀν-οιμῶζω, fut. ὤξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτός, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [r]

ἀν-οιμωκτος, ov, (a privat., οἰμῶζω) unmourned.

ἀνοῖξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοῖξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.

ἀνοιστεον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρω, one must report.

ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώιστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, οἰστρος) to goad to madness.

ἀνοίσω, fut. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνοίτω, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνώ.

ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοκαχή, ἡ, (ἀν-ὀκαχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a hindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.

ἀν-ὀλβιος, ov, = ἀνολβος.

ἀν-ὀλβος, ov, (a privat., ὀλβος) unblest, wretched.

ἀν-ὀλεθρος, ov, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) not ruined.

ἀνολκή, ἡ, (ἀνέλκω) a drawing up.

ἀν-ολοιύζω, ὤξω, (ἀνά, ὀλοιύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II.

Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v]

ἀν-ομβρος, ov, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.

ἀνομέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.

ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίῃ, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.

ἀν-ομιλήτος, ov, (a privat., ὀμιλέω) having no intercourse with others, unsociable.

ἀν-ὀμματος, ov, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.

ἀν-ὀμοιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ὄμοιος) unlike.

ἀνομοιότης, τῆτος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.

ἀνομοίω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.

ἀνομοίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.

ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: pf. ἀνομολόγημαι:

Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.

ἀνομολογούμενος, ἡ, ov, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.

ἀ-νομος, ov, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. —μως, without law. II. (νῆμος) unmusical.

ἀν-ὄνητος, Dor. ἀν-ὄνῃτος, ov, (a privat., ὄνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνὄνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ov, contr. ἄνοος, ov, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαῖα, Adv., either (from a privat., ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄραω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.

ἀν-ὀπλος, ov, (a privat., ὄπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily-armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-ὀπτος, ov, (a privat., ὄψομαι) unseen.

ἀν-ὀρᾶτος, ov, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀράω) = foreg.

ἀν-ὀργᾶνος, ov, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργίαστος, ov, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνορέα, Ion. ἡγορέη, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ) manhood, courage. [ἀ]
ἀνόρεος, α, ον, (ἀνὴρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
δρείος. [ἀ]

ἀν-ορθόω, f. ὥσω: with double augm., impf., ἡνάρ-
θουν, aor. I ἡνάρθωσα:—to set upright again, restore:
to set straight again, set right.

ἀν-ορμος, ον, (α privat., ὄρμος) without harbour, in-
hospitable.

ἀν-ορόω, f. ούσω: aor. I ἀνόρουσα:—to start up,
leap up: to mount swiftly.

ἀν-όροφος, ον, (α privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀν-ορταλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings
and crow, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω):—
to dig up what has been buried; ἀν. τάφον to break
open a grave.

ἀν-ορχέομαι, f. ἵσσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance
about.

ἀν-όσιος, ον, or α, ον, (α privat., ὅσιος) unboly,
wicked, Lat. profanus: ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with
all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, unholiness.

ἀ-νοσος, Ion. ἀ-νοσος, ον, (α privat., νόσος) with-
out sickness, healthy, sound: of things, free from all
defect, healthy; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀν-όστος, ον, (α privat., ὅστος) without bones.

ἀ-νόστιμος, ον, (α privat., νόστιμος) not return-
ing. II. not to be retraced.

ἀ-νοστος, ον, (α privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀν-οστούζω, (ἀνά, ὀστοῦ) to break out into wailing.

ἀν-ούατος, ον, (α privat., οὖς) without ear: without
handle.

ἀ-vous, contr. for ἀ-voos.

ἀ-νοσος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-voos.

ἀν-οὔατος, ον, (α privat., οὔατος) unwounded.

ἀν-ουητή, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ῆ]

ἀνοχή, ἡ, (ἀνέχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of
hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-
suffering, forbearance.

ἀν-ομᾶζω, f. ἄσω, to hold up, lift up.

ἀνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι:
aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀν-
ίστημι.

ἀνστρέψειαν, for ἀναστρέψειαν.

ἀνσχεθεῖν, ἀνσχεο, Ep. for ἀνασχεθεῖν, ἀνάσχω,
aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-σχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face,
Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against;

ἀντα παρειῶν before the cheeks, of a veil: confronted
with: most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὸς
πολεμίζειν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy in return.

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὦω, to speak against, reply: to con-
tradict.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι: f. ἴσσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to
struggle against, vie with, esp. in war: to dispute
with: as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αείρω, = ἀντ-αίρω:—Med., ἀνταείρεσθαι χεῖρας
τινι to raise one's hands against one.

ἀντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄθλος) struggling against,
rivaling.

ἀντ-αιδέομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Med. to respect one another.

ἀνταῖος, α, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right oppo-
site: ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. 2.
hostile. II. besought with prayers; τὰ ἀνταῖα
θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντῶ: aor. I ἀντῆρα:—to raise
against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to re-
sist, withstand.

ἀντ-αιτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἌΝΤΑΚΑΙΟΣ, ὁ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἀκούω, f. ούσομαι, to bear in turn: to listen in
return.

ἀντ-ακροάομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ἀλάζω, f. ἄω, to return a shout.

ἀντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken
in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ξω: aor. I -ἔλλαξα:
—to give or take in exchange:—Med. to take one
thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἀμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in
exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment in
exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3. to
give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντάμειψις, εως, ἡ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against an-
other, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-αναγώ, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out
to sea against: generally to attack. 2. to bring
up instead.

ἀντ-ανάλισκω, f. ἀνᾶλῶω, to destroy in return.

ἀντ-αναμένω, to wait instead.

ἀντ-αναπλήπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

ἀντ-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.

ἀντ-αναπληρώω, f. ὥσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, ἐμι ἰβο) to go up against.

ἀντ-ανίστημι, I. Causal. in pres. and impf.,
fut. and aor. I, to set up against or instead of. II.
intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up
against.

ἀντ-ἀξιος, α, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent
to. Hence

ἀνταξίως, f. ὥσω, to demand as an equivalent or
in turn.

ἀντ-απαιτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-απαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

ἀντ-απερύκω, to keep off in turn.

ἀντ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or
answer.

ἀντ-αποδίδωμι, f. δῶσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so.
 III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.
 ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.
 ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.
 ἀντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.
 ἀντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to receive in return.
 ἀντ-απόλλυμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 3 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.
 ἀντ-αποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.
 ἀντ-αποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.
 ἀντ-άπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-άπτομαι.
 ἀντ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to hold out against: to hold out.
 ἀντ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.
 ἀνταυγίω, f. ἡσώ, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγής, ἑς, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.
 ἀντ-αυδῶ, f. ἡσώ, to speak against, answer.
 ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I -ἦντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.
 ἀντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. ἔσω, to accuse in turn.
 ἀντ-εκάζω, f. ἄσομαι: aor. I -ἦκασα:—to compare in return.
 ἀν-τείνω, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.
 ἀντ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-εῷ.
 ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.
 ἀντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute.
 ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.
 ἀντ-εκκλίπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.
 ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.
 ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return.
 ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλευσώμαι, to sail out against.
 ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.
 ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι, to sally out against.
 ἀντελαβόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.
 ἀντέλλουσα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἀντατέλλω.
 ἀντ-έλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.
 ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴω, Att. ἰῶ, to hope instead.
 ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.
 ἀντ-εμβιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to put on board instead.
 ἀντεμπάγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.
 ἀντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.
 ἀντ-εμπύρριμι, f. -εμπύρσω, to set on fire in return.
 ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδῶσω, to give way in turn.
 ἀντ-εξάγω, f. ἄξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-εξαντέω, f. ἡσώ, to demand in return.
 ἀντ-ἐξεῖμι, (ἐῖμι ibo) to march out against.
 ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξεῖμι.
 ἀντ-ἐξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.
 ἀντ-ἐξιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride out against.
 ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἐξορμῶ) a sailing out against.
 ἀντ-ἐπαίγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.
 ἀντ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise in return.
 ἀντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.
 ἀντ-ἐπειμι, to rush upon, attack.
 ἀντ-επεξάγω, f. ξω, to lead or march out against.
 ἀντ-επέξεῖμι, (ἐῖμι ibo) to march out against.
 ἀντ-επεξελαύνω, f. Att. -εξελάω, to march out against.
 ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξεῖμι.
 ἀντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.
 ἀντ-επιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.
 ἀντ-επιθυμέω, f. ἡσώ, to desire in turn:—Pass. ἀντ-επιθυμείσθαι τινας to have a thing desired from one.
 ἀντ-επικουράω, f. ἡσώ, to help in return.
 ἀντ-επιμελέομαι, fut. med. ἡσομαι: aor. I pass. -επεμελέθην: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.
 ἀντ-επιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.
 ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.
 ἀντ-επιτερίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰῶμαι: pf. pass. -τετέλιχμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.
 ἀντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.
 ἀντ-εράνιζω, f. ἴω, (ἀντί, ἔρανος) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.
 ἀντεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, a rival in love. From ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.
 ἀντ-ερίδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against.
 Hence ἀντέρεις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.
 ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ἠρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.
 ἀντ-ερούμαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [ῥ]
 ἀντ-εῷ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντέρηκα: (cf. ἀντεῖπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be given.
 ἀντ-έρως, ατος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.
 ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἡσώ, to ask in turn.
 ἀντ-ἐστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.
 ἀντ-ευεργετέω, f. ἡσώ, to return a kindness.
 ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ἡσώ, to wish well in return.
 ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to hold against; χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to hold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to hold out against, withstand: absol. to hold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to hold out against something: later, with gen. only, to hold on by, hold to, cleave to.
 ἀντ-ήλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες ἀντὶ ἥλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

ἄντην, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἄντην ἐρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἄντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντ-ἥνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ. (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) instead of a man. ἀντ-πρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐπρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival.

ἀντ-ήρης, es, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πληγὰν στέφνων ἀντήρεις blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀντερίζω) a prow: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντ-ῆχέω, Dor. -ῆχέω, f. ἦσω, to re-echo.

ἌΝΤΙ, Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντὶ πολλῶν λαῶν ἐστί, he is worth many people: hence I. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 3. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀντ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies 1. over against, as in ἀντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντι-πολεμέω. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντι-δεξιόμαι. 4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθέω. 5. instead, as in ἀντ-ἥνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφος.

ἀντία, Adv. = ἄντην, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος.

ἀντιάαν, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάασθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάω, f. ἄσω, Dor. ἄξω: aor. I ἦντίασα: (ἀντί): —to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-ἀνεῖρα, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιάω, f. ἄσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιάω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιόωντων, part. ἀντιῶν, ὄνσα, ὄντες, inf. ἀντιάαν, med. ἀντιάσθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος): —to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II. c. dat. to meet with, light upon.

II. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιώσα.

ἀντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντέβην: —to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἐλὼν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ, to throw against or in turn.

ἀντιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίνω) resistance.

ἀντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίους ἐπέεσις with wrangling words: neut. ἀντιβιον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. ἀντιβλεψίς, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθέω, f. ἦσω, to help in turn or mutually.

ἀντι-βολέω, f. ἦσω: aor. with double augm. ἤντεβόλησα, Ep. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω): —to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei.

III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἦσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωσκέω, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγράφεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγράφῃ, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα, τὰ, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: —Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντίγραφή.

ἀντι-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαί: —to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δεξιόμαι, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέρομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to rival as a demagogue. ἀντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn: —Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, ὁ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντιδοσις.

ἀντι-διέξेमι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικέω, f. ἦσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἡντιδίκουν, aor. I ἡντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ἡντεδίκουν, ἡντεδίκησα: —to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντί-δικος, ον, (ἀντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντιδικοὶ the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῶ or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

ἀντί-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δόρα) clothed with something instead of a skin.

ἀντίδοσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

ἀντίδοσις, *ov*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

ἀντι-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουλος, *ov*, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουπος, *ov*, resounding.

ἀντι-δράω, *f. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite.

ἀντι-δωρόμαι, *f. ήσωμαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντι-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντι-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντί-θεος, *η, ov*, godlike, equal to the gods.

ἀντι-θεράπευω, *f. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντίθεσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis.

ἀντι-θέω, *f. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντι-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

ἀντι-καθίζομαι, *fut. -καθεδούμαι*: *aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν*: Med.:—to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, *Ion. -κάττημαι*, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, *to set opposite*:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καρίστημι, *Ion. ἀντι-καρίσθημι*: *f. -καταστήσω*:

I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακουργέω, *to injure in turn*.

ἀντι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-κατανήσκω, *aor. 2 -έθανον*, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, *Att. -ττω*, *f. ξω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάττημαι, ἀντι-καρίζομαι, ἀντι-καρίσθημι, *Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-*.

ἀντί-κειμαι, *f. -κείσομαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντί-κεντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad.

ἀντι-κηδεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. ύξω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάζω, *f. -κλάξω*, to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τινί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

ἀντι-κολακεύω, *f. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιώ*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κούρυσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, to bold instead.

ἀντίκρουσις, *ews, ἡ*, a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check. From

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντίκρυ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρυ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντί-

κρυς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυς (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. of Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτόνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *f. ήσω*, to clasp against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [ῶ], *f. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κομωδέω, *f. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλαβή, ἡ, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a bundle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, *fut. -λήξομαι*: pf. ἀντέληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάξυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to bold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *ίω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: pf. ἀντέληφα: *aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον*:—to receive instead of or in turn. II.

Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence, I. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take hold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6.

to grasp with the mind, apprehend. ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to light up in turn. II.

intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέξω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτόν, verb. Adj. one must gainsay: and ἀντιλεκτός, *ov*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *οντος, ό*, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like.

ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντίληψις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

ἀντιλογέω, *f. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ἡ, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputations.

ἀντιλογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *f. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντίλυτρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύτρα) in harmony with the lyre.

ἀντίλυτρον, *ov*, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μάνησομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *f. -μαθήσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μάχσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλκω, to drag to the opposite side.

ἀντι-μεδίστημι, fut. -σθήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.

ἀντι-μελίζω, to rival in music.

ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελήσω, to wait and watch against.

ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. φομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.

ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.

ἀντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn.

ἀντι-μέτωπος, ov, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.

ἀντι-μηχανόμαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.

ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μῦ]

ἀντι-μίμος, ov, (ἀντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.

ἀντι-μίσῳ, f. ήσω, to bate in return.

ἀντιμοσία, ή, a reward, requital. From

ἀντι-μισθος, ov, for or instead of a reward.

ἀντι-μοίρια, as, ή, (ἀντί, μοῖρα) a compensation.

ἀντι-μολπος, ov, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντίμολπον ἄκος ὕμνον song, sleep's substitute.

ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.

ἀντι-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer in turn.

ἀντι-ξεύω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From

ἀντί-ξοος, ov, Ion. ἀντί-ξους, ουν, (ἀντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξουν opposition.

ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.

ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.

ἀντιόομαι, fut. med. ὥσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡντιώ-θην: Dep.:—to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.

ἀντίος, α, ov, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary.

III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἀντα, opposite: against, straight at.

2. against one's will.

ἀντι-οχειόμαι, Pass. to drive against.

ἀντιο-σταδής, poet. for ἀντίσταται, to oppose.

ἀντιώω, ἀντιών, -όωσα, ἀντιούωντων, see ἀντιώω.

ἀντι-πάθής, ές, (ἀντί, πάθεῖν) in return for suffering.

II. of opposite feelings or passions.

ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.

ἀντί-παις, παῖδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a child.

ἀντίπαλος, ov, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II.

fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντίπαλος, ό, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.

ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to hold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.

ἀντι-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.

ἀντι-παραβῶ, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to outflank.

ἀντι-παρακἄλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.

ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.

ἀντι-παρὰλῦπέω, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.

ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.

ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence

ἀντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation.

ἀντι-παράτᾶσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.

ἀντι-παράτίθῃμι, to set side by side against, compare closely.

ἀντι-πάρεμι, (είμι ibo) to march parallel to.

ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρεμι.

ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.

ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against.

ἀντι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.

ἀντι-πέραιος, α, ov, lying over against, esp. beyond sea. From

ἀντι-περαίω, f. περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.

ἀντι-περίαν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase Ἀσίαδ' ἀντιπέρην τε, Asia and the opposite coast.

ἀντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence

ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.

ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.

ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn.

ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.

ἀντι-πετρος, ov, (ἀντί, πέτρα) bard as stone, rocky.

ἀντι-πηξέ, ηγος, ή, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.

ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to strive against, resist.

ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.

ἀντι-πλήξέ, ηγος, ό, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.

ἀντι-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.

ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence

ἀντίπνοος, ov, contr. ἀντίπνοος, ουν, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.

ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.

ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἄποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντί-πολεμῶ, *f. ἦσω*, to wage war against one.

ἀντί-πολεμος, *ov*, = ἀντιπόλεμος.

ἀντι-πόλεμος, *ov*, warring against: of ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιorkῶ, *f. ἦσω*, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, *Pass.*, with *f. med.* -εὔσομαι: *aor. I* *pass.* ἀντεπορεύην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθῶ, *f. ἦσω*, to lay waste in return.

ἀντί-πορθμος, *ov*, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντί-πορος, *ov*, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, *Att. -ττω*, *Ion.* -πρήσσω: *fut. ξω*: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβέομαι, *Med.* to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, *Ion.* for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρόειμι, (εἶμι *ibo*) to come forward against.

ἀντι-προικα, *Adv.* for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, *Med.* to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσῆμαίω, *Med.* to heap in turn.

ἀντι-προσείμι, (εἶμι *ibo*) to go against.

ἀντι-προσείπον, *aor. 2* without *pres.* in use, to address in turn: *aor. pass.* ἀντιπροσεήρην.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, *Med.* to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, *f. προσοίω*, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, to hold out in turn.

ἀντί-πρωρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντι-πύλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντι-πυργός, *ov*, like a tower.

ἀντι-πυργός, *f. ὥσω*, to build a tower over against:

ἀντ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντιρ-ρέπω, *f. ψω*, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντιρροπος, *ov*, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκῶ, *f. ὥσω*, to weigh against, to compensate. 2. *intr.* to be equal in weight, to counterpoise: δις ἀντισηκῶσαι ῥοπή to weigh twice as heavy.

Hence

ἀντισηκῶσις, *ews* *Ion.* *ios*, ἡ, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιεπάω, *f. ἥσομαι*, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκευάζομαι, *f. ἄσομαι*, *Dep.* (ἀντί, σκευάζω) to arrange in turn.

ἀντι-ισόομαι, *Pass.* (ἀντί, ἰσώω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντισπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντίσπαστος, *ov*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντί-

σπαστος, *δ*, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντι-σταθμος, *ov*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-σθασιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to form a party against.

ἀντίσθασις, *ews*, ἡ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-σθασιώτης, *ov*, *δ*, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτέω, *f. ἦσω*, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ᾶ]

ἀντι-ίστημι, *Ion.* for ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντιστοιχέω, *f. ἦσω*, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντί-στοιχος, *ov*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στρατεύομαι, *Dep.* (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, *δ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and *Med.* -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf.* ἀντέστροφα:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. *intr.* (sub. *εαυτόν*, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, ἡ, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous *στροφή*, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, *ov*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. *Adv.* -φως, contrariwise to.

ἀντι-συναντίζω, *f. ἦσω*, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, *f. ἰω* *Att.* *ἰῶ*: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχεῖν, *aor. 2* *inf.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, 2 *pl. aor. 2* *med. imperat.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, *fut. ἰω* *Att.* *ἰῶ*, to strengthen against: *Med.* to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντι-ίσχω, *collat. form* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *f. εὔσω*, = ἀντισπῶ.

ἀντι-τάμειν, *aor. 2* *inf.* of ἀντιτάμνω.

ἀντίταξις, *ews*, ἡ, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. *opposition*. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, *Att.* -τάττω, *fut. τάξω*, to range in battle against another:—*Pass.* to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, to offer in return, repay. II. *intr.* and *Med.* to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τελιζω, to build a fort against. Hence

ἀντιτείχισμα, *ατος*, τό, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τέμνω, *f. -τεμῶ*: *aor. 2* ἀντέταμον:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, *Dep.* to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνησις, *ews*, ἡ, counter-manceuvring.

ἀντί-τέχνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—*Pass.* to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in return:

give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμῶ, f. ἦσω, to do honour to in return :—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτιμῆσις, εως, ἡ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμης of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμωρέω, f. ἦσω, to punish in return :—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τίω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντί-τολμος, ον, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιτάμειν) cut as a remedy for : as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ον, (ἀντιτίνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, ον, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίω) requited, revenged ; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι ; aor. 2 -έτυχον :—to meet with in turn.

ἀντί-τύπος, ον, (ἀντί, τύπηται) struck back, echoed ; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow :—answering to, correspondent :—as Subst., ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back : hence

resisting ; stubborn, obstinate : adverse ; ἀντίτυπος Διός the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντιφερίζω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with : to fight for a prize with.

ἀντι-φέρνος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dower.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against :—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντιφθογγος, ον, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεικεῖω, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμέομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. φω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντι-φονος, ον, in return for slaughter. II.

θάνατοι ἀντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. φω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακῃ, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [ῥ]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. φω, to watch in turn :—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντί-φωνος, ον, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to show kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choregus. From

ἀντι-χόρηγος, ὁ, a rival choregus.

ἀντι-χράω, aor. I ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντι-χριστος, ὁ, anticrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψᾶλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντιψαλμος, ον, responsive.

ἀντι-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

ἀντι-ψυχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilge-water, bale the ship : generally, to draw water. II.

metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources ; of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exaurire, exhaurire ; but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, atos, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the bold of a ship. II. bilge-water, filib.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

*ΑΝΤΑΟΣ, ὁ, the bold of a ship where the bilge-water settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself ; ἀντλον δεχέσθαι to let in water, leak ; ἀντλον εἰργειν Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out :—

poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντ-οικτεῖω, to pity in return.

ἀντ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἀντοικτεῖω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf. : (ἀντα, ἀντί) —to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιάω, to

approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομώσω and -ομοῦμαι : aor. I ἀντῶ-μοσα —to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term,

to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντ-ονομάζω, f. ἄσω, to call by a new name. II. to speak in tropes.

ἀντ-ορύσσω, f. ῥέω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave ; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες groi-Nymphs.

ἀντροθε, Adv. from a cave. From

*ΑΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, groi, cavern.

*ΑΝΤΥΞ, ὄγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer,

1. the rim of the round shield. 2. the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double : it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung :—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself.

3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the orbit of the planets.

ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-
ἀντ-ωδός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἀοιδός) singing in answer to,
responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-ὄμνυμι) an oath taken by one
against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath
taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by
the defendant.

ἀντ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against.
ἀντ-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὤψ) looking straight at, facing,
fronting, straight opposite.

ἀντ-ωφέλλω, f. ἦσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to
derive benefit in turn.

ἀν-ύβριστος, ον, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. II.
not insolent, decorous.

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, want of water, drought. From
ἀν-υδρος, ον, (a privat., ὕδρα) wanting water: ἡ
ἀνυδρος (sub. ἡ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), the
region without water.

ἀν-ύμεναιος, ον, (a privat., ὑμεναῖος) without the
nuptial song, unwedded.

ἀνύμεν, Dor. for ἡνύμεν, i pl. impf. of ἀννυμι.
ἀννυμι, = ἀνώω:—Pass. ἀννύμαι, impf. ἡνύτο ἔργον the
work was finished.

ἀν-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song.
ἀ-νύμφευτος, ον, (a privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;
ἀνύμφευτον γονήν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-
riage.

ἀ-νύμφος, ον, (a privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-
wedded; ἀννυμφα γάμων ἀμύλληματα unballowed em-
braces.

II. without bride or mistress.
ἀν-υτέρβλητος, ον, (a privat., υπερβάλλω) not to
be surpassed or outdone.

ἀν-υπεύθυνος, ον, (a privat., υπεύθυνος) not liable
to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-υποδесία, ἡ, ἀνυποδετέω, ἀνυπόδετος, ον, are
later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ἀνυποδησία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From
ἀνυποδητέω, f. ἦσω, to go barefoot. From
ἀν-υπόδητος, ον, (a privat., υποδέω) unshod, bare-
foot: also with old shoes, ill-shod.

ἀν-υπόδικος, ον, (a privat., υπόδικος) not liable to
action.

ἀν-υπόκρίτος, ον, (a privat., υποκρίνομαι) undis-
guised, without dissimulation.

ἀν-υπονόητος, ον, (a privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected;
unexpected. II. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-υπόπτος, ον, (a privat., ὑπόπτος) without suspi-
cion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. un-
suspecting.

ἀν-υπόστατος, ον, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be
withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ἀν-υπότακτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made
subject, unruly.

ἀνύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνώω.
ἀνύσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνώω, ἔργον) industrious.
ἀνύσιμος, ον, (ἀνώω) efficacious, effectual.
ἀνύσις, ὤς, ἡ, (ἀνώω) accomplishment, end.
ἀνύσσα, Ep. for ἡνύσσα, aor. I of ἀνώω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνώω) to be accomplished, possible;
σιγή ὡς ἀνυστός as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος,
ἀνύτο, Dor. for ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀννυμι.
ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [ῥ], Att. form of ἀνώω, only used
in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὑφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) to weave anew.
ἀν-υψίω, f. ὤσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνώω, Att. ἀνύτω or better ἀνύτω [ῥ], poet. ἀννυμι:
f. ἀνύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡνύσα, Ep. ἀνύσσα: pf. ἡνύκα:
—Pass., aor. I ἡνύσθην: pf. ἡνύσμαι: (ἀνώω):—to
accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἡνυε he
did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own
advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to
grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύται εἰς...
for ἀνύται οὐδὲν εἰς... to make one's way to a place;
also, ἀνύται θάλαμον for ἀνύται εἰς θάλαμον, to
arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-
cure.

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φθονέουσα I
gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάνω, in the
sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνύε πράττον make
baste about it; but more freq. ἀνύσας, with imper-
at., make baste and more... as ἀνύσας ἀνύετε make baste
and open, etc.: also ἀνύε alone, make baste! dis-
patch! III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἡνυσε
περὰν the army succeeded in crossing.

"ANΩ, impf. ἡνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to
come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time,
νύξ ἀνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον
the waning year. [ᾶ]

ἀνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen.,
αἰθέρος ἀνω up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat.
supra.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-
wards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries,
inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;
εἰς τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἀνω θεοὶ the gods
above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἀνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω
the dead; ἀνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy,
also up and down, to and fro, always in the same
place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.
Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ
beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἀνώ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι. [ᾶ]
ἀνωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command,
bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to
do. From ἀνωγα we have I plur. ind. ἀνωγμεν;
imperat. ἀνώγε and ἀνωχθί, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and
ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνώχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν:
plqpf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα.

There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω);
whence we have an impf. ἀνώγων, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I
ἡνώξα.

ἀνώ-γαίον, τό, (ἀνώ, γαῖα) properly anything above
ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house:
used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἀνώγεν, Ep. for ἀνέφωγεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀν-
οίγνυμι: but ἀνώγεν 3 sing. of ἀνωγα.

ἀνώγειν, *ω, τό, and ἀνώγειω, ω, ό, ή, = ἀνώγειον.*

ἀνώγειν, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνώγει.

ἀνώγει, see ἀνώγει.

ἀν-ώδυνος, *ον, (a privat., δύνειν) free from pain.* II.

act. *allaying pain.*

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv. (ἀνω) of place, *from above, from heaven.* 2. *above, on high, and so of*

ἀνωθεν, *the living, opp. to ό κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε*

γής above ground. II. of time, *from the beginning.*

ἀν-ώθει, fut. -ώθησιν and -ώσω:—*to push up or*

forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλέον (sc.

την ναύν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put

away from oneself.

ἀνωϊστή, Adv. of sq., *unlooked for.* [τῇ]

ἀν-ώϊστος, *ον, (a privat., οἶσμαι) unlooked for, un-*

foreseen. II. Ion. for ἀν-οϊστός, (ἀναφέρω) *re-*

ferred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεθρος, *ον, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) indestructible.*

ἀν-ώματος, *ον, (a privat., ὀματος) uneven, unequal,*

irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀν-ωμοτί, Adv. of ἀνώματος, *without oath.*

ἀν-ώματος, *ον, (a privat., ὀμνυμι) unsworn, not*

bound by oath. II. *not sworn to.*

ἀν-ωνόμαστος, *ον, (a privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be*

named, indescribable.

ἀν-ωνύμει and ἀνωνυμί, Adv. of ἀνωνυμος.

ἀν-ώνυμος, *ον, (a privat., ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα)*

without name, anonymous. II. *nameless, inglorious.*

ἀνώξει, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγει, see ἀνώγει.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγει: see ἀνώγει.

ἀνωρία, *ή, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ έρουs the bad*

season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀν-ωρος, *ον, (a privat., ὠρα) like ἀ-ωρος, untimely,*

unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀν-ωρούμαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὠρούμαι) *to howl aloud.*

ἀνώσαι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνενέγκαι, aor. I act.

inf. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνώσας, *ασα, αν, aor. I part. of ἀνωθέω.*

ἀνώτατος, *η, ον, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.*

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, *highest up, at top.*

ἀνωτερικός, *ή, ον, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.*

ἀνωτερον, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, *higher up: above.*

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, *higher up, above.*

ἀν-ώφελής, *ές, (a privat., ὠφελέω) useless: also*

fruitful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀν-ώφελητος, *ον, (a privat., ὠφελέω) fruitless, un-*

profitable. 2. *worthless.*

ἀνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of

ἀνώγει: ἀνώχθε, 2 plur. of same.

ἄξει, aor. I inf. of ἄγνυμι, *to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl.*

med.

ἄξασθε, aor. I imperat. med. of ἄγω, *to lead.*

*Α-ξείνος, *ον, Ion. for ἄξενος,*

II. *Ἄξενος (sc.

πόντος), *ος, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered*

(for the omen's sake) to Εὔξενος, the Euxine.

ἄξιμεναι, ἄξιμεν, Ep. for ἄξειν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω.

ἄ-ξενος, Ion. ἄ-ξείνος, *ον, (a privat., ξένος) inhos-*

pitable: uninhabitable.

ἄ-ξείστος, *ον, (a privat., ξέω) unbewn, untroubled.*

ἄξει, aor. I subj. of ἄγνυμι.

ἄξια, *ή, properly fem. of ἄξιος, the worth or value of*

a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's

due or deserts; κατ' ἄξιν according to his desert, ὑπέρ

or παρ' ἄξιν contrary to his desert.

ἄξι-άγαστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, ἀγαμαι) worth admiring,*

admirable. [ἀγ]

ἄξι-άκουστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.*

ἄξι-ἀκροῦτος, *ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκροάμαι) worth listen-*

ing to.

ἄξι-ἀφήγητος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, *ον, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγέο-*

μαι) worth telling.

ἄξι-ἐπαινος, *ον, (ἄξιος ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.*

ἄξι-ἐραστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαι) worthy of love.*

ἄξινη, *ή, (ἄγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood:*

a battle-axe. [ῖ]

ἄξιο-βιωτος, *ον, (ἄξιος, βιώνω) worth living for.*

ἄξιο-εργός, *όν, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.*

ἄξιο-θαύμαστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of*

wonder, marvellous.

ἄξιο-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, *ον, (ἄξιος, θεάμαι) worth*

seeing.

ἄξιο-θρηνος, *ον, (ἄξιος, θρήνος) worthy of lamentation.*

ἄξιο-κτητος, *ον, (ἄξιος, κτάμαι) worth getting.*

ἄξιο-λογος, *ον, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention,*

remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξιο-μακάριστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be*

deemed happy.

ἄξιο-μάχος, *ον, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in*

battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξιο-μίσης, *ές, (ἄξιος, μίσος) worthy of hatred,*

hateful.

ἄξιο-μνημόνευτος, *ον, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of*

mention.

ἄξιο-νίκος, *ον, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.*

ἄξιο-πενθής, *ές, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lament-*

ation, lamentable.

ἄξιο-πιστός, *ον, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trustworthly.*

ἄξιο-πρεπής, *ές, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.*

ἄξι-όρατος, *ον, (ἄξιος, ὀράω) worth seeing.*

ἄξιος, *α, ον, (ἄγω iv, to weigh) of like value, worth*

as much as, c. gen.; Βοὸς ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ

ἄξιον worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανέν worth of

death, 2. *absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the*

word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also

an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. II.

worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιός

εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιός εἰμι οἰκτεῖσθαι I de-

serve to be pitied.

ἄξιο-σκεπτος, *ον, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without con-*

sidering.

ἄξιο-σπούδαστος, *ον, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of*

zealous endeavours.

ἄξιο-στρατηγος, *ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of*

being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξιο-τεκμαρτος, *ον, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of*

being brought in evidence, credible.

ἀξιο-φίλτος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, φίλῳ) *worth loving*.
 ἀξιο-χρεός, *ον*, *Ion*, for *sq*.
 ἀξιο-χρεώς, *εων*, *gen. ω* : *Ion*. ἀξιο-χρεός, *ον*, *neut*.
pl. ἀξιοχρεά : (ἄξιος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing*, and so
worth considering, considerable, remarkable. 2.
serviceable, sufficient. II. with *inf. able, sufficient*
to do. III. like ἄξιος, with *gen.*, *worthy of*
a thing.
 ἀξίω, *f. ὥσω* : *pf. ἤξιώκα* :—*Pass.*, *fut. ἀξιωθήσομαι*,
 but also in *med. form ἀξιώσομαι* : *pf. ἤξιωμαι* ;
 (ἄξιος) :—*to think or deem worthy of a thing* : of
 things, *to value at a certain rate* : also *absol. to*
esteem, honour. II. but mostly with *inf. to think*
one worthy to do or be : hence I. of others, *to*
think fit, expect, require, *Lat. postulare* ; ἀξίω κομί-
 ζεσθαι *I think I have a right to receive* : *absol. to make*
a claim. 2. of oneself, *to think fit to do or be* ;
 ἀξίω θανεῖν *I consent to die* ; ἀξίω πράσσειν *I dare*,
determine to do : *esp. to design, condescend to do* : so
 in *Med.*, ἀξιοῦσθαι μέλειν *to deign to care for*. 3.
to think, suppose ; *to lay down, maintain*. Hence
 ἀξίωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, *that of which one is thought worthy*,
 and so, *esteem, reputation, rank*, *Lat. dignitas*. II.
that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. 2.
 in philosophy, *a self-evident proposition, an axiom*.
 ἀξίως, *Adv.* of ἄξιος, *worthily, as becomes*.
 ἀξιώσις, *εως*, *Ion. ιος, ἡ*, (ἀξίω) *a being thought*
worthy : *estimation, reputation, character*. II.
 (from *Med.*) *a thinking oneself worthy, a demand,*
claim. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim*.
 ἄξωμα, *fut. med.* (with *pass sense*) of ἄγω.
 ἄξονιος, *α, ον*, (ἄξων) *belonging to the axle*.
 ἄξος, *ὁ*, *Cretan word for ἄγρως*.
 ἄ-ἑνγκροτήτος, *ον*, for *ἀσυνκ.*, (α *privat.*, *συγκρο-*
τέω) *not welded together by the hammer* : of rowers,
not rowing in time.
 ἀξύλια, *ἡ*, (ἄξύλος) *want of wood*.
 ἀ-ξύλος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ξύλον) *unfelled, unthinned*,
 hence *thickly wooded*. II. *without wood, ill-wooded*.
 ἄ-ξυμ-, ἄ-ξυν-, *v. ἀσυν-*, ἄσυν-.
 ἄ-ξύστατος, *ον*, *v. ἀσύστ-*.
 ἄξων, *ονος, ὁ*, (ἄγω) *an axle, Lat. axis* : also the
 whole *wheel* : also, the *supposed axis of the heavens*,
the pole. II. οἱ ἄξωες, *the wooden tablets of the*
laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis.
 ἄξωος, *ὁ*, *an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a*
temple. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀοιδῆ, *contr. φδῆ, ἡ*, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing* : also
the subject of song : hence *a legend, tale*.
 ἀοιδίδια, *poët.* for ἀείδω.
 ἀοιδίμος, *ον*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song* : in
bad sense, notorious.
 ἀοιδο-θέτης, *ον, ὁ*, (ἀοιδῆ, τίθημι) *a lyric poet*.
 ἀοιδο-πόλος, *ὁ*, (ἀοιδῆ, πολέω) *one busied with song,*
a poet.
 ἀοιδός, *ὁ*, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, *Lat.*
vates : *fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx*. II. as
Adj. ἀοιδός, *όν*, *tuneful, musical*.

ἀοιδο-τόκος, *ον*, *inspiring song*.
 ἄ-οικητος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἰκέω) *uninhabited* : *house-*
less, without a home.
 ἄ-οικος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶκος) *houseless, without home*
or country.
 ἄ-οινος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶνος) *without wine* : *not*
worshipped with oblations of wine : of men, *drinking*
no wine, sober : of a place, *having none*.
 ἄοιτος, *α, ον*, *Aeol. and Dor.* for ἡοῖτος.
 ἄ-οικος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶκος) *without fear or hesi-*
tation, untiring, restless. *Adv. -ως*.
 ἀολλέα, ἀολλέας, *acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλής*.
 ἀολλήρην, *Adv.* of ἀολλής, *in a body, together*.
 ἀολλής, *ές*, (α *copul.*, εἰλω) *all together, in throngs,*
sboals or crowds. Hence
 ἀολλίζω, *f. ἴσω*, *to gather together* :—*Pass.* *to come*
together, assemble.
 ἄ-οπλος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὅπλον) *without armour, un-*
armed.
 ἄορ and ὄορ, ἄορος, *τό*, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a*
banger : later, *any weapon*.
 ἄορᾶς, *acc. pl* for ἄορα, from ἄορ, *τό*, *a sword*.
 ἄ-όρατος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὄραω) *unseen, invisible*.
 ἄ-όριστος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὀρίζω) *without boundaries* :
indefinite, indeterminate. II. ὁ ἄοριστος (*sub.*
χρόνος), *the aorist tense*.
 ἄ-ορνος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὄρνις) *without birds*.
 ἀορτή, *ἡ*, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack*. II. *the aorta or*
great artery.
 ἀορτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to*
hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt ; but also *a*
knapsack-strap.
 ἀορτο, *Ion.* for ἡορτο, *3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω* ;
cf. ἄορτο.
 ἀοοσέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀοζος) *to help, aid*. Hence
 ἀοοστήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, *a helper, aider*.
 ἄ-ουτος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburnt*.
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγείλας, *aor. I inf. and part. of*
ἀπαγγέλλω.
 ἀπαγγεῖλα, *ἡ*, *a report given in* : *a narrative, re-*
cital. From
 ἀπ-αγγέλλω, *f. -ελῶ*, *Ion. -ελέω* : *aor. I -ἤγγεila* :
 —*Pass.*, *aor. I -ἤγγελην*, *aor. 2 -ἤγγελην* : *pf.*
-ἤγγεμαι :—*to bring tidings, report, announce* : *to*
relate, tell :—*Med.*, *πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring*
back tidings. Hence
 ἀπαγγελτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, *a messenger*.
 ἀπ-αγε, *Adv.* away! *be gone!* *Lat. apage!* properly
imperat. of ἀπάγω (*sub. σάωντο*).
 ἀ-παγής, *ές*, (α *privat.*, παγῆναι) *not firmly fixed* :
of loose texture.
 ἀπ-ἀγίνεω, *Ion.* for ἀπ-άγω, *esp. of paying tribute*.
 ἀπ-αγλαῖζω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ*, *to deprive of orna-*
ment.
 ἀπ-ἀγορεύω, *f. σω*, (*the Att. fut. is ἀπείρω, pf. ἀπείρηκα,*
aor. ἀπείπον) :—*to forbid* : *absol. to dissuade*. II.
intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat. : *c. part.*
to give up doing : also *to grow weary of*. 2. *to*

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα *things worn out*.

ἀπ-αγριόομαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) *to become wild or savage*.

ἀπ-αγχνόζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπ-άγχω, f. -άξω, *to strangle, throttle*:—Med. *to bang oneself; to be ready to choke*.

ἀπ-άγω, f. ἄγω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—*to lead away, carry off*:—Med. *to take away for oneself*. II. *to take home*. III. *to return what one owes, pay*. IV. as Att. law-term, *to bring before a magistrate and accuse*. 2. *to lead away to death*. V. *to lead away, perplex: to divert from a thing*. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν), *to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἀπαγε, q. v.* Hence

ἀπάγωγή, ἡ, *a leading or dragging away*. II. *a taking home*. III. *payment of tribute*. IV. as Att. law-term, *a bringing before the magistrate*.

ἀπαθεῖν, -εῖν, Ion. for ἀπαθ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπαθάνω.

ἀπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, *to sing out of tune*: metaph. *to dissent from*: *to wander away from*.

ἀπ-αίρομαι, Pass. *to depart from*.

ἀπ-αθανάτιζω, *to aim at immortality*.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, *insensibility to suffering, apathy*. From ἀ-πάθης, ἐς, (α privat., πάθος) *without suffering, not suffering*: *insensible, apathetic*. 2. *unwilling to suffer, impatient of*. 3. *not having suffered, unharmed*.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπαθής, *without passion*.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαίδευσις, ὁ, *want of education, ignorance*: *coarseness*. II. *want of control over a thing*. From ἀ-παίδευτος, ον, (α privat., παιδεύω) *uneducated, ignorant, boorish*. Adv. ἀπαιδευτῶς *ἔχειν* *to be boorish*.

ἀπαιδία, ἡ, (ἄπαις) *childlessness*.

ἀπ-αυθιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) *to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather*.

ἀπ-αἰνῦμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αἰνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἰνυμαι):—*to take away, withdraw*: *pluck off*.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαϊολάω, *to cheat*: *to perplex, confound*. From ἀπ-αἰδῆ, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰδῆλος) *cheating, duping, any means of cheating*.

ἀπαϊόλημα, ατος, τό, *a knavish trick*.

ἀπαυρεθεῖω, Ion. for ἀφαιρεθεῖω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀπ-αῖρέω, Ion. for ἀφ-αῖρέω.

ἀπ-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αείρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπάρω: aor. I ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—*to lift off*: hence *to carry, take away*. II. *to lead away an army or fleet*; hence, as if intr. *to sail away, march away*: generally, *to set out, depart*: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός *to depart from the land*.

ἀ-παῖς, ἀπαῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., παῖς) *childless*: c. gen., ἀπαῖς ἔρρενος γόνου *without male heirs*.

ἀπ-αῖσσω, Att. -ᾄσσω, f. ξω: Att. aor. I ἀπῆξα:—*to rush down*: generally, *to dart away*.

ἀπ-αντέω, f. ἤσω, *to demand back, or simply to demand of one*:—Pass. *to have a thing demanded of one*. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, *a demanding back, demand*.

ἀπ-αντίζω, f. ἰσώ, = ἀπαυτέω, *to demand back*.

ἀπ-αιωρέω, f. ἤσω, *to make to bang down, suspend*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, *to bang down from, bower about*.

ἀπ-ακρίβόομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβής):—*to be finished off, carefully finished*: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκρίβωμένος, *highly wrought or finished*.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ον, (α privat., πάλαιω) *not thrown in wrestling*: generally, *unconquerable*.

ἀ-πάλαιστρος, ον, (α privat., πάλαιστρο) *not trained in the palaestra, awkward*. II. *not customary on the palaestra*.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλέξω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλκω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλαλκέμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, *helpless, silly*. II. *unmanageable, lawless*.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, (α privat., πάλαιη) *without bands or without the use of them*: *helpless, lazy*. II. *which cannot be helped, unmanageable*.

ἀπ-ᾄλασομαι, Pass. *to go astray, wander*.

ἀπ-αλγέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) *to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling*.

ἀπ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπ-αλήλῃφα:—*to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register*.

ἀπ-ᾄλέξω, fut. -αλέξω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἄλξω):—*to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.*; ἀπαλέξεν βέλος τινός *to ward off a dart from a man*: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, *to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινὰ κακότητος* *to keep a man from evil*:—Med. *to defend oneself against*.

ἀπ-ἀληθεύω, f. σω, *to speak the whole truth*.

ἀπ-αλθέομαι, f. -ῆσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) *to heal thoroughly*.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual. fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) *deliverance, release, riddance from a thing*. II. *a removal, a divorce*. III. (from Pass.) *a going away, escape*: *departure*.

ἀπ-αλλάξω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, *to wish to be rid of*.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγῇ.

ἀπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ῆλλαξα: pf. -ῆλλαχα:—*to set free, release, rid of a thing*. 2. *to put away from, remove from*: also *to get rid of*.

II. intrans. *to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὖ, καὶως ἀπαλλάσσειν*: *to go away, depart*.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπ-ῆλλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπῆλα-

λαγμαι:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλῶς, ἀζήμιος ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι like Lat. *e pueris excedere*, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπαλλοτριώω, f. ὥσω: pf. -ηλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος):—to estrange.

ἀπ-ἀλοάω, ποῖτ. -αλοιάω, f. ἴσω, properly to *thresb out*: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. ἈΠΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, ητος, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλο-τρέφής, ἑς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρων, ὄν, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπαλό-χροος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χροός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χρους, dat. -χροί, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπ-αμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπ-αμάω, f. ἴσω, to cut off.

ἀπ-αμβλύνω, f. ὑνῶ:—Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμμαι. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ἀμείβομαι, f. -αμείβομαι: aor. 1 -ημείφην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

ἀπ-αμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπ-αμελέω, f. ἴσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμένος, η, ὄν, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀάπτω.

ἀπ-αμπλακίσκω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν:—ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ἀμύνω, fut. ὑνῶ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπ-ἀναίνομαι: aor. 1 ἀπηννήμαην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπ-αναισχυντός, f. ἴσω, to be utterly ashamed: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπ-ανᾶλίσκω, fut. -ανᾶλίσσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάστας, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνὴρ):—to become a man.

ἀπ-ἀνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπ-ἀνηνασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ανθῶ, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀπήνηθα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαῖαν γλῶσσαν ἀπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπ-ανθράκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπ-ανθρακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπ-ανθρακώω, f. ὥσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπανθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπ-ἀνθρώπος, ὄν, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπ-ανίστημι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπανταχόθι, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπανταχοῦ, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere.

ἀπ-αντάω: Att. impf. ἀπήντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπήντησα: pf. ἀπήντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3. of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπ-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπ-αντίκρῦ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίκρυ) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπ-άντομαι, = ἀπ-αντάω.

ἀπ-ανύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὁδόν] to finish a journey.

ἈΠΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. *semel*. II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεί, ὥς, etc., like Lat. *ut semel*; ὥς ἀπαξ ἤρξατο when once he began.

ἀπαξ-ἀπῶς, ἀσα, ἄν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαξ-απλῶς, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπ-αξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) unworthiness.

ἀπ-ἀξιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπ-αξίω, f. ὥσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. *dedignari*.

ἀπάορος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀπήορος.

ἀ-παπίος, ὄν, (α privat., πάπιος) with no grandfather or ancestors.

ἀπ-άπτω, Ion. for ἀφ-άπτω.

ἀ-παράβατος, ὄν, (α privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπ-ᾄραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αίρω.

ἀ-παράιτητος, ὄν, (α privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, *not to be entreated, inexorable:* Adv. -τως, *inexorably.*

ἀ-παράκαλυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., παρακαλύπτω) *uncovered:* Adv. -τως, *undisguisedly.* [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, *ov*, (a privat., παρακαλέω) *unsuited, without being called upon.*

ἀ-παράλλακτος, *ov*, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) *unchangeable.*

ἀ-παράλογιστος, *ov*, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) *not to be deceived.*

ἀ-παράμυθος, *ov*, (a privat., παραμυθεῖν) *not to be persuaded:* hence *incurable:* also *inconsolable.* II. *not to be entreated, inexorable.* [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, *ov*, = ἀπαράμυθος, *inexorable:* unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπαρᾶ, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπάρα, *aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.*

ἀπάραξα, *Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.*

ἀ-παρασκευαστος, *ov*, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq.

ἀ-παρασκευος, *ov*, (a privat., παρασκευή) *without preparation, unprepared.*

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, *Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπῆραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off: Lat. decutere.*

ἀπ-αργμα, *ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.*

ἀπ-ἀρέσκω, *f. -ἀρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to.*

2. *Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νευσεσθὲν βασιλῆα ἀνδρᾶ ἀπαρέσασθαι* one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπαρέσασθαι, *Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω.*

ἀπ-παρθένης, *ov*, (a privat., παρθένῳ) *unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden:* in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-παρθένης, *ov*, (a privat., παρθένος) *no more a maid; νύμφην ἀνυμφὸν παρθένον τ' ἀπαρθένον* 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

ἀπ-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἥσω, to count over: to reckon up.*

II. *to reckon or pay back.* Hence

ἀπ-ἀριθμήσις, *εως, ἡ, a counting over.*

ἀπ-ἀρκέω, *f. ἔσω, to suffice, be sufficient.* II. *intr. to be contented, acquiesce.*

ἀπ-ἀνέομαι, *fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπηγνήην: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται* in pass. sense, *it shall be denied.*

ἀπ-αρνος, *ov*, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) *denying utterly; ἀπαρνος ἔστι μὴ νοσεῖν* he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. *pass. denied, refused.*

ἀπ-απτάω, *f. ἥσω: Pass., pf. -ήρημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle.* II. *to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense.*

III. *to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαντύν), to remove oneself, go away.*

ἀπ-ἀπρί, (ἀπό, ἀπριος) *Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just.*

II. *just the reverse, quite the contrary.* III. *of time, = ἀπὸ ἀπρί, for ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.*

ἀπ-απρίζω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.*

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, *ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.*

ἀπαρτισμός, *ῥ, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion.*

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, *verb. Adj. one must draw off.* From

ἀπ-ἀρύνω, *f. ῥύω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.*

ἀπ-αρχή, *ἡ, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead.*

2. *the firstlings*

for sacrifice, *first-fruits.* From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire.*

II. *c. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of.*

2. *to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.*

ἀπ-ἀρχω, *f. ξω, to lead the way.*

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπάσα, ἀπαν, (ἀμα, πᾶς) *strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ᾅπασι and εἰς ᾅπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.*

ἀπ-ασπαίρω, *to struggle convulsively.*

ἀπαστία, *ἡ, a fasting, fast.* From

ἀ-παστος, *ov*, (a privat., πᾶσμαι) *not having tasted.*

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, *Dep. to have no leisure.*

ἀπάτᾶω, *f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπάτηκα (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like*

Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, *Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone.*

II. *Prep. with gen. far from, away from.*

ἀπάτῶω, *Ion. for ἀπατάω.*

ἀπάτῶν, *ἄνος, ὁ, a cheat, rogue.* From

ἌΠΑΤΗ, *ἡ, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war.* Hence

ἀπάτῆλιος, *ov, deceitful, wily.*

ἀπάτῆλος, *ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπατῆλιος.*

ἀπάτημα, *ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.*

ἀπατητικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.*

ἀ-πάτητος, *ov*, (a privat., πᾶτῶω) *untrotted.*

ἀπ-ατιμάω, *f. ἄσω, = ἀπατιμάω.*

ἀπ-ατιμάω, *f. ἥσω, strengthd. for ατιμάω, to dis-bonour greatly.*

Ἀπατούρια, *αν, τᾶ, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φπατρία, with a euphon.)*

ἀ-πάτωρ, *opos, ὁ, ἡ (a privat., πᾶτήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.*

ἀπ-αυγάω, *f. ῶω, to beam with light.* Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, *ατος, τό, a reflection.*

ἀπ-ανδῶω, *f. ἥσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf.*

II. *to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀνανδῶ τινα μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid his doing.*

III. *to decline, renounce.*

IV. *to deny.*

V. *intr. to be wanting*

towards; ἀπαυδᾶν φίλῳ, *to fail a friend*; also *to faint, sink*; ἀπαυδᾶν κόπῳ *to faint with toil*.

ἀπαυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. *to speak or act boldly, speak out*.

ἀπαυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) *to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day*.

ἀπαυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπηύρων, ἀπηύρας, ἀπηύρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple is not found):—*to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι*. II. *to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer*: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπήιρα, etc., should be altered into ἔπαυρει, etc.)

ἀπαυστος, ον, (α privat., παύω) *not to be stopped or assuaged*: never-ending. II. c. gen. *never ceasing from*.

ἀπαυτικά, Adv. *forthwith, on the spot*.

ἀπαυτομολέω, f. ἦσω, *to go of one's own accord, desert*.

ἀπαψίσκω, fut. ἀπαψήσω; aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαψών; aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—like ἀπατάω, *to cheat, beguile*.

ἀπαχθομαι, Dep. *to be hateful or grievous*: *to become disliked, incur odium*.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισα, aor. I of ἀποβλίστω.

ἀπεδανός, ὄν, Dor. for ἡπεδανός.

ἄ-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) *unshod, barefoot*. ἄ-πέδος, ον, (α copul., πέδον) *even, level, flat*.

ἀπεδρύφθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύντω.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-εσθίω.

ἀπείγω, Ep. for ἀπῆν, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἀπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπείπον.

ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποέργω.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπ-είδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—*to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at*.

ἀπειθεῖα, ἡ, (ἀπειθής) *disobedience*.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπειθής) *to refuse compliance, to be disobedient*.

ἀπ-είθη, ἀπ-είθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-είθη, ἀφ-είθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀπ-είθης, ἐς, (α privat., πείθωμαι) *disobedient*: of ships, *unmanageable*. II. (πείθω) act. *not persuading*.

ἀπ-εικάζω, f. ἄσω, *to copy, represent, express by a comparison*: hence *to compare with, liken to*. II. ὡς ἀπ-εκάσαι, *to conjecture, ut licet conjicere*.

ἀπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) *to represent or portray in a statue*.

ἀπ-εικότως, ἀπ-εικώς, see ἀπεικούς.

ἀπειλείω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, *to threaten*.

ἀπ-ειλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, εἰλέω) *to press hard*: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀναγκαίην *driven into great straits*.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπειλή) *to threaten*, Lat. minari: c. inf. *to threaten to do*. II. *to make boastful threats*: *to boast, brag*, Lat. gloriari.

III. *to assure, promise, vow*:—Pass. *to be terrified by threats*. ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, *threats*; also *boasts, braggart words*: in sing. a *threatening*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ἀπ-ειληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπείλημα, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-εἰλημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπείληττη, Ep. for ἡπειλείτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπειλέω) a *threatener, boaster*. Hence

ἀπειλητήριος, α, ον, *threatening, menacing*.

ἀπειλητής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀπειλητήρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπειλητήριος.

ἀπειληφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εἰμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμί sum) *to be away from*: absol. *to be away or absent*: of things, *to be wanting*. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπῆν, 3 pl. ἀπῆσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσομαι.

ἀπ-εἰμι, (ἀπό, εἰμί ἰδο) *to go away, depart*: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

ἀπείπεμεν, = ἀπειπῆν, v. sq.

ἀπ-είπον: inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπέπειτα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—*to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly*. II. *to forbid*, foll. by μή with inf.; ἀπείπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a *forbidden thing*. III. *to renounce, disown, give up*; ἀπείπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν *to disown his son*; ἀπείπειν ὄψιν *to avert a vision by offerings*. IV. *to deny, refuse*. V.

intrans. *to give up, be worn out, fail*: c. dat. pers. *to fail or be wanting to one*; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοις *to fail one's friends*; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι *to be bankrupt*:—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος *to be tired of sitting*.

ἀ-πείραντος, ον, (α privat., πέρας) *endless, boundless*.

ἀ-πείραστος, ον, (α privat., πειράζω) *inexperienced*.

ἀ-πείρατος, ον, (α privat., πείραμαι) Dor. for ἀπείρητος, *untried*.

ἀπ-εργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-έργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπείργω.

ἀπ-εργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω: f. ξω; aor. I ἀπείρξα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀποέργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπείργμαι:—*to keep away or shut out from*: part from: *to keep or binder from, to keep back*: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, *shut out from its old course*. II. *to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc.* III. *to shut up, confine*.

ἀ-πείρεσιος, α, ον, and os, ον, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος. II. *boundless, endless, countless*.

ἀπ-είρηκα, inf. ἀπειρήκεναι, perf. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀπ-είρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀπειρήτος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος ἢ, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος ἢ, πέρas) infinity.

ἀπειρίστος, ov, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροσος, ov, (ἀπειρος, δρόσος) unbedewed.

ἀπειρό-κάκος, ov, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκάλλια, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, ov, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λος.

ἀπειρο-λεχής, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρο-μάχης, ov, Dor. -μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [ἀ]

ἀ-πειρος, ov, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (a privat., πείρας, πέρas) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἀ-πειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπείρια, inexperience.

ἀπειρό-τοκος, ov, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἀ-πείρων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρas) = ἀπειρος ἢ, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος ἢ, inexperienced.

ἀπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

ἀπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἀπ-εκδύνω or -δύνω, f. δύνω [ῥ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύωμαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπερέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπεκδύσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.

ἀπέκτεξε, a Dor. aor. I (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, be lost.

ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλελάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκλελάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκρέμασα, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-έκτατο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀ-πέκτητος, ov, (a privat., πεκτήω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω: fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάθην [ἀ]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -αμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπήλαον:—to drive away,

expel. II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγέω, to refute thoroughly.

ἀ-πέλεθρος, ov, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλειψα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.

ἀπέλεσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαίρω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ov, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. libertus, libertinus. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὥσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ελεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλω.

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to drive to despair. 2. = ἐλπίζειν ἀπὸ τινος to hope from one.

ἀπέλω, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολοῦν (formed from ἀπολῶ).

ἀπ-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to spit up, throw out.

ἀπενήνσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομνήσκω.

ἀπ-εμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομύρηννυμι.

ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἥσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπὸ, ἐναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.

ἀπ-εναρίζω, f. ἱζω, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀπονάω.

ἀπενήκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρω.

ἀπένευκα, Ep. for ἀπνήευκα or ἀπνήνευκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φέρω: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενειχθῆναι.

ἀπ-ενέτω, v. ἀπ-εννέτω.

ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀ-πένθητος, ov, (a privat., πενθέω) not subject to grief.

ἀπ-εναντεύω, f. ἥσω, or ἀπ-εναντιζέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπὸ, ἐναντός) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-εννέτω, to forbid: ἀπεννέτω σε μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do.

II. to order away from: ἀπεννέπειν τινα θαλάμω.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.

ἀπεοικώς, Att. ἀπεκώς, vva, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεϊκότως.

ἀ-πέπειρος, ov, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.

ἀ-πεπλος, ov, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπ-έπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-έπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπ-έπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. I act. of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀποπνέω.

ἀπεπτάμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.

ἀ-πεπτος, on, (a privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.

ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὅπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥσπερ, as, so as.

ἀ-πέραντος, on, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

ἀπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἀσoma: pf. ἀπειργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—to work off; finish off; pf. part. ἀπειργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

ἀπ-έργω, Ion. for ἀπείργω.

ἀπ-έρωδω, f. ξω, to bring to an end, finish.

ἀπερ-εί, Adv. = ὥσπερ, from ἀπερ.

ἀπ-ερίδω, to fix firmly:—Med., fut. ἀπειρείσσομαι, aor. ἀπειρείσάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισμαι:—to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

ἀπερείσιος, on, poet., = ἀπειρείσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἀποινα, a countless ransom.

ἀπ-ερημόω, f. ὥω, to make utterly desolate.

ἀπ-επιλάλητος, on, (a privat., περιλάλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ᾱ]

ἀπ-επιλήπτος, on, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ἀπ-εριμέριμος, on, (a privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -ως, carelessly.

ἀπ-ερίοπτος, on, (a privat., περίοφομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

ἀπ-ερίσκεπτος, on, (a privat., περισκέπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. -τως.

ἀπ-ερίσπαστος, on, (a privat., περισπάω) undistracted. Adv. -τως, without distraction.

ἀπ-ερίστος, Att. -ττος, on, (a privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple.

ἀπ-ερίστāτος, on, (a privat., περιίσταμαι) defenceless.

ἀπ-ερίμητος, on, (a privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.

ἀπ-ερίτρωπος, on, (a privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not heeding.

ἀπερρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπερρίγασαι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀπορριγέω, [ῖ]

ἀπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. ἀπερπε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπ-ερυθρίω, fut. ἄω [ᾱ], to put away blushes, be past blushing.

ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away:—Med. to abstain, desist. [ῦ]

ἀπ-ερίω, f. ὥω [ῦ], to tear off from.

ἀπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ήλυθον, -ήλθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι eis..., to go from one place to another.

ἀπ-έρω, Ion. ἀπέρω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπείρηκα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. I pass. ἀπερρήθην: (see ἀπείνω):—to speak plainly out. II. to forbid; ἀπέρω σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to do.

III. to renounce, disown. IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπείνω.

ἀπερῶνς, ἑως, ὁ, one who thwarts. From

ἀπ-ερωέω, f. ἥσω, to withdraw from.

ἀπ-ερωή, ἡ, a drawing back. II. a bindrance.

ἀπερῶσθαι, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀπερωέω.

ἀπ-ερωτος, on, (ἀπό, ἔρως) unloving.

ἄπες, Ion. for ἄφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφήμι.

ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀτέδομαι: pf. ἀπεδήδοκα: aor. I pass.

ἀπεδέσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

ἀπ-εσκέδασα, aor. I of ἀποσκεδάηνμι.

ἀπ-εσεσείται, for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπείμι.

ἀπ-έσσονα, Lacon. for ἀπεσσύη, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσύνω, be is gone, i. e. is dead.

ἀπ-εσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσύνω.

ἀπ-έστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπεστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.

ἀπ-εστός, οὗς, ἡ, (ἀπείμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστός.

ἀ-πέτηλος, on, (a privat., πέτηλον) leafless.

ἀπέρῳπον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀ-πευθής, ἐς, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act. not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

ἀπ-ευθύνω [ῦ], f. ἱνῶ, to make straight again: to set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule; χεῖρας δεσμοῖς ἀπευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, ὄν, (ἀπείχομαι) to be deprecated, abominable.

ἀπ-ευνάζω, f. ἄσω, to lull to sleep.

ἀπευχέτος, on, = ἀπευκτός. From

ἀπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

ἀπ-έφθιθον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίνω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.

ἀπ-εφθος, on, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έψω) boiled down, refined; ἄπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-coctum.

ἀπ-εχθαίρω, f. -ἄρῳ: aor. I ἀπήχθηρα:—to hate utterly. II. to make utterly hateful.

ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be hated: to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred; οὐτε τί μοι πᾶς δῆμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being roused to hate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause hatred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause hatred:

c. dat. pers. to be or become hateful to one.

ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) enmity, hatred; in plur. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him, like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is hated, the object of hate.*

ἀπ-ἐχθής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἐχθος) *hateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-ἐχθομαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἐχθος): —to be hated or hateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέξω and ἀποσχήσω: aor. 2 ἀπέσχον: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχεσθαι χεῖρας τινος to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from.

II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci; τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθὸν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.

ἀπέωσα, aor. I of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθέω, f. ἦσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελανών.

ἀπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποσιπεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.

ἀπηλθὼν, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἥλιαία) one who keeps away from the Ἥλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.

ἀπ-ῆλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ῆλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. ἄνεμος), ου, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.

ἀπ-ήμαντος, ου, (a privat., πημαίνω) unarmed, without misery.

ἀπ-ήμρπτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμρπον, aor. 2 of ἀφ-μρπάνω.

ἀπ-ῆμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπείμι (εἰμί, sum).

ἀπημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀπήμω) freedom from barm, safety.

ἀπημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολάω.

ἀπ-ήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (a privat., πῆμα) unarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπήνευα, ἡ, (ἀπηνής) barbsness, roughness.

ἀπήνη, ἡ, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἐς, barbs, rough. See προσ-ηνής.

ἀπήνθον, Dor. for ἀπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήροπος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-όροπος, Ep. ἀπ-ήρωος, ου, (ἀπό, αἰρώ) hovering on high, Lat. suspensus.

ἀπ-ήρος, ου, (a privat., πῆρα) without a scrip. II. (a privat., πῆρῶς) unmaimed.

ἀπηρύων, ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπανρύω.

ἀπ-ηχῆς, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἤχος) discordant, noisy.

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήροπος.

ἀπία γῆ, v. ἄπιος.

ἀπ-ιάλλα, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπα.

ἀπ-ἱμυ, Ion. for ἀρήμυ.

ἀ-πίθᾶνος, ου, not winning belief, incredible, unlikely. II. not persuasive. [Γ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, poet. for ἀπειθέω. From

ἀ-πιθής, ἐς, poet. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπιθύντηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a restorer. From

ἀπ-ιθύνω, = ἀπ-ευνόω.

ἀπ-ικνεόμαι, ἀπ-ικρόην, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀπ-ινύσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless.

ἀπιξίς, Ion. for ἀφίξις.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) a pear, Lat. *pirum*.

*ἈΠΙΟΣ, f. ἡ, a pear-tree, Lat. *pirus*.

ἀπιος, η, ου, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπῆς γαίης Hom. II. Ἄπιος, α, ου, Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἀπία γῆ, or Ἀπία alone, the Peloponnesian: also Ἀπῖς, ἰδος, ἡ. [The former sense has ᾶ, the latter ᾱ.]

ἀπ-ιπῶω, f. ὥσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ιśώω, f. ὥσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστός, f. ἡ, a fear-tree, Lat. *pirus*. (ἀπιστος):—to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be distrusted. II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ίστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἀπιστέω) disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts. II. want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.

ἀ-πιστος, ου, (a privat., πιστός): I. pass. not to be trusted, and so, I. of persons, faithless. 2.

of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act. not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπίστος: I. act. suspiciously. II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly.

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ίσχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτόν, verb. Adj. of ἀπείμι, one must go away.

ἀπλάκω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc.

ἀπ-πλήνεις, ἐς, (a privat., πλανάομαι) not wandering: fixed.

ἀ-πλαστος, ου, (a privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere. II. (a privat., πελάζω)

shortened for ἀπελάστος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλάτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ου, (a privat., πελάω, poet. for πελάζω) shortened for ἀπελάτος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλεκτος, ου, (a privat., πλέκω) unplaited.

ἀ-πλετος, ου, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπλητος, only used in the sense of immense, extraordinary.

ἀ-πλευστος, ου, (a privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) not navigable, not navigated.

ἀ-πληκτος, ου, (a privat., πλήσσω) unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.

ἀπληστία, ἡ, insatiate desire. From ἀ-πληστος, *ον*, (a privat., *πέρμηνι*) not to be filled, *insatiatus* : c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate* of blood.

ἀπλοια, Ion. ἀπλοῖη, ἡ, (ἀπλους) difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather.

ἀπλοῖσθαι, Dep. (ἀπλως) to deal openly or frankly.

ἀπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλόος) a single garment.

ἀπλόος, ὅη, οὖν, contr. ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Lat. simplex, onefold, (opp. to διπλός, Lat. duplex, twofold), single.

II. *single-minded, simple, and that either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in bad sense) silly.*

III. *simple, opp. to compound* : hence, *absolute, sheer*. (Derived from ἄμα, *all in one way*, as is Lat. *simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, *ον*, contr. ἀ-πλους, οὖν, (a privat., πλώω) not sailing : I. of ships, *unfit for sea, not seaworthy*. 2. of men, *never having been at sea*. II. *pass.*, of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. for ἀπλόος, ἀπλόους.

ἀπλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀπλόος) like Lat. simplicitas, simplicity, plainness, frankness.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for ἀπλόος.

ἀ-πλους, οὖν, contr. for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, *ον*, (a privat., πλούτος) without riches.

ἀπλως, Adv. of ἀπλόους, Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly : absolutely. II. *in a word, Lat. denique.*

ἀ-πνευστος, *ον*, (a privat., πνέσσομαι fut. of πνέω) without breath, breathless : hence lifeless.

ἀ-πνους, *ον*, contr. ἀ-πνους, οὖν, (a privat., πνέω) without wind, calm. II. *without breath, lifeless.*

ἌΠΟ, Prep. with GEN. ONLY, = Lat. AB, ABS, whether place, time, or any object be denoted : I.

1. of Place, implying motion *from, away from* : also *down from*. 2. without motion implied, *far from, at a distance from*.

II. later of Time, *from, after, since* ; ἀπό δείπνου γενέσθαι to have done supper. III. of Origin of all kinds, as, I. of

descent, birth ; οὐκ ἀπό δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπό πέτρης not sprung from oak or rock ; ἀπό Σπάρτης of Sparta by birth. 2. of the means or instrument ; ἀπό βιοῦ πέφνεν with arrow from his bow. 3. of the cause or occasion ; ἀπό δικαισύνης by reason of. 4. of the material of which a thing is made ; ἀπό ξύλου

πεποιημένα made of wood. As ADVERB, without cause, *far away* : but almost always with verbs in tmesi.

In Compos., I. *from, asunder*, as in ἀποτέμνω : and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαλγέω : and hence, *finishing, completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. *back again*, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. almost = a priv., as in ἀπαυδάω, ἀπαγορεύω : also with

Adjectives, as in ἀπίστος.

ἀπο, anastrophe, from ἀπό, when it follows its noun.

ἀπο-αἰνῆμαι, poet. for ἀπ-αἰνῆμαι, to take away.

ἀπο-αιρέομαι, poet. for ἀφ-αιρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, Att. for ἀποβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. for ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway. From

ἀπο-βαίνω, f. βήσομαι : Ep. 3 sing. aor. I ἀπεβή-σето : aor. 2 ἀπέβην : pf. ἀποβέβηκα :—to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from. 2. to go away, depart.

II. of events, to issue or result from : absol. to turn out, end or issue in a certain way, Lat. *evenire* ; τὸ ἀποβαίνειν the issue, event ; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα the results ; τὰ ἀποβησόμενα the probable results : also ἀποβαίνειν alone, to turn out well, succeed. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., to turn out, prove or be so and so, Lat. *evadere* ; ἀποβαίνειν κοινοὶ to prove impartial. 3. of conditions, etc. ; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι to come at last to, end in.

B. Causal, only in aor. I ἀπέβησα, to make to dismount, disembark, land.

ἀπο-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ : aor. 2 ἀπέβᾶλον : pf. ἀποβέβηκα :—to throw off from : c. acc. only, to throw away. 2. to throw away, reject : also to throw away, sell too cheap. 3. to lose.

ἀπο-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip entirely.

ἀποβάς, βᾶσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) a stepping off, dismounting : a disembarking, landing : also a landing-place.

ἀποβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to force away : aor. I pass. ἀποβιασθῆναι in pass. sense, to be forced away.

ἀπο-βιβάζω : f. βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ :—Causal of ἀπο-βαίνω, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. I pass. ἀπεβρώθην :—to eat off.

ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, to ruin utterly :—aor. I pass. ἀποβλαφθῆναι, to be robbed of.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω : aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον :—to shoot forth from, spring from.

ἀπόβλεπτος, *ον*, looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired. From

ἀπο-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon.

ἀπόβλητος, *ον*, (ἀποβάλλω) to be thrown away as worthless.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἴσω ; aor. I ἀπέβλισα :—to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey : metaph. to steal.

ἀπο-βλύζω, f. σω, to spirt out ; ἀποβλύζειν οἶνον to spirt or slobber out some wine.

ἀποβολή, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) a throwing away, losing, loss.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, *ον*, (ἀποβάλλω) apt to throw away.

II. *pass. apt to be thrown aside.*

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. to eat up.

ἀπο-βουκόλειω, f. ἡσω, to let cattle stray : hence to make to lose. 2. to soothe, beguile.

ἀπο-βρίζω, f. ξω, to sleep without waking, go sound asleep.

ἀπο-βρύχω, to bite off from.

ἀπο-βώμιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, βωμός) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαιος or ἀπό-γειος, *ον*, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γεῖσω, *ω*, to make jut out like a coping or cornice.

ἀπο-γεύω, *φ. σω*, to make another taste of a thing :—*Med. to taste of it oneself.*

ἀπο-γεφύρω, *φ. ὦσω*, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

ἀπο-γηράσκω, *φ. ἀσσομαι*, to grow old.

ἀπο-γίνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι : fut. -γενήσομαι : aor. 2 ἀπεγένημην : pf. ἀπογενόμεναι :—to be away from, have no part in. II. absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die : οἱ ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.

ἀπο-γινώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω : fut. -γνώσομαι : aor. 2 ἀπέγνω : pf. ἀπέγνωκα :—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, *c. gen.* : to resolve not. 2. to despair. II. *c. acc.* to give up as useless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation : hence to acquit.

ἀπόγναια, *ή*, (ἀπογινώσκω) *despair.*

ἀπόγονος, *ον*, (ἀπογίνομαι) *descended or sprung from* : in plur. descendants.

ἀπογραφή, *ή*, (ἀπογράφω) *a copy of an indictment (γραφή) : a deposition.* II. *a list, register*, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

ἀπο-γράφω, *φ. ψω*, to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register :—*Med.* to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use. II. Att. law-term, 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person : esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person. 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.

ἀπο-γυῖω, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.

ἀπο-γυμνάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, to bring into bard exercise, to ply bard.

ἀπο-γυμνῶω, *φ. ὦσω*, to strip quite bare : esp. to strip of arms, disarm :—*Pass.* to be stript bare :—*Med.* to strip oneself.

ἀπο-δάκνω, *φ. δῆξομαι*, to bite off a piece off, *c. gen.* : absol. to bite.

ἀπο-δακρύω, *φ. ὦσω* [ῶ], to weep much ; *c. acc.* to weep much for, lament.

ἀποδασάμιος, *ον*, parted off or from. From

ἀποδασμός, *ό*, a division, part of a whole. From

ἀπο-δατέομαι : *φ. δάσσομαι* [ᾶ], *Ep.* δάσσομαι : aor. I ἀπεδάσμην, *Ep.* inf. ἀποδάσσαι :—to portion out, apportion. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπο-δεῖ, *Ion.* ἀπο-δέε, *impers.* of ἀποδέω.

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, *Dep.* to frighten away.

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ῶω : *φ. δέξω* *Ion.* δέξω :—*Pass.*, aor. I ἀπεδείχην : pf. ἀποδέειν, *Ion.* δέδειναι : I. to point out, shew forth, make known : hence, 1. bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a

law. 2. to appoint or assign ; χῶρος ἀποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. to shew by argument, prove. II. to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create. 2. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. *c. inf.* to ordain a thing to be :—*Med.* to shew forth something of one's own ; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion ; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρετάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δειλιάω, *φ. ἄσω* [ᾶ], to be a coward, shrink from danger.

ἀποδείξεις, *Ion.* -δέξεις, *εως, ή*, (ἀποδείκνυμι) *a shewing forth* : hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration. II. (from *Med.*) a display, achievement, performance.

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, δείπνον) *without supper.*

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, *φ. ἥσω*, to cut off by the neck, behead.

ἀπο-δεῖρω, *Ion.* for ἀπο-δέρω.

ἀπο-δεκάτω, *φ. ὦσω*, to pay tribute of. II. to take tribute from, τινά.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, *Ion.* for ἀπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.

ἀποδεκτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a taker from, receiver.*

ἀποδεκτός, *όν*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. *Ion.* for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπόδεξις, *εως, ή*, *Ion.* for ἀποδέξεις.

ἀπόδεσμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀποδέρω) *a bide stripped off.*

ἀπο-δέρω, *Ion.* -δέιρω : *φ. δερῶ* : aor. I ἀπέδειρα :—to flay or skin completely ; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp. II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.

ἀποδεχθεῖς, *Ion.* aor. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, *Ion.* -δέκομαι : *φ. δέξομαι* : aor. ἀπεδέξαμην : pf. δέδεγαμην : *Dep.* :—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof : to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow : ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him. 4. to take or understand in a certain sense. II. to receive back, recover.

ἀπο-δέω, *φ. δῆσω*, to bind fast.

ἀπο-δέω, *Ion.* fut. -δέσω :—to be wanting, to lack :—*impers.* ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.

ἀποδημέω, *φ. ἥσω*, (ἀπόδημος) *to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημῶν εἰς Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly.* Hence

ἀποδημητής, *ού, ό*, one who is abroad.

ἀποδημία, *ή*, a being from home, a going or being abroad. From

ἀπό-δημος, *ον*, away from home, abroad.

ἀπο-διατάω, *φ. ἥσω*, to decide for a person in an arbitration.

ἀπο-διδάσχω, *φ. διδάσω*, to teach not to do, *Lat. docere.*

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω : f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι : aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς :—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, sbun.

ἀπο-διδωμι, f. -δῶσω : aor. 1 ἀπέδωκα :—to give back, restore : esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave : also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-dere.

II. intr., εἰ τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδίδω εἰς αὐτήν [sc. ἡ Αἴγυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι :—Med. to give away of one's own, sell ; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. ἀποδικεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off : to throw down.

ἀπο-δικέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δινέω, f. ἡσω, to turn or whirl violently about.

ἀπο-διομαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δῖω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

ἀπο-διορίζω, f. ἴσω, to mark off, distinguish.

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξε σφί μη πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do : absol., ὥς σφί ἀπέδοξε when they resolved . . .

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

ἀποδόσμος, ov, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἀπο-odos, Ion. for ἀφ-odos.

ἀποδόσις, ewς, ἡ, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return : repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ἡ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις : reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμόω, f. ὥσω, to bend backwards or sideways.

ἀποδρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδρᾶναι.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀποδρᾶσις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, ewς, ἡ, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off :—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρῆναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω : aor. 1 ἀπέδρυφα : aor. 2 ἀπέδρψον : aor. 1 pass. ἀποδρῆναι :—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off : v. ἀποδύω. [v]

ἀπο-οδύρομαι [v], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly.

ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύνω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From

ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. 1 ἀπέδυσα, to strip off the arms from the slain : c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc.

II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀπό-δυναι), and pf. ἀποδένυκα :—to strip oneself, undress : ἀποδύεσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-εἶλω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

ἀπό-ειπον, ες, ε, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-ἐργάθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποέρω, poet. for ἀπέρω, ἀπείρω : partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργμένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. I only found in 3 pers., to hurry or sweep away, of running water ; subj. ἀποέρση, opt. ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off ; ὅσον ἀπόξην enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω :—to unyoke, part :—Pass. to be parted from, τινός : absol., δεῦρ' ἀπεζύγην πύδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II. impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θᾶλῶ, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθάνειν, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθανύμεναι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρέω and ἀπο-θαρσέω, f. ἡσω, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θαυμάξω, f. ἄσω, to wonder at a thing : absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θείομαι, Ep. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θείω, f. ὥσω, poet. for ἀποθεῶ.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπὸ) from afar. II. afar off.

ἀπό-θεος, ov, far from the gods : hence godless.

ἀπο-θεός, f. ὥσω, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπόθεσις, ewς, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away :—a putting away, laying up in store :—exposure.

ἀπόθεστος, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abhorred.

ἀποθεταί, ὧν, αἱ, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From

ἀπόθετος, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by ; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary : a magazine, storehouse. II. anything laid by or stored up ; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θηραρίζω, f. ἴσω, to treasure or board up.

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [i]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι : aor. 2 ἀπέθανον :—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to αποκτείνω.

ἀποθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθρᾶσσω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [v], f. ὕνομαι, to be very bold.

ἀπο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θρίάζω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρῶσκω, f. -θροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθορον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θυμός, ov, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ov, (a privat., ποίεω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικίω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπέκειτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i.e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c. acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

ἀποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπο-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: Pass., aor. 1 ἀποκίσθην: pf. -φίκριμαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἀποικος:—ἡ ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπο-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπο-οικος, ov, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

ἀπο-οικτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀ-ποιμαντος, ov, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -οιμῶξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ov, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence

ἀποπνῶω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to bold to ransom.

ἀπονοῦ-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀπο-οιστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίσσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀπο-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -όχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -άρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάττημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down. ἀπο-καθιστάνω and ἀπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to reestablish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀπο-καίριος, ov, = ἀκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-καλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recall from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκάλυπτο, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀπο-κάννω, f. κᾰννύμαι: (for the tenses, v. κᾰννω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάννεις πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπνω, Ep. aor. 1 -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—to breathe out; ἀποκαπνείν ψυχὴν to give up the ghost.

ἀπο-κάρῃδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence

ἀποκαρῃδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-καρτερίω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again. ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, reestablishment.

ἀπο-κάττημι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀποκειται τινι it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κείρω: fut. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνο, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδᾶνῶ:—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀπο-κερδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ήσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. έω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύεις, εως, ή, the making a venturesome attempt. [ῥ] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost hazard.

ἀπό-κινος, ὁ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εἶρε find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. ἄσω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-οκλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, οκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλαίω [ᾱω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for. II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλᾶξω, ἀποκλᾶξον, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾶ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ον, shut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. κλείω: Ion. -κληίω, f. -κληίσω: Att. -κληῖω, f. -κληῖω: Dor. fut. -κλᾶξω:—to shut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or binder from a thing:—

Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc. only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κληίω, f. -κληίξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρώω, f. ὥσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλίνω: aor. I ἀπέκλινα: pf. -κέκλινκα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back.

II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἡ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύω, fut. ὥσω [ῡ], to wash away, avert by

purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-κνέω, f. ἥσω, to shrink from, hesitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, hesitate. Hence

ἀπόκνησις, εως, ἡ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀπόκνησμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἥσω, to sleep away from one's post.

From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοιτός) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἥσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομιδή, ἡ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

ἀπο-κοιμάω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἡ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπὴν χρεῖων = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, hew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορυφώω, f. ὥσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to clear away, so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κράνιζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτew, f. ἥσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing bang down, let bang. II. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκρίθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρίνw: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. -έκκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—

Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκρίσθαι εἰς ἐν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating. II. (from

Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate. II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be

beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκειον τὸ χεῖλος ἀποκεκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide from, keep hidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἄν. τινά τι, like

Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to hide or keep back from one. 2. to hide close: to obscure. II. to lose

from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Pbæacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, hidden; ἐν ἀποκρύφῳ in secret. II.

obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτεινα: aor. 2 ἀ-

έκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. form

ἀπεκτάμην; perf. ἀπέκτοναι, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτανκα, and ἀπέκταγκα:—to kill, slay; of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνέειν, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκέννω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κύνω, f. ἦσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίνω, f. κυλίσω [ῥ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύπτω, f. ψω; pf. -κεκῦθα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωϊών, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκιάλυσσι, εὖσι, ἦ, a hindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι; aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάττωμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὅ, a kicking away.

ἀπολάλέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι; pf. ἀπέληγα, pass. ἀπέληγμαι; for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπέληφθην Ion. ἀπέλαμψθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2. to carry off.

3. to bear or learn, like Lat. accipio. II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside.

IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprehendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so. ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλαυσις, εὖσι, ἦ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι; impf. ἀπέλανον, aor. 1 ἀπέλασσα, sometimes written ἀπήλανον, ἀπήλασσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy; also to get something from or by another, e.g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω; pf. pass. ἀπολέγεμαι or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολεγμένοι picked men. ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω; aor. 1 ἀπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω; aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass.

III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone.

IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink. 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπαι τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits.

3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθείης ἀπολειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείψω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπολείψις, εὖσι, ἦ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπολέκτος, ὄν, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλκεται, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπότλεμος, ὄν, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible.

III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολελεμμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκετο, Ep. for ἀπόλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λίγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπόληψις, εὖσι, ἦ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λιγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πολις, neut. ι: gen. ἰδος, also εὖσι, Ion. ἰος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outland.

II. πόλις ἀπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω; aor. 1 -ωλισθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταργίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to slip off, rack off.

ἀπο-λιχμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-όλλω; impf. ἀπάλλυν or ἀπάλλυν; fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσω, Att. ἀπολώ, Ion. ἀπόλω; aor. 1 ἀπόλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπόλεκα, Att. ἀπόλωκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι; f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι; aor. 2 ἀπώλομην; perf. ἀπόλωκα; plqpf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπωλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

Ἀπόλλων, ὄν, ὁ: acc. ὦνα or ὦ: voc. Ἄπολλον:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona,

Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογησάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγος)—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact. 2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence.

ἀπολογία, ἡ, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγησαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ος, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίβου proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcibiades in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολοῖοται, Ion. for ἀπόλοιντο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λολύζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

ἀπολούμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολουσις, εως, ἡ, a washing off, ablution. From

ἀπο-λούω, f. λούσω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην ὤμων ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπο-λοφύρομαι, f. -ϋρούμαι, to bewail loudly. 2. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λυμαίνομαι, f. -μᾶνομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λῦμα):—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολύμαντῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατά τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λῦτρόω, f. ὤσω, to release on payment of ransom:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολῦτρωσις, εως, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέλυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αἰτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to acquit. 2. in II. always=ἀπολυτρώω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt.

II. Med. to release for oneself, redeem. 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. II. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λωβάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λωτός)=ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδάλλω, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μᾶνῃσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμνηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μαθήνω, f. -μᾶθῃσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-discere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [ῶ]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεὰν ἀπομάζει (sc. χοῖνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγίζω, f. ὤσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαιίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι:—to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχεσθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπομάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

ἀπο-μερίζομαι, f. -μεροῦμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2. Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give a share of, distribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἰζω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστῶω, f. ὤσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μικνύω [ῶ], f. ἰνῶ, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μίμνημαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

ἀπο-μνησκόμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, aor. I ἀπεμνήσκημι: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect, remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθῶω, f. ὤσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf., ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μνήσκειν.

ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνηστικᾶέω, f. ἴσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπ-δύνημι or ἀποπύνω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπύνη: fut. ἀποπύομαι: (v. δύνημι:)—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do.

2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath.

II. strengthd. for δύνημι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μόνω, f. ὥσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μόργνυμι or ἀπ-μόργγνυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομορξάμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομορρχθῆς: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι or δμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of foreg.

ἀπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπό-μοῦσος, ον, like ἄμοσος, (ἀπό, Μοῦσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομόσως γράφασθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μῦθέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μυκάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -τω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's *vir emunctae naris*:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόνω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίημι: and ἀποναίω, 3 pl., for ἀπόναντο.

*ἀπό-νω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπένδσα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νῶ),—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπένδσατο, Ep. ἀπένασσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀπονασθήναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπένειμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take.

2. to feed on or off.

II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενομήμενος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νόμοι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονόστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπονος.

ἀπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω. II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. *abnuere*.

ἀπο-νέω, f. νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήφω, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίημι.

ἀπονητί, Adv. of ἀπότητος, without fatigue.

ἀπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονίημι.

ἀ-πόνητος, ον, (a privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought.

II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονητότατα with least trouble.

2. without sufferings.

ἀπονία, ἡ, (ἀπονος) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίξω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself.

2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπ-ονίημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment.

II. mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονινάμει: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπόναο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νυπτρον, τό, water for washing the bands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίξω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονερόμαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense.

I. of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονερομένοι, Lat. *perditi*, desperate men.

2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονερομένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνεια, ἡ, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πονος, ον, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονόστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untrodden: gentle, easy.

2. of persons, not toiling, lazy.

3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστέω, f. ἴσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόστησις, εως, ἡ, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof.

II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob off:—Pass. to be robbed off, c. acc.

II. with acc. only, to flee from, shun.

ἀπ-ονύχίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Pass., aor. ἀπονυχίσθη: pf. ἀπονύχισμαι: (ἀπό, ὄνυχίζω):—to pare the nails.

II. to tear with the nails.

III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπονυχισμένος, Horace's *ad unguem factus*, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ον, like ἄξενος, inhospitable.

2. ἀπόξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπο-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, to drive from house and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

ἀπο-οξύνω [ὑ], f. ὕνω, to bring to a point, make taper.

ἀπο-ξύρω, Ion. -έω, f. ἥσω, to shave clean.

ἀπο-ξύρω, = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ὑ]
ἀποξύνω, f. ὕσω [ὑ], to shave or scrape off: hence
to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-παπταίνω: f. -παπτᾶνῶ, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.
ἀποπαπτήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπατέω, f. ἥσω or ἡσομαι, to retire from the way.

From

ἀπό-πατος, ὁ or ἡ, a going out of the way: εἰς ἀπό-
πατον to ease himself.

ἀπό-παυσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-
ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπό-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a
thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to
stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπό-πειρα, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπό-πειράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I
pass. ἀπειράσθην, Ion. -ήσθην: Dep.:—to make trial,
essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act.,
ἀπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραιῶς (aor. I inf.) to make an
attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἥσω, to hew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμνω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss;
also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of

things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself,
get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπεμνις, εὖς, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal,
divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἥσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-περδομαι: fut. -παρδύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2
act. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. *pedo*.

ἀποπέυρησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part.
ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:
—Pass., fut. -παρήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of
blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἥσω and ἡσομαι, to leap off from: to
turn away from.

ἀπο-πιμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι,
-πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up,
fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,
fulfil: to appease, Lat. *explere*.

ἀπο-πίνω [ι], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall
off from.

ἀποπλάγχθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάγξω, to lead astray, lead away
from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses
only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be de-
prived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλάγχθεισα a helm struck
off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἥσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go
astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσομαι [ᾶ], to cozy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail
away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ov, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled
by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.

in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

ἀποπληξία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat.
explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I
-επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to
strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose
one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to
trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, ὁ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing
away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ὑ], f. ὕνω, to wash off or away: Ion.
impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνέω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέ-
πνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμόν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν
to give up the ghost, Lat. *expirare animam*. 2. to
blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or
smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:
—Pass., f. -πνιγῆσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ι]: pf. -πέ-
πνιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked
with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἥσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πτολις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εὖς,
far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμνω) a sending away, getting
rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἥσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -νεύσομαι, aor.
I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὕνω, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ωνέομαι, with no
pres. ἀπο-πρίαμι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ἴσω [ι], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off. [ι]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep.
with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part.,
οἶτον ἀποπροεῖλον having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροήκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροήμι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from
afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροτείς, part. pres. of

ἀπο-πρόημι, f. -πρόησω: Ep. aor. I -πρόηκα:—to
throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to remove afar
off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut
off from; νότον ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice
from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύομαι, *to flee far away.*

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀπίπταμαι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀπίπτημι.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀποπτος, ον, (ἀπόφωμαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) *seen* or *to be seen* from a place. 2. *seen* at a distance, hence *far away* from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. dimly seen.

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spit out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ὕω [ῥ], *to spit out* or *up*; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἁλὸς ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence *to loathe*, *spurn*, Lat. *respuere*.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πύσσομαι: Dep. *to inquire* or *ask* of.

ἀπο-οράω and ἀπο-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, *to slink away.*

ἀπορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπορος) *to be without resource*, *to be at a loss*, *not know what to do*, *be in doubt*, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται *to be at a loss how he shall cross*: c. inf. *to be at a loss how to do*: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν *to have no doubt*. II.

Pass. *to be made matter of question*: also *to be left unprovided for*. 2. c. gen. rei, *to be at a loss for*, in want of, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τι *to be at a loss because of*, by means of something. Hence

ἀπόρημα, ατος, τό, *a matter of doubt, disputed point*.

ἀπορητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπορέω) *inclined to doubt*.

ἀ-πορήτιος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) *not sacked or taken*.

ἀπορθόω, f. ὥσω, *to make straight again, restore, guide aright*. Hence

ἀπορθώσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting upright, restoring*.

ἀπορία, ἡ, (ἀπορος) of places, *difficulty of passing*: of things, *difficulty, straits*: of questions, *a difficulty*.

II. of persons, *difficulty of dealing with* or *finding out*. 2. *want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation*. 3. ἀπορία τινός *want of* a thing: absol. *need, poverty*.

ἀπο-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ὀρνυμι) Pass. *to start from* a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, *without passage*, and so of places, *impassable, trackless*: of things, *hard to see one's way through, impracticable*: τὰ ἀπορία *difficulties, straits*, ἐν ἀποροῖς εἶναι *to be in great straits*. 2. *hard to get, scarce*. II. of persons, *hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable*: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρειν *impossible to deal with*. 2. *without means or resources*, and so *at a loss, not knowing what to do*. 3. *poor, needy*.

ἀπο-ορούω, f. σω, *to leap off, dart away*.

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-παύθω, f. ἦσω, *to neglect from carelessness*: *to leave off in despair*.

ἀπορ-παύω, f. -πᾶνῶ, *to spirt or sbed about*.

ἀπορ-παύω, f. σω, *to bereave of*; ἡτορ ἀποπαύειν *τινά* *to deprive one of life*.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) *a vessel for holy water*.

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew up again*.

ἀπορ-ραψφώδης, f. ἦσω, *to utter like a ραψφῶδης, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry*.

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσσομαι or -ρῦθσσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρῖν: *to flow away from, run off from*: absol. *to stream forth, of blood*. 2. *to fall off*, as fruit, etc. 3. *to melt away*.

ἀπορ-ρήγγυμι or ἀπορ-ρηγγύω: f. -ρήξω: *to break off, snap asunder*:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγγην [ᾱ], *to be broken off or severed*.

ἀπορρηθέν and ἀπορρηθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of ἀπεράω.

ἀπορρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπ-εράω) *a prohibition*. 2. *a refusal*: *renunciation*.

ἀπορρητος, ον, (ἀπ-εράω) *forbidden*; τὰ ἀπορρητα *forbidden exports*. II. *not to be spoken, that should not be spoken*; ἀπορρητον, τό, *a state-secret*: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπορρητον ποιέειν *to keep secret*. 2.

τὰ ἀπορρητα *things unfit to be spoken*.

ἀπορ-ρίγνω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἀπερρίγα: *to shrink shivering from* a thing, *shrink from doing it*.

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπτέω: fut. ἀπορίψω: aor. I ἀπέριψα: *to throw away, throw aside*: *to throw off* a garment. II.

to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: *to reject, renounce*. III. *to shoot forth bold words*, ἐς τινα *at one*.

ἀπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ἡ, (ἀπορρέω) *a flowing off, stream*. II. *an emanation, efflux*.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ἦσω, *to sbrick forth*.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ἦσω, *to gulp down, swallow* a part of.

ἀπορρύτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, *flowing from*; ἀπόρρυτα σταθμά *stables with drains*.

ἀπορ-ρύσσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπορ-ρύνηται, aor. 2 pass., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω.

ἀπορρώξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) *broken off, abrupt, steep*. II. as Subst. fem. *a piece broken off* or *divided from anything*; Ξενυδὸς ὕδατος ἀπορρώξ *an off-stream of the Styx*.

ἀπορρᾶνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Pass. *to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from*.

ἀπορρᾶνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. *to dance* a thing away, i. e. *lose by dancing*.

ἀπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, *weariness*.

ἀπο-σάλεύω, f. εἴσω, *to lie to in the open sea* or *offing*:—metaph. *to keep aloof from*.

ἀπο-σάφω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) *to make clear*.

ἀπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω: *to extinguish, quench*: *to destroy, blot out*:—Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pf. act.

ἀπέσβηκα: *to go out, vanish, die*.

ἀπο-σείω, f. σω, *to shake off*:—Med. *to shake off from oneself*; of a horse, *to throw his rider*.

ἀπο-σεμνύω, *to extol pompously*:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμαι, *to give oneself airs*.

ἀποσεύω, to chase away:—Pass. to dart away, aor. ἀποσεύσθην [v̄]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσεντο. ἀποσημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to allude to him. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

ἀποσήτω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:—Pass. fut. ἀσπήσομαι, aor. 2 ἀπεσάπην [ā]; with intr. pf. act. ἀπόσσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀποσιμόω, f. ὠσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be so. II. ἀποσιμοῦν τὰς ναῦς to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock.

ἀποσιόδομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-σιόδομαι.

ἀποσιώπαω, f. ἦσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence

ἀποσιώπησις, εως, ἡ, a becoming silent. 2. a rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. i. 139.

ἀποσκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. ἀποσκεδάννυμι: f. -σκεδάσω [ā] contr. -σκεδῶ:—to scatter abroad:—Pass. to be scattered, straggle away.

ἀποσκέψομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀποσκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to pack and carry away:—Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. ἀποσκηνέω, f. ἦσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπόσκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσσιτος.

ἀποσκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ἐς τι to hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀποσκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence

ἀποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

ἀποσκιδνᾶμαι, Pass., = ἀποσκειδάννυμαι, to be scattered.

ἀποσκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπόσκλημι (see σκέλλω), to be dried up, withered.

ἀποσκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀποσκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark. ἀποσκυβᾶναι, to be enraged with.

ἀποσκυθίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare.

ἀποσκυλεύω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

ἀποσκώπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

ἀποσμήττω, f. ξω, to deceive:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμηγέτες, being deceived.

ἀποσοβέω, f. ἦσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!

ἀποσπάρσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off.

ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a shred. From

ἀποσπάω, f. -σπάσω [ā], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to tear off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:—Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀποσπένδω, f. -σπέλω, to pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀποσπένδω, f. -σπένσω, to be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly.

ἀποσποδέω, f. ἦσω, to rub off, knock off.

ἀποσσεύω, poet. for ἀποσεύω.

ἀπόστᾶ, for ἀποστῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποσταδόν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off. ἀποστάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. II.

intr. to fall in drops; μανίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπόστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy.

ἀποστάσιον, το, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; ἀποστασίον βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so 1. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἦσω, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. II. absol. to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ὁ, ὄν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς ἔχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

ἀποσταυρόω, f. ὠσω, to fence off with pales.

ἀποστεγάζω, f. ἄσω, to uncover, unroof.

ἀποστεγέω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστεγέει.

ἀποστενίω, poet. for ἀποσθενίω.

ἀποστείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστίχων:—to go away, esp. to go back.

ἀποστέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. 1 ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ā]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send away from: absol. to send away, banish. II. to send off, dispatch, on some service.

III. to drive back:—Pass. to be sent off: also, to go away. IV. intr. to go back.

ἀποστενέω, poet. -στεινέω: f. ὠσω: to straiten: ἀπεστείνωντο 3 pl. plpf. pass.

ἀποστερέω, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate.

ἀποστερέω, fut. ἦσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withhold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and -σπέρησμαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of. II. impers., ἀποστερεῖ με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποσπέρησις, έως, ή, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποσπέρητης, ου, ό, (ἀποσπέρω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποσπέρητις or -τρίς, ίδος, ή, as Adj. = ἀποσπέρητις.

ἀποσπέρητικός, ή, όν, (ἀποσπέρω) able to rob or deprive: γνώμη ἀποσπέρητικῆ τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποσπέρητρίς, ίδος, ή, v. sub. ἀποσπέρητης.

ἀπο-σπέρω, = ἀποσπέρω.

ἀπο-σπρίζω, f. έω, to fix firmly.

ἀπο-σπρίβω, f. ώσω, to make to shine.

ἀπο-σπρίβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀπο-σπρίγγω, f. ίσω Att. ώ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself: pf. pass. part. ἀπασπρίγγεμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti.

ἀποστολεύς, έως, ό, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ή, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

III. the office of an apostle, apostleship. ἀπόστολος, ό, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀπο-στοματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ώ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπο-στράκιζω, f. ίσω Att. ώ, to banish by ostracism.

ἀπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from: ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρρω to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστράφω, ής, ή, aor. 2 pass. subj. of ἀπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀποστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμαι.

To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight: πύδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med. -σπρέβομαι, to be turned back: ἀποστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβύλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III.

to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.: μή μ' ἀποστράφῃς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor: ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ή, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource: ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil: ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπό-στροφος, ov, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted. ἀπο-στυγέω, f. -στυζέω: aor. I -έστυγησά and -έστυξα: aor. 2 -έστυγον: perf. -έστυγηκα:—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλλω, f. έω, to chase away by force.

ἀπο-συκάω, f. άσώ, (ἀπό, σύκον) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-συλάω, f. ήσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συναγωγος, ov, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συσρίζω, f. έω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρῶ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. έω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat: ἀποσφάζειν τινα ἐς ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφάκελλω, f. ίσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλλω: aor. I -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away: ἀποσφάλλειν τινα πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀποσφάλην [ᾱ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφάλλει, ἀποσφάλλω, aor. I opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, f. -σφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σφαλίδω, f. ώσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence

ἀποσφαλίδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχίζω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχεῖν, -σχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I pass. ἀπασχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἴκαδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, όν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. έω, to set apart or assign specially: ἀπετάκτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιόν be had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι

τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull: δέργματα ἀποταυρόομαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench.

ἀποτέθασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσχω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνήκως, for ἀποτεθνείως, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσχω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενώ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. contere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off. I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence ἀποτειχίσαι, εἰς, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And ἀποτειχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευνάω, f. ἥσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ: pf. -τετέλεκα: —Pass., aor. I -ετέλεσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τίκω, f. ἔω, to make to melt away:—Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [ᾶ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τληοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀπο-τιβάτος, ov, Dor. and poet. for ἀ-πρόσβατος. ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αὐθις to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence

ἀπότιλμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a sbred. ἀπο-τιμάω, f. ἥσω, not to honour, to slight. II.

to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνῶς ἀποτιμῶμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τιμος, ov, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἀτιμος, dishonoured.

ἀπο-τίσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ἔω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τινίγω, f. ἔω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κτενὶς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτιμήξει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτιμήγω.

ἀπο-τιμος, ov, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμῶ, f. ἥσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From

ἀπότομος, ov, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. harsh, rough:—Adv. -μως, sharply.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. ῶ, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀπο-ποτος, ov, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτραῖναι, ov, 2 inf. of ἀποτράγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II.

Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω; fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, ov, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dii averrunci. II. pass.

that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder-

ing. III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, ov, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ov, (ἀπό, τρέφω) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-οτρύνω, f. -οτρύνῶ, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ἵσω [ῶ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρεύσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτρωγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ουρίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γὰρ οἱ ἀπουρίσσουν ἄρουρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπο-ουρος, ov, (ἀπό, οὖρος Ion. for ὕρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀπο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ἀπου, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπείναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῶ], f. ἵνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to show

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove. II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόφῃμι) a denial, negation. ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω)=ἀποφάνσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, =ἀπόφῃμι, to deny. ἀπο-φάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφῃμι) denying, negative.

ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεκα, Ion. ἀνένεκα: (v. φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. intr. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς διάκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

ἀπόφευξις, εως, ἡ, an escaping, getting off.

ἀπό-φῃμι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

ἀποφθεγκτός, ον, = ἀφθεγκτός.

ἀπόφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an apophthegm.

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθεροῦμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπο-φθινύθω [ῥ], to perish. II. trans., ἀποφθινύθην θυμὸν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίνω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθινον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [ῥ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal. in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy.

ἀποφθίσσω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

ἀπο-φλανρίζω, f. ἰσώ Dor. ἰζώ, to treat very slightly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φλοιόω, f. ὠσώ, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind.

ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φορος, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II. a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἰσώμαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγγνυμι and -ῶ, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εως, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up.

ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous: ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραὶ ἡμέραι.

ἀπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγγνυμι.

ἀπο-φνύς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φνίομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφύγη, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

ἀπο-φύξις, v. sub ἀποφεύξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυε and perf. ἀποπέφυλα, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-φώλιος, ον, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from. ἀποχάλασμός, ὁ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλλω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλλινός, f. ὠσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. ὠω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. ὠω, to strip of brass.

ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ον, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βιώω) living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against:

to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εως, ἡ, rejection by show of hands.

ἀπο-οχετεύω, f. ὠω, to draw off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. I ἀπέχην [ῥ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χράλω, to soften off the colour, shade off.

ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρῆν, Ion. -χρᾶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. I ἀπέχρησα:—

to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἑκατὸν νέες ἀποχρῶσι. 2. with dat., ποταμὸς οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατιῇ was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη. 3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτοις τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II.

Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρήματος, ον, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in money.

ἀπόχρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρήντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχρῶεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χάλωός, (ἀπό, χάλωός) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

ἀπο-χωρέω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat. 3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . , to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence ἀποχωρήσις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀπο-χωρίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψατο:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself. 3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσονται Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψήφισμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected. II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal. III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence ἀποψήφισις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλῶ, f. ὥσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut. from an absol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπ-όψω [ψ], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon. 2. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχὴν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψῦχος) to cool, refresh:—pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III. impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

ἀπραγμῶνως, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2. asiness, supineness. From ἀπράγμων, on, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα): τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from war and strife. 2. of things, not troublesome or painful. II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ἴσω, to do nothing, to be idle. 2. to gain nothing. From ἀπρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, on: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαν-τικὴς ἀπρακτος ὑμῶν, unassailed by your divining arts. Hence ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πράτος, on, (a privat., πείραται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πειράσκει) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρέπει) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρέπεια.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπρήνυτος, on, (a privat., πρᾶνυ) implacable.

ἀπρίατην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἀτ] From ἀ-πρίατος, ἡ, on, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, on, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδὸς, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, on, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -τως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, on, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϊδής, ἐς, (a privat., προιδέω) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμῆθης, on, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, on, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόσποτος, on, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβατος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, on, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, on, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσῆγορος, on, (a privat., προσῆγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσικτος, ἡ, on, (a privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, on, (a privat., πρόσ-εμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, on, (a privat., προσκέφομαι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, on, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, on, (a privat., προσκίπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμάχος, on, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμικτος, on, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσοιστος, on, (a privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσόμιλος, on, unsocial.

ἀ-προστάσιον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προστάτης) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, on, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπολήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμαστος, on, Dor. for ἀ-πρόσματος, (a privat., προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, on, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing *no excuse, ready.* Adv. -τως, *without evasion, honestly.*

ἀ-πρόσφατος, *ov*, (a privat., πρόφημι) *unforetold.*

ἀ-προφύλακτος, *ov*, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) *not guarded against, unforeseen.*

ἀ-πταίσιος, *ov*, (a privat., πταίω) *not stumbling*; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον *to make the horse less apt to stumble.*

ἀ-πτερος, *ov*, (a privat., πτερόν) *without wings, un-winged*: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἀπτερος ἔπλετο μῦθος *the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind*; ἀπτερα ποτήματα *wingless flight*; of arrows, *unfeathered*; of young birds, etc., *unfledged, callow*; ἀπτερος φάτις *an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report.*

ἀ-πτήν, *gen. ἀπτήνος, ὁ, ἡ*: dat. pl. ἀπτήνοι: (a privat., πτηνός) *unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged.*

ἀ-πτο-επής, *ἐς*, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) *undaunted in speech.*

ἀ-πτόλεμος, *ov*, *poët.* for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἀπτω) *touched, handled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.*

ἈΠΤΩ, *f. ἄπτω*: aor. I ἤφα:—Pass., aor. I ἤφην, Ep. ἐάφην: pf. ἤμμαι, Ion. ἔμμαι. *To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing*: ἐπὶ δ' ἀπτις ἐάφην *his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him*:—more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. I ἤψαμην:—*to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp*: ἀπασθαι γόνυων *to cling to one's knees*: later, *to engage in, undertake, begin.* 2. *to fasten upon, attack.* 3. *to touch, affect.* 4. *to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive.* 5. *to reach, overtake: to gain.* II. *to kindle, set on fire*:—Pass. *to take fire: to be set on fire.*

ἀ-πτώς, *ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ*, (a privat., πίπτω) *not falling or failing, unfailing.*

ἀ-πύλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυλῶ) *not closed by a gate.*

ἀ-πυργος, *ov*, *without tower and wall, unfortified.*

ἀ-πύργωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυργῶ) *not girt with towers.*

ἀ-πῦρος, *ov*, (a privat., πῦρ) *without fire*, in Homer only of tripods, *that have not yet been on the fire*, i. e. new; ἀπυρος οἶκος *a cold, cheerless house*; χρυσοῦς ἀπυρος *unrefined*, opp. to ἀπεφθός; ἱερὰ ἀπυρα *sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυστα, unoffered*: ἀπ. ἀρδὶς *a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly.* Adv. -πως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυρῶ) *not yet exposed to fire.*

ἀ-πυστος, *ov*, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) *of which nothing has been learnt, unknown.*

II. act. *having learnt nothing, ignorant*: c. *gen. ignorant of.*

ἀπύτης, *ὁ, Dor.* for ἡπύτης. [ἀπύ-]

ἀπύω, *Dor.* for ἱπύω.

ἈΠΦΥΣ or ἀπφύς, *gen. φός, ὁ*, a term of endearment used by children for their father, *papa*, *Hebr. Abba.*

ἀπ-φδός, *ὄν*, (ἀπό, φδή) *discordant, out of tune.*

ἄπωθεν, Adv. = ἀποθεν, *from afar.*

ἀπ-ωθέω, *f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω*: aor. I ἀπέωσα or ἄπωσα:—*to thrust off, drive away*: of the wind, *to beat off, beat from one's course*: later, *to drive away from the land, banish.* 2. *to repel, drive back.* 3. in Med. *to reject, disdain.* Hence

ἀπώθητος, *ov*, *thrust or driven away, rejected.*

ἀπώλεια, *ῆ*, (ἀπόλλυμι) *destruction: loss: waste.*

ἀπώλεσα, aor. I of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπωλόμην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀ-πώματος, *ov*, (a privat., πῶμα) *without a lid.*

ἀπώμοστος, aor. I of ἀπώμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, *ῆ*, (ἀπώμνυμι) *a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξαμοσία.*

ἀπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἀπώμνυμι) *forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus*; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον *mortals should never make a vow against anything.* II. act. *under oath not to do a thing.*

ἀπώσσει, aor. I inf. of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπώσασθην, -σασθαι, aor. I med. ind. and inf. of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, *ov*, (ἀπαθέω, κύμα) *repelling waves.*

ἀπωσις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀπαθέω) *a thrusting or driving away.*

ἀπώστος, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἀπαθέω) *thrust or driven away from.* II. *that can be driven away.*

ἀπώτερος, *a, ov*, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) *further off*:—

Sup. ἀπώτατος, *ov*, *furthest off.*

ἀπώτερω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπώτατω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἀρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἀρα.

*ΑΡΑ, Ep. ρά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἀρ: I. EPIC USAGE: 1. *then, straight-way*: ὡς φάτω, βῆ δ' ἀρ' ὄνειρος *thus he spake and then the dream proceeded*:—*then, next in order*, οἱ δ' ἀρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον. 2. *explanation of a thing going before*: φῆ δ' ἀέκητι θεῶν φυγέειν *for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. ἀρα makes it more precise*: ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, δν ἀρ' ἔθελον αὐτοῖ *just the one, the very one, which they wished.* II.

ATTIC USAGE:—*here it always is like οὖν, then, therefore, so then*: κάλλιστον ἀρα ἡ ἀρετὴ *therefore you must allow virtue is best*: μάτην ἀρ', ὡς ἔοικεν, ἡκομεν *so it seems then we are come in vain*:—*in questions, τίς ἀρα ρύσεται*; *who then is there to save?*—*Ἀρα cannot begin a sentence.*

ἀρᾶ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἀρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, *Lat. num?* 2. if an affirmative answer is expected, ἀρα οὐ is used, = *Lat. nonne?* 3. ἀρα is also used in exclamations; δυνυηρὸς ἀρ' ὁ πλοῦτος *! grievous then is wealth!*—In prose ἀρα always stands first in the sentence.

*ΑΡΑ, Ion. *ΑΡΗ, ῆ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin.

II. Ἀρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, *Lat. Dira.*

ἀραβέω, *f. ῆσω*, *to rattle, ring, clang*, always of armour, *From*

*APABOS, ὁ, *a rattling*; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατός, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) *a clashing, rattling*; ἀραγμος στένων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. *placitus*.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of ἀρῶ.

*ΑΡΑΙΟΨ, Att. ἀραιός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *thin, narrow, weak, slight*.

ἀραῖος, α, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ἀρά) *prayed to or entreated*; Ζεὺς ἀραῖος, = ἱκέσιος. 2. *prayed against, accursed*.

II. act. *cursing, bringing mischief upon*. [ᾶ]

ἀραίρηκα, ἀραιρηκώς, ἀραιρημένος, ἀραίρητο, Ion. redupl. for ἤρηκα, ἤρηκώς, ἤρημένος, ἤρητο, pf. and plqpf. redupl. forms from αἰρέω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράσμαι: f. ἀσσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. ἥσσομαι: pf. ἥρᾶμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to *pray* to a god.

2. to *pray* or *vow* that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to *pray* something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to *imprecate upon* one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀρᾶσθαι τι *to imprecate curses upon one*.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἀρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is *fixed, decreed*: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ἥραρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, *appeased, satisfied*.

ἀράρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἀράω Ion. ἄρω: aor. I ἥρασ Ion. ἄρσα: aor. 2 ἥραρον Ep. ἄραρον:—to *join, fasten, fit together*: fit or furnish with a thing.

II. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἀραρα Att. ἄραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀραρυῖα: plqpf. ἥραρεῖν [ᾶ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρηρεμένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἄρμενος:—to be *joined closely together*: to be *fitted closely, fit well*: to be *fixed*: to be *fitting, meet, or suitable*.

ἄραρον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀράρων.

ἀράρως, ἀραρυῖα Ep. ἀραρυῖα, ἀράρός, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, *fitted, fitting*:—Adv. —ὅτως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —πτω: f. ἀράζω Dor. —αζῶ: aor. ἥραξα Ep. ἀραξα:—Pass., aor. I ἥράχθην: (α euphon., ῥάσσω):—to *strike hard, dash in pieces*, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν to *knock furiously at the gates*; metaph., ἀράσσειν ὀνειδεῖσι to *strike with reproaches*:—Pass. to *dash one against other with a noise, to clasp, rattle*. [ᾶ]

ἀραῖτός Ion. ἀρητός, ἥ, ὄν, (ἀράσμαι) *prayed for*.

2. *accursed, unblest*.

ἀράχνηος, α, ὄν, of or belonging to a spider. From

*ΑΡΑΧΝΗ, ἥ, = ἀράχνη. II. a spider's web,

cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

*ΑΡΑΧΝΗΣ, ὁ, a spider, Lat. *araneus*. Hence

ἀράχνηον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

*Αραψ, αβος, ὁ, an Arab: also *Αραβος, ον, ὁ.

*ΑΡΒΥΛΗ, ἥ, a strong shoe, coming up to the

ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [ῥ]

ἀρβυλῖς, ἶδος, ἥ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀργαῖς, Dor. for ἀργηῖς.

ἀργαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἀλγος, as if ἀλγαῖος) *hard, painful, grievous*, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργᾶς, contr. for ἀργαῖς.

*Αργει-φονεῖς, ον, ὁ, for *Αργο-φονευτής, (*Αργος, φονεύς) *slayer of Argus*.

ἀργέλοφοι, ον, οἱ, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, *offal, refuse*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργένεός, ἥ, ὄν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, *white*, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀργός) *white*.

II. paroxystone, ἀργεστής, ον, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, *clearing, brightening*, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo*.

2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρων.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀργήτι, ἀργήτα, from ἀργής, *white*.

ἀργέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) to be *idle, do nothing*: of a field, to lie fallow.

II. trans. to leave a thing undone:—Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

ἀργηῖς Dor. ἀργαῖς, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργάντος, = ἀργής.

ἀργής, ἥτος, ὁ, ἥ, also with poet. dat. and acc.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—*white, bright, vivid*.

ἀργηστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀργής, *white, glancing*.

ἀργία, ἥ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) *idleness, laziness*: in good sense, *leisure*.

ἀργι-κεραυνός, ον, (ἀργής, κεραυνός) *with white, vivid lightning*.

ἀργιλλός or ἀργίλος, ἥ, (ἀργός) *white clay, potter's earth*, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης or ἀργίλ-ώδης, es, (ἀργιλλος, εἶδος) *like clay, clayey*.

ἀργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, *white, shining*.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδόντος, ὁ, ἥ, (ἀργός, ὀδούς) *white-toothed, white-tusked*.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ἥ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀργός, πούς) *swift-footed or white-footed*.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, the *firstlings* at a sacrifice.

*Αργολίω, f. ἴσω, to take the part of Argos. From

*Αργολίς, ἶδος, ἥ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus.

2. as Adj. ὁ, ἥ, of Argolis, *Argolic*.

*Αργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

*ΑΡΓΟΣ, ἥ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening: πόδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, *swift-footed*, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (α privat., ἐργον) *not working*, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργός πόνων: of land, lying fallow.

II. pass. not done, Lat. *infectus*: *unattempted*.

ἀργυρο-άγχη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἄγχω) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed.

ἀργυρο-αἰμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ἀμείβω) a *money-changer*.

ἀργυρεῖον, τό, a *silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἀργυρεὺς or ἀργυρεῖος, *on*, = ἀργυρέος, ἀργυρεία μέταλλα *silver-mines*.

ἀργυρεός or ἀργυρέος, α, *on*, contr. ἀργυρούς, ἂ, *on*, (ἀργυρος) *silver*, of *silver*.

ἀργυρο-ήλατος, *on*, (ἀργυρος, ἐλαίνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἀργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργύριον.

ἀργύριον, τό, (ἀργύρος) a *piece of silver*: hence 'silver,' i. e. *money, cash*.

ἀργυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) a *silver vessel*.

ἀργυρίτης [ῖ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) of or belonging to *silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἀργυρο-δίνης, *on*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies*, epith. of rivers. [ῖ]

ἀργυρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἀργυρο-ήλος, *on*, (ἀργυρος, ἥλος) *silver-studded*.

ἀργυρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) a *worker in silver*, *silversmith*.

ἀργυρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγος) to *levy money*: c. acc. to lay a country under *contribution*. Hence

ἀργυρολογία, ἡ, a *levying of money*.

ἀργυρο-λόγος, *on*, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἀργυρο-πέα, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέα) *silver-footed*: also ἀργυρο-πέξος, *on*.

ἀργυρο-πούς, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποίω) a *worker in silver*.

ἀργυρο-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἀργυρος, πούς) *with silver feet*.

ἀργυρο-ρύτης, *on*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ρέω) *silver-flowing*. [ρῦ]

ἀργυρός, ὁ, (ἀργός, *white*) like Lat. *arg-entum*, the *white metal*, i. e. *silver*, first in Homer. 2. *silver-money*.

ἀργυρο-τόξος, *on*, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow*, epith. of Apollo.

ἀργυρο-φειγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγγω) *silver-shining*.

ἀργυρόω, f. ὤσω, (ἀργυρος) to *turn into silver*. 2. *to reward with silver*:—Pass. to be so rewarded.

ἀργυρο-ῶδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἀργυροῦμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρόω) *silver-plate*.

ἀργυρο-ώνητος, *on*, (ἀργυρος, ἀνέομαι) *bought with silver*.

ἀργυρόφειος, α, *on*, (ἀργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῥ]

ἀργύφος, *on*, = ἀργυρόφειος, epith. of sheep.

Ἀργώ, ὅος, contr. οὖς, ὁ, (ἀργός, *swift*) the *Argo* or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

ἀρδεύω, f. ὠω, = ἀρδω, to *water*, Lat. *irrigare*.

ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶρω) *lifted up*, raised on high. II. utterly, Lat. *penitus*.

ἈΡΑΙΣ, ἐως, ἡ, the *point of anything*, an *arrow-head*: a *sting*.

ἀρδμός, ὁ, a *watering*: a *watering-place*. From

ἈΡΔΩ, f. ἄρω: aor. I ἤρσα:—to *water cattle*, give them to *drink*:—Pass. to *drink*. 2. of rivers, to *water land*, Lat. *irrigare*. II. metaph. to *refresh, foster*.

Ἀρεῖουσα, ἡ, name of several fountains, perhaps for Ἀρδουσα, *waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse. ἀρειά, Ion. ἀρεΐη, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening language*.

Ἀρεῖος, *on* also α, *on*, Ion. Ἀρήϊος, η, *on*, (Ἄρης) *warlike, martial*, Lat. *Mavortius*: Comp. Ἀρειότερος, α, *on*, = ἀρείων.

Ἀρεῖος πᾶγος, ὁ, *bill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, α, *on*, = ἀρείων.

Ἀρεῖ-τολμος, *on*, (Ἄρης, τόλμα) *full of martial boldness*.

Ἀρεῖ-φάτος, Ep. Ἀρηΐφάτος, *on*, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing pf. pass. of φένω) *slain by Ares*, i. e. *slain in war*. 2. later generally = Ἀρεῖος, *martial*.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, —ον, τό, gen. ονος, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἀρεκτός, *on*, poet. for ἀρρεκτός, *undone*.

ἀρεῖω, Ion. for ἀράωμαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκει.

ἀρεσάσθω Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσκει.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκέα, ἡ, (ἀρέσκει) a *desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκει, *agreeably*.

ἀρεσκός, η, *on*, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρέσκει: fut. ἀρέσω: aor. I ἤρσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. I ἤρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεσθην: (*ἄρω, ἄρω):—to *make good, make it up*, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we *make up* among ourselves; ἐγὼ ἀρέσαι to *make amends*: c. acc. pers. to *conciliate, propitiate*, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν; c. gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρένας αἵματος they *sated* their heart with blood:—Pass. to be *contented, acquiesce*.

II. c. dat. pers., to be *pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter*, ταῦτα ἀρέσκοι μοι; ἀρέσκειν τρόπος τινὸς to *conform to his ways*:—impers., ἤρεσέ σφι ταῦτα ποιεῖν it *pleased* them to do so.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκει, *pleasing, grateful*: *acceptable, approved*. Adv. —τῶς.

ἀρετάω, f. ἥσω, (ἀρετή) to be *fit or proper*, to *thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence*, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from *vir*), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity*, etc. 2. in Prose, of the virtues of land, fountains, etc. 3. *excellence*

in art or workmanship, skill. II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue :—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see Ἀρης.)
 ἄρη, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.
 ἄρηαι, Ep. for ἄρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.
 ἄρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἀρηξίς.
 ἈΡΗΤΩ, f. ζω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγᾶν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent. II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν; also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοις ἀρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)
 ἄρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a helper, aid.
 Ἀρητῆ-θοος, ὄν, (Ἀρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in war.
 Ἀρητῆ-κτάμενος, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἀρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.
 Ἀρήτιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for Ἀρείος.
 Ἀρητῆ-φάτος, ὄν, Ion. for Ἀρεί-φάτος.
 Ἀρητῆ-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also ἡ, ὄν, (Ἀρης, φίλος) dear to Ares.
 ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράομαι).
 ἀρημένος, ἡ, ὄν, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)
 ἀρηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour. II. c. gen. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.
 ἄρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω; plarf. ἀρήρειν.
 ἀρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.
 ἀρήροκα, ἀρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρώ.
 ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρώ.
 ἈΡΗΞ, ὁ; gen. Ἀρεος or Ἀρες (never Ἀρους): dat. Ἀρεῖ, Att. contr. Ἀρεί, poet. Ἀρη; acc. Ἀρη, also Ἀρην and Ἀρεα; voc. Ἀρες: Ion. and Ep. declension Ἀρος, ᾗ, ἡ. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἄρην, ἄρσην, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.)
 ἀρητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ; fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā]
 ἀρητός, Ion. for ἀπατός.
 ἀρθίς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.
 ἄρθεν, Aeol. for ἥρθσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.
 ἀρθμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.
 ἄρθμιος, α, ὄν, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἄρθμα, ὄν, τό, peaceful relations, concord.
 ἀρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.
 ἄρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδῶν the ankles; ἄρθρα τῶν οὐκίων the eyes; ἄρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence ἄρθρῶω, f. ὠσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.
 ἄρθρ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

ἈΡΙ—, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἄρης, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.
 ἀρι-γνώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.
 ἀρι-γνώτος, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.
 ἀρί-δακρύς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.
 ἀρί-δῶλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηςλος.
 ἀρι-δείκετος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) much shewn: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.
 ἀρί-δηλος, ὄν, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.
 ἀρί-ζηλος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, Ep. form of ἀρίδηςλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. —λως.
 ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ὄν, very enviable.
 ἀριθματος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀριθμητος.
 ἀριθμεύντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.
 ἀριθμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.
 ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.
 ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.
 ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.
 ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ—κῆ (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv. —κώς, arithmetically.
 ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὄν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός, not counted, held of no account, Lat. nullo in numero habitus.
 ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. numerus. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολλὸν ἀριθμὸς χρόνου. 3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account. 4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγον ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.
 ἀ-ρίν, = ἀρις.
 Ἀριος, α, ὄν, old word for Μηδικός, Median.
 ἀρι-πρετής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.
 ἀ-ρίτς, = ἀρις.
 ἀρί-σμος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.
 ἀρίστ-αθλος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἀθλον) victorious in the contest.
 ἀρίστ-αρχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.
 ἀρι-στάφυλος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, στάφυλη) rich in grapes.
 ἀριστάω, f. ἥσω; pf. ἥριστῃκα, syncop. I pl. ἥρισταμεν, syncop. inf. ἥριστάναι: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀρίστον.
 ἀριστοία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero were described, e.g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τά, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize of the bravest, meed of valour.

ἀριστερός, ὁ, ὄν, left, on the left; ἐν ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-handed, clumsy, like French gauché. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἀριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆς, Lat. optimates, the noblest chiefs, princes.

ἀριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εἶσω: (ἀρίστος): —to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε be was the best of the Trojans; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι he was best at fighting.

ἀριστήϊον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστινὴν, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστο-κρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, aristocratical.

ἀριστό-μαντις, ἑως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

ἀριστο-μάχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, μάχη) fighting best.

ἌΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

ἀριστό-voos, ὄν, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀρίστος, ἡ, ὄν, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., ἀρίστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀρίστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i.e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀρίστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ἄριστος Hom., ἀρίστος, Att., ἄριστος Dor. (On deriv., see *Ἀρψ.)

ἀριστοτόκεια, ἡ, poet. fem. of

ἀριστο-τόκος, ὄν, (ἀρίστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστό-χειρ, ἑπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρίστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστοχείρ a contest won by the stoutest hand.

ἀριστ-ῶδιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρίστος, ὦδιν) bearing the best children.

ἀρι-σφαλής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, σφάλλειν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀρι-φραδής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέως, very plainly.

ἄρκεος, α, ὄν, = ἄρκεϊος, of a bear.

ἀρκεόντως, Att. contr. ἀρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἄρκεω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἄρκεως, ἑως, ἡ, (ἄρκεω) help, aid, service.

ἀρκετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρκεω) sufficient. Adv. —τῶς.

ἀρκούν, Ion. for ἀρκούν, pres. part. neut. of

*ΑΡΚΕΩ, f. ἑώσω: aor. ἦρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἤρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. impers.,

ἀρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good. III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀρήγω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἢ σωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιος μισθός a sure reward. II. enough, sufficient.

ἀρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκεύντως.

ἄρκεϊος, α, ὄν, (ἄρκτος) of a bear.

ἀρτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i.e. one must obey.

*ΑΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. Ἄρκτος, ἡ, the

great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

Ἄρκτη-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οὔρος) Arcturus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes. II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

Ἄρκτη-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, φύλαξ) = Ἀρκτηοῦπος, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

*ΑΡΚΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, vos, ἡ, a net, hunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἄρκυς ἐφίβους the toils, i.e. perils, of the sword.

ἄρκυ-στάσια, ἡ, or

ἄρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἄρκυς, ἵστημι) a line of nets.

ἀρκύ-στάτος, ἡ, ὄν, or os, ὄν, (ἄρκυς, ἵστημι) surrounded with nets; ἀρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀρκύστατον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἄρκυ-ῥός, ὁ, (ἄρκυς, οὔρος) a watcher of nets.

ἄρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἄρμαλία, ἡ, (ἄρμω) sustenance allotted, food.

ἄρμ-ἄμαξα, ἡς, ἡ, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἄρμάτειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

ἄρματῶω, f. ἴω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἄρματῆλᾶσιν, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

ἄρματῆλᾶτεω, f. ἴσω, to drive a chariot. From ἄρματ-ηλάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἄρμα, ἐλαύνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

ἀρματοκύπτος, *ον*, (ἄρμα, κυπέω) *rattling with chariots.*

ἀρματο-πηγός, *ον*, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) *making chariots; ἀρματοπηγος, ὁ, a wheelwright, chariot-maker.*

ἀρματο-τροφέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) *to keep chariot horses, esp. for racing. Hence*

ἀρματοτροφία, *ἡ, a keeping of chariot horses.*

ἀρματο-τροχιά *Ion. -ιῃ, ἡ*, (ἄρμα, τροχός) *the course of a chariot, wheel-track.*

ἀρματωλία, *ἡ*, = ἀρματηλασία.

ἀρμενα, *τά*, *the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ὕπλα. (From same Root as ἄρμος, ἀρμόζω.)*

ἀρμενος, *η, ον*, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀρarisκω.*

ἀρμόδιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (ἀρμόζω) *fitting together: hence well-fitting, agreeable.*

ἀρμόζω, *Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσδω: φ. ἀρμόσαι: aor. ἰ ἤρμοσα: pf. ἤρμοκα:—Pass., aor. ἰ ἤρμωσθη: pf. ἤρμωσμαι: (ἀρμός, ἀρῶ) —to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work:—Med. to join for oneself, put together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage, to give in marriage:—Med. to marry, take to wife:—Pass. to be married to. 3. to bind fast. 4. to set in order, arrange, govern. II. intrans. to fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. III. impers., ἀρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγῶν ἂν ἀρμόζοι.*

ἀρμοί, *Adv.*, = ἀρτι, *just, newly, lately. (Properly an old dat. of ἀρμός.)*

ἀρμο-λογέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἀρμός, λέγω) *to join together.*

ἀρμονία, *ἡ*, (ἀρμόζω) *a fitting together: a joint. II. a union between persons, covenant. III. an ordinance, decree; hence fate. IV. as a term in music, harmony, concord. 2. in Rhet. the intonation of the voice. 3. generally, harmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικῶν ἀρμονία woman's perverse temper.*

ἀρμονικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἀρμόζω) *skilled in music: τὰ ἀρμονικά the theory of music.*

ἀρμός, *ὁ*, (ἀ for ἄμα, ἀρῶ) *a joining, a joint; ἀρμός χώματος λιθοσπαθῆς a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.*

ἀρμόσδω, *Dor. for ἀρμόζω.*

ἄρμωσμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀρμόζω) *joined work.*

ἀρμοστήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, = sq.: *poët., also ἀρμόστωρ, a commander.*

ἀρμοστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ἀρμόζω) *one who arranges or governs, a governor: esp. a barmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony.*

ἀρμόττω, *Att. for ἀρμόζω, q. v.*

ἀρνα, *acc. with no nom. in use, dual ἄρνε, plur. ἄρνες, etc.; v. sub ἀρνός.*

ἀρναῖς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, (ἀρνός) *a sheep's skin.*

ἀρνεός, *α, ον*, (ἀρνός) *a lamb or sheep; ἄρνεος φόνος slaughtered sheep.*

ἀρνεός, *ὁ*, (ἀρνός) *a young ram: but as Adj., ἀρνεός ὄν a male sheep.*

ἀρνεο-θοίνης, *ον, ὁ*, (ἀρνός, θοινάω) *feasting on sheep. 'ΑΡΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἥσομαι: aor. ἰ pass. ἥρνήθη, but also aor. med. ἰ ἥρνησάμην: Dep.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny: opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse: absol. to say no, decline: c. inf. to refuse to do.*

ἀρνευτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (ἀρνεύω) *a tumbler: also a diver. ἀρνεύω, φ. σω*, (ἀρνός) *to frisk like a lamb, tumble.*

ἀρνήσιμος, *ἡ, ον*, (ἀρνεύω) *to be denied.*

ἀρνήσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀρνήσις) *denial.*

ἀρνίον, *τό*, *Dim. of ἀρνός, a young lamb, lambkin.*

'ΑΡΝΟΨ, *τόν, τῆς*, *gen. of an obsol. nom. *ἀρς, the nom. in use being ἀρνός: dat. ἀρνί. acc. ἄρνα; du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἀρνών, dat. ἀρνάσι (Ep. ἀρνεσί), acc. ἄρνας:—a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna: also a sheep.*

ἀρνήμαι, *defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of αἰρμαι, to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize.*

ἀρξέμαι, *τοῦ, Dor. for ἀρξομαι, fut. of ἀρχομαι.*

ἀρόμην, *Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἶρω.*

ἄρον, *-άτω, aor. ἰ imperat. of αἶρω.*

ἀρόσιμος, *ον*, (ἀρόω) *arable, fruitful: metaph. fit for engendering children.*

ἄροσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀρόω) *a ploughing, tillage. II. arable land, corn-land, Lat. arum.*

ἀροτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (ἀρόω) *a ploughman, busbandman; βοῦς ἀροτήρ a steer for ploughing. II. metaph. a father.*

ἀρότης, *ον, ὁ*, = ἀροτήρ, *a ploughman; Πιερίδων ἀρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets.*

ἄροτος, *ὁ*, (ἀρόω) *tillage, ploughing, husbandry; ζῆν ἀπ' ἀρότου to live by husbandry. 2. the crop, fruit of the field: also a field. II. the season of tillage, seed-time.*

ἀροτραῖος, *α, ον*, (ἀροτρον) *of corn-land.*

ἀροτρεύς, *έως, ὁ*, = ἀροτήρ. *Hence*

ἀροτρεύω, *φ. σω*, = ἀρόω, *to plough.*

ἀροτρήτης, *ον, ὁ*, *of or for the plough.*

ἀροτριάω, *φ. ἄσω [ᾱ]*, = ἀρόω, *to plough.*

ἀροτρο-διαύλος, *ὁ*, (ἀροτρον, διαύλος) *one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the διαύλος.*

ἀροτρο-πόνος, *ον*, (ἀροτρον, πόνος) *labouring at the plough.*

ἀροτρο-φορέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἀροτρον, φέρω) *to draw the plough.*

ἀροτρον, *τό*, (ἀρόω) *a plough, Lat. aratrum.*

ἀρούμαι [ᾱ], *fut. med. of αἶρω; but ἀροῦμαι [ᾱ] of αἶρω.*

ἄρουρα, *ἡ*, (ἀρόω) *tilled or arable land, seed-land, corn-land, Lat. arum: also generally, soil, land; πατρίς ἄρουρα father-land:—metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence*

ἀρουραῖος, *α, ον*, *belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse.*

ἀρούριον, *τό*, *Dim. of ἄρουρα.*

ἀρουρό-πονός, *ον*, (ἄρουρα, πόνος) *working in the field.*

'ΑΡΟΨ: *φ. ὄσω, poet. -όσσω: aor. ἰ ἥροσα: pf.*

ἀρήροκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρόθην pf. ἀρήρομαι:—to plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, ἀροῦν εἰς κήπους.

2. metaph. of the husband, to beget: Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρόωσι, Ep. for ἀρούσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρῶ.
ἀρπάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity.

ἀρπάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a book for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. harpāgo.

ἄρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάξω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

ἄρπαγμός, ὁ, (ἀρπάξω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἈΡΠΑΓΩ: fut. ἀρπάξω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι: aor. I ἥρπαξα, Att. ἥρπασα: pf. ἥρπακα:—Pass., aor. I ἥρπαχθην or ἥρπάσθην: aor. 2 ἥρπαγην [ᾱ]: pf. ἥρπαγμα or ἥρπασμαι:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., ἀρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτῆρ, ὁ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπακτεῖρα.
ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπάξω) seized in haste.
ἀρπαλέος, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἀρπάξω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -εως, eagerly. Hence

ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἴσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive.
ἀρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax. II. as Subst. ἀρπαξ, ὁ, a robber, plunderer. 2. ἀρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

ἄρπη, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle: a scimeter.

ἄρπυιαι, αἱ, (ἀρπάξω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἈΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ἄνωος, ὁ, earnest-money, caution-money: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrābō, arrba.

ἀρ-ράφος, ον, (a privat., ραφῆναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἀρ-ρεκτος, ποῖτ. ἀ-ρεκτος, ον, (a privat., ρέξω) undone: unfinished.

ἀρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν) masculine, male.

ἀρρενό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρρῆν, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἀρρέν-ωπος, ον, (ἀρρῆν, ὤψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἀρ-ρηκτος, ον, (a privat., ρήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. τως.

ἈΡΡΗΝ, ὁ, ἡ, ἀρρεν, τό, gen. ενος: old Att. ἄρρη: Ion. ἔρρη:—male, opp. to θήλη: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. ἀρρῆν, ὁ, the male. ἀρρηγής, ἐς, (ἀρρῆν) fierce, savage.

ἄρ-ρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., ρηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; διδασκὰ τ' ἄρρητὰ τε things

that may be published and *must not be told*. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἀρρητ' ἀρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; βητὰ καὶ ἀρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

Ἀρρηφορέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

Ἀρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

ἄρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἀρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἀρ-ρίγῃτος, ον, (a privat., ρίγέω) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἀρ-ρίζος, ον, (a privat., ρίζα) not rooted.

ἀρ-ρίς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ρίς) without nose, without smell.

ἈΡΡΙΚΟΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [Υ]

ἀρ-ρυθμος, ον, (a privat., ρυθμός) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μως, out of time.

ἀρ-ρυτίδωτος, ον, (a privat., ρυτίς) unwrinkled.

ἀρ-ρώξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ῥῶξ) without cleft, unbroken.

ἀρρωστέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἀρρωστίω, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἀρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεῦν in ability to serve from ill health.

ἀρ-ρωστος, ον, (a privat., ῥώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

ἄρσαι, ἄρσων, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἄρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρσενικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀρρενικός.

ἀρσενό-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρρῆν, κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἈΡΣΗΝ, εν, Ion. and Att. for later ἀρρην.

ἄρσος, ον, (ἀρρ) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἀρσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀρσίπους (αἶψα, πούς) lifting the feet.

ἄρσις, εως, ἡ, (αἶψα) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink.

ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = I medimnus + 2 choenices.

ἀρτάμεω, f. ἡσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἈΡΤΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a butcher, cook.

ἀρτάνη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἀρτῶ) that by which something is hung up, a rope, halter.

ἄρτω, Ion. ἀρτέω: f. ἡσω: pf. ἤρτηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρτηθην: pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέσται: (same Root as ἀρρίσκω):—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another:—Pass. to be hung upon, hang upon, ἐκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliquo. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἡρτηνται or ἡρτημένοι εἰσι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

***ARTEMIS**, gen. ἰδος, acc. ἡ or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγὰν βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

Ἀρτεμίσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

Ἀρτεμίσιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *supparum*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.

ἀρτήμα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a hanging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

***ARTI**, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι.

II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάξω, f. ἀσαι, (ἀρτιος) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*.

II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτιος) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτι-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, *new-born*.

ἀρτι-γλυφής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαίνομαι) just taught.

ἀρτί-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτί-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

ἀρτίπεια, ἡ, pecul. fem. of

ἀρτι-επής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-ζυγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτίζυγια newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θαλής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάλειν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θῶνής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάειν) just dead.

ἀρτί-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to.

II. metaph. fitting well together;

εἰς ἀρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομάω) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λοχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτιος, α, ον, (ἀράρισκω, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτία βάζειν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτία ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable.

2. active, quick, ready, c. inf.

II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσός, odd.

ἀρτι-πᾶγής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, πᾶγηναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.

ἀρτί-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτι-πος, Ep. for ἀρτί-πους.

ἀρτί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πόνυ, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἀρτιος, ποῦς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίζω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτί-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτί-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born.

2. παροxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.

ἀρτί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φύης, ἐς, and ἀρτίφυτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χανεῖν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτί-χρους, ον, (ἀρτι, χρύος contr. χροῦς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτί-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτο-ποιός, ον, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.

***APTOΣ**, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat unbeaten bread, opp. to ἀλφισιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτοφάγω, to eat bread. From

ἀρτο-φάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτύμα, τό, (ἀρτύνω) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτύνας, ὁ, (ἀρτύνω) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμωστής.

ἀρτύνω [ῶ]: fut. ἀρτύνω, Ep. ἀρτύνέω: aor. I ἡρτύνω: aor. I pass. ἡρτύνην:—also ἀρτύνω: fut. ἀρτύνω [ῶ]: aor. I ἡρτύνω: pf. ἡρτύνκα, pass. ἡρτύνμαι: (same Root as ἀράρισκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτύνειν, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρύβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρτάνα.

ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀρστήρ.

ἀρυστήχος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρστήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ἡ, = ἀρστήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.

ἀρστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

ἀρυστήσιμος, ον, (ἀρύω) fit to drink.

—**ἈΡΥΨΩ**, Att. **Ἀρύω** [ῥ]: f. ῥύω [ῥ]: aor. I ῥύσα: —**ἈΡΥΨΩ**, aor. I ῥύσθην [ῥ] or ῥύσθην: cf. ἀνώ, ἀνύω. Lat. **HAUR-IRE**, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύσσεσθαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.

ἀρχ-ἄγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.

ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.

ἀρχαῖο-γόνος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.

ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἥσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

ἀρχαῖο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.

ἀρχαῖο-μελη-σίδωνο-φρύνιχ-ῥάτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ῥάτος) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynicus' Phoenissae.

ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

ἀρχαῖο-πλούτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλούτος) rich from olden time.

ἀρχαῖο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.

ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκός, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.

ἀρχαῖο-τρόπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.

ἀρχ-αἰρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἰρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence

ἀρχαἰρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.

ἀρχαῖος, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

ἀρχε-, insepr. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήιον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ον: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχέ-κῆκος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.

ἀρχέ-λαός, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ον, (ἀρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λας.

ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.

ἀρχέ-πλούτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλούτος) enjoying ancient wealth.

ἀρχέτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.

ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern, model.

ἀρχεύω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.

ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἈΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχὴν ἀτ' ἀπ' ἀρχῆς; οὐκ ἀρχὴν not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2.

a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαί, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme

power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχὴ τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί by election, κληρωταί by lot.

ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.

ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and ἀρχηγέω, f. ἥσω, to make a beginning. From

ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ου, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ιδος, but dat. ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχηγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγήσομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a

first leader, prince, chief.

ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-αἰγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγήσομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχη-γέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first fa-

ther. 2. a prince, chief.

ἀρχήθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

ἀρχήιον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.

ἀρχήν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.

ἈΡΧΙ-, insepr. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεύς) belonging to the Chief Priest.

ἀρχιερεύς, ἐως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερέως, εω; also ἀρχιερεῖς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιερέας: (ἀρχω, ἱερεύς) a chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ἱερωσύνη) the chief priesthood.

ἀρχι-θάλασσος, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.

ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἥσω, to be ἀρχιθεώρος. From ἀρχι-θεώρος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.

ἀρχί-κλωψ, ατος, ὁ, a chief of robbers.

ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ου, ὁ, a chief pilot.

ἀρχι-μυθός, ὁ, a chief comedian.

ἀρχι-μονόχοος, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.

ἀρχι-πειρατής, ου, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

ἀρχ-ιρεύς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεύς.

ἀρχι-συναγωγός, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From

ἀρχι-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contributor.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, *ov, ó*, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

ἀρχι-τρίκλιτος, *ó*, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

ἄρχος, *ó*, a leader, chief, commander. From

ἈΡΧΩ, *f. ἄρχω*: *aor. I ἤρξα*: *pf. ἤρξα*:—more commonly in Med. **ἄρχομαι**: *fut. ἄρξομαι*: *aor. I ἤρξαμην*: *pf. ἤρξαμι*:—*Pass.*, *fut. ἀρχήσομαι*: *aor. I ἤρχην*.

I. of Time, to begin: *c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἄρχειν πολέμου*: with *inf. or part.*, *ἄρχεσθαι οικοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχὴ ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink.*

2. to begin from or with; ἄρχεσθαι Διός, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium.

3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἄρχειν θεοῖς δαιτὶς to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—*Med.* also in a religious sense, like *ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs.*

4. c. acc., ἄρχειν ὁδόν τινα, to shew him the way:—*imperat.*, *ἄρχε begin!*—*part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.*

II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely *c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἀρχειν*:—*c. acc. cognato, ἄρχειν ἀρχὴν to hold an office.*

2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: *οἱ ἀρχόμενοι, subjects.*

ἄρχων, *οντος, ó*, (properly *part. of ἄρχω*) a ruler, captain, chief, king.

2. οἱ Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἀρχων or Ἀρχων ἐπὶ νυνμυς, the second ὁ Βασιλεὺς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.

***ἈΡΩ**, a form assumed as the Root of *ἀράσκειν*.

ἄρῳ [*ᾶ*], *fut. of αἶρω*: but *ἄρῳ* [*ᾶ*], of *αἶρω*.

ἄρωγῇ, *ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ἄρωγῇ νόσον help against disease.*

ἄρωγο-ναύτης, *ov, ó, (ἄρωγός, ναύτης) helper of sailors.*

ἄρωγός, *όν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing.*

II. as Subst. ἄρωγός, ó, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

ἈΡΩΜΑ, *τό, any seasoning, spice.*

ἄρωμα, *τό, (ἀρόω) corn-land, Lat. arvum.*

ἄρωμαι, *Ep. for ἀροῦν, contr. from ἀρόμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρόω.*

ἀρωπαῖος, *Dor. for ἀρουπαῖος.*

ᾶς, *ús or ús, Aeol. and Dor. for ἔως, till, until.*

ᾶς, *Dor. gen. for ἥς, from úς, ἡ, ú.*

ἄσαι, *contr. for ἀάσαι, aor. I inf. of ἄδω, to hurt.*

ἄσαι, *aor. I inf. of ἄω, to satiate.*

ᾶσαι, *contr. for αἰῆσαι, aor. I inf. of αἰῆδω.*

ἄσαιμι, *aor. I opt. of ἄω, to satiate.*

ἄ-σακτος, *ov, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.*

ἄ-σαλᾶμινος, *ov, (a privat., Σάλαμις) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μῆ]*

ἄ-σάλευτος, *ov, (a privat., σαλευτός) unshaken, calm.*

ἄσαιμεν, *I plur. aor. 2 of ἄω, to sleep.*

ἄσάμνθος, *ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

Ἀσανά, Ἀσαναί, Ἀσαναῖος, *Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθήναι, Ἀθηναῖος.*

ἄ-σάνδαλος, *ov, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.*

ἄ-σαντος, *ov, (a privat., σάινω) not to be flattered, harsh, morose.*

ἄ-σαρκος, *ov, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.*

ἄσατο, *contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἄδω, to hurt.*

ἄσασθαι, *aor. I med. inf. of ἄω, to satiate.*

ἄσάφεια, *ἡ, indistinctness. From*

ἄ-σάφης, *és, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φῶς, indistinctly.*

ἄσάω, *f. ἡσάω, (ἄσῃ) to surfeit, cloy, satiate*:—*Pass.*

ἄσάομαι, *with aor. I pass. ἄσῆσθην, and med. ἄσάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.*

ἄ-σβεστος, *ov, also ἡ, ov, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless.*

II. as Subst., ἄσβεστος (sub. τίτανος); ἡ, unslaked lime. 2. asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

ἈΣΒΟΛΟΣ, *ἡ, rarely ó, also ἄσβόλη, ἡ, σοῦλ.*

ἄσε, *for ἄσσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄδω, to hurt.*

ἄσέβεια, *ἡ, (ἀσεβής) impiety, profaneness.*

ἄσεβέω, *f. ἡσέω, (ἀσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence*

ἄσεβημα, *ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.*

ἄ-σεβής, *és, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unholy, profane.*

ἄσειν, *fut. inf. of ἄω, to satiate. [ᾶ]*

ἄ-σειρώτος, *ov, (a privat., σειρώ) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφόροι.*

ἄ-σέλαστος, *ov, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.*

ἄσελγαῖο, *f. ἄνῳ: pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι: (ἄσελγής) —to behave licentiously.*

ἄσέλγεια, *ἡ, (ἄσελγής) licentiousness.*

ἄ-σελγής, *és, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal.*

Adv. -ῶς, extravagantly.

ἄ-σέληνος, *ov, (a privat., σέληνη) without moon.*

ἄσεπτέω, = *ἄσεβέω, to act impiously. From*

ἄ-σεπτος, *ov, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unholy.*

ἄσεσθε, *2 pl. fut. med. of ἄω, to satiate.*

ἄσειμαι, *Dor. for αἰείσομαι, Att. ἴσομαι, fut. of αἰδέω.*

ἄσῃ, *ἡ, (ἄω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. generally, anguish, distress.*

ἄσθηθης, *ἄσθηθῆναι, aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἄσάω.*

ἄ-σημνατος, *ov, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended.*

II. unsealed, unmarked.

ἄ-σημος, *ov, (a privat., σημά) without sign or mark;*

ἄσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ἄσημα ὅπλα arms without device.

II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure.

III. indistinct, unseen, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscene, ignoble.

ἀ-σῆμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, = ἄσημος.
 ἀσθενεία, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) *want of strength, weakness, sickness.* 2. a disease.
 ἀσθενῶ, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀσθενής) *to be weak, feeble, sickly.*
 ἀσθένεια, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθενέω) *an infirmity.*
 ἀ-σθενής, *ἐς*, (a privat., σθένος) *without strength, weak: feeble, sickly.* 2. of property, poor; οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.
 ἀ-σθενῶ, *f. ὥσω*, (ἀσθενής) *to weaken.*
 ἀσθενῶς, *Adv.* of ἀσθενής, *weakly, feebly, slightly.*
 ἄσθμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθ, to blow) *hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil.* II. a breath, breathing.
 ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) *to breathe hard, gasp for breath.*
 Ἀσι-ἄρχης, *ov, δ*, (Ἀσία, ἄρχω) *an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.*
 Ἀσιάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (Ἀσία) *fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσιὰς* (with or without *κυθάρα*), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.
 Ἀσιατο-γενής, *ἐς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) *of Asiatic descent.*
 ἀ-σίδηρος, *ov*, (a privat., σίδηρος) *not of iron.* 2. without sword.
 ἀ-σίνης, *ἐς*, (a privat., σίνομαι) *of persons, unburt, unarmed: of things, undamaged.* II. act. *not harming, doing no harm: innocent.* 2. protecting from harm. Hence
 ἀ-σίνως, *Adv.* *innocently: Sup.* ἀσινέστατα.
 ἄστος, *α, ov*, (ἀστος) *slimy, miry.*
 ἈΣΙΣ, *εως, ἡ*, *slime, mud.*
 ἀσιτέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀσιτος) *to go without food, to fast.*
 ἀσιτία, ἡ, *want of food, fasting.* From
 ἀ-σίτος, *ov*, (a privat., σίτος) *without eating, fasting.*
 ἀσκάλας, *ov*, (a privat., σκάλλω) *unboed, undug.*
 ἀσκάτης, *ov, δ*, a mean bed. II. a bier.
 ἀ-σκαρδαμυκτός, and -κτί, *Adv.* of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, *without winking, without unchanged look.*
 ἀ-σκαρδάμυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) *not blinking, with steady impudent look.* II. of time, in a twinkling.
 ἀ-σκελής, *ἐς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) *dried up, withered.* 2. neut. ἀσκελής, as *Adv.*, also ἀσκελῶς, *obstinately, stubbornly.*
 ἀ-σκέπαρνος, *ov*, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) *unbeun.*
 ἀ-σκεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., σκέψομαι fut. of σκοπέω) *inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately.* II. *unconsidered, unobserved.*
 ἀ-σκευής, *ἐς*, = ἀσκευός.
 ἀ-σκευός, *ov*, (a privat., σκευή) *unfurnished: c. gen.* *unfurnished with . . .* ἀσκευός ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατού.—
 ἈΣΚΕΪΩ, *f. ἦσω*: *f. ἡσκηκα, pass. ἡσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn; also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere.* II. in Att. and prose, *to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, ἀσκέειν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκέειν τέχνην to practise an art.* 2. c. inf., ἀσκέω τοιαύτη μένειν I prac-

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. *to practise, train.*
 ἀσκηθής, *ἐς*, *unburt, unarmed: unscathed.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀσκημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκέω) *an exercise.*
 ἀ-σκηνος, *ov*, (a privat., σκήνη) *without tents.*
 ἀσκησις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀσκέω) *exercise, training; ἀσκησίς τινος practice of or in a thing.* II. a trade, profession, *Lat. ars.*
 ἀσκητέος, *α, ov*, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, *to be practised.*
 ἀσκητής, *ov, δ*, (ἀσκέω) *one who practises any art or trade, of τῶν ἀσκήτων: an athlete.* Hence
 ἀσκητικός, *ἡ, ὅν*, *industrious: athletic.*
 ἀσκητός, *ἡ, ὅν*, (ἀσκέω) *curiously wrought.* 2. exercised in a thing. 3. *to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.*
 ἀ-σκιος, *α, ov*, (a privat., σκιά) *without shade.*
 ἀ-σκήπων, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (a privat., σκήπων) *without a staff.* [I]
 Ἀσκληπιέον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From
 Ἀσκληπιός, ὁ, Asclepius, *Lat. Aesculapius*, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.
 ἀ-σκοπος, *ov*, (a privat., σκοπέω) *not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός.* II. pass. *unseen.* 2. *not to be seen, obscure: incredible.*
 ἈΣΚΟΣ, ὁ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, *an animal's hide:—proverb., ἀσκὸν δέρεειν τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάσθαι to be flayed alive.*
 ἀσκόλια, τά, (ἀσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence
 Ἀσκολιάζω, *f. σω*, *to dance as at the Ascolia.*
 ἄσκομα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.
 ᾄσμα, τό, (ᾄδω) a song, lay.
 ᾄσματό-κάμπτης, *ov, δ*, (ᾄσμα, κάμπτης) *twister of song.*
 ᾄσμενος, *η, ov*, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδόμεν: *well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ᾄσμένῳ μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ἀμεινότερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος.* Adv. -ως, *gladly, readily.*
 ᾄσομαι, contr. for ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω, *to sing.*
 ἀ-σοφος, *ov*, (a privat., σοφός) *unwise, foolish.*
 ἈΣΠΑΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—*to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave.* 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. 3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master. 4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .
 ἀ-σπαίρω, Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) *to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.*
 ἀσπάλαθος, ὁ, a sweet-scented shrub.
 ἀσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, *asparagus.*
 ἀ-σπαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, *unsown, untilld: of plants, not sown, growing wild.*

ἀσπάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπάζομαι) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπαστός, ὁ, (ἀσπάζομαι) *an embrace: affection*.

ἀσπαστός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀσπασίως, *welcome*.

ἀσπαιστος, ον, (α privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀσπερος, ον, (α privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i.e. without posterity*.

ἀσπερχές, Adv., (α euphon., σπέρχω) *bastily, botly, unceasingly*.

ἀσπετος, ον, (α privat., εἰπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φωνή ἀσπετος *an indistinct voice*.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ἦτος, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίδη-στρέφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίδη-φόρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *shield-bearing*: as Subst. *a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπίδιωτης, ὁ, (ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίδ-οὔχος, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, ἔχω) *a shield-bearer*.

ἀσπίδο-πηγίον, τό, *an armourer's shop*. From

ἀσπίδο-πηγός, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπίδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀσπίλος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., σπίλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

ἌΣΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, *a round shield*, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (ὀμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὕπλον, Lat. *scutum*. 2. in common language used for *a body of men-at-arms* (ὀπλίται), ὀκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίς *8000 heavy-armed men*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι τάξασθαι *to draw men up twenty-five deep*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα, παρ' ἀσπίδα *on or to the left, right shoulders forward*, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δόρυ.

II. *an asp, a kind of snake*.

ἀσπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἀσπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀσπίς) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπιστορ, as Adj., κλόνου ἀσπιστορες *din of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπλαγχνος, ον, (α privat., σπλάγχνα) *without bowels: metaph. heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπονδος, ον, (α privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II.

without regular truce (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον *a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others*.

III. *admitting of no truce, implacable*; ἀσπονδος ἀρά *a deadly curse*.

ἀσπούδατος, ον, (α privat., σπουδάω) *not zealously pursued*. II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.

ἀσπουδεῖ and ἀσπουδί, Adv. (α privat., σπουδῇ) *without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for ἄτινα, neut. pl. of ὅστις, *which, whichever, what, whatever*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for τινά, *something, some*.

ἄσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as, a farthing*.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἄγχι, *nearer*: sometimes c. gen., ἄσσον ἐμεῖο *nearer to me*:—also Adv. ἄσσοτέρω, *whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἀσσοτέρος*, Sup. ἀσσοτάτος, Adv. ἀσσοτάτω.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for ἄσσω.

ἄσταθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἄσταθήςτος, ον, (α privat., σταθμάομαι) *unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain*.

ἄστακτος, ον, (α privat., στάζω) *not trickling, i.e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. ἀστακτί, *in floods*.

ἄστασίαστος, ον, (α privat., στασιάω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. —τως.

ἄστατέω, f. ἴσω, *to be unstable: be a wanderer*. From ἄ-στάτος, ον, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἄσταφιδίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. *consisting of raisins*.

[δῆ] From

ἄ-στάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (α euphon., σταφίς) *a raisin*.

ἄσταχύνειν, dat. pl. of

ἄ-στάχυς, vos, ὁ, (α euphon., στάχυς) *an ear of corn*.

ἄ-στέγαστος, ον, (α privat., στεγάω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked*; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον *from their bawling no shelter*.

ἄστεῖζομαι, Dep. *to be witty*. From

ἄστεῖος, ον, also α, ον, (ἄστν) *of the town*; then, like Lat. *urbanus*, *courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty*; opp. to ἀγροικός.

ἄ-στεῖπτος, ον, (α privat., στείβω) *untrodden*.

ἄ-στεμφής, ἐς, (α privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., ἀστεμφέως *ἔχειν τινά to hold one fast*. 2. of persons, *inexorable*.

ἄ-στένακτος, ον, (α privat., στενάω) *without sigh or groan: without need for groans*.

ἄστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄδω, *one must sing*.

ἄ-στέπτος, ον, (α privat., στέφω) *uncrowned: hence, unbonoured*.

ἄστεργ-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀστεργής, ἀνὴρ) *without love of man, hating wedlock*. [γά]

ἄ-στεργής, ἐς, (α privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἄσπερο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀστήρ, εἶδος) *starry*.

ἄσπερέεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀστήρ) *starry: sparkling, glittering*.

ἄστεροπή, ἡ, poet. for ἀστροπή, *lightning*. Hence ἄστεροπήτης, οὔ, ὁ, *the lightener*.

ἄστερ-ωπός, ον, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) *starry: star-like, bright*.

ἄ-στεφάνως, ον, (α privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarlanded*.

ἄ-στεφάνωτος, ον, (α privat., στεφανώω) *not crowned*.

ἄστη, ἡ, fem. of ἀστός, *a female citizen*.

ἄστηλος, ον, (α privat., στήλη) *without tombstone*.

'ΑΣΤΗ'Ρ, ὁ, gen. ἑπος: dat. pl. ἀστροσι, Lat.

ASTRUM, *a star*. 2. *any luminous body, a meteor*.

ἄσθήρικος, *ον*, (α privat., στήριζω) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἄστίβης, *ές*, (α privat., στείβω) *not to be trodden, boly.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἄστικός, *ή, όν*, (ἄστυ) *of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἄστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to ξενικός foreign.* II. = ἄστίος, *neat, pretty.*

ἄστικτος, *ον*, (α privat., στίζω) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἄσπλέγιτος, *ον*, (α privat., σπλεγίζω) *not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἄστολος, *ον*, (α privat., στολή) *without the stole.*

ἄστομος, *ον*, (α privat., στόμα) *speechless.* II. *of horses, bard-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. *of dogs, bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. *of a sword, without edge.*

ἄσπ-ξενος, *ό, ή*, (ἄστυ, ξένος) *the public guest of a city.*

ἄστοργος, *ον*, (α privat., στέργω) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἄστος, *ό*, (ἄστυ) *a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.*

ἄστοχέω, *ή, ήσω*, *to miss the mark: to fail.* From ἄστοχος, *ον*, (α privat., στόχος) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἄσπράβη, *ή*, *a pack-saddle, an easy saddle.* From ἄσπράβης, *ές*, (α privat., σπράβηναι) *untwisted, straight.*

ἄσπράγαλ, *ή*, *Ion. for ἄσπράγαλος III.*

ἄσπράγαλός, *ό*, *one of the vertebrae of the neck.* II. *the ankle bone, Lat. talus.* III. *mostly in plur.*

ἄσπράγαλοι, *οί*, *dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tali: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀρροδίτη, Lat. jactus Veneris; the worst, when all came alike, κών, Lat. canis.*

ἄστραπή, *ή*, *a flash of lightning, lightning.* [ἀπ]

ἄστραπήφορέω, *ή, ήσω*, *to carry lightnings.* From ἄστραπήφόρος, *ον*, (ἄστραπή, φέρω) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἄστράπτω, *ή, ψω*, (ἄστραπή) *to lighten: impers., ἄστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth.* II.

intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

ἄστρασι, *dat. pl. of ἄσπρη.*

ἄσπράτεια, *ή*, (α privat., στρατεῖω) *exemption from service.* 2. *a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν ἀσπρατείας to be indicted for it; ἀσπρατείας ἀλῶναι to be convicted of it.*

ἄσπράτευτος, *ον*, (α privat., σπράτεύω) *exempt from service.* 2. *never having served.*

ἄσπρεπτος, *ον*, (α privat., σπρέφω) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἄστρο-γείτων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (ἄστρον, γείτων) *near the stars.*

ἄστρολογία, *ή*, *astrology.* From ἄστρο-λόγος, *ό*, (ἄστρον, λέγω) *an astronomer: later, an astrologer.*

*ἈΣΤΡΟΝ, *τό*, *Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation.* ἄστρονομέω, *ή, ήσω*, and ἄστρονομίζω, *ή, ήσω*, *to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and*

ἄστρονομία, *ή*, *astronomy.* From ἄστρο-νόμος, *ον*, (ἄστρον, νέμω) *classing the stars: as Subst., ἄστρονόμος, ό*, *an astronomer.*

ἄστροφος, *ον*, (α privat., στρέφω) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἄστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.*

ἄστρῳς, *α, ον*, (ἄστρον) *of the stars, starry.*

ἄστρωπός, *ον*, = ἄσπερπός.

ἄστρωτος, *ον*, (α privat., στρώννυμι) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

*ἈΣΤΥ, *τό*: *gen. eos, contr. ovs, also ews:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city Ἄστυ, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though Ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.*

ἄστυ-ἀναξ, *ακτος, ό*, (ἄστυ, ἀναξ) *lord of the city.*

ἄστυ-βοάτης, *ον, ό*, (ἄστυ, βοάω) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἄστυ-γείτων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (ἄστυ, γείτων) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἄστυδε, *Adv.* (ἄστυ) *into, to, or towards the city.*

ἄστυκός, *ή, όν*, = ἄστικός.

ἄστυλος, *ον*, (α privat., στύλος) *without pillar or prop.*

ἄστυ-νίκος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) *victorious.*

ἄστυνομέω, *to be an ἄστυνομος.* From

ἄστυ-νόμος, *ό*, (ἄστυ, νέμω) *a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus.* II. *as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι ἄστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.*

ἄστυ-όχος, *ον*, (ἄστυ, ἔχω) *keeping the city.*

ἄστυφέλικτος, *ον*, (α privat., στυφελίζω) *unshaken.*

ἄστυφέλος, *ον*, (α privat., στυφελός) *not rocky.*

ἄστυγνώμων, *ον*, (α privat., συγγνώμων) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἄστυκέρastos, *ον*, (α privat., συγκέρastos) *not to be mixed.*

ἄστυκόμιστος, *ον*, (α privat., συγκόμιστος) *not gathered together, uncreased.*

ἄστυκρίτος, *ον*, (α privat., σύγκριτος) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἄστυκρότης, *ον*, *see ἀστυκρότης.*

ἄστυκοφάντης, *ον*, (α privat., συκοφαντέω) *not calumniated.*

ἄστυλαός, *α, ον*, (ἄστυλον) *of an asylum.*

ἄστυλος, *ον*, (α privat., συλλάω) *inviolable.*

ἄστυλία, *ή*, (ἄστυλος) *inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἄστυλόγιος, *ον*, (α privat., συλλογίζομαι) *unable to reason:—Adv., ἀστυλογίστως ἔχειν to be unable to reason.*

ἄστυλος, *ον*, (α privat., σύλη) *free from plunder:*

unbarred, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμον ασυλος safe from marriage.

ἀ-σύμβατος, ον, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ἀ-σύμβολος, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

ἀ-σύμμετρος, ον, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ἀ-συμπαθής, ἐς, (a privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.

ἀ-σύμφορος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-σύμφωνος, ον, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.

ἀ-σύνδετος, ον, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected.

ἀ-συνεσία, ἡ, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ἀ-σύνετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνητος, ον, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἀ-συνήμων, Att. ἀ-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., συνήμη) without understanding.

ἀ-σύνθετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνητος, ον, (a privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύντακτος, Att. ἀ-ξύνητακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ἀ-σύντονος, ον, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -ως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἀ-συσκεύαστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ἀ-σύστατος, Att. ἀξύστατος, ον, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, ον, vile, dishonoured: also dishonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσυχία, ἀσύχημος, ἀσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἀ-σφαδάστος, ον, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without convolution or struggle.

ἀ-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.

ἀσφάλεια, ὁ, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

ἀσφαλείος, ον, of Neptune, the Securer. From

ἀ-σφαλής, ἐς, (a privat., σφάλλειν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unsfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure; ἐν ἀσφαλει or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦς, in safety; τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἴω, to secure, guarantee.

ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ἀσφαλιτικός, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτης, ἡ, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλτίτις, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [Ὶ] From

ἀσφαλτος, ον, ἡ, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφαλῶς, Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἀ-σφαράγῳ, (a euphon., σφαραγέω) to ring, resound.

ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gullet.

ἀσφι, ἀσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφοδελος, ὁ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφοδελὸς λειμῶν the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάω, 3 plur. ἀσχαλώσιν, inf. ἀσχαλάαν, part. ἀσχαλῶν: —another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάαν μένον to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλάν τι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχαλῶν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-σχετος, ον, (a privat., σchein, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, ἡ, deformity, indecency. From

ἀ-σχημων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., σχῆμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολία, ἡ, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινί to be a hindrance to one. From

ἀ-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λως.

ἀσχολῶν, ἀσχολώσιν, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἀ-σώματος, ον, (a privat., σῶμα) without body, incorporeal.

ἄσωτία, ἡ, prodigality, dissoluteness. From

ἀ-σωτος, ον, (a privat., σώζω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτος, f. ἡσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ἀ-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-τάλαϊστος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ἀ-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀτάλα-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster: —Pass. to grow up, wax.

ἀτάλός, ἡ, ὄν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate.

ἀταλό-ψυχος, ον, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.

ἀταξία, ἡ, (ἀτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ΑΤΑΡ, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunction. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφη *still thou didst say*: it often stands for δέ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, ον, (α privat., τάρασσω) *without confusion, cool, steady*. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, *freedom from passion, calmness*.

ἀ-ταρβής, ἐς, (α privat., τάρβος) *fearless*; ἀταρβήs τῆs θέας *having no fear about the sight*.

ἀ-τάρβητος, ον, (α privat., ταρβέω) *undaunted*.

ἀταρπύτος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπύτος.

ἀταρπός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρός, ον, Ep. for ἀτηρός, *mischievous, baneful*.

ἀτασθάλια, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) *blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness*.

ἀτασθάλω, to act *presumptuously*. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) *presumptuous, reckless*.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (α privat., ταῦρος) *unwedded, virgin, pure*.

ἀ-τάφος, ον, (α privat., τάφῃναι) *unburied*.

ἀτάω, f. ἤω, (ἀτη) *to hurt, harm*: Pass. *to suffer, be in distress*.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, *just as, as if, so as*. II. only in Prose, *inasmuch as, seeing that*, Lat. *quippe, utpote*.

ἀ-τεγκτος, ον, (α privat., τέγω) *unwetted, not softened: hard-bearded, relentless*.

ἀ-τεριής, ἐς, (α privat., τέρω) *not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied*: also *stubborn, unbending: wearisome*.

ἀ-τειχιστος, ον, (α privat., τειχίζω) *without walls and towers, unfortified*. II. *not walled in, not blockaded*.

ἀ-τεκμαρτος, ον, (α privat., τεκμαίρομαι) *not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark*: of men, *uncertain*. Adv., ἀτεκμαρτῶs ἔχειν *to be in the dark*.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, *childlessness*. From

ἀ-τεκνος, ον, (α privat., τέκνον) *childless*.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) *at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas*.

ἀ-τέλεστος, ον, (α privat., τελέω) *without end or effect: unfinished*:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., *in vain*. II. *uninitiated in*.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, ον, (α privat., τελευτάω) *not coming to an end, unaccomplished*. II. *endless, impracticable*.

ἀ-τέλευτος, ον, (α privat., τελευτή) *endless*.

ἀ-τελής, ἐς, (α privat., τέλος) *without end, unaccomplished*. 2. *ineffectual*, Lat. *irritus*. 3. *imperfect, unripe*, II. *act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing*. III. *at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt*, Lat. *immunis*. IV. *uninitiated in a thing, tinós*.

ἀτελής, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτίμβω, only used in pres. *to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound*:—Pass. *to be bereft of a thing*; ἀτίμβονται νέπτητος *they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ἀ]

ἀ-τενής, ἐς, (α copul., τείνω) *strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive*. 2. *straight, direct*:

straightforward. 3. *unbending, stubborn*. II.

Adv. ἀτενῶs, or ἀτενέs, *exceedingly*. Hence

ἀτενίζω, f. ἴσω, *to look at intently, gaze at*.

"ATEP. Prep. with gen. *without, except, besides*. II. *aloof, apart, away from*.

ἀ-τέραμνος, ον, (α privat., τέραμνος) *unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable*.

ἀ-τεράμνος [ἀ], ον, gen. ονος, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ἀτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν, = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., τέρμα) *without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable*.

ἀτερος [ἀ], ον, Dor. for ἔτερος, ον. 2. ἄτερος

[ἀ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἔτερος, gen. θάτερον, dat. θάτερῳ, θατέρῳ etc., or with mark of crasis, θάτερον, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, ἐς, (α privat., τέρπω) *unpleasing, joyless, sad*. II. *not enjoying a thing, tinós*.

ἀ-τερπος, ον, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, ἐς, and ἀ-τεύχῃτος, ον, (α privat., τεύχος) *unarmed*.

ἀ-τεχνος, ον, or ἀ-τεχνής, ἐς, (α privat., τέχνη) *without art, unskilled, rude*: of things, *inartificial*. II. *without art or cunning, simple*.

ἀ-τεχνῶs, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνωs, of ἀτεχνος, *without art or skill, rudely*. II. *really, absolutely, utterly*, Lat. *plané, prorsus*, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶs; as ἀτεχνῶs ἐγένωs ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέωs, *fool-hardy, reckless*. From

ἀτη, ἡ, (ἀάω) *distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods*. 2. *ruin, mischief*: of persons, *a bane, pest*. 3. "Ατη personified, the goddess of mischief: the Διταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [ἀ]

ἀ-τηκτος, ον, (α privat., τήκω) *unmelted*.

ἀτημελέω, f. ἴσω, *to be careless*. From

ἀ-τημελής, ἐς (α privat., τημελής) *careless*.

ἀτημέλητος, ον, (ἀτημελέω) *unbeeded, uncared for*. 2. *baffled, disappointed*. II. *act. taking no heed*: Adv., ἀτημελήτωs ἔχειν *tinós to take no heed of a thing*.

ἀτηρός, ἰ, ὄν, (ἀτη) *deluded, driven to ruin*. II. *baneful, ruinous*. Add. -ῶs. [ἀ]

"Ατθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *Attic*; cf. "Αττικός. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *Attica*. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), *the Attic dialect*.

ἀ-τίετος, ον, (α privat., τίω) *unhonoured*. II. *act. not honouring*.

ἀ-τίζω, f. ἴω, (α privat., τίζω = τίω) *not to honour*: absol. in part, ἀτίζων *unbeeding*: but c. acc. *to slight, treat lightly*.

ἀ-τιθάσειτος, ον, (α privat., τιθασειώ) *untamed, not to be tamed, wild*.

ἀτιμ-ἀγέλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) *despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone*.

ἀ-τιμάζω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἡτιμάσα: pf. ἡτιμάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡτιμάσθην: pf. ἡτιμασμαι: (α privat., τιμάω). *To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight*:—Pass.

to suffer dishonour or insult.

II. = ἀτιμῶν in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights, ἀτιμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀτιμάω) a dishonourer.

ἀτιμαστός, ον, (ἀτιμάω) dishonoured, despised.

ἀ-τιμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἤτιμησα: pf. ἤτιμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤτιμήθην: (α privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτίμητος, ον, unbonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.

ἀτιμία, ἡ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. diminutio capitis.

ἀ-τιμος, ον, (α privat., τιμή) unbonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of. 2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. capite diminutus, opp. to ἐπί-τιμος: cf. ἀτιμία.

II. (τιμή) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

ἀτιμῶ, f. ὥσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. aerarium facere.

ἀτίμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.

ἀ-τιμωρητέ, and ἀ-τιμωρητί, Adv. of ἀ-τιμωρητός, ον, (α privat., τιμωρέομαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἀτίμος, disgracefully.

ἀ-τιμωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀτιμῶ) a dishonouring. [τῖ]

ἀτίτállω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτηλα: (αταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ἀ-τίτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (α privat., τίω) unbonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ἀ-τίω, (α privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [ῖ]

Ἀτλά-γενής, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.

Ἀτλαντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Atlas. From

Ἄ-τλας, αντος, ὅ, (α euphon., τλήναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

ἀτλητέω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From

ἀ-τλήτος, Dor. ἀ-τλάτος, ον, (α privat., τλήναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

ἀτμή, ἡ, = ἀτμός, smoke, heat.

ἀ-τμητός, ον, (α privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

ἀτμιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam.

ἀτμίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄω, ἀημι) steam, vapour. [ῖ]

ἀτμός, ὅς, (ἄω, ἀημι) smoke, Lat. vapor.

ἀ-τοιχος, ον, (α privat., τοίχος) unvalled.

ἀ-τοκος, ον, (α privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ἀ-τόλμητος, ον, (α privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολία, ἡ, want of daring, cowardice. From ἀ-τολμός, ον, (α privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ἀ-τομος, ον, (α privat., τομή) uncut: unmown. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.

ἀ-τονος, ον, (α privat., τένω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνος) without accent.

ἀ-τοξός, ον, (α privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.

ἀτοπία, ἡ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

ἀ-τοπος, ον, (α privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. ineptus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.

ἀ-τόξος, ον, contr. for ἄατος, insatiate, c. gen.

ἀτρακτος, ὅ, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an

arrow, cf. ἡλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-τραπίτιος, Ep. ἀτράπιτιος, ἡ, a path.

ἀ-τραπός, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (α euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

ἀτρέκεια, ἡ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From

ἈΤΡΕΚΗΣ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ἀ-τρέμα, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμας, Adv., (α privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ἀ-τρεμαίος, α, ον, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαία βοά a whisper.

ἀτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (α privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμῇ, quietly.

ἀτρεμία, ἡ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet.

ἀ-τρεπτος, ον, (α privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indif-

ferent.

ἀ-τρεστος, ον, (α privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless.

ἀ-τριάκτος, ον, (α privat., τριάω) unconquered.

ἀ-τρίβαστος, ον, (α privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.

ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (α privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. integer.

ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἥτριον.

ἀ-τριπος, ον, (α privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοι δίκανθα thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ἀ-τρόμητος, ον, (α privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.

ἀ-τρομος, ον, (α privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.

ἀτροπία, ἡ, obstinacy. From

ἀ-τροπος, ον, (α privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἀτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Parcae.

ἀτροφέω, f. ἤσω, to pine away. From

ἄ-τροφος, *ov*, (α privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἄ-τρυγος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (α privat., τρυγάω) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἄ-τρυγής, *ēs*, (α privat., τρυγέω) *not gathered.*

ἄ-τρυμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, = ἄτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρυμῶν *κακῶν not worn out by ills.* [ῥ]

ἄ-τρυτος, *ov*, (α privat., τρύω) *not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτών, *the Unworned.* (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἀιδανεύς from Αἰδης.)

ἄ-τρωτος, *ov*, (α privat., τρωσάω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

Ἄττα, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄππα, πάππα, [τᾱ]

ἀττάγδς, *ā, ō*, Lat. *attagen*, prob. *the godwit.*

ἄτταται, *a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταταί, etc.: also used ironically.*

ἀττέλεβος, Ion. ἀττέλεβος, *ō*, *a kind of locust without wings.*

Ἀττικίζω, f. *lōw* Att. *lō*, (Ἀττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic.* Hence

Ἀττικισμός, *ō*, *a siding with Athens, attachment to her.* II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

Ἀττικίως, Dim. of Ἀττικός, *a little Athenian.*

Ἀττικός, *η, ōν*, (ἀττή) Attic, Athenian: *ἡ Ἀττική* (sub. γῆ) = Ἀθῆς, Attica.

Ἀττικωνικός, *η, ōν*, a comic alteration of Ἀττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.

ἄττον, Att. for ἄσσον, *nearer.*

ἄττω, Att. for ἄσσω, ἄισσω, q. v.

ἄτίζομαι, aor. I part. ἄτρίζεις: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—*to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered: ἀνυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing.* II. rarely in Act. ἀτίζω, f. ὄζω, *to strike with terror.*

ἄ-τυράννευτος, *ov*, (α privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἄ-τύφος, *ov*, (α privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχω, f. ἡσω, (ἀτυχής) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, *ατος, τό*, *a misfortune, mishap.*

ἄ-τυχής, *ēs*, (α privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, *η, (ἀτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune.* II. *a mischance, mishap.*

ἈΥ, Adv. of Place, *back, backwards, Lat. retro.* II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. *denuo.* III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. *porro.* 2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. *vicissim.*

ἀναίω, impf. ἀναιών: f. ἀνῶν: aor. I pass. ἀνῶην: (αῶν):—*to dry.* 2. *to wither or parch up: βίον ἀναιών to waste life away: fut. med. ἀνανούμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.*

αὐθάλης, *α, ov*, (αῖος) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squallid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Αὔασις, *η, =* Οἶσις, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Aeol. for ἀτη, *calamity, mischief: to be pronounced* ἄφ᾽ ἄτᾱ.

αὐγάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἡγᾶσα: (αὐγή):—*to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med.* II. intr. *to shine.*

ΑΤΤΗ, *η, a bright light*, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. *the rays, beams of the sun: ὅπ' αὐγὰς ἡελίου under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive: αὐγὰς λεύσσειν to behold the light, i. e. to be alive: κλύειν πρὸς αὐγὰς to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. *any light*, esp. of the eyes: ὁμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. *lumina, the eyes.* 3. *any gleam* on the surface of bright objects, *sheen.*

αὐδάζομαι, f. ἀφομαι: aor. I ἡδ᾽ ἀφ᾽ ἡμην: Dep.: (αὐδή):—*to cry out, speak.*

αὐδάω, impf. ἡδῶν: f. ἡσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ἡδῶσα, Ion. 3 sing. ἀδήσασκε: pf. ἡδῆκα:—also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—*to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim.* 2. *to speak, to address.* 3. c. inf. *to tell, bid, order to do.* 4. *to call by name: αὐδάωμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλέως I am called Achilles' son.* 5. like λέγειν, Lat. *dicere*, *to mean.* From

ΑΥ' ΔΗ, *η, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e. g. the twang of the bowstring.* 2. *a report, account.* Hence

αὐθέης, *εσσα, εν*, *speaking with human voice.*

αὐ-έρω (i. e. αὐ ἐρύω), aor. I αὐέρυσα:—*to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.*

αὐθάδεια, poet. αὐθᾶδια, *η, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption.* From

αὐθ-άδης [ᾱ], *es*, (αὐτός, ἥδομαι) *self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling.* Adv. -δῶς.

αὐθ-άδια, *η, poet. for αὐθᾶδεια.*

αὐθαδίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.:—*to be self-willed or stubborn.*

αὐθαδικός, *η, ōν*, (αὐθάδης) *disposed to be self-willed.* αὐθάδισμα, *ατος, τό*, (αὐθάδης) *an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αὐθαδῶ-στομος, *ov*, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) *wilful or proud of speech.*

αὐθ-αῖμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αὐτός, αἷμα) *of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αὐθ-αῖπερος, *ov*, (αὐτός, αἶψα) *self-chosen, self-elected.* II. *taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional.* Adv. -τως.

αὐθενέω, f. ἡσω, *to have power over.* From

αὐθ-έντης, *ov, ō*, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, έντεα) *an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide.* 2. *an absolute master or ruler.* II. as Adj., αὐθέντης φόνος *death by murder.*

αὐθ-ήμερος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) *made or happening*

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ές, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενές ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.

αὐθις, Ion. αὐτίς, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὐ: I. of Place, back, back again.

II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter.

III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-ῶμας, (αὐτός, ὥμας) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-τάχος, ov, (α copul., ἰαχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ=ἄλος, a furrow: also ὠλαξ, for which Homer used ὠλξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλειος, α, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείῃσι θύρῃσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, f. ἴσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλεῖται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, hear music.

αὐλή, ἡ, (*ἄω, ἀήμι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Ζεὺς Ἐρκείος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἶθουσα into the πρόδομος.

II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the (μέσσανος or μέτασσανος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or hall.

IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber.

αὐλήμα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῖντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω.

αὐλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and αὐλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for a flute-player; ἡ αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), his art.

αὐλητρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὐλή, ἄδος, ἡ, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλιζομαι: fut. med. αὐλισομαι: aor. I ἠύλισάμην: aor. I pass. ἠύλισθην: pf. ἠύλισμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή):—to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλίον, τό, (αὐλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold.

II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλίος, α, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe. αὐλιστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in a bouse.

αὐλο-δόκη, ἡ, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, ὁ, (αὐλός, ποίεω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ὁ, (*ἄω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικῆϊοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ἐνναλίον the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet.

2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλών, ὄνος, ὁ, poet. also ἡ, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine; a canal, aqueduct; a channel, strait; αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αὐλ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὐλός, ὦψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poet. ἀέξω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ἠξήσα: pf. ἠξήκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, exalt.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ἠξήθην: pf. ἠξήμαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ἠξάνομην ἀκούων I grew taller as I heard.

III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξη, ἡ, growth, increase.

αὐξηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξησία, ἡ, (αὐξω) the goddess of growth.

αὐξησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐξω) growth, increase.

αὐξέτις, ov, (αὐξω) promoting growth.

αἰξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αἰξώ, οὖς, ἡ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αἰξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αἰονή, ἡ, (αἶος) dryness, withering.

αἶος, ov, ov, (αἶω) dry, dried, of fruit; αἶον αὐτεῖν to ring dry and harsh, of metal.

2. withered, parched.

3. drained dry, exhausted.

ἀπντία, ἡ, sleeplessness. From

ἀπ-πνος, ov, (α privat., ὕπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ὕπνος ἀππνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αἶρα, Ion. αἶρη, ἡ, (*ἄω, ἀήμι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αἶριον, (from αἶρας, Aeol. for ἡώς) Adv. to-morrow;

ἐς αἶριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αἶριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἐς αἶριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αἶριον χρόνος.

αἶσαι, aor. I inf. of αἶσω to shout.

αἶσιος, Dor. for τῆσιος.

αἰσταλέος, poet. αἰσταλέος, α, ov, (αἶσος) sunburnt, scorched, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὐστηρός, ἄ, ὅν, (αἶω, αἶω, ἀξω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter.

2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, harsh, austere. Hence

αὐστηρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, roughness, rough flavour.

2. metaph. harshness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message : bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-ἀρετος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀρεάω) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister : one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-ανδρος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀνὴρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνεψιος, *α*, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunction, Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, *ῆ*, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, *ες*, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others ; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports ; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, *ατος*, τὸ, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξούσιος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power : τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνυμος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, *ον*, ὁ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

αὐτέω, Ep. impf. αὐτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout : also in Act., to call. [ῆ] From αὐτή, *ῆ*, (αὐώ) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῆ]

αὐτ-ἡκοος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημέρον, on the selfsame day.

αὐτ-γενής, *ες*, Ion. for αὐθηγενής.

αὐτίκα [ῆ], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately ; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter : presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example ; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τίν' ὁ Ζεὺς ; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods ?

αὐτις, Ion. and Dor. for αἶθις.

αὐτμή, (*άω, αὐώ, to blow) breath : the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήν, μένος, ὁ, = αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοεῖ, Adv. (αὐτός, βοῇ) by a mere shout ; αὐτοβοεῖ λείν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γεννάω) : —κομήματα μητρός αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνώμων, *ς*, ἥσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνως.

αὐτό-γνώσκω, *ον*, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γυος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γύης) : —ἀροτρον αὐτό-γυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the ἔλμαυα and ἰστοβοεῖς.

αὐτο-δαῖς, *ές*, (αὐτός, δαῖναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δαίκατος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δαίω) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδᾶξ, Adv. (αὐτός, οδᾶξ) with clenched teeth : hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δηλός) self-evident.

αὐτο-διδάκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δικος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts : conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-έλικτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-έτης, *ον*, ὁ, = αἰθέτης, a murderer.

αὐτο-έτης, *ές*, (αὐτός, ἔτος) in or of the same year :

Adv. αὐτέτες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεῖ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θελής, *ές*, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. illinc. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κάσιγνητος, ὁ, and —τη, *ῆ*, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, *ές*, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώμη) with natural hair, shaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κράτης, *ές*, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute : τὸ αὐτοκράτες free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, *ος*, ὁ, *ῆ*, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master : I. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute :

peremptory.

αὐτό-κτίτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτίω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II.

slaying one another ; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, *ον*, ὁ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the.

handle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a handle, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός in a thing.

αὐτο-μαρτύς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μαρτυρεῖ) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτοματίξω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-ματος, η, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, μέμα, pf. of *μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. *self-moving*; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines, automatons*.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομολέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομολήσις, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομολία, ἡ, desertion.

αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονόμομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From

αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχ, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλον, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ου, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [Ὶ]

αὐτο-πότης, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμω) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμος ὀλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτ-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄράω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζος, poet. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρυτος, poet. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-Σ, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. ipse: in oblique cases often for the personal Pron., him, her, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. Ipse dixit. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοὶ ἔμεν we are by ourselves. 4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνόρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμυγγι he sprang up lyre in hand: but mostly without σύν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσθιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖσι τοῖς ἵπποις horses and all. 5.

added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτός himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always divivim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτός καθ' αὐτό. II. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. ipsissimus, his very self.

II. He, she, it, Lat. ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταυτό and ταυτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. αὐτός, ταυτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat., like ὁμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πάσχειν τινὶ to fare the same as one: also in phrases αὐτὸ ταυτό, ὑπὸ ταυτό, at, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, το, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκτιστος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόζυλος. 3. of oneself, as in αὐτοῖ-δακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτό-δεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αυτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηπος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτόσ-σῦτος, ον, (αὐτός, σέομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-σταδία, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφαγής, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγῆναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδᾶ, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. ἴσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-band: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-band. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, atos, τό, work done off-band, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οὗ, ὁ, *one who acts or speaks off-hand*: a novice, Lat. tiro.

αὐτο-σχέδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) *band to band*:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδῖν, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδῖν as Adv. close at band. II. off-hand, on the spur of the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at hand, band to band*, Lat. cominus.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) *self-accomplished*.

αὐτο-τέλης, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient*:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily.

II. taking oneself.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all*.

αὐτο-τράγικος, ον, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic*.

αὐτο-τροπήσας, Adv. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπῶν, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway*.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. illico.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαυτοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ἡ, a working with one's own band; αὐτουργία φόνον self-inflicted murder. From

αὐτ-ουργός, ον, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working*. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer. II. pass. self-wrought, extemporary.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all*.

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin*.

αὐτο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) *a murderer*.

αὐτο-φόρτος, ον, (αὐτός, φέρτος) *bearing one's own baggage*.

αὐτο-φύης, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent*. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυεῖς λόφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence

αὐτοφυῶς, Adv. naturally.

αὐτο-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused*.

αὐτό-φορος, ον, (αὐτός, φέρω) *caught in the act of theft*: ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ ἄλωναί to be caught in the very act.

αὐτό-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own band*: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing.

II. absol. one who kills himself or one of his kin: a murderer, homicide. 3. as Adj. murderous. Hence

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. with one's own band.

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) a doing with one's own bands; Lat. αὐτοχειρία with one's own band.

αὐτό-χθων, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all*.

αὐτό-χθον, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) of the land itself, Lat. terrigena: αὐτόχθονες, οἱ, like Lat. Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολώω) *angry at oneself*.

αὐτο-χόανος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόανος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really: at once, plainly*.

αὐτῶς, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, even so, just so, as it is; γυμνὸν ἔοντα, αὐτῶς, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. just so, no better; often joined

with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτῶς a mere child. II. just as before, as it was; λευκὸν ἐτ' αὐτῶς still white as when new.

αὐχενίῳ, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) *to cut the throat of, behead*.

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) *belonging to the neck*; αὐχένιοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἤυχῃσα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

ΑΥΧΗ', f. boasting, pride.

αὐχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) a thing boasted of, the pride, boast. II. a boast: also=αὐχή, boasting.

ΑΥΧΗΝ, ἐνος, ὁ, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αὐχνησ, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) boasting, exultation.

αὐχμέω, f. ἴσω, (αὐχμός) to be squalid, Lat. squalere.

αὐχμήεις, εσσα, εν,=αὐχμηρός.

αὐχμηρός, ἀ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. squalidus. 2. impoverished, needy.

αὐχμός, ὁ, (αὖω, αἶος) drought: dearth.

αὐχμώδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμώδες drought.

ΑΥΨΩ, Att. αὖω, to dry, wither: also to singe, set on fire.

ΑΥΨΩ, f. αὖσω: aor. ἤψα:—to shout out, shout, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.

αὖως, ἡ, Aeol. for ἄως, ἡώς, morning.

ἀφ-αγνίῳ, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to purify:—Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.

ἀφ-αίρεω, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀφῆρκα: Pass., aor. ἔ αφῆρθη: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root 'ΕΛ- we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπό, αἶρέω). To take from, take away from another; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρῖν τινά τι to rob of a thing; ἀφαιρῖν τινας to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon.

II. med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρῖσθαι τινά τι to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself. 2. followed by μή and inf., to prevent, hinder from doing. III. Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for ἑφαιστος.

ἀφ-άλλομαι, f. ἀφαλούμαι: aor. I ἀφῆλαμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—to spring off or down from: to jump off.

ἀ-φάλος, ον, without the φάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed.

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφῆμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

ἀφάρμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foreg.

ἀφάρματο-επής, ἐς, (ἀφαρμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) missing the point, talking at absurd.

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αῖσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπᾶδέναι: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—to displease, fail to please.

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, darkness, obscurity.

II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (a privat., φανῆναι) unseen, invisible: inscrutable. 2. vanished: hidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty.

3. ἀφανῆς οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφάνιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἡφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. 2. to

rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate foot-steps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to

darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to

disappear and be heard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live

retired. Hence

ἀφάνις, εως, ἡ, a making away with. II. a vanishing, disappearance.

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνις.

ἀ-φαντος, ov, (a privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

ἀφ-άπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἄφημαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω):—to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:—Pass. to be hung on, bang on; ἀπαμμένος

Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

ἀφᾶρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III.

continuously, without intermission.

ἀ-φαρκτος, ov, old Att. for ἄφακτος.

ἀφ-αρπάξω, f. ἄξω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—Pass., aor. I -ἡρπάσθην: pf. -ἡρπασμαι:—to tear off

or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.

ἀφάρτερος, α, ov, Comp. Adj. of ἀφάρ, bastier.

ἀ-ἄδasia, ἡ, (ἀφartos) speechlessness.

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. I ἡφασα, imperat. ἄφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀπάω):—to take bold of, handle, feel, touch.

ἀ-ἄτος, ov, (a privat., φάτος) not named, nameless:

that should not be named or uttered; ἀφата χρηματα untold sums; ἀφarton ὡς . . there's no saying how. 2.

unutterable: huge, monstrous.

ἀφ-αναίω, fut. pass. ἀνανθήσομαι, = ἀφάω.

ἀφαιρός, ἁ, ὁν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αῖω, (ἀπό, αῖω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:

—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφάω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to handle, feel.

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (a privat., φέγγος) without light, dark:

metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

ἀφ-εδρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) the draught: a

privity.

ἀφῆ, Ep. for ἀφῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφῆκα, Ep. for ἀφῆκα, aor. I of ἀφίημι.

ἀφῆθῆσθαι, fut. pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφειδότερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδώς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἴσω, to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδέν πόνον to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil:

ἀφειδώς, ἀφειδῶσαντες recklessly. From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (a privat., φειδομαι) unsparing, lavish:

bountiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, harsh. Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, profuseness. 2. harshness, severity.

ἀφειδώς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφειδής, lavishly.

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφείλον, -όμη, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφείμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of ἀφίημι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφεικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.

ἀφῆλεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) simplicity, plainness. From

ἀφελείν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of

ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone,

level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple,

plain.

ἀφ-έλκω, f. ἔλξω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκύνω [ῥ],

aor. I ἀφείλκυσα (as if from ἀφελκύνω):—to drag away,

draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) smoothness, evenness:

hence simplicity, sincerity.

ἀφελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελώς, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.

ἀφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

ἀφ-ερκτος, ov, (ἀπείργω) shut out from.

ἀφ-έρπω, fut. but aor. I ἀφείρπωσα (as if from

ἀφερπύω):—to creep off, steal away.

ἀ-φερτος, ov, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

ἀφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφίημι.

Ἀφέσιος, ὁ, (ἀφίημι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.

ἀφεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφίημι) a letting go, setting free:

a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a

starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

ἀφεσταίη, shortened for ἀφέστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt.

of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφετός, ὁν, (ἀφίημι) let loose, freely ranging, esp.

of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence

dedicated to some god.

ἀ-φευκτος, ov, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εύω, aor. I ἀφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass.

ἤφευμαι:—to singe off. 2. to toast, roast.

ἀφ-έπω, Ion. ἀπέπω: fut. ἀφειήσω:—to boil off,

boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine,

purify: to boil young again.

ἀφέουκα, Dor. for ἀφέικα, pf. act., and ἀφένωνται,

Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur., pf. pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: 2. a lighting,

kindling. II. (ἄπτομαι) a touching, bandling:

the sense of touch.

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγίσομαι, to lead away, lead off:

generally, to lead the way, go first. II. to tell,

relate, explain. III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used

in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, atos, τό, *a tale, narrative*: and

ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, εως, ἡ, *a telling, narrating*; ἄξιον ἀπηγήσους worth the telling.

ἀφήκη, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφ-ῆλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ῆλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, *beyond youth, elderly*: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφῆλικέ-στροφος, —έστατος.

ἀφ-ῆμαι, Pass. *to sit apart*.

ἀφῆρηκα, pf. of ἀφαρέω.

ἀφ-ῆτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) *the archer*.

ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, *incorruption, immortality*. From

ἀ-φθαρτος, on, (a privat., φθείρω) *uncorrupted, incorruptible*.

ἀ-φθεγκτος, on, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) *speechless*: not to be spoken of; ἐν ἀφθεγκτῷ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἄφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἀ-φθιτος, on, later also η, on, (a privat., φθίνω) *undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable*.

ἀ-φθογγος, on, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) *voiceless*.

ἀφθονέστερος, —έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀφθονος.

ἀ-φθόνητος, on, (a privat., φθονέω) *unenvied*.

ἀφθονία, ἡ, *freedom from envy, readiness*: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

ἀ-φθονος, on, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous. II. pass. not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful. 2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy. III. Adv. —ως, ἀφθόνως *χεῖν* τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀφθορία, ἡ, *incorruption, purity*. From

ἀ-φθορος, on, (a privat., φθείρω) *uncorrupt, chaste*.

ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ἰσώ [ῥ] :—Pass., aor. I. —ύθην [ῥ] or —ύθην: pf. ἀφιδρύμαι :—to place elsewhere, to remove.

ἀφ-ιερώ, f. ὥσω: pf. pass. ἀφιερώμαι :—to purify, hallow.

ἀφ-ίμι: impf. (as if from ἀφίω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφίουν, ἡφίσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφείκα Dor. ἀφέκα :—Pass., fut. ἀφείησμαι: aor. I ἀφείην: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφείωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. *emittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. II. to send away, let go, Lat. *dimittere*: hence to throw away. 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation, etc.: to remit: absol., ἀφίεναι τινά to acquit. 3. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, divorce. 5. ἀφίεναι πλοῖον εἰς . . to loose ship for a place. III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦς, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφού τέκνων let go the children.

ἀφ-ικάνω, = ἀφικνέομαι, to arrive at.

ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφίκεο, Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίκομαι: aor. ἀφίκμην: pf. pass.

ἀφίγμαι: Dep. :—to arrive at, to come to, to reach;

ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one. II. to come back, return.

ἀφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, on, (a privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) *unfriendly to good men*.

ἀ-φιλ-ἀργύρος, on, (a privat., φίλος, ἀργυρος) *not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous*.

ἀ-φιλῆτος, on, (a privat., φίλω) *unloved*.

ἀφίλοδοξία, ἡ, *want of ambition*. From

ἀ-φίλοδοξος, on, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) *not ambitious*.

ἀ-φίλος, on, of persons, *friendly*. 2. of persons and things, *unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful*:—Adv. —λως.

ἀφίεις, Ion. ἀπιεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) *an arrival*. II. a going home again, departure.

ἀφιπνέω, f. εὔσω, (ἀπιπναι) *to ride off, away, or back*.

ἀφιππία, ἡ, *bad riding*. From

ἀφιππος, on, *unsuited for riding or for cavalry*. II. riding badly.

ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην;—in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate: hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μὴ χρεῖος ἀποστήσονται lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφέστηκα: plqpf. ἀφεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from; ἀποστήναι πραγμάτων, etc., to withdraw from business; ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐρωτῆσαι to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off.

ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφλαστον, τό, Lat. *aplustre*, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφλοισμός, ὁ, *a foaming or gnashing of teeth*. (Prob. like φλοῖστος, formed from the sound.)

ἀφνεῖος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἀφενος) *rich, wealthy*: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

ἀφνεός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνεῖος.

ἄφνης, Adv. *unawares, of a sudden*: also ἀφνω.

ἀ-φθῆτος, on, (a privat., φοβέομαι) *fearless, without fear of*, c. gen.

ἀ-φοβος, on, (a privat., φόβος) *fearless*. 2. causing no fear, not to be feared.

ἀφοβο-σπλαγχνος, on, (ἀφοβος, σπλάγχνον) *fearless of heart, stout-hearted*.

ἀφόβος, Adv. of ἀφοβος, *without fear, securely*.

ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁδός) *a going away, departure*: also a going back. II. = ἀπόστας.

ἀ-φοίβαντος, on, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) *uncleansed*.

ἀφ-ομοίω, f. ὥσω, to liken, make like.

compare. III. to portray, copy.

ἀφ-οπλίξω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφοπλίεσθαι ἔντρα to put off one's armour.

ἀφ-οράω, impf. ἀφεώραν: pf. ἀφεώρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀποφύομαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτωμαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. *respicere*:—to see clearly, have in full view.

II. to look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, have the back turned.

ἀ-φορήτος, ον, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.

ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.

ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate.

II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

ἀφ-ορμάω, f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.

ἀφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. *fundus*.

II. a making a start, undertaking.

ἀφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω.

ἀφ-ορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.

ἀ-φόρμηκτος, ον, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre.

ἀφ-ορμος, ον, (ἀπό, ὁρμος) without harbour in a place.

ἀ-φορος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.

ἀφ-ορυστος, ον, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.

ἀφ-οσιώω, fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὀσιός) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence: ἀφοσιουσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due: ἀφοσιουσθαι ἐξ ὀρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

ἀφού, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφώντα, Ep. for ἀφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφάω.

ἀφραδέω, f. ἴσω, to act without sense. From

ἀ-φραδής, ἑς, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

ἀφραδία, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ἀφ-φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.

ἀφρατος, (ἀ-φρων) to be silly.

ἀ-φρακτος, old Att. ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

ἀφράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφράδμων.

ἀ-φραστος, ον, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence

ἀφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

ἀφρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

ἀφρη-λόγος, ον, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

ἀφρηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

ἀφρητῆρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτῆρ, (a privat., φρά-τῆρ) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

ἀφρίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.

ἀφρίοις, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From

ἀφρο-γενής, ἑς, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Ἀφροδισιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

Ἀφροδίστιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, belonging to Venus.

Ἀφροδίσια, τῆ, her festival. From

Ἀφροδίτη [ἷ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam.

II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty.

ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.

ἀφρονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.

ἀφροντιστέω, f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From

ἀ-φρόντιστος, ον, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστως ἔχειν to be thoughtless.

II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

ἀ-φρόνος, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.

ἈΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, foam, froth.

ἀφροσύνῃ, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

ἀ-φρουρος, ον, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

ἀφρο-φυής, ἑς, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.

ἀ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. *amens*, *demens*. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, υδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

ἀφύη, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ἀ-φύης, ἑς, (a privat., φυή) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

ἀ-φυκτος, ον, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφύλακτος, f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ἀ-φύλακτος, ον, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unbecoming; ἀφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard.

Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀφιλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

ἀφ-υλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

ἀ-φυλλος, ον, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύζειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.
ἀφ-υπνώ, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὕπνω) :
—to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

ἀφυσγετός, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἌΦΥΨΣΩ, fut. ἀφύψω Dor. —ἔω: aor. I ἤφυσσα Ep. ἀφυσσα: aor. I med. ἤφυσάμην Ep. ἀφυσάμην: —to draw liquids; πῖθων ἤφυσσεντο οἶνος wine was drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to drink, quaff. 2. to pour in a heap, to pile up, πλοῦτον ἀφύζειν:—Med., φύλλα ἤφυσάμην I heaped me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευος, ov, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.

ἀφύως, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφύως ἔχειν to have no natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ov, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, unutterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

ἀφώνια, ἡ, speechlessness. From

ἀ-φωνος, ov, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. —vws.

ἀχά [ᾱ], Dor. for ἡχῆ.

Ἀχαία, Ion. Ἀχαιή, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

ἀχαιῆς, ὁ, (ἄκis) with single points to his horns, epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαιή, ἡ, a deer.

Ἀχαιῆς, Att. Ἀχαιῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaean land, with or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaean woman: so also Ἀχαιῖς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιῖς, ἄ, ὄν, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as Subst., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaeans, in Homer the Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαῖα, ἡ, Achaea, in Peloponnesus.

ἀ-χάλινος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλιντος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλκεος, ov, (a privat., χαλκοῦς) without a farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκῆω, to be without a farthing.

ἀ-χάλκευτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ov, without brass, esp. without brassen arms; ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκοτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκός) = ἀχάλκευτος.

ἀχᾶν [αῖ-], ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδικοι.

ἀ-χάνης, ἑς, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ἀ-χάρακτος, ov, (a privat., χαρακτός) not palisaded.

ἀ-χάρης, ὁ, ἡ, ἀχαρῆ, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάρις) without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχάριστέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχάριστη, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

ἀ-χάριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάριτος, ov, (a privat., χάρις) displeasing: without grace. II. ungracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. un-

thanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχάριστος ἔχειν τινί thanks are not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence in Adv., ἀχάριστως ἔπessθαι to follow with a bad grace.

ἀχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.

ἀ-χεῖμαντος, ov, (a privat., χεῖμαιν) not vexed with storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without hands: without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρῆς, ἑς, without hands.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ov, not made by hands.

ἀ-χειρος, ov, = ἄχειρ: τὰ ἄχειρα the binder parts of the body.

ἀ-χείρωτος, ov, (a privat., χεῖρώ) not trained by the hand. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, ὁ, Achelōus, name of several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Achelōia pocula.

ἈΧΕΡΔΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub, used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερόνσιος, α, ov, of or belonging to Acheron: fem. —ιάς, ἄδος.

ἀχερώϊς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

Ἀχέρων, ovτος, ὁ, Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from ἄχος, as Κοκκυτός from κοκύω.)

ἀχέρας, ov, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding: esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part, κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the same Root ἈΧ-, came 1. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡκά-

χον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress: so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχῆσω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if from ἀχέω). 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj.

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέσθαι or ἀκηχέ-ται (for ἀκήχηνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιατο (for ἀκή-χιστο); inf. ἀκάχισθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also ἀκηχήμενος.

ἀχέω [ᾱ], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.

ἀχῆμα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἈΧΗ'Ν, ἑνος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ᾱ] Hence

ἀχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes' blank gaze.

ἀχθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive.

Adv. —vws, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

ἀχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγω.

ἀχθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἀχθησομαι, fut. pass. of ἀγω.

ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass. ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθημαι: (ἄχ-θος) —to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down, discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφόρεω, f. ἦσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ov, (ἄχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens.

Ἀχιλλεύς, α, ov, of or belonging to Achilles:

***Ἀχιλλεῖαι** μᾶσαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

***Ἀχιλλεύς**, *έως*, Ep. *ήος*, *δ*: Ep. also ***Ἀχιλεύς**: *Achilles*, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

***ἀ-χίτων**, *ον*, gen. *ανος*, *without tunic, thinly clad.*

***ἀχλαῖνία**, *ή*, *want of a cloak*: generally, *want of clothing.* From

***ἀ-χλαινος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χλαῖνα*) *without cloak.*

***ἀ-χλος**, *ον*, contr. **ἀ-χλους**, *ον*, (a privat., *χλόα*) *without herbage.*

***ἀχλύδεις**, *εσσα*, *εν*, (*ἀχλὺς*) *murky, gloomy.*

***ἈΧΑΤ΄Σ**, *ύος*, *ή*, a *mist, gloom, darkness*, Lat. *caligo*: in Homer also *the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning*: *metaph. trouble.* Hence *ἀχλύω*, f. *ύσω* [*ύ*]: aor. I *ήχλυσα*: *to be or grow dark.*

***ἈΧΝΗ**, Dor. *άχνα*, *ή*, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing*, as of liquids, *foam, froth*; *άχνη οὐράνια* *the dew of heaven*; *δακρυὼν άχνη* *deew tears.* II. of solids, *chaff*: *the down on fruit.* III. *άχνην* in acc. as Adv., *a morsel, a little bit.*

***άχνημαι**, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (*άχος*): *to trouble oneself, grieve.*

***ά-χολος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χολή*) *lacking gall*: *metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

***άχομαι**, Dep. (*άχος*) *to mourn, bewail oneself.*

***ά-χόρεντος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χορεύω*) like *άχος*, *not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

***ά-χορος**, *ον*, *without the dance*: *mournful, sad.*

***ΑΧΟΣ**, *εος*, *τό*, an *ACHE*, *pain, distress*, in Homer only of the mind.

***ά-χραής**, *ές*, = *άχραντος*.

***ά-χραντος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χραῖνω*) *undefiled.*

***άχράς**, *άδος*, *ή*, a kind of *wild pear.*

***ά-χρείος**, *ον*, rarely *ά*, *ον*, *ά-χρήτιος*, (a privat., *χρεία*) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable* in war. II. neut. *άχρείον* as Adv., *άχρείον ιδών* giving a *helpless look, looking foolish*; *άχρείον γελάω* to laugh *without use or cause*, make a *forced laugh*; *άχρείον κλάζειν* to bark *without cause*, of dogs. Hence

***άχρεῖω**, f. *ώσω*, *to make useless, disable.*

***ά-χρήτιος**, *ον*, Ion. for *άχρείος*.

***άχρηματία**, *ή*, *want of money.* From

***ά-χρημάτος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χρήμα*) *without money or means*: οἱ *άχρηματοί* *the poor.*

***άχρημοσύνη**, *ή*, *want of money.* From

***ά-χρήμων**, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (a privat., *χρήμα*) = *άχρηματός*, *poor, needy.* [*ά*]

***άχρηστία**, *ή*, *uselessness, unfitness.* From

***ά-χρηστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χρηστός*) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable*; *άχρηστος ές τι* *unfit for a thing*:—*without effect*, Lat. *irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.*

III. act. *making no use of*, c. dat.

***άχρη**, and before a vowel *άχρης*, (*άκρος*) Prep. with gen. *until*, Lat. *usque ad*; *άχρη μάλα κενόφαυς* *until deep in the night*:—as far as, *άχρη τής καρδίας*. II. Conj. *until, to the time that*, Lat. *donec*: so also *άχρη*

οὐδ.

III. Adv. of manner, *to the uttermost, utterly*, Lat. *penitus.*

***ά-χρώματος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χρῶμα*) *without colour.*

***ά-χρωστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χρώω*) *uncoloured*: *untouched.*

***άχρύρις**, *ιδος*, (*άχρυρον*) fem. Adj. of *chaff.*

***άχρυσία**, *ή*, (*άχρυρον*) *a heap of chaff.*

***άχυρο-δόκη**, *ή*, (*άχρυρον*, *δέχομαι*) *a chaff-bolder.*

***ΑΧΤ΄PON**, *τό*, mostly in plur. *chaff, bran*, *bushes.*

***άχυρό-τριψ**, *τρίβος*, *δ*, (*άχρυρον*, *τρίβω*) *threshing out the bushes.*

***άχώ**, *ή*, Dor. for *ήχώ*.

***ά-χώριστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *χωριστός*) *not parted.* II.

(a privat., *χώρος*) *without a place assigned one.*

***ΑΨ**, Adv. of Place, *backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

***άψάμενος**, aor. I med. part. of *άπτομαι*.

***ά-ψαυστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψαύω*) *untouched.* II. act. *without touching.*

***ά-ψεγής**, *ές*, (a privat., *ψέγω*) *unblamed, blameless.*

***ά-ψεκτος**, *ον*, = *άψεγής*.

***άψευδέα**, *ή*, *truthfulness*; and

***άψευδέω**, f. *ήσω*, *not to lie, to speak truth.* From

***ά-ψευδής**, *ές*, (a privat., *ψεύδος*) *without falsehood, truthful*: of things, *genuine, pure.* Hence

***άψευδώς**, Ion. —*έως*, Adv. *really and truly.*

***ά-ψηυστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψεύδομαι*) *unfeigned.*

***ά-ψηκτος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψήχω*) *not rubbed off.*

***ά-ψηφιστος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψηφίζομαι*) *not having voted.*

***άψιδόομαι**, pf. *ήψιδωμαι*: Pass.: (*άψις*):—*to be tied in a circle or curve.*

***άψι-κορος**, *ον*, (*άπτομαι*, *κύρος*) *satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

***άψιμάχια**, *ή*, a *skirmishing.* From

***άψι-μάχος**, *ον*, (*άπτομαι*, *μάχη*) *skirmishing.*

***άψίνθινον**, *τό*, Lat. *absinthium*, *wormwood.* From

***ΑΨΙΝΘΟΣ**, *ή*, *wormwood.*

***άψις**, Ion. *άψίς*, *ιδος*, *ή*, (*άπτω*) *a juncture: a loop, knot*; *άψίδες λίνου* *the meshes of a net.* 2. *the fellow or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself*; *κύκλος άψίδος* *the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

***άψισι**, dat. pl. of *άψις*.

***άψορ-πος**, *ον*, contr. *άψόρρους*, *ον*, (*άψ*, *βέω*) *back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

***άψορ-πος**, *ον*, shortd. form of foreg. *moving backwards, going back*:—neut. *άψορρον* as Adv., *backwards, back again.*

***άψος**, *εος*, *τό*, (*άπτω*) *a juncture: a joint.*

***ά-ψόφητος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψοφέω*) *without noise*; c. gen., *άψόφητος κοιμημάτων* *without cry of wailing.*

***ά-ψοφος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψόφος*) = *άψόφητος*.

***ά-ψυκτος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψύχω*) *uncooled, warm.*

***άψυχία**, *ή*, *cowardice.* From

***ά-ψυχος**, *ον*, (a privat., *ψυχή*) *lifeless.* II.

spiritless, fainthearted.

***ΑΩ**, root of *άημι*, *to blow*; cf. *άζω*, *αἶω*.

*ΑΩ, root of *ιαίνω, ἀωτέω, to sleep*: aor. I *ἄεσα*, Ep. *ἄεσσα*, contr. *ἄσα*.

*ΑΩ, *to hurt*, contr. from *άάω*, q. v.

*ΑΩ, *to satiate*, inf. *ἄμεναι* [ā], contr. for *ἀέμεναι*, Ep. for *ἄειν*: aor. I *ἄσα*: verb. Adj. *ἄρός* [ā]; but with a privat., *ἄστος* [āā], contr. *ἄστος*.

ἄωθεν, Adv. Dor. for *ἡώθεν*.

ἄών, ἄνους, ἡ, Dor. for *ἡών*.

ἄ-ωπῖ, Adv. of *ἄωπος*, at an untimely hour.

ἄ-ωπία, ἡ, (*ἄωπος*) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., *ἄωπιαν ἤκειν* to have come too late. [ā]

ἄ-ώριος, ov, = *ἄωπος*.

ἄωρο-νυκτος, ov, (*ἄωπος, νύξ*) at midnight, Lat. *intempesta nocte*.

ἄ-ωρος, ov, (a privat., *ῶπα*) untimely, unseasonable, *χειμῶν, θάνατος*. II. before the time, unripe. III. *missbapen*, ugly. [ā]

ἄωρτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *ἀείρω*.

Ἄως, ἡ, Dor. for *Ἥως*, *Ἔως*. Hence

Ἄωσ-φόρος, ὁ, = *Ἑωσφόρος*, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*.

ἄωτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἄω) to sleep soundly. From

ἄωτον, τό, and *ἄωτος, ὁ*, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, *οἷς ἄωτον*; also of the finest linen, *λίνοιο λεπτόν ἄωτον*.

B

B, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, *β'* = δύο and *δύετος*, but *β* = 2000.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before *p*, as *βρόδον βράκος*, for *ρόδον ράκος*. It was often inserted between *μλ* and *μπ* to give a fuller sound, as in *μειμηβρία, γαμβρός*, cf. *ἀμβροτος*.

The change of *β* into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into *π*, e. g. *βατεῖν* for *πατεῖν*.

II. Arcad. into *ζ*, as *ζέρεθρον* for *βέρεθρον*, *βάρηθρον*.

III. into *γ*, as *γλήχων* for *βλήχων*.

βᾶ, shortd. form of *βασιλεῦ*, O King!

βαβάξω, redupl. for *βάξω*, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβανάξ, Lat. *papa*, exclamation of surprise, *bless me! dear me!*

βαβαξ, ὁ, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ἡ, Lacon. for *γεφύρα*, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (*βάξω*) a speech.

βάθην, Adv. (*βαῖνω*) step by step, pacing, Lat. *pedetentim*, opp. to quick running.

II. marching on foot, opp. to riding.

III. gradually, Lat. *gradatim*.

βαδίξω: fut. Att. *ιούμαι*, later *ιῶ*: aor. I *ἐβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδικα* (*βᾶδος, βαῖνω*):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

βαδίσαις, εως, ἡ, a walking, going.

βαδιστήν, verb. Adj. of *βαδίζω*, one must go.

βαδιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (*βαδίζω*) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; *ταχὺς βαδιστής* a quick goer.

βαδιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βαδίζω*) good at walking.

βᾶδος, ὁ, (*βαῖνω*) a walk.

ΒΑ'ΖΩ, f. *βᾶω*, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., *ἔπσα βέβακται* a word has been spoken.

βᾶδία, Ion. for *βαθία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

βᾶθῆς, Adv. of *βαθύς*, deeply.

βαθίστος, η, ov, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

βαθμῖς, ἰδος and ἰδος, ἡ, a step. From

βαθμός, ὁ, (*βαῖνω*) a step, stair. II. metaph.

a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, εος, τό, (*βαθύς*) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*;

ἐπὶ βάθος in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεῖα, ἡ, = *βάθρον*.

βάθρον, τό, (*βαῖνω*) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation. 2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold:

metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

βαθύ-αγκῆς, ἐς, (*βαθύς, ἄγκος*) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, ov, (*βαθύς, βουλή*) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-γεως, Ion. βαθύγεως, ov, Att. *βαθύγεως, av*,

(*βαθύς, γῆ*) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γῆρας, av, (*βαθύς, γῆρας*) in great old age,

decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ov, (*βαθύς, γλύπτω*) deep-carved.

βαθυ-δινῆεις, εσσα, εν, (*βαθύς, δινάω*) deep-eddying.

βαθυ-δίνης, ov, ὁ, (*βαθύς, δίνη*) deep-eddying. [I]

βαθύ-δοξος, ov, (*βαθύς, δόξα*) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωως, ov, (*βαθύς, ζώνη*) deep-girded, i. e. not

under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown

fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian

dress: cf. *βαθύκολπος*.

βαθύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (*βαθύς, θρίξ*) with thick hair:

of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπῆς, ἐς, (*βαθύς, κάμπω*) strongly curved.

βαθυ-κήτης, ἐς, (*βαθύς, κῆτος*) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, ἐς, (*βαθύς, κλέος*) far-famed.

βαθύ-κολπος, ov, (*βαθύς, κόλπος*) deep-bosomed, with

the dress in deep, full folds, like *βαθύζωως*. 2.

with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep

valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ov, (*βαθύς, κρημνός*) with high cliffs.

βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ov, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτέανος, ov, (*βαθύς, κτέανον*) with great pos-

sessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ov, and *βαθυ-λείμων*, ov, gen. *ονος*,

(*βαθύς, λειμῶν*) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, ov, (*βαθύς, λῆϊον*) with deep, thick crops.

βαθυ-μαλλος, ov, (*βαθύς, μαλλός*) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, ov, ὁ, also *βαθυμήτα*, (*βαθύς, μήτις*)

deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νοος, ov, contr. *βαθύ-νους, ουν*, (*βαθύς, νός*)

profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [v], fut. *βαθύνω*: pf. *βεβάθυγα*: (*βαθύς*):

—to deepen, hollow out, excavate; *βαθύνειν τὴν φά-*

λαγγα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.
 βαθύ-πέδος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale.
 βαθύ-πέλμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέλμα) thick-soled.
 βαθύ-πλοῦτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.
 βαθύ-πόλεμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war.
 βαθυρ-ρείτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ρέω) = βαθύροος.
 βαθύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ῥήν) with thick wool.
 βαθύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ῥίζα) deep-rooted.
 βαθύρ-ροος, *ον*, *contr.* βαθύρ-ρους, *ονν*, (βαθύς, ῥέω) deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑΘΥΤΗΣ, βαθεία, *Ion.* βαθέα, βαθύ: *Comp.* βαθύτερος, *poët.* βαθίων, *Dor.* βάσσων: *Sup.* βαθύτατος, *poët.* βάθιστος. Deep or high, *Lat.* altus. 2. deep, thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βαθύς ἄρμος morning-prime; βαθύ γήρας great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφης, *ἑς*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.
 βαθύ-σκίος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded.
 βαθύ-σπορος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruitful.

βαθύ-στερνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στέρνων) deep-chested;
 βαθύστερνος αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep ground with rushes.

βαθύ-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-φυλλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leaved.

βαθυ-χαίτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, also βαθυχαυτήεις, ἥεσσα, ἦεν, βαθύς, χαιτή) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.

βαῖνη, *πρ*, *η*, *aor.* 2 opt. of βαίνα.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *βάω: *fut.* βήσομαι, *Ep.* βέομαι and βείομαι, *Dor.* βάσσειμαι:—*pf.* ἐβήκα, *Ep.* 3 pl. βεβάσαι, βεβᾶσι; *inf.* βεβαμέν; *art.* βεβάσας, βεβάνια, *contr.* βεβᾶς, βεβᾶσα, βεβᾶς:—*aor.* 2 ἔβην, *Ep.* 3 sing. βῆ, *Ep.* 3 dual βάτην [ᾗ]; *imperat.* βῆθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα); *subj.* βῶ, *βῆ*, *βείω*, *Ep.* 3 sing. βῆν; *opt.* βαῖνη; *inf.* βῆναι, *p.* βῆμεναι; *part.* βᾶς, βᾶσα, βάν.—*Med.*, *Ep.* 3 sing. *or.* 1 ἐβήσατο, for ἐβήσατο:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἐβάρην [ᾗ] in compds. as συνεβάρην: *pf.* ἐβέβαμαι in compds. παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. *Ep.* with ἔ, βῆ δ' ἔμεν, βάν δ' ἔναι he, they set out to go; ἦ δὲ θέειν he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετὰ τι go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to proceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the *pf.* ἐβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being tilled; εὐ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβῶτες they who are in office. 5. of lifeless things,

ἐννέα ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβάσαι nine years have come and gone. 6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βαινόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλευθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αἶνον ἔβα κόρος disgust comes after praise; χρεός ἔβα με debts came on me.

II. Causal. in *fut. act.* βήσω; *aor.* 1 ἔβησα (answering to *pres.* βιβάζω).—to make to go; φῶτας βῆσεν ἄφ' ἵππων he made the men dismount from the chariot.

βάιον, τό, (βάς) a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, little, slight, short, small, humble; ἐχῶρει βαίος he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βαίης (sub. ἡλικίας) from childhood; βαῖον, as *Adv.* a little.

ΒΑΙΣ, ἡ, a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΨ, ἡ, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακέας, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé.

Βάκιω, *f.* ἰω, (Bakis) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρις, ἴδος or εως, ἡ, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτηρίον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, a staff, support. From

βακτρεύω, *f.* σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βάω, βιβάζω) *Lat.* baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχάω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχέ-βακχον ᾄσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε,

Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus.

= Βακχεία, ἡ.

Βάκχειος, α, *ον*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired, frenzied.

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, εως, ὁ, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ον*, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βάκχευσις, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύω, *f.* εύω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, *Lat.* bacchari.

II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) a Bacchanté. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχιος, α, *ον*, and Βακχικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Βάκχειος, Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II.

as *Subst.*, ὁ Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e. Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (Βάκχος) a Bacchanalian.

ΒΑΚΧΟΣ, ὁ, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with Ἰακχος, and so from ἰάχω.

II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one inspired or frantic with passion.

βαλᾶν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the bálanos or bolt-pin, a key.

βαλάνειον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

ΒΑΛΑΝΕΥΨ, εὼς, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βαλάνεω, f. σῶ, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βαλάνη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

βαλάνη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βαλάνιζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βαλάνισσα, ἡ, fem. of βαλάνεύς.

ΒΑΛΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; Διὸς βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βαλάνω, f. ὥσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντιό-τομος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιοτέμω, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carcères, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point

to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βάλω, for ἐβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλῆν, also βαλλήν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βαλῖός, ἁ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑΛΛΩ; fut. βάλω, Ion. βᾶλέω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἐβάλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqpf. ἐβεβλήκειν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκειτο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἐβλήον, Ion. imperat. βάλει.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βε-

βλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐβλήθη; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἐβλητο, subj. βληται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βλη-

σθαι, part. βλήμενος:—pf. βέβληκα, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλήκαται: plqpf. ἐβεβλήμην. I. Act. to throw,

cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking, to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος οὐατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to

push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put on or over, κύκλα ἀμφὶ ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμὸς εἰς ἅλα βάλλον. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself; ponder, deliberate. 2. to throw around oneself; εἰς ἑμὲ ἄμφοι βάλλεσθαι

to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι ἄστυ to found a city.

βαλοῖσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βαλῶ, fut. ind. and aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βάμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβαῖνω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer.

(Formed from the sound.)

βάμες, Dor. for βῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βάμμα, atos, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βάν, Ep. for ἐβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βανασία, ἡ, (βάνανος) bandicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste.

Hence

βανασικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βανασική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βαίνανσος, from βαῖνος, αῖω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βανασο-ουργία, ἡ, (βάνανος, *ἐργω) bandicraft.

βάξις, εὼς, ἡ, (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings

of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Act. βαπτῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, atos, τό, that which is dipped. II.

= βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a

baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II.

drawn like water. From

ΒΑΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφην, aor. 2

ἐβάφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐέβαμμαι. I. transit. to dip,

dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινα βάμμα Σαρδιανόν to

steep one in Sardinian dye, give him a bloody comb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrans. to dip, sink; ναὺς ἐβασεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βάθος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the

Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κεάδα; hence, II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ἰσω Act. ἰώ, (Βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape

foreigners. II. to hold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίζω.

Βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. —κώς, in a foreign tongue,

i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑΡΒΑΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., Βάρβαροι, οἱ, all that were not

Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the

Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves.

II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (Βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρόω, f. ὥσω, (Βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BA'PBITON, τό, and βάρβιτος, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιστος, ἡ, ov, by poet. metath. for βράδιστος, Sup. of βράδης: so Comp. βαρδύτερος for βραδύτερος. βάρῳ, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρῶς, weighed down, overcome, οἶνω βεβαρῶτες.

βάρῳ, Adv. of βαρύς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν Lat. *aegré ferre*, to take a thing ill; βαρέως ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρῳ, ἰδος, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, Ion. plur. βάρῳ, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. *ratis*.

BAPOΣ, εος, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-ἀλγής, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρῦ-ἀλγῆτος, ov, (βαρύς, ἀλγέω) very grievous. βαρῦ-ἄχης, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρῦ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for βαρυηχῆς.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, ov, ὁ, and -ετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem.

-ετέρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, ov, ὁ, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-βρομος, ov, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρῶς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating: gnawing, corroding.

βαρῦ-γδουπος, ov, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρῦ-γουνος, ov, (βαρύς, γόνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρῦ-γυιος, ov, (βαρύς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαιμονέω, f. ἴσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαιμονία, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, ov, gen. onos, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῦ-δακρυς, v, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρῦ-δικος, ov, (βαρύς, δική) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρυ-δότειρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῦ-δουπος, ov, = βαρῦγδουπος.

βαρῦ-ἐηλος, ov, (βαρύς, ἦλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχῆς, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ἡ, sullenness. From

βαρῦ-θύμος, ov, (βαρύς, θυμός) heavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρῦθω, (βαρύς) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-κομπος, ov, (βαρύς, κομπέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-κοτος, ov, (βαρύς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath.

βαρῦ-κτύπος, ov, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-tormenting.

βαρῦ-λογος, ov, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech;

βαρῦλογα ἔχθρα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, ov, and βαρῦμήνης, ι, gen. ἰος, (βαρύς, μήνιος) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῦ-μσθος, ov, (βαρύς, μσθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῦ-μοχθος, ov, (βαρύς, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βάρυνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [ῥ], f. ὕνω, (βαρύς) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρύνεσθαι χεῖρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. *gravari*.

βαρυ-όπης, ov, ὁ, (βαρύς, ὄψ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όρηγτος, ov, (βαρύς, ὀργή) exceedingly angry.

βαρυ-παλάμιος, ov, (βαρύς, παλάμη) heavy-banded.

βαρυ-πενθής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, ov, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρῦ-ποτμος, ov, (βαρύς, πότμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῦ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, ποῖς) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

BA'PTΣ, εἷα, ὅ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύτερος: heavy, Lat. *gravis*: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed.

III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to ὀξύς.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, ov, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρῦ-σταθμος, ov, (βαρύς, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχων, ουσα, ov, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρῦ-στονος, ov, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-σύμφωρος, ov, (βαρύς, συμφωρά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, ov, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρύτης, ητος, ἡ, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness: importunity: harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-τίμος, ov, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρῦ-τλήτος, ov, (βαρύς, τλῆναι aor. 2 of *τλάω) heavy to bear.

βαρῦ-φθογγος, ov, (βαρύς, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῦ-χειλος, ov, (βαρύς, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρῦ-χορδος, ov, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρῦ-ψυχος, ov, (βαρύς, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

βασανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασάνισμός, ὁ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βασανιστής, οὐ, ὁ, pecul. fem. **βασανιστρια**, ἡ, (βασανίζω) :—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, the touch-stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατριβω. II.

metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not. III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question. 2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασιεῦμαι, **βασιεύνται**, Dor. for βήσσομαι, βήσσονται, fut. of βαίνω.

βασιλειᾶ, ἡ, (βασιλεύς) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

βασιλεία, ἡ, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion : hereditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασιλείον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace : also the royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

βασιλείος, ον, and α, ον, Ion. **βασιλῆος**, η, ον, kingly, royal. From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, acc. βασιλέα, contr. βασιλῆ; pl., nom. βασιλεῖς, old Att. -ῆς, Ion. -ῆες :—a king, prince, of gods and men :—hence are formed the Comp. βασιλευτέρως, α, ον, more kingly; Sup. βασιλεύτατος, η, ον, most kingly. II. the

second of the nine Archons at Athens was called βασιλεὺς : he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes. III. after the

Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεὺς (without the Art.), ὁ μέγας βασιλεὺς. Hence

βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king, to rule : in aor. I βασιλεύσαι, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people :—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

βασιλῆτή, ἡ, Ion. for βασιλειᾶ.

βασιλῆος, η, ον, Ion. for βασιλείος.

βασιλῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of βασιλείος, royal.

βασιλίζω, f. σω, (βασιλεύω) to be of the king's party.

βασιλικός, ἡ, ὄν, like βασιλείος, royal, of a king. 2.

of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst., βασι-

λικός, ὁ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλιναῦ, barbaric form of βασιλιννα, βασιλίσσα.

βασιλιννα and **βασιλίσσα**, ἡ, = βασιλειᾶ, a queen.

βασιλῆς, ἴδος, η, = βασιλειᾶ, a queen, princess. 2.

as Adj. = βασιλῆς, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίνω) passable : accessible.

βάσις, εως, ἡ, (βαίνω) a stepping : a step, walk. II.

that whereon one steps, ground : a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ : aor. I ἐβάσκηνα : aor. I pass.

ἐβασκάνην : (βάσκω) :—to use ill words of another,

esp. to slander, disparage. II. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

βασκάνια, ἡ, (βάσκανος) slander, envy, malice.

βάσκανος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βασκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσκω, another form of βαίνω, as χάσκω of χαίνω; βάσκε! ἴθι, speed

thee! away! βάσκετε away!

βασιμός, Ion. for βαθμός.

βάσσα, Dor. for βήσσα.

βασσάρα, ἡ, = ἀλώπηξ, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσω, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of βαθύς.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a burden.

II. that which bears, a staff. From

ΒΑΣΤΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω : aor. I ἐβάστασα, later ἐβά-

στασα : aor. I pass. ἐβαστάσθην :—to lift, lift up,

raise : metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, sup-

port, hold upright : to bear in mind, consider. III.

to carry off. IV. to bandle, touch. Hence

βαστακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάταλος, ὁ, a lisper.

βάτω, f. ἦσω, (βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animals.

βάτην, Ep. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βατρίης, ἴδος, ἡ, (βατέω) fem. Adj. for mounting.

βατρία, ἡ, = βάτος, a bush, thicket.

βατιδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after

roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

βατίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off

or up.

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, ὁ, the Hebrew solid measure bath.

βάτός, ἡ, ὄν, (βαίνω) passable.

βατράχειος, ον, (βάτραχος) of or belonging to a

frog : βατράχειος (sub. χρώμα), frog-colour, pale

green.

βατράχῆς, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, a frog-green coat. From

ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ, ὁ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog

of a horse's hoof. [ἀ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. ἴω, (βάττος) to stammer.

βαττο-λόγος, = βατταρίζω, (βάττος, λόγος) to

babble, use vain repetitions.

Βάττος, ὁ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené.

(Formed from the sound.)

βαῦζω, Dor. βαῦσσω : fut. βαῦξω :—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ,

to bark : hence to wail, mutter : to reproach. II.

transit. to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wine-cooler.

βαίνος or **βαννός**, ὁ, (αἶω) a furnace, forge.

βαῖσσω, Dor. for βαῖζω.

βάφῃ, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in

cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing :

also the dye itself.

βάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω.

βάψις, εως, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

ΒΔΕ'ΑΛΛΑ, ἡ, a leech, Lat. hirudo.

βδελύγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of

idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable.

βδελυκ-τροπος, ον, (βδελυκτός, τρόπος) = foreg.

ΒΔΕΛΥΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, abominable, disgusting. Hence

βδελύσσω, Att. -πτω : fut. ἔω : to cause to stink,

make loathsome. II. mostly used as Dep. **βδε-**

λύττομαι, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύξομαι, βδε-

λυθήσομαι, aor. I med. and pass. ἐβδελυξάμην,

ἐβδελύχην :—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-
λνυμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.

ΒΔΕ'Ω, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.
βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.

βεβᾶσαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω.

βεβαιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: stead-
fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βεβαίον certainty. Hence

βεβαιότης, ητος, ἡ, firmness, steadfastness, safety.

βεβαῖον, f. ὥσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to

establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.

βεβαίως, Adv. of βεβαιος, steadfastly, firmly.

βεβαίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making fast or sure, establishing.

βεβήμεν, **βεβάναι**, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,

inf. of βαίνω. [ā]

βεβαρμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβάρῳς, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βεβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω.

βεβᾶσι, Att. contr. from βεβάσαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of

βαίνω.

βεβῶς, **βεβῶν**, Ep. for βεβηκώς, pf. part. of βαίνω.

βέβηκα, pf. of βαίνω.

βέβηκεν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

βέβηλος, ov, (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread,

permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to

sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly.

Hence

βεβηλῶς, f. ὥσω, to profane, to pollute.

βεβᾶσαι, pf. pass. of βιάω.

βεβήκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βεβλάφα, **βεβλύμμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βέβλεφα, **βέβλεμμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βέβληκα, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληται, **βεβλήτατο**, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.

pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκα, **βέβλημαι**, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκεν, **βεβλήμην**, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of

βάλλω.

βέβληται, **βέβλητο**, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of

βάλλω.

βεβλύκα, pf. of βλίττω.

βεβολήτατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and **βεβολημένος**,

pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι.

βεβούλευκα, **βεβούλευμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of

βουλεύω.

βεβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βεβρίθα, pf. of βρίθω.

βεβρωμένως, pf. part. pass. of βρωτός.

βεβρύχε, v. βρυχάομαι.

βεβρώθω, poet. form. of βιβρώσκω, to eat up.

βεβρώκα, **βεβρώμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκα.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκώς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκα.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκα.

βεβύσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, **βεβῶσα**, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.

of βαίνω.

βέη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk

or live.

βείω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βεκεκ-σέληνος, ov, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned,
out of date, dotard: simple, silly.

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βελόνη, ἡ, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear:

a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ov, ὁ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-
seller.

βέλος, eos, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from
jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. 2.

metaph., ἀγὰρ βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used

of sudden, easy death: δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of

the storm; ὀμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, α, ov, = βελτίων, poet. Comp. of ἀγαθός,

better. Hence also a rare Sup. **βέλτατος**, η, ov.

βέλτιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.

βελτίων, ov, gen. onos, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.

βερβηκίω, (βέμβει) to spin like a top.

βερβηκίζω, f. ἴσω, (βέμβει) to spin as one does a
top, to set a going.

ΒΕ'ΜΒΕ, ἴκος, ἡ, Lat. turbo, a top.

βενδίδειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕ'ΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, (poët. for βάθος, as πένθος for

πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε

to the bottom; βένθεα ὕλιν the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, α, ov, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάρεθρον.

βερίσχεθος, ὁ, a booby.

βῆ, poet. for ἔβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆθι, βῆναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω.

βηλός, ὁ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen.

βῆμα, ατος, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a
place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune

to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.
rostra, suggestum or -us.

βῆμεν, Ep. for ἔβημεν, 1 plur. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆμεναι, Ep. for βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆν, Ep. for ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆξ, βηχός, ἡ, or ὁ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.

βήρυλλος, ἡ, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βῆσα, Ep. for ἔβησα, aor. 1 act. of βαίνω.

βήσσο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω.

βήσετο, Ep. for ἔβησατο, sing. aor. 1 med. of βαίνω.

βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βήσσο, Dor. βᾶσσο, ἡ, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a

wooded valley or glen; οὐρεος ἐν βήσσησι in the
mountain glens. Hence

βησσόεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗ'ΣΣΩ, Att. βήτην, f. βήτην: aor. 1 ἔβηξα:—to
cough.

βήτην-αρμων, onos, ὁ, (βαίνω, ἄρμος) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for ἔβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ΒΙ'Α, Ion. **βίη**, ἡ, bodily strength, force, might, Lat. *vis*; often periph. with a gen. of the person, *βίη Ἡρακλῆος* the strong Hercules. II. *force, an act of violence*; *βίη τινός* against one's will. [Υ] Hence

βιάζω, f. ἄσω, to force, constrain: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. **βεβίασμαι**:—to have violence done one, to suffer violence; *βιάζομαι τάδε* I am wronged herein.

II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιάσασθην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. **βεβίασμαι**:—to force a man, constrain, overpower; *βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν* to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use force, force one's way.

βίαιον-μάχας, α, ὁ, (*βίαιος, μάχη*) fighting violently. **βίαιος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*βίαι*) forcible, violent: acting with violence; *πρὸς τὸ βίαιον* by force. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence

βιαιότης, ητος, ἡ, violence.

βίαιως, Adv. of *βίαιος*, by force, perforce.

βι-αρκής, ἐς, (*βίος, ἀρκέω*) supplying the necessities of life.

βιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (*βιάζω*) one who uses force, a violent man.

βιατής, οὔ, ὁ, = *βιαστής*.

βιάω: perf. **βεβίηκα**:—older Ep. form of *βιάζω*, to force, constrain:—Med., *βιάομαι, ἡ ἴσομαι*, to force, treat with violence: also to overreach, defraud, *νῦν μισθὸν βίησατο* he cheated us of our pay:—Pass., aor. I ἐβιήσθην, to be constrained or overpowered.

βιβάζω, f. ἄσω Att. **βιβῶ**, Causal of *βαίνω*, to make to go up, lift up, exalt.

βιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb *βιβήμι*, = *βαίνω*.

βιβάζων, ονσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb *βιβάζω*, = *βαίνω*, to stride; *μακρὰ βιβάζων* long-striding.

βιβάω, poet. collat. form of *βαίνω*, to stride; *πέλωρα βιβᾶν* to take huge strides: part. *βιβῶν, βιβώσα*.

βιβλᾶριον, τό, Dim. of *βιβλος*, a little book or scroll:—so also **βιβλαρίδιον**, τό.

βιβλῶνος οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from *Biblis*, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (*βιβλίον, θήκη*) a book-case: library.

βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of *βιβλος*, a paper, scroll.

βιβλῶν-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (*βιβλίον, πωλέω*) a bookseller.

ΒΙ'ΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, the inner bark of the papyrus. II. the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book.

ΒΙΒΡΩ/ΣΚΩ, fut. **βρώσομαι**: aor. I ἐβρώσα: aor. 2 ἐβρων: perf. **βέβρωκα**, part. *βεβρωκώς*, by syncop. *βεβρώς*.—Pass., fut. *βρωθήσομαι*: fut. 3 *βεβρώσεται*: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. *βέβρωμαι*:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume: c. gen. to eat of a thing.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. of *βιβάζω*.

βιβῶν, contr. from *βιβᾶν*, part. of *βιβᾶω*.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of *βιάω*.

ΒΙ'ΚΟΣ, ὁ, an earthen wine-vessel.

ΒΙΝΕ'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to *ὀνίω*.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, (*βίος, δίδωμι*) the giver of life or food.

βιό-δωρος, ον, (*βίος, δῶρον*) life-giving, bounteous.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, poet. for *βιοδότης*.

βιο-θάμιος, ον, (*βίος, θάλλω*) lively, strong, hale. **βιο-θρέμμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (*βίος, τρέφω*) supporting life.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, life, the course of life: lifetime. II.

manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood.

ΒΙΟ'Σ, ὁ, a bow.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (*βίος, στερέω*) robbing of life or means. II. pass. in want of means.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (*βιοτεῖω*) a way of life, livelihood.

βιοτεύω, f. σαι, (*βιόω*) to live, subsist; *βιοτεύειν ἀπὸ τινος*, to live by a thing.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = *βίος*.

βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = *βίος*.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of *βίος*, a scant living.

βίος, ὁ, (*βιόω*) life: means of life.

βιούς, aor. 2 part. of *βιόω*.

βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (*βίος, φείδομαι*) stingy, sparing.

βιῶ: f. *βιόσομαι*, later *βίσω*: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίαν (as if from a verb *βιάωμι*); 3 sing. imperat. *βιώτα*; subj. *βιῶ*; opt. *βιῶην*; inf. *βιῶναι*; part. *βιούς*: (*βίος*, Lat. *vivo*):—to live, esp. to live happily:—Pass., *βιούται* one lives, Lat. *vivunt*.

βιῶνται, **βιῶντο**, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of *βιόω*.

βιῶατο, for *βιῶντο*, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of *βιόω*.

βιῶην, aor. 2 med. opt. of *βιόω*.

βιῶναι, inf. of *βιόω*.

βιώσιμος, ον, (*βιόω*) to be lived, worth living, possible to live.

βιώσις, εως, ἡ, (*βιόω*) a living, manner of life.

βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of *βιόω*, to quicken, make alive: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβιώσσο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βιόω*) fit for life, lively. II. of or pertaining to life.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (*βιόω*) to be lived, worth living for.

βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of *βιόω*.

βλάβεν, Ep. for *ἐβλάβησαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of *βλάπτω*.

βλάβερός, ἄ, ὄν, (*βλάπτω*) hurtful, noxious.

βλάβη, ἡ, (*βλάπτω*) hurt, harm, damage: *βλάβης δίκη* an action for damage done.

βλάβηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *βλάπτω*.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of *βλάπτω*.

βλάβομαι, = *βλάπτομαι*, only in 3 sing. *βλάβεται*.

βλάβος, εος contr. ος, τό, = *βλάβη*, hurt, damage.

ΒΛΑΙΣΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, having the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked.

βλακεία, ἡ, (*βλακεύω*) slackness, sloth, stupidity.

βλακεύω, (*βλάξ*) to be slack, lazy, indolent.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βλάξ*) indolent, stupid. Adv. —*κῶς*.

βλακώδης, ἐς, (*βλάξ, εἶδος*) lazy, sluggish.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, **βλακῆς**, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to *μαλακός*) lazy, inactive, sluggish. Irreg. Comp. *βλακίστερος* or *βλακώτερος*.

ΒΛΑΨΙΤΩ: fut. **βλάψω**: Ep. aor. I *βλάψα*: pf. *βέβλαφα* or *ἐβλάφα*.—Pass., fut. 2 *βλάβῃσθαι*, fut. 3 *βεβλάψομαι*; fut. med. *βλάψομαι*, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάφθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [α]: pf.

βέβλαμαι:—to hinder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to hinder from; βλαβέντα λοιστὴν δρόμον arrested in its last course; βλαφθεὶς ἐν ὄζῳ caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mislead. 3. to harm, damage, hurt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. I ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστη, ἥ, = βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. II. increase, growth.

βλάστημα, atos, τό, and βλάστημος, ὁ, = βλάστη. ΒΛΑΣΤΟ΄Σ, ὁ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen.

βλασφημέω, f. ἥσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to drop profane words, speak profanely. 2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ἥ, profane language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphemy.

βλάσφημος, on, (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking profanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥ΄ΤΗ, ἥ, mostly in plur. βλαύται, ὧν, αἱ, a kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

βλαυτῶν, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχή.

βλάψα, Ep. for ἐβλάψα, aor. I of βλάπτω.

βλάψις, eos, ἥ, (βλάπτω) a harming, hurting.

βλαψί-φρων, on, gen. onos, (βλάπτω, φρήν) mad-dening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, madly.

βλεῖο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω. βλεμεῖναι, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμεῖναι exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, atos, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέπουσα, Dor. for βλέπονσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one must look.

βλεπτικός, ἥ, ὧν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ἥ, ὧν, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕ΄ΠΩ, f. ψω; aor. I ἐβλεψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—

Pass., aor. I ἐβλέφθην: pf. βέβλεφα:—to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., Ἄρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, νᾶπυ βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to have a sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the south.

III. to see the light, with or without φάος, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

βλεφαρίς, ιδος, ἥ, an eyelash. From

βλέφαρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur.

the eyes: ἡμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτὸς βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

βλήται for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, atos, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 2. a shot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, ἥ, on, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήναι, βλήσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. 2. blighted, one must throw.

βλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἥ, ὧν, (βάλλω) hurled, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάσομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (βληχή):—to bleat, of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧΗ΄, ἥ, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρός, α, ὧν; weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphon., ἀβληχρός. Adv. -ρως, slightly.

ΒΛΗ΄ΧΩΝ, ανος, ἥ; acc. βλήχῳ: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence

βληχωνίας, on, ὁ, prepared with pennyroyal.

ΒΛΙ΄ΤΤΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίω: aor. ἐβλίσα:—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the honey. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΤ΄ΡΟΣ, α, ὧν, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοσυρ-ῶπις, ιδος, ἥ, (βλοσυρός, ὤψ) grim-looking. ΒΛΥ΄ΖΩ, f. βλύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐβλύσα, = βλύω.

Hence

βλύσις, eos, ἥ, and βλυσμός, ὁ, a bubbling up.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. I of βλύζω.

ΒΛΥ΄Ω, f. βλύσω [ῶ], to bubble, sprout, or gush forth: hence to be full, to be naughty.

βλύωμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωρός, α, ὧν, (βλώσκω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσσω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟ΄ΔΩ), f. μολούμαι, aor. 2 ἔμολον (cf. θρώσκω, θορούμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμύλωκα):—to come or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's hide. From

βό-αγρος, ἥ, (βοῖς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

βοα-θός, Dor. for βοηθός.

βοάμα, atos, τό, (βοάω) a shriek, cry: a loud strain.

βοάτης, on, ὁ, fem. βοαῖτις, ιδος, ἥ, (βοάω) crying, screaming. [α]

βό-αυλος, ὁ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an ox-stall.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάει, 3 pl. βοάωσιν, part. βοάων: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι:

aor. I ἐβόησα, Ion. ἐβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med., aor. I ἐβοησάμην Ion. ἐβωσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβόηθην Ion. ἐβώσθην: pf. βεβόημαι Ion. ἐβέβωμαι:

(βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, howl: to echo. II.

trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to aid. 2. to demand in a loud voice. 3. to noise

abroad, proclaim.

βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βοέος or βόεος, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-hide: ἡ βοεία or βοέα, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

βοεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

βοή, ἡ, contr. from βοήν, v. βόεος.

ΒΟΗ', ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοὴν ἀγαθόν, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also the roar of the sea. II.

= βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ἔς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on hearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

Βοη-δρομιών, ἄνος, ὁ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοηθός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθῶ, Ion. βοθέω, f. ἤσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοηθῶ) ready or able to help.

βοη-θός, ον, (βοή, θέω) hasting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοήθοον ἄρμα a chariot hasting to the battle.

βοηθός, ὄν, contr. from βοηθός: as Subst., βοηθός, ὁ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

βοη-λάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. βοηλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer. II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βοωνόμος.

βόης, ον, ὁ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, ἔως, Ion. βοητός, ὄος, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟΨΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθινος, ὁ, = βόθρος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From

Βοιωτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (Βοιωτός, ἀρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βοιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βοιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάω and Βοιωτίζω, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

Βοιωτός, οὔ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

Βοιωτι-ουργής, ἔς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

ΒΟΛΒΟΨ, ὁ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile: a metaph. a glance: —βολαὶ ἡλιόν sun-beams.

βολίζω, f. σω, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

βολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βάλιτον, βόλιτος, (βόλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and βόλομαι, Acol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βόλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὁ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βόλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αῦλις, ὁ, (βόμβος, αἰλός) a bagpiper.

βομβεύντι, Acol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, ἔσσω, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλός, οὔ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a humble bee.

βόμβυξ, ἔκος, ὁ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, = βουθύτης.

βοο-κτάστια, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βοο-.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοόω, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΡΑ', ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορά-θυμός, ον, (βέρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟΨΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορο-τάραξις, ὁ, (βέρβορος, ταρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορό-ώδης, ἔς, (βέρβορος, εἶδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕ'ΑΣ, ον, ὁ; Ion. Βορέης, contr. Βορῆς, ἔω; Att. Βορρᾶς, ᾶ: —the North wind: more strictly the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορρὴν ἄνεμον towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινας northward of a place.

Βορέας, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. Βορείας, poet. Βορείας, Βορηΐς, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

Βόρειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορεώτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορηΐτις, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειος.

Βορηΐς, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορός, ὁ, ὄν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Βορραῖος, α, ον, or os, ον, = Βόρειος.

Βορρᾶς, ᾶ, ὁ, Att. for Βορέας.

βόρως, ὄ, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσις, ἔως, ἡ, (βόσχω) food, fodder.

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βόσκει.

βοσκή or βόσκει, ἡ, (βόσχω) food, fodder.

βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βόσκει) that which is fed or fattened, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκει, one must feed.

βοσκός, ὁ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle.* From **ΒΟΣΚΩ**: fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκίω:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pascere*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, ον, of the Bosphorus.

βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) *Bosphorus*, i. e. ox-ford, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστρυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, = βόστρυχος.

βοστρύχιον, τό, Dim. of βόστρυχος.

ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, ὁ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τὰ, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

βοτάμια, ἄν, τὰ, (βόσκα) pastures.

βοτάνη, ἡ, (βόσκα) pasture, grass, fodder.

βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσκα) a herdsman, herd; οἰωνῶν βοτήρ a watcher of birds, a soothsayer: κίων βοτήρ a herdsman's dog.

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ον, (βοτήρ) of or for a herdsman.

βοτόν, τό, (βόσκα) anything that is fed, a beast.

βοτρυδόν, Adv. (βότρυς) like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.

βοτρυός, α, ον, (βότρυς) of grapes.

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον, (βότρυς, ὥρον) grape-producing.

βοτρυαίς, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) clustering.

βοτρυό-παις, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) child of the grape.

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) with clustering hair; or with grapes in one's hair.

ΒΟΤΡΥΞ, vos, ὁ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. *racemus*. II. = βότρυχος, βόστρυχος, a curl.

βότρυχος, ὁ, = βόστρυχος.

βότρυχ-ώδης, es, (βότρυχος, εἶδος) like curls, curly.

βότρυ-ώδης, es, (βότρυς, εἶδος) like a cluster of grapes.

βου-, a form of βοῦς used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. βουό-παις, βουό-φάγος; as we say horse-chestnut, horse-radish, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, ios, ἡ, an antelope.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *bubalus*, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκα) feeding cattle: as Subst., βουβότης, ὁ, a cowherd.

βου-βότος, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκειται) grazed by cattle.

βού-βρωσις, εως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or misery.

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ἄνω, ὁ, the groin, Lat. *inguen*. Hence **βουβωνιά**, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάτος, ὁ, (βου-, γαίω) a braggart, bully. [α]

βου-δόρος, ον, (βοῦς, δέρω) slaying oxen: gall-ing. II. as Subst. a knife for slaying.

βου-θερίς, ἐς, (βοῦς, θέρω) giving summer pasture: summer-feeding.

βου-θινης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, θινάω) beef-eater.

βουθύσα, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From **βουθύτω**, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βου-θύτος, ον, (βοῦς, θίω) of or belonging to sacrifices: sacrificial.

βουκαῖος, ὁ, (βούκος) one who ploughs with oxen.

βουό-κερως, ἄν, gen. βουόκερω, acc. pl. βουόκερας, (βοῦς, κέρας) horned like an ox:—for the accent see Wordsw. Glk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, ον, (κεφαλή) bull-headed: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced. **βουκεφάλας**, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκόλος, f. ἦσω, (βουκόλος) to tend cattle:—Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπιδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) a herd of cattle. II. a byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. ἀζομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οὔ, ὁ Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. βωκολικός, ἄ, ὄν, (βουκόλος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a herd of cattle. From **βου-κόλος**, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. κολέω = Lat. *colo*) a cowherd: herdsman.

βούκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = Βουκαῖος.

βουλαῖος, α, ον, (βουλή) of or in the Council.

βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan, Lat. *advisor consilii*.

βουλεία, ἡ, (βουλεύω) the office of counsellor.

βούλευμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) a decree of the Council: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.

βουλεύσις, εως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) deliberation.

βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of βουλεύω, one must take counsel.

βουλευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = βουλευτής. Hence

βουλευτήριος, ον, fit for counsel. II. as Subst.

βουλευτήριον, τό, a Council-chamber, court-house.

βουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) a councillor, one who sits in Council. II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Council or a Councillor; ὅρκος βουλευτικός the oath taken by the councillors. 2. as Subst., τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500. II. of or for a counsellor, able to advise.

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, devised, plotted. From

βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. -είσομαι: aor. I ἐβούλευσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβουλεύθην:

pf. βεβούλευμαι: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή):

—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing:

Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II.

to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλῇ, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination*, Lat. *consilium*:—*a project, plan, intention*.
2. *counsel, advice*, whether taken or given.
Lat. *concilium*, the *Council* or *Senate*, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούλη, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι.
βούλῃς, εἰσα, εν, (βούλη) *of good counsel, sage*.
βουλῆς, part. aor. I of βούλομαι.
βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) *a will, purpose*.
βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *a willing: will, purpose*.
βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι.
βουληφόρος, εν, (βούλη, φέρω) *counselling, advising*.
βουλιμία, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger*. Hence
βουλιμῶν, f. ἄσω, *to suffer from ravenous hunger*.
βούλιος, εν, (βούλη) = *βουλευτικός*.

ΒΟΥΛΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβούλεμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἐβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: pf. βεβούληκα, in compos. also med. βεβούλα (προ): Dep.:—*to will, wish, be willing*: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., τῶρεσσαν ἐβούλετο νίκην *he willed victory to the Trojans*, or in full, τῶρεσσαν ἐβούλετο κῆδος ὀρέσθαι. Βούλει or βούλεισθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσθαι *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. *quivis*, the first that offers, *any one that likes*. II. *to have rather, choose, prefer*, mostly with ἡ, as, βούλομ' ἐγὼ λαὸν σὸν ἔμμεναι, ἡ ἀπολέσθαι *I had rather the host were saved than lost*.

βουλό-μαχος, εν, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring*.
βουλόσιος, εν, *fit for unyoking the oxen*, [v]. From
βου-λύτός, ὁ, (βους, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen*, evening: in Homer only as Adv., βουλύτῳνδε *towards evening*, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βους, ἀμέλω) *cow-milking*.
βουνίτης, εν, ὁ, (βουνός) *a dweller on hills*.
βου-νόμος, εν, (βους, νέμω) *cattle-feeding*. II.
βου-νομος, *grazed by cattle*; ἀγέλαι βούνομαι *herds of grazing oxen*.

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bill, mound*.
βου-παις, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) *a big, lubberly boy*. 2. of bees, *born of the ox*; see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βου-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling*.
βου-πάμων, εν, gen. ονος, (βους, πέπαμαι pf. of πάμαι) *rich in cattle*.
βου-πληκτρος, εν, (βους, πληκτρον) *ox-goading*.
βου-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βους, πλήσσω) *an ox-goad*: *an axe for felling an ox*.

βου-ποιμήν, ενος, ὁ, (βους, ποιμήν) *a herdsman*.
βου-πόρος, εν, (βους, τέρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος *δβελός* *a spit that would spit a whole ox*.
βου-πρόρος, εν, (βους, πρόρα) *with the face of an ox*.
ΒΟΥΣ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βόας, also poet. βού: acc. βούν, Ep. βών, poet. also βόα:—*plur., nom. βόες*, rarely contr. βούς: gen. βούν, rarely contr. βών: dat. βουσί, poet. βόεσσι, rarely βουσί:—*a bullock or cow, an ox*; in plur. *cattle*. II. βούς, ἡ, *a shield covered with ox-hide*. III. proverb., βούς ἐπὶ

γλώσση *βέβηκε*, βούς ἐπὶ γλώσσης *ἐπιβαίνει*; like *ὅς ἐπὶ στόμα*, of people who keep silence from some *weighty* reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βούς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of foreg.
βου-σταθμον, τό, (βούς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall*.
βου-στάσις, εως, ἡ, = *foreg.*
βου-στροφῆδον, Adv. (βους, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing*: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.
βου-στροφός, εν, (βους, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—*as Subst. an ox-goad*.

βου-σφάγην, (βους, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen*.
βουτίλις, ιος, ἡ, *a night bird*.
βούτης, εν, ὁ, (βους) *a cow-herd, herdsman*.
βου-φάγος, εν, (βους, φάγειν) *ox-eating*.
βουφόνει, f. ἡσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen*.
βουφονία (sub. ιερά), τά, *a festival with sacrifices of oxen*. From

βου-φόνος, εν, (βους, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing*. 2. *at which oxen are slain*.

βουφορβέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle*.
βουφορβία, εν, τά, *a herd of oxen*. From
βου-φορβός, εν, (βους, φέρω) *ox-feeding*:—*as Subst. βουφορβός, ὁ, a herdsman*.

βου-φορτός, εν, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load*.
βου-χανδής, ἐς, (βους, χανδάνω) *holding an ox*.
βου-χίλος, εν, (βους, χιλός) *rich in fodder*.
βούων, contr. part. of βοάω. 2. gen. pl. of βούς.
βου-ώνης, εν, ὁ, (βους, ὠνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice*.

βο-ῶπις, ιδος, ἡ, (βους, ὦψ) *ox-eyed*, i. e. *with large, full eyes*.

βουώτew, f. ἡσω, *to plough*. From
βουώτης, εν, ὁ, (βουός) *a ploughman*. II. Βοῶτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεῖω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games*: generally, *arbitration*.

βραβεῖον, τό, (βραβεῖω) *a prize in the games*.
ΒΡΑΒΕΥΣ, εως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games*: generally, *a judge, arbitrator, umpire*: *a chief, leader*.

βραβεύω, f. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire*: *to arbitrate, direct, govern*.

βράβυλον, τό, *a kind of plum or sloe*.
βράβυλος, ἡ, *the tree which bears βράβυλα*.
ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *hoarseness, sore throat*. Hence
βραγχός, ἡ, ὄν, *hoarse*.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, *slowly*.
βραδύνος, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. for βραδινός.

βραδίων [r], βραδίωτος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εως, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness*.
βραδύνω, f. ἱνῶ, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—*Pass. to be delayed*. II. intrans. *to be slow about a thing*:—*Med. to be slow, to loiter*.

βραδυ-πειθής, ἐς, (βραδύς, πείθομαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῶν, ἡ, ἴσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*

βραδυ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, πονν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βραδύς, ποῦς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΤΗΣ, εἶα, ὅ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metaph. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδίων [ἴ] and βράσσων: Sup. βραδύτατος, poet. βράδιστος and by metaph. βάρδιστος: *slow, heavy; βάρδιστος* *thiev slowest at running*:—metaph. *slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, late.

βραδυ-σκαλῆς, ἐς, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*

βραδυτήτης, ἡτος, ἡ, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.*

βράκος, τό, Acol. for βράκος, a rich female garment.

βρασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἔβρασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρασθη: pf. βέβρασαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain*:—Pass. *to boil up.*

βράσσω, ov, gen. onos, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.

βράχε, see βραχάω.

βράχεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.

βράχεος, Adv. of βραχύς, shortly.

βράχιον, onos, ὁ, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [ἴ]

βράχιον, ov, gen. onos, [Ion. ἴ, Att. ἴ], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, eos, τό, plur. βράχαια, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtis.*

βραχύ-βωλος, ov, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clods, βραχύβωλος* *χέρους* *a narrow piece of land.*

βραχύ-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, ov, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ἡ, brevity in speech. From

βραχυ-λόγος, ov, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύων, f. ὕνω, to make short. From

ΒΡΑΧΥΤΗΣ, εἶα, ὅ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχύνων: Sup. βραχύντατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, short; of Number and Degree, few, little: βραχύ, a little, a short time or distance; ἐπὶ βραχύ for a short distance; κατὰ βραχύ little by little; ἐν βραχεῖ shortly, briefly; διὰ βραχέων in few words, Lat. brevis, paucis; διὰ βραχυτάτων or ἐν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. quam brevissime.

βραχυ-σίδηρος, ov, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): ἄκων βραχυ-σίδηρος) *a dart with a short, small head.*

βραχυ-σκελῆς, ἐς, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*

βραχυ-σύμβολος, ov, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τόνος, ov, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*

βραχυ-τράχηλος, ov, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχυτήτης, ἡτος, ἡ, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φεγγίτης, ov, ὁ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [ἴ]

βραχύ-φύλλος, ov, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*

*ΒΡΑΧΩ, to be used in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἔβραχε or βράχε, to rattle, clasp, ring, roar.

βρέγμα, ατος, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεῖ, sound to imitate the croaking of frogs.

ΒΡΕΜΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. FREMO, to roar, of the wave or wind; to clasp, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd. Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθύσμαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to be of a proud carriage, hold one's head high, swagger.

βρέεις, eos, ἡ, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΤΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, a wooden image of a god.

ΒΡΕΦΟΣ, eos, τό, the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = ἔμβρυον. II. the new-born babe, whelp or cub.

βρεχμός, ὁ, = βρέγμα.

ΒΡΕΧΩ, ἔ.ω: aor. I ἔβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρεχθη: aor. 2 ἔβραχθη [ᾱ]: pf. βέβρεγα:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγω*:—Pass. *to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like ὕει, Lat. pluit, it rains.

ΒΡΙ-, [ἴ], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρός.

Βριάρεος, ὁ, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Βριάρεω.]

βριάρος, ὁ, ὄν, Ion. βριερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βριάω) *strong.*

βριάω, (βρι-) to strengthen, to make strong. II. intr. to be strong.

ΒΡΙΖΩ, fut. ξω, to nod, slumber, sleep.

βρί-ῆψος, ov, (βρι-, ἄπνω) *loud shouting.*

βρίθος, eos, τό, (βρίθω) *weight.*

βριθόσση, ἡ, (βρίθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-νοος, ov, (βρίθω, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βρίθως, εἶα, ὅ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙΘΩ, f. βρίσω, Ep. inf. βρίσμεν: aor. I ἔβρισα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing*:—Med., μήκων καρπῷ βριθομένη a poppy laden with fruit; ἐπὶ βεβριθία, Ep. for βεβριθία, weighty strife. 2. of men, to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master. II. trans. to load, press.

βριμάσμαι and βριμόμαι, Dep. to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious. (Formed from the sound.)

βριτο-άρματος, ov, (βρίθω, ἄρμα) *loading the car.*

ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, the windpipe, trachea.

βρομέω, = βρέμω, to buzz, hum, of gnats.

βρομάσμαι, Dep. to revel like Bacchus. From βρόμος, α, ov, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous*:—hence ὁ Βρόμος, the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus. 2.

= Βάκχειος, Bacchic.

Βρομ-ώδης, es, (βρόμος, εἶδος) *Bacchic.*

βρόμος, ὁ, (βρόμω) *Lat. fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.*

βροντάω, f. ἦσω, to thunder: βροντᾶ, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From
BRONTHḒ, ἦ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βροντήμα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.
Βρόντης, ου, ό, (βροντῆ) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κέραυνος, ον, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ἐς, (βροντῆ, εἶδος) thundering.
βρότειος, ου, also α, ον, Ep. **βρότεος**, η, ον, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also **βροτῆσος**, α, ον.
βροτο-βάμων, ον, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men.

[ἀ]
βροτό-γῆρυς, υ, gen. vos, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτούς, ἐσσα, εν, (βροτός) bloody, gory.
βροτοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder men. From
βροτοκτόνος, ον, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.
βροτο-λοιγός, όν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men.
ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ό, a mortal, man, opp. to ἀθάνατος or θεός: as Adj. mortal.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ό, blood from a wound, gore.
βροτο-σκόπος, ον, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.
βροτο-σπύγης, ἐς, (βροτός, σπυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. hated by men.

βροτο-φεγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ον, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying.
βροτώ, (βρότος) to stain with gore.
βροχετός, ό, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.
βροχέως, Aeol. for βραχέως.

ΒΡΟΧΘΟΣ, ό, the ibroat.
βροχίς, ἡ, (βρέχω) an ink-born.
ΒΡΟΧΟΣ, ό, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

***ΒΡΟΧΩ**, aor. I ἐβροξα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρόχω, καταβρόχω.

βρύδω, (βρύω) to teem with plenty, overflow.
βρύδην, Adv. (βρύω) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγμός, ό, (βρύω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

ΒΡΥΓΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΓΑΛΩ, = βρύν ειπείν, v. sq.

βρύν, βρύν ειπείν to cry for drink.

βρύς, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea.
βρύχασμαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐβρυχήθη: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμικα, μέμικα from μυκάσμαι, μυκάσμαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bawl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and
βρύχητης, ου, ό, a bellower, bowler.

βρύχιος, ου, also α, ον, (βρύς) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΓΧΩ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 ἐβρύχων:—Pass., aor. I ἐβρύχην:—the same as βρύχω. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΓΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. **βρύσω**:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with.

II. trans. to cause to burst forth.
βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food.
βρωμάομαι, aor. I ἐβρωμήσαμην: Dep.: (βρέμα):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) βρώμα, food.
βρώσιμος, ον, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, εως, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) meal, opp. to πύσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἦρος, ό, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer.

βρωτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:—

βρωτών, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, υος, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.

βύβλιος, ου, ον, (βύβλος) made of byblus.

ΒΥΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: **βύβλοι**, αἱ, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. τὰ βύβλα. [ῥ]

βύβην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.

βυθίζω, f. ἴσω, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βυθός, α, ον, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II. of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζῆα) water-animals. [ῥ]

βυθίτης, ου, ό, βυθίτις, ιδος, ἡ, = βύθιος.

ΒΥΘΟΣ, ό, the depth, the depths of the sea.

βυκτής, ου, ό, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτάν.

βύνω, Att. for βύω.

ΒΥΨΑ ἡ, the skin stripped off, a hide.

βυρο-αἰετός, ό, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, εως, ό, a tanner. From

βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρίνη, ἡ, a leathern thong. [ῥ] Fem. from

βύριντος, η, ον, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυροδεψέω, f. ἦσω, to dress hides, be a tanner. From

βυρο-δέψης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.

βυρο-παβλαγών, υνος, ό, (βύρσα, Παβλαγών) the leather-Papblagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρο-πώλης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.

βυρο-τενής, ἐς, and **βυρο-τονος**, ον, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βύστινος, η, ον, (βύσσιος) made of fine linen.

βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deep: hence to meditate deeply.

βυσσοθεν, Adv. (βυσσός) from the bottom.

βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, ό, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυσσός, ό, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.

ΒΥΣΣΟΣ, ἡ, fine flax: fine linen.

βυσσο-φρων, ον, (βυσσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.

ΒΥΩ: f. βύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐβύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίω βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge.

βῶ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω.

βῶθῶ, Ion. contr. for βοηθῶ.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βώκος, ὁ, Dor. for βούκος.
 βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.
 βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.
 βῶλλον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.
 ΒΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.
 βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμεῖν) clod-breaking.
 βώμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.
 βωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.
 βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From
 βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From
 βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.
 βωμός, ὁ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.
 βῶν, Ep. for βούν, acc. of βούς: also contr. gen. plur.
 βώσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βοάω.
 βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.
 βοσπρῶ, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.
 βώτας, Dor. for βούτης.
 βοτι-άνειρα, ἡ, (βόσκω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [α]
 βῶτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = βοτής, a herdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like η in ηγ, as ἄγγος ἄγκος ἀγχι ἀγξω.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δοῦπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γράπτω κνᾶπτω: and for λ, γήϊον λήϊον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμιον, ἡ, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἡ, (γρᾶν, γρᾶνω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάδα, ἡ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γαθῶ, Dor. for γηθέω.

γαῖα, ἡ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.),

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖοχος, ον, Dor. for γαῖοχος.

γαιηγενής, ἐς, poet. for γηηγενής.

γαίτιος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαίτι-οχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-upholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γήιος, on land.

ΓΑΙΩ, only used in partic., κούδῃ γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γάλακ-τος).

γάλαθνήος, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γαλάκτινος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγης, ἐς, (γάλα, παγῆναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΗ, ἐης, contr. γαλή, ἡς, ἡ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἁ, ὄν, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γαλεώτης, ον, ὁ, (γαλή) a kind of spotted lizard.

γαλή, ἡ, contr. for γαλήη.

γάληναιος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γάληνεα, Dor. γαλάνεα, ἡ, = sq.

ΓΑΛΗΝΗ, ἡ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνιώσσα, to be calm.

γᾶληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' ὄρω I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γᾶλ-ουργέω, -ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακτ-.

ΓΑΛΟΥΣΣ, ἡ, gen. γάλω, nom. pl. γαλῶν: Att.

γᾶλος, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δαήρ. [α]

γάμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, ὁ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage,

Lat. affinis: I. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμεν, Dor. for ἑγγμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γαμέω.

γάμετή, ἡ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γάμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾱ, ὁ, a husband,

spouse: and

γάμέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wife. From

γάμέω: fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: fut. aor. I ἑγγμαι; later ἑγγμῆσα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med.,

fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. I ἑγγμάμην.—Pass., aor. I ἑγαμήθην,

poët. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere: ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II.

Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter. III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, atos, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ov, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis : γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ή, a marriage-feast.

Γαμηλιών, άνωσ, ό, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings : it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Ληναίων.

γαμίζω, f. ίσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γάμικός, ή, ov, (γάμος) bridal ; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. —κώς, as at a wedding.

γαμίσκω, = γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ov, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous : as Subst. an adulterer.

γά-μόρος, ό, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑ' ΜΟΣ, ό, a wedding, marriage : also wedlock, matrimony : in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γαμό-στολος, ov, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφφαί, άw, αι, (γαμφός, γαμπτός) the jaws of a beast : the beak of a bird.

γαμφός, ή, ov, (κάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked.

γάν, Dor. for γήν, γαίαν.

γάνάω, (γάνος) to sk'ne, glitter, gleam : to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere : metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑ' ΝΟΣ, eos, τό, brightness, sheen : beauty, a charm, delight. [ά] Hence

γάνάω, to make bright or shining : pf. pass. part.

γεγαυόμενος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανών, όσσα, Ep. part. of γανάω.

γάννυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσομαι : Dep. : (γάνος) :—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, atos, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πέδον, τό, Dor. for γήπεδον. [ά]

γά-πετής, γά-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γηπ-.

ΓΑ' Ρ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason : when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as ; Άτρείδη, πολλοὶ γάρ τεθνάων Ἀχαιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc. ; so in parenthesis, as καί, ήν γάρ ό Μαραθών επιτηδεύατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen

I. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γάρ σε ήκειν why who hath sent thee ? 2. a wish, κακώς γάρ έξόλοιο O that you might perish ! in Homer usu. αι γάρ, Att. ει or ειθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that ! so also πώς γάρ, would that !

γαργαίρω, f. άρω, (γάργαρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαργαλίζω, (γάργαλ.) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, ου, ό, a tickling.

ΓΑ' ΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ό, a tickling, itching. [ά]

ΓΑ' ΡΓΑ' ΡΑ, τά, heaps, lots, plenty.

γάρυω, Dor. for γαρύω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [ά], ή :—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter ; γαστήρ άσπίδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb, εν γαστρί φέρειν or εχειν to be with child. 3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γάστρα, Ion. γάστρη, ή, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f. ίσω, (γαστρίς) to fill one's belly. I

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ov, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γαστρίς, ios, ό, ή, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied : a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρής, ές, (γαστήρ, βαρίς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, es, (γαστήρ, είδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ή, ov, (γαυλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλικός, ή, ov, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑ' ΤΑ' Ο' Σ, ό, a milk-pail : a water-bucket : any round vessel, e. g. a bee-bive : hence II. γαυλος,

δ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυρία, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ov, also α, ov, (γαίω) exulting in a thing :

baugbty, disdainful : skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing : to be baugbty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρομα, atos, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γε, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least,

at any rate ; ε' γ' ένθάδε λέωσ at any rate the people

here : often attached to pronouns, έγωγε, σύγε, ύγε.

2. well then, then, implying unwillingness.

είμι γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too ; καλώς

γε ποιών and quite right too ! 4. to strengthen

oaths, why Δία . γε, with a word between, to which

ye usu. refers. II. even ; ήλθον Ἀμφίρεω γ

πρds βίαν against even Amphiarau's will.

γέα-οχος, ov, Dor. for γαίοχος.

γέγασ, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have

been born, to be, live : pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάατε, γεγά-

ασι : but γεγεγάμεν [ά] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγά-

κειν [ά] : part. γεγαώς, —άωσα, Att. contr. γεγώς

—ώσα, like βεβαώς, βεβώς.

γέγασθαι, Dor. for γέγηθα ; pf. of γηθέω.

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι : see γέγασ.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγασ.

γεγάμκα, pf. of γεγάμ.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθέω.

γεγηράκα, pf. of γηράσχω.

γέγλυμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

γεγόμφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφύω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γεγράφομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνός, plqpf. ἐγεγώνως with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνέμεν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. ἐγεγώνεον or γεγώνεον for ἐγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι; verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting; c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγονα, to proclaim. γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνός, (like ἀπαρός, ὄν, from ἀπαρώς), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὦσα, ὤς, Att. part. pf. of γίνομαι, for γεγώνως, γεγώως, see γάω.

Γεέννα, ἡ, Heb. Gebenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for bell-fire, hell.

γεη-πόνος, etc., v. γεωπ-.

γει-ἄροτῆς, οὐ, ὅ, (γῆ, ἄρῳ) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γίνομαι.

γεινεαί, Ep. for γείναι, 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of γίνομαι.

γεινομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. I ἐγεινάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = γεωμόρος.

γειο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙΣΟΝ or ΓΕΙΣΟΝ, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the beam of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γεινιᾶσις, εως, ἡ, neighbourbood: the neighbours. From

γεινιᾶν, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονέω and γειτονέω, = γεινιᾶν.

γειτοσύνης, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὅ, ἡ, a neighbour. III. as Adj. neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελαίσας, Aeol. for γελάσας.

γελάζας, Dor. for γελάσας.

γελαῖνῆς, ἐς, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful.

γελαῖντι, Dor. for γελῶντι, dat. part. of γελάω.

γελάουσα and γελεῦσα, Dor. for γελάουσα.

γελάσα, Dor. for γελώσα, fem. nom. part. of γελάω.

γελασέω, desiderat. of γελάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀνῆριθμον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of Ocean.'

γελαστός, οὐ, ὅ, (γελάω) a laugher, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΑΩ, Ep. γελῶ, Ep. part. pl. γελῶντες, γελῶντες, or γελοῖοντες: Ep. impf. γελοῖον or -ῶν:

fut. γελάσομαι: aor. I ἐγέλασα, Ep. ἐγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλαφα.—Pass., aor. I ἐγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh, Lat. *rideo*; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕ'ΑΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ; pl. γέλγιδες or γέλγεις: = ἀγλῖς, a bead, clove of garlic, Lat. *spica allii*.

γελοῖος, Ep. for γέλοιος.

γέλοιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (γελάω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελοῖον, Ep. impf. of γελάω.

γελοῖοντες, part. pres. of γελοῖω.

γελῶ, γελῶντες, Ep. for γελάω, γελῶντες.

γελᾶντι, Dor. for γελῶσι.

γελῶντες, poet. for γελῶντες.

γέλως, ὅ: gen. ὡτος Att. ὦ: dat. γέλῳτι Ep. γέλφω: acc. γέλῳτα Ep. γέλῳ, in Att. Poets γέλων: (γελάω): laugbter, Lat. *risus*; ἐπὶ γέλῳτι for laugbter's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laugbter, Lat. *ludibrium*; γέλῳτα ποιέσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιία, ἡ, buffoonery. From γελωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laugbter: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οὐ, ὅ, a jester.

γελῶν, Ep. impf., γελῶντες, Ep. part. of γελάω.

γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γόμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἄς, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (*γένω) birth; ὀπλό-τερος γενεῇ younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth.

II. birth, race, descent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. *saeculum*; διὸν γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων.

IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεῖλογέω, f. ἴσω, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεῖλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεῖ-λόγος, ὅ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεῇ, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῇφι.

γενέθλι, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλι a mine of silver.

γενεθλῖδος, ὄν, = γενέθλιος.

γενέθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. *natalis*;

γενέθλιον ἡμᾶρ one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race;

γενέθλιον αἷμα kindred blood.

γένεθλον, τό, = γενέθλι, descent. 2. offspring.

γενεαίζω Dor. —άσω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2 in plur. the cheeks.

γενεῖσκα, = γενεαίζω, to get a beard.

γενεαίτης, Ion. γενεήτης, ὅ: fem. γενεαίτης or -εαίτης, ἰδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

γενεαίω, f. ἴσω, = γενεαίζω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενέθλιος.

II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast*:—also, *a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γένεσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source: birth, race, descent.*

γενέσκειτο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέτειρα, fem. of γενέτηρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *she that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, *birth.*

γενετήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, = γενετής.

γενετής, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., = γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ιδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth hour.*

γενέτωρ, οπος, ὁ, = γενετής, *a father.*

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενήτις, ἡ: gen. γενήτιδος, contr. γενήτιδος: = γενίς, *the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock.*

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννά, ἡ, poet. for γένος, *descent, offspring.*

γεννάδας [ἄ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναῖο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναῖος, πρέπω) *besitting a noble.* Adv. —πῶς.

γενναῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent: οὐ μοι γενναῖον it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δὴν genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναῖότης, ἥτος, ἡ, *nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.*

γενναῖος, Adv. of γενναῖος, *nobly: Sup. γενναῖότατα.*

γεννάω, f. ἥσω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father: to bear, bring forth, of the mother: οἱ γεννήσαντες the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child: any product.* II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, *a begetting, producing.*

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.*

γεννητός, ὁ, ὄν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννητώρ, οπος, ὁ, = γενετήρ.

γεννικός, ὁ, ὄν, = γενναῖος, *brave, spirited.* Adv. —ως.

γεννοῖατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοντο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent: so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birth.* II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.*

III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.* 2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration. IV. *sex: gender.* V. *kind, genus, opp. to εἶδος, species.*

γέντο, *be grasped*, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο, —γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΤ Σ, ἡ, gen. γένυος: dat. γένυι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσσι: acc. γένυας, contr. γένῦς. *The under jaw: γένυας, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, a biting axe.*

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραῖός, ἁ, ὄν, (γέρων, γηραιός) *old: venerable.* Comp. γεραιότερος: οἱ γεραιότεροι, *the elders*, Lat. senatores. Sup. γεραιότατος.

γεραῖο-φλοιός, ον, (γεραιός, φλοιός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γεραίρω, f. γεράω: aor. I ἐγέρημα, inf. γεράω: aor. 2 ἐγέρῃον: (γέρας) —: *to honour or reward with a gift: generally, to honour.*

γεραιότερος, —τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραῖός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, *a crane.*

γεράς, ὁ, ὄν, = γεραῖός.

γεράφρος, ἁ, ὄν, (γεραιός) *reverend, stately: γεραποί priests, γεραπαί priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα: — *a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour: metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γεράσιμος, ον, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γεράσιος, *a Spartan month.*

γερασ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντᾶ-γῶγῶ, f. ἥσω, *to guide an old man.* From γεροντ-ἀγῶγός, ὁ, (γέρων, ἀγῶ) *guiding an old man.*

γεροντία, ἡ, *Lacon. for γερονσία.*

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρων, *a little old man.*

γερούσια, ἡ, (γέρων) *a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.* II. *an embassy.*

γερούσιος, α, ον, (γέρων) *belonging to the elders or chiefs: οἶνος γερούσιος wine reserved for them.*

γέρρον, τό, (είρω) Lat. gerra, *anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore.* 2. *a wattled hut.*

γερρο-φόροι, οἱ, (γέρρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields: v. foreg.*

ΓΕΡΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, *an old man, Lat. senex: οἱ γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number.* II. as Adj. γέρων, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρων λόγος *the γέρων sákos* however occurs in Homer.

γεῦμα, ατος, τό, (γεῦω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γεῖω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω: aor. I ἐγεύσα: — *to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:

αορ. I ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. πῖπφ. ἐγέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦρὸς γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕ'ΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ἐκυννῖναι or γεφυρά ἐκυννῖναι ποταμόν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. *ponte jungere fluvium*. Hence

γεφυρόω, f. ὤσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφυρώσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφυρώσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθι ὁ πόρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From

γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, οὐ, ὁ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρέω, f. ἡσώ, to measure land, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὐ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γῆ-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεω-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μέιρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι, the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. *optimates*.

γεώ-πεδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆ-πεδον.

γεω-πείνης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, πένομαι) poor in land.

γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωργός, f. ἡσώ, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γεω-ργός, ὄν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὐ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωρῦχεω, f. ἡσώ, to dig or trench the earth. From γεω-ρύχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ]

γεω-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ', ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδαρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: πῶ γῆς; Lat. *ubi terrarum?* where on the earth?

γῆ-γενής, ἔς, (γῆ, *γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γῆγενής, οὐ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γῆθew, f. ἡσώ: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-γαθα (used in pres. sense): πῖπφ. ἐγεγήθην: (γαῖα):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γῆθοσύνη, ἡ, (γῆθew) joy, delight.

γῆθόσυνος, ἡ, ον, (γῆθew) joyful, glad.

Γῆ'ΟΤΟΝ, τό, Lat. *gethym*, a kind of leek.

γῆῖνος, ον, and γῆῖος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γῆῖτης, contr. γῆῖτης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a husbandman.

γῆ-λοφος, ὁ, = γεώλοφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γῆμας, γῆμασθαι, γῆμάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γῆ-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γῆ-οχέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γῆ-πέδον, τό, = γεώπεδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γῆ-πέτης, ἔς, (γῆ, πεσεῖν) falling to earth.

γῆπνος, ὁ, = γεώπνος.

γῆ-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γῆραιός, ἁ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γῆράλειος and γῆράλιος, ἁ, ον, = γῆραιός.

γῆράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γῆράναι, aor. I inf., of γῆράσκει.

γῆράντεσσι, Ep. for γῆρασι, dat. plur. of γῆράς, part. aor. 2 of γῆράσκει.

γῆραός, ἁ, ὄν, poet. for γῆραιός.

γῆράς, aor. 2 part. of γῆράσκει.

Γῆ'ΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γῆραος, Att. contr. γῆρας: dat. γῆραι, Att. contr. γῆρα: old age, Lat. *senectus*. Hence γῆράσκει or γῆράω: fut. ἄσω Att. ἄσσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐγήρασα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γῆράναι [ᾱ], part. γῆράς (as if from a verb in -μι): pf. γεγήρακα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γῆροβοσκέω, f. ἡσώ, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γῆρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βύσκει) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γῆρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old.

γῆρύμα, ατος, τό, (γῆρύω) a voice, sound, tone.

Γῆ'ΡΤΣ, vos, ἡ, a voice: speech. Hence

γῆρύω, Dor. γάρυω: f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῃσα:—Med., fut. —ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγήρῃσάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγήρῃσθην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. *garrire*.

γῆρας, contr. for γῆραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτεον, τό, Att. for γῆθον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆῖτης.

γῆ-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ὀλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντ-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΠΤΑΠΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [ῥ]

ΠΤΑΣ, ατος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γῆγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσονται: aor. 2 ἐγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late aorists) ἐγενήθη: for the Ep. pf. γέγαα, see γέγαα:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. γέγονα to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen.

II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to be at, as ἐρίγνέτο ἐς Λακεδαίμονα. 2. πάντα, παντοίως, παντοδαπὸς γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; ἐντὸς ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. 3. τί γένωμαι; more rarely τίς γένωμαι; what is to become of me? 4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων, periphra. for ὀργᾶν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol.

γιν-γνώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root *ΓΙΝΟΕ/Ν, ΓΙΝΩ/ΝΑΙ, Lat. NOSC/O: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνω, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνῶνῃ, inf. γνῶναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἔγνώσθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of. . . γνῶ χωσμένου, he knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνω ἡττημένους I perceived that I was beaten.

II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι.

γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γινώσκω.

γλαγῶ, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy.

γλαγρός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαγροίς, εσσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαῖο-πῆξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἦ, (γλάγος, πήγνυμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑΪΟΣ, εος, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk.

γλακτο-φάγος, ὄν, (γάλα, φάγειν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος, living on milk.

ΓΛΑΪΜΗ, ἦ, = λήμη, humour in the eyes.

γλάμω, ὄν, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [ἀ]

γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκιάων, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, Aeol. γλαῦκος, α, ὄν, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming.

II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesius: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκ-χρῶς, ὁ, ἦ, acc. γλαυκόχροα, (γλαυκός, χρῶς) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἦ, acc. ἴδα, but also ἰν: (γλαυκός, ὦψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

γλαυκ-ῶψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἦ, = γλαυκάπις.

γλαῦξ, Att. γλαῦξ, κός, ἦ, (γλαυνός) the owl, Lat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαῦξ Ἀθήναζε, γλαῦξ εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle:' Athenian coins were called γλαῦκες Δαυριωτικά, from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [ἀ]

γλαφυρία, ἦ, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρος, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμήν a deep harbour.

II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΨΩ, τό, to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [ᾱ], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ὄν, ὁ, (γλεύκος, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεύκος, εος, τό, (γλυκίς) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗΝΗ, ἦ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κόρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taunt, ἔρπε κακῇ γλήνῃ away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

ΓΛΗΧΩΝ, ἄνως, ἦ: acc. γλήχωνα, by apocope.

γλήχω:—pennyroyal, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπος, ὄν, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, ἀντιλογία, ἐξεπίτριπος.)

ΓΛΙΣΧΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate.

2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλίσχρων, ὄνως, ὁ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard.

γλισχρῶς, Adv. of γλίσχρος, importunately: scantily: also pettily.

ΓΛΙΣΧΟΜΑΙ [ῖ], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen.

2. γλίσσεται περί τινος to be eager about or for a thing.

ΓΛΟΪΑ or γλοιά, ἦ, glue. Hence

γλοιός, ὁ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt.

II. as Adj. γλοιός, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavish.

ΓΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκερός, ἄ, ὄν, = γλυκός, sweet.

γλυκερό-χρως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἦ, (γλυκερός, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλυκός, α, ὄν, = γλυκός. [ῖ]

γλυκί-δακρυς, υ, gen. νος, (γλυκίς, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκί-δωρος, ὄν, (γλυκίς, δῶρον) with sweet gifts.

γλυκυ-ῆχίς, ἐς, (γλυκίς, ἦχέω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ἦ, benevolence. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ὄν, (γλυκίς, θυμός) sweet-minded. II.

act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μᾶλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μελιχρός, ὄν, (γλυκίς, μέλιχος) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μῆλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκίς, μήλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμῆθεω, φ, ἦσω, to speak sweetly. From

γλυκύ-μῦθος, (γλυκίς, μῦθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-παῖς, αἰδός, ὁ, ἦ, (γλυκίς, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ-παρθένος, ἦ, (γλυκίς, παρθένος) a sweet maid.

γλυκύ-πικρος, ὄν, (γλυκίς, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΛΥΚΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, *dear, kind*. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [ῖ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος. γλυκύτης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἡ, (γλυκίς) *sweetness*. γλυπτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and γλύπτης, ου, ὅ, (γλύφω) *a carver, a sculptor*. γλυπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*. γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*. γλύφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, *the arrow itself*. II. = γλύφανον, *a knife*. From ΓΛΥΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφην, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ῦ]: pf. γέγλυμαι and ἐγλυμαι:—to hollow out: esp. to engrave or carve. II. to write on a tablet. ΓΛΩΨ, ωχός, ἡ, *the beard of corn, only in plur.* ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλωττα, ης, ἡ, *the tongue, Lat. lingua*: ἀπό γλώσσης by word of mouth: οὐκ ἀπό γλώσσης not from another's tongue, not from hearsay: γλώσσαν ἵναμι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. a tongue, language: γλώσσαν νομίξειν to use a language or dialect. γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἡ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From γλωσσό-αλος, Att. γλωσσό-αργος, ον, (γλώσσα, ἄλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*. γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλώσσα, κομέω) properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money. γλωττα, ἡ, Att. for γλώσσα. γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ἥσω, (γλωττα, στρέφω) to ply the tongue. ΓΛΩΞΙΝ or γλωχίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, *any projecting point*: the end of the yoke-strap. 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself. γναθμός, ὁ, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος. ΓΝΑΘΟΣ, ὁ, *the jaw, mouth*: properly the lower jaw. II. like γένυς, the point or edge of a weapon. [α] γναμπτός, ἡ, ὅν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. bending, yielding. From ΓΝΑΜΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—to crook, bend. γναπτός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνάπτω) *carded, fullled*. ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτω: γναφεῖον, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύς, -φικός: γνάφος, -ψις, v. sub κνάπτω, etc. γνήσιος, α, ον, syncop. for γενέσιος, belonging to the true race, legitimate, opp. to νόθος: genuine, true: γνήσαιοι γυναικες lawful wives, opp. to παλλακίδες: γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες true Greeks: φρονεῖν γνήσια to have a noble mind. γνήσιως, Adv. of γνήσιος, lawfully, really, truly. γνοίην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκειν. γνοίμεν, Ep. for γνοίημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκειν. γνούς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκειν. ΓΝΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, = ἐνόφος, darkness.

γνοφ-ώδης, ες, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*. γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*: γνύξ ἐριπεῖν to fall on the knee. γνώ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκειν. γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν. γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκειν. γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων*. II. judgment. γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκειν. γνώμη, ἡ, (γνῶναι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. the mind, the judgment: γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστῃ to the best of one's judgment. 2. will, purpose: ἀφ' ἐαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. 3. a judgment, opinion: γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι to deliver an opinion: also a mistaken judgment, fancy: γνῶμαι the opinions of wise men, maxims. 4. a purpose, intention, resolution: a vote, decree. γνωμίδιον, τό, Dith. of γνώμη, a fancy. γνωμο-λογία, ἡ, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*. γνωμονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment: experienced or skilled in a thing*. II. of or for sun-dials. γνωμοσύνη, ἡ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*. γνωμοτύπεω, to coin maxims: and γνωμοτυπικός, ἡ, ὅν, *clever at coining maxims*. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τύπειν) *maxim-coining, sententious*. γνώμων, ονος, ὅ, (γνῶναι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. the gnomon or index of the sundial. III. οἱ γνόμονες the teeth that mark a horse's age. IV. a carpenter's rule, Lat. norma: hence a rule or guide of life. γνῶν, Ep. for ἔγνω, aor. 2 of γινώσκειν. γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκειν. γνώμεν, Ep. for γνῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν. γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to make known, declare. 2. to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise. 3. to be acquainted with. From γνώριμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ὅ, *an acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. familiaris. II. οἱ γνώριμοι the notables, Lat. optimates. γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly: γνωρίμως ἔχειν τινί to be on friendly terms with him. γνώρισις, εως, ἡ, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance: knowledge*. γνώρισμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*. γνωρισμός, οὔ, ὅ, (γνωρίζω) *a making known*. γνωριστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*. γνῶς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν. γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκειν. γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν. γνωσι-μάχεω, ἡ, ἥσω, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) *to dispute*

one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχεῖν μὴ εἶναι ὅμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, εὖς, ἡ, (γρῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge: wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσχω.

γνωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γιγνώσχω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνωστής, ου, δ, = γνωστήρ.

γνώστως, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of γνωτός, knowen: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσχω:—γνώτων,

γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (γρῶναι) knowen, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωαί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσχω.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσχω.

γνόασκεν, Ion. for ἐγνόα, 3 sing. impf. of γνόω.

γνόασεν or γνόαεν, 3 pl. opt. of γνόω.

γνόοντι, Dor. for γνόουσιν, 3 pl. of γνόω.

ΓΟΑ'Ω, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοῶν, ὄωσα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοάσκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. 1 ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐγοήθην: (γόςος):—to weep, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΙΓΓ'Ω, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ἡ, and γογγυλῆς, ἱδός, ἡ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From

ΓΟΙΓΓ'ΑΟΣ, η, ον, also γογγύλιος, α, ον, = στογγύλος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, α, ὄν, (γοῶν) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟ'Η, ἡ, = γόος, καταείδοντες γόησι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with howls.

γοήμεναι, Ep. for γοῶν, pres. inf. of γοῶν.

γοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γόςης, ἦτος, ὁ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοῶν) one who howls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat.

γοήσομαι, fut. of γοῶν.

γοητεία, ἡ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γόςης) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ον, ὁ, (γοῶν) a wailer.

γοήτις, ἱδός, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γόςης, a witch.

γόςος, ὁ, (γέμα) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφιό-δοντος, ον, (γομφίος, δούπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γόςφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ον, (γόςφος, δέω) nail-bound.

γομπο-πάγης, ἐς, (γόςφος, παγῆναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφώω, f. ὦσα, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγούφωται σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence

γόμφομα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γομφώω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γόνος, ὁ or ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥ', τό, gen. γόνυτος, dat. pl. γόνυσι: Ion. γόνυν, γόνυατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυν, γονυός, γονυί, pl. γονύνα, γονύναν, γονύνεσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἄψασθαι γόνυν to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἀντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γονάτων to entreat one by clasping his knees; γόνυν κάμπειν to bend the knee, i.e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γόνυα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γόνυσι κεῖται it lies on the knees of the gods, i.e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυν βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ῥίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ον, (γόνυν, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετώ, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἐς, (γόνυν, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόνον, Ep. for ἐγόνον, 3 pl. impf. of γοῶν.

ΓΟ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γούων, ὄωσα, Ep. part. of γοῶν.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος, α, ον, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφος, ον, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) he of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ἡ.

Γοργόνειος, ον, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ον, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόμοι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From

ΓΟΡΓΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργόν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργός εἰσεῖναι fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ον, (Γοργώ, *φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟ'ΡΓΥ'ΡΑ, ἡ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργώ, ὅος, contr. οὖς, ἡ; later decl. Γοργώ, ὄνος,

and in pl. *Γοργόνες*: (*γοργός*):—*the Gorgon*, a monster of *fearful aspect*; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of γοργῶπις*.

γοργῶπις, ὄν, (*γοργός, ὤψ*) *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

γοργῶπις, ὠπιος, ὁ, ἡ, = *γοργῶπις*.

γούν, Ion. *γών*, (*γε οὖν*) *restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers*.

γούνα, *γούνων*, Ep. plur. of *γόνυ*, also found in Trag.

γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of *γουνάξομαι*.

γουνάξομαι, f. *σομαι*: Dep.: (*γόνυ*):—*to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate*; *ὑπέρ τινος* and *τινός* in behalf of another: but also *γουνάξασθαι τινος* and *πρός τινος* to entreat by such and such things.

γούνατος, *γούνατι*, *γούνατα*, *γούνασι*, Ion. and poet. decl. of *γόνυ*.

γουνόμοι, Dep., = *γουνάξομαι*: Ep. impf. *γουνούμην*.

γουνό-πᾶγής, ἐς, (*γόνυ, πήγνυμι*) *cramping the knees*.

γουνό-πᾶχής, ἐς, (*γουνός*, poet. gen. of *γόνυ, παχύς*) *thick-kneed*.

γουνός, poet. gen. of *γόνυ*.

γουνός, ὁ, (*γόνος, γονή*) *corn-land, fruitful land*, Lat. *uber*; *γουνός ἀλοῦς* a fruitful vineyard.

γραῖες and *γρήες*, pl. n. from *γραῖς* and *γρηῖς*.

γραῖδιον, τό, contr. for *γραῖδιον*.

γραῖα, Ep. *γραίη*, ἡ, *special fem. of γραῖος, an old woman*. II. as fem. Adj. *old*, *γραιῖα δαίμονες*,

γραιῖα χερσί, etc.

γραιῖδιον, τό, Dim. of *γραῖς*, *γραῖς*, *an old bag*.

γραιόμοι, Pass. to become an old woman. From *γραῖος*, *γραιῖα*, *γραιόν*, (syncop. for *γραιός*) *old, aged, gray*; *γραιῖα σταφυλή*, Lat. *uva passa*, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (*γράφω*) *that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter*, Lat. *littera*: in plur. *letters*, the alphabet. 2. a note in music. 3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also, like Lat. *litterae*, a letter; an inscription: *state-papers, documents, records, accounts*: also a book, treatise. III. *letters, learning*, = *μαθήματα*.

γραμματεῖον, τό, (*γράφω*) *that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book*.

γραμματεῖς, ἑως, ὁ, (*γράφω*) *a secretary, clerk*, Lat. *scriba*. Hence

γραμματεῖω, to be secretary.

γραμματιζέω, (*γράμματα*) *to teach rudiments*.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*γράμματα*) *knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments*: as Subst., *γραμματικός*, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (*γραμματίζω*) *one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster*. 2. = *γραμματεῖς*.

γραμματο-κύβων, ανος, ὁ, (*γράμματα, κύπτω*) *one who pokes over dusty records*.

γραμμή, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a stroke in writing, a line*: ἡ *μακρά* the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course,

to mark the starting or winning place. III. the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ *ἐσά*; τὸν ἀπὸ *γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον* to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γραῖο-σβέης, οὔ, ὁ, (*γραῖς, σοβέω*) *scaring old women*.

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *γράφω*, to be written: *γραπτέος*, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*γράφω*) *a writer*.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *γράφω*, *painted*: marked with letters: *written*.

γραπτύς, ὅς, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a scratching, tearing*.

ΓΡΑΤΨ, *γράψ*, ἡ, nom. pl. *γράψες*, acc. *γράψ*: Ion. decl. *γρηῖς, γρηῖς*; poet. also *γρηῖς*:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γραφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (*γράφω*) *a painter*. II. =

γραμματεῖς, a clerk.

γραφή, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *representation by means of lines: drawing, painting*; ὅσον *γραφῇ* only in a picture. 2. *writing*. II. a painting, a figure, shape.

III. (*γραφομαί*) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to *δίκη* a private action; *ἀσπρατίας γραφή* an indictment for neglect of service.

γραψικός, ἡ, ὄν, *able to draw or paint*: ἡ *γραφικὴ* (sub. *τέχνη*) *the art of painting*. 2. *suited for writing*.

γραφῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a style for writing on waxen tablets*. II. *embroidery*.

ΓΡΑΨΩ, f. *ψω*: pf. *γέγραφα*, later *γεγράφηκα*:—Pass., fut. *γραφῆσομαι*, fut. 3 *γέγραφομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐγράφη*, later aor. 1 *ἐγράθην*: pf. *γέγραμμαι*:—to GRAVE, scratch; *σῆματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι* having scratched marks or figures on tablets. II. to draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint.

III. to write; *γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας* to write on skins. 2. to inscribe, e. g. *γράφειν εἰς στήλην*: Pass. *γράφεσθαι τι* to be inscribed with a thing. 3. to write down; *γράφειν τινὰ αἵτιον* to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, *γράφεσθαι τινα* to indict one, *τινός* for some public offence; in full, *δίκην* or *γραφὴν γράψασθαι τινα*; also c. inf., *γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν* to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., *οἱ γραψάμενοι* the prosecutors; but *γράφεσθαι τι*, to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρα-ώδης, ἐς, (*γραῖς, εἶδος*) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. *anilis*: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. *ἐγρήγορα*.

γρηῖς, ἡ, Ion. for *γραῖς*, poet. also *γρηῖς*.

γρηῖτες, ἑως, ὁ, (*γρηῖτος*) *a fisherman*: whence fem. Adj., *γρηῖτῆς τέχνη* the art of fishing.

ΓΡΓΠΟΣ, ὁ, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, ὁ, = *γρηῖτες*, a fisherman. [Γ]

ΓΡΓΦΟΣ, ὁ, like *γρίπος*, a fishing-net or basket, made of rushes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφώδης, *es*, (γρίφος, εἶδος) *riddling*.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, *ó*, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a *grunt*; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, *f. έω* or *εξομαι*: *aor. I έγρυφα*:—to say *γρῦ*, *grunt*, *Lat. grunio*: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίζω or γρυλλίζω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) *to grunt*.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, *ó*, (γρῦ) a pig, porker.

γρύπ-αετος, *ó*, (γρύψ, αετός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟΨ, *ή, óν*, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρυπότης, *ητος, ή*, bookedness of the nose.

γρύπω, *f. ώσω*, (γρυπός) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, *gen. γρυπός, ó*, (γρυπός) a griffin, bírró-griff.

ΓΥΑΗ, *ή*, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥΑ, *ή*, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, *τά*, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥΑΛΟΝ, *τό*, a hollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοισιν ἀρηρῆς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυάλων a cave, grot; κρατήρος γυάλων the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥΉΣ, *ον, ó*, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, *Lat. curis*. II. = γύα, a field.

γυι-αρκής, *ές*, (γυῖον, ἀρκεῖν) strengthening the limbs.

γυιο-βάρής, *ές*, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυι-οβόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυι-οδάμας, *ον, ó*, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

ΓΥΓΟΝ, *τό*, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, *Lat. membra*; esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυι-οπάγής, *ές*, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυι-οπέδη, *ή*, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΙΟΣ, *ά, óν*, lame.

γυι-οτάκής, *ές*, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυι-οτόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, τορέω) piercing the limbs.

γυι-οχαλκός, *ον*, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassen limb.

γυι-ός, (γυῖός) to lame:—*Pass.* to be or become lame; γυιωθεῖς *aor. I part.*, lamed.

γυλ-αύχην, *ενος, ó*, (γύλος, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

ΓΥΛΑΙΟΣ, *ó*, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, *f. άσω*: *pf. γεγύμνακα*: *Pass.*, *pf. γεγύμνασμαι*: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; *c. inf.*, γυμνάζειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—*Pass.* to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνός, *άδος*, properly fem. of γυμνός, *naked*. II. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, *ή*, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνασιαρχέω or *Med. -έομαι*, to be gymnasiarch: *Pass.* to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνασί-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, *ó*, (γυμνάσιον, ἀρχή) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιαρχία, *ή*, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, *τό*, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θημετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [ά]

γυμναστέον, *verb. Adj.* of γυμνάζω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, *ου, ó*, (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, *ή, óν*, fond of athletic exercises: *ή γυμναστική* (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. *Adv.* -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνής, *ητος, ó*, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier. γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, *ον, ó*, fem. γυμνήτις, *ιδος, ή*, = γυμνής.

γυμνητία, *ή*, (γυμνής) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, *ή, óν*, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, *ή, óν*, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός ἀγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιδία, *ή*, (γυμνός, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, *ή, óν*, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: *c. gen.* stripped of a thing, γυμνός ὕπλαν:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence Γυμνο-σοφισταί, *οί*, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, *ητος, ή*, nakedness.

γυμνώω, *f. ώω*, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—*Pass.*, of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τείχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνώθη βακείων he stript himself of his rags.

γυμνωσις, *εως, ó*, (γυμνώω) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γυνάι, *voc. of γυνή*.

γυναικάριον, *τό*, *Dim.* of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναικέος, *α, on*, also *os, on*, *Ion.* γυναικῆϊος, *ή, ή, óν*, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, *Lat. muliebris*. 2. as *Subst.*, *ή γυναικική* = γυναικῶν, the women's part of the house. II. womanish, effeminate.

γυναικίζω, *f. ίσω* *Att.* ἰῶ, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, *ov*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman.*

γυναικο-γῆρυτος, *ov*, (γυνή, γῆρύω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικό-θυμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικο-κρασία, *ῆ*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper.*

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικομανέω, *to be mad for women.* From

γυναικο-μάνης, *és*, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) *mad for women.*

γυναικό-μιμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *aping women, womanish.*

γυναικο-μορφος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape.*

γυναικο-πληθής, *és*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women.*

γυναικό-ποινος, *ov*, (γυναικός, ποιμή) *woman-avenging.*

γυναικός, *gen. of γυνή*, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, *ov*, Dor. -φίλας, *α*, (γυνή, φιλέω) *loving women.*

γυναικό-φρων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικό-φωνος, *ov*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice.*

γυναικών, *ωνος*, *δ*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house, opp. to ἀνδρών.*

γυναι-μάνης, *és*, = γυναικομανής, *mad for women.*

γύναιον, *τό*, Dim. of γυνή, *a little woman.*

γύναιος, *α*, *ov*, of or belonging to a woman.

ΓΥΝΗ', *ῆ*, *gen. γυναικός*, *acc. γυνᾶϊκα*, *voc. γύναι*; *pl. γυναικες, γυναικῶν*, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman*, Lat. *femina*, *opp. to man*: *vocat. γύναι*, a term of respect, *mistress, lady*: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., *γυνή ταμὴν, δέσποινα*, etc. II. *a wife, spouse.*

III. *a mortal woman, opp. to a goddess.*

IV. *the female, mate of animals.*

γύννις, *ιδος*, *δ*, (γυνή) *a womanish man, weakening.*

γυῖπριον, *τό*, Dim. of γύπη, *a nest, eyrie, cranny.*

γυῖπεςσιν, *dat. pl. of γύψ.*

γύπη, *ῆ*, (γύψ) *a vulture's nest: generally, a hole, cranny.* Hence

γυῖπιάς, *ῆ*, *fem. Adj. vulture-haunted.*

γυρη-τόμος, *ov*, (γύρος, τεμείν) *tracing a circle.*

ΓΥΡΙΣ, *εως*, *ῆ*, *the finest meal*, Lat. *pollen.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *α*, *όν*, *round*, Lat. *curvus*; γυρὸς ἐν ὤμοισι

round-shouldered.

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a ring, circle.*

ΓΥΨ, γυῖπός, *δ*, *a vulture*, Lat. *vultur.*

ΓΥΨΟΣ, *ῆ*, *chalk.* 2. later, *gypsum.* Hence

γυψῶς, *f. ὤσω*, *to rub over with chalk.*

γων, *Ion. for γωνν*, as *ων* for *οων*.

ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ῆ*, *a corner, angle.* II. *a joiner's*

square. Hence

γωνιασμός, *δ*, *a squaring the angles*; ἐπὼν γωνιασμός *nice-fitted, well-finished verses.*

γωνι-ώδης, *és*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular.*

ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, *δ* or *ῆ*, *a bow-case, quiver.*

Δ

Δ, *δ*, δέλτα, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέτρατος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects:

I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβερός into ὀβερός.

II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γρόφος into δα γρόφος.

III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεύς, ζα—into Δεύς, δα—: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω.

V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος.

VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βαυσμός, ἔδω ἐσθίω.

VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός.

VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δέλιγ εἰλγ, δῆ ῆ, δῶκω ἰώκω.

δδ—, intensive prefix, = ζα—, as in δα—σιος.

δδ, Dor. for γδ, γῆ, mostly in voc.: acc. δδν.

δδγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα.

δδγυς, ἔδος, ῆ, *a waxen image, used in magic rites, a puppet.* (Thessal. word.) [v]

δδδουχέω, *f. ῆσω*, *to be a torch-bearer, esp. in sacred processions.* From

δδδ-οὔχος, *ov*, (δδς, ἔχω) *holding torches*: as Subst.,

δδδουχός, ῆ, *a torch-bearer* at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δδδοφορέω, *f. ῆσω*, *to bear torches.* From

δδδ-φόρος, *ov*, (δδς, φέρω) *torch-bearing.*

δαείνη, *αor. 2 opt. of *δδω.*

δαείς, *αor. 2 part. of *δδω.*

δαέω, *Ep. for δδω*, *αor. 2 pass. subj. of *δδω.*

δαήμεναι, *Ep. for δδηναι*, *αor. 2 pass. inf. of *δδω.*

δαήμεν, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (δαηναι) *knowing, experienced in a thing.*

δαηναι, *αor. 2 pass. inf. of *δδω.*

ΔΑΗΤΡ, *έπος*, *δ*, *voc. δαερ*, *a husband's brother, brother-in-law*, answering to γάλως, ῆ, *a daughter-in-law.*

δαήσομαι, *fut. of *δδω.*

δαήται, 3 sing. *αor. 2 med. subj. of δαίω (Α).*

δαί, (δῆ) *used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαί; how so?*

δαί, *Ep. apocop. for δαίδι*, *dat. of δαίς.* [r]

δαιδάλεος, *α*, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, *cunningly or curiously wrought.* From

δαιδάλλω, *used only in pres. act.; but pass. aor. I εδαίδαλθην, pf. δεδαίδαλμαι: (δαίδαλος):—to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellish.* Hence

δαδδαλμα, απος, τό, a work of art

δαδδαλούς, εσσα, εν, = δαδδαλούς.

δαδδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαδδαλος, έργον) curiously working.

ΔΑΙΔΑΛ'Α'ΔΟΣ, η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαδδαλα πάντα all cunning works.

II. as prop. n., Δαδδαλος, ό, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορός (q. v.) for Ariadne.

δαδδαλό-χειρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (δαδδαλος, χείρ) cunning of hand.

δαδδαλώ, = δαδδαλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαδδαλωσέμεν.

δαίω, f. έω: aor. I δάωξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαί-
χθής: pf. part. δαδδαίγμενος: (δαίω):—to cleave
asunder, χιτώνα περί στήθεσσι δαίαι; δαδδαίγμενος
ήτορ pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, δαδ-
ξετο θυμός ενλ στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within
him; δαδδόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in
mind between two opinions. Hence

δαί-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δαίς, κτείνω) or in two words
δαί κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαίκτηρ, ήρος, and δαίκτης, ού, ό, (δαίω) only
joined with masc. Subst. heart-cleaving.

δαίμωνας, (δαίμων) to be subject to an avenging
deity; δαίμονά δόμος κακούς the house is plunged by
the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαίμονά άχη to
have griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed

by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαίμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) to have an allotted
fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαίμονισθείς, to
be possessed by a devil.

δαίμονιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαίμόνιος) the Deity,
Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen.

II. the δαίμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings,
demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which So-
crates called his genius. 3. in N. T. an evil spirit.

δαίμονιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (δαίμων): I. used
by Homer only in vocat. δαίμονε, in good sense,
noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unhappy
man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow!
my good sir! II. of things proceeding from the
Deity or from Fate; εἰ μή τι δαίμονιον εἴη were it
not a divine intervention; τὰ δαίμονια divine visita-
tions.

III. of persons, divine, godlike.

δαίμονι-ώδης, es, (δαίμονιον, είδος) devilish.

δαίμονίως, Adv. of δαίμονιος, marvellously, strangely.

δαίμων, ονος, ό, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. II.
the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or
bad; πρὸς δαίμονα against fate; σὺν δαίμονι with the
favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like
Lat. sors.

III. one's genius, one's lot or for-
tune.

IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the
souls of men of the golden age, who formed the con-
necting link between gods and men: hence later, de-
parted souls, Lat. manes, lemures.

V. an evil
spirit, devil.

δαίμων, ό, as Adj., = δαίμων, skilled in a thing.

δαίνυ, Ep. for δαίνν, 3 sing. impf. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυ, Ep. for δαίνν, 3 sing. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυατο, for δαίννυτο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυ, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίννμι.

δαίννμι, also δαίννω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνν: fut.

δαίσω: aor. I έδασα: (δαίς):—to give a banquet or
feast; δαίνν δαίτα γέρονσι he gave a feast to the
elders; δαίννεν τινά to feast a person.

II. Med.

δαίννμαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I έδασάμην:—to have a
feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc.,
to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

δαίννω, Ep. for δαίννω, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνντο, Ep. for δαίννιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαι-
νύμι.

δαίος, α, ον, also os, ον: Ion. and Hom. δήϊος, η,
ον: Att. contr. δᾱός: (δαίω, δαίς):—hostile, destruc-
tive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl.
δαίοι, enemies. 2. unhappy, wretched.

II. (δαίμαι) knowing, cunning.

δαίρω, f. δαράω: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poet. for δέρω,
δέρω, to flay, cudgel.

δαίς (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δᾱς, δᾱδος, ή,
(δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-
wood, such as torches were made of. II. war,
battle, ή, mostly in apocopate dat. δαί and acc. δαίν.

δαίς (B) gen. δαίτός, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, ban-
quet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself.

δαίσασθαι, δαίσάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med.
of δαίννμι.

δαίναλεύς, έως, ό, (δαίννμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίς, a feast, banquet.

δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαίτρεω, f. σω, (δαίτρος) to cut up or carve, to por-
tion out, distribute.

δαίτρον, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαίτρος, ό, (δαίω B) a carver, distributor. Hence

δαίτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a helping at table.

δαίτημος, όνος, ό, (δαίς B) an invited guest. 2. in
plur. guests who bring each his own provisions.

δαίτης, νός, ή, Ion. for δαίς, a meal.

δαί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δαίς, φρήν): of warlike
mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαίμαι) of

knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

δαίχθής, aor. I part. of δαίω.

ΔΑΙΩ (A), = κάω, only used in pres. and impf., to
light up, kindle; δαίε όί εκ κόρυθος πῦρ, she (sc.
Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor.
I part. δασθείς: pf. part. δαδδαίμενος:—to burn, blaze;
δαίεται όσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf.
έδδηα, plqpf. έδεδhein, poet. δεδhein; πόλεμος δέδhe
war blazes forth; όσσα δέδhe the report spread like
wild-fire.

ΔΑΙΩ (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act.
sense δαίω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίωμα;
Med., κρέα δαίωμενος distributing portions of meat;
Pass., δαίεται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl.
δεδαίεται.—But έδασα, έδασάμην belong to δαίννμι:
δάσομαι, έδασάμην, δέδασμαι to δαίτομαι.

δακέ-θύμος, *ον*, = *δηξιθύμος*, *heart-eating*.
 δάκε, *Ep.* for *ἔδακε*, 3 *sing. aor.* 2 of *δάκνω*.
 δακεῖν, *αor.* 2 *inf.* of *δάκνω*.
 δάκετον, *τό*, = *δάκος*, *a venomous animal*.
 δακνάω, *poët.* for *δάκνω*: *Pass.* to be sore vexed.
 ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, *f.* *δήσῃα*: *pf.* *ἔδεγχα*: *aor.* 2 *ἔδᾱκον*:
Ep. inf. *δακείν*:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I *ἔδῃχθην*: *pf.* *δέδεγμαι*:
—to bite, *esp.* of dogs and gnats: *στόμιον δάκνειν* to
 champ the bit; *δάκνειν ἐαυτὸν* to bite one's lips for
 fear of laughing. II. *metaph.* to bite, sting,
 prick:—*Pass.*, *καρδίαν δέδεγμαι* I was vexed at
 heart.
 δάκος, *εὐς*, *τό*, (*δακεῖν*) *an animal whose bite or*
sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.
 ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ, *vos*, *τό*, *poët.* for *δάκρυν*, *a tear*, *Lat.*
LACRYMA. II. *a drop*, as of gum.
 δακρυῖον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δάκρυ*.
 δακρύμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*δακρύω*) *that which is wept for*,
a subject for tears. II. *a tear*.
 δακρυο-γόνος, *ον*, (*δακρύ*, **γένω*) *author of tears*.
 δακρυόεις, *εῖσα*, *εν*, (*δακρύνω*) *tearful*; of persons,
much weeping; of things, *calling forth tears*:—*δακρυ-*
όεν γελάσαι, as *Adv.*, to smile through one's tears.
 ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ'ΟΝ, *τό*, = *δάκρυ*: *Ep.* *gen. pl.* *δακρυόφι*.
 δακρυ-πλώω, (*δάκρυ*, *πλέω*) *to swim with tears*.
 δακρυρροός, *φ.* *ήσω*, *to melt into tears*. From
 δακρυρ-ροος, *ον*, (*δάκρυ*, *ρέω*) *melting into tears*.
 δάκρυσα, *Ep.* *aor.* I of *δάκρυν*.
 δακρυσι-στακτος, *ον*, (*δάκρυ*, *στάω*) *dropping with*
tears.
 δακρυσώ, *Dor.* for *δακρύσω*.
 δακρυτός, *ή*, *όν*, *verb. Adj.* of *δακρύω*, *wept over*,
tearful.
 δακρυ-χαρής, *ές*, (*δάκρυ*, *χαίρω*) *rejoicing in tears*.
 δακρυ-χέω, *ουσα*, *ον*, *a participial Adj.*, (*δάκρυ*,
χέω) *shedding tears, weeping*.
 δακρύω [*ῥ*], *fut.* *ῥσω*: *aor.* I *ἔδάρκρυσα*: *pf.* *δεδά-*
κρυκα: (*δάκρυ*):—*to weep, shed tears*:—*pf. pass.*
δεδάκρυμαι, *to be tearful, be all in tears*; *part.* *δεδα-*
κρυνμένος, *all in tears*; *c. acc.* *cognato*, *δακρύνει γένους*
to utter fearful groans. II. *transit.* to weep for
 a thing, *lament*:—*Pass.* *to be wept for*. III. *δ.*
βλέφαρα *to flood one's eyes with tears*.
 δακρυ-ώδης, *ες*, (*δάκρυ*, *είδος*) *like tears*: *tearful*.
 δακτυλήθρα, *ή*, (*δάκτυλος*) *a finger-sheath*.
 δακτυλίδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δάκτυλος*, *a toe*.
 δακτυλικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*δάκτυλος*) *of or for the finger*,
Lat. digitalis; *αὐλὸς δακτυλικὸς* *a flute played with*
the fingers. II. *of metre, dactylic*.
 δακτύλος, *ός*, (*δάκτυλος*) *a ring, seal-ring*.
 δακτύλο-δεκτός, *όν*, (*δάκτυλος*, *δείκνυμι*) *pointed*
at with the finger, as in *Horace digito monstrari*.
 δακτύλο-ειδής, *ές*, (*δάκτυλος*, *είδος*) *like a finger*.
 δακτύλος, *ός*, *plur.* *δάκτυλοι*, *poët.* also *δάκτυλα*:
(δείκνυμι):—*a finger*, *Lat. digitus*; *ἐπὶ δακτύλων*
συμβαλλέσθαι *to reckon on the fingers*. 2. *δάκ-*
τυλος τοῦ ποδὸς *a toe*; also without *ποδός*, like *Lat.*
digitus. II. *the shortest Greek measure of length,*

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{70}$ of an inch. III. *a*
metrical foot, dactyl, — $\cup \cup \cup$; e.g. *ἄξιος*.
 δακτυλὸ-τριπλός, *ον*, (*δάκτυλος*, *τρίβω*) *worn by*
the fingers.
 δαλέομαι, *Dor.* for *δηλέομαι*.
 δαλίον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δαλός*.
 δαλός, *ός*, (*δαίω*) *a firebrand, piece of blazing*
wood. II. *a burnt out torch*, of an old
 man. III. *a beacon-light*.
 δαμάω, *later form* of *δαμάω*: *see* *δαμάω*.
 δαμαίος, *ός*, (*δαμάω*) *epith.* of *Neptune, the Tamer*.
 δαμάλις, *ή*, = *δαμαλίσ*.
 δαμάλη-βοτος, *ον*, (*δαμάλη*, *βόσκω*) *fed on by*
young cattle.
 δαμαλη-φάγος, *ον*, (*δαμάλη*, *φαγεῖν*) *beef-eating*,
epith. of *Hercules*.
 δαμάλιζω, *f.* *ῖσω*, *poët.* form of *δαμάω*, *to subdue*.
 δαμάλις, *εὐς*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) *a young cow, heifer, calf*,
Lat. iuvenca. II. *like μόσχος*, *a girl*.
 δαμάλιος, *ός*, (*δαμάω*) *a calf*, *Lat. vitulus*.
 δάμαρ, *αρτος*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) *a wife, spouse*.
 δαμάσδω, *Dor.* for *δαμάζω*.
 δαμασίμ-βροτος, *ον*, (*δαμάω*, *βροτός*) *man-subduing*.
 δαμάσιμ-ιππος, *ον*, (*δαμάω*, *ἵππος*) *horse-taming*.
 δαμάσις, *εὐς*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) *a taming, subduing*.
 δαμασί-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (*δαμάω*, *φρήν*) *heart-*
subduing.
 δαμασί-φως, *ωτος*, *ός*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*, *φώς*) *man-subduing*.
 δαμάτειρα, *ή*, *fem. Subst.* *a tamer*.
 Δάματερ, *Dor.* *vocat.* from *Δημήτηρ*.
 ΔΑ'ΜΑ'Ω, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* *δαμάω*; 3 *pl.* *δαμάωσι*: *fut.*
δαμάσω [*ῥω*], *Ep.* *δαμάσσω*: *aor.* I *ἔδαμάσα* *Ep.* *ἔδα-*
μασσα, *δαμασσα*: *pf.* *δεδάμακα*:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I *ἔδμηθην*,
part. *δμηθείς*; *aor.* 2 *ἔδμην*, *inf.* *δμημέναι*, *part.*
δαμείς: *pf.* *δέδμημαι*:—another *aor.* I *part.* *δαμασθείς*,
pf. part. *δεδαμασμένος* are found, as if from *δαμάζω*.
To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, over-
power. II. of maidens, *to yoke in marriage, give*
to wife: also *to force, lie with*, *Lat. subigere*. III.
generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—*Pass.* *to*
be subject, to obey. 2. *to slay, kill*.
 δαμείν, *aor.* 2 *opt. pass.* of *δαμάω*.
 δαμείω, *Ep.* for *δαμῶ*, *aor.* 2 *pass. subj.* of *δαμάω*:
 2 and 3 *pass.* *δαμήτης*, *-ηη*, *Ep.* for *δαμῆς*, *δαμῆ*: 2
pl. *δαμείτε*, for *δαμήτε*.
 δάμεν, *Ep.* for *ἔδαμυσαν*, 3 *pl. aor.* 2 *pass.* of *δα-*
μάω.
 δαμήμεναι, *Ep.* for *δαμήναι*, *aor.* 2 *pass. inf.* of
δαμάω.
 δάμνα, *Ep.* for *ἔδάμνα*, 3 *sing.*, *impf.* of *δάμνημι*.
 δαμνῶ, 3 *sing.* of *δαμνάω*; also 2 *sing. pres. Med.* of
δαμνημι.
 δαμνώω, = *δαμάω*, only in *pres.* and *impf.*
 δαμνημι, = *δαμάω*:—*Pass.* and *Med.* *δαμναμαι*.
 δάμος and δαμόσιος, *α*, *ον*, *Dor.* for *δημ*.
 δαμόωντι, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* of *δαμάω*.
 δαμώματα, *τά*, (*δάμος*) *hymns sung in public*.
 δάν, *Dor.* for *δῆν*, *γῆν*:—*οὐ δάν*, *Νο*, *by earth!*

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ, *oi, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δαναΐδαι, ὧν, oi, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναΐδες, αἱ, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναΐστis, oldest of the Danaans. [Δᾶ]*

δάνειω, *f. εἰσω: pf. δέδανεικα, pass. δεδάνεισμαι: (δάνος):—to put out money at usury, to lend:—Pass., of the money, to be lent:—Med. to have lent to one, to borrow.*

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) *money lent or borrowed, a loan.*

δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.

δάνεισμός, ὁ, (δανείζω) *money-lending.*

δάνειστής, οὗ, ὁ, (δανείζω) *a money-lender, usurer.*

δανειστικός, ῆ, ὧν, (δανείζω) *disposed to lend.*

ΔΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, *a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debi.*

δανός, ῆ, ὧν, (δαίω A) *burnt, dried, parched.*

δᾶος, εος, τό, (δαίω A) = δαλός, *a firebrand, torch.*

δᾶπάνω, *f. ἦσω:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπανήθην, pf. δεδαπάνηκα, both used also in med. sense:—to spend; δαπανᾶν εἰς τι to spend upon a thing:—Med. to spend of one's own.*

II. Causal, δαπανᾶν τὴν πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

ΔΑΠΑΝΗ, ῆ, *cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πᾶ]*

δᾶπάνημα, ατος, τό, *money spent, expense.*

δᾶπάνηρός, ᾧ, ὧν, (δανῶν) *of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. —ρῶς, expensively.*

δάπανος, *ov, = δαπανηρός, extravagant.*

δά-πεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) *land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.*

ΔΑΠΙΣ, ιδος, ῆ, = τάπις, *a carpet, rug. [ᾶ]*

δαπτέμεν, *Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.*

ΔΑΨΤΩ, *f. δάψω, to devour.*

Δάρδανος, ὁ, *Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἀνὴρ a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ον, Trojan: Δαρδανίς, ιδος, ῆ, a Trojan woman: Δαρδανία, ῆ, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, ον, ὁ, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανιάδες, οἱ, sons of Dardanus.*

δαρδάπτω, *lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour.*

δαραεῖκος or **δαραεὶκος στατήρ**, ὁ, *a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darā, a king, cf. Δάρειος, like our sovereign.)*

Δάρειος, ὁ, *Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρξείης, q. v.: a Greek form of Persian darā, a king.*

δάρησμαι, *fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.*

ΔΑΡΘΑΝΩ: *aor. 2 ἐδαρθον, poet. ἐδάρθον:—to sleep. Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.*

δάρόβιος, *ov, = δηρόβιος.*

δᾶρός, ᾧ, ὧν, *Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.*

δᾶρῶ, *fut. of δέρω.*

δᾶς, *gen. δᾶδός, ῆ, Att. contr. for δαῖς.*

δάσασθαι, *aor. I med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.*

indic. δασάσκετο; I pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασεῖται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασῶς, *Adv. of δασύς; δασῶς ἔχειν to be bairy.*

δά-σκιος, *ov, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.*

δάσμενις, *εως, ῆ, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.*

δασμολογέω, *f. ἦσω, to exact as tribute: c. dupl. acc., to exact tribute from a person. Hence*

δασμολογία, ῆ, *collection of tribute.*

δασμο-λόγος, ὁ, (δασμός, λέγω) *a tax-collector.*

δασμός, ὁ, (δάσασθαι) *a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.*

δασμοφορέω, *f. ἦσω, to pay tribute:—Pass., δασμοφορεῖται τινι tribute is paid one. From*

δασμο-φόρος, *ov, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.*

δάσμαι, *fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.*

δασ-πλής, ἦτος, ὁ, ῆ, and **δασ-πλήτης**, ῆ, (δα-, πλήσσω) *borrid, frightful.*

δάσασθαι, *Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.*

δασύ-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ῆ, (δασύς, θρίξ) *thick-haired.*

δασύ-κερκος, *ov, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.*

δασύ-κνημος, *ov, and δασυ-κνήμων, ov, gen. onos, (δασύς, κνήμη) shaggy-legged.*

δασύ-μαλλος, *ov, (δασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.*

δασύνω [ῶ], *f. ἔνω, (δασύς) to make rough or bairy: Pass. to become rough or bairy.*

δασύ-πους, ποδός, ὁ, (δασύς, πούς) *bairy-foot, i.e. a hare or rabbit.*

δασυ-πῶγων, ανος, ὁ, ῆ, (δασύς, πῶγων) *with shaggy beard.*

ΔΑΨΤΩ, *εἰα, ὦ, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with hair, bairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδαξ a lettuce with the leaves on.*

II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, *ov, (δασύς, στέρνον) shaggy-breasted.*

δασυ-χαίτης, *ov, ὁ, (δασύς, χαίτη) shaggy-haired.*

δατέομαι, *fut. δάσομαι: aor. I ἐδασάμην Ep. ἐδασάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπάσάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to share in: to tear in pieces; χθόνα ποσσὶ δατεύοντο they measured the ground with their feet.*

2. to cut in two. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

δατεύντω, *Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.*

δατήριος, α, *ov, (δατέομαι) distributing; and*

δατήτης, οὗ, ὁ, *a distributor.*

δαφναῖος, α, *ov, of or belonging to a laurel. From*

ΔΑΦΝΗ, ῆ, *the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.*

δαφνηφορέω, *f. ἦσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From*

δαφνη-φόρος, *ov, (δαφνή, φέρω) planted with laurels.*

II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιακός, ῆ, ὧν, (δαφνή) *belonging to a laurel.*

δαφνο-γητός, ἑς, (δαφνή, γητέω) *delighting in the laurel.*

δαφνo-κομος, *ov, (δαφνή, κόμη) laurel-crowned.*

δαφν-ώδης, *es, (δαφνή, εἶδος) laurelled.*

δᾶ-φινεύς, ὧν, = *δαφινεύς; εἶμα δαφινεύειν αἵματι a garment red with blood.*

δα-φωνός, *όν*, (δα-, φωνός) of wild beasts, blood-red, *tauny*; or perhaps bloody, *murderous*.

δαψίλεια, *ή*, abundance, *plenty*. From
δαψιλής, *ής*, (δάπτω) abundant, *plentiful*: of persons, *liberal*, *profuse*. Adv. δαψιλῶς, *lavishly*: Sup. δαψιλίστατα.

*ΔΑΨ, an old root meaning *to learn*, which sometimes takes a causal sense, *to teach*: I. Causal, *to teach*: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδαε, *he taught*, like Lat. *doceo*; later also ἔδαν.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. *to learn*: fut. δάησομαι (ἐμεῦ δαήσεται *thou wilt learn from me*): pf. δεδάκηκα, part. δεδακώς, δεδάως, also pass. δεδαημένος: aor. 2 ἔδαν, subj. δαῶ, Ep. δαίω, inf. δάηναι, Ep. δάηναι, part. δαείς:—from δέδαε, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάσθαι, *to search out*.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκαμαι.

δάωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

ΔΕ΄, but: conjunctive Particle, with an *opposing* or *adversative* force. It answers to μέν, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while*, *on the other hand*, see μέν.

2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and*, *further*.

II. δέ properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

-δε, enclitic Particle: joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote *motion towards*, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκόνδε *home-wards*, Οὐλυμπόνδε *to Olympus*, θύραδε (for θύρασδε) *to the door*; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., ὄνδε δόμονδε; and sometimes even after εἰς, as εἰς ἄλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, Ἀθήναζε, Ὠθήβαζε (for Ἀθήνασδε, Ὠθήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes *purpose* only, μήτι φόβονδ' ἀγίρευε *speaking naught tending to fear*.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, ὅδε, τοῖσδε, etc., such a man as *this*, Att. ὅδι, etc.

δεά, *ή*, Dor. for θεά, Lat. *dea*.

δέατο, Ep. for ἐδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέαμαι, = δοκέω, *be seemed*.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι.

δεδάσθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of *δάω.

δέδασ, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *δάω.

δεδάκηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of *δάω.

δεδαίεται, Ion. for δέδανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαίγμενος, pf. pass. part. of δαίω.

δεδαυδαιμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαιδάλλω.

δεδακον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δεδαργμαι, Att. for δέδαργμαι, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δέρω.

δεδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέρομαι.

δεδαώς, pf. act. part. of *δάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δέκνυμι).

δεδέχημαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, *to want*.

δεδείχημαι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάει, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδεια, δέδειγμα, pf. act. and pass. of δέκνυμι.

δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δεδέχεται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσί, 3 plur. pf. of δέχομαι.

δέδηγμα, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδηγε, δεδήει, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of δαίω.

δεδημευμαι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δεδήησομαι and δεδήησομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δείδια, pf., with. pres. sense, of δείδω; imperat. δέδιθε; part. δειδιώς.

δεδιακόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκω.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διατάω.

δεδίσκομαι, = δειδίσκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δειδίσσομαι.

δεδιώγμαι, pf. pass. of διώκω.

δεδηήατο, Ion. for ἐδέδημητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδημα, pf. of δέμα.

δέδημηκα, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμα.

δέδημτο, -ηατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δέδογμα, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδοικα, Dor. with. pres. sense of δείδω.

δέδοικω, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδοκῆμαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δεδοκῆμένος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., *waiting for*, *lying in wait*.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δέδονατο, Dor. for ἐδεδόνητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of δέρομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδονπα, pf. of δουπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δέδρακα, pf. of διδράσκω, also of δράω.

δέδραμαι, pf. pass. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from *εἰράμω).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from *εἰρέμω).

δεδυστήχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος, *η*, *ον*, resolved form of δηλός.

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. 1 subj. of δέομαι.

δέημα, ατος, τό, (δέομαι) a *prayer*, *entreaty*.

δέησις, εως, *ή*, (δέομαι) an *entreaty*.

δεήσομαι, fut. med. of δέω, *to want*.

ΔΕΙ΄: subj. δῆν contr. δῆ; opt. δέοι; inf. δέειν; part. δέον Att. δέειν: imperf. ἔδει Ion. ἔδειε: fut. δεήσει: aor. 1 ἐδέησε. Impers. from δέω, *to bind*: I. c.

acc. et inf., δέϊ τινα ποιῆσαι *it is binding on one to do a thing*, *one must*, *one ought*, Lat. *oportet*, *debet*; so, δέϊ τινα ὅπως ποιήσει.

II. c. gen. *there is need of*, Lat. *opus est re*; πολλοῦ δέϊ *there wants much*, *far from it*; ὀλίγου δέϊ *there wants little*, *all but*; πλεῖνός δέϊ *it is still further from it*:—with the person added, δέϊ μοί τινος, Lat. *opus est mihi re*.

δείγμα, atos, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγμάζω, f. σω, to make a show of.
 δειδέκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δεικνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: δειδέχασαι, for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι, 3 plur. perf.: δειδέχατο, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, on, gen. onos, (δείδω) cowardly.
 δειδία, as, ε, like δέδια, pf. of δειδω with pres. signif., I fear; plur. δειδόμεν, δειδίτε; imperat. δειδίθι; inf. δειδόμεν; part. δειδώς, dual δειδίτε: δειδισαν, 3 plur. plqpf.

δεδίσκομαι, Dep. (δεικνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; δειδίσκετο δέπαϊ he bailed with the cup. 2.=δεικνυμι, to shew.

δεδίσσομαι, Att. δειδίττομαι: fut. ἴδωμαι: aor. I ἐδειξάμην: (δείδω):—Causal of δειδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδοικα, Ep. for δέδοικα, q. v.

ΔΕΙΨΑΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. δέισομαι: aor. I ἔδεια Ep. ἔδειςσα: pf. in pres. sense δέδοικα; also δέδια, Ep. δειδία (see δειδία): 3 pl. plqpf. ἐδειδισαν, Ep. δειδισαν: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with μή .., like Lat. *verere* ne .., I fear it is ..; but, δειδω μή οὐ .., *verere* ne non .., *verere* ut .., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. δέιδειν περί τινι to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. τὸ δειδώς, one's fearing, one's fear, like δέος.

δειδιλία, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐδειελίσα: (δείελος):—to wait till evening.
 δειδελνός, ἡ, ὄν, =sq., at evening. From
 δειέλος, on, (δείλη) of or belonging to evening; δέελον ἡμαρ eventide. II. as Subst., δειέλος (sub. ὥρη),=δείλη, evening.
 δεικανάσκει, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of δεικανάω.
 δεικανάω,=δεικνυμι, to point out, shew. II.
 Med.=δεικνυμι, δέχομαι, to salute, welcome, greet.
 δεικανώνω, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of δεικανάω.
 δεικέλον and δεικέλον, τό, (δεικνυμι) a representation, exhibition.

δείκνυ, Ep. shortened form of δεικνυσι.
 δεικνύμεν, ὕμναι, Ep. for δεικνύναι. [ῥ]
 ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δεικνυ or δεικνύε: fut. δείξω Ion. δέξα: aor. I ἔδειξα Ion. ἔδεξα: pf. δέδειχα:—Pass., fut. δειχθήσομαι, and fut. 3 δειδέχομαι: aor. I ἐδείχθη Ion. ἐδέχθη: pf. δέδειγμα; on the forms δειδέχασαι, δειδέκτο, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. *monstro*; impers. δείξει, time will shew; δεικνύναι εἰς τινα to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; θεὸς ἡμῖν δείξε τράπας the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. δεικνύμαι, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; ἔδειξαν ἔτοιμοι ὄντες they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. δεικνόμενος=

δεχόμενος, δεξιούμενος; welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. δειδέχασαι, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. δειδέκτο, δειδέχατο, are used in the same sense; τοὺς μὲν κυπέλλοις δειδέχατο they pledged them with the cup; δειδέχατο μῦθοις they greeted them with words.

δεικτός, α, on, verb. Adj. of δεικνυμι, to be shewn. II. δεικτέον [ἐστὶ], impers., one must shew.
 δειλαίος, α, on, lengthd. form of δειλός, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

δειακρίων, ανος, ὁ, properly, a coward, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From
 δειλ-ακρος, α, on, (δειλός, ἄκρος) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙΨΑΗ (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly, the time when the day is hottest, i.e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, ἔσσεται ἡ ἥως ἡ δειλή ἡ μέσον ἡμαρ; δειλή πρωΐα and δειλή ὄψια early and late afternoon; afterwards δειλή alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; δειλὸς or δειλὴν, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ἡ, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; δειλήν ὀφλεῖν to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. ἄσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

δειλομαι, Dep. (δειλή) to decline towards evening.

δειλός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος, δειδω) cowardly, craven: vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. miser. Adv. -λως.

δεῖμα, atos, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror. Hence

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμᾶλέος, α, on, (δεῖμα) timid. II. horrible, fearful.

δείμας, aor. I part. of δέμω.

δείματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέμω.

δειμαῖτός, εσσα, εν, (δεῖμα) frightened.

δειμαῖτόω, f. ὥσω, (δεῖμα) to frighten.

δειμομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of δέμω.

δειμός, ὁ, (δέος) fear, terror, Lat. *timor*.

δεῖν, inf. of δέω. II. Att. for δέον, part. neut. of δεῖ, as πλεῖν for πλέον.

ΔΕΙΨΑΝΑ, ὁ, ἡ, τό, gen. δεινός, dat. δεινί, acc. δεινά, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. δεινί.

δεινο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (δεινός, τίθημι) a knave.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθός, f. ἡσω, (δεινός, πάθος) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δεινός, ποῦς) terrible of foot.

δεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful: later, τὸ δεινὸν danger, sufferings; οὐδὲν δεινὸν, μὴ ἀποστέωσιν no fear of their revolting; δεινὸν ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to take ill, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; τὸ συγγενὲς τοι δεινόν the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of powerful.

wondrous, passed into that of *able, clever, skilful*, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν clever at talking*; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful in his art*. Hence

δεινός, gen. of *δείνα*, ὁ, ἡ.

δεινότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *terribleness: barsbness, sternness*. 2. *natural ability, cleverness*.

δεινός, f. ὥσω, (*δεινός*) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δειν-ωπός, ὄν, (*δεινός*, ὥψ) terrible to behold.

δεινῶς, Adv. of *δεινός*, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δεινώσις, εως, ἡ, (*δεινώ*) exaggeration.

δείν-ωψ, ὡπος, ὁ, ἡ, = *δείνωπος*.

δείξω, fut. of *δείκνυμι*.

δεῖος, τό, Ep. for *δέος*, fear.

δειπνύντες, Dor. for *δειπνούντες*.

δειπνέω, f. ἡσώ: pf. *δέδειπνα*, Att. pf. 2 *δέδειπνα*, inf. *δέδειπνάναι*: (*δείπνον*):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., *δειπνέειν ἄρτον to make a meal on bread*. Hence

δειπνητός or *δείπνηστος*, ὁ, meal-time.

δειπνητήριον, τό, (*δειπνέω*) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οὗ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or for dinner. Adv. *-κως*, like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἰῶ*, (*δείπνον*) to entertain at dinner.

δειπνο-λόχος, η, ὄν, (*δείπνον*, *λοχάω*) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δείπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = *ἄριστον*, the early meal, sometimes = *δύρον* the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. *coena*; ἀπὸ *δείπνον* straight from, i. e. just after, dinner. 2. generally food, provender.

δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From *δειπνο-ποιός*, ὄν, (*δείπνον*, *ποιέω*) preparing dinner.

δείρας, ἀδος, ἡ, (*δειρή*) the ridge of a chain of hills, like *λόφος*, Lat. *jugum*. II. = *δειρή*, the neck.

δείρας, aor. I part. of *δείρω*.

ΔΕΙΡΗ', Att. *Δέρη*, ἡ, the neck, throat. II. = *δείρας*, the ridge of a hill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ἡσώ, (*δειρή*, *τέμνω*) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. *jugulo*.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for *δείρω*.

δεισ-ήνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (*δεῖδω*, *ἀνὴρ*) fearing man.

δεισδαιμονία, ἡ, fear of the gods, religion. 2.

in bad sense, superstition. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. *ονος*, (*δεῖδω*, *δαίμων*) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. 2. in

bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ', οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. *DECEM*, our *TEN*, Germ. *ZEHN*: οἱ *δέκα*, the Ten, Lat. *Decemviri*: οἱ *δέκα* [ἐτῆ] ἀφ' ἧβης those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (*δέκα*, *ἄρχω*) a commander of ten men, Lat. *decurio*.

δεκά-βοιός, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *βοῦς*) worth ten oxen.

δεκαδευς, εως, ὁ, (*δέκα*) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = *δωδέκα*, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *δωρον* II) *tēn palms long or broad*.

δεκα-ἔτηρος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *ἔτος*) ten-yearly.

δεκα-ετής, ἐς, (*δέκα*, *ἔτος*) lasting ten years.

δεκάζω, f. ἄσω, (*δέκα*) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. *decuriare*.

δεκάκις, Adv. (*δέκα*) ten times: ten-fold.

δεκά-κλινός, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *κλίνειν*) holding ten dinner-couches.

δεκά-κύμα, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *κύμα*) the tenth wave, Lat. *fluctus decumanus*; cf. *τρικυμία*.

δεκά-μηνος and *δεκα-μηνιαίος*, ὄν, (*δεκά*, *μήν*) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μινος, ὄν, (*δεκά*, *μνᾶ*) worth ten minae.

δεκ-ἄμφορος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *ἄμφορεύς*) holding ten ἄμφορές, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυς, υ, (*δέκα*, *πῆχυς*) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ὄν, (*δέκα*) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ *δεκαπλασία* (sub. *τιμῇ*) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλέθος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *πλέθρον*) enclosing ten plethra (v. *πλέθρον* II).

δεκάπλιος, ὄν, contr. *-πλιος*, ὄν, = *δεκα-πλάσιος*.

δεκά-πόλις, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *πόλις*) a district including ten cities, *Decapolis*.

δεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. *ποδός*, ten feet long.

δεκ-ἄρχης, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *ἄρχω*) a decurion. Hence

δεκ-αρχία, ἡ, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (*δέκα*) a body of ten men, Lat. *decuria*. II. the number ten.

δεκά-σπορος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *σπεύω*) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταῖος, α, ὄν, (*δέκατος*) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ὄν, (*δέκα*, *τάλαντον*) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -ρα, fourteen.

δεκατετηρίον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and *δεκατευτής*, οὗ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. *decumanus*. From

δεκατέω, f. σὺν, (*δεκάτη*) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, ὁ, (*δεκάτη*, *λέγω*) = *δεκατευτής*.

δεκατό-σπορος, ὄν, (*δέκατος*, *σπορά*) in the tenth generation.

δεκάτος, η, ὄν, (*δέκα*) tenth. II. as Subst., *δεκάτη* (sub. *μέρις*), ἡ, the tenth part, tithe. 2. *δεκάτη* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child

had a name given it; τὴν *δεκάτην* θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ὥσω, (*δέκατος*) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φύλος, *ον*, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.
δεκά-χαλκος, *τό*, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten
χαλκοί, *Lat. denarius*.

δεκά-χίλοι, *αι, α*, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, *ον*, = δεκέτης.

δεκ-έτης, *ον, ό*, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. II.
ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, *ιδος, ή*, *pecul. fem. of δεκέτης*.

δέκομαι, *Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι*.

δεκ-όργυιος, *ον*, (δέκα, όργυιά) ten fathoms long.

δεκτηίρ, *ήρος, ό*, = δεκέτης.

δέκτης, *ον, ό*, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 *sing. Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι*.

δεκτός, *ή, όν*, *verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be
received, acceptabile, Lat. acceptus*.

δέκτρια, *ή*, *poët. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης*.

δέκτωρ, *ορος, poët. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes
upon himself*.

δεκ-ώρυγος, *ον*, more correct form of δεκόργυιος.

δελεάζω, *f. άσω*, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-
lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νύτων υἱός
δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕΛΕΑΡ, *ατος, τό*, a bait, *Lat. esca*.

δελε-άρπαξ, *αγος, ό, ή*, (δέλεαρ, άρπάζω) greedy of
the bait, biting freely at it.

ΔΕΛΕΑΣΜΑ, *ατος, τό*, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕΛΑΤΑ, *τό*, *indecl., v. sub Δ.* 2. a name for
the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.
of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτιόν, *τό*, *Dim. of δέλτος*.

δελτο-γράφος, *ον*, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on a
tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, *ή*, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter
Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενών
the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, *f. άσω*, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, *τό*, a sucking-pig, *Dim. of δέλφαξ*.

δελφάκκομαι, *Pass. to grow up to pighood. From*

ΔΕΛΦΑΞ, *άκος, ό*, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνος, *ό*, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, *ον*, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;
κεραία δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, *ίνος, ό*, the dolphin. II.

a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which
was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let
down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ, *ών, αι*, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo
in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,
οί, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, *τό*, used only in *nom. and acc.*, the body,
esp. of man; properly the living body, σώμα being
the corpse; μικρός δέμας small in stature. II.

as Adv., like δίκην, δέμας πυρός αἰδομένοιο in form
or fashion like burning fire, *Lat. instar ignis*.

δἐμνιον, *τό*, (δέμω) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur.

δἐμνιο-τήρης, *ες*, (δἐμνιον, τήρηω) keeping one to
one's bed; μοῖρα δἐμνιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ, *aor. 1 act. έδειμα, med. έδειμάμην*; *pf.*

έδειμα; *pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., έδεί-
ματο οἴκους be built him houses: generally, to con-
struct, make; δέμειν δδών Lat. munire viam.*

δενδύλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρεον, *τό*, *Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence*

δενδρέων, *άνος, ό*, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, *εσσα, εν*, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός, *ή, όν*, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, *τό*, *Dim. of δένδρον*.

δενδρίτης, *ον, ό*, *fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος*, of or belonging
to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτew, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρό-κομος, *ον*, (δένδρον, κομή)
shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕΝΔΡΟΝ, *τό*, *Ion. and Att. δένδρος, εος, τό*, a
tree; δένδρον έλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα
are fruit-trees, opp. to ύλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, *f. ήσω*, to cut down the fruit-trees, to
lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, *ον*, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρο-ώδης, *ες*, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις

Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, *ιδος, ή*, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάω, *f. άσω*, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕΝΝΟΣ, *ό*, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, *aor. 1 med. imper. of δέχομαι*.

δεξαμένη, *ή*, (properly *aor. 1 part. fem. of δέχομαι*)
a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, *Ion. -ή*, (*fem. of δεξιός, sub. χείρ*) the right
band; εκ δεξιάς on the right band; δεξιάν διδόναι
to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μηλος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, μήλον) receiving sheep,
rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυίον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιο-λάβος, *ό*, (δεξιός, λαβεῖν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόμοι, *f. άσωμαι*; *aor. 1 έδειξιάμην*; *Dep. —to
offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From*

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, *ά, όν*, *Lat. DEXTER*: I. on the
right hand or side; επί δεξιά to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other
omens.

III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of
the mind, shrewd, clever.

δεξιό-σειρος, *ό*, (δεξιός, σειρά) harnessed by traces
on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under
the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the
regular pair.

δεξιότης, *ήτος, ή*, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of
mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, *Adv.*, old gen. of δεξιός; επί δεξιόφιν to-
wards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, πύρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, *εως, ή*, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, *ά, όν*, *poët. form for δεξιός, right, the
right; δεξιτερά*, like δεξιά (*sub. χείρ*), the right
band; δεξιτερή, old dat., on the right hand.

δεξιωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόμαι) *a pledge of friendship*.
δεξι-ώνυμος, ον, (δεξιός, όνομα) *lucky in name*.
δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, *dexterously*: Sup. δεξιώτατα.
δεξιωσις, εως, ή, (δεξιόμαι) *an offering of the right hand: greeting, salutation: canvassing*.
δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.
δέχομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.
δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.
δέομαι, *to need, want, ask*; v. sub δέω (B).
δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δειν, part. neut. of the impers. δει, *that which is binding, needful, right, proper*; μάλλον του δέοντος *more than needful*; εν δέοντι (sub. καρψ), *in good time*, Lat. opportuné; eis τδ δέον *for needful purposes*. II. used. absol. *it being needful*; οὐδεν δέον *there being no need*.
δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, *to bind*.
δεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, *to bind*.
ΔΕΨΟΣ, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέως: *fear, alarm, affright*. II. *awe, reverence*. III. *a terror, means of inspiring fear*.
ΔΕΠΑΣ, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέπα; poet. dat. pl. δέπεσσι and δέπασι:—*a beaker, goblet, chalice*.
δερ-άγχη, ή, (δέρη, άγχω) *a collar*.
δερ-αγχής, ές, (δέρη, άγχω) *throtling*.
δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) *a necklace: a collar*.
δεραιον-πέδη, ή, (δέραιον, πέδη) *a collar*.
δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, *skin, hide*.
δεράς, άδος, ή, =δεράς.
δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) *a look, glance*.
δέρη, ή, Att. for δειρή, *the neck*.
δερκίσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.
δερκίσμαι, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, *to look*.
ΔΕΡΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρξομαι: pf. with pres. sense δέδορα: aor. 2 ἔδρακον: also aor. I pass. ἔδραχθην, aor. 2 ἔδρακτην; and aor. I med. ἔδερξάμην, aor. 2 ἔδρακόμην:—*to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live*. 2. *to look on or at: generally, to perceive, to be aware of*. II. of light, *to flash or gleam, like the eye*.
δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) *the skin, hide* of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: *the shell of a tortoise*. 2. generally, *one's skin*, Lat. cutis. Hence
δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, *leathern*.
δέρξατο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέρκομαι.
δέρων, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of δέρω.
δέρως, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, *skin, hide*.
δέρπρις or δέρπις, εως, ή, (δέρως, δέρμα) *a leathern covering*. II. in plur. *screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles*, Lat. cilicia.
δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) *the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum*; δέρτρον ἔσω δόνοντες *penetrating even to the bowels*.
δερχθεis, part. aor. I of δέρκομαι; **δέρχθητι**, imperat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.
ΔΕΡΩ, Ion. δείρω: fut. δερῶ: aor. I ἔδωρα:—Pass., fut. 2 δαρήσομαι: aor. I ἔδάρθην, aor. 2 ἔδάρην

[α]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—*to skin, flay*.

II. also to cudgel, thrash.

δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, *a bond, fetter*. II. *a head-band*.

δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμός) *to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf*.

δεσμεύω, f. ήσω, (δεσμός) =δεσμεύω.

δέσμη, ή, (δέω) *a bundle*.

δέσμιον, τό, =δεσμός.

δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) *binding: hence binding with a spell*. II. pass. *bound, captive*.

δεσμός, ό, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) *a band, bond, fetter: a halter: a mooring cable: a door-latch*. 2. *bonds, imprisonment*.

δεσμο-φύλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) *a gaoler*.

δεσμούω, =δεσμεύω, *to bind, fetter*. Hence

δέσμιωμα, ατος, τό, *a fetter*.

δεσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμούω) *a prison*.

δεσμοτήτης, ον, ό, (δεσμούω) *a prisoner*. 2. as Adj. *in chains, fettered*: fem. δεσμώτ:ς. ιδος.

δεσπόζω, f. ύσω, (δεσπότης) *to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery*. II. *to make oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend*.

δέσποινα, ή, fem. of δεσπότης, *the mistress or lady of the house*, Lat. bera: often joined with the name of goddesses.

δεσπόσιος, ον, =δεσποσύνος.

δεσποσύνη, ή, (δεσπότης) *absolute sway*.

δεσποσύνης, ον, (δεσπότης) *of or belonging to the master, arbitrary*. II. as Subst. =δεσπότης.

δεσποτώ, f. ήσω, =δεσπόζω:—Pass. *to be despotically ruled*.

ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ον, ό, voc. δέσποτῶ: Dor. nom.

δεσπότης: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -eas, but prob. these are incorrect:—*a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves*. II. generally, *an owner, master, lord*. Hence

δεσποτικός, ή, όν, of or for a master. 2. *fit to be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic*.

δεσπότης, ιδος, ή, =δέσποινα.

δεσποτισκος, ό, Dim. of δεσποτής, *little master*.

δετή (sub. λαμπάς), ή, *sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot*. Fem. of

δετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέω, *bound*.

δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δέω, *to wet*.

δευήσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δέω, *to want*.

δευμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) *that which is wet, soaked; δευμάτα κρεών boiled flesh*.

δευοίατο, poet. for δέουιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δέω (B).

δευομαι, v. δέω (B).

δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δέυρο.

ΔΕΥΡΟ, Adv. of Place, *hither, come hither!* δέυτε is used with plur. II. of Time, *until now, up to this time, hitherto*; δέυρ' αεί continually up to this time.

Δεύς, Aeol. for Ζεύς.

δεύτατος, η, ον, *the last*, Sup. of δεύτερος.

δεύτε, Adv., plur. of δεύτερο, *hither! Come hither!*
 δεύτερ' ἀγωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) *the actor who takes the second part*, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. *the second advocate in a court of law*.

δευτεραῖος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) *on the second day*.

δευτερεία (sub. ἀθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) *the second prize in a contest*: generally, *the second place or rank*.

δευτερῖζω, f. ἰσώω, *to play the second part*.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, *the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread*.

δεύτερος, α, ον, *the second*, Lat. *secundus*: as a Comp., ξμείο δεύτεροι *after my time*: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτις, *secondly, next afterwards, a second time*. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior: δεύτερος οὐδενός *second to none*: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, *the second prize or place*. III. *the second of two*; δευτέρῃ αὐτῇ *herself with another*.

δευτερο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἵσταμαι) *one who stands in the second file of the Chorus*.

ΔΕΥΩ (A), Ion. impf. δύνεσκον: f. δύνω: aor. I ἔδυνα:—Pass., pf. δέδυναι:—*to wet, soak, steep*; Med., περὰ δύνεται ἄλμη *wets his wings in the brine*. II. *to fill with liquid, fill up*. III. *to make to flow, shed*.

ΔΕΥΩ (B), f. δύνω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, *to need, miss, want*; ἐδεύησεν δ' οἰήϊον ἄκρον ἰέσθαι *be missed reaching the top of the mast*. II. more often as Dep. δέουμαι, f. δυνήσομαι:—*to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for*: hence *to be wanting, deficient in*; ἄλλα πάντα δύνει 'Αργεῖων *thou art inferior to them in all else*.

ΔΕΨΩ, f. δέψω, *to soften by working by the hand, to make supple, to tan hides*.

δεχ-άμματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) *with ten mesbes*.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.

δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) *lasting ten days*. 2. *terminable at ten days' notice*.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δεχθῆναι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things, *to take, accept*: esp. *to take well, receive kindly or graciously*; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι *to accept or hail the omen*: hence *to approve*: c. inf. *to take rather, to choose*. II. of persons, *to receive hospitably, entertain*. 2. *to receive as an enemy, to watch for*: *to await the onset*. 3. *to expect, wait for*. III. of events, *to succeed, come next*, Lat. *excipere*.

δεψέω, f. ἥσω, Lat. depso, = δέψω, *to soften*; δεψήσας κηρὸν *having worked wax till it is soft*.

δέψω, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδεδέκειν:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθη: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—*to bind, tie, fasten, fetter*: absol. *to imprison*. 2. metaph. *to bind fast, enchain*: later, *to bind by spells, enchant*. 3. c. gen. *to let, prevent, binder from* a thing. II. Med. *to bind or tie on oneself*; ποσὶ δ' ὑπάλιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο *καλὰ πέλιδα tied them on his feet*; but in plqpf. pass., περί κνήμης κνημίδας δέδετο *he had greaves bound round his legs*.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δέσω: aor. I ἐδέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. δῆσεν: pf. δέδεκα:—*to want, lack, miss, stand in need of*, c. gen.; ὀλίγον δέω *I want little*, i. e. am near; πολλὸν δέω *I want much*, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγον δέω δακρύσαι *I want little of tears*; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα *forty lacking two*, like Lat. *duodeviginti*.

II. for δέω impers., and δέων, see the words.

III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δέησομαι: aor. I ἐδεθήν: pf. δέδεμαι. *To stand in need of, want*, c. gen.: hence, *to long or strive after, wish, beg for*: c. dupl. gen. *to beg a thing from a person*. 2. absol. *to be in want or need*, mostly in part., as κάρτα δέομενος.

ΔΗ', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; ὁκτὼ δὲ προέκτα . . ὕστους *already have I shot*; πολλάκι δὲ, Lat. *jam saepe*: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly.

II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὲ οὗτοι χίλιοι *these then make up a thousand*; καὶ δὲ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Αἴγυπτον ἤλκετο . . καὶ δὲ καὶ ἐς Σάρδεις, *he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also*; also *to put a supposed case*, καὶ δὲ δέδεγμα *well suppose I have accepted*.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὲ, φέρε δὲ, *do but come, only come*; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὲ *the very greatest*. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. *scilicet*; εἰσῆγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὲ *he brought in the pretended courtesans*. 3. with Pronouns, ἔμε δὲ ὡς διαθεῖναι *thus to use a man like me*; σὺ δὲ . . ἐτύλμας, *you of all persons*. 4. with other Particles, δὲ adds explicitness; ὥς δὲ, ἵνα δὲ, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ὡς δὲ, ὥς δὲ, οἷα δὲ *in that, inasmuch as*.

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηιάλωτος.

δηγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) *a bite, sting*.

δηγμός, ὁ, = δηγμα.

δηθᾶ, = δῆν, Adv. long, for a long time.

δηθε and δηθεν, Adv. (δὴ) perhaps: I suppose: mostly iron., like Lat. *scilicet*, *to wit, forsooth*: with ὥς, as if forsooth; ὥς ἀγῆν δηθεν *pretending it was game*.

δηθύνω [ν], f. ὑνώ, (δηθᾶ) *to tarry, be long, delay*.

δητιάσκων, Ep. impf. of δηϊώω.

δητ-άλωτος, ον, (δήιος, ἀλώναι) *taken by the enemy, captive*.

δήιος, η, ον, Ep. for δάιος, hostile. Hence

δηϊότης, ἥτος, ἡ, battle-strife, battle.

δηϊώω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηῶν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηιών:

impf. ἐδήουν Att. ἐδῶον Ion. ἐδῆυν Ep. δῶον : fut. δῶσω : aor. ἐδήωσα, Att. ἐδῶσα, part. δῆσας : pf. δεδῶκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆζοντο : aor. 1 ἐδῶσαμην :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδῶσθην, part. δῶσθεις : pf. δεδῶμαι : (δῆσιος) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave.

II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτῆριος, ον, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.
δηκτικός, ή, όν, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.
δηλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος, δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.
ΔΗΛΕΪΝΟΜΑΙ, fut. ήσομαι : pf. δεδήλῃμαι, inf. δεδηλῆσθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, καρπὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit ; ὕρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δῆλημα, atos, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.
δηλημῶν, ον, gen, onos, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν δηλημῶν destroyer of men.

δῆλησις, εως, ή, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bane.
δηλητήρ, ἥρος, ό, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence δηλητήριος, ον, baneful, destructive.

Δήλια, τό, v. sub Δήλιος.
Δηλιάς, ἄδος, ή, (Δῆλος) a Delian woman.
Δήλιος, α, ον, (Δῆλος) Delian : τὰ Δῆλια (sub. τέρψ), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δῆλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. videlicet.

δηλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δηλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.
Δῆλος, ό, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀρτυγία. From

δῆλος, η, ον, also os, ον ; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλῶω, f. ὥσω, to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. = δῆλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἐπεά ἐστι it is clear that. . . Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.
δῆλασις, εως, ή, α, pointing out, explaining. 2. a direction, command.

δημαγωγία, f. ήσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημαγωγία, ή, the conduct or character of a public leader : and

δημαγωγικός, ή, όν, fit for a popular leader. From δημο-αγωγός, ό, (δημος, ἄγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημακίδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δήμος.
δημο-ἀρτος, ον, (δημος, ἀράσσομαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence δημαρχία, ή, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and δημαρχικός, ή, όν, tribunician. From

δῆμ-αρχος, ό, (δήμος, ἄρχω) at Athens, the president of a δήμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δῆμευσις, εως, ή, confiscation. From δημεύω, f. σω, (δήμος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ήσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator ; to harangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγορία, ή, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δῆμ-ηγόρος, ό, (δήμος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλασία, ή, exile. From δημ-ήλαστος, ον, (δημος, εἰλαίνω) publicly exiled.

Δημήτηρ, ή : gen. τερος and τρος : acc. τερα or τρα, also the Δημητῆραν : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ) :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δήμος. [ιδ]

δημιζέω, f. ίσω, (δήμος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημό-πράτα, τά, (δήμος, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, ον, Dor. δάμιος, α, ον : (δήμιος) :—belonging to the people ; δήμοι αἰσυννῆται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δῆμα πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δήμιος, ό, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργέω, f. ήσω, to be a workman, to work ; and δημιουργία, ή, workmanship, work ; and δημιουργικός, ή, όν, of or for a workman. Adv. -κώς, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημιο-ουργός, poet. δημιο-εργός, όν : (δημος, ἔργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ό, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author : metaph., ἔρπος δημοεργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ον, (δήμος, βορά) devourer of the people.
δημο-γέρον, οντος, ό, (δήμος, γέρον) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δήμος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον (δήμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ήσω, to curry mob favour ; and δημοκοπικός, ή, όν, suited to a demagogue. From δημό-κοπος, ό, (δήμος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ον, (δήμος, κραίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κρατέομαι, Pass. (δήμος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence δημοκρατία, ή, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, ὄν, (δήμος, λείω) stoned by the people; δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόδομα, Dep. (δήμος) to talk popularly, to jest.

δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δήμος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey, cbarlatan.

δημορ-ρίφης, ἐς, (δήμος, ρίπτω) buried by the people.

ΔΗ' ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν δήμῳ Ἰθάκης; μάλα πύονα δήμον, etc. II. the commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμον ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεὺς; also δήμος ἑὺν being a commoner.

III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a popular constitution, democracy. IV. δήμοι in Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions of the φύλα; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in number, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσίᾳ, Adv. see δημοσίος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr.

to lead a public life, opp. to ἰδιωτεύω, to belong to the state. From

δημόσιος, α, ὄν, (δήμος) belonging to the people or state, Lat. publicus.

II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦλος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the public crier, or watchman. III. as neut., δημόσιον, τὸ, the state, Lat. res publica. 2. any public building: the public prison. IV. Doric fem.

ἡ δαμοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan kings. 2. dat. δημόσιᾳ, Ion. -ῖν, as Adv., in public, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιόω, f. ὥσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.

δημο-τελής, ἐς, (δήμος, τέλος) at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, α, ὄν, (δήμος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ὅν, ὁ, (δήμος) one of the people: a commoner, plebeian. II. a member of the same δήμος, a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δήμος) suiting the people, common: public. II. of the populace, one of them, Lat. plebeius. III. on the democratic side, Lat. popularis: generally, popular: —Adv. -κῶς, affably, kindly. IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme, opp. to δημοσίος.

δημ-ούχος, ὄν, (δήμος, ἔχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημούχοι γὰς guardians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ὄν, (δήμος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.

δημ-ο-χάριστος, ὅν, ὁ, (δήμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δήμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular, common.

δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ἥδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηνάτος, Dor. δαναιός, ἁ, ὄν, long-lived: aged, ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή, being about 8½d.

ΔΗΛΕΑ, τὰ, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.

δρῆξ-θίμος, ὄν, (δάκνω, θυμός) heart-eating.

δῆξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηρῶν, inf. of δηῖω: but δῆρουν, Ep. impf.

δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecunque; ὁπθεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other.

δῆ-ποτε, Dor. δῆ-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written δῆ ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time: —εἰ δήποτε, Lat. si quando: —τί δήποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δῆ-που, indef. Adv., often written δῆ που, perhaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum. II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer; τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δῆπου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv., = δῆπου.

δηριάδοι, Ep. 3 dual δηριάσθων, 3 pl. δηριάωντο, inf. δηριάσθαι: Dep.: (δῆρις): —to contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗΡΙΣ, ios and eus, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δηρί-φάτος, ὄν, (δῆρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δῆρις, aor. I ἐδήρισα, = δηριάομαι: —Med. δηρίαμα, fut. δηρίσσομαι [ῖ]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίσαντο; also 3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δηρό-βιος, Dor. δαρόβιος, ὄν, (δηρός, βίος) longlived.

δηρός, α, ὄν, (δῆν) long, too long: —in bad sense, neut. δηρόν as Adv., all too long.

δηράσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέω.

δέω, Ep. for ἔδησε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. for ἐδέσσε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δῆτα, Adv. (δῆ) certainly, to be sure, of course; in answers, yes certainly; οὐ δῆτα, certainly not. In questions, τί δῆτα; what then?

δηχθεῖς, δηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of δάκνω.

δῆώσας, δῆωθείς, aor. I part. act. and med. of δηῖω.

Δῆ' Ω, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δῆώ, ἡ, gen. δός, contr. οὐς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δῆων, contr. for δηῖων, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δηῖώς, α, ὄν, (Δῆώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δῆώσω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

ΔΙΑ', poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc. —Radic. sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out at; δι' ἥρεος αἰθέρ' ἕκπεπε quite through the lower air even to the ether; ἕκπεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood out from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space, διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at intervals of ten battlements, i.e. at every tenth battlement. II. of Time, through, throughout, during, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνον after some time. 2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day; διὰ πέντε ἑτῶν every five years. III. arising from, through, by means of,

by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout the house*. 2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across, as in διαβαίνει*. 2. *to the end, as in δια-βιδώ, δια-μάχομαι*: hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*. II. *between, partly, esp. in Adj.*, as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another, as δι-έδω*. IV. *one from another, asunder, Lat. dis-*, as in δια-λύω.

Διᾶ, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, the godlike one, fem. of δῖος; Δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, a goddess among goddesses or women. δια-βεδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to go across. δια-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς: pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors. II. c. acc., to step across, step over: also absol., to cross over, like Lat. *trajicere*.

δια-βάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτὸν, στρατὸν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over. II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate: to accuse a man to another. III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβασις, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage. 2. a means or place of crossing. διαβάσκειν, frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about. δια-βαστάζω, f. ἴσω, to weigh in the balance. δια-βάτος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must be crossed.

διαβατήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (ἱερά), τά, offerings for a happy passage.

διαβατός, ἡ, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, to be crossed or passed, fordable. δια-βεβαίδομαι, Dep. to maintain strongly. διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβιδώ. διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω. διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω. διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ον, ὁ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses. δια-βιάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

δια-βιβάζω: fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι: pf. pass. βέβρωμαι: —to devour.

δια-βιόω, f. -ώσομαι: aor. 2 -έβιων, inf. -βιῶναι (as

if from a pres. δια-βιωμι): —to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωκέναι to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω. διαβόω, f. ἴσομαι, to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish: —Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious: —as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, a slanderer; esp. ὁ διάβολος, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλως, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through: c. acc., νόστος διαβόρος πόδα a sore that eats through my foot. II. διάβωρος, ον, pass. eaten through, consumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well. δια-βρέχω, f. ἴσω, to wet through. Hence

διάβροχος, ον, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ναῦς διάβροχος soaked, i. e. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω. δια-βύνω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, to thrust through: —Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβῶ, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω. δια-γάλλημι, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ: aor. I διήγγειλα: —to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. inf. to order to do: —Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-άγγελος, ὁ, a messenger between two, Lat. inter-nuncius: a go-between, spy.

διᾶγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγενένημαι, pf. of διαγίνομαι. δια-γελᾶω, f. ἴσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίνομαι. διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγέννημαι: —to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. *dignoscere*. II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so. 2.

as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide. διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγινώσκω. δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. (διά, ἀγκύλη): —to hold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass. part. διηκυλισμένος, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δι-αγκυλάομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι. δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. I διέγλαφα, to hollow out.

διᾶ-γλύπτος, ἡ, ον, (διά, γλύφω) all carved. διαγνώμη, ἡ, a final decree, resolution. From

διαγνώω, aor. 2 inf. of διαγινώσκω. δια-γνώρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to inquire accurately.

διάνησις, εως, ἡ, (διαγινώσκω) a discerning between

two, distinguishing, discrimination. II. a resolving, deciding.

διαγνώσσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δια-γορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, atos, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ἡ, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out. II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. διέην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quasb it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι διέην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to remain awake.

δι-αγριάνω, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άχω, f. γξω, to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 διήγαγον.—to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διαγείναι βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. V. to keep, celebrate. Hence

διαγωγή, ἡ, a carrying across. II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτεομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. 1 -εδάσαμην (cf. δατέομαι).—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμα, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικνύσθαι ἐάν πολέμιος let him be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. 1 διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, opos, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited. δια-δέξιος, ov, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έδράκον: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' αν νῦν διαδράκοι he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ov, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινὸν διάδετοι γένιον ιππέων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλόμαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, atos, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρτα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ά): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f. άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαίω, f. ώσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ἡ, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρέω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

δια-δοκίμαζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

διαδοθεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδος, ότω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ἡ, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδούναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; εκ διαδοχῆς or κατά διαδοχὴν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διάδοχος, ό, a successor; ὕπνον φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι έφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδρῦσι-πολίται, οι, (διαδιδράσκω, πολίτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ἡ, (διαδραμείν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ov, (διαδραμείν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύνω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύνω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-άδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-έει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

*δια-είδω: f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., άρετή διαειδεται courage is discerned.

δια-είδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-ειπείν, δια-εντέμειν, Ep. inf. of διείπων.

δια-ξάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζῶσι ποιηφαγόντες: διαζήν από τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, to disjoin. Hence διαζεύξις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.
 διαζητέω, f. ἥσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.
 διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διαζεύξις.
 διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is gird, the waist. II. that which girds, a girdle. From δια-ζώννυμι or -ύω: fut. ζώσω:—to gird round: Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.
 δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.
 δι-άμην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. δίδαι, to blow or breathe through.
 δια-θεάσθαι, f. άσθαι [α], Ion. ἡσθαι: Dep.:—to look through, look closely at, examine.
 δια-θειόω, f. ώσσω, to fumigate.
 διάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.
 διαθετής, ου, ό, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.
 δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.
 διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.
 δια-θορυβέω, f. ἥσω, to confound utterly.
 δι-αθρέω, f. ἥσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.
 δια-θροέω, f. ἥσω, to spread a report, give out.
 δια-θρύλλω or -θρυλλέω, f. ἥσω, to spread abroad: —Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διατεθρυλλένος.
 δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διεθρύφην [ϋ]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.
 διαθιριάζω, f. άσσω, to be quite clear and fine. From δι-αθιρος, ου, (διά, αἶθρα) quite clear and fine.
 δι-αθύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.
 δι-αίμος, ου, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.
 διαίνας, f. άνώ: aor. έδίηνα:—much like λάινω, to wet, moisten:—Med., διαίνεσθαι όσσε to wet one's eyes: absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.
 διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts; and διαίρετος, η, ου, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable. II. distributed. From δι-αίρω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 διεἶλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διη-ρόην: pf. διήρημαι:—to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 III. to determine, put an end to: to define, interpret.
 δι-αίρω, f. -άρω, to raise up, lift up. II. to part asunder: διαίρειν τό στόμα to open the mouth.
 δι-αΐσσω, f. -αΐζω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άπτω, fut. άΐξω: aor. 1 διήξα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-αΐστω, f. ώσω, (διά, αἶστος) to make an end of.
 ΔΙΑΪΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence διαίτω, f. ἥσω: impf. ἐδίατων or διήτων: aor. 1 ἐδίατσα or διήτσα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. ἐδεδιήτηκεν:—Pass., aor. 1 διητήθη: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence διαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.
 διαιτητήριον, τό, (διαίτω) dwelling-rooms.
 διαιτητής, ου, ό, (διαίτω u) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.
 δια-κάθαιρω, f. -καθάρω, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.
 διακαθαριέω, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.
 δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -ιτώ, to make to sit apart, set apart.
 δια-καίω, f. -καΐσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, heat to excess.
 δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάνασα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)
 δια-καρτέρω, f. ἥσω, to endure to the end, last out.
 δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to confute utterly.
 διακάυω, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning heat.
 δια-κανυιάζω, (κανυός) to determine by lot.
 δια-κέάω, f. άσσω, to split asunder.
 διά-κειμαι, inf. -κέσθαι: fut. -κέσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικώς διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; υπόπτως διακείσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακώς διακείσθαι to be in a sorry plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.
 δια-κείρω: fut. -κερῶ and -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate: deprive of; σκευρία διακεκέρμενος stripped of his trappings. II. to break through, transgress.
 διακένκνισμαι, pf. pass. of διακνέω.
 διακέκρίμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 δια-κέλευμαι, Dep. to give orders to different persons, to exhort. 2. to encourage one another. 3. to admonish, inform. Hence διακελευρός, ό, an exhortation, cheering on.
 διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.
 δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διακείμαι.
 δια-κερματίζω, f. ιώ Att. ιώ, (διά, κέρμα) to change into small coin.
 διακέρσω, aor. 1 inf. of διακείω.
 δια-κηρύκεσθαι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.
 δια-κηρύσσω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald: to sell by auction.
 δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a desperate

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνεύ-
μενος, ἦ, *ov*, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ἴσω, to move throughout, throw into dis-
order. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. ex-
cutere. III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. ἄω [ᾶ]: aor. I διέκλασα, Ep. part.
διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος
enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II.
to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλά-
πην [ᾶ], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep
back by stealth.

δια-κληρώω, f. ὥσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2.
to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence
διάκλις, *ews*, ἡ, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κναίω, f. -κναίωσ:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι:
pf. διακναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing:
to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn
away, destroyed; τὸ χρῶμα διακναισμένος having
lost all his colour.

δια-κνίω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιράνω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδῇ, ἡ, a carrying over or across. From
δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over
or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—
Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διεκονέω: f. ἴσω: impf. ἐδιακόνουν
and διεκόνουν, aor. I ἐδιακόνησα and διεκόνησα: pf.
δεδιακόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιακονήθην: pf. δεδια-
κονήμαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish,
supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διάκονία, ἡ, service, business. 2. attendance on
a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ᾶ], Ion. διήκονος, ὁ, ἡ, a servant, waiting-
man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church,
esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δια-ἀκονίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to
contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to
break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break
through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-λακέω, f. ἴσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, *ov*, (διά, κορύννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ἀκόσιον, Ion. διηκόσιοι, *ai*, *a*, (δῖς, ἑκατόν) two
hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multi-
tude, ἵππος διακόσια two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ἴσω, to divide and arrange: to mus-
ter:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖν, Ep. for διακοσμηθείμεν, 1 pl. aor.
I opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ἀκούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear through,
bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against
another.

δια-κρέω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre.

δια-κρηνώ, Dor. -κράνω: f. ὥσω: (διά, κρήνη):
to make to flow, pour forth:

δι-ακριβώω, f. ὥσω, (διά, ἀκριβής) to inquire closely
into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently,
above all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθῶ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινόμεis, Ep. for διακρίθείis, aor. I part. pass. of
διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of
δια-κρίνω, f. ἴνω: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to
separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be
parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish,
tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide
a dispute; διακρίνεις αἰρεσιν to make a choice:—Med.
to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to
a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II.

to make a distinction: set apart for holy
purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence

διάκρισις, *ews*, ἡ, a separating, parting. 2. a
deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακρίτεον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide.

διάκριτος, *ov*, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ἴσω, to strike or break through.

διάκρουσις, *ews*, ἡ, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II.

Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of,
evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, *ov*, or διάκτωρ, *opos*, ὁ, (διάγω) the
Conductor, Guide: epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κυκάω, f. ἴσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to
peep through, pry into.

διακυλῆτης, οὐ, ὁ, a binder, obstructer. From
δια-κωλύω, f. ὕσω, to hinder; check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήσομαι: aor. 2 διελᾶχον:—to
divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ἴσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω, to kick away.

δια-λάλω, f. ἴσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. λήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἐλάβον: pf.

-έληφα: pass. -έλημαι or διαέλημαι, Ion. -λέ-
λαμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to

grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complexi: as
Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to

grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to sepa-
rate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to in-
terpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the
day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -ἐλάθον: pf. -έληθα:
—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of

διαλᾶχέν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαγχάνω.

δια-αλγής, ές, (διά, ἄλγος) giving great pain, grievous. II. suffering great pain.

δια-λέγω, f. ξω, to pick out, choose.

II. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέσομαι, also pass. -λεχθήσομαι: aor. I med. διελέξαμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf. -έλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.

δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -έλειμμαι:—to leave an interval: plqpf. pass. διελείπειτο impers. a gap had been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a gap. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.

δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.

διαλεκτικός, ή, όν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ή διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing.

διάλεκτος, ή, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλέλημαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.

διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.

διάλειξις, εως, ή, = διάλεκτος I.

διαλέβομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεκτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.

διά-λεπτος, on, (διά, λέπτος) very small or narrow: very subtle.

διά-λευκος, on, marked with white.

διαλεχθήναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλήξω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλήψην, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.

διαλλάγή, ή, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.

διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.

διαλλακτήρ, ήπος, ό, and διαλλακτής, ου, ό, (διαλλάσσω) a mediator.

δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλαχα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another.

II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [α]: pf. διήλλαγμαi:—to be reconciled, become friends.

III. intr. to differ from one in a thing: so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθηναι, to be different.

δι-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι, Dep. to leap over or across.

δια-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Aor. ιούμαι: pf. -λελόγημαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue.

Hence διαλογισμός, ό, a settling of accounts.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.

διάλογος, ό, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue. δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. I pass. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.:—to abuse, rail at.

διαλεθθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.

δια-λύμαινoμαι, aor. I διελύμάνθην: pf. διαλελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.

διάλυσις, εως, ή, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.

διαλυσι-φίλος, on, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.

δια-λύτης, ου, ό, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.

διαλυτός, ή, όν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.

δια-λύω, f. ύω [υ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. I pass. -ελύθην [υ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile.

4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.

δι-αφιτίω, f. ώω, (διά, ἄφιστον) to fill full of barley-meal.

δι-αλωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.

δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.

δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.

δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ήσομαι: aor. 2 -ήμαρτον: pf. -ημάπηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence

διαμαρτία, ή, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.

διαμαρτύρεω, f. ήω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. I διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence

διαματύρεια, ή, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [υ], f. ήρομαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.

δι-αμάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.

δια-μάχομαι: fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχούμαι, also μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another. 2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.

δι-αμάω, fut. ήω: aor. 2 διήμησα (διά, ἀμάω):—to mow or cut through. 2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.

δια-μεθίημι, to leave quite off: to give up.

δι-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over. 2. absol. to change, alter.

διαμεῖναι, aor. I inf. of διαμένω.

διάμειψις, εως, ἡ, (διαμείβω) an exchange.
 δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνω, to make quite black.
 δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piecemeal.
 διαμέλλησις, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And
 διαμελλήτης, οὐ, ὁ, one who continually delays.
 From
 δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.
 διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένο.
 διαμένηναι, pf. of διαμνησκομαι.
 δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.
 δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3. to continue, last, remain.
 δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence
 διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.
 δια-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence
 δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, measured out or off.
 διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From
 διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.
 δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.
 δια-μιλλάομαι, f. ἴσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθη: Dep.:—to contend furiously.
 δια-μνησκομαι, f. μνήσομαι: pf. διαμνήναι: Pass.:—to keep in memory.
 δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.
 δια-μιστύλλω, f. ὕλλω: aor. I -ερίστύλα:—to cut up piecemeal.
 δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.
 δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.
 διάμας, Adv. right through.
 δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀνατρέπω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.
 δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drenching.
 δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἴσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.
 δια-μυλλάινω, f. ἄνω, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).
 δια-αμφίδιος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.
 δι-αμφισβητέω, f. ἴσω, to dispute, disagree.
 δια-ναυμάχέω, f. ἴσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.
 δι-ἀνδιχα, Adv. two ways: διανδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.
 διανεύμαι, aor. I inf. of διανεύω.
 δι-ἀνεκτός, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of δινηεκτός.
 διανεμήσις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From
 δια-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.
 δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.
 διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.
 δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.
 δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through.
 δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.
 δια-νίξω, f. -νίξω, to wash out, rinse.
 δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.
 δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.
 δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence
 διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.
 διανοητικός, ὁ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.
 διανοιά, also διανοιά, ἡ, (διανοέομαι). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.
 δι-ανοίγω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound.
 διανοίχθην, aor. I imper. pass. of διανόγω.
 διανομέης, εως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.
 διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.
 δι-αντατός, α, ον, going right through: ἡ διανταία (sc. πληγή) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.
 δι-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.
 δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.
 δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ῥ]: f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish; ὁδὸν διανύειν to finish a journey; so also διανύειν, without ὁδόν.
 δια-ξαίνω, f. ἄνω, to tear in pieces.
 διαξείς, Dor. for διάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.
 δια-ξίφιζομαι, Dep. (δια, ξίφος) to fight to the death.
 δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.
 δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.
 δια-πάλη, ἡ, a hard struggle.
 δια-πάλλω, f. -πᾶλλω, to distribute by lot.
 δια-πάλνω, f. ὕνω, to shiver, shatter.
 δια-παντός, Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.
 δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.
 δια-πατριπλή, ἡ, (διά, πατριπλή) an useless study: vain altercation.
 δια-παρθένέω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.
 δια-πασσάλευω, Att. -παπταλέω: f. σω: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.
 δια-πάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.
 δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.
 δι-απεινέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.
 δια-πεινώω, inf. -πεινῆν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διά-πειρα, ἡ, an *experiment, trial*.
 δια-πειράομαι, fut. άσμαι [ā]: aor. I -επειράθην:
 pf. -πεπειράμαι: Dep.:—to make trial or proof of a
 thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.
 δια-πείρω, f. -περῶ, to drive through.
 δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different direc-
 tions. II. to send over or across.
 διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.
 διαπεπείρῃμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.
 διαπεπολημήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.
 διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπυνθάνομαι.
 δια-περαίνω, fut. ανῶ, to bring to an end.
 δια-περαιῶ, f. ὦσω, to take across, ferry over:—
 Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw en-
 tirely out of the sheath.
 διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.
 δια-περάω, f. άσω [ā]: to go over or across, to
 pass: to pass through.
 δια-πέρθω, f. πέρσω: aor. 2 διέπρᾶθον, Ep. inf. δια-
 πρᾶθειν: aor. 2 med. διέπρᾶθετο, in pass. sense:—to
 destroy utterly, to sack, waste.
 διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.
 διαπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.
 διαπεσεῖσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.
 δια-πτέᾶμαι, = διαπέτομαι.
 δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω; f. -πετάσω [ā]:—to open and
 spread out.
 δια-πέτομαι: fut. -πήήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην or
 -επτάμαι: Dep.:—to fly through. 2. to fly away,
 vanish.
 διαπέσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.
 διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάω.
 διαπέφρῃδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.
 δια-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηγάμην:—to
 fasten together.
 δια-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap through or across. II.
 intr. to make a leap.
 δια-πῖαινω, f. ανῶ, (διά, πῖαν) to make very fat.
 δια-πύμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πύμ-
 πλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.
 δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink against one another,
 challenge at drinking. [ῖ]
 δια-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—
 to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly,
 go quite wrong, turn out ill.
 δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:—Pass.
 to have a thing entrusted one.
 δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, to interweave, weave together. II.
 to weave asunder, i. e. unweave; διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον
 to end the web or tissue of one's life.
 διαπλευσας, aor. I part. of
 δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.
 δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with.
 δια-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break in pieces,
 split, cleave.
 διάπλοος, contr. πλους, ὁ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing
 across, passing over. II. as Subst., διάπλους, ὁ,
 a voyage across, passage. 2. a channel.

δια-απλώω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἀπλός) to unfold.
 δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνεῖω: f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I δι-
 έπνευσα:—to blow through, refresh, revive. II.
 to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. to
 evaporate.
 δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἱλῶ, to variegate, adorn.
 διαπολεμέω, f. ήσω, to carry the war through, end the
 war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war. II.
 to force from another by war. Hence
 δια-πολέμησις, εως, ή, a finishing of the war.
 δια-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to besiege to the end, to
 blockade.
 δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an
 end. 2. to carry all round.
 διαπομπή, ή, (διαπέμψω) a sending backwards and
 forwards: negotiation.
 δια-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work out with labour, Lat. ela-
 borare: to practise:—Pass. to be administered: also
 to be troubled. II. intr. to work hard, toil.
 διά-πονός, ον, having gone through many labours.
 δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign,
 Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.
 διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονός, laboriously.
 δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across. II. Pass.,
 with fut. med. -ύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: to
 go through, pass along.
 δια-πορέω, f. ήσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I
 διηπορήθην:—to be quite at a loss.
 δια-πορθέω, f. ήσω, = διαπέρθω, to ruin utterly.
 δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to
 carry a message; διαπορθμεῖν ποταμόν, of ferry-
 boats, to ply across a river.
 δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.
 διαπράθω, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.
 δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:
 —to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish
 one's way across. 2. to bring about, effect: Med.,
 to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. to make
 an end of, slay.
 διαπρεπής, ές, eminent, conspicuous. From
 δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distin-
 guished above others.
 διαπρεπώς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, conspicuously: Sup.
 διαπρεπέστατα.
 δια-προσβέυομαι, Dep. to send embassies to different
 places.
 δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.
 δια-πρήω [ῖ]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:
 —to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart;
 διαπρίειν τοὺς δόντας to gnash the teeth:—Med. to
 gnash with the teeth.
 διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.
 δια-πρύσσω, α, ον, (διαπεράω) going through, pene-
 trating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύ-
 σσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretch-
 ing; πρὶν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηῖς a hill run-
 ning far into the plain. 3. manifest.
 διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτόω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I διεπτόλησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτύχή, ἡ, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πύσω, f. ὕσω [ὑ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκνώνω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι: f. -πύσσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor. 2 -επυνθόμην:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ov, (διά, πῦρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence

διαπύρω, f. ὥσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ἦσω, to sell publicly.

διάραι, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρηναι, Ion. for διήρηναι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.

δι-ἀράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.

δι-ἀργεμος, ov, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρώω, f. ὥσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.

δι-ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to have full strength: to endure, hold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκής, és, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κῶς, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αρμόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγῃ, ἡ, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀρπάζω):—to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρπάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρράγησμαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρ-ραίω, f. σώ: aor. I διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήνῃ: pf. -ερρήκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηκώς, gaping. II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ῥήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερῶ, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρηξας, aor. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ρῆμμα, atos, τό, a casting about. From

διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διάρ-ριπέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ἡ, a throwing about, scattering.

διαρροή, ἡ, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροθέω, f. ἦσω, to roar or rustle through.

διάρροια, ἡ, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροίξω, f. ἦσω, to wibizz through.

διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρύηναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω,

διαρρῆσμαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, ὄγος, ὅ, ἡ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτᾶμι, f. ἦσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ἦσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. -σέσθηρα, to grin like a snarling dog.

δια-σαλᾶκωνίζω, strength, for σαλακωνίζω.

διᾶσσομαι, aor. I inf. med. of διᾶδω.

δια-σάφει, f. ἦσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.

δια-σάφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σείω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασειεῖν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound. II. to barass, oppress.

δια-σεύδομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσσύμην [ὑ], 3 sing. διέσσυτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ov, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-σιώπασθαι, f. ἦσομαι, to remain silent. 2. trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-κανδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.

δια-σκεδάννυμι: f. σκεδάσω [ᾶ], Att. σκεδῶ: aor. I -εσκεδάσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.

δια-σκεναίξω, f. ὥσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

διασκεψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.

δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ἦσω; and δια-σκηνόω, f. ὥσω:—to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκιδνῆμι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. -έσκεμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοπιόμαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκόπτω, f. ὥσω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω: f. ἦσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήγω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.

διασπάρακτός, ἡ, ὅν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπάρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.

δια-σπάω, f. ἄσω or more commonly ἄσσομαι: (for

the tenses, v. σπάω): to tear asunder, part, Lat. *divellere*: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

δια-σπείρω, f. ἐρῶ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: to squander. II. to separate.

διασπορά, ἡ, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

δι-άσσω, διάττω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-σταθμάσαι, f. ἵσται, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήνη, aor. 2 part. and inf. of διαστήμι. διαστάσις, εὐς, ἡ, (διαστήναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval. 2. disagreement, dissension.

δια-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

δια-στείχω, aor. 2 διέστίχων, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to separate, to distinguish, determine. II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval.

διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of διαστήμι.

δια-στίλβω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through.

δια-στοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to stuff in between.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσται, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, ἡ, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

δια-στρατήγω, f. ἡσω, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, distorted: metaph. perverted.

δια-σύνω, pf. -σεύσκα, to tear in pieces: to worry, disperse.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, (διασφάξω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ἡσω, to scatter from or as from a sling:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόμαι, pf. -εσφήκομαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder:—Pass., aor. I διεσχίσθην, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through: διασώζεσθαι εἰς .. or πρὸς .., to come safe to a place.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. ἀσμαι [ā], Dor. for διασιωπάω.

δια-τάγειω, f. σω, (διά, τᾱγός) to arrange.

διατάγη, ἡς, ἡ, (διαταγήναι) a disposition.

διατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εὐς, ἡ, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement; esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τάρᾶσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην, aor. 2 -ετάγην [ā]: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately. 2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order.

II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυμμαi, pf. pass. of διαθρίπτω.

δια-τείνω, f. τεῶω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ā]: pf. -τέτᾱμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly.

δια-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατειχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out.

δια-τελευτάω, f. ἡσω, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. ἔσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, ἑς, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent.

δια-τέμνω, Ion. τᾱμνω: f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part:—Pass., διατμηθῆναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμαi, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω,

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετρᾶνῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω:—to bore through, make a hole in.

δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by heat:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to melt entirely, thaw.

δια-τηρέω, f. ἡσω, to watch closely. II. (sub. εἰαυτόν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί, for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. *quomobrem?*

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετέθην: pf. διατέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange. 2.

to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated. 3. to set forth: to recite. II. Med.

to set out for sale, dispose of. 2. to settle mutually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

δια-τίμω, f. ἡσω, to honour greatly.

δια-τίνασσω, f. ξω, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, α, ον, = τινθαλέος.

δια-τιμήγω, aor. I -έτμηξα: aor. 2 -ετμάγον, pass. -ετμάγη, Ep. 3 pl. διέταμαγαν:—Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; διέταμαγαν ἐν φιλότῃ they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατμήξαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω.

δια-τοξύνω, f. σω, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II. διατόρος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

διατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατράγω.

δια-τρέπω, *f. ψω*, to turn, divert, dissuade:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέπομαι, aor. I med. —ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετράπην:—to turn or be diverted from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, *f. θρέψω*, to maintain, support throughout.

δια-τρέχω, *f. —θρέξομαι*: (for the tenses, *v. τρέχω*):—to run through or over: metaph. to exhaust. II. intr. to run about, Lat. *discurrere*.

δια-τρώω, *f. έσω*, to run trembling about, flee all ways.

διατριβή, *ή*, a wearing away, a spending of time. 2. a pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment, study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From

δια-τριβω [*τ*]: *f. ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 διετριβην [*τ*]: pf. διατέτριμαι:—to rub between; χερσί διατρίβας:—to rub away, consume: to waste, destroy. II. metaph. to spend time, live. 2. to busy, employ oneself. 3. to waste time, delay. III. to put off by delay, thwart, hinder. Hence

διατριπτικός, *ή, όν*, dilatory.

διά-τρίχα, Adv. in three ways.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, various in dispositions.

διατροφή, *ή*, (διατρέφω) sustenance, support.

δια-τροχάω, *f. σω*, of a horse, to trot.

δια-τρύγος, *ov*, (διά, τρύγη) planted with vines, ripening one after the other.

διατρυφεί, aor. 2 part. pass. of διατρυπώ.

δια-τρώγω, *f. —τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 διετράγην:—to nibble, gnaw through.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διάξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αυγάω, *f. σω*, to shine through, dawn.

δι-αυγής, *ές*, (διά, αὐγή) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov*, ό, (διαυλος, δρόμος) a runner in the race.

δί-αυλος, ό, (δίσ, αὐλός) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II. a strait.

διαφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through.

διαφάδην [*α*], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly. From

διαφαίνω, *f. —φάνω*: (for the tenses, *v. φαίνω*):—to shew through, make to shine through. II. Pass., aor. 2 —εφάνην [*α*], to be seen, appear through. 2. to glow, to be red-hot. 3. metaph. to be proved: to be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act. to dawn. 2. to be transparent. Hence

διαφάνης, *ές*, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-hot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: illustrious:—Adv. —νός, manifestly.

δια-φάυσκω, Ion. —φώσκω: (διά, φάος):—to shew light through, dawn.

δια-φεγγής, *ές*, (διά, φέγγος) transparent.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, *diff-ferently from*: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from *οίω:—aor. I διήνεκα, Ion. διήνεκα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (*v. φέρω*):—to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways: to tear asunder; διαφέρειν τήν ψήφον to give their votes a different way, i. e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to disperse reports. 3. to carry through, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, endure, go through with. 5. absol. to continue, to live. II. intr. to differ, to be different from. 2.

impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, οὐ διαφέρει it makes no difference; τὰ διαφέροντα points of difference. 3. to be different from a man, to surpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φεύγω, *f. —φεύξομαι*: aor. 2 —έφυγον: pf. —πέφυγα: (*v. φεύγω*):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence

διάφευξις, *εως, ή*, an escaping, means of escape.

δια-φημιζω, *f. ίσω*, to make known, publish.

δια-φθείρω, *f. —φθερώ* Ep. —φθέρω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, harm. 2. to lead astray, corrupt, ruin: esp. to bribe: to seduce. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*α*]: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to be destroyed, go to ruin, perish: esp. to be disabled: διεφθαρμένος corrupt. III.

the perf. διεφθора is sometimes intr. to be deranged, mad: also to be dead. Hence

διαφθορά, ό, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. ιχθύσιν διαφθορά a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορέυς, *εως, ό*, a corrupting, seducer.

δι-αφίημι, *f. ήσω*, to dismiss, disband.

δια-φοιβάω, *f. σω*, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave.

δια-φοιτάω Ion. —έω, *f. ήσω*, to wander abroad, run about: to get abroad.

διαφορά, *ή*, (διαφέρω) difference, distinction. 2.

variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence. III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορέω, *f. ήσω*, to drag about, spread abroad. 2. to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rend in pieces, destroy. II. to carry through or across. Hence

διαφόρησις, *εως, ή*, a plundering.

διαφορος, *ov*, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2. differing with another: at variance with. II. superior, excellent. 2. advantageous, profitable. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, difference: disagreement.

διαφόρως, Adv. of διάφορος, variously. 2. at variance. 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (διαφράσσω) a partition-wall. II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγγνυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, *to tell clearly*: Ep. aor. 2 δι-εφέραδον.
 δια-φράσσω, f. ξω, *to separate by a fence*.

δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—*to let through, let out*.

δια-φυγάνω, = διαφεύγω.

διαφύγη, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) *a means of escape*.

διαφύξη, ἡ, (διαφύω) *any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts*.

δια-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to watch vigilantly, preserve: keep, maintain*.

δια-φύσσω, f. ἴσω, *to blow or breathe through*. II. Pass., *to blow away*: Pass. *to be scattered to the winds, vanish*.

δι-αφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διήφυσσα:—*to draw out, draw off*. II. *to tear up, rend*.

δια-φύω, f. φύω, *to make to grow through*. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυβν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—*to intervene; χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed*.

δια-φώνέω, f. ἴσω, *to sound discordantly, to disagree*.

δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφάσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, *to draw back, withdraw*.

δια-χάλαω, f. άσω [ά]:—*to loosen: to open, unbar*. II. *to make supple by exercise*.

δια-χάσσω, *to gape wide, yawn*.

δια-χέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, *to pass the winter*.

δια-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, *to have in hand, conduct, manage*. Hence

δια-χειρίσται, εως, ἡ, *management, administration*.

δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, *to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote*. Hence

διαχειροτονία, ἡ, *a choice between two persons or things*.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχενα:—*to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: to dissipate: metaph. to confound*. II. Pass. *to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed*.

δια-χλεύάζω, *to mock greatly*.

δια-χῶ, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχούν τὸ χῶμα *to complete the mound*.

δια-χράσμαι, f. ἴσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησείται:—*to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under*. II. c. acc. pers. *to destroy, slay*.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj. διαχώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, *to carry a mound across*.

δια-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, *to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχάρεαι αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea*.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, *to separate*.

δια-ψαίρω, *to sweep away, blow away*.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, *to deceive utterly*. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύστην: pf. διεψέυσμαι:—*to be deceived, mistaken*.

δια-ψηφίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰομαι: Dep.:—*to vote with pebbles: decide by votes*. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, *a deciding by vote*.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, *to cool, refresh: of ships, to bawl high and dry: to make water-tight*.

δι-βολος, on, (dis, βάλλω) *two-pointed*. [r]

δι-γληνος, on, (dis, γλήνη) *with two eyeballs*.

δι-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, on, (dis, γλῶσσα) *speaking two languages* Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., διγλωσσος, ὁ, *an interpreter*. II. *double-tongued*.

δι-γυνος, on, (dis, *γύνω) *twice-born:—twin; double*.

δίδαγμα, atos, τό, (διδάσκω) *a lesson*.

διδάκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.

διδακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) *apt at teaching*.

διδάκτος, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) *of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught*. II. *of persons, taught, instructed*.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.

διδάξις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) *teaching, instruction*.

διδασκάλειον, τό, (διδάσκω) *a teaching-place, school*.

διδασκάλια, ἡ, (διδάσκω) *teaching: education, training*. II. *the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω π.*

διδασκαλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) *fit for teaching, instructive*. Adv. -κῶς, *instructively*.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) *a science, art*.

διδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) *a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors*.

διδασκεμέναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.

διδασκῆσαι, poet. for διδάσαι, aor. I inf. of διδάσκω: fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδίδα-

σκησα (as if from διδάσκω): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of *δῶω):—*to teach; with double acc., ἵπποισιν εἰς ἐδίδαξαν they taught these riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn*. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδασχῆ, ἡ, *teaching: doctrine*.

δίδημι, Ep. for δέω, *to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. δι-*

δέασι: 3 sing. imperf. δίδη, Ep. for ἐδίδη

διδούς or διδοίσθα, διδοί, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep. forms for διδύναι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω: fut. δράσομαι [ά]: pf. δέδρακα: aor. 2 ἔδραν, inf. δράναι, part. δράς, imperat. δρᾶθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δράην: Ion. διδρῆστω, f. δρήσομαι, aor. 2 ἔδρην (*δρῶ):—*to run away, escape*.

δι-δραχμος, on, (dis, δράχη) *of two drachms; δι-δραχμοὶ ὁπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day*.

II. διδραχμον, τὸ, *a double drachm, = half a shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem*.

διδυμ-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, τό, (δίδυμος, ἀνήρ) *touching both the men*. [ά]

διδυμᾱ-τόκος, on, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος, τεκεῖν) *bearing twins*.

διδυμάων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (δίδυμος) *a twin-brother*. [ά]

δίδυμος, poet. for δίδυμος.

διδύμο-γενής, ές, (διδυμος, *γένω) twin-born.

δίδυμος, η, ου, or os, ου, (δύς) double, twofold; διδυμος κασσίγητος a twin-brother; διδυμοί twins.

διδώθην, = διδοῖν, opt. of δίδωμι.

δίδωθι, Ep. for διδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.

δίδωμι: fut. δάσω: aor. I ἔδωκα; aor. 2 ἔδων: pf.

ἔδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 ἔδωκην:—Pass., fut. δοθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔδοθη: pf. δέδομαι: (*δῶ) to give,

give freely, present:—in pres. and impf. to offer. 2.

of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or sanction.

3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents,

to give their daughter to wife. 5. δίδοναι ἑαυτὸν τινι to put oneself in his power. 6. δίδοναι δίκην, v. sub δίκη.

II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause that: δός με τίσασθαι give me to avenge myself.

II. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, devote oneself.

διδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶν.

διδῶσ, Ep. for δάσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

διε, vocat. of διός, godlike.

διε, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of διῶ.

διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.

διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβίωω.

διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.

δι-εγγυῶν, f. ἦσσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for:—Pass. to be bailed, set free on his security.

δι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, he was aroused, awakened.

διεγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.

διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.

διεδασάμην, aor. I of διαδασκαίω.

διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδεξα, aor. I of διαδέκνυμι.

διεδηλοσάμην, aor. I of διαδηλόμαι.

διεδίδωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διεδόθη, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διεδράμην, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.

διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.

διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύνω or διαδύομαι.

διέργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διείργω.

διέζην, impf. of διαζάω.

διέζωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.

διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.

διεθελώσα, aor. I of διαθειώω.

διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.

διείδον, inf. διᾶδεν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.

διελέγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.

διελημμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely.

διέληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διείλον, aor. 2 of διαίρω.

δι-εμ, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, ἐμῖ ibo):—to go about: to go away.

II. c. acc. to pass or go through: hence to discuss a subject.

δι-εῖπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being used instead); inf. διεπειν, poet. διαπειν: fut. διερώ:

pf. διέρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—to tell at length, detail, explain.

II. to speak one with another, converse.

δι-είργω, f. ἔω: Ep. and Ion. διείργω, Ep. also διείργω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. II.

intr. to lie between.

διέρηκα, used as pf. of διειπεῖν, to say clearly.

δι-εῖρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.

δι-εῖρω, Ion. for δι-έρω, to draw across.

δι-εῖρω: aor. I διεῖρσα: perf. διεῖρκα:—to pass or draw a thing through.

δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) dissembling with one's guests.

δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.

διεκάνασα, aor. I of διακάνασσω.

διεκέρυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διακείρω.

διεκλάπη, [α], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.

δι-εκπερίω, f. ἀνῶ, to bring quite to an end.

δι-εκπεράω, f. ἦσω and ἄσω, to pass out through. II.

to pass by, overlook.

δι-εκπλώ, f. -πλῆσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, aor. I -έπλωσα:—to sail out through: to sail out.

II. in naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing through it. Hence

διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους, ὁ, a sailing across or through. 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight.

δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλώω.

δι-εκρίθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of διακρίνω.

δι-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρέω), a channel through.

διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.

διέλαδεις, εως, ἡ, a driving through. II. a charge or exercise of cavalry. From

δι-ελαίνω: fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses, v. ἐλαίνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.

διελαῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαίρω.

διελέλειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.

διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.

διελέξαμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελευστομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.

διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελθείν, Ep. διελθέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.

διελίπον, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.

δι-έλω: fut. -ελκύνω [ῥ]: aor. I -έλκυσα (v. ἔλω):—to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς. 2. to pull through. 3. to keep on drinking.

διελύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.

διελυμάνθη, aor. I of διαλυμαίνομαι.

ΔΙΕΥΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *διημι) to speed, press on.

διεμαρτύρω [ῥ], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.

διέμενα, aor. I of διαμένομαι.

δι-εμπολάω: fut. ἦσω: pass. pf. διημπολόημαι:—to make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray.

δι-ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενεῖκαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω:

διενεχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass.

δι-ενθυμέομαι, Med. to think within oneself.

δι-εναντιζώ, f. ἴσω, (διά, ἐναντός) to live out the year.

δίενται, 3 pl. of δίεμαι.

δι-εντέρημα, *ατος, τό, (διά, ἔντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness.*
 δι-εξάισω contr. -άσσω Att. -άττω fut. ἄξω: *to rub or spring forth.*

δι-έξιμι, (διά, ἐξιμι) *to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.*

δι-εξελάνω: f. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελῶ:—*to drive through.* II. intr. *to ride or march through or across.*

δι-εξελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to unroll, untie.*

δι-εξερέομαι, *to question closely.*

δι-εξερενάω, f. ἦσω, *to examine closely.*

δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—*to go out through, pass through: get to the end of.* 2. *to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full.* II. intr. *to be past, gone by, of time.*

δι-εξηγήομαι, strengthd. for ἐξηγήομαι.

δι-εξίμι, f. ἦσω, *to let go through, give free passage.* II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), *of a river, to empty itself.*

διεξιμεναι, Ep. inf. of διέξιμι.

δι-έξοδος, ἡ, *a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit.* II. *a full account.*

δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to finish the web.*

δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, *to keep the feast throughout.*

διεπέπαινον, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπαινώ.

διεπειράθην [ᾶ], aor. I of διαπειράομαι.

διεπειραιώθην, aor. of διαπειραιώω.

διεπειράσα, aor. I of διαπειράω.

διεπεφράδων, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.

διέπλεξα, aor. I of διαπλέκω.

διέπλευσα, aor. I of διαπλέω.

διέπνευσα, aor. I of διαπνέω.

διεπορεύθην, aor. I of διαπορεύομαι.

διεπράθον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω.

διεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.

διεπτοίσα, Ep. aor. I of διαπτόω.

διέπτυσσα, aor. I of διαπτύσσω.

διεπυθόμην, aor. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.

δι-έπω, f. ψω, *to manage, order, arrange.*

δι-εργάζομαι: f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: plqpf. -ειργάσμεν: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμεν: aor. I pass. -ειργάσθην: Dep.:—*to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it.*

II. *to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.*

δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διέργω.

δι-ερείδω, f. σω, *to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.*

δι-ερέσσω: fut. διερέσω: aor. I διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—*to row about, χερσὶ διερέσειν to swim: to swing about.*

δι-ερενάω, f. ἦσω, *to search through, examine closely.*

Hence

διερευνητής, οὔ, ὁ, *a scout or vidette.*

διερμηνευτής, οὔ, ὁ, *an interpreter.* From

δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, *to interpret, expound.*

δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.

δι-έρπω, f. ψω, *to pass through.*

διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διέρρηκα, διέρρην, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρέω.

δι-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—*to go through or across, pass through.* 2. *to come to the end, arrive at.* II. intr. *to pass, of time:*

to go abroad, prevail, of a report.

III. *to go through, narrate.*

διερῶ, used as fut. of διείπον.

δι-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, *to cross-question, to question continually.*

δίσσθαι, inf. of δίσμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίσω.

δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, *to eat through.*

δισκεδάσα, aor. I of διασκεδάννυμι.

δίσκεκαμι, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένος, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerably.

δισκόρπισμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.

δισπάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.

δισπάσα, δισπάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διασπάω.

δισπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπάω.

δισπειρα, aor. I of διασπείρω.

δισσῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασέομαι.

διστειλάμην, aor. I med. of διαστέλλω.

δι-έστην, δίστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of δίστημι.

διστήχον, aor. 2 of διασείχω.

διστράμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.

διστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.

δι-εώτας, perf. part. of δίστημι.

δισφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκώομαι.

δίεσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of διέχω.

δισχύισα, δισχύισθην, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζω.

διέταξα, aor. I of διατάσσω.

διεταράχθην, aor. I pass. of διαταράσσω.

διεθερβύλητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διαθρύλέω.

δι-ετής, ἐς, (δύς, ἔτος) *of two years: two years old.*

δι-ετήσιος, ον, (διά, ἔτος) *lasting through the year.*

δι-ετία, ἡ, (διετής) *the space of two years.*

διετμάχην, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατμήγω.

διετμάχον, aor. 2 act.

διετμάξην, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, aor. I of διατμήγω.

δι-ετράπομην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω.

δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) *to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.*

δι-ευλάβομαι, Dep. *to take good heed, beware of.*

δι-ευνάω, f. άσω, *to lay asleep.*

δι-ευτύχέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) *to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.*

διεφάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.

δι-έφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφύγον, aor. 2 of διαφεύγω.

δι-έχω, f. διέξω, *to keep apart, divide.*

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ' ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. δίζηαι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

δίζομαι, = δίζημαι.

δί-ζυγος, on, and δι-ζυξ, ὅς, ἡ, (δῖς, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ' ΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίζων, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δί-ζωος, on, (δῖς, ζώη) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ἡ, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διᾶγω.

διηγγεῖλαι, aor. I of διαγγέλλω.

δι-ηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διήγησις, εως, ἡ, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ήριος, on, Ion. for διαήριος, through the air.

δι-ήρῶ, f. ἥσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans., of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, δίκηκονος, Ion. for διακ-.

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω.

διηκόσται, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσται.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω.

διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλώω.

δι-ήκω, f. ἔω, to go through, extend along or between. II. to pervade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. I of διελαινώ.

διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφης, ἐς, (διά, ἀλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

δι-ημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ἡμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημιλλήθην, aor. I of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, ἐς, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκέως, Att. -ικώς, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, on, (διά, ἄνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοιχθην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διηντλήσα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διήνυσσα, διήνυκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διήξα, aor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. I of διαίσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. I pass. of διαπορέω.

δι-ηπόρουν, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. I of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. I of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. I pass. of διαίρω.

διηρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.

δι-ήρης, es, (δῖς, ἄρα) double; διήρης μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρουν, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I διαρθρώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

διήρται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of διαίρω.

διήρτσα, διηρτήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διαίρω.

διήφισσα, aor. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att. -πτος, on, (δῖς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimaris.

δι-θῆκτος, on, (δῖς, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

δι-θρονος, on, (δῖς, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθύραμβο-ποιός, ὁ, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, ὁ, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δι-θύρσος, on, (δῖς, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Διῖ, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

διδόνειν, inf. of δίδωμι.

δι-ἔμμι, fut. -ἔσω: (for the tenses, v. ἔμμι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through. II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-ἔνυνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ἑκνέομαι, fut. -ἑξομαι; aor. 2 -ἑκόμεν: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach:

Διῦ-πετής, ἐς, (Διός, πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure:

Διῦ-πέτης, es, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διῦστέον, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.

δι-ἑστημι, f. διαστήω: aor. I διέστησα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκειν:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. II. aor. I med.

διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ἑσχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διῦθαι, perf. inf. of δικνέομαι.

δικάξω: fut. δικάσω contr. δικῶ: aor. I ἐδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικασθῆσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσσομαι: aor. I ἐδικάσθην: pf. δεδικάσμαι: (δικη): I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision. II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ἡ, poet. for δικη.

δικαιεύν, Ion. for δικαιοῦν, inf. of δικαιοῦν: δικαιοῦσι, Ion. for δικαιοῦσι, 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρίσια, ἡ, (δικαίος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιο-πόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δικαίος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δικη) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even: strict, exact.*

III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δικαίος ἐμυ, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do.*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιοσύνη, ητος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίω: fut. ὥσω and ὥσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαίωθην: (δικαίος):—*to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do.* II. *to judge: to condemn: to punish.* III. *to make just, bold guiltless, justify.*

Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαιώσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to: punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικᾶν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικῶνικος, ἡ, ὄν, (δικη) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνον) *two-beaded.*

δικασ-πόλος, ὁ, (δικη, πολέω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστήριον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols.* Adv. —κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἐδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, *to throw, hurl.*

δι-κέλλα, ης, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέρατος, ον, (δῖς, κεράτα) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δι-κερος, γεν. ατος or ω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. δίκερων (δῖς, κέρας) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ἡ γὰρ δικη ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δικήν as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of.* II. *order, law, right.*

III. *in plur. judgments: generally, a sentence.* IV. *an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).* 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην or δίκας δίδοναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas to inflict punishment; δίκην φείγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην δίδωκεν to prosecute.*

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δικη, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging; as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὁ, an avenger.*

δικίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικη, *a little trial.*

δικλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίνω) *double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δικη, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὁ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφω, (δικη, ράπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δι-κράνος, ον, (δῖς, κράνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικάρανος, ὁ, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.*

δι-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβόλεω, f. ἦσω, *to cast the net.* From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δύκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὁ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

Δίκτυα or Δικτυνα, ἡ, (δύκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δύκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes; σπείραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's meshy folds.*

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, *any net-work, a fishing-net: a hunting-net.* Hence

δικτυομαι, Pass. *to be caught in a net.*

δικωπέω, f. ἦσω, *to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and*

δίκωπία, ἡ, *a pair of sculls.* From

δικοπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἦσω, (δύλογος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.* II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δι-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) *with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.*

δι-λοφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δι-μναίος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέος, ον, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae; διμναίος ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.*

διμοῖρα, ἡ, *a double share: double pay.* From

δι-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two; as Subst., δίμορον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δίνω.

δίνεμα, ατος, τό, *anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing.* From

δίνεω, f. εὔσω, aor. I ἐδίνευσαι; and δινέω, f. ἦσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθην, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—*to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle.* II. *intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.*

ΔΙΝΗ, ἡ, *a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind.* Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, *whirling, eddying.* II. *rounded.*

δινήθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινήτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, *whirled round.*

ΔΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, *a whirl, eddy.* 2. *also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor.* 3. *a large round goblet.*

δινώω, f. ὥσω, *to turn with a lathe, to round.*

δίνω, (δίνω) *to thresh out.*

διωνότης, ἡ, ὄν, (διωνώ) *turned on the lathe, rounded : worked round.*

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, *double.*

Διο- or διο- in compos. means *sprung from Jove* (Δις, Διός) or from the gods, hence *excellent, god-like.*
 δι-ὁ, Conjunction. contr. for δι' ὅ, *wherefore, on which account : therefore* : with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. *propter quod, propterea.*

Διό-βολος, ὄν, (Δίς, βάλλω) *hurled by Jove.*

Διο-γενέτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) *giving birth to Jove.*

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δίς, *γένω) *Jove-born.*

Διό-γεντος, ὄν, contr. for Διογενήτος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ὄν, = Διογενής.

Δι-οδεύω, f. σω, *to travel through.*

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπορος) *to travel through.*

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) *a way through, thoroughfare, passage : the orbit of a star.* 2. *permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.*

Διόθεν, (Δίς) Adv. *sent from Jove.*

δι-οίγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίγω, *to open.*

δι-οῖδα, pf. of διείδω, *to know the difference, distinguish, decide.*

δι-οικέω, f. ἦσω, impf. διήκουν : aor. I διήκῃσα : pf. διήκηκα :—Pass., aor. I διήκῃσθην : pf. διήκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιήκημαι :—*to manage, direct : to conduct the affairs of a state : to treat or feed in a certain way.* II. *to inhabit distinct places :—*

Med. *to live apart.* Hence

διοικήσις, εὖς, ἡ, *house-keeping : management, government.* II. *a government : a province, a diocese.*

δι-οικίζω : f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to make to live apart, to disperse :—*Pass. *to be scattered abroad.*

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, *to build across, wall off.*

διουστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) *one must move round.*

δι-οῖστεύω, f. σω, *to shoot an arrow through.*

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

διοῖτο, 3 sing opt. med. of διῶ.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, *to go through : to wander about.*

δι-οίχομαι : f. -οιχίσσομαι : pf. -οίχμαι : Dep. :—*to be quite gone by : of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished.* II. *to be gone through, ended.*

διοικωχή, ἡ, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) *a cessation.*

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, *to slip through, slip away from.*

δι-ἄλλυμι : fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολώ : (for the tenses, v. ἄλλυμι) :—*to destroy utterly, bring to naught : to put out of mind : hence to forget, opp. to σώζω.* II. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα : *to perish utterly.*

δι-ἄλου, for διὰ, ἄλου, Adv., *altogether.*

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, *to be always even-minded.*

Διομε-αλαφών, ὄνος, ὁ, (Διομεία, ἀλαφύν) *the brag-gart of the deme Diomeia.*

δι-ομνύμι, fut. -ομνοῖμαι : aor. I med. -ωμοσάμην :—*to swear solemnly : to declare on oath.*

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, *to make an agreement : Pass. to be agreed on : Med. to agree mutually to a thing.*

διον, acc. of διός : but διόν Ep. for ἔδιον, impf. of διῶ.

Διονύσια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, *the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus*, esp. at Athens : *four distinct feasts* in four consecutive months : viz. I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December). II. τὰ ἐν

Λίμναις or Λήναια (in the Λίμναι, where the Λήναιοι stood), in Gamelion (January). III. τὰ Ἀνθεστήρια, in Anthesterion (February). IV. τὰ μεγάλα, τὰ ἄστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.*
 Διόνυσος, ὁ, and poet. Διώνυσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, (Δίς, παῖς) *son of Jove.*
 δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, = Δι' πετής.

διοπεύω, *to be in charge of a ship's cargo.* From διοτος, ὁ, (διέτω) *a director, ruler : a person in charge of a ship's cargo.*

δι-οπτέω, f. σω, (διά, ὀφθαίμαι) *to watch accurately, spy about : to gaze upon.*

δι-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (διόφθαιμαι) *a spy, scout.*

δι-όπτης, ὄν, ὁ, (διόφθαιμαι) *a looker through.*

δι-οράω, fut. διόφωμαι, *to see through, discern.*

δι-όργυιος, ὄν, (δῖς, ὄργυιά) *two fatboms long.*

δι-ορθέω, f. σω, *to judge rightly of.*

δι-ορθώω, f. ὤσω, *to make straight : to set right : to make good, amend, correct, make amends for : to tell aright :—*so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, *a making straight, correction : amendment : and*

διόρθωσις, εὖς, ἡ, *a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault : reformation.*

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -οὐρίζω : f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ :—*to divide by limits, separate.* 2. *to distinguish, determine, define : to ordain.* II. *to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare.*

III. intr. *to pass the boundaries.*

δι-ορύνναι, Pass. *to hurry through.*

διορύννηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, *a through-cut, a canal.* From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -πτω : f. ῥω : (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω) : *to dig through : metaph. to undermine.*

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. *to dance a match with one.*

Δίος, διὰ, διόν, (Δίς) *godlike, excellent, mighty : joined with a genit., διὰ θεῶν, διὰ γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women.* 2. *noble, bonest, trusty.* 3. *divine, marvellous.*

Δίος, gen. of Ζεύς : v. *Δίς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ὄν, (Δίς, δίδωμι) *given by Jove, heaven-sent.*

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δίς, σῆμα) *a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum : a portent.*

Διόσ-κοροι, οἱ, Att. and poet. for Διόσκουροι : (Δίς, κόρος, κύρος) : *sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,*

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. 1, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσκούρειον, τό, *the temple of the Dioscouri*.
δι-ότι, Conjunct. for διὰ τοῦτο ὅτι . . . , for the reason that, since, Lat. *quocirca*, *quamobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore*, for what reason. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?* II. = ὅτι, *that*.

διο-τρεφής, ἐς, (Δίς, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.
δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ἴσω, to annoy exceedingly.
δι-όψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from *διόπτομαι.
δι-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, παῖς) *with two children*; θρήνος δίπαις a dirge chanted by one's two children.

δι-πάλαιστος, on, (Δίς, παλαιστή) *two palms broad*.
δι-παλτος, on, (Δίς, πάλω) *brandished with both bands*; δίπαλα ξίφη *two-handed swords*.

δι-πῆχυς, υ, (Δίς, πῆχυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc*.
διπλαζώ, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλαζόν κακόν *the twofold evil*. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a double-folded mantle or cloak*. 2. *διπλάκες* are ship-planks (which double one over the other), and poet. for *ships*, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to double*. From
διπλάσιος, α, on, Ion. διπλησίος, η, on, (Δίς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλασιώω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.
δι-πλέθρος, on, (Δίς, πλέθρον) *two πλέθρα long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, *a cloak folded double*.
διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.
διπλοῖζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a double cloak*. Hence
διπλόος, ὅη, ὄον, contr. διπλοῦς, ἡ, ὄον, *twofold, double*. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or δύο, *both, two*. III. metaph. *doubled-minded, treacherous, Lat. duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς.

(From δισ-; see ἀπλόος.)
διπλός, ἡ, ὄν, = διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον *as Adv. twice as much*.

διπλώω, f. ὄσω, (διπλόος) *to double, bend double*. II. *to repay twofold*.
διπλῆς, ἐς, (Δίς, πούς) *two feet long, broad, etc*.
Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διπόλεια, (Δίς, πόλις) *an ancient festival of Jove at Athens*. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Διπόλεια, εἶδος) *like the feast of the Dipoleia*, i. e. obsolete, out of date.

δι-πόλος, on, (Δίς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.
δι-πορος, on, (Δίς, πόρος) *with two passages*.
δι-πόταμος, on, (Δίς, ποταμός) *lying between or on two rivers*.

δι-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, ποῦς) *two-footed*, Lat. *bipes*:—as Subst., δίπους, ὁ, a Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa.

II. *two feet long, broad, etc*.

δι-πρόσωπος, on, (Δίς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτέρυγος, on, (Δίς, πτέρυξ) *two-winged*.

δι-πτύχος, on, (Δίς, πτυχή) *folded together, doubled*; διπτυχον δελτίον, *a pair of tablets*. II. = δισ-

σός, *twofold, two*, Lat. *geminus*.

δι-πύλος, on, (Δίς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δι-πύρος, on, (Δίς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

διρ-ρύμος, on, (Δίς, ῥῦμός) *with two poles*.

Δίρ, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-dis, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἀλλυδῖς, οἰκαδῖς, χαμαδῖς.

*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the oblique cases Διός, Διὶ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dis*, *Diespiter*, *Dijovis*.

Δισ-ἄβος, on, Dor. for δισ-ηβος, *twice young*.

Δισ-ευνος, on, (Δίς, ἐνὴν) *with two wives*.

Δισ-θάνης, ἐς, (Δίς, θανεῖν) *twice dead*.

Δισκεύω, f. ἴσω, = Δισκέω.

Δισκέω, f. ἴσω, (Δίσκος) *to pitch the quoit*: generally, *to throw, toss*. Hence

Δίσκημα, ατος, τό, *a thing thrown*. II. *the pitching of a quoit*.

Δι-σκηπτρος, on, (Δίς, σκῆπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

Δίσκος, ὁ, (Δικεῖν) *a round plate, a quoit of stone*; later of metal or wood. II. *anything like a quoit*: *a trencher*: *a mirror*.

Δισκ-οὔρα, τά, (Δίσκος, οὔρον) *a quoit's cast*.

Δισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, twenty thousand: sing. Δισμύριος, α, on, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος Δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

Δισσ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (Δισσός, ἄρχω) *partners in sway, joint-ruling*.

Δισσός Att. Διττός Ion. Διξός, ἡ, ὄν: (Δίς): *two-fold, double*: also *divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

Δισσῶς, Adv. of Δισσός, *doubly*.

Διστάζω, f. ἄσω, (Δίς) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

Δι-στίχος, on, (Δίς, στίξ) of two rows, lines, or verses: as Subst., Διστίχον, τό, *an elegiac couplet*.

Δι-στολος, on, (Δίς, στέλλω) *in pairs, two together*.

Δι-στομος, on, (Δίς, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two entrances, double*. II. of a weapon, *two-edged*.

Δι-σύλλαβος, on, (Δίς, συλλαβή) of two syllables.

Δισ-χίλιοι [χι], αἱ, α, two thousand: also in sing., Δισχίλιος, α, on, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος Δισχίλια 2000 horse.

Δι-τάλαντος, on, (Δίς, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing two talents*.

Δι-τόκος, on, (Δίς, τεκεῖν) *twin or twice bearing*.

Διττός, etc., v. sub Δισ-.

Δι-υγρος, on, *thoroughly wet*: *melting*.

Δι-ύλιζω, (διά, ὑλή) *to strain or filter thoroughly*: *to strain off*.

Δι-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to wake from sleep*: so also in Med.

Διφάσιος, α, on, *twofold, double*, Lat. *bifarius*: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑ'Ω, Ion. -έω, *to dive after*: *seek after, hunt for*. Hence

διήτηρ, opos, ὁ, a searcher after.

διθέρα, ἡ, (δέφα) a prepared hide, leather, and so opp. to δέρπεα which are unworked hides. II.

anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διθερνίος, η, ov, of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.

δι-φθογγος, ov, (δῖς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., διφθογγος, ἡ, and διφθογγον, τό, a diphthong.

δι-φόρος, ov, (δῖς, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. *biferus*.

διφράξ, ἄκος, ἡ, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ἡ, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτειρα, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλάσις, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλάτew, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρ-ηλάτης, ov, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ov, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δι-φροντός, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, φροντίς) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφόρος, bearing two), in plur. of δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα—the chariot-board, on which two could stand: the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλέω, f. ἦσω, (δίφρος, ἔλκω) to draw a chariot.

διφροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry a chair or litter:—Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry

a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ov, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.

δι-φύης, ἐς, (δῖς, φύη) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δι-φυιος, ov, (δῖς, φύη) of two families.

δίχα, (δῖς) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνεν, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

διχάζω, f. ἄσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δι-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δι-χᾶλος, Dor. for δι-χρηλος.

διχη, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δι-χρηλος, ov, (δῖς, χρηλή) cloven-hoofed. II.

as Subst., διχρηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχηρης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.

διχρά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχρά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχράδιος, α, ov, double, divided. [ᾱ]

διχράς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διχράδιος.

διχό-βουλος, ov, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

διχο-γνώμων, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion.

διχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δι-χοίνικες, ov, (δῖς, χοίνιξ) holding 2 χοίνικες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ov, (δῖς, χολδομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμενος.

διχό-μηνος, ov, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μῦθος, ov, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγης, ἐς, (δίχα, ραγῆναι) broken in twain.

διχόροπος, ov, (δίχα, ῥέπω) wavering. Adv. —ως, doubtfully.

διχοστασία, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ov, (δίχα, στόμα) = δίστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχού, Adv., = δίχα.

διχό-φρων, ov, gen. onos, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

δίχα, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ης, ἡ, thirst. Hence

διψάλεος, α, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διψίος.

διψάω, ης, η, inf. διψήν: impf. ἐδιψην, ης, η: fut. διψήσω: aor. I ἐδιψησα: pf. δεδιψηκα:—to thirst: of

the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to thirst after, long earnestly for.

διψιος, α, ov, (διψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

διψιος, eos, τό, = διψα, thirst.

δι-ψυχος, ov, (δῖς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering. ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run

away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in Med., subj. διώμαι, διηται, διωνται, opt. διοίτω, inf.

διεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like διώ, to be afraid. [I]

διώγμα, atos, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

διωγμός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution, harassing.

δι-ώδυνος, ov, (δία, δύνη) piercing with anguish.

δι-ώθω, fut. —ώθσω and —ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ωθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder

for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse,

drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

διωκάθει, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκόμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διώκησα, διώκηθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διωκτός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ov, ὁ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἐδιώξα: poet. aor. 2 ἐδιώκασθον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδιώχμαι:

(διώ): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste.

III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ἁλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμενος, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ωρύχος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διόνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father).

II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δῖς, ὄνυμα=ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

διώξις, εως, ἡ, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμαι, pf. pass.

διώρυνγμαι, pf. pass. διορύσσω.

δι-ωρύγος, ον, more correct form of διόργνιος.

διώρυξ, ος, ὁ, ἡ, (διερίσσω) dug or cut through:

διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρηπὴ διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω.

δημηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δημηθῆτω, 3

sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δημῖς, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δημίτευρα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δημητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶε, dual nom. of δμῶς.

δμῶή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμῶϊς, α, ον, (δμῶς) in servile condition.

δμῶϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = δμῶή.

δμῶς, ὡς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλῖζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφέρως, α, ον, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΝΟΦΟΣ, ὁ, = κνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσσωτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in imper. sense, = Att.

ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεσθαι, Ep. for -ῆται, 3 sing.

subj. = δόξη.

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true,

an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογματίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to lay down a decree:—

Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΗΝ, ἦρος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάζω, f. ἄσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, hesitate

between:—Med. To doubt, to imagine.

δοιδυκο-ποιός, ὁ, (δοιδυξ, ποίεω) a pestle-maker.

ΔΟΙΓΔΥΞ, ὅκος, ὁ, a pestle.

δοιή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From

δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, ἄ, = δύο, ἔνω, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways.

δοιώ, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκέω, f. εὔσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres.

*δόκος: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω; aor. I ἐδόκησα and ἐδόξα; pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκτήθην; pf.

δεδοκῆμαι and δέδογμα; 1. to think, surmise,

expect, imagine. II. intr. to seem, appear: esp.

in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good:

as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was

decreed or enacted by... but also in 1 pers., δοκῶ μοι,

I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά

μοι methought. 2. to appear to be something, to

be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἶναι τι men who are held

to be of some account. 3. aor. I pers. part. δόξαν,

used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it having been

resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being

resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δόκη, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion,

expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ἡ, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit,

fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δοκησι-σοφος, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's

own conceit.

δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I

ἐδοκιμάσθην; pf. δεδοκίμασμαι: (δοκιμος):—to as-

say metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove,

to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to hold as

good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάστια, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκιμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκίμη, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character,

Lat. probitas: and

δοκιμῶν, τό, proof, trial. From

δοκίμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of

persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus:

of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, consider-

able. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκός, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκά, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, = δοκήσις, an opinion.

δολερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δύλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιχ-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δύλιος, μήτις) crafty-pur-

posing.

δολιχ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (δύλιος, ποῖς)

of stealthy foot.

δύλιος, α, ον, and os, ον, (δύλος) crafty, deceitful,

treacherous, wily.

δολιχ-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δύλιος, φρήν) crafty of

mind, wily.

δολιχ-αυλός, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube

or socket.

δολιχ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

δολιχ-εγχείς, ἐς, (δολιχός, ἔγχεος) with tall spear.

δολιχ-ῥητμος, ον, (δολιχός, ῥητμος) of a ship,

long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιῶ, f. ὤσω, (δύλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφια, ἡ, (δολιχος, γράφω) prolix writing.

ΔΟΛΙΧΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *long*: of Time, *long, weary-some*. II. as Subst., *δολιχός, ὁ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον.*

δολιχό-σκιος, ὄν, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or δολιχό-όσκιος, (δολιχός, ὅσχος) with long shaft.

δολόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, *craftily contrived, artful.*

δολο-μήτης, ες, gen. εος, (δόλος, μήδος) wily, crafty.
δολο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, and δολο-μήτης, ι, gen. ιος, (δόλος, μήτης) crafty-minded, wily.

δολο-μήχανος, ὄν, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles.
δολο-μῦθος, ὄν, (δόλος, μῦθος) false-speaking.

δολοπλοκία, ἡ, subtility, craft. From

δολο-πλοκός, ὄν, (δόλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles.

δολο-ποιός, ὄν, (δόλος, ποίω) treacherous.

δολοραφία, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtility. From

δολόρ-ραφος, ὄν, (δόλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles.

δόλος, ὁ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεω) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus.

δόλο-φόνος, ὄν, (δόλος, φένω) slaying by treachery.

δολο-φράδης, ἐς, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded.

δολοφρονέων, ουσα, ὄν, (δολόφρων) craft-devising.

δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, subtility, willingness. From

δολό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) = δολο-φραδής, craft-minded.

δολώω, f. ὥσω, (δόλος) to beguile, ensnare. II. *to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise.* Hence

δολωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit.

δολων, ὄνος, ὁ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. *a dagger.*

δολ-ᾠπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δόλος, ᾠπ) artful-looking.

δολωσις, εως, ἡ, (δολώω) a tricking, ensnaring.

δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift.

δομαίος, α, ὄν, (δέμα) of or for building.

δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὅνδε δόμενδε to his own house. From

δόμος, ὁ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a house: also the household. II. *a part of the house, chamber, room.*

III. *anything that is built up; διὰ τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks.*

δομο-σφάλλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλλω) ruining the house.

δοναέουμαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

δοναέυς, εως, ὁ, (δόναξ) a thicket of reeds.

δονακίτης, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed.

δονάκο-γλήφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, γλήφω) reed-cutting.

δονακίεις, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds;

δόλος δονακίεις a reed covered with birdlime.

δονάκο-τρέφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing.

δονακό-χλοος, ὄν, contr. -χλους, ὄν, (δόναξ, χλόα) green with reeds.

δόναξ Ion. *δοῦναξ* Dor. *δῶναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a reed, Lat. calamus, arundo.* II. *anything made of reed:*

a dart, arrow. 2. *a flute, shepherd's pipe.* 3. *a*

fishing-rod or limed reed (see δονακίεις).

4. *the*

bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕΩ, f. ἥσω, *to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about:*—Pass., ἡ Ἀσίη ἐδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and

δονητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. shaken.

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δόξα, ἡ, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: ex-

pectation. 2. *a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philosophic opinion, Lat. placitum.* 3. *mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge.* 4. *a fancy, vision.* II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, honour. 2. *glory, splendour.* Hence

δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to bold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. *to glorify, extol.* Hence

δόξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy.

δοξοκopia, ἡ, love of popularity. From

δοξο-κόπος, ὄν, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity.

δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μανῆναι) mad after glory.

Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, mad love of glory.

δοξο-ματαῖο-σοφος, ὁ, (δόξα, ματαιός, σοφός) a would-be philosopher.

δοξο-σόφος, ὄν, (δόξα, σόφος) wise in one's own conceit.

δοξῶω, f. ὥσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to have such a character.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: δόξαι, aor. I inf.

δόρά, ἡ, (δέρω) a skin, hide.

δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ.

δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, a small spear, dart.

δορατο-πᾶχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's

thickness.

δώρατος, gen. of δόρυ.

δορήτιος, α, ὄν, (δόρυ) wooden.

δορί-ἄλτωος, ὄν, (δόρυ, ἄλτωναι) captive of the spear; taken in war. [α]

δορί-γαμβρος, ὄν, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle.

δορί-θήρατος, ὄν, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear.

δορι-κάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανεῖν) slain by the spear.

δορι-κῆς, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμνω) slain by the spear.

δορί-κράνος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κράνον) spear-headed.

δορί-κτητος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear.

δορί-κτύπος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτύπω) spear-clashing.

δορί-ληπτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear.

δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανῆναι) raging with the spear.

δορι-μάργος, ὄν, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear.

δορι-μήστωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) master of the spear.

δορί-πάλτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear;

χείρ δοριπαλτος, i. e. the right hand.

δορι-πετής, ἐς, (δόρυ, πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen by the spear.

δορί-πληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the spear.

δορί-πονός, *ον*, (δέρν, πόνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ές*, *v. sub* δουρσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δέρν, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δέρν, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορι-τμητος, *ον*, (δέρν, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορι-τολμος, *ον*, (δέρν, τόλμα) *bold in war.*

δορκάλις, *ίδος*, *ή*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *δδός*, *ή*, (δέδορκα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *δ*, (δέρω) *a leathern bag or wallet.*

δορπέω, *f. ήσω*, (δέρπων) *to take supper.* Hence

δórπηστος, *ύ*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ή*, (δέρπων) *the first day of the feast Apaturia; ής όρής τή δορπία on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΡΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal*, *Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΥΡΥ, *τό*: *gen.* δούρατος, *Ep. δούρατος* δουρός, *in Att. poets also* δορός: *dat.* δούρατι, *Ion. δούρατι* δουρί, *in Att. poets also* δόρει *or* δορί.—*Ion. dual* δοῦρε.—*Plur. nom.* δούρατα, *Ep. δούρατα* δοῦρα, *in Att. Poets also* δόρη: *gen.* δούρων, *Ep. δοῦραν*: *dat.* δόρασι, *Ep. δοῦρασι* δοῦρεσσι. *The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like* *Lat. trabs, a ship.* II. *the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δόρυν meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' ἀσπίδα to the left.*

δορυ-άλωτος, *false reading for* δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαρός, *ές*, (δέρν θαρώ) *daring in war.*

δορύ-ξενος, *ύ*, *ή*, (δέρν, ξένος) *a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.*

δορυ-ξόος, *ον*, *contr.* -ξοῦς, *οὖν*, (δέρν, ξέω) *spear-polishing: as* *Subst., δορυξοῦς, ύ*, *a maker of spears; also* *δορυξός, ύ*.

δορυ-πᾶγής, *ές*, (δέρν, παγήναι) *built of beams.*

δορύ-πατος, -πετής, -πληκτος, *v. δορίπ-*

δορυ-σθενής *or* δορι-σθενής, *ές*, (δέρν, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυς-σής, *ητος, ύ*, *masc. Adj.*, = δορύσσοος, *warlike.*

δορυς-σός, *ον*, *contr.* δορυς-σοῦς, *οὖν*, *poet. also*

δορυ-σός, (δέρν, σείω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, *δορυ-τίνακτος*, *v. δορί-*

δορυφορέω, *f. ήσω*, (δουρφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφόρημα, *ματος*, *τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ή*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ή*, *ον*, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τδ δορυφορικόν the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δέρν, φέρω) *spear-bearings, Lat. bastatus; of* *δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *aor. 2 imperat. of* δίδωμι.

δοσιδικός, *ον*, *false reading for* δωσιδικός.

δόςις, *εως*, *ή*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.* II. *a gift, present: a bequest.*

III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, *Ep. aor. 2 of* δίδωμι.

δότειρα, *ή*, *fem. of* δοτήρ.

δοτός, *α*, *ον*, *verb. Adj. of* δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ηρος, ύ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δότης, *ον, ύ*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ἀγωγέω, *f. ήσω*, (δούλος, ἀγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγείν τδ σώμα to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, *Dim. of* δούλος.

δουλεία *Ion. δουλητή, ή*, (δουλεύω) *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bond-*

men, servile class.

δούλειος, *α*, *ον*, *or* *ος*, *ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (δουλεύω) *a service.* II.

a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, *f. σω*, (δούλος) *to be a slave: generally, c. dat., to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.*

δούλη, *ή*, *fem. of* δούλος.

δουλητή, *Ion. of* δουλεία.

δουλία, *ή*, *poët. for* δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ή*, *ον*, = δούλιος. *Adv.* -κῶς, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α*, *ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον* *ημαρ* *the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δεϊρος, *Ion. for* δολιχόδεϊρος, (δολιχός, δείρη) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, *Ion. for* δολιχόεις, *poët. for* δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ές*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ύ*, *a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to* ἀνδράποδον *(a slave taken in war).* II. *as* *Adj.*, δούλος, *η*, *ον*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp.* δουλότερος, *more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ή*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α*, *ον*, *Comp. of* δούλος.

δουλός, *f. ώσω*, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself.* Hence

δούλωσις, *εως*, *ή*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δοῦναι, *aor. 2 inf. of* δίδωμι.

δοῦναξ, *δουνακός*, *Ion. for* δύναξ, *δονακός.*

δουπέω, *f. ήσω*: *Ep. aor. 1* δούπησα: *pf.* δέδουπα: (δούπος):—*to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *oros, ύ*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΨΟΣ, *ύ*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούπος* *ἀκόντων* *the hurling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δοῦρατα, *syncop. δοῦρα*, *τά*, *Ep. plur. of* δέρν.

δουράτεος, *α*, *ον*, *of* *planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, *Ion. for* δοράτιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α*, *ον*, = δουράτεος.

δοῦρεσσι, *Ep. dat. pl. of* δέρν.

δουρ-ηκεές, (δέρν, ενεγκείν) *Adv. a spear's throw off or distant.*

δουρι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δοριάλωτος.

δουρι-κλειτός, *όν*, Ion. for δορι-κλειτός, (δούρ, κλειτός) *famed for the spear*.

δουρι-κλύτός, *ή, όν*, Ion. for δορι-κλυτός, (δούρ, κλυτός) *famed for the spear*.

δουρι-ικτητός, δουρι-λήπτος, δουρι-μάνης, Ion. for δορι-.

δούριος, = δούρειος.

δουρι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δοριπληκτος.

δουρι-τύπης, *ές*, (δούρ, τύπτω) *wood-cutting*.

δουρο-δόκη, *ή*, (δούρ, δοχή) *a stand for spears*.

δουρο-θήκη, *ή*, (δούρ, θήκη) *a case for spears*.

δουρο-μάνης, *ές*, Ion. for δοριμανής.

δούς, *αορ. 2 part. of δίδωμι*.

δοχείον, Ion. δοχήιον, τό, (δέχομαι) *a bolder*.

δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) *reception, entertainment*, II. *a receptacle*.

δομή, *ή*, *a measure of length, a span*.

δόχμιος, *α, ον*, (δοχμός) *across, sideways, aslant*.

δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (δοχμός, λόφος) *wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume*.

ΔΟΧΜΟΣ, *ή, όν*, *slanting, sideways*. Hence

δοχμόομαι, *αορ. 1 έδοχμάθην*, *Pass. to turn sideways or aslant*.

δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) *as much as one can grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf*, Lat. *manipulus*.

δραγματη-φόρος, *ον*, (δράγμα, φέρω) *carrying sheaves*.

δραγμαεύω, *φ. σω*, *to collect the corn into sheaves*.

δραγμός, *ό*, (δράσσομαι) *a taking bold of, handling*.

δραβέν, *αορ. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω*.

δραβι, δραιίν, *αορ. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω*.

δραίνω, *φ. δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) *to be going to do*.

δράκαινα, *ης, ή*, fem. of δράκων, *a she-dragon*.

δράκειν, *αορ. 2 inf. act. of δέρομαι*.

δράκηναι, *αορ. 2 inf. pass. of δέρομαι*.

δράκόμενος, *αορ. 2 part. med. of δέρομαι*.

δράκον, Ion. for έδράκον, *αορ. 2 of δέρομαι*.

δρακόντειος, *α, ον*, (δράκων) *of a dragon*.

δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ον, ό*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) *serpent-slayer*.

δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (δράκων, μάλλος) *with snakey locks*.

δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (δράκων, είδος) *snake-like*.

δράκων, *αορ. 2 part. act. of δέρομαι*.

δράκων, *οντος, ό*, (δρακείν) *a dragon: later a serpent*.

δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) *a deed, act, acting: a business, duty*. 2. *an action represented on the stage, a drama*.

δράμειν, *αορ. 2 inf. of τρέχω*.

δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμείν) *a course, a race*.

δραμούμαι, *δραμών, fut. and αορ. 2 part. of τρέχω*.

δράναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of διδράσκω*.

δράξ, δράκός, = δράγμα.

δράπετεύνω, *φ. σω*, *to run away, flee*. From

δραπέτης, *ον*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, (δράναι) *a runaway: esp. a runaway slave*. II. *as Adj., δραπέτης κληρος a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,*

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δραπετίδης, *ου, ό*, = δραπέτης.

δραπέτης, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of δραπέτης.

δραπετίσκος, *ό*, Dim. of δραπέτης.

δράς, δράσα, *αορ. 2 part. of δράω*.

δράσειω, *Desiderat. of δράω, to have a mind to do, to be going to do*.

δρασθείς, *αορ. 1 part. pass. of δράω*.

δράσιμος, *ον*, (δράω) *active: τὸ δράσιμον action*.

δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *ό*, (δράναι) *a running away, flight*.

δράσομαι, *fut. of διδράσκω*. [α]

ΔΡΑΣΣΟΜΑΙ *αορ. 1 έδραράμην*: *pf. δέδραγμα* Att. δέδαρμαι:

Dep.:—*to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of: to lay bold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful*.

δραστός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δράω, *to be done*. II. *δραστέον, one must do*.

δραστήριος, *ον*, *vigorous, active, efficacious*.

δράστης, *ον, ό*, (δράω) *a worker: servant*.

δραστικός, *ή, όν*, (δράω) *active*.

δρατός, *ή, όν*, metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, *skinned, flayed*.

δραχημή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) *a drachma, a coin worth 6 obols, i. e. 9½d, nearly = Roman denarius*. II. *an Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)*

ΔΡΑΨΩ, *φ. δράσω* [α]: *αορ. 1 έδρασα: pf. δέδρακα:—Pass., αορ. 1 έδρασθην: pf. δέδραμαι:—to do, be doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εύ or κακώς δρᾶν τινα, to do one good or ill*.

δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) *a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe*. [α]

δρεπανή-φόρος, *ον*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) *bearing a scythe: άρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car*.

δρεπανο-ειδής, *ές*, (δρεπανον, είδος) *sickle-shaped*.

δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, *a sickle: a curved scimitar*.

δρεπάν-ουργός, *ό*, (δρέπανον, *έργω) *a sword-maker*.

δρέπτω, *poët. for δρέπω, to pluck, cull*.

ΔΡΕΨΩ, *φ. ψω*: *αορ. 1 έδρεψα: αορ. 2 έδραπον:—Med., Dor. fut. δρεψέμαι: αορ. 1 έδρεψάμην:—Pass., αορ. 1 έδρεψήην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy*.

δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, Ion. for δραπέτης.

δρησμοσύνη, *ή*, = δρηστοςύνη.

δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, *a run-away*.

δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) *a labourer, worker: fem. δρήστειρα*.

δρηστής, *ου, ό*, Ion. for δραστής.

δρηστοςύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοςύνη, (δράω) *service*.

δριμύλος, *ον*, Dim. of δριμύς, *sharp, piercing*. [υ]

ΔΡΙΜΥΤΣ, *εία, υ*, *piercing, stinging, biting, pungent*. II. *metaph. like Lat. acer, sharp, keen, bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence*

δριμύτης, *τηςος, ή*, *sharpness, pungency: sbrewdness*.

ΔΡΥΟΣ, τό, plur. δρύα, τά, (as if from δρύον) copse-wood, thicket, brushwood.

ΔΡΥΙΤΗ, ἡ, a bathing tub, a bath.

δρῳαῖος, α, ov, or os, ov, (δρόμος) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρῳαῖος, ἄδος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) running, whirling.

δρῳεὺς, εὺς, (δραμεῖν) a runner.

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) a course, race, running; flight: a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἔξω δρόμον φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δρῳερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δρῳός) dewy, watery.

δρῳοῖζω, f. ἰζω, (δρῳός) to bedew, besprinkle.

δρῳοῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρῳός) = δρῳερός.

δρῳοίεος, εσσα, εν, poet. for δρῳερός.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall. 2. pure water: tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δρῳόω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδρῳωμένος, dewy.

δρῳο-ώδης, es, (δρῳός, εἶδος) dew-like, dewy.

Δρυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρύνους [ῥ], η, ov, (δρῦς) oaken; δρύνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύνον honey from a hollow oak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ov, ὁ, = δρυο-κολάπτης.

δρῦμός, ὁ, pl. δρῦμοί and δρῦμά: (δρῦς) an oak-copse, a coppice, wood. [ῥ, except in neut. pl.]

δρῦμῶν, ὧνος, ἡ, (δρῦς) an oak-copse.

δρυο-γόνος, ov, (δρῦς, *γένω) oak-grown.

δρυο-κοίτης, ov, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττις.

δρυο-κολάπτης, ov, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.

δρυο-παγῆς, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγῆναι) built of oak.

δρύ-οχοι, οἱ, or δρύ-οχα, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρῦοχος τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.

δρῦοψ, οπος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὥψ) a kind of woodpecker.

δρῦ-πεπῆς, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέπτω) ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετῆς, ἐς, (δρῦς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.

ΔΡΥΨΠΑ, ἡ, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

ΔΡΥΨΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐδρῦσα Ep. δρύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδρῦσθην: pf. δέδρυμαι:—to, tear, scratch, wound; δρῦπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.

ΔΡΥΨ, ἡ, gen. δρῦος, acc. δρῦν: pl. nom. and acc. δρῦες, δρύας, contr. δρῦς:—the oak, sacred to Zeus. II. any timber tree; πείρα δρῦς the resinous pine. III. metaph. an old tree, i.e. withered old man.

δρῦ-τόμος, ov, (δρῦς, τεμείν) felling timber.

δρύφακτον, τό, and δρύφακτος, ὁ, (δρῦς) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.

δρῦφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρῦπτω.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. 1 of δρῦπτω.

δρύψα, τά, (δρῦπτω) scraping, parings.

δρῶοιμ, Ep. for δρῶμ, lengthd. opt. of ἐρῶ.

δῦ, Ep. for ἐδῦ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.

δυσάκις, Adv. twice, = δις.

δυσάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δυό) the number two.

δυσᾶω, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυσεῖν, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύο.

ΔΥΨ, ἡ, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: hard usage. [ῥ]

δύην, (as if for δύνην), aor. 2 opt. of δύνω.

δυν-πάθη, ἡ, misery. From

δυν-πάθος, ov, (δύη, παθεῖν) suffering woe.

δῦθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύνω.

δῦίος, α, ov, (δύν) miserable.

δύμεναι, δῦμεν, Ep. for δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύνω.

δῦμ, assumed as a collat. form of δύνω, δύνω.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύνω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναιμι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like

ἵσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνω, Ion. δύνῃ δύναει;

3 pl. δύνανται Ep. δυνέται; subj. δύναμαι, Ion. 2

sing. δύναι—imperf. ἔδυνάμην, 2 sing. ἔδύνω, 3 pl.

ἔδυναντο Ion. ἔδυνέατο:—fut. δυνήσομαι; aor. 1 ἔδυν-

ησάμην and ἐδυνήθην (or ἐδυνάσθην Ep. δυνάσθην):

—pf. δεδύνημαι:—in Att. the double augment ἡδυνά-

μην, ἡδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. to be able,

capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.; also c. acc.,

δύνασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia

posse: absol., ὁ δυνάμενος the powerful. II. to

pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναι

ἑπτα ὀβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to

avail: to signify, denote.

δύνάμης, ἡ: gen. eqs Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι:

(δύναμαι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατὰ

δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili;

παρὰ δύναμιν or ὑπὲρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2.

a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity,

Lat. vis, e.g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word,

etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power:

hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as

of money.

δυνάμω, f. ὦσω, (δύναμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναμαι.

δυνάσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for δύναμις.

δυναστεία, ἡ, power, lordship, sovereignty. II.

an oligarchy. From

δυναστεύω, f. σω, to hold power or lordship, be

powerful: to be high in rank. From

δυνάστης, ov, ὁ, (δύναμαι) a lord, master, ruler; οἱ

δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, opos, ὁ, = δυνάστης.

δυνάτέω, f. ἴσω, (δυνατός) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ov, ὁ, poet. for δυνάστης.

δὐνάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) *strong, mighty*: *powerful, able*. II. of things, *possible*.

δυνατός, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully*; δυνατῶς ἔχει it is *possible*.

δύνη, Ep. for ἔδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύναμι.

δύναι, δύνη, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέεται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνηαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύνω, see δύω.

ΔΥΨΟ, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυῶν, in later Att. δυεῖν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat. δυοῖσι Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δύο μοιράων:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; σύν δύο two together, by twos; εἰς δύο two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τῶ, *twelve*, Lat. *duo-decim*.

δωκαίδεκά-μηνος, δωκαϊδεκάς, δωκαϊδέκατος, see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δύωμον, Ep. for δυῶνιν, 3 pl. of δύναμι.

δύρομαι, poet. for δύνρομαι.

δῦσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky, mis-chance*, always with a notion of *bad, bad, ill*, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δύσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-ἀγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-.

δύσ-αγνος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄγνός) *unchaste, impure*.

δυσ-αγρέω, f. ἦσω, to have bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-ἄδελφος, ον, *unhappy in one's brothers*.

δυσ-ἄης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄημι) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse*; δυσἄην Ep. gen. pl. for δυσἄων.

δυσ-ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, most *miserable*.

δυσ-αιάνης, ἐς, most *direful, most horrible*.

δυσ-αἶθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) *not clear, murky*.

δυσ-αἶων, ὄνος, ὄ, ἡ, *miserable in life, most miserable*.

δυσ-αλγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄλγος) *very painful*.

δυσ-ἄλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄλγέω) *unfeeling, hard-hearted*.

δυσ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἡλιος. [α]

δυσ-ἄλωτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄλῃναι) *hard to catch or conquer*; δυσἄλωτος κακῶν *hard to be reached by ills*.

δυσ-ἄμβάτος, ον, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος.

δυσ-ἄμμορος, ον, *most miserable*.

δυσ-ανάβάτος, ον, *hard to mount*.

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίζω) *hard to bring back or recall*.

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-ἀγκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίνω) *hard to distinguish or examine*.

δυσ-ανασχετέω, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) *to bear ill, to be unable to bear*.

δυσ-ἀνατρέπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) *hard to overthrow*.

δυσ-ἄνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) *hard to bear*.

δυσ-ἄνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἡνεμος.

δυσ-ἀντιβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) *hard to look in the face*.

δύσαντο, for ἐδύν-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνῆρ) *with a bad husband*. [α]

δυσ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) *hard to get rid of*.

δυσ-ἄπιστος, ον, *very disobedient*.

δυσ-ἀποκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) *hard to answer*.

δυσ-ἀπότηρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory*.

δυσ-ἄρεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄρεσκω) *ill to please, implacable*: *peevish, morose*.

δυσ-ἄριστο-τόκεα, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἄριστος, τόκος) *unhappy mother of the noblest son*.

δυσ-ἄρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄρχω) *hard to govern*.

δυσ-αυλία, ἡ, *ill or bad lodging*. From

δυσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) *ill for lodging*.

δυσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) *ill-suited for the flute*.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for δυσ-αχῆς.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄχος) *sorely painful*.

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) *grievous to be borne*.

δυσ-βάτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) *hard to pass, impassable*; τὸ δύσβατον *difficult ground*. 2. *trodden painfully*.

δυσ-βᾶυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαῦζω) *full of wailing*.

δυσ-βίωτος, ον, (δυσ-, βίωτος) *making life wretched*.

δυσ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, folly*. From

δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) *ill-advised*.

δυσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βῶλος) *of ill soil, unfruitful*.

δυσ-ῥᾶμος, ον, *ill-wedded*.

δυσ-γάργᾱλις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) *ticklish, skittish*.

δυσ-γενεα, ἡ, *low, mean birth*. From

δυσ-γενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, γένος) *low-born*: *low-minded*.

δύσ-γνωά, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *ignorance, perplexity*.

δυσ-γνωσία, ἡ, *difficulty of knowing*. From

δύσ-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *hard to know or recognise*.

δυσ-δαιμονία, ἡ, *misery*: *wretchedness*. From

δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ὄνος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) *ill-fated*.

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) *much wept*. II. *much weeping*.

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτος, ὅ, ἡ, *ill-wedded*.

δυσ-διάθετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) *hard to settle*.

δύσ-εδρος, ον, (δυσ-, ἔδρα) *bringing ill luck to one's abode*.

δυσ-εἰδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) *unshapely, deformed*.

δυσ-εἰμάτος, ον, (δυσ-, εἶμα) *meanly clad*.

δυσ-εἰσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) *hard to enter or invade*: Sup., -ώτατος, ον, *most inaccessible*.

δυσ-ἐκθύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) *hard to avert by sacrifice*.

δυσ-ἐκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) *hard to undo, inexecutable*:—Adv. -τως, *indissolubly*.

δυσ-εκπέραιτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) *hard to pass from, hard to escape*.

δυσ-ἐκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) *hard to escape from*.

δυσ-ελένα, ἡ, *ill-starred Helen*.

δύσελπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δυσ-ἐλπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐλπίζω) *unhoped for; ἐκ δυσελπίστον, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.*
 δυσ-ἐμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) *hard to walk on, rugged: inaccessible.*
 δυσ-ἐμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δυσ-εντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντεριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἐντερων) *a bowel complaint, dysentery.*
 δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δυσ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to deceive.*
 δυσ-ἐξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) *hard to refute.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) *hard to unfold or explain.*
 δυσ-ἐξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύτω) *hard to make away with: indissoluble.*
 δύσσο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.
 δυσ-ἐπιβουλεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard to plot against or attack secretly.*
 δυσ-ἐραστός, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δυσ-έρημος, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύς-ερίς, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, ἐρίς) *most contentious, very quarrelsome, preevish.*
 δυσ-έριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δυσ-ερμηνεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to explain.*
 δύς-ερος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἔρος) *passionately loving, sick in love with, Lat. perditē amans.*
 II.
 δύσσο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.
 δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δυσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) *hard to find out: hard to get: hard to get through, impervious.*
 δύς-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δυσ-ζητήτος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύς-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζώή) *most wretched.*
 δυσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκείωμαι) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of hearing.*
 δυσ-ηλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) *of death, stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy: of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.*
 δυσ-ήλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.*
 δυσ-ημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δυσ-ήνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύς-ηρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *older form of δύς-ερίς, very quarrelsome, contentious.*
 δυσ-ηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἡχέω) *ill-sounding: hateful to hear of, hateful.*
 δυσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπω) *hard to warm: chilly.*
 δυσθανάτω, f. ἦσω, *to die a lingering death.* From
 δυσ-θάνατος, ον, *dying hard, struggling with death.*
 II. act. bringing a painful death.
 δυσ-θάνής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανείν) *having died a hard death.*
 δυσ-θεῖατος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύς-θεος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπειν) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-θετός, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) *to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegrē ferre.*
 δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανάτω.
 δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δυσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of harsh sound, grating.*
 δυσθυμάνω, = δυσθυμέω.
 δυσθυμέω, f. ἦσω, *to be down-hearted, despond: Med. to be melancholy, angry.* From
 δυσ-θύμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-hearted, dispirited, desponding, anxious.*
 δυσ-ιάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ιάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) *dipped in the sea.*
 δύς-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.*
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ἡλίου the west.*
 δυσ-κάθαρος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) *hard to cleanse or expiate: hard to appease, inexorable.*
 δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to hold in.*
 δύς-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) *very smoky.*
 δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to check: restless.*
 δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to bring about, hard to effect.*
 δυσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to restore or reestablish.*
 δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no means to be despised.*
 δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσ-κατάπρακτος.
 δύσκε, Ion. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.
 δυσ-κῆλδος, ον, *shrill-screaming, grating: harsh.*
 δυσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κηδός) *full of care, painful.*
 δύς-κληλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *past remedy.*
 δυσ-κλής, ἐς: acc. δυσκλεέα poet. δυσκλεῖα: (δυσ-, κλέος) *injurious: infamous, shameful.* Hence
 δύσκληια, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name.*
 δυσκλεῖος, Adv. of δυσκλής, *ingloriously.*
 δύς-κληρος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δυσκλής, poet. for δυσκλεής.
 δυσκολαῖνω, f. ἀνῶ, (δύσκολος) *to be preevish, discontented, annoyed.*
 δυσκοιλία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *preevishness, discontent.*
 δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) *hard to bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.*
 δυσκολό-κοιτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's bed uneasy.*
 δύς-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κύλω) *hard to satisfy with food: hard to please, fretful, preevish, discontented.*
 II. of things, *barassing: unpleasant.*
 δύς-κολπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, *preevishly; δυσκόλως ἔχειν to be preevish.*
 δυσκρῶσία, ἡ, *bad temperament.* From

δύσ-κράτος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) of bad tempera-
ment.

δυσ-κόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne.

δυσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern: hard
to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δυσ-
κρίτως ἔχειν to be in doubt.

δυσ-κύμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the
stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ἦσω, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δυσ-λεκτός, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or hard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιτος, ον, (δυσ-, λογιζομαι) hard to reck-
on. II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-, λόφος) hard for the neck, hard
to bear. II. impatient: Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δυσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble.

δυσμαθέω, f. ἦδω, to be slow at learning. From

δυσ-μάθης, ἐς, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) hard to learn, diffi-
cult. II. act. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θῶς,

δυσμαθῶς ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain;
to fight an unholy fight with. Hence

δυσμάχητον, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard.

δύσ-μάχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with,
unconquerable: generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμεναῖω, (δυσμενής) to bear ill-will.

δυσμενεία, ἡ, (δυσμενής) ill-will, enmity.

δυσμενέων, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile: masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-
will, hostile; δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχειρίστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) hard
to take in hand or manage: hard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. δυμή, ἡ, (δύω) = δύσις, a sinking,
setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνα-
τολαί.

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ιος, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μνήνιτος, ον, (δυσ-, μνήνιω) visited by heavy
wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, ερος, ἡ, a cruel mother, not a true
mother.

δυσμηχανέω, f. ἦσω, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μηχάνος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss.

δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοίρα) = δύσμοπος.

δυσμορία, ἡ, a hard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, ον, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, ἡ, badness of form, ugliness: From

δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) missshapen, ugly.

Δύσ-μοσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μούσα) not favoured by the
Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίω) hard to wash out or off.

δύσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be under-
stood.

δυσνοέω, f. ἦσω, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, ἡ, (δύσνοος) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, ἡ, lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad
code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, ον, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ον, ill-disposed, ill-
affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable
to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δύσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) hard to deal
with.

δυσ-ξύνητος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνήμι) hard to understand,
obscure, enigmatical.

δυσσοδμία, ἡ = δυσσομία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον = δύσσομος.

δυσσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσσοδος, παίπαλη) rugged
and steep.

δύσ-οδος, ον, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δυσ-οίλω, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid.
(From δύς, and οί alas!, as οίμῳ from οἶμω.)

δυσ-οίκτης, ον, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶστω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear,
insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, ον, tempestuous.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, with an ill company, bringing evils
in one's train.

δύσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄμμα) scarce-seeing.

δυσ-όριτος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀράω) hard to see.

δυσ-όργητος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργάω) = δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, οργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, with bad anchorage. II. act.
πλοῖα δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορνις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ὄρνις) boding ill.

δύσ-όρφναλος, α, ον, (δυσ-, ὄρφη) dusky.

δυσσομία, ἡ, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀσμή) ill-smelling, stinking,
rank. II. hard for scent.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ούρίζω) driven on by a too
favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δυσπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer a hard fate, be in afflic-
tion. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegré ferre. From

δυσ-παθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffer-
ing. II. hardly feeling, impassive.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, ον, (δυσ-, παλαίω) hard to wrestle
with, hard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, παλάμη) hard to struggle
with. II. hardly helping oneself, helpless: Adv.

-μως.

δύσ-πάλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to wrestle with:
generally, hard, difficult.

δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incom-
parable.

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) hard to
persuade, stubborn.

δυσ-παράθελκτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) hard to
soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) hard to
move by prayer, inexorable.

δύσ-πάρεινος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εἰνή) ill-mated.

δυσ-παρήγορος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*

δυσ-παρθένος, *ἡ*, *an unhappy maiden.*

Δύσ-πάρης, *ιδος, ὁ*, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris:*
cf. Διόνυπος.

δυσ-πάριτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάρεμι *to pass by*) *hard to pass.*

δυσ-πειθής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.*

δύσ-πειστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., δυσπειστῶς *ἔχειν* *to be incredulous.*

δυσ-πέλαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*

δύσ-πεμπτos, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*

δυσ-πέμφελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμφει) *of the sea, rough and stormy: metaph. rude, discourteous.*

δυσ-πενθής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*

δυσ-περύατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*

δυσ-πετής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. δυσπετῶς, *Ion.* -έως, *with difficulty.*

δυσ-πήμαντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*

δυσ-πίνης, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πίνος) *squalid.*

δύσ-πλάνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*

δυσ-πλοία, *Ion.* -πλοῖη, *ἡ*, *difficulty of sailing.*
From

δύσ-πλωος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*

δύσ-πλωτος, *ον*, = δύσπλωος.

δύσπνοια, *ἡ*, *difficulty of breathing.* From

δύσ-πνοος, *ον*, contr. -πνους, *ον*, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless.* II. *unfit to breathe.* III. *πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι* *contrary winds.*

δυσ-πολέμητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*

δυσ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *unlucky in war.*

δυσ-πολιόρκητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*

δυσ-πονής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*

δυσ-πόνητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned.* II. *bringing toil and trouble.*

δύσ-πονos, *ον*, *toilsome, wearisome.*

δυσ-πóρευτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*

δυσπορία, *ἡ*, *difficulty of passing.* From

δύσ-πορος, *ον*, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*

δύσ-ποτος, *ον*, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. δυσπότῶς, *miserably.*

δύσ-ποτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*

δυσ-πράγγω, *ἡ*, ἡσω, (δυσ-, πράγος) *to fare ill.*

δυσ-πραξία, *ἡ*, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*

δύσ-πράτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρᾶσκω) *hard to sell.*

δυσ-πρεπής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*

δυσ-πρόσβατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόσitos, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι *to approach*) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*

δυσ-πρόσoδος, *ον*, *hard to get at.*

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσόψομαι f. of προσοράω) *ill to look on: of ill aspect.*

δυσ-προστέλαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προστελάζω) *hard to approach.*

δυσ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect.*

δύσ-ρίγος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ρίγος) *unable to bear cold.*

δυσσέβεια, *ἡ*, *impiety: a charge of impiety: and*
δυσσεβέω, *ἡσω*, *to be impious: to act impiously.*

From

δυσ-σεβίης, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*

δυσσεβία, *ἡ*, *impiety for δυσσέβεια.*

δύσ-σοος, *ον*, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruined,*
Lat. *perditus: τὰ δύσσοα* *the rogues.*

δυσ-τάλας, *αἶνα, ἄν*, *very wicked, most miserable.*

δύστανος, *ον*, Dor. *for δύστηνος.*

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture: dark and riddling.*

δυσ-τεκνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*

δυσ-τερπής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*

δύστηνος, *ον*, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II. *like Lat. miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
δυσ-τλήμων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*

δυσ-τλητός, *ον*, (δυσ-, τλήνω) *hard to endure.*

δυσ-τοκέυς, *ἑως, ὁ*, (δυσ-, τοκέυς) *an unhappy parent.*

δυστοκέω, *ἡ*, ἡσω, *to have a hard labour.* From

δύσ-τοκος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκείν) *bringing forth with pain.*

δυστομέω, *ἡ*, ἡσω, *to speak evil of.* From

δύ-στομος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *of a horse, hard-mouthed.*

δύ-στονος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*

δυσ-τόπιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τoπάζω) *hard to guess.*

δυσ-στόχαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*

δυσ-τράπεζος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food.*

δυσ-τράπελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable.* Adv. -λως, *awkwardly.*

δύσ-τροπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward.*

δυστύχω, *ἡ*, ἡσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχής):
—*to be unlucky, unhappy: of things, to fail.* Hence

δυστύχημα, *ατος, τό*, *a mischance, a failure.*

δυσ-τύχης, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.*

Adv. -χως. Hence

δυστύχηλα, *ἡ*, *ill luck, ill fortune.*

δυσ-ύποιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὑποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω) *hard to endure.*

δύσ-φάμος, Dor. *for* δύσφημος.

δύσ-φάτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible, Lat. infandus.*

δυσφήμελ, *ἡ*, ἡσω, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words:*

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of,

blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δυσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, bad-ing. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φιλής, ἐς, (δυσ-, φιλῆς) hateful.

δυσφορέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (δυσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. *aegré ferre*: to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φορμῆς, ἴγως, ὁ, ἡ, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δυσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφόρως ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δυσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III.

senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch

or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χέμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χέιμα) very wintry, stormy.

δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρώω) a thing hard

to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρώω) hard to subdue.

δυσχεραίω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat.

aegré ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II.

to make a thing hard, to make difficulties: ῥήματα

δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχερεία, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble.

2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δυσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage. II.

annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons,

peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be

annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μέλαχιμος from μέ-

λας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαῖνι, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δυσ-χλαῖνος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad.

δύσχορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσχρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράσμαι) hard to use, in-

convenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χῶρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀσ) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδιντος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀδίν) causing grievous

pangs.

δυσανέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to beat down the price, cheapen.

From

δυσ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (δυσ-, ὠνέομαι) one who buys with

difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name,

bearing a name of ill omen, such as Aías.

δυσ-ωπίω, ἡ, ἴσω, (δυσ-, ὥψ) to put a person out of

countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be ashamed,

shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, ἡ, ἴσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ὤρος):—to

keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δυσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ὥρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ον, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥ'Ω or δύνω: fut. δύσω [ῶ]: aor. I act. ἐδῶσα:—

Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδύομην: fut. δύσομαι [ῶ]: aor.

I ἐδύσαμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσαιο, ἐδύσετο,

imperat. δύσσο, part. δύσόμενος used in pres. sense:

with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense,

aor. 2 ἐδύν, vs, v, dual ἐδύτην [ῶ], pl. ἐδῶμεν, ἐδύτε,

ἐδύσαν Ep. ἐδυν; imperat. δύθι, δύτε, subj. δύω; opt.

δύιην or δύην; inf. δύναι, part. δύς: pf. δέδυκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, δύσω, ἐδύσα, to put clothes

on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act.,

and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself,

put on; metaph., εἰ μὴ σύ γε δύσει ἀλκήν if thou wilt

not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make

one's way into; δύναι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into

the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δύναι and δύσασθαι to

plunge into the fight; μνηστήρας δύσασθαι to go in

among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; κά-

ματος γυνὴ δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs;

κρατερὴ ἔλυσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4.

absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δυωδεκά-βοῖος, ον, (δυώδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve

bees.

δυωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δυώδεκα, δρᾶμην) running

twelve courses.

δυωδεκά-μηνος, ος, (δυώδεκα, μήν) twelve months

old.

δυωδεκά-μοῖρος, ον, (δυώδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into

twelve parts.

δυωδεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δυωδέκατος, ον, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δυωκαίκοσι-μέτρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον)

holding two-and-twenty measures.

δυωκαίκοσι-πῆχυς, υς, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πῆχυς)

twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δῶμα, only in nom.

and acc. Also as plur. for δῶματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύο, δέκα) twelve, Lat. duodecim.

δωδεκά-γράμπτος, ον, (δώδεκα, γράμματα) bent twelve

times; δωδεκάγραμpton τέρμα the post that has been

double twelve times.

δωδεκά-ἀρχος, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἀρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δώδεκα, δῶρον II) twelve palms

long.

δωδεκ-ἄεθλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:—

but, δωδεκαέτης, ον, ὁ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουῖνος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίθος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίθον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, *ον*, (δῶδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts*.

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, with twelve children.
δωδεκά-πάλαι, *Adv.* twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.

δωδεκά-πῆχυς, *υ*, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, *ι*, *gen. ios*, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχης, *ον, ὁ*, = δωδεκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (δῶδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλιος, *ον*, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκῦτος, *ον*, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταῖος, *α, ον*, on the twelfth day. From

δωδεκάτος, *η, ον*, (δῶδεκα) the twelfth.

δωδεκά-φυλος, *ον*, (δῶδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.

δωδεκ-ἔτης, *ον, ὁ*, (δῶδεκα, ἔτος) twelve years old; *fem.* δωδεκ-ἔτις, *ιδος, ἡ*.

Δωδώνη, *ἡ*, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δώη, δώησι, *Ep.* 3 *sing. aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

δῶην, *Ep.* for δόην, *aor.* 2 *opt.* of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, *Ep.* for ἔδωκα, *aor.* 1 of δίδωμι.

δῶλος, *Dor.* for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, *ατος τό*, (δέμα) a house, dwelling. II. a part of the house, a chamber, room. III. a house, household.

δωματίον, *τό*, *Dim.* of δῶμα.

δωματίτης, *ον, ὁ*: *fem.* -τις, *ιδος, ἡ*: (δῶμα): of, belonging to the house or household.

δωματο-φθορέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (δῶμα, φθείρω) to ruin house and home.

δωματώ, *φ. ὦσω*, (δῶμα) to house.

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, *Dep.*, (δέμω) to build.

δῶναξ, *Dor.* for δόναξ, δοῦναξ.

δῶμεν, *Ep.* for δῶμεν, 1 *pl. aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

δωρεά, *Ion.* -τή, *ἡ*, a gift, present:—*Acc.* δωρεάν used as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, *Lat.* gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, *φ. ἴσω*: or δωρέομαι, *Dep.*, *φ. ἴσομαι*:—to give, present: to present one with, *Lat.* dono. Hence

δωρήμα, *ατος, τό*, that which is given, a gift.

δωρητός, *ἡ, ὁν*, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to be appreciated by gifts.

II. freely given.

Δωριάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, = Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, *ἑως, ὁ*, (Δῶρος) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω *Dor.* -ῖσδω: *φ. ἴσω*: (Δῶρος):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3.

to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικόν, *ἡ, ὁν*, and Δώριος, *α, ον*, (Δῶρος) Doric, Dorian.

Δωρίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (Δῶρος) *fem. Adj.* Dorian:

(*sub.* γῆ) the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.

(*sub.* κοπίς) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.

Δωρίσδεν, *Dor. inf.* of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσδω, *Dor.* for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) *Adv.* in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—*Pass.* to have a bribe given one: *c. acc.* to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκημα, *ατος, τό*, a bribe.

δωροδοκηστί, *Adv.* (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, *ἡ*, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, *ον*, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.

δωρο-δότης, *ον, ὁ*, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents. δῶρον, *τό*, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods. II.

the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φάγειν) devouring gifts, greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to bring presents or bribes. From δωρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύττομαι, *Dor.* for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, *ἡ*, *Lat.* dos, = δόσις, only in nom.

δῶσειν, *Desiderat.* of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δῶσμεναι, -έμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of δίδωμι.

δῶσι, 3 *pl. aor.* 2 of δίδωμι.

δωσι-δικος, *ον*, (δίδωμι, δική) giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.

δῶσω, *fut.* of δίδωμι.

δῶσῶν, *Dor.* for δῶσαν, *fut. act. part.* of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δῶτης, *ον, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάδω, *φ. ἄσω*, to receive presents. From

δωτήνη, *ἡ*, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: *acc.* δωτήνην as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [ἱ]

δῶτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, *Ep.* for δῶ, *aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

E

Ε, ε, called ε ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and πέμπτos, ε = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B.C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Gramm. introduced the name of ε ψιλόν, ε without the aspirate, because Ε was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ε, him-, her-, or it-self, *Lat.* se, *acc. sing.* and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is εε, never enclitic. II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν,

αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it. See οὖ, *Lat.* sui.

εἶα, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: *Lat.* vab!

εἶα, for εἶα, 3 *sing. impf.* of εἶαω.

εἶα, *Ion.* for ἦν, 1 *sing. impf.* of εἰμι sum.

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. εἶα, 3 sing. pres. of εἶω.

ἔαν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of εἶω.

ἔαγα, pf. of ἄγνυμι with pass. sense.

ἔαγεν [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμι.

ἔαδω, pf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἔαλη or ἐάλη [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω.

ἔάλωκα [ᾶ], pf., ἐάλων [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐάν, Conj. (properly εἰ ἄν), *if haply, if so be that, in case that*, followed by Subjunctive, whereas εἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it εἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἄν. II. with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; σκύπει ἐλὼν ἱκανὸν ἦ see *if or whether* it be enough. III. ἐάν καὶ even *if, granting that*; ἐάν μὴ *if not, except, unless*; ἐάν ἔρα μὴ *if perhaps not*.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐάν stands for *who*; δς ἐάν whosoever; οὖν ἐάν wheresoever; but only in very late writers.

ἐάνων, τό, v. sq.

ἐάνος, ἡ, ὄν. (ἐννῦμι) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; ἐάνος κασσίτερος tin beat out thin and made fit for wear. II. as Subst., ἐάνων (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον), τό, a rich state-robe.

ἔαφα for ἔφα, aor. I of ἔφνυμι.

ἔΑΡ, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, εἶαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος:—Lat. *VER, spring*; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένωιο in early spring; metaph. of anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing; γενῶν ἔαρ the first down on the chin.

ἐαρί-δρεπτος, ον, (ἔαρ, δρέπω) plucked in spring.

ἐαρίξω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (ἔαρ) to pass the spring.

ἐαρινός Ep. εἰαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ἡ, ὄν: (ἔαρ): Lat. *vernus*, of or belonging to spring.

ἔαρο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἔαρ, τρέφω) spring-nurtured.

ἔας, Ep. for ἔης, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔαυσα, Ep. aor. I of εἶω.

ἔαυσι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἰμί sum.

ἔασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.

ἔαται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ἔατε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐᾶτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of εἶω, to be suffered: to be let alone.

ἔατο, Ion. for ἦτο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἔ-αυτοῦ, ἡς, ὄν, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐωυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἐ, q.v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of himself, herself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἔαφθι, Ep. for ἦφθι, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπω.

ἔΑΩ, Ep. contr. ἔω, Ep. εἰώ: impf. εἶων, Ep. without augm. ἔων: fut. εἶάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I εἶαυσα, Ep. εἶαυσα: pf. εἶακα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, εἶασμαι: pf. εἶαμαι. To let, suffer, allow, permit: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone. II. to let go, let alone, let be: heed not.

2. to let alone, let be; θεὸς τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἑάσει he will give one thing, the other he will let alone, i. e. not give; ἐάν χαίρειν το

let alone. III. Med., εἶσθαι τινί τι to give up a thing to another.

ἔων, Ep. for ἔηον, gen. pl. of εἶς.

ἔβαλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

ἔβαν, Ep. for ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἔβασκηνα, ἔβασκάνθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

ἔβαστασα, ἔβασταξα, aor. I of βαστάζω.

ἔβάφθην, ἔβάφην [ᾶ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω.

ἔβδου-ἀγέτης, ον, ὄ, (ἔβδου, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month.

ἔβδομαῖος, α, ον, (ἔβδομος) on the seventh day.

ἔβδομας, ἄδος, ἡ, a number of seven.

ἔβδοματος, ον, (ἔβδομος) the seventh.

ἔβδομήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (ἐπτά) indecl. seventy.

ἔβδομήκοντα-ἔξ, seventy-six.

ἔβδομος, ἡ, ον, (ἐπτά) the seventh. II. ἡ ἔβδου-μη (ἡμέρα), the seventh day of the month.

ἔβεβηκεν, plqpf. of βαίνα.

ἔβεβληκεν, ἔβεβλήην, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

ἔβενινος, ἡ, ον, of ebony. From

ἔΒΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, the ebony-tree, ebony.

ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἔβηξα, aor. I of βήσσω.

ἔβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.

ἔβηστο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, aor. I med. of βαίνω.

ἔβισάμην, ἔβισθη, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω.

ἔβισθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

ἔβιον, aor. 2 of βίω.

ἔβίσασα, 2 sing. aor. I of βιώσκειν.

ἔβλαβεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

ἔβλάσθηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.

ἔβλάσθησα, ἔβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω.

ἔβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.

ἔβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

ἔβλέφθην, aor. I pass. of βλέπω.

ἔβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

ἔβλισα, aor. I of βλίσσω.

ἔβλυσα, aor. I of βλύζω, but ἔβλυσα of βλύω.

ἔβουλεύενα, βουλευέθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

ἔβουλήθη, βουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἔΒΡΑΓΟΣ, a Hebrew: Ἑβραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (sub. διαλέκτος), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

Ἑβραϊστί, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue.

ἔβρασα, ἔβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.

ἔβραχε, see βράχω.

ἔβράχην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

ἔβρέξα, ἔβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

ἔβριξα, aor. I of βρίζω.

ἔβρισσα, aor. I of βρίθω.

ἔβρυχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ῥ].

ἔβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρων, aor. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρωσα, ἔβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβυσα, ἔβυσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βύω.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.
 ἔγ-γαίος, a, ov, also ἔγ-γείος, ov, (ἐν, γῇ) in or of the land, native.
 II. of property, in land, consisting of land.
 III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἔγ-γέᾱα, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγέγλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἐγγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἐγγεγύχηκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγίσσω.
 ἔγ-γείωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

ἔγ-γείος, see ἐγγαίος.
 ἐγγελάσσης, ov, ὁ, a mocker, scorner. From ἐγ-γέλαω, f. ἀσσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:—to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἐγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγενεῖς θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἔγ-γῆράσσω, fut. ἀσσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old in a place.
 ἔγ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίνομαι: (ἐν, γίνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among.
 II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγ-γίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεστι.
 ἐγγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.

ἔγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἔγγιν, ov, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἐγγύς.

ἔγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκός) to have a sweet taste.
 ἔγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.
 ἐγ-γλωττο-τύπew, f. ἥσω, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.
 ἔγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.
 *ἔγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἐγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.
 ἐγ-γυᾱλίξω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυᾱλίξα: (ἐν, γυᾱλον):—to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἐγγυᾱώ, comp. ἡγγυᾱν: fut. ἐγγυᾱήσω: aor. I ἡγγυᾱήσα: pf. ἡγγυᾱήκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυᾱήθην: pf. ἡγγυᾱήμαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγυᾱν, ἐνεγυᾱήσα, ἐγγεγυᾱήκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἐγ-γυᾱή, ἡ, (ἐν, γυᾱον or γυᾱλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἐγγυητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγγυᾱώ) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐγγυᾱώ) plighted, betrothed.
 ἐγγυᾱθην, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at hand, hard by, near.
 II. of Time, nigh at hand.

ἐγγύθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand.
 ἔγ-γυᾱός, ov, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἔΓΓΙΤ' ὧς, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at hand, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at hand.
 III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίαν, ov, and ἐγγύτερος, α, ov; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγίστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἐγγιστα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίαν.

ἐγ-γώνιος, ov, (ἐν, γώνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.
 ἐγδοῦπησα, Ep. for ἔδουπησα, aor. I of δουπέω.
 ἐγγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγᾱνώ: see γέγωνα.
 ἐγγεγᾱνεν, plqpf. of γέγωνα.

ἐγγεγᾱνεν, impf. of γεγᾱνέω: see γέγωνα.
 ἐγεγᾱμένη, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.
 ἐγεγᾱνοι and ἐγγεγᾱνέτω, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.
 ἔΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἔγειρώ: aor. ἡγείρα: pf. ἐγήγερκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγέρθην Ep. 3 pl. ἔγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἔγρετο, ἐγρήγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.
 ἔγεντο, syncope. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίνομαι.

ἐγέρηρα, aor. I of γεραιρώ.
 ἐγερθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἐγερσί-γελος, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλως) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θεᾱτρος, ov, (ἐγείρω, θεᾱτρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.
 ἐγερσιμος, ov, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγερσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.
 ἐγερσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.
 ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγνηγάτω, Ion. for ἐγνηγεμένω ἦσαν, 3. pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγνήγερκα, ἐγνήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἔγνημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγῆρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσσω.
 ἐγῆρᾱσα, aor. I of γηράσσω.

ἐγῆρᾱσα, aor. I of γῆρᾱω.
 ἐγ-καθαρμοδός, f. ὅσω, to fit in.

ἐγ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ov, (ἐγκαθίημι) suborned.
 ἐγ-καθηβάω, f. ἥσω, to pass one's youth in.

ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.
 ἐγ-καθιδρῶ, f. ὅσω [ῶ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II.

intr. to sit in or upon : to take one's seat on.

ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἦσω, to let down into, send in.

ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in.

II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην ; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα ; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν : to be placed or established in.

ἐγ-καθορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour : Med. to run into harbour.

ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a thing.

ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

ἐγκαίνιζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.

ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to make a fire in.

ἐγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω : pf. ἐγέκελκα :—to call in.

II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict ; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one : of actions, to blame, censure.

ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

ἐγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud : an ornament, decoration.

ἐγκαλυμμός, ὁ, a wrapping up. From

ἐγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in : to wrap up :—Med. to hide oneself, esp. one's face : hence to be ashamed.

ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

ἐγ-κάνασσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in ; aor. I imperat. ἐκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)

ἐγ-κἀνάχασμαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω : pf. ἐγκέκᾰφα :—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.

ἐγ-καρπос, ov, containing fruit : fruitful, prolific.

ἐγ-καρσιος, α, ov, cross, transverse, oblique.

ἐγ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.

ἐγκᾶτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels : dat. ἐγκασί.

ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into : to put oneself in.

ἐξ-καταγῆραςκω : f. ἀσσομαι [ᾶ] : to grow old in.

ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δῆσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.

ἐγ-καταείνυμι, f. -ζεύω, to associate with, adapt.

ἐγκατάθειτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in : to lie down.

ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place :—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

ἐγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in ; ἐγκατακρούειν χορεύω to tread a measure or dance among.

ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place : to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among : to enlist soldiers.

ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind : to forsake :—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψι, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast : a being caught in a place.

ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίσω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into : to fix in.

ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.

ἐγ-καταπλέκω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine.

ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon : of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.

ἐγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon :—Med., τελαμώνια ἐγ ἐγκάθετο τέχνην be included the sword-belt in his art, i.e. wrought it by his art.

ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.

ἐγκατελέγη, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.

ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

ἐγκατέπρηξα, aor. I of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.

ἐγκάτθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and

ἐγκάτθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατᾰλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in.

ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immure.

ἐγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack : to be vehement against : to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to,

ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρη with shorn head.

ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.

ἐγκέκᾰφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.

ἐγκέκλκα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω.

ἐγκέκλhma, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.

ἐγκέκλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.

ἐγκέκλμαι, pf. of ἐγκιστομαι.

ἐγκεκυκλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκεκυκλόω.

ἐγκελεύμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

ἐγκελεύστος, ov, urged on, bidden, ordered. From ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting : a spur.

ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. κερᾶσω [ᾶ] : (ἐν, κεράννυμι) : to mix in, mix : metaph. to concoct, contrive.

ἐγ-κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, to mock at.

ἐγ-κέφαλος, ov, (ἐν, κεφαλῇ) within the head ; ὁ ἐγ-κέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.

ἐγκεχᾰλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγαλινώω.

ἐγκεχῶδα, pf. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγκεχῆρμος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχεράω.

ἐγκεχῆμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγ-κιθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.

ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐγ-κλείω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within.
 to shut to, shut fast.
 ἐγκληθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλείω.
 ἐγ-κληῖω, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγ-κλημα, atos, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλήμων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκαλείω) censorious.
 ἐγ-κληρος, ov, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, beirress.
 ἐγ-κληῖω, Att. for ἐγκλείω: aor. I part. ἐγκλήσας.
 ἐγ-κλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.
 ἐγ-κλινώ, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλικα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari.
 ἐγ-κοιλαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγ-κοιλος, ov, (ἐν, κοῖλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἡσوماί, to sleep in.
 ἐγ-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγ-κοισυρῶ, f. ὠσω, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part. pass. ἔγκεκοισυρῶν, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcmæonid family).
 ἐγ-κοιτάς, ados, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγ-κολληβάω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.
 ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἡσω, to hasten, be quick and active. Hence
 ἐγ-κονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a binderance.
 ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκοπος, ov, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, weary.
 ἐγ-κορδύλλω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένως.
 ἐγ-κοσμεῖω, f. ἡσω, to arrange in order.
 ἐγκοτέω, f. ἑώω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγ-κοτος, ov, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἔγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράζομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκρᾳγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. continentia: and
 ἐγκρατεύομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From
 ἐγ-κράτης, ἑς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατῶς, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.
 ἐγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγκροτέουσαι, Dor. for -έουσai, fem. part. pl. of
 ἐγ-κροτέω, f. ἡσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πυγμαῖ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.
 ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.
 ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρυφύλιζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρύφω) to keep oneself hidden: to act underhand.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ados, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρύπιος, ov, (ἐγκρύπτω) hidden in.
 ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐκκτήσομαι, pf. ἡμέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence
 ἐκτῆμα, atos, τό, property held in a foreign country.
 ἐκτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.
 ἐγ-κύκῳ, f. ἡσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-κύκλιος, ov, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.
 ἐγ-κυκλος, ov, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγ-κυκλόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.
 ἐγ-κύμων, ov, gen. onos, (ἐν, κύμα π) pregnant.
 ἐγ-κύος, ov, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμιον.
 ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peer in, to pry into.
 ἐγ-κύρω: impf. ἐνέκυρον: fut. ἐγκύρωσω: aor. I ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγ-κύρω.
 ἐγκύττα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκύρα.
 ἐγ-κωμιάω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεκωμάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκάμιον):—to praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος II. 2.
 ἐγ-κώμιος, ov, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village.
 II. (ἐν, κῶμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.
 ἐγλήμιαι, pf. pass. of γλῦφω.
 ἐγνῶκα, ἐγνώσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γινῶσκα.
 ἐγνων, ws, ω, aor. 2 of γινῶσκα.
 ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γινῶσκα.
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἑώω, to scrape.
 ἐγγράφω [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 ἐγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 ἐγρε-κύδομος, ov, (ἐγείρω, κύδομος) strife-stirring.
 ἐγρε-μάχος, ov, ὁ, and ἐγρέ-μᾶχος, η, ov, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.
 ἐγρεσί-κωμος, ov, (ἐγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.
 ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω: imperat. ἐγρεο: 3 sin x. subj. ἐγρη: inf. ἐγρέσθαι.
 ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορῶς, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορθε (Ep.

for ἐρηγγοράτε, inf. ἐρηγγοῦσθαι (Ep. for ἐρηγγορέ-
ναι):—plqpf. ἐρηγγορή, 3 sing. ἐρηγγορεί. Homer
uses the Ep. form ἐρηγγοῖσθαι in 3 pl. ἐρηγγοῖσθαι.
ἐρηγγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐρηγγοῶν,
formed from ἐρηγγοῖα, watching, awake.

ἐρηγγοῖν, (ἐρηγγοῖα) Adv. wakefully, awake.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, from ἐρηγγοῖα, to be awake or watchful.
ἐρηγγοῖτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐρηγγοῖν.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐρηγγοῖν.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, f. ὡσω, to put the bit in the mouth of,
bold in check:—Pass. to have the bit in one's mouth.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, 3 sing. fut. of ἐρηγγοῖσθαι:—ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, 3
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, f. ὡσω, Dep.=χαρίζομαι.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, (tenses formed from *ἐρηγγοῖν), fut.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχῶν, inf. ἐρηγγοῖν:—to
gape or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, f. ὡσω also—χεσσοῖσθαι: pf. ἐρηγγοῖσθαι:—
Lat. *incoco*: c. acc. to be in a horrid fright at one.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐρηγγοῖσθαι.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, ον, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, βρέμω) thundering with
the spear.

ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, ἡ, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι) a spear, lance.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, Ep. for ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, 3 sing. subj. of ἐρηγγοῖσθαι.
ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, ον, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, κεραυνός) touching the
thunderbolt.

ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, f. ὡσω: aor. I ἐνερχειρῶσθαι: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—
to take in hand, undertake. Hence
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, εως, ἡ, a taking in hand, an undertaking.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, verb. Adj. of ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, one must un-
dertake.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, ὁ, (ἐνερχειρῶσθαι) one who takes in hand:
an adventurer.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐνερχειρῶσθαι) enterprising.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ) in the band. II. as
Subst., ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, τό, a hand-knife, dagger. 2.
a manual, hand-book.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, f. ὡσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) to put into one's
hands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in
band, take on oneself.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) put or delivered
into one's hands.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, Ep. for ἐρηγγοῖσθαι.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, τό, Dim. of ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, a little eel.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι) of an eel.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, vos, ἡ: pl. ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, Att. ἐρηγγοῖσθαι,
εων:—an eel, Lat. *anguilla*:—proverb., ἐρηγγοῖσθαι θη-
ρῶσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, fighting with the spear. (Deriv.
uncertain.)
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, πάλλω) spear-brandishing.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, φέρω) spear-bearing.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, Dor. for ἐρηγγοῖσθαι, part. pr. of ἐρηγγοῖσθαι.
ἐνερχειρῶσθαι: f. ὡσω: aor. I ἐνέρχαι, Ep. ἐνέρχαι: Pass.,
pf. ἐνέρχαισθαι:—to pour in:—Med. to pour or flow
in, be poured in. II. to fill by pouring in; ἐνέρχαι
κρητῆρα to fill the bowl.

ἐνερχειρῶσθαι, ον, (ἐν, χθών) in or of the country, Lat.
indigena.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts,
αἰχμή and δόρυ, head and shaft. II. generally,
a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph., φροντίδος
ἐνέρχαισθαι weapon of thought.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, ἡ, ἀρχουσα, q. v.
ἐνέρχαισθαι, =sq.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, and ἐνέρχαισθαι, to dash against; ἐνέρχαισθαι
ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον be dashed his staff in his
face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινας καὶ
ἀλλους ἐνέρχαισθαι (sc. πόλεμοι) there were wars
urged on against others also.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Dep. to expectorate.
ἐνέρχαισθαι, to want, have need; τὰ ἐνέρχαισθαι ne-
cessaries.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, f. ὡσω: aor. I ἐνέρχαισθαι part. ἐνέρχαι-
σθαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνέρχαισθαι part. ἐνέρχαισθαι:
—to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐν-
έρχαισθαι τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ to bring the boat to land:
absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to
attack, press hard. II. also intr. both in Act.
and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, collat. form of ἐνέρχαισθαι.
ἐνέρχαισθαι, ον, applied as an unguent. From
ἐνέρχαισθαι, to rub in, to anoint. II. like ἐνέρχαισθαι,
to attack, assail.

ἐνέρχαισθαι: f. ὡσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—to be
long about a thing, tarry, delay.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, f. ὡσω, to expose in a pan or pot.
ἐνέρχαισθαι, f. ὡσω, to give room for doing a thing:
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2.
impers. ἐνέρχαισθαι, it is possible or permitted; ἐτι ἐν-
έρχαισθαι there is yet time.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, α, ον, also ὅς, ον, (ἐν, χώρα) in or be-
longing to the country.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, ον, = ἐνέρχαισθαι.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Lat. *EGO*, Germ. *ICH*, our I: pers. Pron.
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:
—strengthened by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγώγε, Lat.
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and
ἐγώγνα: Boeot. ἰώνγα or ἰώνγα:—gen. ἑμοῦ, enclit.
MOT, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μεν,
Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῖς;
Boeot. ἐμοῖς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοί; Dor. ἐμῖν:—
Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.
νῶϊ, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶϊν. Plur.,
nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.
and Ep. ἡμεῶν, Ep. also ἡμεῖων, Dor. ἄμεων, Aeol.
ἄμεῶν:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμῶν or ἡμῖν [ῖ], Dor. ἄμιν,
ἄμιν, Aeol. ἄμμεσι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμεῖας, Ep. and
Aeol. ἄμμε, Dor. ἄμέ.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Dor. for ἐγώγε.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶδα.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶμαι.

ἐνέρχαισθαι, Dor. for ἐγὼ, ἐγώγε.

ἐδάν, ης, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΝ.

ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δαίνωμι.

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.
 ἐδάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἐδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδέν) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*
 or *excellent*.
 ἐδάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαίρω.
 ἐδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἐδαρκον, metath. for ἐδράκον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδασάμην, aor. I of δατέομαι.
 ἐδαφίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰῶ, *to make level: to level with*
the earth. From
 ἐδάφος, εος, τό, *the bottom, or base of anything: the*
ground: ἔδαφος νηὸς the bottom or hold of a ship:
also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From
 the same root as δάμ-εδον, τάμ-ης.)
 ἐδδισα, Ep. for ἔδδισα, aor. I of δείδω.
 ἐδέγγην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέδατο, Ion. for ἐδέδετο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἐδέδεγγην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέδηκεν, plqpf. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδέδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.
 ἐδεδημάτο Ion. 3 plur., and ἐδέδημτο 3 sing., plqpf.
 pass. of δέμω.
 ἐδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.
 ἐδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδεδακείν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδέθηθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέθησα, aor. I of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέθηθην, aor. I pass. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδεδίμεν, -ισαν, Ep. I and 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.
 ἐδεῖμα, aor. I of δέμω.
 ἐδεῖσα, aor. I of δαίκνυμι.
 ἐδεῖρα, aor. I of δέρω.
 ἐδεῖδα, aor. I of δείδω.
 ἐδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέμεν, Ep. for ἔδδεν, inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἔδειξα, -άμην, aor. I act. and
 med. of δαίαννυμι; but ἐδεξάμην also aor. I of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεσμα, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.
 ἐδεστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.
 ἐδεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*. II.
eaten: consumed.
 ἐδεύηται, aor. I of δεύω, *to need*.
 ἐδήδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηδώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηΐουν, Att. ἐδήουν, impf. of δηΐω.
 ἐδησα, aor. I of δέω, *to bind: also* Ep. aor. I of δέω,
to want.
 ἐδητύς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ῥ]
 ἐδήχθηθην, aor. I pass. of δάκνω.
 ἐδαίτησα, aor. I of δαιτάω.
 ἐδῆγασα, ἐδῆγθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δηΐω.
 ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα, aor. I of διδάσκω.
 ἐδίδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδώ.
 ἐδίχμην, impf. of δίχημαι.
 ἐδίχηνα, aor. I of διώνω.

ἔδικον, v. δικεῖν.
 ἐδίνευσα, ἐδίνησα, aor. I of δινεύω, δινέω.
 ἐδίψησα, aor. I of διψάω.
 ἐδώξα, ἐδώχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διώκω.
 ἐδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐδμήθην, aor. I pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδνάομαι, Dep. = ἐδνώω. From
 ἜΔΝΑ, Ep. ἔδνα, τά, *nuptial gifts*, 1. *from*
the suitor to the bride. 2. *from the suitor to the*
bride's father. 3. *a portion or dowry, given to*
the bride by her parents, also φέρνη or προίξ. 4.
wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests.
 Hence
 ἐδνώω, f. ὥσω, *to promise or betroth for presents*.
 Hence
 ἐδνωτής Ep. ἐδνωτής, οὗ, ὅ, *a betrother, of a father*
who portions a bride.
 ἐδόθην, aor. I pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδοκέμεν, Dor. for ἐδοκοῦμεν, I pl. impf. of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκῆσα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκίμασα, ἐδοκιμάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of
 δοκιμάζω.
 ἐδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω.
 ἐδομεν, ἐδοτε, ἐδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἐδοξα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἐδοξάθην, aor. I pass. of δοξάω.
 ἐδος, εος, τό, (ἔξομαι) *a thing to sit on, a seat*. 2.
a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. *a foundation, base,*
the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. *the*
act of sitting; οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.
 ἐδοῦμαι, fut. of ἔξομαι.
 ἐδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, ἡ, (ἔξομαι) *any seat, a chair,*
bench, etc. 2. *a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a*
temple, altar. 3. *a foundation, base*. II. *a*
sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; οὐκ ἔδρας
ἀκμή it is not the season for sitting still. 2. *a*
sitting, session. III. *the seat, fundament*.
 ἐδράθον, poet. for ἔδραθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἐδραῖος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) *sitting, sedentary*. II.
 steadfast, firm, constant.
 ἐδραῖός, f. ὥσω, = ἐδριάω. Hence
 ἐδραῖωμα, ατος, τό, *a foundation, base*.
 ἐδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδράκον, ἐδράκηθην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδράμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.
 ἐδρᾶν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἐδρανόν, τό, (ἔδρα) *a seat, abode, dwelling*.
 ἐδρᾶσα, aor. I of δρᾶω.
 ἐδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἐδρησα, Ion. for ἔδρᾶσα, aor. I of δρᾶω.
 ἐδριόσμαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) *to sit: Ep. inf. ἐδριάσθαι;*
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἐδριώντο.
 ἐδρο-στρόφος, ὅ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) *a wrestler who*
throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.
 ἐδρυφα, ἐδρύφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δρύπτω.
 ἔδυν, I sing. aor. 2 of δύνω; but also Ep. for ἔδυσαν,
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἐδυνάσθην or -ήθην, aor. I of δύναιμι.
 ἐδυνάτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναιμι.
 ἐδύσσο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.
 ἐδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχεῖν.
 ἜΔΩ, Ion. impf. ἔδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδῃδα, pass. ἔδῃδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἐσθίω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up; i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence
 ἐδοδὴ, ἡ, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence
 ἐδώδιμος, ov, eatable: τὰ ἐδώδιμα provisions.
 ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.
 ἐδῶλιον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. II. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. *transstrum*.
 ἔε, poet. for ἐ, him, acc. of οὗ.
 ἔεδνα, ἐεδνώ, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδνα, ἐδνώ, -ωτής.
 ἐείδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.
 ἐεικοσά-βοιοι, εἰκοσι, εἰκοσῆς, ἐεικοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.
 εἰλεον, Ep. for εἴλεον, impf. of εἰλέω.
 εἵπα, as, ε, εἵπον, ες, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἵπον.
 εἶς, Ep. for εἷς.
 εἴσαο, εἴσατο, εἴσασθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual., aor. I of εἰμι ἴβο.
 εἴσατο, εἴσαμένος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of *εἶδω.
 ἐλδομαι, ἐλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ.
 ἐλμαι, ἐελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἰλω.
 ἐλπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.
 ἐλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἰλω.
 ἐέργαθον, Ep. for εἰργαθόν.
 ἔεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐεργνυμι, ἔεργω, Ep. for εἰργ-.
 ἐεργμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἰρω.
 ἐέρτο, ἐεργήεις, Ep. for ἐέρῃ, ἐεργήεις.
 ἔεργο, Ep. 3 sing. plpf. pass. of εἰρω.
 ἐέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plpf. pass. of εἰργω.
 ἐέσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔζω.
 ἔεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐζευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔζεφα, ἐζεύχην, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἘΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμην: (the Root is 'ΕΔ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit;
 ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην they sank to the earth.
 ἐζύγην [ῥ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔζωμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι.
 ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔη, fem. of ἐός, his.
 ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔημι.
 ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔηνδανε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἐῆος, gen. masc. of ἐῆς, good, brave, noble.
 ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, who, what:—but ἔης gen. fem. of ἐός, his.

ἔησθα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔθαψα, ἐθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω.
 ἔθωνον, aor. 2 of θνήσκω.
 ἐθάς, ἀδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.
 ἔθαψα, ἐθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.
 ἔθηεσάμην, Ion. aor. I of ἔδομαι.
 ἘΘΕΙΠΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or the horsehair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence
 ἔθειράω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.
 ἔθειρο, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἐθελήμῶς, ὄν, (ἐθέλω) willing, voluntary.
 ἐθελήσθαι, for ἐθέλεις, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐθέλω.
 ἐθελήτος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐθέλω) willed, voluntary.
 ἐθέλω, ἐθέλχην, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.
 ἐθελο-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.
 ἐθελό-δουλος, ὄν, a willing slave.
 ἐθελο-θρησκεία, ἡ, (ἐθέλω, θρησκεύω) will-worship, superstitious observance.
 ἐθελοκάκέω, f. ἦσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From
 ἐθελό-κάκος, ὄν, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.
 ἐθελοντηδόν, (ἐθέλω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἐθελοντήν, (ἐθέλω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἐθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐθέλω) a volunteer.
 ἐθελοντής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἐθέλω) a volunteer.
 ἐθελοντί, Adv. = ἐθελοντηδόν.
 ἐθέλοντι, Dor. for ἐθέλουσι, 3 pl. of ἐθέλω.
 ἐθελοπνία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From
 ἐθελό-πνος, ὄν, (ἐθέλω, πνός) willing to work.
 ἐθελο-πρόξενος, ὄν, (ἐθέλω, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος (q. v.) to a foreign state.
 ἐθελ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἐθέλω, *ἔργω) willing to work.
 ἐθελοῦστος, α, ὄν, (ἐθέλω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.
 ἘΘΕΛΩ: impf. ἤθελον: fut. ἐθελήσω: aor. I ἠθέλησα; pf. ἠθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προεῖν ἄλλ' ἵχθητο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. *volō*; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. *quid sibi vult?* what means, what purports the prodigy?
 ἔθεμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθεν, Ep and Att. poet. gen. for ἐο, οὗ, of him, of her.
 ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθέρισμα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.
 ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθευ, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθηπτο, ἔθημευθα, ἔθηευντο, Ion. for ἔθεατο, ἔθε-
 ἄμεθα, ἔθεάντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.
 ἔθημευσθα, Ion. I pl. of ἔθεομαι.
 ἐθηγίσαντο, Ion. for ἐθέασαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθθακα, 1 sing. aor. 1 of τῖθμι.
 ἔθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἵθμι; but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of τῖθμι.
 ἔθιγον, aor. 2 of θιγγάνω.
 ἔθιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. 1 εἶθισα: pf. εἶθικα:—Pass., aor. 1 εἶθισθην: pf. εἶθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence
 ἔθιστόν, verb. Adj. one must accustom.
 ἔθλασα, aor. 1 of θλάω.
 ἔθλιψα, aor. 1 of θλίβω.
 ἔθν-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: perfect: an ethnarch.
 ἔθνικός, ἡ, ὄν, national. II. foreign: gentile:—Adv.—κώς, like the Gentiles. From
 *ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.
 ἔθορον, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.
 *ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.
 ἔθραυσα, aor. 1 of θραύω.
 ἔθρεξα, aor. 1 of τρέχω.
 ἔθρέφθην, aor. 1 pass. of τρέφω.
 ἔθρεψα, aor. 1 of τρέφω.
 ἔθρήνευ, Dor. for ἔθρήνον, impf. of θρηνέω.
 ἔθρῖσα, poet. for ἔθρισα, aor. 1 of θριψίω.
 *ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἴωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plpf. εἰώθειν Ion. ἔωθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰώθας as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθός one's custom.
 ΕΙ, a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.
 εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἶμι ibo.
 εἶα, and trisyll. εἶα, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! εἶα νυν, well now.
 εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of εἶω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres.
 εἶαθην, εἶαμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of εἶω.
 εἶαμένη, ἡ, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 εἰ ἄν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into ἐάν, ἤν, and ἄν.
 εἰάνός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ἐάνός.
 εἶαρ, εἰαρινός, Ep. for ἔαρ, ἔαρινός.
 εἰαρό-μασθος, ον, (εἶαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts.
 εἶς, 2 sing. impf. of εἶω;—εἶσα, aor. 1 of the same.
 εἶασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.
 εἶαται, εἶατο, Ep. for Ion. ἔαται, ἔατο, which is for ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.
 εἶατο, Ion. for εἶντο, 3 sing. plpf. of ἔννυμι.
 ΕΙ^νΒΩ, Ep. form of λείβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.
 εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if..! O that..! I would that..! Lat. utinam!
 εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.
 εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἐθέλεις, ἄγε.
 εἰδάλμιος, ἡ, ον, (εἶδος) shapely, comely. II. like, looking like.
 εἶδαρ, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.
 εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δὲ μὴ, elliptic for εἰ δὲ μὴ τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise, Lat. sin aliter.
 εἰδέω, for εἰδῶ, subj. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δὴ, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.
 εἰδημων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*εἶδω) knowing or expert in a thing.
 εἰδισμέν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.
 εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.
 εἶδομες, Dor. for εἶδομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδος, εος, τό, (*εἶδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action.
 III. species, opp. to genus.
 εἰδός, dat. pl. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότης, acc. sing. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότης, Adv. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, knowingly.
 εἰδυία, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδυίλιον, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.
 *ΕΙ^νΔΩ (or more properly ΕΙ^νΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὁράω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.
 A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἴδον, ἴδεσκον; subj. ἴδω, Ep. also ἴδωμι; inf. ἴδεν, Ep. also ἴδεναι; part. ἴδων. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν Ep. ἴδόμεν; imperat. ἰδοῦ; subj. ἴδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. ecce. Ὅραω is used as pres., ἐώρακα or ἐύώρακα, as pf., ὕψομαι as fut.
 II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἶδομαι: aor. 1 εἰσάμην, Ep. also εἰσαόμην, ao, ato, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videre; εἶδετα ἄστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰσατο φθογγὴν Πολίτη she made herself like Polites in voice.
 B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows); so also plpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶσθα (poët. also οἶδας); 1 pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθε, ἴστω:—subj. οἶδω, Ep. also ἰδέω:—opt. εἰδείην;—inf. εἰδέναι, Ep. ἴδμεναι and ἴδμεν:—part. εἰδός, Ep. fem. ἰδυία:—impf., ᾗδεν, Ep. ᾗδεα, Att. ᾗδῃ, 2 sing. ᾗδεις for ᾗδης, Att. ᾗδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. ᾗειδῃ, Att. ᾗδῃ, ᾗδεν; plur., ᾗδεμεν, ᾗδετε or ᾗδετε, ᾗδεσαν or ᾗδεσαν, Att. ᾗσμεν, ᾗστε, ᾗσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσομαι, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. To know; εὖ οἶδα I know well; εὖ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μῆδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξων εὖ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χόριν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶδ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὧς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὃ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὃ, do, thou knowest what.

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.
εἰδωλό-θυτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.
εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From
εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρης) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.

εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men.

II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy. III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶδω v.
εἴεν, Att. for εἴησαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἴεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.
εἴην, opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἴην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔημι.
εἴθαρ, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.
εἴ-θε, Dor. and Ep. αἴ-θε, Interj. O that! would that! Lat. utinam!

εἴθην, Ion. ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἔημι.
εἰθίζω, f. ἴσω, poet. for ἐθίζω,
εἴθισα, εἴθικα, aor. I and pf. of ἐθίζω.
εἴκα, Att. for εἴοκα.

εἴκα, pf. of ἔημι.
εἰκάσω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἤκασα Ion. εἴκασα:—Pass., aor. I ἤκασθην: pf. ἤκασμαι Ion. εἴκασμαι: (εἰκός):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.

II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἴκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκαθεῖν; part. εἰκαθών.

εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκή) without purpose: random, hasty.

II. common, worthless.

εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάσω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.

εἰκάσμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάσω) a likeness.

εἰκάσμος, οὔ, ὁ, (εἰκάσω) a conjecturing.

εἰκαστῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (εἰκάσω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.

εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰκάσω) to be compared, like.

εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἰκοσι.

εἰκελ-όνειρος, ον, (εἰκελος, ὄνειρος) dream-like.

εἰκελός, ἡ, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

εἰκένας, Att. for εἰκέναι, inf. of εἴοκα.

ΕΓΚΗ, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temeré.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκών) to mould into form. Hence

εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὅτος, τό, neut. part. of εἴοκα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοσά-βολος, Ep. εἰκοσάβολος, ον, (εἴκοσι, βούς) worth twenty oxen.

εἰκοσα-ετής, ἑς, (εἴκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοσάκις, (εἴκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἰκοσά-μηνος, ον, (εἴκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.

ΕΓΚΟΣΙ before a vowel, εἴκοσιν, Ep. ἑἴκοσι, Dor. εἰκατι, οἰ, αἰ, τὰ, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

εἰκοσι-νήριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσινήρι' ἀποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσί-πηχυς, υ, (εἴκοσι, πήχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσά-όργυιος, ον, (εἴκοσι, ὄργυια) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκόσπορος, ποῖτ. εἴκ-, ον, (εἴκοσι) with twenty ears.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός II.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὅν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσά-ώρυγος, ον, (εἴκοσι, ὄρυγία) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἴκτον, Ep. for εἴκοτον, 3 dual of εἴοκα.

εἴκτο, εἴκτην, Ep. for εἴοκει, εἴοκάτην, 3 sing. and 3 dual, plqpf.

*ΕἴΚΩ, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε, Att. ἦκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. εἴοκα, plqpf. ἐφῆκει were used for the pres. and impf.; see εἴοκα.

ΕἴΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἴκαθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire. 2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent;

πενίη εἴκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III.

impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκών, ἡ, gen. ὄνος, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκά, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἴκα, εἴοκα):—a figure, image, likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2.

a similit.

εἰκός, part. of εἴοκα, pf. of *εἴκω, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἰλή) = ἰληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπνίξω, (εἰλαπνήν) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπνισαυτής, οὔ, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπνήν, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single host, opp. to ἑράνος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, αρος, τό, (εἰλω) a covering: a protection, shelter; εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἰλαχα, Dor. for εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλεγμαί, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλείθυια, ἡ, *Ilithyia*, (from ἐληλυθία, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with Diana.
 εἶλεν, εἶλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλεν, Dor. for εἶλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλεντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω, lengthd. form of εἶλω.
 εἶλη, ἡ, = ἴλη, a troop, company.
 εἶλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth; *warmth*; see ἔλη.
 εἰλληγμαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδὰ, Adv. (εἶλη) = ἰληδόν, in troops or companies.
 II. (εἶλω) by coiling round.
 εἰλήλουθα, εἰληλούθειν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι; εἰλήλουθμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.
 εἰλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, *purenness: sincerity*. From εἰλκ-κρίνης, (εἶλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested; hence, 1. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. distinct, palfrable, sheer. 3. Adv. -ώς, of itself, absolutely.
 εἰλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλικτός.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἔλιξ.
 εἰλί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἶλω, πούς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.
 εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, ἐς, epith. of the plant ἄγρωστις, (from ἔλος, τένω), stretching or spreading through marshes.
 εἰλιχάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλικύσα, εἰλικύστην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔλκυω.
 εἰλυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκυω.
 εἶλον, εἶλῳμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλῶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἶλω.
 εἰλύμα, atos, τό, (εἰλύω) a cover, dress, clothing.
 εἰλύος, ὁ, (εἰλύω) a lurking-place, den.
 εἰλύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶλω.
 εἰλύφάζω = εἰλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.
 εἰλύφω, = εἰλυφάζω: Ep. part. εἰλυφών.
 Εἰπᾶτ' ὦ Att. εἰλῶ: f. ἴσω [v]: pf. pass. εἰλῳμαι:—to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapt or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμᾶθω buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.
 Εἰτ' ἄλλω, εἰλλω, or ἰλλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω:—from εἶλω are formed aor. 1 ἔλσα, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἀλήμεναι; part. ἀλεις, εἶσα, ἐν; Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἰλέω are formed impf. εἶλεον, Ep. 3 sing. εἶλει; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἶλησα; Pass., aor. 1 εἰλήσθην; pf. εἰλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. εὔλει,

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νῆα κερανῶ ἔλσας having struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἀλὲν ὕδωρ water collected:—also to draw oneself together, crouch, cover; Ἀχιλῆα ἀλεις μένεν collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like εἰλίσσω, γῇ εἰλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.
 Εἰλως, atos, ὁ, and Εἰλώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτίς, ἰδος:—a *Helot*, i.e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From Ἐλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)
 Εἰλωτεία, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἰλωτεύω, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.
 εἶμα, atos, τό, (ἐννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing in an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.
 εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἴημι.
 III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.
 εἶμαρται, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μέιρομαι.
 εἶμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἶμι sum: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum.
 εἶμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. of εἶμι sum: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum.
 εἶμί, Aeol. ἐμμί (from Root *ΕΩ, sum, esse); εἶ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur., ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἶμεν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; ἐσί Ep. ἔσι Dor. ἐντί.—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔστων Att. ὄντων:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἴω:—Opt. εἴην Ep. εἴοιμι; plur. εἴημεν, εἴητε Ep. εἴμεν, εἴτε:—Infin. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμεναι, ἔμεν:—Part. ὦν Ep. εἶών, εἶούσα, etc.—Imper. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. εἶα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσκον, ἐς, &c.; 2 sing. ἦσθα Ep. and ἐησθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσομαι, 3 sing. ἔσεται from Dor. ἔσούμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἶμι is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἔστι in cases of emphasis.
 To be, Lat. sum. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ' ἔστι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὗτος ἀνὴρ, οὐδ' ἔσεται there lives not the man, no nor will live. II. ἔστι, impers. with inf., it is possible, lawfully. III. εἶμι with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἵματος εἰς ἀγαθοῦ θου art of good blood. 2. ἐαντοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δῆμου ἐστί he belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρός ἐστι it is the part of a man; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστι μοι, Lat. est mihi, I have; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀσμένω εἴη, Lat. esset mihi volenti.

V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἔστιν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many; ἔστιν or ἔσθ' ὅτε, Lat. est quum, at times, sometimes; ἔσθ' ὅπῃ or ὅπου, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, somehow; ἔστιν ὅπως in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἰΩ, eo), εἶς Ep. εἶσα, εἶσι, plur. ἵμεν, ἴτε, ἰάσι or εἰσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἴησα, ἴη Ep. ἴησι:—Opt. ἰοίμι, ἰοίην, Ep. 3 sing. ἰείη or εἴη:—Inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἵμεναι, ἵμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦια, 3 sing. ἦτε contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur., ἦειμεν, ἦετε, ἦσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and 1 pl. ῥομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO*, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἰσομαι, to hasten, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἰσατο, εἰσατο, 3 dual εἰσάσθην.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; ἰέναι τινὶ διὰ φιλίας, δι' ἔχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροὺς εἰσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., εἰσάσθην συλήσειν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ ρηὺς ἰέναι.

2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἶσι διὰ δουρὸς the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔτος εἶσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., ἰέναι εἰς ταυτὸν to come together; ἰέναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ go then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.

εἰνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἰνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.

εἰναῖετις, ἰδος, fem. of εἰναετής, nine years old.

εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum.

II. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ido.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔημι, to send.

εἰνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐνάκις, nine times.

εἰναχιο-χίλιοι, ων, nine thousand.

εἰνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.

εἰν-άλιος, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιος.

εἰνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.

εἰνάς, ἄδος, ἦ, poet. for ἐννάς η, the ninth day.

εἰνάτερες, αι, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.

εἰνάτος, η, ον, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth.

εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἰνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.

εἰν-όδιος, η, α, and ον, poet. for ἐνόδιος.

εἰνοσί-φυλλος, ον, (ἐνόςτις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

εἶξα, aor. 2 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶξασαι, Att. for εἰλοκασαι, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.

εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὖ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰουκῖναι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἰοκα.

εἶος, Ep. for ἔως, until.

εἶπα, aor. 1 for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἰπέμεν, Dor. for εἰπείν.

εἰ-περ, if, at all events, if indeed.

εἶπην, Dor. for εἵπειν, see εἵπον.

εἰ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἰ-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke. I said, aor. 2 from a pres. *εἶπω = *ἔπω:

imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἵπειν Ep. εἵπέμε-

ναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἵπην; part. εἵπών. There is also an aor. 1 εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat.

εἶπον, εἶπάτω, εἶπατον, εἶπατε: εἶπέ, like ἄγε, occurs also for εἵπετε as before a plural.

In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπείπασθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω,

ἐρῶ, εἵρηκα.

εἵποντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπομαι, to follow.

εἰ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando. II.

indirect, if or whether ever.

εἰ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

εἰ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἰργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω.

εἰργασάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act.

sense: εἰργάσθην, aor. 1 pass. used in pass. sense.

εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἰργμός, Att. εἰργμός, ὁ, (εἰργω) a prison.

εἰργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (εἰργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἰργνύμι and -ῶς, = εἰργω, to shut in or up.

Εἰρῆτῳ or εἰργω, Att. for the earlier form ἔργω.

εἰρέσται, Ion. for εἰρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἵρεπος, ὁ, (εἵρω) bondage, slavery.

εἵρεστια Ion. -τη, ἡ, (εἵρεσσω) a rowing.

2. any violent motion, throbbing.

II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

εἵρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἵρος) a harvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Παναθήμια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

εἵρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἡ, (εἵρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἵρηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἱρην, ενος, ὁ, (εἵρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἔφηρος.

εἵρηναῖος, α, ον, (εἵρήνη) peaceful, in peace.

εἵρηνέω, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace.

II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

εἵρήνη, ἡ, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; εἵρήνην

ἀγναι to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: *peaceful, peaceable*:—Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make peace. From εἰρηνοποιός, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιός, ὁ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἔρειω, ἔρῶ.

εἰρήνεος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woollen, of wool. From εἶριον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἔριον, wool.

εἰρῆκτός, verb. Adj. of εἶργω, one must prevent.

εἰρῆκτῇ Ion. εἰρῆκτῇ, ἡ, (εἶργω) an inclosure, prison.

εἶρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἐρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἶρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

Εἶρως, τό, wool.

εἶρο-χαρής, ἐς, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in wool.

εἶρπομεν, Dor. for εἶρπομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἶρω.

εἰράσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύομαι:—εἰράτο, 3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἶρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.

εἶρμεναι [ῥ], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύσας [ῥ], Ion. aor. 1 part. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

εἶρῶ, εἰρύομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρύομαι.

Εἶρω (A): aor. 1 εἶρα and ἔρσα: pf. pass. part. ἑρμένος, Ep. ἑρμένος:—Lat. *SERO*, to tie, join, fasten together, string; ἡλέκτροισιν ἑρμένος set with pieces of electron.

Εἶρω (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶροτο, εἶροντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

Εἶρων, ὄνος, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἰρωνεία, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἰρωνεύομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἰρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐρωτάω.

Εἶς or Ἐς, Prep. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into.

I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤπα ιδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra*, *adversus*, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῖναι εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἀΐδαο [δόμον], Att. εἰς Ἀΐδου, to the abode of Hades; ἐς Ἀθηναίης [ἱερὸν] to the temple of Athena, ἐς Πιρᾶμιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δήμητρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. *ad Apollinis, Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

II. OF TIME, 1. until, ἐς ἥν, ἐς ἡέλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; ἐς ὅ until; ἐς ἐμέ up to my time.

2. to determine a period, for, ἐς ἐνιαυτὸν for a year, i.e. a whole year; ἐς θέρος, ἐς ὥπωρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἶψα for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς up to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθὸν to speak for good, with a good object; εἰς πόλεμον θαρῆξομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: ἐς μίαν (sc. βουλὴν) βουλευεῖν to resolve one way or unanimously; εἰς ἐν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο too deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express relation, ἐς ὃ in regard to which, i.e. *wherfore*: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., ἐς τάχος for *ταχέως*.

Εἰς is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἄρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἄλαδε.

Εἶς, μία, ἔν, gen. ἐνός, μᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS*, Engl. *ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. *μ* in the Ep. masc. *τός*, fem. *ῆς*: strengthd. εἰς ὅλος, μία ὅα or οἷη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἄριστος: εἰς τις *some one*, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἐν ἕκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνὴρ, Lat. *unus omnium*, for one man, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγῆματο most for one man.

Εἶς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί *sum*.

II. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμι *ibo*.

Εἶς, aor. 2 part. of ἵημι.

Εἶσα, Causal aor. 1 of ἵζω, ἔζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἶσε be set a spy; λόχον εἶσαν they laid an ambush: aor. εἶσας, inf. ἔσαι, Ep. ἔσσα.

II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρύω.

εἰς-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσαγωγή.

εἰσαγγελεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

εἰς-αγγέλλω, f. —ελῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω: —to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report.

II. to accuse one of a state-offence: see εἰσαγγελία.

εἰς-ἀγείρω, f. —ερώ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰς-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 —ἡγάγω: pf. —αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; ἑσάγειν or ἐσάγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; εἰσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξάγεσθαι to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city; also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; εἰσάγειν τι ἐς βουλὴν, to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or γραφὴν to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσαεῖ, Adv. for εἰς αἰεῖ, for ever.

εἰσα-εἰρόμαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσα-αθρέω, f. ἴσω, to look into, descry.

εἰσα-αἶρω, f. -ἄρῶ, to lift or carry in.

εἰσα-αἶσσω, εἰσα-ἄσσω, f. -ἄξω, to dart into.

εἰσαίτο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *εἶδω.

εἰσα-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to hurl javelins at: absol., to dart or spout up, of blood.

εἰσα-ἄκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα: pf. -αἰήκοα: —to listen, hearken to: and, simply, to hear. II. to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσα-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰσάγω, one must bring in.

εἰσα-άλλομαι, f. -αλουμαι: aor. I -ἡλάμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἔαλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσα-ἄμβιβω, f. ψω, to pass into.

εἰσαίμην, Ep. aor. I med. of εἰμι ἰβο.

aor. I med. of *εἶδω, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of εἰσα, I founded.

εἰσα-αναβαίνω, aor. 2 -ανέβην, to go up into.

εἰσα-ἀναγκάζω, f. to force into, constrain.

εἰσα-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up into.

εἰσα-ανείδω, aor. 2 (see εἶδον): to look up to.

εἰσα-ἀνεμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδῶν, part. of εἰσανεῖδον.

εἰσανιών, part. of εἰσάνειμι.

εἰσα-άντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαν, altogether.

εἰσάπαξ, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαξ, at once.

εἰσα-ἄρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to drive in upon.

εἰσατο, εἰσατο, v. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην.

εἰσα-ἄττω, Att. for εἰσαίσσω.

εἰσα-αυγάζω, f. σω, to look at.

εἰσαυθῆς, Adv. for εἰς αὐθῆς, hereafter.

εἰσαυριον, Adv. for εἰς αὐριον, on the morrow.

εἰσα-αὐτις, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαυθῆς.

εἰσα-ἀφιήμι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in.

εἰσα-αφικάνω, = εἰσαφικνέομαι. [ᾱ]

εἰσααφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσαφικνέομαι.

εἰσα-αφικνέομαι, f. ἵζομαι, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

εἰσα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα: —to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. 2. impers., εἰσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. II.

Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβηκα: —to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. ἐαντών or στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an invoad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. ναῦν) to enter port, Lat. appellere. 2.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, εως, ἡ, (εἰσβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

εἰσβάτος, ἡ, ὁ, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible.

εἰσα-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of εἰσβαίνω, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, ἡ, (εἰσβάλλω II) a throwing oneself into: an invoad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river. 3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσα-δέρκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον: —to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσα-δέχομαι, Ion. εἰσα-δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I εἰσεδέξαμην and εἰσεδέχην: Dep.:—to take into, admit.

εἰσα-διδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, ἡ, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception.

εἰσδραμῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσδρομή, ἡ, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσα-δύω or εἰσα-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. εἰσδύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. 2 -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα: —to get into, slip into or in; δεινὸν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ἀκοντιστὸν ἐδύσσεαι thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

εἶσε, see εἶσα.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. I.

εἰσεγραψα, aor. I of εἰσγράφω.

εἰσεδέξαμην, εἰσεδέχην, aor. I of εἰσδέχομαι.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέσκομαι.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσα-έδυν, aor. 2 of εἰσδύνω.

εἰσα-έδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον), to look on or at.

εἰσα-εμι, inf. -έναι: impf. εἰσῆεν: (εἰς, εἰμι ἰβο):—to go into, go in; ὀφθαλμοῖς εἰσείμι I will come into his sight; ἀρχὴν εἰσέναι to enter on an office. II.

as law-term, to come before the court. III. metaph. to come into one's mind.

εἰσεκέλσα, aor. I of εἰσεκέλλω.

εἰσεκύλισα, aor. I of εἰσκύλλω.

εἰσα-ελαύνω Ep. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [ᾱ] Att. -ελῶ: for the tenses, v. ελαύνω:—to drive into or in. II.

(sub. ἵππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere.

εἰσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσα-έλω: f. -έλω: aor. I -εἰλκύσα:—to drag into.

εἰσα-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 εἰσενέβην, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσα-ἐνήνοχα, pf. of εἰσφέρω.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλθωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσενόησα, aor. I of εἰσενόω.
 εἰσέπεισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, henceforward.
 εἰσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσέργνυμι or -ῶ, to shut up into, enclose in a place.
 εἰσέρρυν, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσάω.
 εἰσέρρω, aor. I εἰσέρρησα: pf. εἰσέρρηκα:—to go into, get in.
 εἰσέρω, aor. I part. εἰσερύσας [ῶ], to draw into.
 εἰσέρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον: Dor.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσδοι εἰσῆλθον.
 II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.
 εἰς-ἐτι, Adv. still yet.
 εἰς-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.
 εἰς-ηγέομαι, fut. ἡσσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward.
 II. εἰσηγείσθαι τινι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence εἰσῆγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσῆγησις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and εἰσῆγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and εἰσῆγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.
 εἰσ-ηθήω, f. ἡσω, to inject by a syringe.
 εἰσ-ήκω, f. -ήξω, to come in: to come in.
 εἰσ-ἡλύθον, εἰσῆλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.
 εἰσῆλυσία, ἡ, (εἰσῆλθον) a coming in.
 εἰσῆνεγκαί, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμι ἰβο.
 εἰσθαί, pf. pass. inf. of ἵμι.
 εἰσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.
 εἰσ-θρώσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμι sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἰμι ἰβο.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσιδρύμαι: (εἰς, ἰδρύω): to build, found in a place.
 εἰσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἰζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.
 εἰσ-ιήμι, f. -ἡσω, to send or put into:—Med. to betake oneself to: also in act. sense, to admit, let in.
 εἰσιθήμι, ἡ, (εἰσ-ειμι) an entrance.
 εἰσ-ικνεύομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-ιπταμαί, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to haul in with a fishing rod.
 εἰσ-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call in.
 εἰσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.
 εἰσ-κατατίθωμι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.
 εἰσ-κειμαι, as Pass. of εἰσιθήμι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.
 εἰσ-κέλλω, f. -κέλσω: aor. I -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.
 εἰσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσκομίδῃ, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰσ-κομίδῃ: fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.
 εἰσ-κυκλέω, f. ἡσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεύαλῃεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.
 εἰσ-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [ῖ]: to roll into.
 ἔισκω: impf. ἤισκον: (ἴσος, ἔισος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.
 εἰσ-λεύσσω, to look into.
 εἰσ-μαίομαι, aor. I εἰσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἔσεμασαστο Dor. -άφατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick.
 II. to put in the hand to feel.
 εἰσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into.
 εἰσ-νωέω, f. ἡσω, to perceive, remark.
 εἰσ-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry.
 II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.
 εἰσ-οικεῖω, f. ὥσω, (εἰς, οἰκεῖος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.
 εἰσ-οικέω, f. ἡσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικησις, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.
 εἰσ-οικίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.
 εἰσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build into.
 εἰσοιχνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνύσαι, 3 pl. of εἰσ-οιχνέω, f. ἡσω, to go into, enter.
 εἰσ-όκε or -εν, Dor. εἰσ-όκα, (εἰς ὁ κε) until such time as:—so long as.
 εἰσομαι, fut. of *εἶδω B: εἴσαι, Ep. 2 sing.
 II. Ep. fut. of εἰμι ἰβο.
 εἰσον, imperat. of εἶσα.
 εἰσ-όπνυ, (εἰς, ὅπνυ) Adv. hereafter.
 εἰσ-οπίσω, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.
 εἰσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.
 εἰσοπτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = εἰσοπτρον.
 εἰσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.
 εἰσ-όραψ, Ep. part. εἰσορῶν, inf. med. εἰσοράσασθαι: the fut. εἰσόψομαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὁράω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, reverence: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily: also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.
 εἰσ-ορμάω, f. ἡσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.
 εἰσ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.
 εἰσ-ορόω, f. σω, to rub in.
 ἔισος, η, ον [Ὶ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς ἔιστε the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared.
 2. νῆες ἔισαι the equal or well-balanced ships.
 3. ἀσπίς πάντοσ' H 5

ἔσση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
νες ἔνδον ἔσση an even mind, that is well-balanced,
calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἰσότε, for εἰς ὄτε, until.

εἰς-οἶψ, εως, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
εἰσόψομαι, fut. of εἰσοράω, formed from Root *εἰσ-
όψομαι.

εἰσ-παῖω, aor. I εἰσέπαισα, to burst or dash in.

εἰσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰσ-περάω, f. άσω [ά] Ion. ήσω, to pass over into.

εἰσ-πιδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰσ-πέταμαι, f. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.

form εἰσπτάμην and act. εἰσέπτην:—to fly into.

εἰσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἔπεσον: pf. -πέ-
πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
into. II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰσ-πίνω, poet. form of εἰσπίπτο.

εἰσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence

εἰσπλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, ό, a sailing in of
ships. II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
inspirare. II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ό, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰσ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to put into the hands of, to give
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποίητος, η, ον, adopted.

εἰσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
med. -εἰσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εως, ή, exaction or collection of taxes.

εἰσ-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to get in or collect
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρυήσομαι: aor. 2 -ε-
ρύνην:—to stream into.

εἰστίκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἔστημι.

εἰστιάλα, εἰστιάλας, pf. and aor. of ἔστιάω.

εἰσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
with or without ἔς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,

τέκνα ἐσθθεῖν (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰσ-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰσ-τρέχω: fut. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον (from
*δρέμα). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰσ-φέρω: fut. -οίσω (from *οἶω): aor. I -ήνεγκα
and pf. -ἐνήνοχα (from *ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to
carry into: to bring in or upon.

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carry into: to bring in or upon.

εἰσ-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to put into one's hands,
entrust.

εἰσ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχσα:—to pour into:—
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῡ], to stream in.

εἰσω, more rarely ἔσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἔς) into, within,
c. acc., δύναι δόμον Ἀΐδος εἰσω: also c. gen., ἔσω
βλεφάρων. II. within, inside.

εἰσ-ωθέω, fut. ωθήσω and ώσω, to thrust into:—
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰσ-ωπός, όν, (εἰς, ὡψ) in face, in front of; εἰσωποί
ἐγένοντο νέων they came in front of the ships.

Εἴ-ΤΑ Ion. εἴτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-
upon, Lat. deinde.

II. like Lat. ita and itaque,
and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.
itane? itane vero? is it so? any really? indeed?

εἴται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

εἴ-τε . . , εἴ-τε . . , Lat. sine . . , sive . . , either . . ,
or . . , whether . . , or . . ; so that several cases are al-
ways put: in Homer the first εἴτε is sometimes an-
swered by ἢ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
first εἴτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἴτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἴτεν, Ion. for εἴτα, like ἔπειτεν tor ἔπειτα.

εἰῶ, Ep. for ἔω.

εἰώ, Ep. for ἔω, ά, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

εἰῶθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb ἔθω.

εἰῶθεν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔθω.

εἰωθότως, Adv. of εἰῶθα, in the usual way.

εἰων, impf. of ἔω.

εἴως, Ep. for ἔως, until.

εἴωσι, Ep. for ἔωσι, 3 pl. of ἔω.

ἜΚ, before a vowel ἔξ, Lat. E, ex, PREP. WITH GEN.
Radic. sense, from out of, away from. I.

OF PLACE, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
chief from among all, of all. 2. like ἔξω, outside
of, beyond; ἐκ βελών out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out
of the smoke.

3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμυγα he hung his lyre from,
i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτουσι ἐκ τινος to fasten from,
i. e. upon, a thing.

II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὗ since,
from the time when, Lat. ex quo; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the
beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished
sacrifice; ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,
i. e. after, peace.

III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινος γενέ-
σθαι to be born or sprung from one; ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος
ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood.

2. of the
materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of
wood.

3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεόφν
πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος ἐξ
όλοης because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-
sequence of the heat; ἐκ βίας ἄγειν = βία ἄγειν,
to lead by force.

4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διός
they were beloved of or by Zeus.

5. with a neut.
Adj., as periph. for Adv., ἐξ ἀγχιμόλου for ἀγχιμόλον;
ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανούς and ἐξ ἐμφανούς for ἐμφανώς, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more
words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

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ἐκά-εργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, *ἐργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

ἐκῆλος, Dor. for ἐκῆλος.

ἐκάμῦσα, for κατέμῦσα, aor. I of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμήην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κέμω.

ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρῖα, aor. I of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ἐκας, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off*: c. gen. *far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσε, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off*:—*Sup. ἐκαστάτω*.

ἐκάστοθι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From

ἙΚΑΣΤΟΣ, ἡ, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*, Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, ἕκαστος ἐπίστασθε ye know each one of you: εἰς ἕκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque*, each one; πᾶς ἕκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἕκαστον each one singly, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἕκαστην [ἡμέραν] every day, daily. Hence ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστότέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κέθημαι.

ἐκατερᾶκίς, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for ἐκατέρωθεν, *from or on each side*, Lat. *utrinque*.

ἙΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

Ἑκάτη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἕκατος) Hecaté, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. Ἑκάτης δειπνον, or Ἑκάταια, τά, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὅ, = ἐκατηβόλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-shooting, far-darting*:—as Subst. the Far-darter.

ἐκῆτι, Att. and Dor. for ἐκῆτι, on account of.

ἐκατογ-κάρῶνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὅ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλῇ); and

ἐκατογ-κρῶνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κρᾶνον):—*hundred-beaded*.

ἐκατόν-χειρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.

ἐκατό-ζυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ζυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.

ἐκατομ-βαίων, ὧνος, ὁ, the month Hecatombæon, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) properly an offering of a hundred oxen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) of or worth a hundred oxen.

ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πούς) 100 feet long.

ἐκατομ-πολιεθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἙΚΑΤΟ'Ν, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. a hundred, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατοτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) of a hundred years, a hundred years old.

ἐκατοτα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρῶνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-headed*: cf ἐκατόγκρανος.

ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) worth 100 talents; γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

ἐκατοτα-πλᾶσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) a hundred-fold, 100 times as much or many.

ἐκατοντά-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπυλος.

ἐκατοντ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχῶ) a leader of a hundred, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατοντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) the number one hundred.

ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὀργυιά) of 100 fathoms:—ποῦτ., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον.

ἐκάτος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκατό-στομος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκατόν) the hundredth, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά a hundred-fold. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή, the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens.

ἐκατοστύς, υός, ὅ, = ἐκατοντάς.

ἐκασα, aor. I of καίω.

ἐκ-βάζω, f. ξω, to speak out, declare.

ἐκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 ἐξέβην; pf. ἐκβέ-βηκα:—to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to disembark.

2. to go out of, depart from. 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn out. Lat. *evadere*. 4. to go out of due bounds, to digress.

II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. I ἐξέβησα; Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

ἐκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic:—Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω; aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also to carry out to sea. 2. πόλεις ἐκβάλλειν to cast out of the country: and so to drive out, banish.

II. to strike out, Lat. *excutere*; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest.

III. metaph., ἔπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

ἐκ-βεβαίω, f. ὥσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσω Att. βιῶ, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητός, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἡσώ, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθέω, f. ἡσώ, to march out to aid: to make a ally.

ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from; as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζεν τινὰ τῶν κωλίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting-out, banishment.

ἐκ-βολή σίτρου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λυγροῦ a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλλης earthen cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive.

II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory.

2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἡσώ, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, atos, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γαμίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, to give away in marriage:

—Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέγας, poet. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίνομαι:

3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ᾶ]; part. ἐκγεγάως, ἐκγεγαυῖα.

ἐκ-γελᾶω, f. ᾶσμαι [ᾶ]: for the tenses, v. γελᾶω:

—to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaphor. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενᾶς, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην: pf.

ἐκγέγονα, poet. ἐκγέγασα (q. v.): Dep.:—to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II.

to have gone by; χρόνου ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἔστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy:—Med. to write out a copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίνομαι.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὕσω, to burst into tears. [ῥ]

ἐκ-δανπᾶνω, f. ἡσώ, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωριενται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδαριόμαι.

ἐκ-δεής, ἐς, (ἐκ, δέ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεα, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δεῖκνυμι, f. -δείξω, aor. 1 ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δεκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξίς, εως, ὁ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δεκομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερῶ:—to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. 1 ἐξεδεξάμην: Dep.:—to take or receive from: to take up.

2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχήν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next.

3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*.

4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to:—Med. to bind a thing to oneself, bang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην:—to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διατᾶομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διατᾶω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδιδάγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From

ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω poet. -διδασκήσω:—to teach thoroughly, Lat. *edocere*:—Med. to have another taught thoroughly:—Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρᾶσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν:—to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-διδῶμι, f. -δώσω: aor. 1 ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα:

aor. 2 med. ἐξεδύμην:—to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's house; ἐκιδύναι or ἐκιδδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge.

II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικᾶστίς, οὐ, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκδικέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκδικος) *to avenge, punish*; ἐκδικεῖν
 τινα ἀπὸ τινος *to avenge one on another*. Hence
 ἐκδικήσις, εὼς, ἡ, *an avenging*; *vengeance*.
 ἐκ-δίκος, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) *without law, lawless*, Lat.
exlex; Adv. ἐκδικῶς, *lawlessly*. II. *carrying out*
justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, *to throw from the chariot*.
 ἐκ-διώκω, f. ξομαι later ξω, *to drive away, banish*.
 ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἦσω, *to shake out, confound*.
 ἐκδοσις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) *a giving up, surrender-*
ing. 2. *a giving in marriage*.
 ἐκδώσεται, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, *one must give in*
marriage.
 ἐκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) *given up, betrayed*.
 ἐκδοῦναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) *a receiving from another,*
succession.
 ἐκ-δρακοντόμαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) *to become a*
serpent.
 ἐκδραῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμεῖν) *a running out, sally, charge*;
 —also *a band of skirmishers*.
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, *one that sallies out, a skirmisher*.
 ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) *that which is put off, a*
skin, garment.
 ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,
 or for ἐκδύομεν I pl. opt.
 ἐκ-δύνω, see ἐκδύνω.
 ἐκδύσις, εὼς, ἡ, *a slipping out, escape*. From
 ἐκ-δύνω, f. -δύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέδυσσα: *to strip off*
from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα *to strip him of*
his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν *to strip him*. II. in
 pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,
 pf. ἐκδέδουκα, *to put off*. 2. *to get out of, slip out*
of. 3. metaph. *to get away from, escape*.
 ἐκ-δωριόμαι, Pass. (ἐκ, Δάριος) *to become quite a*
Dorian.
 ἐκέασσα, Ep. for ἐκέασα, aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκέατο, Ion. for ἐκεῖντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.
 ἘΚΕΙ, Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. *illic*.
 ἐκεῖα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
 ἐκεῖθεν, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. *illinc*;
 c. gen., τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσους *yon side of the grove*.
 ἐκεῖθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. *illic*;
 Dor. τηνοῖθι.
 ἐκείνος Ion. κείνος, ἡ, ο, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος,
 Att. also strengthened. ἐκεῖνοσι: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):
 —that person or thing, Lat. *ille, illa, illud*: when οὗ-
 τος and ἐκείνος refer to two things before mentioned,
 ἐκείνος, *ille*, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, *hic*, to
 the nearer. II. used also like *ille*, to denote
 well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, *magnus ille*
Deus. III. in Att., ἐκείνος precedes the Art.
 when it is emphatic, as, ἐκείνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows
 the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-
 νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνως, *in that way, in that case*:

Ion. κείνως. V. the dat. fem. ἐκεῖνη is also used
 as Adv., I. of Place, *there, at that place, on that*
road. 2. of Manner, *in that manner*.
 ἐκέρα, aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκέισε, Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) *to that place, thither*,
 Lat. *illuc*.
 ἐκέκαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of καίνυμαι.
 ἐκεκεύθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.
 ἐκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
 of κοσμέω.
 ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
 ἐκέλασ, aor. I of κέλλω.
 ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκε-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχω, χεῖρ) *a holding of hands, a*
cessation of hostilities, armistice.
 ἐκ-ξέω, f. -ξίσω, *to boil out or over*: c. gen., εὐλέων
 ἐξέξεσε *she ran over, swarmed with worms*.
 ἐκ-ξίπτω, f. ἦσω, *to search out*.
 ἐκ-ζωπύρεω, f. ἦσω, *to light up again, rekindle*.
 ἐκηα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
 ἐκηβολία, ἡ, *a darting from afar, archery*. From
 ἐκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκός, βάλλω) *far-darting, far-shoot-*
ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
 ἐκηλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκηλος, *at one's ease,*
quiet, Lat. *securus*. II. metaph. of things, as of
 a field *lying at rest or fallow*.
 ἘΚΗΤΙ Att. Ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. *by means of,*
by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =
 ἔνεκα, *on account of, for the sake of*. 2. *as regards,*
as to, Lat. *quod attinet ad*.
 ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm thoroughly*.
 ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἦσω, *to amaze, astonish*: Pass. *to be*
amazed, astonished. From
 ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) *amazed, astounded*.
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνος) *to root out, extirpate*.
 ἐκθάνον, Ep. for ἐξέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.
 ἐκ-θεόμαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ἡσομαι, Dep. *to see out,*
see to the end.
 ἐκ-θεατρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεάτρον) *to make a spec-*
tacle of.
 ἐκ-θειάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) *to deify*.
 ἐκθέμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. for ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of
 ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, *to mow completely*: *to cut*
down.
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) *to warm or heat*
thoroughly.
 ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεσις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐκτίθημι) *a putting out, exposing*.
 ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) *put out, exposed*.
 ἐκ-θέω, f. -θέυσομαι, *to run or sally out*.
 ἐκ-θηράσμαι, Dep. *to hunt out, catch*.
 ἐκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.
 ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, *to press, squeeze out*: metaph. *to*
crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θύησκω, fut. -θάνομαι: aor. ἐξέθανον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θιναίνομαι, f. ἔσονται, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκ-θροῖναι, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθράσκειν.

ἐκ-θρῆναι, f. ἔσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρῶσκειν, fut. -θοροῦμαι: aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θυμιάω, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θυμός, ov, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχεις [ῥ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχην: of ἐτίθεις from τίθην.

ἐκίχην [ῥ], impf. of κίχην.

ἐκ-καγάζω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. I ἐξεκάθην:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἶ, τά, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαϊδέκα-δωρος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, δῶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαϊδέκα-λίνος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδέκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαϊδέκατος, η, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαϊδεκ-έτης, ov, ο, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, έτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ιδος.

ἐκ-καιρος, ov, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκαίω: fut. -καύσω: aor. I ἐξέκαα:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κάκω, f. ἔσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλῶμαί, (ἐκ, καλήμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-καλέω, f. ἔσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself: metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμωμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκαμον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπιζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατέιδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. I part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκ-κόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκοφείω, -ύω.

ἐκ-κενῶω, -κεινῶω, f. ὦσω, to empty out, desolate. ἐκ-κεντέω, f. ἔσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κεραΐζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχϋμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence

ἐκκεχϋμένος, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχώννυμι.

ἐκ-κηναίω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἔω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἔσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάγω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήτω Att. -κλήω: Att. fut. ἐκκληΐσω:—to shut out: metaph. to exclude or hinder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήτω Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, ἡ, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κῆρυαι ἐκκλησίαι, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

ἐκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ἡκκλησίαζον or ἐκκλησίαζον, but also ἐκκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. I ἐξέκκλησίασα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκληΐω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ov, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναίω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεύντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἔσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβᾶλκεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κύβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ancle; ἐκκοκκίζειν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἔσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομίδω, ἡ, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζειν τινά ἐκ πηγήματος to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομφεῖομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομφεῖω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξέκοπην: pf. ἐκέκομμαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξέκοπτο ὀφθαλμοί he had his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. excidere. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἴσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.
 ἐκ-κορύβω, (ἐκ, κύρις) to clear of bugs.
 ἐκ-κορύβω, f. ὥσω, to sum up shortly.
 ἐκ-κρέμμαι, Pass. to hang upon, listen attentively to.
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾱ]:—to let hang from or by:—Pass. to hang from or upon, cling to. Hence ἐκκρεμής, ἐς, hanging from or upon.
 ἐκ-κρήνναμι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνω, to choose or single out, select. 2. to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence ἐκκριτός, on, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον as Adv., above all, eminently.
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a beating out, driving away: and ἐκκρουστος, on, beaten out: of embossed work, worked in relief. From
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. *expellere*. 3. to put off, adjourn.
 ἐκ-κύβιστάω, f. ἴσω, to tumble headlong out of.
 ἐκ-κυέω, f. ἴσω, to bring forth.
 ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἴσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκκύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out! i. e. shew yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence ἐκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators: cf. εἰσκυκλέω.
 ἐκ-κυλινδῶ, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξεκύλισα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξεκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλίσθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate oneself or escape from.
 ἐκ-κυμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) to undulate: to be uneven.
 ἐκκυνέω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.
 ἐκ-κύνγητέω, f. ἴσω, to hunt down.
 ἐκ-κύνος, on, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about, not keeping on one scent.
 ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.
 ἐκ-κωμᾶζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive procession: to rush madly out.
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἴσω, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐκ, κωφός) to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the swords grew blunt.
 ἐκλάγον, aor. 2 of κλάω.
 ἐκλαγᾶ, aor. I of κλάω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—to obtain by lot or fate.
 ἐκλάβητο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to kick out: metaph. to spurn at.
 ἐκ-λαλέω, f. ἴσω, to speak out, divulge.
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: for the other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II. to receive, bear. III. to contract to do work, opp. to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμψα:—to shine or flash forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up, kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον, to escape notice utterly.
 II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor. -ἐλάσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέαθον, Causal of ἐκ-λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med. ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλεαθέσθαι: pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.
 ἐκλαπάζω, f. ζω, = ἐξαπατάω, to cast out from.
 ἐκλάπτω [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.
 ἐκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.
 ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ζω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself, choose. 2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's gray hairs. II. to collect tribute.
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκέλειπτα:—to leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon, quit. 3. εἰ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, to be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἔρσην. III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence ἐκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting. II. a disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; οἱ ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.
 ἐκλεαθεῖν, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐκληθάνω.
 ἐκλέλῃμι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέω, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch.
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ζω, to cease entirely.
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.
 ἐκλήθημι, aor. I pass. of καλέω.
 ἐκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: forgetting and forgiving.
 ἐκ-λιπτάω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλινθήμες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.
 ἐκλίπτω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλύπτης, ἐς, (ἐκλείπειν) failing, deficient: ἡλίον ἐκλύπτες τὸ γένετο = ἐκλειψις, there was an eclipse of the sun. II. omitted.
 ἐκλογή, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election: a levy of troops or taxes. II. a choice selection, as of extracts from authors.
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to consider, reflect on.
 ἐκλόμην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth:—Pass. to be born.
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.
 ἐκλύτῃριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.
 ἐκλύτος, on, let loose, discharged. From
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ὥσω [ῡ]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his tongue:—so also in Med. II. to unloose, unstring

a bow: hence to *break up, put an end to*:—Pass. to *be faint, exhausted, despond.*

ἐκ-λωβόμαι, Dep. to *sustain grievous injuries.*

ἐκ-λωπίξω, f. σαι, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to *lay bare.*

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήναι) the *impression of a seal, a seal; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock*,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μάνω, f. -μάνω: aor. I ἐξέμηναι—to *drive mad with any passion; πῖθον ἐκμάναι to kindle passionate desire*:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξέμανην; intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μέμνηται—to *go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic.*

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an *impress, image.*

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον: pf. ἐκ-μεμάθηκα—to *learn thoroughly, to learn by heart*: in past tenses, to *have learnt thoroughly*, and so to *know full well, perceive.* II. to *examine closely, search out.*

ἐκμάνω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάζας, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to *drive raving mad*:—Pass. to *go raving mad.*

ἐκ-μαρτύρῶ, f. ἴσω, to *bear witness to a thing.*

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἴω: aor. I ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκέμαγα:—to *wipe off*:—Med. to *wipe away one's tears.* II. to *mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.*

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to *search out.*

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to *make quite drunk.*

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to *have a chief share in a thing; ξέξέμυρε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.*

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἴσω, to *train carefully: to practise diligently.*

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμνηται, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to *measure out*:—Med. to *measure out for oneself: to take measure of.*

ἐκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) *measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.*

ἐκμήναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκ-μηνος, ον, (ἕξ, μήν) of *six months, half yearly*: as Subst., ἔκμηνος, ἡ, a *space of six months.*

ἐκ-μυρνώμαι, Dep., of an army, to *defile out of.*

ἐκ-μυαίνω, to *pollute.*

ἐκ-μιμῶμαι, Dep. to *imitate faithfully.*

ἐκ-μυσθῶ, f. ὥσω, to *let out for hire*:—Med. to *hire.*

ἐκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to *teach fully.*

ἐκ-μοχθῶ, f. ἴσω, to *work out with toil, Lat. elaborare: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve.*

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to *heave with the lever, to force one's way.*

ἐκ-μυζῶω, f. ἴσω, to *suck out.*

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to *turn up one's nose at, mock at.*

ἐκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to *grow young or fresh.*

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Med. to *feed off, Lat. depasci.* 2. to *go forth to feed, go forth.*

ἐκνευίκηκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to *cut the sinews*:—Pass., pf. ἐκνευρήσμαι, to *be unnerwed.*

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to *turn aside, turn away.* II. to *sink down.* III. to *give a nod or sign to do a thing.*

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to *swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.*

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to *sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.*

ἐκ-νίξω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. I ἐξένηψα:—to *wash out or away.*

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to *conquer completely: to achieve by force.* II. intr. to *prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τῷ μυθῶδες ἐκνευικηκέναι to win its way to the fabulous.*

ἐκ-νόμιος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted, strange.*

Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομιώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted: unlawful*:—Adv. -μως, *discordantly.*

ἐκ-νοστήω, f. ἴσω, to *return from, to return.*

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to *take for oneself.*

ἐκνυΐητο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυΐσθαι.

ἐκόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκῶν) *freely, willingly.*

ἐκορίσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορύννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, α, ον, (ἐκῶν) of *one's own free will, voluntary.* Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγέλομαι, Pass. to *be astonished or amazed.* II. to *wonder at, admire exceedingly.* From

ἐκ-παγλος, ον, (metath. for ἐκ-πλάγος, from ἐκ-πλαγήναι) *frighful, terrible, fearful.* Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλῶν and ἐκπαγλα used as Adv., *terribly, fearfully, greatly.* II. *astonishing, wonderful.*

ἐκπαίδευμα, ατος, τό, *anything reared, a child.* From ἐκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to *bring up from a child: to educate.*

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to *rush furiously forth.*

ἐκ-παίω: f. -παίησω: aor. I ἐξέπαισα:—to *strike out of a thing, disappoint.*

ἐκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ παλαι, of *old, long ago.*

ἐκ-πάλλω, to *shake out*:—Pass. to *spirt out.*

ἐκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-πάτασσω, f. ἴσω, to *strike out of one's senses.*

ἐκ-πάτιος, α, ον, (ἐκ, πάτος) *out of the common path: excessive.*

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to *set quite at rest, put an end to*:—Med. to *take one's rest.*

ἐκ-πειθω, f. σω, to *persuade, over-persuade.*

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ἴσω, to *tempt.*

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā]: aor. I ἐξεπειράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to *make trial of, prove, tempt.* 2. to *inquire of another.*

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it *is allowed.*

ἐκ-πέμψω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐξέπεμψα:—to *send out or forth from: of things, to export.* 2. to *call or*

fetch out, send for: Pass. *to go forth, depart*. II. *to dismiss, drive away*: *to divorce*. Hence ἐκπεμψις, εως, ἡ, *a sending out or forth*.
ἐκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι.
ἐκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
ἐκπεπόννημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.
ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.
ἐκπεπόρθευμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθεύω, both in med. and pass. sense.
ἐκπέπεται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.
ἐκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάσσω.
ἐκπεπταμένος, η, ov, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι, *expanded, open*. Adv. -ως, *extravagantly*.
ἐκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.
ἐκπεράω, ἐκπερώσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.
ἐκπεραίνω, f. ἀνώ, *to bring to an end*:—Pass. *to be fulfilled*.
ἐκπεράα, ατος, τό, *a passing out*. From ἐκ-περάω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω: Ion. aor. I ἐξεπέρησα:—*to pass through or over*: metaph., *to accomplish*.
ἐκ-περδύκω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) *to escape like a partridge, fly away*.
ἐκ-περῶ, fut. -περώσω, *to destroy utterly*.
ἐκ-περιέμω, *to go all round*.
ἐκπερῶσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκπερῶ.
ἐκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω:
ἐκπεσεῖν, for ἐκπεσέν, aor. 2 inf.
ἐκ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms ἐξεπτάμην and ἐξέπτην:—*to fly out, forth or away*.
ἐκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. I ἐξεπέτασα:—*to spread out, unfurl, spread*: *to stretch out*.
ἐκπετήσιμος, ov, (ἐκπέταμαι) *ready to fly out of the nest*: metaph. of a girl, *marriageable*.
ἐκ-πέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.
ἐκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυνθάνομαι.
ἐκπέφηναι, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.
ἐκπεφύηται, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.
ἐκ-πηδάω, f. ἡσσομαι, *to leap out or forth*: esp. of a besieged force, *to sally forth*. 2. *to leap up*. Hence ἐκπηδήμα, ατος, τό, *a leap out or forth*.
ἐκ-πηνίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πήνιον) *to reel off, wind out*: fut. med., ἐκπηνιέσθαι τί τινος *to wind something out of a man*.
ἐκ-πιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) *to gush forth*.
ἐκ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξεπλήσθην:—*to fill up, fill full of*. 2. *to satiate*. II. *to fulfil*. III. *to finish, complete*.
ἐκ-πίνω [ῖ]: f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπινον: for the other tenses, v. πίνω:—*to drink out or off, quaff, drain*. II. metaph. *to empty out, drain*.
ἐκ-πιπράσκω, *to sell off*.
ἐκ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἐκπέπτωκα:—*to fall out of or down from*. 2. *to fall from, be deprived of, lose*, Lat. *excidere*. 3. *to be driven out of one's country, be banished*. 4. *to be cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici*. 5. of actors,

to be bisped off the stage, Lat. *explodi*. 6. *to come out or forth, sally out*: *to get out of, escape*: *to depart from*. 7. *to issue, result in*.
ἐκ-πίττω, poet. for ἐκπίπτω.
ἐκπλάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
ἐκπλήθρον, ov, (ἐξ, πλῆθρον) *six pletbra long*.
ἐκ-πλεος, poet. ἐκπλειος, α, ov, Att. ἐκπλεως, ov: (ἐκ, πλῆω) *quite full*: *complete, entire*: *abundant*.
ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξέπλευσα: Ion. ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—*to sail out, go out of port*; c. acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν *to out sail the ships into the open sea*.
ἐκ-πλεως, ov, Att. for ἐκπλεος.
ἐκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
ἐκ-πλήγνυμι, = ἐκπλήσσω.
ἐκπληκτικός, ἡ, όν, (ἐκπλήσσω) *striking with terror, astounding*. Adv. -κώς, *in amazement*.
ἐκπλήγεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) *panic fear, consternation*: ἐκπληγῆς κακῶν *terror caused by misfortunes*.
ἐκ-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, *to fill quite up*. 2. of ships, *to man completely*. 3. *to fulfil*. II. ἐκπληροῦν λιμένα *to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri spatium*.
ἐκ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπληξα:—*to strike out of, drive away*:—*to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound*. II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2 ἐξέπληγην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπληγεν: later also aor. I ἐξέπληχθην:—*to be panic-struck, amazed*.
ἐκπλοος contr. ἐκπλους, ό, (ἐκπλέω) *a sailing out, leaving port*.
ἐκ-πλύνω [ῶ], *to wash out*. Hence ἐκπλύτος, ov, *to be washed out*.
ἐκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.
ἐκ-πνέω Ep. -πνεύω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι: aor. I ἐξέπνευσα:—*to breathe out or forth*. 2. βίον ἐκπνεῖν *to breathe one's last, expire*; and so ἐκπνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, *to blow out or outwards*: *to burst out*. Hence.
ἐκπνότης, ἡ, *a breathing out, expiring*.
ἐκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) *out of the way*; ἐκποδὼν ἵστασθαι *to stand out of the way*; ἐκποδὼν χωρεῖν τινι *to get out of his way*. Opp. *to ἐμποδών*.
ἐκ-ποιέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐξεποίησα:—*to put out a child, give him in adoption*. II. Med. *to produce, bring forth*. III. *to make completely, finish off*. Hence
ἐκποίησης, εως, ἡ, *a putting forth, emission*: and ἐκποίητος, η, ov, *put forth, given in adoption*.
ἐκ-ποκιέω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, *to pull out wool or hair*.
ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ἡσω, *to excite to war, make hostile*.
ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ὥσω, *to make hostile, involve in war*: Pass. *to become an enemy to*.
ἐκ-πολιορκέω, f. ἡσω, *to take by siege*, Lat. *expugnare*.
ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμνω) *a sending out or forth*.
ἐκ-πονέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐξέπυννα:—*to work out, finish off, execute, bring to perfection*, Lat. *elaborare*:—Pass. *to be brought to perfection*; οἶτος ἐκπε-

πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονησθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύομαι, aor. I ἐξέπορεύην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπέρω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence

ἐκπορθήτωρ, opus, ὁ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθιεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea.

ἐκ-πορίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ἐξέπορισα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορνέω, f. σω, to be given to fornication.

ἐκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπεπόταμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficere.

II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere.

III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πράυνω, to soothe, mollify.

ἐκπρεπής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent.

II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκπρεπώς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρῶ, f. -πρῶϊμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθύμιομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἦσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. ἔσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίβεις, aor. I pass. part. of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολιπών.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἦσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χέω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτόέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ὕσω or ὕσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πυνθάνομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεπυνθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, hear of.

ἐκ-πύρρω, f. ὥσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence

ἐκπύρωσις, εὖς, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ον, heard of, discovered.

ἐκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ-πωτάομαι, poet. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρᾶνω.

ἐκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.

ἐκράγγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγγνυμι.

ἐκράγγισομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγγνυμι.

ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράω.

ἐκράθη [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκραινανον, Ep. impf. of κρᾶνω.

ἐκ-ραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐξέρρανα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέω, for ἐκρέμας, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξέρρηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξέρρην:—to flow out or forth. 2. of

feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II. trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγγισομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέρρα-γην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder.

II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break forth.

III. also intr. in Act., to break out or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ὥσω, to root out.

ἐκρίθη, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέριψα:—to throw out, cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἐκρους, ὁ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σάλασσω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σάω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐξέσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκσάω.

ἐκ-σειώ, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σέομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξέσσυμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σέω):—to rush forth from, flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγῶ, f. ἦσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκάλευω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκενάζω, f. σω, to disfigure.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξέσβησα:—to scare away.

ἐκ-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to hasten out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ον, (ἐξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκστάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, aor. I ἐξίστειλα:—to send out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστειψα: pf. pass. ἐξέ-στεμμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From

ἐκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

ἐκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. εὖσομαι: pf. ἐξεστρατο-
πέδευμαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστρεψα:—to turn
aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out: metaph.

to change entirely: to pervert.

ἐκ-σπρίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to whistle or hiss off
the stage, Lat. explodere.

ἐκ-σύρω [ῥ], to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξέσύρην [ῥ].

ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. αἶω, to seal up:—Pass. to
be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσωσα:—to keep safe, pre-
serve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass.,

ῥῆσον ἐκσώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκτά, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [ᾱ], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

ἐκτάθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτάθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτάθῃσσομαι, fut. I pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτάμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτάμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάνομεν, I pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτάν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάνων, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάνω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ἐξετάνυσα, Ep. -υσσα:

aor. I pass. ἐξετάνυσθην:—poet. for ἐκτείνω, to stretch

out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέτάρσα:—

to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in

order:—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plpf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I ἐξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέτακα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐξετάσθην: pf. ἐκτέταμαι:—to stretch

out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay

low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of

the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II.

to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to

the uttermost.

ἐκ-τευχίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to fortify completely: to

build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ῥσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω: Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep.

-τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέσομαι in pass. sense:—to

bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ἑς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect:

ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέταμον:

—to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood,

to cut down. 2. to hew out, hew into shape. II.

to castrate.

ἐκτένεια, ἡ, earnestness, zeal. From

ἐκτενής, ἑς, (ἐκτείνω) stretched out: metaph. earn-

est, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously:

Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be held. II.

neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or hold.

ἐκτέτῃκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκτέλλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτέως, ὧς, ὁ, (ἐκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of
the μέδιμνος, = 8 chœnixes.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ῥσομαι: aor. I ἐξετεχνήσαμην:

Dep.:—to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτακον:—to make melt

away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτῃκα, to melt

away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp.

to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτίμαι, for κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put

out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον:—to bring forth.

ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τιλῶ: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλλαι:—to pluck

or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's

hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τίμᾶω, f. ῥσω, to honour highly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ον, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour

ἐκ-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. I ἐξέτισα:—to pay off, pay

in full: ἑκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.

Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to

take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω: aor. I ἐξέτρωσα:—to cause

a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without,

c. gen.: outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολύπειω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an

end.

ἐκτομεύς, ὧς, ὁ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem.

ἐκτομής, ἰδος.

ἐκτομή, ἡ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration.

Hence

ἐκτομίας, ον, ὁ, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw

away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, dis-

tant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ῥσω, to bore through, stab to death.

ἐκτος, η, ον, (ἐξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ἐντός: I.

of place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of,

far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3.

except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, with-

out, outside: far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished

from the table.

ἐκ-τραχλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τραχύνω [ὑ], f. ὑνάω, to make rough.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert: metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I ἐξέθρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up for oneself.

ἐκ-τρέψω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράξομαι (from *δρέμω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. 2.

to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τριβώ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out: πῦρ ἐκ-τριβεῖν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard.

III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτριβεῖν to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτριβάν, aor. I inf. of ἐκτριβώ.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. II. a turning oneself from, avoidance:—ἐκτροπή οδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπή λόγου a digression.

ἐκ-τρυχώ, f. ὥσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτρωμα, atos, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, on, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπώω, f. ὥσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλώω, f. ὥσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, eosis, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκύει, 3 sing. impf. of κνέω.

ἐκῦρά, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκῦρον, aor. 2 of κνέω.

ἐκῦρός, ὁ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κνέω.

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κνύω.

ἐκ-φαγεῖν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθαι.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ὑ], f. ὑνάω, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἐξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φάνομαι and -φάνησομαι: aor. I ἐξέφάνην, aor. 2 ἐξέφάνην [ᾱ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφῆμι.

ἐκφάσις, eosis, ἡ, (ἐκφῆμι) a declaration.

ἐκφάτος, on, (ἐκφῆμι) beyond power of speech:—Adv. ἐκφάτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

ἐκ-φαυλίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρειν.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐξοίσω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. *efferre*: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring

forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert.

5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. *inferre bellum*, to begin war. 6. to shew signs of, shew. III.

to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφυγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; Βέλως ἐκφυγε χερσός. 2. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκ-φάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθίρεis.

ἐκ-φθίνα, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος ῥῆων the wine had all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἴσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφαυλίζω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἴσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. 2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from

Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass.,

to be cast up on shore, Lat. *ejici*.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἐκφορος, on, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable. II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ὥσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἴσω, also ἴσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. *excogitare*.

ἐκ-φρων, on, gen. onos, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. *amens*: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγάνω, = ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκφυγε, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφύνα, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἐκφυμι.

ἐκ-φύσσω, f. ἴσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph. ἐκφυσάν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

ἐκ-φύω, I. Cansal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [v] : aor. I ἐξέφυσα :—to beget, produce.

II. intr. in pf. ἐκπέφυσκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι :—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen. : absol., λαλήμα ἐκπεφυσκόσθα a born tattler.

ἐκ-φώνέω, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.

ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ā], to let go from.

ἐκ-χαννόνω, f. ὠσω, to puff up, make vain.

ἐκ-χεύω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκ-χέω, f. -χεῶ : aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχενα : pf. ἐκ-κέχυνκα :—to pour out, Lat. effundō : to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander.

II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [v] : pf. ἐκκέχυμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξεκχύντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχυτο or ἐκχύτο, part. ἐκχόμενος :—to be poured out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or abroad :—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . .

ἐκ-χορεύω, f. ὠω, to break out of the chorus.

II. ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.

ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to suffice, be enough for : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.

ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.

ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχυθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυθήσονται, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχόμενος [v], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύτος, ov, (ἐκχέω) poured out : unconfined, outspread, Lat. effusus :—ἐκχυντο, τό, drink.

ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω : pf. πακ ἐκκέχρωμαι :—to raise by heaping up soil : to tilt up, of a river.

ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart from.

2. to slip out of : hence of a joint, to be dislocated.

3. to give way : to give place to.

ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ῶω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.

ἘΚΩ'Ν, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free will.

II. often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

ἐλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.

ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλάν, inf. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαθάνω.

ἘΛΑΓ'Α Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to go too far.

II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence

ἐλαίηεις Att. -αίεις, εσσα, εν, of the olive-tree.

ἐλαῖνεος, α, ov, and ἐλαῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.

ἐλαιο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.

ἐλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.

ἐλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.

ἐλαιο-φόρος, ov, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.

ἐλαιο-φύής, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.

ἐλαιδ-φύτος, ov, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.

ἐλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλάδες.

ἐλαῖων, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard,

Lat. olivetum :—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

ἐλάκηκα, ἔλακον, aor. I and 2 of λάσκει.

ἐλάμβην, Ion. for ἐλήφην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἔλ-ανδρος, ov, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνὴρ) man-slaying.

ἔλασα, Ep. for ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω :—ἐλάσσκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. :—ἐλασάιοτο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαιτο, 3 plur. aor. I opt. med.

ἐλασᾶς, ὁ, an unknown bird.

ἐλδοσῖν, Desiderat. of ἐλαίνω, to wish to drive.

ἐλδσία, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) riding, driving.

ἐλδσί-βροντος, ov, (ἐλαίνω, βροντή) thunder-burbling.

II. buried like thunder.

ἐλδοσ-ἵππος, ov, (ἐλαίνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

ἐλδς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) a driving, riding : also rowing.

2. a driving away, banishing.

3. (sub. στρατοῦ) a march, expedition : (sub. ἵππου) riding.

ἐλασσα, Ep. for ἔλασα, ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλασσώ, Att. -ττώ, f. ὠσω : aor. I Att. ἡλάττωσα :—Pass., fut. ἐλασσώσσομαι, but also f. med.

ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἡλασσώθην :—to make less, smaller, or worse : to lessen, damage : hence to detract from.

II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish : to come short of, have too little of a thing : c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσω Att. -ττω, ov, gen. ονος :—smaller, less, fewer, worse : ἔλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse :—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree : also reg.

Adv. ἐλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with Sup. ἐλάχιστος : the Posit. ἐλαχὺς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαίνω, to drive : to row : also to drive about.

ἐλάσω, fut. of ἐλαίνω. [ā]

ἐλατέον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαίνω, one must ride.

ἘΛΑ'ΤΗ [ā], the pine or fir.

II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood : later also the whole ship.

ἐλατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαῖνα) a driver, a charioteer : ἐλατήρ βροντῆς burler of thunder.

II. one that drives away.

III. a broad, flat cake. Hence

ἐλατήριος, α, ov, driving away.

ἐλατίνος, ἡ, ov, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir : of pine or fir-wood.

ἐλαττον, Att. neut. for ἐλασσον, as Adv., less.

ἐλαττονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσων) to have less, have too little, be lacking.

ἐλάττων, ἐλαττώω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-.

ἘΛΑΤ'ΝΩ : fut. ἐλάω [ā], Ep. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλῶν :—aor. I act. ἤλασα, Ep. ἐλάσσω, aor. 2 pass. of ἐλαίνω.

Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαι, part. ἐλασσόμενος :—Pass., aor. ἡλάθην and ἡλάσθην : pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι :

plqpf. 3 sing. ἡλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλάω :—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships.

2. seemingly intrans., to ride, drive, sail, row : ἐλαύνοντες the rowers :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν *to sail on a calm sea*; πόντον ἑλάται ἐλαύνειν *to urge the sea with oars*:—then really intrans., *to advance, proceed, push on, go on*; ἐς τοσοῦτον ἤλασαν *they proceeded so far*.

3. *to drive away, carry off*, Lat. *abigere*, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μίασμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν *to drive away pollution*. 4. *to drive into narrow compass, press in battle*: Att. also, *to harass, trouble, annoy*.

II. *to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust*; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν *τινά to wound him on the shoulder*. 2 *to thrust, drive through*: Pass. *to go through*.

III. *to beat out metal*, Lat. *ducere*; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν *to make a shield of beaten metal*. 2. *to draw out, to draw*; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος *to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line*: hence generally, *to plant, produce*.

3. *κολλῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl*.

ἐλάφειος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος) *of or belonging to deer*.

ἐλάφηβολία, *ή*, (ἐλαφιβόλος) *a shooting of deer*.

ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), *τά*, *a festival of Artemis*. Hence

ἐλάφηβολιών, ὥνος, *ος*, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the *Elaphebolia* were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλάφη-βόλος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) *biting or shooting deer*: as Subst., *a deer-bunter*.

ἐλάφο-κτόνος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) *deer-killing*.

ἙΛΑΦΟΣ, *ος* and *ή*, *a deer*; whether male, *a hart* or stag, or female, *a hind*.

ἐλάφος-σοΐη, *ή*, (ἐλαφος, σείω) *deer-hunting*.

ἐλαφρία, *ή*, *lightness: thoughtlessness*. From

ἙΛΑΦΡΟΣ, *ος*, *ον*, and *ος*, *ον*, *light in weight*, Lat.

LEVIS: metaph. *light, not burdensome, easy*, ἐν ἐλαφρῷ ποιεῖσαι *to make light of*:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, *lightly, easily*.

II. *light in moving, nimble, swift, active*; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ *light troops*, Lat. *levis armatura*.

III. metaph. *light-minded, thoughtless*.

ἐλάχιστος, *ος*, *ον*, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, *fewest, smallest, least, worst*:—τό ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. *at the least*; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, *less than the least*; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, *the very least*.

ἐλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλαχυ-πτέρυξ, *ος*, *ή*, (ἐλαχός, πτέρυγξ) *short-winged*; of fishes, *short-finned*.

ἙΛΑΧΥΣ, *ος*, *ον*, *small, short, little*: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαίνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάαν, impf. ἐλαον, ἔλαω.

ἙΛΑΔΟΜΑΙ, ἐέλδομαι, Dep. *to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire*. Hence

ἐλδωρ, ἐέλδωρ, *τό*, indecl. *a wish, longing, desire*.

ἐλε, Ep. for εἰλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω.

ἐλεαῖρον, poet. for ἐλεέω, *to take pity on*.

ἙΛΕΑΣ, *ος*, *ον*, *a kind of owl*.

ἐλεγεία, *ή*, = ἐλεγος, *an elegiac poem*.

ἐλεγείον, *τό*, (ἐλεγος) *a distich consisting of a hexa-*

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. = ἐλεγεία ἐλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, *ος*, *ον*, (ἐλεγος) *of the elegy, elegiac*.

ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγου, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλεγξις, *ος*, *ή*, (ἐλέγχω) *a refuting, proving*.

ἐλεγος, *ος*, *a song of mourning, a lament*, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγχείη, *ή*, (ἐλέγχω) *a reproach, disgrace*.

ἐλεγχής, *ος*, (ἐλεγχος) *liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly*:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

ἐλεγχος, *τό*, (ἐλέγχω) *a reproach, disgrace, dishonour*; καί ἐλέγχεα *base reproaches to your name*.

ἐλεγχος, *ος*, *a means of testing, a trial, test*, Lat. *argumentum*: *disproval, refutation*. II. *an examination, scrutiny*. From

ἙΛΕΓΧΩ, fut. ἔω: aor. I ἤλεγα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλεγχον: pf. ἐλήλεμαι:—*to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour*. II. *to convince, refute, confute*, Lat. *arguere*: of arguments, *to disprove*: also *to accuse, reprove, reproach*. 2. *to examine, question*: *to prove, attest*.

ἐλε-δεμένος, *ος*, (*ἔλω, δέμνιον) *couch-destroying*.

ἐλέειν, Ep. for ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεεινός, in Att. Poets. ἐλεινός, *ος*, *ον*, (ἐλεος) *pitiable, pitious*: *pitied*: generally, *wretched, miserable*.—Adv. ἐλεεινῶς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, *pitiable*: also neut. pl. ἐλεεινὰ as Adv.

ἐλεέω, *ι*, ἔλω, (ἐλεος) *to have pity on, shew mercy upon*.

ἐλεημοσύνη, *ή*, *pity, mercy: an alms*. From

ἐλεῖμην, *ον*, gen. ονος, (ἐλέω) *pitiful, merciful*.

ἐλεστην, *ος*, *ος*, *ον*, Ion. for ἐλεος, *pity, mercy*.

Ἑλεῖθια, *ή*, = Εἰλεῖθια.

ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεεινός.

ἐλειο-βάτης, *ος*, *ος*, (ἐλος, βαίνω) *marsh-dwelling*.

ἐλειος, *ος*, and *ος*, *ον*, (ἐλος) *of or in the marsh*.

ἐλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω.

ἐλεκτο, 3 sing. aor. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, *to lie*.

ἙΛΕΛΕΥΤ' or ἐλελελεύ, like ἀλαλά, *a loud cry*.

ἐλελήθεις, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω.

ἐλελίξω (A): f. ἔω: Ep. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, *to whirl round*. II.

of soldiers, *to wheel them round, rally them*. III. generally, *to make to tremble or quake*:—Pass. *to quake, tremble, quiver*. IV. in Pass. also *to wind or twist oneself along*.

ἐλελίξω (B): f. ἔω: aor. I ἤλελιξα:—*to cry ἐλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry*.

ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελίχθων, *ον*, ονος, (ἐλελίξω, χθών) *earth-shaking*.

ἐλελόγγην, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλενᾶς, *ή*, (ἐλεῖν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) *ship-destroying*.

ἐλεόθρεπτος, *ος*, (ἐλος, τρέφω) *marsh-bred*.

ἐλεόν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, *piteously*.

*ΕΛΕΟΨ, ὁ, and ἐλεόν, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser.

*ΕΛΕΟΣ, ου, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εους, τό, *pity, mercy, compassion*. II. an object of compassion, a piteous thing.

ἑλέποις, ποῖτ. ἐλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εως: (ἐλείν, πόλις) *city-destroying*, of Helen.

ἐλέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

ἑλετός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλεῖν) *that can be taken or caught*.

ἐλευθερία Ion. -τη, ἡ, (ἐλευθερος) *freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing*.

ἐλευθέριος, ον, (ἐλευθερος) *dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank*, Lat. *liberalis*: esp. *freely-giving, bountiful, liberal*. It bears the same relation to ἐλευθερος as *liberalis* to *liber*. II. as epith. of Jove, *the Releaser, Deliverer*. Hence

ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, *freedom of spirit, liberality*.

ἐλευθερίως, Adv. of ἐλευθέριος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.

ἐλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, *having free children*.

*ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, and Att. ος, ον, *free*, Lat. *LIBER*: ὅν, (ἐλευθερον ἡμαρ the day of freedom; τὸ ἐλευθερον *freedom*. 2. *free or freed from a thing*.

3. of things, *free for all to use, open to use*. II. like ἐλευθέριος, *fit for a freeman, free-spirited*, Lat. *liberalis*.

ἐλευθεροστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to be free of speech*. From

ἐλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἐλευθερος, στόμα) *free-spoken*.

ἐλευθερ-ουργός, ὅν, (ἐλευθερος, ἔργον) *bearing himself freely*, of a horse.

ἐλευθερώω, f. ὤσω, (ἐλευθερος) *to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit*. Hence

ἐλευθέρως, Adv. ὁφ ἐλευθερος, *freely, with freedom*.

ἐλευθερώσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting free*.

*Ελευθώ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, = Ελεῖθνια.

*Ελευσίν or *Ελευσις, ἴνος, ἡ, *Eleusis*, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Prosperine:—Adv. *Ελευσινᾶδεν, *to Eleusis*; *Ελευσινόθεν, *from Eleusis*. Hence

*Ελευσίνιος, α, ον, *of Eleusis*.

ἐλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a coming: esp. the Advent*. From ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἰμι *ibo* was chiefly used.

ἐλεφαίρομαι, Dep. *to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy*.

ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέφας) *of ivory, ivory*, Lat. *eburneus*.

ἐλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) *inlaid with ivory*.

ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφας, μάχομαι) *a battle of elephants*.

*ΕΛΕΨ, ἄντος, ὁ, the elephant, Lat. *elephas*. II. *the elephant's tusk, ivory*, Lat. *ebur*.

ἐλεψα, aor. I of λέπω.

ἑλη, ἡ, = εἰλη, ἀλέα, *the beat or light of the sun*.

ἑλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω: and ἑλῆαι, Ion. for ἑλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

ἐλήλακα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλήλεμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἐληλέδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλήλιγμα, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλήφθην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλθεῖν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλίγγω, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) *whirling, spinning*.

ἐλιγμα, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) *that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet*.

ἐλιγμος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) *a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage*.

ἐλικ-ἄμπυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ἄμπυξ) *with a circlet round the hair*.

ἐλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἐλιξ, βλέφαρον) *with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing*.

ἐλικο-δρομος, ον, (ἐλιξ, δραμεῖν) *twisting, winding*.

ἐλκτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλίσσω) *rolled, wound, wreathed*.

*Ελικών, ἄνωος, ὁ, Helicon, a mountain in Boeotia, the seat of the Muses.

*Ελικώνιος, α, ον, *Heliconian, of Helicon*.

ἐλικ-ῶψ, ωπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ὥψ) *with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. ἐλικῶπις*.

ἐλινύω or ἐλινύω, f. ὤω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐλινύσα:—Ion. Verb. *to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep*. II. *to be lazy*.

ἐλιξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. *rolled, twisted, winding, spiral*: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled horns.

ἐλιξ ποῖτ. ἐλιξ, υκος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) *anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind, Lat. vortex; ἑλικες στεροπῆς, flashes of forked lightning:—the tendril of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair*.

ἐλιξ-κερος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ων, (ἐλίσσω, κέρας) *with crumpled horns*.

ἐλιπον, aor. 2 of λείπω.

ἐλισσόμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.

*ΕΛΙΣΣΩ Att. -πτω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: fut. ἐλίξω: aor. I ἐλίξα:—Pass. aor. I ἐλίχθην: pf. ἐλήλιγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐλικοτο:—*to turn about, turn round and round, roll*, Lat. *VOLVO*: *to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar*. 2. *metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve*. 3. *intrans. to hurry, move quickly about*. II. *Pass. and Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ὦραι ἐλισσόμεναι the circling hours*.

ἐλι-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) *whirling the wheel round*.

ἐλι-χρύσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσός) *helichryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers*.

ἐλκαίνω, (ἐλκος) *to be sore from a wound*.

ἐλκεσί-πεπλος, ον, (ἐλκω, πέπλος) *trailing the robe, long-robed*.

ἐλκε-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, (ἐλκω, χιτών) *trailing the tunic, with a long tunic*.

ἐλκέω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, *tear asunder*:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἔλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἔλκηθμός, *o*, a being carried off, rough usage. ἔλκημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἐλκέω) *that which is dragged away, a prey.*

ἐλκο-ποιός, *όν*, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) *making wounds, having power to wound.*

*ΕΛΚΟΣ, *εως*, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώω, f. ὥσω, to wound sorely.

ἐλκῦδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκῦσαι [ῥ], aor. I inf. of ἐλκω.

ἐλκυστάζω, Frequent. of ἐλκω, to drag about.

*ΕΛΚΩ, f. ἔλγω: aor. I εἴλγα, poet. ἔλγα: but also (as if from *ἐλκίω) fut. ἐλκίσω [ῥ]: aor. I εἰλκῦσα: Pass., aor. I εἰλκίσθην: pf. εἰλκυσμαι, Ion. ἐλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *trabo*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to *tear*: metaph. to *carp at*. 2. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίοντον, to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i.e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλεόν it weighs more. 10. ἐλκίσαι πλῆθος to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II. Med., ἔλφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώδης, *ες*, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) *like a wound, ulcerous.* ἔλκωσις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἐλκώω) *ulceration.* ἔλλαβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἐλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon: —Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

*Ελλῶνο-δίκα, *ων*, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, δίκη) *the chief judges at the Olympic games.* II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

*Ελλάς, *άδος*, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) *Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Heracles.* II. *that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwell, also called Phthiotis.* III. *Greece.*

Ἐλλάς, *άδος*, *ο*, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of Ἐλληνικός.*

ἐλλάχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλλάβορος, *ο*, *hellebore*, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πῖθ' ἐλλάβορον drink *hellebore*, i.e. you are mad.

ἐλλεδανός, *ο*, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-ropes.

ἐλλεμμα, *ματος*, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλιπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit.

III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass.

to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἐλλειψις, *εως*, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἐλ-λεσχος, *ον*, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk.

*ΕΛΛΗΝ, *ηρος*, *ο*, *Hellen*, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the *ΕΛΛΗΝες; at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάββαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἐλληνικός. Hence

Ἐλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἐλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Ἐλληνικός, *ἡ*, *όν*, (Ἐλλην) *Hellenic, Greek*; τὸ Ἐλληνικόν = οἱ Ἐλληνας, the Greeks. Adv. Ἐλληνικός, in Greek fashion.

Ἐλληίνος, *α*, *ον*, = Ἐλληνικός.

Ἐλληνις, *ιδος*, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἐλληνιστής, *οῦ*, *δ*, (Ἐλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἐλληνιστί, (Ἐλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἐλληνιστὶ ξυνίεναι to understand Greek.

Ἐλληνο-τάμια, *ων*, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, ταμίας) the stewards of Greece, i.e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἐλλησ-πόντος, *ο*, (Ἐλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence

ἐλλίπης, *ες*, wanting, defective.

ἐλλίσσάμην, Ep. for ἐλίσσμαι, aor. I of λίσσμαι.

ἐλλιτάνευον, Ep. for ἐλιτ-, impf. of λιταίνω.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*.

ἐλ-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute.

ἐλ-λόγμος, *ον*, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλοπιεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοψ) to fish.

*ΕΛΛΟΨ or ἐλλός, *ο*, a young deer, fawn.

ΕΔΔΟΨ, *ἡ*, *όν*, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλλο-φόνος, *ον*, (ἐλλός, *φένω) fawn-slaying.

ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἐλλοψ, *στος*, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λύχνιον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἐλξα, poet. for εἴλα, aor. I of ἔλκω.

ἐλξις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἐλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction.

II. a draught.

ἐλοῖμαν, Dor. for ἐλοίμη, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω.

ἐλομι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἐλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

*ΕΛΟΣ, *εως*, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἐλῶσι, Ep. for ἐλάσονται, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαίνω.
ἐλπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐλπῶ) : aor. ἤλπισα :—
Pass., aor. ἤλπισθην :—to hope, expect : also in bad
sense, to fear : c. acc. to hope for, expect : c. dat.
to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ, hope, Lat. spes : later, expectation
either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope :—Med. ἔλπομαι
Ep. ἐέλπομαι : pf. ἔολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf.
ἔδωλπειν (with impf.) :—to hope, expect, think, be-
lieve ; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπωρή, ἦ, Ep. form of ἐλπίς.

ἔλσαι, ἔλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἰλω.

ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἔλῳμα, ατος, τό. (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on
which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἐλῳμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

ἐλύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a

place for holding water, a reservoir. From

ἐλύω, (εἰλω) :—to roll round : only used in Ep. aor.
I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-
self close up.

ἔλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἔλων, impf. of ἔλᾶω : but ἔλῳν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty,
spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποτινεῖν

to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dis honour.

ἐλώριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.

ἐμάθον, aor. 2 of μαθήνομαι.

ἐμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμαρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εωτοῦ or ἐμ-εωτοῦ, ἦς,
(ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ) : reflexive Pronoun of first person, of
myself, Lat. mei ipsius : only used in gen., dat., and
acc. sing., both masc. and fem. : in plur. separated,
ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβα, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβάδον, Adv. (ἐμβαίνα) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι : aor. 2 ἐνέβην : pf. ἐμβέ-
βηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβᾶς :—to step in :—to step on,
go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board,
embark : to mount on : to be fixed upon. 3. to

tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a

thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to
enter, bring in or into :—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 ἐν-ἐβᾶ-
λον :—to throw, lay, put in ; κῶπαις ἐμβαλέειν (sub.
χείρας) to lay oneself to the oar ; also without κῶ-
παις, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of
another :—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing
to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a
thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II.

intr. to break, burst, rush in : to fall on, encounter,
run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on
another with its beak : cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψαω, to dip in.

ἐμβάς, ἄδος [ᾱ], ἦ, (ἐμβαίνα) a kind of felt shoe,
used by the Boeotians ; also by old men and poor
people.

ἐμβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμ-βασίλευν, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβᾶσις, εως, ἦ, (ἐμβαίνα) a going in or upon : a
going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which

one goes ; ἐμβασις ποδός a shoe, like ἐμβάς. 2. the
sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβᾶτεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand
on : hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt : also to pro-
tect, watch : c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter
on possession of property.

ἐμβατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐμβάτης) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβάτης) of or for marching :

ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐμβαίνα) he that goes in or upon,
esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of

boot, cf. ἐμβάς. [ᾱ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into :

τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ᾱ]

ἐμβεβᾶς, -νία, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω : ἐμβεβᾶ-

-σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω : ἐμβητον, 2 dual :

ἐμβῆθι, for ἐμβῆθι, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω : f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβᾶ :—Causal of ἐμ-

βαίνω, to make to step in or upon : to put on board

ship : to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From

ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at : simply,
to look.

ἐμ-βοάω, f. ἦσομαι, to call upon : to shout aloud.

ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting
in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἦ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. in-

trans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion,
foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another,

an assault ; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκίστομοι the shock of brassen
beaks. 3. an entrance : pass. III. the head

of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβολιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted ; μῆν

ἐμβ. an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in ; ἐμβ.

τῆς χάρης a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar : a

wedge : the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam,
architrave.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2.

the brassen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχύν, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρεμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθός) heavy, weighty. II.

metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in

bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive : of persons,
violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βριθῶ [ῖ], f. ἴσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἦσομαι : Dep. :—to snort with rage,

of horses: of men, *to be sore vexed, be indignant*, Lat. *commoveri*: *to charge strictly, censure*.

ἐμ-βροντάω, f. ἥσω, *to strike with lightning: to strike dumb*. Hence

ἐμβρόντητος, *ov*, *thunder-stricken, stupid*.

ἐμ-βροχή, ἡ, (ἐν, βρόχος) *a noose, balter*.

ἐμ-βρύ-οικος, *ov*, (ἐν, βρύον, οἰκῶ) *dwelling in seaweed*.

ἐμβρύον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) *the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo*, Lat. *foetus*.

2. *a thing newly born: a lamb or kid*.

ἐμ-βυθίος, α, *ov*, or *os*, *ov*, (ἐν, βυθός) *at the bottom*.

ἐμ-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], *to stuff in, stop up*.

ἐμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με.

ἐμέγηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω.

ἐμέθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμοῦ.

ἐμεῖ, Dor. for ἐμέ, as τεῖ for τέ (σέ).

ἐμεῖνα, aor. I of μένω.

ἐμεῖο, ἐμέο, Ep. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

ἐμέμικον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of μηκόμαι.

ἐμέμικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμεμνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μιμησκάω.

ἐμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμναι, Ep. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμναι, Ep. for εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔημι.

ἐμενος, aor. part. med. of ἔημι.

ἐμετικός, ὁ, ὄν, *provoking sickness*.

who uses emetics. From

ἐμετος, ὁ, (ἐμέω) *sickness, vomiting*.

ἐμεῖ, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μεῖ: Dor. ἐμεῖς.

ἜΜΕ'Ω, impf. ἤμουν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦμαι: Ep. ἤμεσα Ep. ἔμεσσα: pf. ἐμήμεκα:—Lat. *VOMIO*, *to vomit, throw up*: absol. *to be sick*; ἐμεῖν

πτίλω *to make oneself sick with a feather*.

ἐμεωντοῦ, Ion. for ἐμαντοῦ.

ἐμήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of μήδομαι.

ἐμίγην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίν, poet. Dor. for ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμιάθων, Ep. for ἔμαθον, aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

ἐμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. *to be mad at*: Hence

ἐμμανής, ἐς, *mad, frantic, raving*. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐμπαίπεις, Adv. *forthwith, immediately, hastily*.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, *to impress upon*.

ἐμ-μαχόμαι, f. -μαχέσσομαι, Dep. *to fight a battle in*.

ἐμ-μεδιάω, f. άω [α], *to smile at*.

ἐμμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐμμελής) *a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance*.

ἐμ-μελετάω, f. ἥσω, *to exercise in a thing*. Hence

ἐμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, *an exercise, practice*.

ἐμ-μελής, ἐς, (ἐν, μέλος) *in tune, well-timed, harmonious, melodious*: generally, regular, agreeable:

elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. ἐμμελῶς, Ion.

-λέως.

ἐμμεμῶς, νῖα, ὅς, *pressing eagerly on, eager, hasty, ardent*: pf. part. with no verb in use.

ἐμ-μέμω, pf. with no pres. in use, *to be lost in passion*.

ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, Ep. inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμμενής, ἐς, *abiding in*: neut. ἐμμενές as Adv., *unceasingly*. Adv. ἐμμενῶς, Ep. and Ion. -έως. From

ἐμ-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐνέμεινα:—*to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to*, Lat. *stare ab aliquo*:

absol. *to continue*.

ἐμ-μετρέω, f. ἥσω, *to measure in or by*.

ἐμ-μετρος, *ov*, (ἐν, μέτρον): *in measure, measured, moderate*.

II. *in metre, metrical*.

ἐμ-μηνος, *ov*, (ἐν, μήν) *in a month, lasting a month*.

II. *occurring every month, monthly*.

ἐμμί, Dor. for εἰμι sum.

ἐμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, *to mix or mingle in*.

II. *intrants to encounter, meet*.

ἐμ-μίνω, poet. for ἐμ-μένω.

ἐμ-μισθος, *ov*, (ἐν, μισθός) *in pay, in receipt of pay*.

ἐμμορος, *ov*, (ἐμμένω) *abiding in, steadfast*.

ἐμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι.

ἐμ-μορος, *ov*, (ἐν, μείρομαι) *partaking in or of*. II.

(ἐν, μόρος) *fortunate*.

ἐμ-μοτος, *ov*, (ἐν, μότος) *spread on lint*.

ἐμ-μοχθος, *ov*, (ἐν, μόχθος) *toilsome, painful*.

ἐμ-μυσέ, f. ἥσω, *to initiate at the mysteries in*.

ἐμνησα, aor. I of μιμησκάω.

ἐμνήσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of μιμησκάω.

ἐμνώοντο, Ep. for ἐμνῶντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι.

ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμολον, aor. 2 of βλώσσω.

ἐμός, ὁ, ὄν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from ἐγώ.

ἐμοῦ, mine, Lat. *meus*: joined with gen. to strengthen

the possessive notion ἐμὸν αὐτοῦ *mine own*; ἐμῇ ἀγ-

γελίῃ *a message about me*; τὸ ἐμὸν *mine, my part*;

also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμὸν, τὸ μὲν ἐμὸν,

for my part, as far as concerns me.

ἐμοῖμαι, fut. of ἐμέω.

ἐμοῖς, Dor. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμπᾶ, Adv., v. ἐμπᾶς.

ἐμπάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπαζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. *to busy oneself*

about, take heed of, care for.

ἐμ-πάθης, ἐς, (ἐν, πάθος) *in a state of emotion,*

much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶς, *passionately*.

ἐμπαίγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαίγμος.

ἐμπαίγμος, ὁ, *a jesting, mocking*. From

ἐμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, *to mock, Lat. illudere: to*

trick, deceive. II. *to sport in or on*. Hence

ἐμπαίκτης, *ov*, ὁ, *a mocker, deceiver*.

ἐμπαίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαχθίσσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαῖος, *ov*, (B) = ἐμπειρος, *knowing, practised in,*

c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπαῖος, *ov*, (B) *bursting upon one, sudden*. From

ἐμ-παῖω, f. -παῖσω or -παῖσσω, *to strike in,*

stamp. II. intr. *to burst in upon*.

ἐμ-πακτώ, *f. ὦσω*, to close up, caulk.

ἐμ-πάλασσω, *f. ἔω*, to entangle in or together.

ἐμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἐμ-πάλι, (*ἐν, πάλιν*) Adv. backwards, back.

II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in return. IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis τοῦμπαλιν, τὰμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.

ἐμ-παρέχω, *f. ἔω*, to band over, put in one's power.

ἐμ-πῦς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πης, Adv. (properly ἐν πάσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole, nevertheless, still.

III. joined with περ, however much, ever so much.

ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-πάσα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in, embroider.

ἐμ-πατέω, *f. ἦσω*, to tread in, walk into.

ἐμπεδό-μοχος, *ov*, (ἐμπεδος, μόχος) ever-painful.

ἐμπεδο-ορκέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἐμπεδος, ὄρκος) to abide by one's oath.

ἐμ-πεδος, *ov*, (*ἐν, πέδον*) in its place, steadfast, unshaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual.

II. Adv. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπεδώς, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.

ἐμπεδο-σθενής, *ἐς*, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force unshaken.

ἐμπεδόω, *f. ὦσω*, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.

ἐμπεύραμος, *ov*, = ἐμπεράμος.

ἐμπερία, *ῆ*, experience: experience in or acquaintance with a thing. From

ἐμ-πειρος, *ov*, (*ἐν, πείρα*) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-πειρότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρας τινὸς ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.

ἐμπελάδων, Adv. near, hard by. From

ἐμ-πελάζω, *f. ὦω*: aor. I ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass. to be brought near, approach.

ἐμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπεπλησμένους, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.

ἐμπεπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐμ-περύαμος, *ov*, = ἐμπεριος, acquainted with.

ἐμ-περιπατέω, to walk about in: to tarry among.

ἐμ-περονάω, *f. ἦσω*, to fasten with a brooch. Hence ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. -ᾶμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.

ἐμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐμ-πετανύμι or -ύω, *f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]*, to unfold and spread on or out.

ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω: ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.

ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγγν[ῃ], with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ῆγγεν:—to stick in.

ἐμ-πήδω, *f. ἥσομαι*, to leap or jump in.

ἐμ-πηρος, *ov*, crippled, maimed, deformed.

ἐμ-πης, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἔμπας.

ἐμ-πιεύω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, *f. ἄνω*, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter against.

ἐμπίπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, *v. ἐμπίπ-*

ἐμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink of the blood.

ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐμ-πίπλημι, *f. -πλήσω*: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied.

II. in Med. also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough of, enjoy.

ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.

ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἐμ-πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on, fall in with.

ἙΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ῆ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. *culex*.

ἐμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπίπτω, to fall upon.

ἐμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω: *f. ἄσω [ᾶ]*: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα:—to plaster up, daub over with a thing.

ἐμ-πλειος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεος.

ἐμ-πλέκω, *f. ἔω*, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat. *implicare*:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2. metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.

ἐμ-πλεος, *a, ov*, Ep. ἐμπλειος or ἐνίπλεος, *ῆ, ov*,

Att. ἐμπλεως, *ov*, quite full of a thing.

ἐμ-πλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι*, to sail in.

ἐμπλήγηδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.

ἐμπληκτος, *ov*, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stupefied, senseless.

II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv.

ἐμπλήκτως, madly.

ἐμπλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐμπλην, (ἐμπελάω) Adv. near, close by.

ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλην, besides, except.

ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of

ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήστατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήστατο.

ἐμπλησθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνίπλη: *f. ἔω*:—to strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.

ἐμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμ-πίπλημι:—ἐμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.

ἐμπλοκή, *ῆ*, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.

ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐμ-πνέω, poet. -πνείω: *f. -πνεύσομαι*: aor. I ἐνέ-πνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc.,

ιστίον ἐμπνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive.

II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:—to blow into, swell the sail.

ἐμ-πνοια, *ῆ*, in-breathing, inspiration. From

ἐμ-πνοος, *ov*, contr. -πνοος, *ovv*, (*ἐν, πνοή*) having the breath in one, breathing, alive.

ἐμ-ποδίζω, *f. ἰώω* Att. ἰώ: (*ἐν, ποῦς*):—to entangle the feet, fetter; ἐμ. ἰσχάδας to tie together figs by their stalks.

II. generally, to hinder, stop, check.

ἐμ-πόδιος, *ov*, (*ἐν, ποῦς*) in the way, obstructing.

ἐμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ἄν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἐμποδὼν εἶναι to be in the way:—with the Art., τὸ ἐμποδὼν *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκπόδων.

ἐμ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to produce or create in, introduce, cause.

ἐμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἐμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

ἐμπολάω: impf. ἡμύλων: f. ἐμπολήσω: pf. ἡμύληκα: (ἐμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίοντον πολλὸν ἐμπολῶντο (Ep. for ἡμύλωντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. II. absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, buy.

ἐμ-πολεμέω, f. ἥσω, to wage war in.

ἐμ-πολέμιος, ον, of belonging to war, hostile.

ἐμπολεὺς, εὼς, ὁ, (ἐμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker.

ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) merchandise: traffic. II. gain made by traffic, profit.

ἐμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐμπολάω) matter of traffic, a cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἐμπολητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπολάω) bought and sold.

ἐμ-πολις, εὼς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) in the city or state: ὁ ἐμπολις τινι one's fellow-citizen.

ἐμ-πολίτευω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, bold civil rights in.

ἐμπολῶντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἐμπολάω.

ἐμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of commerce. From ἐμπορεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἐμπορεῖν):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic. 2. c. acc. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence

ἐμπορευτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. one must go.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἐμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a trade. II. goods trafficked in, merchandise.

ἐμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ἐμπορικά imported goods.

ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἐμπόρος) Lat. emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart. II. ἐμπορία, τά, merchandise. From

ἐμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector. II. a traveller, wanderer. III.

one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, institor; metaph., ἐμπορος βίον a trader in life.

ἐμ-πορπάω, f. ἥσω, to fix on with a brooch or buckle:—Pass., εἰμάτα ἐνεπορπάτο (Ion. for -πντο), they wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

Ἐμπουσα, ἡ, Empusa, a hobgoblin assuming various shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπρακτος, ον, (ἐμπράσσω) practicable.

ἐμπρεπής, ἐς, conspicuous in or by a thing. From ἐμ-πρέπω, to be conspicuous in or among. II.

to be conspicuous for.

ἐμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. = ἐμ-πρήνμι, to burn to ashes.

ἐμπρησις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐμπήρημι) a setting on fire.

ἐμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for ἐμπροσθεν.

ἐμ-προσθεν, poet. before a conson. -θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, before, in front of. II. of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence

ἐμ-πρόσθιος, ον, front, fore; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἐμπύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to spit upon.

ἐμ-πυκάζω, f. σω, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἐμπεπύκασται his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery.

ἐμ-πύος, ον, (ἐν, πύον) discharging matter.

ἐμ-πύρεω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) to set on fire.

ἐμ-πύρ-βητης, ον, ὁ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνει) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to ἄπυρος.

ἐμ-πύρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) in or on the fire. II. scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ἔμπυρος τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τὰ ἔμπυρα [ἱερὰ] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices.

ἐμῦκον, aor. 2 of μυκᾶσθαι.

ἐμ-φάγην, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): —to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

ἐμ-φαίνω, f. -φάω: aor. I ἐνέφηναι:—to shew, make appear:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανῶμαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself.

ἐμφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. of ἐμφαίνω.

ἐμφάνης, ἐς, (ἐμφανῆναι) appearing in, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ἐμφανίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew forth: to make clear, explain.

ἐμφάνως Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of ἐμφανής, visibly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἐμφάσις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐμφαίνομαι) an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance.

ἐμφέρεia, ἡ, resemblance. From

ἐμφορής, ἐς, resembling, similar. Adv. -ρῶς, similarly, just as. From

ἐμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οίσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teeth.

ἐμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up in.

ἐμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὁ, ἡ, with fire in it.

ἐμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) fearful, terrible. II. pass. frightened, afraid.

ἐμ-φορβίω, f. ύσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece.

ἐμ-φορέω, f. ἥσω, like ἐμφέρω, to bear or bring in:—Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of.

III. to inflict on.

ἐμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to stop up, block up.

ἐμφρουρέω, f. ἥσω, to keep guard in. From

ἐμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

ἐμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent.

ἐμφύτης, ἐς, (ἐμφύω) implanted by nature, innate.

ἐμ-φύλος, ον, and ἐμ-φύλος, ιον, (ἐν, φύλον) of the same tribe or race; ἐμφύλον αἷμα kindred blood; τοῦμφυλον αἷμα a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις

ἐμφυλος intestine, civil discord.

ἐμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

ἐμ-φύσᾱω, f. ἦσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.

ἐμφύτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

ἐμ-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἐνέφυσᾱ in these tenses trans. to implant. II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι,

with act. pf. ἐμπεφύκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χειρὶ to cling fast to his hand.

ἐμ-φωνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ἐμ-φοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.

ἐμ-ψύχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.

ἐμ-ψυχόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.

ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.

ἘΝ poet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, εἰνί, PREP. with DAT.

IN: I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήρῃσι, ἐν

Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc.

3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῆτι, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὤπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the

number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πῶτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's

power, in one's bands; νίκης πείρα? ἔχονται ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι are in their bands; ἐν μοῖ ἐστι it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II.

OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δασμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within;

ἐν τῷ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχεὶ in short time. IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκι-

νόοιο, εἰν Ἀῖδαο Att. ἐν Ἀῖδου, etc., where οἶκω or δόμοις is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-

VERB, therein, threaten, thereby, moreover: especially. VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then

written ἐνι. VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2.

with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρος, ἐν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or

else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it. 2. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ;

and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ. ἐν, neut. of εἰς; and ἐνα, acc. masc.

ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of. ἐν-αγής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἄγος) in or under a curse, polluted,

blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accursed. Hence ἐνᾷγξω, f. ἰω Att. ἰῶ, to offer sacrifice to the dead,

Lat. parentare. Hence ἐνάγισμα, atos, τό, an offering to the dead.

ἐν-αγκάλλομαι, Med. to take in one's arms. ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit ibongs to

javelins to throw them with. ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγεῖρω.

ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἀγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ἔω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ἐν-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενὴς ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in.

ἐν-ἀγωνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἦσω, = ἀθλέω ἐν, to contend in or among. ἐναιμήεις, εσσα, εν, = ἐναιμος.

ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.

ἐναιρέμεν, Ep. for ἐναιρεῖν, inf. of ἐναιρῶ.

ἐναιρῶ Ep. ἐναιρῶ: fut. ἐνάρῳ: aor. 2 ἡνάρων, poet. also ἐνάρων: aor. I med. ἐννάρμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνή-
πατο: (ἐναπα):—to slay, kill: a mode of things, to make away with, destroy.

ἐν-αίστιμος and ἐν-αίστιος, ov, (ἐν, αἶσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper;

and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, fitly, becomingly.

ἐν-αυχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ἐν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκις, Adv. = ἐννάκις.

ἐνάκδοτοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.

ἐν-ἀκούω, f. -οῦσμαι, to bear in a place.

ἐν-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναλήμιμαι: to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ἐν-ἀλίγκιος, ov, like, resembling.

ἐν-άλιος, α, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also εἰν-άλιος: (ἐν, ἅλς):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus.

ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

From

ἐν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἔω: aor. I -ήλλαξα: pf. -ήλλαχα, pass. -ήλλαχμαι:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another.

II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ἐν-ἀλλομαι, f. -ἀλλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.

ἐν-αλλος, ov, changed, contrary.

ἐν-ἅλος, ov, (ἐν, ἅλς) = ἐνάλιος.

ἐν-ἄμιλγω, f. ἔω, to milk into.

ἐν-ἄμιλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἀμίλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv. = ἐναντιον.

ἐν-αντίβιος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον, against, in opposition to.

ἐν-αντίος, α, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ ἐναντίου, over against, opposite. 3. the regul.

Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιόω, f. ὤσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, f. ὤσομαι: aor. I ἡναντιώθη: pf. ἡναντίωμαι poet. ἐν—: to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντίωμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιόω) an obstacle.

ἐναντίωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιόω) opposition.

ἐνάξα, aor. I of νάσσω.

ἐναπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναπέφηπτε, Ion. for ἐναφέφηπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναφάπτω.

ἐναφήκε, Ion. for ἐναφέηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐναφέημι.

ἐν-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνομαι, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

ἐν-ἀπόλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόργγνυμι, f. -απομόρῳ, —to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίζω, f. -απονίω, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίω, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-ἄπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ἜΝΑΡΑ, αῶν, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐν-αράρισκω, aor. I ἐνήρῃσα, to fit or fasten in. II. intr. in pf. ἐν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρες or ἐνάριες, οἱ, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυννοι.

ἐνάρηως, νῖα, ὅς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναρῖσκω.

ἐνάρη-φόρος, ον, (ἐναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνάρῖω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐνάρῖα:—Pass., aor. I ἡνάρῖσθην: pf. ἡνάρῖσμαι: (ἐναρα)—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐνάρῖζειν τινά ἔντα, τυχόν to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νύξ ἐνάρῖζομένη night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-ἀριθμέω, f. ῖσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ἀριθμός, ον, (ἐν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among.

II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐνάρῖμ-βροτος, ον, (ἐναίρω, βρότος) slaying men.

ἐν-αριόω and -πτω: f. ὅσω Dor. ὀέω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρων, τό, see ἐναρα.

ἐνάρων, poet. for ἡνάρων, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-ἀρχομαι, f. ζομαι Dep. to begin with.

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανῶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (σύλαχυντα) from the baskets (κανῶ, pl. of κανών); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐνασσα, Ep. aor. I of νάω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, η, ον, (ἐνέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνατα (sub. ἑρά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλακτο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτᾶω) roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, ον, to be dwell in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὁ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; baunt.

ἐν-αυλος, ον, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχνήος, ος, ον, (ἐν, αὐχὴν) in or on the neck.

ἐν-αῦω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αῦσαι, to kindle or light a fire:—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-ἀφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-απ—: f. -ἀφήσω, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαῖς, αἶδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαῖς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δαῖω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, f. δῆξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέδακον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, ον, (ἐνδον) native of the country.

ἐν-δᾶτέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδέδμεναι, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεεστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδέω, in a less degree.

ἐνδέησω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τό ἐνδέες lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεῖα, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: f. -δείξω: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεδείχην: pf. ἐνέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare as Att. law-term, to inform against.

II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδείξις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

2. in

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἐν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἐν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., eleven. II. οἱ ἐνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἐνδεκά-πῆχυς, υ, gen. εὐς, eleven cubits long.

ἐνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, eleven feet long or broad.

ἐνδεκάς, ὁδός, ἡ, (ἐν-δεκα) the number eleven.

ἐνδέκατος, η, ον, (ἐν-δεκα) the eleventh.

ἐνδεκ-ετής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ἰδος, eleven years old.

ἐν-δεκομαί, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.

ἐνδελεχής, ἐς, continual, constant. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, constantly.

ἐνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

ἐν-δέμω, f. μῶ, to wall up:—to build in a place.

ἐν-δεξιόμοι, Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace.

ἐν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv.

2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ἐνδετός, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in.

ἐν-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι; f. -δέξομαι; Dep.:—to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere.

II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence

2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δήσω; aor. I ἐνέησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δέσω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail.

II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνδεῖ αὐτῷ he was in want of many things.

III. Pass. to be in want or need of.

ἐνδεῶς, Adv. of ἐνδεής, insufficiently.

ἐν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear:—Adv. ἐνδήλως, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place.

ἐν-δημος, ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home: native, opp. to ξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine.

II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐνδίαω.

ἐν-διάγω, f. ῶ, to pass one's time in.

ἐν-διαθρύπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ἐν-δῖταιτόμαι, Ion. -έρομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place.

ἐν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ῶ, to arrange in order

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιάσκειν (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

ἐν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.

ἐν-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω; aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up.

II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to cause.

III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of.

IV. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease.

V. of a river, to empty itself.

ἐν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδίσαν, to chase, pursue.

ἐν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal.

II. of persons, righteous, just, upright.

2, possessed of right.

III. Adv. ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα.

ἐν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ἐνδινεύω, Dor. for ἐνδινύω, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἐν-δινέω, f. ἥσω, to revolve in.

ἐνδίων, τό, a seat in the air: a seat.

ἐν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon.

II. in the open air. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἐν-δίφριος, ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat.

ἐνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδον) from within: from one's heart, of oneself.

II. within, c. gen.

ἐνδοθι, (ἐνδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

ἐνδοι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιάζω, = ἐν δουῇ εἶναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθῆναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ἐνδοιαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful.

Adv. -τῶς, doubtfully.

ἐνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -χας, (ἐνδον, μάχη) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ἐν-δόμητος, εως, ἡ, (ἐν, δόμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.

ἐνδο-μύχος, ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of a dwelling.

ἐνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own country; οἱ ἐνδον those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἐνδον household affairs.

ἐν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured.

2. of things, glorious.

Adv. -ξως.

ἐνδοσίμοις, ον, (ἐνδιδόμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδοσίμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note.

ἐνδοτέρος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, inner: Sup. ἐνδοτάτος, η, ον, inmost.

ἐν-δουπέω, f. ῶ, to fall in with a heavy sound.

ἐν-δρομέω, f. ῶ, to run in, fall into.

ἐν-δρομῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρύμις) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

ἐν-δροςος, ον, (ἐν, δρόςος) dewy, dank.

ἐν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ἱστροβοεύς).

ἐνδύκως, Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly. The Adj. ἐνδύκης is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐν-δυνάμοω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengiten:—Pass. to acquire strengib.

ἐν-δυναστεύω, *f. σω*, to have power in or among. II. to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ὅσα, ἕν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύνω.

ἐν-δυστυχῶ, *f. ἦσω*, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δύτηρ, ἥσος, ὅ, (ἐνδύνω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδύτηριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύνω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δύτός, ὅν, put on: as Subst., ἐνδύτῳ, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in.

From ἐν-δύνω, *f. ὕσω* [ῡ]: aor. I ἐνέδυσσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά *ti* to put on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυνκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐνδύσαι *tbou* will enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνειν.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύστα, ἐνεγύσκα, ἐνεγύσω, see ἐγγυάω.

ἐνεδείξα, ἐνεδείχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δεῖκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, to bind in.

ἐν-έδρα, ἡ, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, *f. σω*: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνήδρευον, ἐνήδρευσα, ἐνήδρευθην, ἐνήδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared.

II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-έδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-έδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἐδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδυσσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύνω.

ἐν-έζομαι, *f. -εοῦμαι*, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίημι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήην, impf. of ἐνείμι.

ἐνεθυμήθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐνευκα, Ep. for ἤνευκα (Ion. for ἡνευκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνέυκα.

ἐνεύκεον, Ep. for ἐνευκέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέικεον, impf. of νεύω.

ἐν-εἶλλω and ἐν-εἰλέω, *f. ἦσω*, to wrap up in.

ἐνεύμαι, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εἰμεν, Ep. for ἐνεομεν, I pl. of ἐνείμι: but II. ἐνεμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω,

ἐν-εμῖ, *f. ἐνέστομαι*, (ἐν, ἐμῖ sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστί *τινι* it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐνόν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-εἶδος, pf. pass. ἐνευμαι:—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνέειμι, aor. 2 part. of ἐνίημι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνε-κεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa.

II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης εἵνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκέμην, impf. of ἐγέμμαι.

ἐνεκεράσσα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνεκράγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνεκρύψα, aor. I of ἐγκρύπτω.

ἐνέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνέκυψα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, *f. -ελάσω* Att. -ελῶ:—to drive in or into.

ἐνέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, *f. ἔσω*, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαξάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμμάσσω.

ἐνέμενα, aor. I of ἐμέμνω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, *f. ἔσω*, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμυθήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμένω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐνενήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., (ἐννέα) ninety.

ἐνένητε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίτω.

ἐνενοῶσι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτω, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννέω.

ἐνέχομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνεός or ἐννεός, ὁ, ἄν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb.

ἐνεπάγχην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπαγγνυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαξα, Dor. for ἐνέπηξα, aor. I of ἐμπαγγνυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπάσα, aor. I of ἐμμάσσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπτιον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνέπληκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνέπλησθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπλήττω.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνέπλησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπλήττω.

ἐνέπνευσσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπορπείατο, Ion. for ἐνεπέρπητο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπορπάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπήττω.

ἐνέπτισα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐννέτω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνισπείν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίσβω:—to tell, tell of, describe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I -εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθην: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεργάσθην is also used in pass. sense. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire.

ἐνέργεια, ἡ, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἐνεργός) to work, be active. Hence

ζήνρημα, ατος, τό, an effect, work, operation.

ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.

ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἐργον) *working, active, busy*: of soldiers, *on service, fit for service*: of land, *in tillage, productive*. Hence

ἐνεργώς, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, *actively*: *productively*.

ἐν-ερεῖδω, f. σω, to *push in, to thrust in*.

ἐν-ερεῖω, aor. 2 ἐνήρῳ, to *belch on one*.

ἐνερθε, before a vowel -θεν, *from beneath*: *beneath*. II. c. gen. *beneath*. 2. *below, in the power of*. From

ἐνέροι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἐν) Lat. *inferi*, those *in or beneath the earth*, of the dead and the gods *below*.

ἐνερέμενος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.

ἐνεράφην [ᾱ], ἐνεραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνερός, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐνείρω) *a fitting or fastening in*.

ἐνέρτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of ἐνέροι, *deeper, lower*.

ἐνεσάω, Ep. for ἐνήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνεσία, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a suggestion, counsel*.

ἐνεσκληκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκελλω.

ἐνέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ἐνίσταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεστῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστῶδω), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνστήρικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.

ἐνέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐντάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐντένω.

ἐντεταλάμην, aor. I med. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐνέτη, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a pin, brooch*.

ἐντέρων, aor. 2 of ἐντρώγω.

ἐντεράπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντεράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐντερίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντριβώ.

ἐντυλίξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐνέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to *be happy in*.

ἐν-εὐδω, fut. -ευδήσω, to *sleep in or on*.

ἐν-εύναιος, ὄν, (ἐν, εὐνή) *in or on which one sleeps*; *δέρμα ἐνεύναιον* a skin *to sleep on*; *χῆται ἐνευνάων* for want of *bed-clothes*.

ἐνευσα, aor. I both of νέω and of νέω (B) *to swim*.

ἐνέφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνέφυσα, ἐνέφυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.

ἐνέφυσησα, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.

ἐνέχεα, Ep. ἐνέχευα, aor. I med. of ἐγχέω.

ἐνεχείρησα, aor. I of ἐγχειρέω.

ἐνεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγχέω.

ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνέχθητι, ἐνεχθείην, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχῦράζω, f. ἀσώ, (ἐνέχῳρον) *to take a pledge from one*. 2. c. acc. rei, *to take in pledge*: Pass., ἐνεχυράζεσθαι *τὰ χρήματα* to have one's goods seized for debt: *Μὲδ. to have surety given one, τόκον* for interest.

ἐν-ἐχῳρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχῳρός) *a pledge, surety*; ἐν-ἐχῳρον τιθέναι τι *to make a thing a pledge*.

ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέχω or ἐνσχέσω:—*to keep fast within*:

entertain, cherish.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνεσχόμεν, *to be held, caught, entangled in*.

III. intr. *to enter, pierce into, penetrate*: *to press upon*.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγχωρέω.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to *bind fast in, to involve in*.

ἐνι, ης, η, see ἐνος, η, ὄν.

ἐν-ἡβῶ, f. ἦσω, to *spend one's youth in*: *to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in*. Hence

ἐνῆβητήριον, τό, *a place of amusement*.

ἐν-ἡβος, ὄν, (ἐν, ἡβη) *in the prime of youth*.

ἐνθέρουσα, -εὔθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-εδρεύω.

ἐνιείη, ἡ, (ἐνῆης) *kindness, goodness*.

ἐνῆεν, Ep. for ἐνῆν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνῆης, ἑς, gen. ἐνῆεος, *kind, friendly, good-hearted*. (Connected with ἀπηνῆς and προσηνῆς.)

ἐνῆκα, aor. I of ἐνίμι.

ἐνῆλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνῆλατον, τό, (ἐνεαύλων) *anything driven in*: in plur. *the rounds* of the ladder *fixed in the poles or sides*; ἀξόνων ἐνῆλατα *the pins driven into the axle, linch-pins*.

ἐνῆλλαγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνῆλλαξα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνῆλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐν-ῆμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έξομαι), *to be seated in*.

ἐν-ῆμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐνήνεγμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of *being upon or close to*. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίμι.

ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, *there*, Lat. *ibi*: also as relat. to ὅθι, *where*, Lat. *ubi*. 2. *in this case or state*. 3. with a sense of Motion, *thither*, Lat. *illuc*.

II. of Time, *when*. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. *thither*, Lat. *illuc*: also, *there*: of Time, *here, now*.

ἐν-θακέω, f. ἦσω, *to sit in or on*. Hence ἐνθάκεισιν, εὼς, ἡ, *a sitting in*; ἐνθάκεισιν ἡλίου *a seat in the sun*.

ἐν-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm in*:—Pass., ἐνθάλλεσθαι ἔρωτι *to glow with love*.

ἐνθαυέν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθνήσκω.

ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. *there where, where*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to bury in a place*.

ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) *to be inspired*.

ἐνθέμεν, ἐνθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. *thence*, Lat. *illinc*; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν *on this side and on that*: also as relat. for ὅθεν, *whence, whereof*, Lat. *unde*.

II. of Time, *thereupon*, *after that*.

ἐνθένδε, (ἐνθεν) *hence*, Lat. *hinc*.

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
 ἐν-θεος, *on*, full of the god, inspired, possessed:
 given by inspiration.

ἐν-θεραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to beat:—Pass., ἐν-
 τεθέρμανται πόθω has been heated by passion.
 ἐνθεσις, *ews*, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a
 piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-
 τίθημι.

ἐνθετος, *on*, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθεύτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐνθη, ἐνθης, ἐνθοι, ἐνθων, Dor. for ἔλθη, ἔλθης,
 ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, *on*, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II.

metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θνήσκει, f. θνήσκω, to die in: to grow rigid or
 torpid in.

ἐνθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθράσκω.

ἐνθορ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. άσω, or ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. ήσω, (ἐνθεος,
 contr. ἐνθος) to be inspired.

ἐνθρέψασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θρίωω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf,
 envelop.

ἐν-θρόσκω, f. -θορούμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἐνθο-
 ρον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἐν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐν-
 τεθύμηναι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός)—to lay to heart, con-
 sider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned
 at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, *atos*, τό, a thought: invention, device,
 stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric an-
 swering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, *ews*, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, ἡ, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θύμος, *on*, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing
 upon the mind; ἐνθύμιόν ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est
 mihi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἐνθύμος.

ἐν-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass.
 part. ἐνθεωρακιζόμενος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἰς.

ἐνι, for ἐνεστί, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαυτός, *on*, also *a*, *on*, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one
 year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a
 year.

ἐνιαυτός, ὁ, (ἔτος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly,
 every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος

ἦλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the
 year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιάχῃ, Adv. (ἐνιοι) in some places.

ἐν-βάλλω, ἐν-βάλλπω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνβλαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I pass. part. of ἐμβλάπτω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνειδω.

ἐν-ιδρώω, f. άσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρύω, ἐν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [ὑ], to set, settle, or
 found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, or -ύω, poet. for ἐνζ-.

ἐν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, (ἐν, ἰζω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ίημι, fut. -ήσω: aor. I -ἦκα Ep. -έηκα: pf. -εἶκα,
 pass. -εἶμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire:

generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch
 into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a

thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr.
 to enter.

ἐνιθρέφω, poet. aor. I part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικάτθεο, Ep.
 aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break
 off, Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκλείω.

ἐνι-ναεταάσκω, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναετᾶω.

ἐνι-οι, *ai*, *a*, (from ἐνι οἷ = εἰσιν οἷ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν
 ὅτε) some, Lat. aliqui.

ἐνι-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι ὅτε = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, some-
 times: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνίπῃ, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνι-πλεος, *on*, Ep. for ἐμπλεος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθῆναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.
 I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-,

aor. I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-πτεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐμπίπρημι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνιπᾶπον,
 or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-
 jurgare. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκήπτω, Ep. for ἐνσ-.

ἐνισπείω, ἐνισπείτω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐν-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach:
 also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. I -έστησα: also fut. and
 aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:—Causal in these

tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.
 intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέ-
 στηκα; plqpf. ἐνεστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in

or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon,
 be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστώτος μηνός in

the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur;
 τὰ ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose,

resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ὑ], to strengthen. II. intr.

to gain strength.

ἐν-ισχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγχ-.

ἐνιχυμφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of ἐγχρίπτω.

ἐν-λαθέω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ἐννᾶετήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐνναίω) an inhabitant:—fem.

ἐνναέτερα.

ἐννᾶ-ἐτηρος, *on*, = sq.

ἐννᾶ-ετής, *es*, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut.

ἐννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

ἐν-νάετης, ου, ὁ, = ἐν-ναετήρ.
 ἐννά-έτος, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐνναετής, nine years old.
 ἐν-ναῖος: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. I ἐννασσομένην:—to dwell in: inhabit.
 ἐννάκις, Adv. (ἐννέα) nine times, Lat. novies.
 ἐννᾶκόσιοι, v. ἐνακοσ—.
 ἐννάδσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἐνναῖω.
 ἐννάτος, false form for ἐνάτος.
 ἐνναυπηγέω, f. ἤσω, to build ships in.
 ἑΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. nine, Lat. novem.
 ἐννέα-βουίος, ου, (ἐννέα, βουίς) worth nine beees.
 ἐννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence
 ἐννεακαιδέκα-μηνος, ου, (μῆν) nineteen months old.
 ἐννεακαιδεκ-ετής, ἐς, (ἔτος) nineteen years old.
 ἐννέα-κρουνοί, ου, with nine springs, a well at Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.
 ἐννέα-λίνοι, ου, (ἐννέα, λίνον) of nine threads.
 ἐννέα-μηνος, ου, (ἐννέα, μῆν) of nine months.
 ἐννέα-πῆχυς, υ, (ἐννέα, πῆχυς) nine cubits long.
 ἐννέα, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐννέα) the number nine: a number of nine. II. the ninth day of the month.
 ἐννέα-φώνος, ου, (ἐννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes.
 ἐννέα-χίλιοι, αι, α, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, nine thousand.
 ἐννέα-χορδος, ου, (ἐννέα, χορδή) of nine strings.
 ἐννενηκοντα, worse form for ἐννενηκοντα, ninety.
 ἐννενηκοντα-εννέα, indecl. ninety and nine.
 ἐννενωκάστ, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.
 ἐννεον, Ep. for ἐνεον, impf. of νέω, to swim.
 ἐννε-ὄργυιος, ου, (ἐννέα, ὄργυιά) nine fathoms long.
 ἐννεός, false form for ἐνεός.
 ἐν-νεοσσεύω Att. -ττεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or hatch young in: c. acc. to hatch.
 ἐννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.
 ἐννεσία, ἡ, see ἐνεσία.
 ἐν-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to.
 ἐννέ-ωρος, ου, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) nine years old or long.
 ἐννήκοντα, Ep. for ἐννεήκοντα, ninety.
 ἐνν-ἡμαρ, (ἐννέα, ἡμαρ) Adv. for nine days.
 ἐννηφιν, Ep. for ἐνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.
 ἐν-νοέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐννεύσσω Ion. part. ἐννώσας: pf. ἐννεύσμεθα Ion. ἐννεύωκα:—also in Med., with aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat. excogitare. Hence
 ἐννοια, ἡ, a thought: an intent, design.
 ἐν-νομος, ου, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law, lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under the law. II. (ἐν, νέμωμαι) feeding in, inhabiting.
 ἐν-νοος, ου, contr. -vous, ου, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful, sensible:—Comp. ἐννοότερος, Sup. -οὔστατος.
 ἐννοσί-γαυος, ὁ, poet. for ἐνοσίγ-, (ἐνοσίς, γῆ) the Earthshaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.
 ἐννοσί-φυλλος, ου, poet. for ἐνοσίφ-, (ἐνοσίς, φύλλον) with quivering leaves.
 ἐννοχλεῖς, poet. for ἐνοχλεῖς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλέω.

ἐννῦμι or ἐννῦω, from root FE'Ω, = FEΞΘΩ, Lat. VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσσω; Ep. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med. ἐννῦμι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἔσασθην. Ep. ἔσασθην, 3 sing. ἔέσσο:—Pass. pf. εἴμαι, εἴσαι, εἴται, but Ep. also ἔσαι, ἔται: plqpf. εἴμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἴατο:—to put clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on oneself, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to wrap or shroud oneself in; Λάϊνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα ἰβουῖς hadst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.
 ἐννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐννῦμι.
 ἐν-νύχιος, f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in.
 ἐν-νύχτω, α, ου, or os, ου, (ἐν, νύξ) nightly, in the night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the dead.
 ἐν-νύχτω, ου, = ἐννύχιος.
 ἐννώσαι, -νώσας, Ion. for ἐννοῆσαι, -νοῆσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἐννοέω.
 ἐν-ὀδος, α, ου, Ep. ἐν-ὀδός, η, ου, (ἐν, ὁδός) in, on, or by the road: σφῆκες ἐνόδιοι wasps that have their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging to a journey.
 ἐν-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence ἐνοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a dwelling in a place.
 ἐν-οικέω, fut. ἔσω Att. ἔω, to make to dwell in a place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.
 ἐν-οἶκος, ου, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home.
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build in a place. II. to build up, block up.
 ἐν-οικος, ου, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an inhabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.
 ἐν-οινοχοέω, f. ἤσω, to pour in wine.
 ἐνόν, part. neut. of ἐνεῖμι, used absol., it being possible.
 ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp. a war-cry, battle-shout.
 ἐν-ὀπλιος, ου, (ἐν, ὀπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-ὀπλιος (sub. ρυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.
 ἐν-ὀπλος, ου, (ἐν, ὀπλον) in arms, armed.
 ἐνοπρον, τό, (ἐνὸψομαι) a mirror.
 ἐν-οράω Ion. -έω: f. ἐνὸψομαι (supplied from obsol. ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνέιδον, q. v.:—to see or observe in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.
 ἐνόρκιος, ου, = ἐνορκος.
 ἐν-ορκος, ου, (ἐν, ὅρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II. that to which one is sworn; ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak on oath.
 ἐν-ορμῆτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (ἐν, ὅρμος) one who is in harbour.
 ἐν-ὀρνῦμι, fut. ἐνόρω: aor. I ἐνώρσα: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐνόρωτο: (ἐν, ὄρω, ὀρνυμι):—to arouse or stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.
 ἐν-ορούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack.
 ἐν-ὄρχης, ου, ὁ, and ἐν-ὄρχις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος.
 ἐν-ορχος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρχις) uncastrated, entire.
 ἑΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ὁ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year: hence ἐνιαυτός ἀφενος, δεινός, etc.
 ἑΝΟΣ or ἐνος, η, ου, Adj. a year old, last year's; ἐνος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, bygone. II. ἐνη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and

new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because this 30th day consisted of two halves, one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon. 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ἐνης Ep. ἐνηνφιν, = Lat. *perendie*, the day after to-morrow, αὔριον καὶ ἐνηνφιν; so too, τῇ ἐνῃ, εἰς ἐνῃν.

ένος, gen. of εἰς and ἐν, one.
ένοσις, εως, ῆς, (*ένώβη) a shaking, quake.
Ένοσι-χθων, onos, ός, (ένοσις, χθών) the Earth-shaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ῆς, (εἰς) unity, concord.
έν-ουράνιος, ον, (έν, ουράνός) in heaven, heavenly.
έν-ουρέω, f. ῥσω, to make water in.

έν-όχλῳ, f. ῥσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ἤνυχλουν, pass. ἤνυχλούμην; aor. I ἤνυχλησα: pf. ἤνυχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. *molesto*: absol. to be an annoyance:—Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

ένοχος, ον, (ένέχομαι) held in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

έν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.
έν-ρίγω, f. ὦσω, = μίγω ἐν, to shiver or freeze in.
έν-σειώ, f. -σειώω: pf. pass. -σέσεισθαι:—to shake in or into, to drive into, hurl or launch at.

έν-σμηναίνω, f. ἄνῳ, to mean, imply:—Med. to give notice of, intimate.

έν-σκέλλω, aor. I ένέσκηλα, to dry up:—Pass., with pf. act. ένέσκληκα, to be dried up.

έν-σκευάζω, f. ὦσω, to get ready, prepare:—Pass. to be dressed or equipped:—Med. to dress oneself up.
έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένσκη-:—to hurl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on.

έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένσκη-: poet. form of έν-σκήπτω, to dash in or upon:—Pass. to stick in.

έν-σκιρρώ, f. ὦσω, (έν, σκίρρος) to barden:—Pass. to become callous, inveterate.

έν-σοφος, ον, wise in a thing.

έν-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ, to sow among:—Pass. to be sown or spread among.

έν-σπονδος, ον, (έν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, to let drop in.

έν-σταλάζω, f. ξω, = ένστάζω.

ένστοάτης, ον, ός, (ένιστάμη) one who withstands, an adversary.

έν-στέλλω, f. -στέλω:—to dress in:—Pass., έππάδα στολην ένσταλμένος clad in a horseman's dress.

έν-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι ἐν, to encamp in.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in:—Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

έντάθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

ένταλμα, ατος, τό, (έντέλλω) an injunction, precept.

έν-τάνύω, f. ύώω: aor. I inf. έντανύσαι:—poet. for έντείνω, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:—Pass. to be posted in battle.

ένταῦθα Ion. ένθαῦτα, Adv. (έν) = ένθα: I. of Place, here, there, Lat. *hic*: also *hither*, *thither*, Lat. *huc*.

II. of Time, at the very time: then, now. 2. like Lat. *deinde*, *thereupon*, *then*. Hence

ένταυθί [ῖ], Att. form for ένταῦθα.

ένταυθοί, Adv. *hither*, Lat. *huc*.

ένταφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιος) to bury. Hence

ένταφιασμός, ό, burial.

έν-τάφιος, ον, (έν, τάφος) of or used in burial. II.

as Subst., έντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ έντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies.

*ENTEΑ, ον, τό, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαιρός appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηός rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ιππεία horse-trappings, harness.

έντεθιμνμαι, pf. of ένθυμέομαι.

έντεθωράκισμα, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τένω, fut. -τενώ: aor. I έντένεινα: pf. έντέτακα:—Pass., aor. I ένετέσθην [ᾶ]: pf. έντέταμαι:—to stretch or strain tight, Lat. *intendere*; δίφρος ιμάσιν έντέταται the chariot board is bung upon straps:

to bend a bow; γέφυραι έντεταμένα a bridge of boats with the cables all taut:—έντείνασθαι άρμονίαν to raise it to a higher pitch:—έντείνειν ναῦν ποδὶ to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; έντείνειν πλῆγην Lat. *intendere* plagam. 2. to entangle in. III. to strain, exert, φωνήν έντείνασθαι: hence in Pass., to be eager or vehement, έντεταμένοι εἰς τό έργον.

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ἰώ, to wall in, fortify:—Med., to wall in, i. e. blockade.

έν-τεκνος, ον, (έν, τέκνον) having children.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ῥσω, to end one's life in a place.

έν-τελής, ές, = έν τέλει ών, complete, entire, perfect:—Adv. -λώς, Sup. -λέστατα.

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:—Pass., έντεταλμένα commands.

έντελούμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, to sacrifice. 2. to cut in, shred in.

έντερον, τό, (έντός) a piece of gut:—in plur. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

έντερόνεια, ῆς, timber for the ribs of a ship, belly-timber.

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, έργον) working in harness.

έντεταγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω.

έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω.

έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντείνω. Hence

έντεταμένως, Adv. *vehemently*, *strongly*.

έντέτατο, for ένετέτατο, plupf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω.

έντετηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

ἐντεῦθεν Ion. ἐνθεῦτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) *hence or thence*, Lat. *hinc or illinc*.

II. of Time, *henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon*.

ἐντευθενί [ἔ], Att. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐντευξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάνω) *a lighting upon*.

2. converse, intercourse.

3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving.

4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλᾶνω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τεῦτλον) *to stew in beet*.

ἐν-τήκω, f. ἔω, *to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten* :—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντέκην [ᾶ], and pf. act.

ἐντέτηκα, *to be melted in, to sink deep into one*; μῖσος

ἐντέτηκέ μοι; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν *to be wholly given up to love*.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί *sum*.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω : aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐν-

θέμεν :—*to put in*, Lat. *imponere* : metaph. *to inspire, instil* :—Med. *to put in for oneself, store up, lay by* :

also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ *to hold in honour*.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι : aor. 2 ἐντέκεον :—*to bear or produce in* : *to create or cause in*.

II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοικός, *inborn*.

ἐν-τίλᾶω, f. ἦσω, *to squirt upon*.

ἐν-τίμάω, f. ἦσω, *to value in or among*.

ἐν-τίμος, ov, (ἐν, τιμή) *in honour, honoured, prized* :

τὰ θεῶν ἐντίμα *what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes* :—Adv., ἐντίμως

εἶχειν or ἀγειν τινά *to hold him in honour*.

ἐντήμημα, atos, τό, (ἐντέμνω) *a cut, incision, notch*.

ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἵημι.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) *an injunction, command*.

ἐντομος, ov, (ἐντέμνω) *cut in pieces, cut up*; ἐντομα

ποιεῖν *to offer as victims*.

ἐντονος, ov, (ἐντείνω) *strained : intense, earnest, eager, violent*.

Adv. -ως, *violently*.

ἐν-τόπιος, ov, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τοπος, ov, (ἐν, τόπος) *in or of a place*.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus, intrinsecus*, opp. to

ἐκτός :

I. of Place, *in, within, inside*; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντὸς ἑμαυτοῦ *in my senses*.

2. on this side, Lat. *citra*, c. gen.

II. of Time, *within, in less than*, c. gen., ἐντὸς εἰκοσὶ ἡμερῶν *within 20 days*. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. *from within, within*.

ἐντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντράγω.

ἐντράπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράπησμαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, *to turn about* : metaph. *to reprove, make ashamed* :—Med. and Pass. *to turn oneself, turn towards a person : to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to : feel shame or fear*.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, *to bring up or train in* : of habits, etc., *to grow up with, become natural to*, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμωμαι (from obsol. δρέμω) :—*to run in, to move freely in*.

II. *to slip in, enter*.

ἐντρίβηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντρίβω. Hence

ἐντρίβης, ἐς, *rubbed in* : metaph. *skilled, versed in*.

ἐν-τρίβω [ἔ], f. ψω, *to rub in unguents* :—Pass. *to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted*.

II. *to rub away, wear by rubbing*.

ἐν-τρίτονίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) *to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογένεια*.

ἐντριψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντρίβω) *a rubbing in*.

ἐν-τρομος, ov, (ἐν, τρέμω) *trembling, fearful*.

ἐν-τροπαλίζομαι, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, τροπή) *Frequent. of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back*.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) *a turning towards : respect or reverence for one : also shame, reproach*.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) *in pl. tricks, artifices*.

ἐντροφος, ov, (ἐντρέφω) *brought up in, living in, among, or with* ; ἐντρ. τινος *a nursing*.

ἐν-τρολλίζω, f. ἴσω, *to whisper in one's ear*.

ἐν-τρίψάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) *to revel in, play in* :

absol. *to be luxurious*.

II. *to make sport of*.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι : aor. 2 ἐνέτράγον :—*to eat up greedily, to devour*.

ἐν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι ; aor. 2 ἐνέτυχον : pf. ἐν-

τετύχηκα :—*to light upon, fall in with, meet with*.

2. *to converse with : to intercede with*.

3. *to read*.

II. also = τυγχάνω ὦν ἐν, *to happen to be in*.

ἐν-τύλισσω, f. ἔω, *to roll or wrap up*.

ἐν-τύνω, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω ; but also aor. I imperat.

ἐντύνω [ῶ] : f. ἐντύνῶ : Ep. aor. I ἐντύνα : (ἐντεα) :

—*to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare* : c.

acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά *to make one ready, urge him on* : also c. inf. *to urge to do a thing*.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπω) of Priam, ἐντυπᾶς ἐν

χλαίῃ *κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as to shew the shape of his limbs*.

ἐν-τύπώω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τύπος) *to stamp, engrave*.

ἐν-τύψω, f. -θύψω, *to smoke*. [ῶ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύων = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (ἐνύω) *the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad* ; but, in later authors, different from him.

II. as Adj., *warlike, furious*. [ᾶ]

ἐν-υβρίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to insult one in a thing*.

ἐνυδρίς, ιος, ἡ, *an otter*. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ov, *living in the water*.

ἐν-υδρος, ov, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) *with water in it, holding water*.

II. of water, watery.

III. *living in or by water*.

ἐνύσα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ᾶσω, *to dream*. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, *a thing seen in sleep*.

2. *a dream*.

Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ov, (ἐν, ὕπνος) *appearing in sleep*.

ἐν-υπνος, ov, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξα, aor. I of νυστάξω.

ἐν-ὑφαίνω, f. ᾶνω, *to weave in as a pattern* :—Pass.

to be interwoven. Hence

ἐνυφαντός, όν, *intwoven*.

ἘΝΥΩΨ, ός, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war,

answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτάρχης, ου, ὁ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.

ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνωμοτος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

ἐνώμοτος, ον, (ἐν, ὀνυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -ότως, on oath.

ἐνωπᾶδιος, Adv. to one's face. From

ἐνωπῆ, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐνωπῇ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

ἐνώπια, αῖ, τὰ, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From

ἐνώπιος, ον, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.

ἐνώρσος, aor. I of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώσω, Ion. for ἐνόσω, aor. I of νοέω.

ἐνωτίσθαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὐς) to hearken to.

ἘΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.

ἘΞ, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.

ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy.

From

ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the

ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.

ἐξάγγελτος, ον, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.

ἐξ-ἀγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.

ἐξ-ἀγινέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.

ἐξάγιστος, ον, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II. of things, devoted, mystical.

ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.

ἐξ-ἀγνύμι, f. -ἄξω, (ἐξ, ἀγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

ἐξ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy from: to redeem.

ἐξ-ἀγορεύω, f. ῶω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

ἐξ-ἀγρίω, f. ὥσω, (ἐξ, ἀγrios) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

ἐξ-άγω, f. -ἄξω: aor. 2 -ἡγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export: τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to go or march out. Hence

ἐξάγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

ἐξάγωγήμος, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώγυμα exports.

ἐξ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.

ἐξ-ἀδο-αρχος, ον, (ἐξ, ἀρχω) leader of a body of six.

ἐξ-ᾄδω, fut. -ᾄσομαι, to sing away; ἐξᾄδειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.

ἐξ-ἄειρω Ion. for ἐξαίρω.

ἐξᾶ-ετής, ἑξ, gen. ἑός, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old: fem.

ἐξᾶετες, ἰδός.—Adv. ἐξᾶετες, for six years.

ἐξ-αβροῖζομαι, Med. to collect out from.

ἐξ-αιάξω, strengthd. for αιάξω.

ἐξ-αιμάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.

ἐξ-αἰνῦμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

ἐξ-αίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαίρω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.

ἐξ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξαίρω, one must select.

ἐξ-αίρετος, ον, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2.

reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From

ἐξ-αίρεω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἐξείλον Ep. ἐξελον (supplied from obsol. ἔλω):—Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξείλομην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαραίρημαι:—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to

take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted.

III. to take away, remove:—Med. to take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V.

to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αείρω: fut. ἐξ-ἄρῶ: aor. I ἐξήρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to

raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—

ἐξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be

excited, agitated.

ἐξ-αἰσιος, ον, (ἐξ, αἴσω) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous: violent.

ἐξ-αἰσσω Att. -ᾄσσω, -ᾄττω: fut. -αἴξω, -ᾄξω: aor. I -ἦξα:—to rush forth, start out.

ἐξ-αἰστός, f. ὥσω, (ἐξ, αἴστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.

ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξήτησα:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

ἐξ-αἰτήσις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a begging off, intercession.

ἐξ-αἰτος, ον, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choice, precious.

ἐξ-αἴφνης, Adv. on a sudden.

ἐξ-ἄκρῃ, fut. ἔσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely, apply a cure; χόλον ἐξακέσασθαι, to appease it; ἐν-δεῖας ἐξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

ἐξακέσις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.

ἐξ-ἄκῃς, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence

ἐξακισ-χίλιοι, six thousand; and

ἐξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

ἐξ-ἄκολουθῶ, f. ἦσω, to follow up, imitate.

ἐξ-ἄκοντίω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to

stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.

ἐξακόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti.

Hence

ἐξακοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.

ἐξ-ἀκούω, f. ἀκούσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to hear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.

ἐξ-ἀκριβῶ, f. ὥσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἐξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.

ἐξ-ἀκριζῶ, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to reach the top of; ἐξακρίβειν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.

ἐξ-ἀκρίτον, verb. Adj. of ἐξάγω, one must march out.

ἐξ-ἄλῶω, f. ὥσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαλῶσαι to put out his eye.

ἐξ-ἄλᾶπάω, f. ξῶ, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.

ἐξάλατο, Dor. for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.

ἐξάλεσθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.

ἐξάλειπτον, τό, a box for ointment. From

ἐξ-ἄλειψω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf. ἐξήλειψα Att. ἐξάλειψαμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινα ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείφασθαι πάθος φρενός to blot out the suffering from one's mind.

ἐξ-ἄλεομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.

ἐξ-ἄλεύομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.

*ἐξ-ἄλινδω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξαλίσας [Ὶ],

pf. ἐξήλκα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξαλίσας οἶκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδῆρα); ἐξήλικας με ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.

ἐξαλλάγῃ, ἡ, a changing: difference. From

ἐξ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ἥλλαξα:

pf. -ἥλλάχα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἥλλάχθην, -ἥλλάγην: pf. -ἥλλαγμα:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. III.

to turn another way; ποίαν [ὁδὸν] ἐξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.

ἐξ-ἄλλομαι, fut. -ἄλλομαι: aor. I -ἤλαμην: Ep.

aor. 2 part. ἐξάλλμενος: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τεύχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.

ἐξ-ἄλυσω, f. ὕω: aor. I -ἤλυσα: = ἐξαλέομαι.

ἐξ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:

—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence

ἐξ-ἄμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.

ἐξ-ἄμας, fut. ἦσω or ἥσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:—to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:—Pass., γένους ἅπαντος ρίζαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.

ἐξ-αμβλώω, f. -αμβλώω: pf. -ἤμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδι ἐξήμβλωκας you have made my wit miscarry.

ἐξ-ἀμείβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out. III. in Med.

also, to requite, repay.

ἐξ-ἀμέλω, f. ξῶ, to milk or suck out. II. to

press, as cheese.

ἐξ-ἀμέλω, f. ἦσω, to be utterly careless of.

ἐξ-ἄμετρος, ον, (ἐξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἐξαμέ-

τρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.

ἐξ-ἄμηνος, ον, (ἐξ, μῆν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.

ἐξ-ἀμηχάνεω, f. ἦσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.

ἐξ-ἀμλλάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. -ἡμλλησά-

μην, pass. -ἡμλληθήην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμίλλας ἐξαμλληθεὶς having gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive

out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out,

of the Cyclops' eye.

ἐξ-ἄμυνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [ῶ]

ἐξ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force or compel utterly. II.

to force out, drive away.

ἐξ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄσω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.

ἐξ-ἀναύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally,

to escape from.

ἐξ-ἀναξέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἐξαναξέω χόλον to let his fury boil forth.

ἐξ-ἀναιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take up out of.

ἐξ-ἀνακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships,

to retreat by backing water.

ἐξ-ἀναλίσκω, fut. -ἀναλίσσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf.

pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exhauriri.

ἐξ-ἀναλύω, f. ὕσω, to set quite free.

ἐξ-ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.

ἐξ-ἀναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive.

ἐξ-ἀνάπτω, f. ψω, to hang up a thing from or by:

—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.

ἐξ-ἀναρπάξω, f. ξῶ and σω, to snatch away.

ἐξ-ἀνασπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to tear away from.

ἐξ-ἀναστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξάνιστημι) a removal. 2.

intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

ἐξ-ἀναστῆφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.

ἐξ-ἀναστήσω, ἐξ-ἀναστήσῃ, fut. and aor. I inf. of

ἐξ-ἀνίστημι.

ἐξ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to hurl

headlong from. II. intr.

ἐξ-ἀνατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr.

ἐξ-ἀναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.

ἐξ-ἀναφέρω, f. -ἀνοίω, to bring up from the

water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover

from an illness.

ἐξ-ἀναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of the way, withdraw,

retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.

ἐξ-ἀνδραποδίζω, and Med. ἐξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

-ίσομαι Att. -ἴσονται: (ἐξ, ἀνδράποδον):—*to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery*: the Att. fut. ἑξανδραποδοῦμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ἡνδραποδίσθη, pf. -ἡνδραπόδισμαι. Hence .

ἐξανδραπόδοις, εὖς, ἡ, a selling for slaves.

ἐξ-ανδρόμαι, pf. ἐξήνδρωμαι: Pass.:—*to come to man's years*; λόχος δδόντων ὄφους ἐξήνδρωμένος a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

ἐξ-ανεγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to excite, stir up.

ἐξ-ανειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξαναίρω.

ἐξ-άνειμι, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to come back from.

ἐξ-άνερόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I -ἡνέμωσα: (ἐξ, ἄνεμος):—*to inflat*: puff up. II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

ἐξ-ἀνέρχομαι, = ἐξάνημι.

ἐξ-ανίστημι, -ἦσα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανίστημι.

ἐξ-ανέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαναστρέφω.

ἐξ-ανέτελλα, aor. I of ἐξανατέλλω.

ἐξ-ανεύρισκω, fut. -ανευρίσω, to find out, invent.

ἐξ-ἀνέχω, f. ἔσω, to hold up or out: intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

ἐξ-ἡνείχουην, -ἡνεσχόμεν:—*to bear up against*.

ἐξ-ανήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξανάγω.

ἐξ-ανήκα, aor. I of ἐξανίμι.

ἐξ-ανήλωσα, aor. I of ἐξανάλλισκω: ἐξ-ανήλωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐξ-ἀνθῶ, f. ἡσω: pf. -ἤνθηκα:—*to put out flowers*. 2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores. 3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

ἐξ-ἀνθίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐξ, ἄνθος) to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.

ἐξ-ἀνίημι, f. -ἀνήσω or -ἀνήσομαι: aor. I -ἀνῆκα:—*to send out or forth, let loose*: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen. II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

ἐξ-ἀνίστημι, f. -ἀναστήσω, aor. I -ἀνέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and

Med., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, plqpf. -ειστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.

ἐξ-ἀνοίγω, to lay open.

ἐξ-ἀνορθόω, f. ὥσω, to set upright, restore.

ἐξ-ἀντλέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I -ἤντλησα:—*to draw out, Lat. exbaurire*. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exanilare.

ἐξ-ἀνύω Att. ἐξ-ἀνύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐξήνυσσα:—*to accomplish, fulfil*. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it.

4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut ... 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

ἐξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἐξ, πάλαιστή) of six bands breadths.

ἐξ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω: aor. I -ἀπήλαφα:—*to free from, remove from*:—Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

ἐξ-ἀπάτῶ, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἡπάτησα:—*to cheat or deceive thoroughly*: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

ἐξ-ἀπάτη, ἡ, a gross trick or deception.

ἐξ-ἀπάτητηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐξαπατάω) a deceiver.

ἐξ-ἀπατίλλω, Comic Dim. of ἐξαπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.

ἐξ-ἀπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἐξήπαφον, part. ἐξαπαφών: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπαφείτο occurs in act. sense.

ἐξ-ἀπεδος, ον, (ἐξ, πούς) six feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπειδον, inf. ἐξαπιδεῖν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐξ-ἀπηχυς, υ, (ἐξ, πηχυς) six cubits long.

ἐξ-ἀπῖνα, Adv., later form of ἐξ-ἀπίνης.

ἐξ-ἀπῖναιος, α, ον, = ἐξαιπνίδιος. From

ἐξ-ἀπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἐξαίφνης. [γ]

ἐξ-ἀπλᾶσιος, α, ον, Ion. -πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἐξ) sixfold.

ἐξ-ἀπλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, i. e. 1200 feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπλώω, f. ὥσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.

ἐξ-ἀποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to step out of.

ἐξ-ἀποβόμαι, Dep. to chase away from.

ἐξ-ἀποδύω, to put off.

ἐξ-ἀπονήσκω, to be just on the point of death.

ἐξ-ἀπόλις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξ, πόλις) a league of six cities.

ἐξ-ἀπόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ:—*to destroy utterly*:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intr. to perish utterly: to perish out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονίξω, f. νύσω, to wash thoroughly.

ἐξ-ἀποξύνω, to sharpen well.

ἐξ-ἀπορέω, also Med. ἐξ-ἀπορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

ἐξ-ἀποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.

ἐξ-ἀποτίω, f. -αποτίσω [ῶ], to atone fully.

ἐξ-ἀποφθεῖρω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-ἀπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξήψα:—*to fasten from or to*: c. dat. to attach to. II. Med. to hang from, cling to a thing. 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

ἐξ-ἀραρῆμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of ἐξαίρω.

ἐξ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ἔω: aor. I ἐξήρασα:—*to dash or knock out, shatter*: metaph. to assail furiously.

ἐξ-ἀργέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐξ, ἀργός) to be quite torpid:—Pass. to be quite neglected.

ἐξ-ἀργυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, and ἐξ-ἀργυρόω, f. ὥσω, to turn into money, sell.

ἐξ-ἀρέσκομαι, f. -ἀρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.

ἐξ-ἀριμέω, f. ἡσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare. II. to pay in ready money.

ἐξ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to be enough for: impers., ἐξαρκέοι μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf. II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἐξαρκίης, ἐς, enough, sufficient.

ἐξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἐξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἐξ-ἀρνέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I -ἡρνησάμην and -ἡρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἐξαρνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, good at denying or disowning.

ἐξαρνος, ὄν, (ἐξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

ἐξ-αρπάζω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἤρπαξα Att. -ἤρπασα: pf. pass. -ἤρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἐξ-αρτῶ, fut. ἡσω, to hang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ἐξάρτησομαι, pf. ἐξήρτημαι, to be hung upon, hang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. ἐξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἐξ-ἀρτίζω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

ἐξ-αρτῶ, f. ὕσω [ῶ], to get ready: to fit out, equip:—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτῃμαι, to be got ready.

ἐξάρχε, Dor. for ἐξήρχε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξάρχω.

II. as Subst., ἐξάρχος, ὁ, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαῖος.

ἐξ-άρχω, f. ἔω, to begin, lead off; ἐξάρχειν παιᾶνι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, ἐξάρχειν τινὰ λόγους to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἐξάρχομαι.

ἐξ-ασκέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἡσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

ἐξ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to dishonour utterly.

ἐξ-αίτω, Att. contr. for ἐξαίσσω.

ἐξ-αναίνω, aor. ἐξηγήνα: to dry up, parch up.

ἐξ-αυδάω, f. ἡσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἐξ-αυλιέω, f. ἡσω, to wear out by piping.

ἐξ-αυλιζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἐξ-αυτῆς, Adv., for ἐξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἐξ-αυτῆς, Adv. for ἐξ-αυτῆς, (ἐξ, αὐτῆς) over again, anew.

II. of Place, back again, backwards.

ἐξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἡσω, to desert from.

ἐξ-αυχέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐξηύχησα: to boast loudly.

ἐξ-αῦω, aor. I ἐξήυσα, to scream or cry out.

ἐξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφειλόμην (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχὴν τινοῦ ἐξαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

ἐξ-αφίμην, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἐξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκεν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἐξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Med. (ἐξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; ἐξαφρίζεσθαι μένος, to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἐξ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. I -ἤφῃσα:—to draw forth.

ἐξάψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξάπτω.

ἐξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐξέβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἐξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

ἐξ-εγγύω, f. ἡσω, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

ἐξεγγύσις, εως, ἡ, a giving bail or surety.

ἐξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἐξέγραψα, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἐξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἐξέδειξα, aor. I of ἐκδίδκνμι.

ἐξεδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐξεδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδιδάσκω.

ἐξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξ-έδρα, ἡ, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἐξέδραμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἐξέδραψα, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἐξ-έδρος, ὄν, (ἐξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. 2. c. gen. out of, away from; ἐξέδρος φρονέων out of one's senses. II. of omens, in a bad quarter.

ἐξέδομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἐξέδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύνω.

ἐξέδυσσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύνω.

ἐξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

ἐξέθεμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐξέθρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐξεί, for ἐξίτι, imperat. of ἐξείμι exibo.

ἐξ-εἶδον, inf. ἐξείδειν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξείδου see well to it. Cf. ἐξείδα.

ἐξείης, Adv. (ἐχω, ἔξω) poet. for ἐξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἐξ-εκάξω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἐξηκασμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἐξ-εἰλῶ, f. ἡσω, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἐξείλλω, = ἐξίλλω.

ἐξείλον, ἐξελόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐξαιρέω.

ἐξ-εἰμι, 2 sing. ἐξείσθα (for ἐξεί), inf. ἐξείναι Ep. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξήειν: (ἐκ, εἰμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army: to come forward on the stage.

II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξῆν when the pain ceases.

ἐξ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἐξεστι, q. v.

ἐξείναι, fut. inf. of ἐχω.

ἐξείναι, inf. of ἐξεστι.

ξέειπον, inf. ξείπειν, to speak out, to utter, avow: also, to betray: cf. εἶπον.

ξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of ξέρομαι.

ξείρυσσα Ep. —είρυσσα, aor. I of ξέρω.

ξείρω, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

ξείσθα, for ξει, 2 sing. pres. of ξειμι exibo.

ξεκάθηρα, aor. I of ἐκαθαίρω.

έκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκάμνω.

ξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκενύω.

ξέκευντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ξέκλημα, aor. I of ἐκλέπτω.

ξέκλησίζον, ξέκλησίσασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ξέκλινα, aor. I of ἐκκλίνω.

ξέκόμισα, aor. I of ἐκκομίζω.

ξέκομαι, ξέκόπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ξέκρεματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.

ξέκρουσα, ξέκρουσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ξέκυλιστα, —ισθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω.

ξέλαβον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω.

ξέλας, ᾧ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ξελαύνω.

ξέλασις, εως, ἡ, a driving out, expulsion. II.

intr. a marching out, expedition. From

ξέ-ελαύνω: f. —ελάσω Att. —εἰλω: pf. —ελήλακα:

also poet. pres. ξελάω, inf. ξελάαν:—to drive out, chase out. 2. to beat out, hammer out, of metals.

II. ξεελαύνειν στρατόν to lead out an army: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

ξέλαχον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαχάω.

ξέλε, poet. for ξείλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ξεαίρω: also 2 sing. imperat.

ξέ-ελέγχω, f. ξέω, to search out, bring to the test: to convict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτο γ' ξεελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this.

ξέλειν, ξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ξεαίρω.

ξέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ξέ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech.

ξέλευσομαι, ξελεθίν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ξεέρχομαι.

ξέεληκα, pf. of ξεελαύνω.

ξέεληγμαι, pf. pass. of ξεελέγχω.

ξέ-ελίσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξέω, to unroll, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men.

ξέελκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From

ξέ-έλω, f. —ελκύω [ῥ], as if from —ελκύω:—to draw or drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue from.

II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ξέελῶσα, aor. I of ἐκλῶ.

ξέεμᾶθον, aor. 2 of ἐκμανθάνω.

ξέεμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίω.

ξέεμαξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω.

ξέεμαργώθην, aor. I pass. of ἐκμαργόω.

ξέεμαξα, ξέεμαγην [ᾶ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ξέεμεν, Ep. for ξείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξίμη.

ξέεμεν, Ep. for ξείν, fut. inf. of ἔχω.

ξέ-εμέω, f. —εμέσω: aor. I ξέεμεσα:—to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

ξέεμνηα, aor. I of ἐκμαίω.

ξέεμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμείρομαι.

ξέ-εμπέδω, f. ὥσω, to keep fast or strictly, observe.

ξέ-εμπολάω Ion. —έω, f. ἦσω, to traffic; κέρδος

ξέεμπολάν to drive a gainful trade; pf. pass. ξέημυλό-

λημαι, I am bought and sold, betrayed. II. to sell off.

ξέ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ξεναρεῖν, = ξεναρίζω.

ξέ-εναρίζω, f. ἱζω, to strip or spoil a foe: to slay in fight.

ξένεγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ξέ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim.

ξένευσσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ξένθους, ξεθνών, Dor. for ξεέλθους, ξεελθών, aor. 2

opt. and part. of ξεέρχομαι.

ξένυησθα, aor. I of ἐκνύω.

ξένυηα, aor. I of ἐκνίζω.

ξέ-επαῶ, f. —επάσσω, to charm away:—Pass., ξεπαθεσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

ξέ-επαίρω, f. —επαῶ, to stir up, elate.

ξέεπαλσα, aor. I of ἐκπαίω.

ξεπάταξα, aor. I of ἐκπατάσσω.

ξέεπανυσα, aor. I. of ἐκπαίνω.

ξέεπεισα, aor. I of ἐκπέιθω.

ξεπειράθην [ᾶ], aor. I of ἐκπειράομαι.

ξέεπεμψα, aor. I of ἐκπέμπω.

ξέεπερῆσα, Ion. aor. I of ἐκπεράω.

ξεπέτασσα, Ep. for ξεπέτασα, aor. I of ἐκπε-

τάννυμι.

ξέ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

ξέ-επι-και-δέκατος, η, ον, = ἐκκαιδέκατος.

ξέ-επιστάμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ξέ-επίτηδες, Adv., = επίτηδες, on purpose, carefully.

ξέεπλήγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ξέεπλήσα, ξεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκ-

πλήσσω.

ξέεπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω.

ξέεπιον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω.

ξέεπλευσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω.

ξέεπλήξα, ξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκ-

πλήσσω.

ξέεπνευσσα, aor. I of ἐκπνέω.

ξεποιήσα, aor. I of ἐκποιέω.

ξέεπορεύσα, Dor. aor. I of ἐκπορεύω.

ξεπόρυσσα, —εύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω.

ξεπόρυσσα, aor. I of ἐκπορίζω.

ξέεπράθον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέρθω.

ξεπτάμην or —όμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέταμαι or —ομαι.

ξέεπραξα, aor. I of ἐκπράσσω.

ξέεπριον, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίω.

ξέεπαξα, Dor. for ξέεπηξα, aor. I of ἐκπήσσω.

ἐξέπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκίπαται.

ἐξέπτυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπτύω.

ἐξερύθωμαι, aor. 2 of ἐκπυθάνομαι.

ἐξέρῳμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From

ἐξ-εράω, f. ἄσω[α]: aor. 1 ἐξέρῳσα:—to vomit forth, Lat. *evomere*.

2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; ἐξερῶν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.

ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι: pf. -εργασμαι used both in med. and pass. sense: aor. 1 -εργάσθην always in pass.: Dep. 1.—to work out, finish, make complete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3. to work well, cultivate.

II. to undo, destroy, Lat. *conficere*: to overwhelm, ruin:—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα we are undone; τὰ ἐξεργασμένα desperate affairs; ἐπ' ἐξεργασμένοις when all is over. Hence

ἐξ-εργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.

ἐξ-έρω Att. -είρω, to shut out, exclude from: to hinder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκαίῃ ἐξέρχασθαι to be forced to a thing.

ἐξ-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after: search or try.

ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερεθώ, strengthd. for ἐπεθίζω, ἐρέθω.

ἐξ-ερεῖπω, to strike or beat off. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἐξήριπον, inf. ἐξεριπεῖν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλης ἐξεριποῦσα the mane streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.

ἐξ-ερευνοῖμαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.

ἐξ-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to search out, examine.

ἐξ-ερέω Att. contr. -ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without any pres. in use, *I will speak out, proclaim*: hence pf. act. ἐξέρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξέρητο; and fut. ἐξεύρησεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, the aor. ἐξέειπον.

ἐξ-ερέω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.

ἐξ-ερημόω, f. ὥσω, to make utterly desolate, desert utterly.

ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἔρις) to be contumacious, resist.

ἐξεριπτός, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερείπω.

ἐξεριστής, οὐ, δ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant.

ἐξ-ερούμαι, fut. -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἐρούμαι):—to inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω.

ἐξ-έρπω, f. -έρψω: aor. 1 -ερίψα (as if from -ερίπω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.

ἐξεργάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξεργάνα, aor. 1 of ἐκράνω.

ἐξέρρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξέρρηψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρίπτω.

ἐξεργήκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.

ἐξεργήν, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.

ἐξ-έρρω, (ἐξ, ἐρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἐξέρπε γαίας away out of the land.

ἐξ-ερούκο, to ward off, repel. [ῶ]

ἐξ-ερώω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐξείρῳσα Ep. ἐξέρῳσα and ἐξείρυσσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest from: to tear out.

ἐξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον contr. -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go out, come out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire.

III. of pro-

phesies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally, to reach its end.

ἐξ-ερώω, f. ἦσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.

ἐξ-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to search out: to question.

ἐξεσάωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσαώω.

ἐξείσασα, aor. 1 of ἐκείνω.

ἐξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:—to eat away.

ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.

ἐξείσια, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission.

ἐξείσις, ἑως, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal: divorce.

ἐξεσκεδάσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσκεδάννυμι.

ἐξέσμων, impf. of ἐκσάω.

ἐξεσόβησα, aor. 1 of ἐκσοβέω.

ἐξέσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσεύω.

ἐξεστάκεια, for ἐξεστήκειναι, pf. inf. or ἐξίστημι.

ἐξεστάναι, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεστηκέναι.

ἐξείσταιλα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοέλλω.

ἐξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.

ἐξίστηκα, ἐξίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.

ἐξ-εστι, impers., subj. ἐξη, optat. ἐξείη: inf. ἐξέιναι: fut. ἐξεσταί: impf. ἐξήν: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):—it is allowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ἐξόν Ion.

ἐξέόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.

ἐξεστράτευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρατεύω.

ἐκστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.

ἐξίστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.

ἐξεσώρην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσώρω [ῶ].

ἐξ-εσωρεύω, impf. pass. of ἐκσωρεύω.

ἐξέσωσα, ἐξεσώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσώζω.

ἐξ-ετάζω: f. ἐξετάσω Att. ἐξετέω: aor. 1 ἐξήτασα

Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην:

pf. ἐξήταμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scrutinise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things,

to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of

troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly,

to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved,

to stand the trial: to be examined.

ἐξετάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξετάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτῆκω.

ἐξείταμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐξετανύσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξετανύσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξετάραξα, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.

ἐξέτασις, ἑως, ἡ, (ἐξετάζω) a searching out: a

military inspection or review.

ἐξεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάζω) skilful at examining:

absol. inquiring.

ἐξέτεινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξέτεκον, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω.

ἐξέτελειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξετελεύοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξετεκνησάμην, aor. 1 of ἐκτεκνέωμαι.

ἐξετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτῆκω.

ἐξ-έτης, es, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.

ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἔτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.

ἐξέτιτσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίνω.

ἐξετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἐξέτρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἐξέτριψα, aor. I of ἐκτριβω.
 ἐξέτρωσα, aor. I of ἐκτιτρώσκω.
 ἐξ-εὐλαβέομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
 ἐξ-ευμάρizω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρής) to make easy, lighten. II.
 Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 ἐξεύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκ-εὐρίσκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.
 ἐξεύρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From
 ἐξ-εὐρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω, aor. 2 -εὐρον:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.
 ἐξ-ευτρεπίζω, to prepare.
 ἐξ-εὐχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II.
 to pray for.
 ἐξεφάνθην Ep. for ἐξεφάνθην, aor. I pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἐξεφάνην [α], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἐξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 ἐξεφθίνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἐξέφθιτο, 3 plpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἐξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. ἐξεφίεμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.
 ἐξέφυγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐξέφυσα, ἐξέφυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφύω.
 ἐξέχεα Ep. ἐξέχευα, aor. I of ἐκχεώ.
 ἐξεχορευσάμην, aor. I med. of ἐκχορεύω.
 ἐξέχρησα, aor. I of ἐκχράω.
 ἐξεχύθην [υ], aor. I pass. of ἐκχέω
 ἐξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 ἐξέχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχώννυμι.
 ἐξέψυξα, aor. I of ἐκψύχω.
 ἐξ-έψω, f. -έψω, to boil thoroughly.
 ἐξ-ἦβος, ov, (ἐκ, ἡβη) past one's youth.
 ἐξήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.
 ἐξήγγελα, ἐξηγγέλην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξ-αγγέλλω.
 ἐξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way: 2. ἐξηγεῖσθαι τι to shew one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. praere verbi, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
 ἐξηγητής, ου, ό, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. interpretes religionum.
 ἐξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξεγείρω.
 ἐξηκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεκάζω.
 ἐξήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ξξ) sixty, sexaginta.
 ἐξήκοντα-έτης, es, (ἐξήκοντα, έτος) sixty years old.
 ἐξηκοντάκις ποῖτ. -άκι, (ἐξήκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
 ἐξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ἡ, (ἐξήκοντα, τάλαντιον) a sum of sixty talents.
 ἐξηκόντις, aor. I of ἐξακοντίζω.

ἐξηκοστός, ἡ, όν, (ἐξήκοντα) sixtieth, sexagesimus.
 ἐξ-ήκα, f. ἡξω, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.
 ἐξήλασα Ep. ἐξήλασσα, aor. I of ἐξελαίνω.
 ἐξήλαστος, ov, (ἐξελαίνω) beaten out, hammered.
 ἐξηλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐξελέγχω: ἐξηλεγκτο, 3 sing. plpf.
 ἐξήλειψα, aor. I of ἐξαλείφω.
 ἐξήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.
 ἐξ-ηλιάζω, f. άσω, (ἐξ, ἥλιος) to set in the sun: to bang in the open air.
 ἐξήλλαξα, aor. I of ἐξαλλάσσω: ἐξήλλαγμαί, pf. pass.
 ἐξήλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξήλυθον aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.
 ἐξ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (ἐξ, ἡμαρ) for six days, six days long.
 ἐξήμαρτον, ἐξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of ἐξαμαρτάνω.
 ἐξήμβλοκα, pf. of ἐξαμβλώω.
 ἐξήμεισα, aor. I of ἐξαμείβω.
 ἐξ-ημερώω, f. άσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaph. to civilise, humanise.
 ἐξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξαμάω.
 ἐξημιλλήσάμην, -ήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐξαμιλλάομαι.
 ἐξημοιβός, όν, (ἐξαμείβω) quite changed; ἐξημοιβά είματα changes of raiment.
 ἐξημύλομαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεμπολώω.
 ἐξηνδραποδίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐξανδραποδίζω.
 ἐξηνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξανδρόομαι.
 ἐξήνεκα, ἐξηνεγκον, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφέρω.
 ἐξηνεχώμην, ἐξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἐξανέχω.
 ἐξηνέμωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξανεμώω.
 ἐξήνθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανθέω.
 ἐξήντηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαντλέω.
 ἐξήνυσσα, aor. I of ἐξανάω or ἐξανύτω.
 ἐξήξα, Att. aor. I of ἐξαίσσω, εξασσω.
 ἐξήπατκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαπατάω.
 ἐξήπαφον, aor. 2 of ἐξαπαφίσκω.
 ἐξ-ηπεροπεύω, f. άω, to cheat utterly.
 ἐξήρα, aor. I of ἐξαίρω.
 ἐξήραμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξηραίνω.
 ἐξηράνθην, aor. I pass. of ἐξηραίνω.
 ἐξήραξα, aor. I of ἐξαράσσω.
 ἐξήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐξαίρω.
 ἐξ-ήρετμος, ov, (ἐξ, έρεσσω) with six oars.
 ἐξήρκειον, impf. of ἐξαρκέτο.
 ἐξήρπαξα or -ασα, aor. I of ἐξαρπάζω.
 ἐξήρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτάω.
 ἐξήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτίζω.
 ἐξήρτῳμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτίνω.
 ἐξήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐξάρχω.
 ἐξηρώσσα, aor. I of ἐξερωώω.
 ἐξήσκησα, aor. I of ἐξασκέω: ἐξήσκημαι, pf. pass.
 ἐξῆς Ep. ἐξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II. c. gen. next to.

ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐξετάζω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαΐτω.
 ἐξήτηνα, aor. I of ἐξαναίνα.
 ἐξηύχθησα, -ήνχουν, aor. I and impf. of ἐξανχέω.
 ἐξήφθησα Ep. ἐξήφυσσα, aor. I of ἐξαφύσσω.
 ἐξ-ἤχθω, f. ἤσω, to sound forth, publish.
 ἐξήψα, ἐξήφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάπτω.
 ἐξ-ιάσμαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ion. -ιήσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.
 ἐξ-ἰδέω, inf. of ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-ἰδίόμαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ἴδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.
 ἐξ-ἰδίω, f. ἰσω [ἱ], to exude.
 ἐξ-ἰδρύω, f. ἰσώ [ῖ], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.
 ἐξ-ἰνέαι, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo; but ἐξίναί, of ἐξίημι.
 ἐξ-ἰνέω, f. ἦσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξίναί: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.
 ἐξ-ἰθύνω [ῖ], to make quite straight.
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.
 ἐξ-ικνεύμαι, f. ἐξίκομαι: aor. 2 ἐξικέμην [ἱ]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.
 ἐξ-ἰκω, f. ἔω, poet. for ἐξήκω.
 ἐξ-ἰλάσσομαι, f. -ἰλάσομαι [ῖ], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.
 ἐξ-ἰλῶ, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.
 ἐξ-ἰμεναι, for ἐξίναί, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo.
 ἐξ-ἰπῶω, f. ὤσω, to press out, press heavily.
 ἐξ-ἰπτάμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.
 ἐξ-ἰς, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξω fut. of ἔχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.
 ἐξ-ἰσῆς, Adv. for ἐξ ἰσῆς (sub. μόλῃς), equally; also ἐξ-ἰσῶν (sub. μέτρον).
 ἐξ-ἰσῶω, f. ὤσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.
 ἐξ-ἰστήμι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξιστάναι τινα φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξιστάναι τινα to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξίστην, pf. -έστηκα, plpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to shrink from, sbun.
 II. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.
 ἐξ-ἰστορέω, f. ἦσω, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ἰσχύω, f. ἰσώ [ῖ], to be quite able.
 ἐξ-ἰσχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξισώω, one must make equal.
 ἐξίτηλος, ov, (ἐξίναί) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.
 ἐξ-ἰτῆτεον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναί, one must go forth.
 ἐξ-ἰτός, ἦ, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναί, to be come out of; τοῖς οὐκ ἐξίτῶν ἐστί for whom there's no coming out.
 ἐξ-ἰχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out.
 ἐξ-ἰχνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to seek by tracking out.
 ἐξ-ἰμέδμνος, ov, of, holding six medimni.
 ἐξ-ογκώω, f. ὠσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφῳ ἐξογκοῦν to honour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence
 ἐξόγκωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.
 ἐξ-οδάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξοδος IV) to sell.
 ἐξ-οδία, ἦ, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.
 ἐξ-οδίος, ov, (ἐξοδος III) of, belonging to an exit; to the finalé of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finalé of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.
 ἐξ-οδοιπορέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of.
 ἐξ-οδος, ἦ, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also like Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, decease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.
 ἐξ-οδύνω, f. ἦσω, to pain extremely.
 ἐξ-ὀζω, f. -οζήσω, to smell strongly.
 ἐξ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plpf. ἐξῆδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-οιδέω, f. ἦσω: pf. -ώδηκα:—to be swollen up.
 ἐξ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence
 ἐξοικήσιμος, ov, habitable, inhabited.
 ἐξ-οικίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -ῶκησα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.
 ἐξ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.
 ἐξ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶνομαι, to wail aloud.
 ἐξ-οινδύμαι, pf. ἐξήνωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.
 ἐξ-οιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρειν, to be brought out. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.
 ἐξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ἦσω, to drive quite wild.
 ἐξοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσομαι also in pass. sense.
 ἐξ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνεύσι.
 ἐξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.
 ἐξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ῶκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.
 ἐξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἐξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—
to slip off, to glance off. II. c. acc. to slip out
of, elude.

ἐξ-όλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ: aor. I
ἐξέωλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with
perf. 2 ἐξόλωκα, to perish utterly.

ἐξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud.

ἐξομαι, fut. Med. of ἐχω.

ἐξομῆρευσις, εως, ἡ, a demand of hostages. From
ἐξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking hostages: Med.
to take as hostages.

ἐξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to have intercourse, associate, live
with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to
be solitary.

ἐξ-όμιλος, ov, away from intercourse with others:
foreign, strange.

ἐξ-ομαῖτος, f. ὥσω, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) to give sight to:—
Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make
clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

ἐξ-ομνύμαι, f. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ομοσάμην:—to deny
upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that
one has not means or health to discharge it.

ἐξ-ομοίω, f. ὥσω, to make quite like:—Pass. to be-
come or be like.

ἐξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἐξομολογέομαι, f.
ἡσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree,
promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for:
praise, celebrate.

ἐξ-ομόρηνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. II.
Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to an-
other: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

ἐξόν, part. from the impers. ἐξεστι.

ἐξ-ονειδίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to cast in one's teeth,
object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

ἐξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

ἐξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμην, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) to name,
speak of by name.

ἐξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἐξ-όπιθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἐξόπιν, Adv. behind.

ἐξ-όπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. backwards, behind. II.
Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἐξ-οπίσω, (ἐξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back
again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv.
of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [Ὶ]

ἐξ-οπάζω, f. σω, to arm completely, accoutre:—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. gene-
rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. ἐξωπισμένος, all
ready. Hence

ἐξοπλισία, ἡ, a being under arms: and
ἐξοπλισις, εως, ἡ, a getting under arms.

ἐξ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, to bake hard: to heat violently:—
metaph. to scorch, consume.

ἐξοράω, to see from afar: cf. ἐξείδον.

ἐξ-οργίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to enrage:—Pass. to be
furious.

ἐξ-ορτιάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.

ἐξ-ορθόω, f. ὥσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand
upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

ἐξ-ορίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξέωρισα:—to send
beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child. II.

ἄλλην ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from one
city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also
to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ἐξ-ορίνω [Ὶ], to exasperate.

ἐξ-όριστος, ov, expelled, banished.

ἐξ-ορκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to swear a person, admin-
ister an oath to him. II. to exorcise, i. e. banish
an evil spirit. Hence

ἐξορκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.
an exorcist.

ἐξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oath.

ἐξ-ορκόω, f. ὥσω, to make one swear, bind by oath,
c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by,
ἐξορκούν τινα τὸ Στυγὸς ὕδωρ. Hence

ἐξόρκωσις, εως, ἡ, a binding by oath.

ἐξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start from: of pain,
to break out. II. trans. to send forth; ἐξορμάν την
ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—
Pass. to set out, start.

ἐξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring out of harbour;
ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.

ἐξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a harbour.

ἐξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

ἐξ-ορύσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξέωρυξα:—
to dig out; ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

ἐξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἡσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance
away: also to go through with a dance. II. to
betray by indiscreet gestures.

ἐξ-όσδω, Dor. for ἐξόζω.

ἐξ-οσιύω, f. ὥσω, to dedicate, devote.

ἐξ-οστρακίζω, f. ἰσω, to banish by ostracism.
Hence

ἐξοστρακισμός, οὔ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

ἐξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

ἐξ-οτρίνω, f. ἰνῶ, to excite, arouse.

ἐξ-ουθενώω, f. ὥσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθέν) to set at naught; pf.
part. pass. τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

ἐξούλης δίκη, ἡ, an action against one who neglected
an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.
The nom. ἐξούλης does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξεστι) power or authority to do a
thing:—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the
body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. II.
means, resources. Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, to have authority over:—Pass. to
have authority exercised over one.

ἐξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

ἐξ-οφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

ἐξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence: me-
taph. eminence: οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.

ἐξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph.
eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχον and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.

ἐξ-υβρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to break out into insolence, run riot, wax wanton; ἐξυβρίζειν εἰς τόδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξ-υνήκα ἔσυνήκα, for ἐξυνήκα συνήκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνήκα.

ἐξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδιξ μεταφρένον ἐξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξ-ὑπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξ-υπηρετώ, f. ἦσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξ-υπνίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξ-υπνος, ov, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξ-υπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἐξ-υράμην, aor. I med. of ὑράω.

ἐξ-ύρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑρέω.

ἐξ-υνομαι, pf. pass. of ἔνω.

ἐξ-υφαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to finish weaving, Lat. *pertexere*: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξ-ύφασμα, ατος, τό, a finished web.

ἐξ-υφήγομαι, f. ἦσομαι, to lead the way.

ἐξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἰσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. *foris*. II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. *foras*.

III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἐξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἐξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV.

of Time, beyond, over.

ἐξω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξωδήκα, pf. of ἐξοιδέω.

ἐξωθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ἐξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἐξω, without.

ἐξ-ωθέω, f. -ώθησω and -ώσω: aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξ-ωκισα, aor. I of ἐξοικίζω.

ἐξ-ώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξώλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξ-ωμίδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμῖς. ἐξ-ωμίω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From ἐξ-ωμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ὤμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξ-ωνόμοι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξ-ώπιος, ov, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξ-ωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξ-ωριάω, (ἐξ, ὥρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξ-ώρισα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξ-ώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορμίζω.

ἐξ-ώρος, ov, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξ-ώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξόρυνμι.

ἐξ-ώσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξωθέω.

ἐξ-ώστει, ov, ὅ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξ-ώστει ανέμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξ-ώτατος, η, ov, Sup. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost.

ἐξωτέρος, α, ov, Comp. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξώφελλον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἐξω, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. *bis*, of him; ἀπὸ ἐο away from him.

ἐοῖ, Ep. for οἷ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὐ, to him.

ἐοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, 1 pl. of εἰκα.

εἰκα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἰκω, to be like (see εἰκώ), Att. 1 pl. εἰοιγμεν (for εἰοίκαμεν), εἰξαι (for εἰόκασαι); Ep. 3 dual ἔικτον (for εἰοίκαν); inf. εἰκέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part. εἰκώς, νία, ὅς, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοικνία; Att. εἰκώς, εἰκνία, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἰκα, as, ε, part. οἰκώς: plqpf. ἐώκειν, Ep. 3 pl. εἰοικεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἤικτο, and without augm. ἔικτο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. εἰκαε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. εἰοικώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; εἰοικότι κείται ἀλῆθρῳ he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκνία ἀκοιτῖς a suitable wife, 'a help meet for him.'

III. Att. to seem likely, seem; εἰοικε it seems; ὥς εἰοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

εἰοκότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. εἰοικώς, εἰκός, οἰκώς, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

εἰομι, εἰος, εἰοι, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

εἰοιο, Ep. for εἰοι, gen. of εἰός.

εἰοῖς, dat. pl. of εἰός.

εἰος, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἰοισα, Dor. for εἰοῖσα, οῖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εἰοισα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλπω: plqpf. ἐώλπειν.

εἶον, Ep. for εἶην, impf. of εἰμί sum; but εἶον Ion. for οἶν, part. neut.

εἶον, nom. or acc. neut. of εἶός.

εἶοντι, Dor. for εἰοί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

εἶοργα, poet. pf. of εἶρδω; 3 pl. εἶοργαν for εἶοργασιν;

part. εἶοργάς: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. εἶοργεε.

εἶορτάω Ion. ὀρτάω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, εἶορταον, and aor. I εἶορτασα: (εἶορτή):—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

ΕΟΡΤΗ, in Ion. Prose ὀρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὀρτήν ἀγειν to keep a feast.

εἶός, εἶή, εἶον, Ion. and Ep. for οἶς, ἡ, οἶν, (εἶο for οἶν) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., his or her own. II.

in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. *their*; 2 sing. *thine*.

εἶοῦς, Boeot. for εἶο, οἶν, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἀγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγελία, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελκα, pass. ἐπήγγελμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιάν επαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. *imperare milites*. 3. to denounce. 4. to

demand, solicit, make application for a thing. II. *Med. to promise, offer:* rarely so in Act. *2. to make a show of, profess.* Hence
 ἐπαγγελμα, atos, τό, an announcement, promise.
 ἐπ-ἀγείρω, f. ἀγερω, to gather together, collect:—
 Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence
 ἐπάγερσις, εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage.
 ἐπάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of πηγνυμι.
 ἐπ-ἀγινέω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.
 ἐπ-αγλαῖω, f. ἰσω Att. ὦ, to honour still more:—
 Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.
 ἐπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to watch or brood over.
 ἐπ-άγω, f. ἔω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead to, bring upon. 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a thing, lead one on. 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον to lay on, apply the goad; ἐπάγε γνάβον lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. 5. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the year. II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring on oneself. 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to adduce, quote, cite. Hence
 ἐπαγωγή, ἡ, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.
 ἐπαγωγός, ὁν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive of. II. tempting, seductive.
 ἐπ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to contend against others.
 ἐπ-ἀγώνιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἄγων) presiding over the games.
 ἐπ-ᾄω Ion. and poet. ἐπαείδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. II. to sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαίδων, by incantations.
 ἐπ-αείρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.
 ἐπ-αἰέω, to make to grow, enlarge.
 ἐπαῖω, aor. 2 of πάσχω.
 ἐπ-αθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides.
 ἐπ-αιάω, f. ἔω, to mourn over: to join in wailing.
 ἐπ-αιγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, αἰγίς 2) to rush upon or over.
 ἐπ-αἰδομαι: fut. -αἰδεσθήσομαι: aor. I -ᾠδῆσθην: to be ashamed: c. acc. to reverence.
 ἐπαίνεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαίνω) praise: and
 ἐπ-αινέτης, ὄν, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist.
 ἐπαυνέτος, ὄν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπ-αυνέτον the object of praise. Adv. -τῶς. From
 ἐπ-αινέω: fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπηνεσα Ep. -ῆσα: pf. ἐπηνεκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπηνέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize. 2. = παρανέω, to advise, recommend, bid. II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαίνω I thank you very kindly.
 ἐπαίνημι, Acol. for ἐπαίνεω.
 ἐπ-αινος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) approval, commendation.

ἐπ-αἶνος, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαυή, strengthd. for αὐνή, exceeding awful, dread.
 ἐπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαίρω: fut. ἐπαρῶ: aor. I ἐπῆρα poet. ἐπάειρα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆρθην: pf. ἐπῆρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. 2. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to do. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to rise up. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.
 ἐπαῖσδον, Dor. for ἐπαῖσον, impf. of παίζω.
 ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -ῆσθόμεν: Dep.:—to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive that.
 ἐπ-αῖσσω Att. -ᾄσσω or -ᾄττω: fut. -αῖξω Att. -ᾄξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack:—Med., ἐπαῖσθαι ἀέλον to rush upon, seize the prize. II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily: Pass., χεῖρες ἐπαῖσσονται the hands move violently.
 ἐπ-αῖστος, ὄν, (ἐπαῖω) beard of, discovered. [ᾶ]
 ἐπ-αισχύνομαι, fut. -αισχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be ashamed of or at.
 ἐπ-αιτέω, f. ἦσω, to ask in addition: to solicit.
 ἐπ-αντιόμαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.
 ἐπ-αῖτιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.
 ἐπ-αῖω contr. ἐπ-ᾄω: f. ἰσω: to bear, perceive, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor.
 ἐπ-αιωρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.
 ἐπ-ἀκολουθῶ, f. ἦσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence
 ἐπακολουθήμα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and
 ἐπακολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, a following:
 ἐπακούος, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive.
 ἐπ-ἀκούω, f. -ακουσομαι: aor. I ἐπήκουσα:—to listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.
 ἐπ-ακρήϊω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; αἰμάτων ἐπήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.
 ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to hearken to.
 ἐπακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a hunter, a buntsman.
 ἐπ-ἀκτίος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀκτὴ) on the strand or coast.
 ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.
 ἐπακτρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff.
 ἐπ-ἀλαλάζω, f. ἔω, to raise the war-cry.
 ἐπάλαλκεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέω.
 ἐπ-ἀλάομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over.
 ἐπ-ἀλαστῶ, f. ἦσω, to be troubled at a thing.
 ἐπ-αλέγω, f. ἦσω, to grieve over.
 ἐπ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.

ἐπ-ἄλέξω, f. ἔξῃω, to defend, aid, help. II. to ward, keep off: aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλακείν, Ep. -έμεν.
ἐπαληθεύς, aor. I part. of ἐπ-αλόμαι.
ἐπαληθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπ-αλόμαι.
ἐπ-ἀληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.
ἐπ-αἷης, ἐς, (ἐπί, αἷα) open to the sun, sunny. [α]
ἐπ-αλκῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.
ἐπαλλάγη, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.
ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, crosswise, alternately.
ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. αὐ: pf. -ήλλαχα:
—Pass., aor. 1 -ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 -ηλλάγην [α]: pf.
-ήλλαγμαi:—to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο
πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now
this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory:
—Pass. to be closely joined.
ἐπ-ἀλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another:
continuous.
ἐπ-ἀλμενος, ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.
ἐπαλῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: bat-
tlement, a parapet:—generally, a defence, protection.
ἐπ-αλπος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλπιστος) happy.
ἐπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.
ἐπ-ἀλώστης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπί, ἀλόω) one who drives the
oxen in threshing.
ἐπ-ἀμάρομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐπαμυσάμην:
Med.:—to scrape together for oneself, heap up to-
gether.
ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἡρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπανα-
βαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβα-
τήρες maladies growing on the flesh, leprosy eruptions.
ἐπ-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter:—Med. to
change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμειβεταί ἀνδρας
comes in turn to men.
ἐπ-ἀμερος, ον, Aeol. for ἐφ-ἡμερος.
ἐπ-ἀμμένος, ἰον, for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of
ἐφάπτω.
ἐπ-αμμένο, ποῖτ. for ἐπ-αναμένο.
ἐπ-αμοιβᾶdis, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.
ἐπαμοίβιος, ον, and ἐπαμοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) in
turn, one upon another: in exchange.
ἐπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 ἐτήμηπισχον, inf.
ἐπαμπισχύν:—to put on besides, or over all: to over-
wear.
ἐπαμύντωρ, ορος, ὁ, a helper, defender. From
ἐπ-ἀμύνω, f. ὑνώ, to come to aid, defend, assist.
ἐπ-αμφοτέρω, for ἐπαναφτέρω.
ἐπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος)
to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game:
to halt between two opinions.
ἐπάν, Conjunction, later form of ἐπην.
ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to get
upon, mount on horseback. II. to go up inland.
ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: pf. -βέβηκα:—to throw
on or over:—Med. to put on. II. in Med., also,
to put off, delay.
ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of
ἐπαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβλήδον, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over an-
other garment.
ἐπ-αναβοάω, f. ἡσομαι, to cry out at a thing.
ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.
ἐπ-αναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to compel by force.
ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut.
ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary. 2. neut.
also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομῶντες
wearing long hair by law.
ἐπ-αναγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανείπον.
ἐπ-ανάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 -ἀνηγᾶγον:—to bring up,
stir up, excite. 2. to exalt, elevate. II. to
lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to
one. III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. IV.
to put ships out to sea:—Pass. to be carried to a place.
Hence
ἐπαναγωγή, ἡ, a sailing out against, a naval at-
tack. II. a recall, return.
ἐπ-αναδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.
ἐπ-αναθεάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [α], Dep. to see again.
ἐπ-αναλῶ, to lift up:—Med. to lift one against
the other:—Pass. to rise up.
ἐπ-ἀνάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.
ἐπ-ανακαλγᾶναι, to give tongue again and again.
ἐπ-ανακρούω, to drive back:—Med. to draw back.
ἐπ-ανακρίπτω, f. ψω, to have an upward direc-
tion.
ἐπ-αναλαβῶμαι, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, re-
sume, repeat.
ἐπ-ανᾶλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλῶσω, to consume besides.
ἐπ-αναμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue waiting, stay
on. II. to wait for one.
ἐπ-αναμνηνίσκω, f. -μνήσω, to remind one of, men-
tion again to one.
ἐπ-ανανεόω, f. ὤσω, to renew, revive.
ἐπ-αναπαύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon:—Med. to
rest upon.
ἐπ-αναπήδᾶω, f. ἡσω or ἡσομαι, to leap upon.
ἐπ-αναπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f.
-πλώσω:—to sail up against. II. to float upon
the surface; ἐπαναπλέει ὑπὸν ἔπεα κακὰ ill language
floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back
again.
ἐπ-αναρίπτω and -έω, to throw up in the air (sub.
ἐαυτὸν) to spring high in the air.
ἐπανάσεισις, εως, ἡ, a brandishing of weapons.
From
ἐπ-ανασείω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish.
ἐπανάστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up
against, an insurrection.
ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανίστημι.
ἐπ-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, re-
sist:—Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.
ἐπ-ανατείνω, f. -τενῶ, to hold up towards; ἐπανα-
τείνειν ἐλπίδας to hold out hopes.
ἐπ-ανατέλλω, f. -ανατελῶ: aor. 1 -ἀνέτειλα:—to
lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος the time which is coming to light, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρω poet. ἐπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass.

to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφυσάω, f. ἴσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανεῖναι, ἐπανεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανίημι.

ἐπανεῖπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is ἐπαγαγορεύω.

ἐπ-ἀνέρομαι, Ion. for ἐπανεύρομαι.

ἐπανελεῖναι, ἐπανελεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπ-ανέρχωμαι.

ἐπ-ἀνέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ἀνέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ἀνιῶ, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ἀνθῶ, f. ἴσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθρακίδες, ων, αἱ, small fish for frying. From ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. σῶ, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ἀνίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ἀνίστόω, f. ὥσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ἀνίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθόω, f. ὥσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπινώρθουν, aor. I ἐπινώρθωσα, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

ἐπ-άντης, ες, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης.

ἐπ-αντιάζω, f. ὥσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλήω, f. ἴσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἀνύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II. of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: οἱ ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-ἄξιος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἐπ-ἀξιόω, f. ὥσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-ἀξόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐγγίνυμι.

ἐπαῖδις, ἡ, (ἐπαίδω) poet. and Ion. for ἐπαφῆς.

ἐπαῖδιος, ὁ, poet. for ἐπαφῶς.

ἐπ-ἀπειλώ, f. ἴσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-ἀποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-ἀποπνίγω, f. ξῶ, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. ἐπ-ἀπεννίγην [ῖ].

ἐπ-ἀπύω, Ion. for ἐπάπτω.

ἐπ-ἄπύω, Dor. for ἐπηπύω.

ἐπ-ἀρά Ion. ἐπ-αρή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-ἀράσμαι: f. ἄσμαι Ep. ἴσσομαι; pf. ἐπήρᾱμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-ἀραρίσκω, f. ἐπάρσω: aor. I ἐπήρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα, to fit well: part. ἐπαρῆρας, close-fitting: so also ἐπαρμενος, ἡ, ον.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of ἐπάρω.

ἐπ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξῶ, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράσμαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργύρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξῶ, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρῆς, εως, ἡ, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of ἐπαρίσχω.

ἐπ-ἀρίστερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εως, ἡ, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐπήρκησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκοῦντας, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπαρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαρίσχω, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-ἀρούρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρούρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀρτάω, f. ἴσω, to hang on or over:—Pass., φόβος ἐπάρτηται fear hangs over, impends.

ἐπ-ἀρτής, ες, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-ἀρτύω and -αρτύω, to fit or fix on. II.

to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a *prefecture, province*. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a commander: a governor of a country, *prefect*.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ἔω, to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province. 2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρχασθαι δεπάρσιν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπάρωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a helper, aider.

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παροίω.

ἐπάσάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ήσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσαν) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύτερο-τρίβης, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-άτω, Att. for ἐπαίσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύτην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυξάνω or ἐπ-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, f. ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐριον, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηαι, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρονται βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king: οἶω μιν ἐπαυρήσασθαι I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάψων, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαΐω: ἐπαΐσας, part.

ἐπ-αΐτέω, f. ἦσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [ῥ]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρῳ, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχνίος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχὴν) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αΰω, f. -αΰσω [ῥ], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαιναίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-ἄφω, f. ἦσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπᾶφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, bandling.

ἐπ-αφήμι, f. -αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaphor. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφροδίτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. *venustus*.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλύνω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], (ἐπί, ἀχλὺς) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθη, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπὴν.

ἐπιβάλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπέβην, aor. 2 of ἐπιβίω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβριστα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπεγέγραπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:

—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγόρω, awake.

ἐπ-εγκαλέω, f. ἔσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγχεώ, f. -χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδειξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπέδοθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύνω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεὶ Ep. also ἐπει, (ἐπί) Conjunction: I. OF

TIME, after that, when: from the time when. II.

OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that. III. ἐπεὶ

ἀρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then. 2. ἐπεὶ οὖν

when then. 3. ἐπεὶ περ since really.

ΕΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ἔω: impf. ἡπειγον Ep. ἡπειγον: aor.

I ἡπειξα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπείβομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ἡπείχην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass.

to be weighed down. 2. to press hard, press upon, in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, hasten,

hurry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to haste to do: also absol., to hasten, hurry, speed: part.

ἐπιγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III. intrans. = Pass. to make haste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἔπει-δή, (ἐπεί δὴ) Conjunction, since, after that, *Lat postquam.*

ἔπει-δὶδον, inf. ἐπιδᾶν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφορᾶν being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ἔπει-ή or ἐπεί ἦ, Adv. since certainly.

ἔπει-η, 3 sing. opt. of ἔπειμι.

ἔπει-εὐκά-ω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τῇνδ' ἐπεικά-ω κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὥς or ὅσ' ἐπεικάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἔπει-κεν, ἐπέικε, or ἐπεί κεν, ἐπεί κε, Ep. for ἐπείαν, ἔπειν.

ἔπει-ληφ-α, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἔπει-μι, inf. ἐπίνειν: impf. ἐπῆν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: (ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, *Lat. praeesse.*

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἔπει-μι, inf. ἐπίνειν: Ep. impf. ἐπῆν, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπῆσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπεισάμεν: (ἐπί, εἰμί ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, approach.

2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπύντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come upon one, overtake. 4. to come on the stage. II.

of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐπιούσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπὶν, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπὶν what occurs to one. III.

to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over.

ἔπει-νύμμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπείνυσθαι, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἔπει-περ, for ἐπεί περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἔπει-ῖπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπειπών.

ἔπει-ρα, aor. I of πείρω.

ἐπει-ρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπειρυστάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερώω.

ἐπειρωτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πείρομαι.

ἐπειρωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-ερώτῃμα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερώτῃμα, -ησις.

ἔπει-σα, aor. I of πείθω.

ἔπ-εισα-γωγῇ, ἡ, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἔπ-εισακτος, ον, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἔπ-εισβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἔπ-εισβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἔπ-εισβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπείσβαίνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [ἀ]

ἔπ-εἰσεμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage.

ἔπ-εωρέχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf.

-εἰλήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

ἔπει-εφῆρσα, aor. I of ἐπεισφρέω.

ἔπ-εισυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἔπ-εισοδός, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From

ἔπ-εἰσόδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἔπ-εἰσπαῖω, f. παῖσω, to burst in.

ἔπ-εἰσπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἥσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἔπ-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

ἔπ-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

ἔπ-εἰσφέρω, f. -οῖσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἔπ-εἰσφρέω, f. ἦσω, to introduce besides.

ἔπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἰτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, *Lat. deinde.* II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic:

I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; ἐπειδή σφαίρῃ πειρῶσαντο, ἀρχεῖσθην δὴ ἔπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced. 2. after εἰ, then surely; εἰ δ' ἔτεόν δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἔξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἔπειτα θεοὶ φρένας ὤλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infuriated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὲν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κελεύετέ μ' αὐτὸν ἐλέσθαι, πῶς ἂν ἔπειτ' Ὀδυσσεύς λαθοίμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, much like οὖν.

V. and yet, nevertheless, still. VI.

with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἔπεί-τε, or ἐπεί τε, since, for that, because.

ἔπει-τεν, Ion. for ἔπειτα, thereupon, thereafter.

ἔπεί-τοι, i. e. ἐπεί τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἔπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἔπ-εκβοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to rush out to aid.

ἔπ-εκδικάσκω, f. ἀζω, to teach in addition.

ἔπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἔπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἔπεκέατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπείκειμαι.

ἔπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκεῖνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὰ ἐπέκεινα Ἀττ. τοῦπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἔπεκέλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

ἔπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπικέλλω.

ἔπέκερσα, aor. I of ἐπείκω.

ἔπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἔπέκλωσαν, ἔπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλώω.

ἔπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἔπ-ἐκπλοος contr. -ἐκπλους, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond; also to reach out towards, grasp at.
ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι; aor. 2 -εξεδράμην (from obsol. δρέμω) :—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.
ἐπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to advance next or after.
ἐπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπελαβόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπέλασις, εως, ἡ, an attack, assault. From
ἐπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ; aor. I -ήλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι; 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπ-ελήλατο:—to drive upon; to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge.

II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.
ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω.
ἐπέλειπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.
ἐπέληκεον, impf. of ἐπιλέκω.
ἐπελήλατο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.
ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.
ἐπελθειν, 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλκω.
ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπ-ελπίξω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes.

II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.
ἐπ-ἐλπομαι Ep. ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.
ἐπεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπεμάσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπ-εμβάδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.
ἐπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβέβας; also c. dat., πύργους ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβάδω, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.
ἐπέμεινα, aor. I of ἐπμένω.
ἐπ-εμηλήσαμεν, -εμηλήθημεν, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπεμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπέμειξα, aor. I of ἐπιμήννυμι.
ἐπ-εμπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἥσομαι, to leap upon, insult.
ἐπ-εμπήπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπεμπήπτεν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-ενάριζω, f. ξω, to slay one upon another.
ἐπενάγετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινύχομαι.
ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.
ἐπενδύτης, ου, ὁ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over.
ἐπενέυκαί, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαί, aor. I inf. of ἐπιφέρειν.

ἐπένεμα, aor. I of ἐπινέμω.
ἐπένευσσα, aor. I of ἐπινεύω.
ἐπενήνεον, impf. of ἐπινηνέω.
ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενήνοθι in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνὴ ἐπενήνεοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλὴ ἐπενήνεοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἷα θεοὺς ἐπενήνεοθεν αἰὲν ἔοντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. I of ἐπινέω (A).
ἐπ-ενθρόσκω, f. -ενθορούμαι; aor. 2 -ἐνέθορον, inf. -ενθορεῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐτέρχομαι.
ἐπεντάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω.
ἐπ-εντύνω, f. ὥσω [ῶ], Ep. for ἐπεντείνω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντενῶ, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. I pass. ἐπεντάθεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.
ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.
ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύνω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.
ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out.

Hence
ἐπεξάγων, ἡ, a drawing out against, lengthening.
ἐπ-εξεῖμι, inf. -εξίεναι; impf. ἐπεξέην:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute.

III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξίεναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ; pf. -εξελήλακα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

ἐπεξελθών, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξερράζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελευσόμαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ὧδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξέτασις, εως, ἡ, a review over again.
ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.
ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐψ-εξῆς.
ἐπ-εξιακχάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, ἱακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδιος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. ἱερὰ), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-ἐξοδος, ἡ, a march out against, expedition.
ἐπ-έοικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐέοικω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεικοῖτα, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπεπήγει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πῆγνυμι.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for ἐπεποιθήμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπλωσ, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπεποιθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πᾶσχω.

ἐπεπτάρων, aor. 2 of ἐπιπτάρω.

ἐπέπτᾱτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐπιπτάμαι.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for ἐφέπω.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to *work upon* land, *till, cultivate*. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, *a working of another's land: an encroachment.* II. *the right of mutual tillage on each other's land.*

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. ὦω, to *stimulate*.

ἐπ-ερεῖδω, f. -ερεῖσω, to *urge on with all one's force*; *ἔπειρεσεν* Ἴν' ἀπέλεθρον *he applied vast strength to it*:—Pass. to *lean or bear heavily upon*.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to *cover with a roof*.

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερείδω.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ion. -εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπήρόμην, inf. ἐπερέσθαι:—to *ask, to consult, question*.

ἐπέρριψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρίπτω.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐπιρρώομαι.

ἐπερρώσθη, ἐπερρώσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρώννυμι.

ἐπερύσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπερύω.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. -ερύω [ύ]: aor. I -εἰρύσα:—to *draw on, pull to* to *bring to a place*:—Med. to *draw on one's clothes*.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσθω, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to *go or come to or towards* to *come upon, esp. to come suddenly or unexpectedly upon*. 2. in hostile sense, to *come or go against, attack*. 3. to *come forward to speak*. II.

to *come on, come about, return*; ἐπῆλθον ὦρα *the seasons came round again*. III. to *come in after or over the head of another*. IV. to *occur to one, come into one's mind*. V. to *go over a space, traverse, visit*. 2. to *go through or over, discuss, recount*. 3. to *go through, execute*.

ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. ἐπειρ-, fut. ἥσω, to *consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing*:—Pass. to *be questioned, asked*. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπειρ-, atos, τό, *a question*: and ἐπερώτησις Ion. ἐπειρ-, εως, ἡ, *a questioning*. ἔπεσα, rare aor. I of πίπτω.

ἔπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ἡ, *a using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language*. From

ἐπεσ-βάλλω, ov, (ἔπος, βάλλω) *throwing words about*: rasb-talking, scurrilous.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to *eat after or in addition to*.

ἐπισκεψάμην, aor. I of ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπισκιάσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκιάζω.

ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἔπεσπον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω.

ἐπύσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπύσσειεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπύσσοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπύσσομαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, part. ἐπύσσυμένος.

ἐπύσσυτο, poet. for ἐπύσσοντο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπιστάλῃην, ἐπιστάλῃην [ᾱ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπιστάλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπιστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστρέφω.

ἐπιστρέως, Ion. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπύστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπεισφέρω.

ἐπ-εσχάριος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐσχάρα) *on the beard*.

ἐπ-έσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω.

ἐπ-έσχον, -εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπτάμην, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπ-έτειος, ov, and ἐπ-έτεος, ov, (ἐπί, ἔτος) *annual, yearly, every year*: changeable as the seasons. 2. *annual, lasting for a year*.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπότηδευσα, aor. I of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπέτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐπομαι) *a follower, attendant*.

ἐπ-ἐτίσιος, ov, = ἐπέτειος, *from year to year, lasting the whole year*.

ἔπετον, Accl. for ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἐπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = ἐπέντυχε, *fell in or met with*; part. ἐπιτόσσαις = ἐπιτυχάν, *having met with*. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετράτην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:—ἐπετράπομην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἔπειν, Ion. for ἔπον, imperat. of ἐπομαι.

ἐπ-ευθύω, to *guide straight, direct*.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for ἐφ-ευρίσκω.

ἐπ-ευφήμει, f. ἥσω: aor. I -ευφήμησα:—to *shout assent*. II. c. acc. to *accompany in singing*: to *sing in praise of*.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to *pray to, make a vow*: to *pray or vow that*: in bad sense, to *pray a curse, imprecate upon*. II. to *exult or triumph over*.

ἐπέφανον, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω.

ἐπεφον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φένω.

ἐπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω.

ἐπέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω.

ἐπέφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φράσσω.

ἐπέφικον, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

ἐπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυσάω.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέχω.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπ-έχω: fut. ἐφ-έξω: aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπισχέθων:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπάχω:—to hold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep bold of. II. to hold out, present, offer. III.

bold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ᾧδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τοὺς Τεγεῖρας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon. IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to stop or hinder from. 2. intrans. (sub. αὐτόν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.
ἐπ-ήβολος, on, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσον ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.
ἐπήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.
ἐπήγγελλα, ἐπήγγελκα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.
ἐπηγέρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.
ἐπηγκενίδες, ai, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἑκία.
ἐπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.
ἐπίην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπεμι (εἰμί sum).
ἐπ-ητάδος, ὄν, and ἦ, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπῆνεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπεμι (εἰμι ibo), be went after, followed upon: ἐπῆσαν 3 plur.
ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.
ἐπήϊσσον, impf. of ἐπαῖσω.
ἐπήϊκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ἐφήμι.
ἐπήκοος Dor. ἐπάκοος, on, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: willing hearing.
ἐπήκρισα, aor. I of ἐπακρίζω.
ἐπακρόντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.
ἐπηλα, aor. I of πάλλω.
ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ηλύγάζω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπηλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπῆλυθον, Ep. for ἐπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπῆλυξ, ὅς, ἦ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) overshadowing; τὴν πέτραν ἐπῆλυγα λαβῆναι to take the rock as a shelter.
ἐπηλύς, ὅς, ἦ, (ἐπῆλυθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.
ἐπ-ηλύστα Ion. -λη, ἦ, (ἐπῆλυθον) a coming over: a bewitching.
ἐπ-ήλυτος, εως, ἦ, an approach, assault.
ἐπ-ηλύτης, ου, ὅ, = ἐπηλύς. [ῥ]
ἐπημαφεύμενος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαφεύω.
ἐπημοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβο) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπημοιβοί changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ημύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down.
ἐπῆν Ion. ἐπεδεν late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunct. (ἐπεῖ, ἄν) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

ἐπ-ηνέμος, on, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.
ἐπῆνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπανέω.
ἐπῆνεσα Ep. ἐπῆνησα, aor. I of ἐπανέω.
ἐπῆνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπανθέω.
ἐπῆνωρθον, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθώω: so, ἐπῆνωρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπῆνωρθώμαι, pf. pass.

ἐπῆξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.
ἐπηξίωσα, aor. I of ἐπαξίωω.
ἐπ-ηρόνιος, on, (ἐπί, ῥών) on the beach or shore.
ἐπηπειλίωσα, aor. I of ἐπαπειλέω.
ἐπ-ηπίω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.
ἐπ-ηράτος, on, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.
ἐπηρεάζω, f. σω, (ἐπήρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπήρεια, ἦ, wanton insult, contumely.
ἐπ-ηρεμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπί, ἥρεμος) to rest after.
ἐπ-ηρετμος, on, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.
ἐπ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπῆρθη, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.
ἐπηρέκσα, aor. I of ἐπαρέκω.
ἐπῆρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρρίσκω.
ἐπῆσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπεμι (εἰμι ibo).

ἐπρωθεῖν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐφήδομαι.
ἐπρσθιον, impf. of ἐπεσθίω.
ἐπρωθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαισθάνομαι.
ἐπῆσκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκεύω.
ἐπητής, οὐ, ὃ, (ἐπος) affable, kind, gentle.
ἐπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπατιάομαι.
ἐπ-ήτρίμος, on, (ἐπί, ἥτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπιτύς, ὅς, ἦ, (ἐπιτήης) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.
ἐπιτύρον, ἐπητυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπανύρισκομαι.
ἐπιτύχισα, aor. I of ἐπαυχέω.
ἐπιτύσσα, aor. I of ἐπαψύσω.

ἐπ-ηχέω, f. ἥσω, to resound, to reëcho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ὑμῶν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ τριῶν, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρας in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. coram. 5. over, of any one set over a special business; οὐ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οἴκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; ἐπ' εἰρήνης in time of peace. III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρίας on evidence; εἰπεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ὅτε on what ground. B. WITH DAT., I. of Place; ἐπὶ χώρᾳ on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against. II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτὶ in the night; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event. III. in addition, over and above, one on another. IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπὶ δόρπτι for supper; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπου for mischief to man. V. of the Ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι to be proud at or of a thing. VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ὅτε on condition, that...; more briefly, ἐφ' ὃ or ἐφ' ὅτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίους with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms. C. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κεῖτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰδύν to labour, to an enterprise; esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings; rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα ἦε:—hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? wherefore? 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀκτῖδας νέντε καὶ εἰκοσιν eight-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about. II. of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον for a time. 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῷ till morning. III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμῳ by the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπί. IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατεύω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω. II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιούω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω. III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἐπ-αυλέω. IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage. V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, one and a third, = $\frac{4}{3}$. VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἔπεισι, it is there, ready, at hand.

ἐπι-τάλλω, f. -τάλω: aor. -ἔταλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

ἐπιτάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.

ἐπι-ανθάνω, poet. for ἐπανθ-, to please, gratify.

ἐπι-ταύω, to sleep among.

ἐπι-τάχω [ᾶ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud.

ἐπιβᾶ, for ἐπιβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβατής) a passenger's fare, Lat. nautium.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. I med. ἐπεβησάμην (lon. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσето, imperat. ἐπιβήσεο): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. 2. to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας to take one's stand on piety. II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:—also, to set upon, attack, assault.

III. c. acc. to light upon, Πιερίην ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go to. 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν τὸ ἵππον to mount a horse. IV. absol. to step forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βᾶλῶ: aor. 2 -ἐβάλον: I. to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. 3. to add: to add to, increase. II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack. 3. (sub. νοῦν), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλὼν, absol., when he thought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing. III.

Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur. IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι having their arrows on the string. ἐπι-βᾶρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐπὶ, βαρύς) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβᾶσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; εἰς τινα ποιεῖσθαι ἐπιβασιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπι-βάσκω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν νίας Ἀχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

ἐπι-βατεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβατής, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβατής [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; οἱ ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. the warrior in a chariot.

ἐπιβᾶτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

ἐπιβδά, as, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. repotia:—proverb., ἔρπει πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπιβδαν to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβέλομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήσοο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω.
ἐπι-βήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπι-
βαίνω.

ἐπι-βήτωρ, opoσ, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. II.
of male animals, e. g. a boar.

ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
βαίνω, to put one upon.

ἐπι-βιδῶ, f. -βιδώσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεβίω:—to survive.
ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look
to, regard. 2. to eye with envy, Lat. invidere.

ἐπιβλημα, ατοσ, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown
on or over: a cover: a patch.

ἐπιβλήξ, ἦτορ, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in
or on a door.

ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—to
come upon, befall.

ἐπι-βρῶω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:—to call
upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing
aloud. 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon,
invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.

ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, a helping, coming to aid, succour.
From

ἐπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour.

ἐπιβόημα, ατοσ, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.

ἐπιβόητοσ Ion. -βωτοσ, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out
against, ill spoken of.

ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;
ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθοσ layers or courses of bricks. II.

an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,
an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.

ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to roar in answer.

ἐπι-βοσκόω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.
of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

ἐπι-βουκόλοσ, ὁ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.

ἐπιβούλημα, ατοσ, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against,
a plot, attempt, scheme.

ἐπιβουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plot-
ter. From

ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one;
ἐπιβουλεύειν θανάτοσ τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,
to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence

ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-
βουλήσ by treachery.

ἐπι-βουλή, ἡ, ἐπιβουλή.

ἐπι-βουλοσ, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against,
treacherous.

ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ὕνω, to loiter at a place.

ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.

ἐπι-βρόνχω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. II.
intr. to roar or cry out to.

ἐπι-βριθής, ἐσ, burdensome, grievous. From
ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to be heavy upon, weigh
down. II. metaph. to press heavily.

ἐπιβρίσεια, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπι-βρόνητοσ, ον, = ἐμ-βρόνητοσ, thunderstricken.

ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to burst forth, as water: of
flowers, to sprout, burst forth.

ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to stop, caulk tight.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοηθέω.
ἐπι-βωμο-σπιδέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, σπιδέω) to
stand suppliant at the altar.

ἐπι-βώμιω, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar,
ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβώω.

ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout
to, call upon, clamour for.

ἐπί-βωτοσ, Ion. for ἐπιβύητοσ.

ἐπι-βώτωρ, opoσ, ὁ, an over-shepherd, shepherd.

ἐπί-γαίωσ, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) upon the earth; τὰ
ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.

ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a
widow as her husband's next of kin.

ἐπι-γαμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γαμῶ:—to marry be-
sides; ἐπιγαμῶ τέκνοισ μητρυνάσ to marry and set a
stepmother over one's own children. Hence

ἐπι-γάμια, ἡ, an additional marriage. II. in-
termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

ἐπί-γάμοσ, ον, (ἐπί, γάμοσ) marriageable.

ἐπι-γαυρόσομαι, Pass. to exult in.

ἐπιγ-δουπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δουπέω.

ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπί-γειοσ, ον, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) on or of the earth.

ἐπι-γέλωσ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh to or with, to
laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.

ἐπι-γεραίρω, to give honour to.

ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.

ἐπι-γῆθῶ, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—to rejoice on
triumph over: to exult in.

ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:
pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγέννημαι:—to be born
after; ἔαροσ ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρη the season of spring
comes next; οὐ ἐπιγινόμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-
γινόμενου as time was going on. 2. to come
upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue
upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to happen after,
come to pass.

ἐπι-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγγων: pf.
-έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recog-
nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-
scious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a
judgment, decide.

ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for
ἐπιγινν-.

ἐπι-γλωσσάσομαι Att. -ττώσομαι: fut. ἡσομαι:
Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against,
to upbraid.

ἐπι-γναμπτός, ὁ, ὄν, curved, twisted. From

ἐπι-γναμπτώ, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. me-
taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.

ἐπιγινόη, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπιγινώσ, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπι-γνώμων, ονοσ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon:
as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to make known, an-
nounce, signify.

ἐπίγνωσισ, εωσ, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) full knowledge.

ἐπιγνώωσι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring*, *posterity*:—οἱ Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn*, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

ἐπιγουνίδιος, *ov*, *on*, *set upon the knee*. From ἐπι-γουνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, γούνατος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh*.

ἐπιγράφην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing*.

ἐπίγραμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. *an epigram*, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγραφεύς, *εως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber*: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.

ἐπιγράφη, ἡ, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*. II. at Athens, a registration of property.

ἐπιγράφω, *f. ψω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμαι*:—to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράφαι κλῆρον *to put a mark on a lot*. II. later, *to write upon, inscribe*:—Pass., of the inscription, *to be inscribed upon*.

III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—Med. *to register oneself*: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράφασθαι *to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπί-γρῦπος, *ov*, somewhat booked: somewhat book-nosed.

ἐπι-δαμομαι, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαω *v*) *to distribute, offer*.

ἐπι-δασιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω *v*) *assigned, allotted*.

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ὥσω [ῶ]*, *to weep over or for*.

ἐπί-δᾶμος, *ov*, Dor. for ἐπί-δημος.

ἐπι-δαψιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι, Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely*.

ἐπιδέδωρα, *pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω*.

ἐπιδείης, *és*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of: deficient*: Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεᾶ.

ἐπιδείγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen: a pattern, example, lesson*.

ἐπι-δείξω, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείλη) *at, towards evening*: ἐπιδείξα, neut. pl. as Adv., *towards evening*.

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and -ύω, *f. -δείξω*: aor. 1 -έδειξα *Ion. -έδεξα*:—to exhibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade:—Med. *to display oneself, shew oneself off*. 2. *to shew, point out*:—to shew, prove, demonstrate. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικὸς, ἡ, *όν*, *fit for display*; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations*, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

ἐπιδείν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεῖδον*.

ἐπιδείξαι, *aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι*.

ἐπιδείξω *Ion. ἐπιδείξω, εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*; ἐς ἐπιδείξιν τινας ἀπικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge*. 2. *a pattern, example, Lat. specimen*.

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ὥσω, (ἐπιδειπνον)* *to eat after dinner*. II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty*.

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) *at or after dinner*.

ἐπί-δειπνον, *τό*, *an after-meal, second course or dessert*.

ἐπι-δέκατος, *η, ov*, *one and one tenth*, $1 + \frac{1}{10} = 1\frac{1}{10}$. II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe*.

ἐπι-δέμνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) *in or on the bed*.

ἐπι-δέξιος, *ov*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια as Adv., which therefore also means *auspiciously*. 2. = δεξιός, *on the right hand*; τὰπιδέξια *the right side*. II. of persons, *dexterous, skilful*.

ἐπί-δεξις, *Ion. for ἐπιδείξις*.

ἐπι-δέρκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold*.

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω, (ἐπί, δεσμός)* *to bind up*.

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage*.

ἐπιδεσμο-χαρής, *és*, (ἐπιδεσμος, χαίρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of gout*.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. ὥσω, to be lord over*.

ἐπι-δεύης, *és*, poet. and *Ion. for ἐπιδείης, in need or want of, lacking*. II. *lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen.*, βίης ἐπιδευέης *failing in strength*: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέης Ὀδυσῆος *inferior to Ulysses in strength*: absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἡμεν *far too weak were we*. From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, poet. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω *v*) *to be in want of, to lack: to need the help of*. II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it*.

ἐπι-δένω, *f. σω, to moisten on the surface*.

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition*.

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω, to bind or fasten on*. II. *to bind up, bandage*.

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δήσω, to want or lack so much of a number*:—impers. ἐπιδεῖ, *there is need of besides*:—Med. *to be in want of*, cf. ἐπιδέομαι.

ἐπί-δηλος, *ov*, quite evident, manifest: open. 2. distinguished. II. like, resembling.

ἐπι-δημεύω, *f. σω, to live among the people*. From ἐπιδημέω, *f. ὥσω, (ἐπιδημος)* *to be at home, live at home: to sojourn among people, stay at a place*. II. *to come home, from foreign travel*. Hence

ἐπιδημία, ἡ, *a staying at home, stay at a place*.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δῆμος) *among the people: dwelling at home*; πόλεμος ἐπιδημιος *civil war*; ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι *native merchants*. II. *sojourning at a place*.

ἐπι-δημουργοί, *ων, οἱ*, magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.

ἐπί-δήμιος, *ov*, = ἐπιδήμιος, *of the people, popular*.

ἐπι-διαβαίνω, *fut. -βήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another*.

ἐπι-διαγνώσκειν *Ion. -γινώσκω*: fut. -γνώσομαι:—to debate or decide afresh.

ἐπι-διαρπύω, *f. ὥσω, to divide over again*:—Med. of several, *to distribute among themselves*.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides*.

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after*:—Pass. *to burst in consequence of a thing*.

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρωμαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ξω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δῶσω, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in dowry.

II. ἐπιδιδόναι εαυτὸν τι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper.

IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. ἐπιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-δίζημι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. σω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to.

Hence ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δινέω, f. ἥσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθόω, f. ὥσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖζω or -οῖζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφρύας, ἀδος, ἥ, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ov, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπί-διχα, Adv. for ἐπὶ διχα.

ἐπι-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῶ and -δῶξω, to expect.

ἐπι-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δοξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπιδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable.

II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρπιος, ov, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἥ, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state.

II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδιδόναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δυνέω, f. ἥσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἥ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδράμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδράμετην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἥ, (ἐπιδράμεν) a running over.

II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack.

III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπι-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τεῖχος ἐπιδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύνω and -δύνω, f. ὥσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δῶμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιδῶν, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδῶσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἥ, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonableness.

II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἰκελός, ov, = εἰκελός, like.

ἐπι-εικής, ἐς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικής is as meet; ὅν κ' ἐπιεικής ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear.

II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate.

2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ἥ, ov, (ἐπί, εἰκώ) yielding: οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν unceasing woe.

ἐπιεικῶς Ion. ἔως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately.

2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπιειμένος, η, ov, Ion. for ἐφευμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμῖ ibo).

ἐπιεισομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμῖ ibo).

ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence ἐπὶ-ἐλπτος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπὶ-εσα Ep.

ἐπὶ-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπὶ-εσμαι or ἐπὶ-εμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένους ἀλκήν, ἀναδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπίεσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, bad brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπίεσσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπίεσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπὶ-ζάρω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπὶ-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπι-ζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπὶ-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπὶ-ζεύγνυμι and -ζω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast.

II. to yoke to.

ἐπὶ-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπὶ-ζεφύρος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπὶ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεότης ἐπέ-ζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over.

II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπὶ-ζήλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπὶ-ζήμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurtful.

II. liable to punishment. Hence ἐπὶ-ζημιός, f. ὥσω, to punish.

ἐπὶ-ζητέω, f. ἥσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπὶ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζῶσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπὶ-ζῶω, Ion. for ἐπιζῶω.

ἐπίηλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπὶ-λήμι, Ion. for ἐφίημι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω.

ἐπὶ-ήρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἡρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπὶ-ήρᾶνος, ov, (ἐπὶήρα) pleasing.

II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ov*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, *q. v.*

ἐπι-θαλάμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον (sub. μέλος), the nuptial song, *epithalamium*, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

ἐπι-θαλασσιδῖος Att. -τιδῖος, *ov*, =sq.

ἐπι-θαλάσσιος Att. -τιος, *a, ov*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.

ἐπι-θάνάτιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.

ἐπι-θάνατος, *ov*, sick to death, like to die.

ἐπι-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, *f. ὕνω*, to cheer on.

ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *f. σω*, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (Lat. *honorarium*).

ἐπι-θαράζω, *f. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence

ἐπιθεισμός, *δ*, an appeal to the gods, adjuration.

ἐπι-θείν, -θεῖναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπιθεῖς, -θείς, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπι-θεῖτε, for -θείητε, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπι-θεράπευω, *f. σω*, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.

ἐπι-θεσ, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπιθεσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.

ἐπι-θεσπίζω, *f. σω*, to prophesy upon.

ἐπιθετικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἐπιτίθημαι) ready to attack: enterprising.

ἐπί-θετος, *ov*, (ἐπιτίθημι) added, annexed: fetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπιθετον, *τό*, an epithet.

ἐπι-θέω, *f. -θεύσομαι*, to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.

ἐπιθήκη, *ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.

ἐπί-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a cover, lid.

ἐπι-θαάζω, *f. σω*, to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θαάζω.

ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρόσσω*.

ἐπι-θορυβέω, *f. ἤσω*, to shout in token of approval.

ἐπι-θράσσω Att. -ττω, contr. for ἐπιταράσσω.

ἐπι-θραύω, *f. σω*, to break besides.

ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπιτρέχω*.

ἐπι-θρόσσω, *f. -θοροῦμαι*; *aor. 2 ἐπιθορον*:—to spring or leap upon, *c. gen.*: *c. dat.* to insult over: absol., τὸσσον ἐπιθρόσκουσι so far do they bound.

ἐπι-θυμέω, *f. ἤσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence

ἐπιθυμήμα, *ατος, τό*, the object of desire; and

ἐπιθυμῖς, *εως, ἡ*, a longing desire; and

ἐπιθυμητής, *οὔ, δ*, one who desires: a lover; and

ἐπιθυμητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, desiring, coveting. Adv. -κῶς.

ἐπιθυμία, *ἡ*, (ἐπιθυμῶ) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.

ἐπι-θυμιάμα, *ατος, τό*, an incense-offering: from

ἐπι-θυμιάω, *f. άσω* [α], to offer incense.

ἐπι-θύνω, to aim straight at: to direct, govern.

ἐπί-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [ῥ], to offer sacrifice upon or after:—to offer sacrifice, offer.

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [ῥ], to rush eagerly at. 2. *c. inf.* to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (*v. θύω B.*)

ἐπι-θωρᾶκίζομαι, Med. to put on one's armour.

ἐπι-θούσσω, *f. ξω*, to shout or call out.

ἐπι-θῶμι, *ονος, δ*, = ἐπίστωρ.

ἐπι-ίζομαι, Ion. for ἐφέζομαι.

ἐπι-ίστωρ, *oros, δ, ἡ*, acquainted with, knowing.

ἐπι-καθαίρω, *f. ἤσω*, to pull down besides.

ἐπι-καθέζομαι, *f. -εδούμαι*, Pass. to sit down upon.

ἐπι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτῃμαι, to sit upon: to press upon; be heavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.

ἐπι-καθίζω, *f. ίσω*, to set upon. II. intr. to sit upon.

ἐπι-καινός, *f. άσω*, to innovate upon.

ἐπι-καίριος, *ov*, (ἐπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.

ἐπί-καιρος, *ov*, = ἐπικαίριος: *c. gen.* fit, proper, convenient for a thing.

ἐπι-καίω Att. -κάω: *f. κούσω*:—to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.

ἐπι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to be called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. *provocare*. 2. to summon before one.

ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of hiding. From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, *f. ψω*, to cover up, sbroud, hide. II. to put over. Hence

ἐπικάλυψις, *εως, ἡ*, a covering, concealment.

ἐπικαμπή, *ἡ*, (ἐπικάμπω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.

ἐπικαμπής, *ές, curved, curling*. From

ἐπι-κάμπω, *f. ψω*, to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.

ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ov*, bent forward.

ἐπί-κάρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. head-foremost.

ἐπι-κάρσιος, *a, ov*, (ἐπικάρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. opp. to ὀρθίος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὀρθία (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): *c. gen.*, τριῖναι τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσιαι triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.

ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι*, to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.

ἐπι-κατάβῃλω, *f. -βᾶλω*, to let fall down.

ἐπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.

ἐπι-καταδρθάνω, *f. -δρθήσομαι*; *aor. 2 -εδραθον*:—to fall asleep at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάμαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake.
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay yet longer.
 ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to throw oneself upon.
 ἐπι-κατάρυτος, on, yet more accursed.
 ἐπι-καταρριπτιέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over.
 ἐπι-καταψήδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.
 ἐπικατ-βαρῶν, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταβαρῶν.
 ἐπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.
 ἐπι-κατεμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.
 ἐπι-καντος, on, (ἐπικαίω) burnt at the end, Lat. praestus.
 ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ἀ]
 ἐπι-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτί-
 θημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed.
 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμεναι νῆσοι the islands off the coast.
 3. to bang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. to have on one.
 ἐπι-κεῖρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω: to cut down, mow down.
 II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.
 ἐπι-κεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.
 ἐπι-κεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, f. ἤσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.
 ἐπικέλυσσις, εως, ἡ, cheering, exhortation.
 ἐπι-κελύω, also in Med. ἐπικελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλωσ: aor. I ἐπέκελσα: to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrins. to come to land, come ashore.
 ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπεκέρᾶσα Ep. -έκησα: to mix in, pour in again.
 ἐπι-κέρδος, on, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.
 ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ἤσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.
 ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐφικνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ δ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.
 ἐπι-κῆδειος, on, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.
 ἐπικηρύκεια, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκεύομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.
 ἐπικηρύκευμα, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From
 ἐπι-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπὶ τινί to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.
 ἐπι-κίδνῃμι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνάμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικίδναι ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.
 ἐπι-κίνδυνος, on, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νως.
 ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to send forth a sound in answer.
 ἐπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι: to weep upon or responsively. Hence
 ἐπικλαυτος, on, tearful.
 ἐπι-κλώω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.
 ἐπι-κλώω, Att. for ἐπικλαίω. [ἀ]
 ἐπι-κλέης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.
 ἐπι-κληρίζω contr. -κληρίζω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).
 ἐπικλήμα, atos, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.
 ἐπὶ-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.
 ἐπὶ-κληρος, on, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ἡ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.
 ἐπὶ-κληρώω, f. ὄσω, to assign by lot.
 ἐπὶ-κλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπὶ-κλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.
 ἐπὶ-κλητος, on, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.
 ἐπὶ-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπικλινής, ἐς, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.
 ἐπὶ-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, arm-chair. From
 ἐπι-κλίνω [ῖ]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι: to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλιμένοι σάνιδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ἤσω, to stir up to commotion.
 ἐπι-κλοπος, on, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.
 ἐπι-κλύω, f. ὄσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overflow, ruin. Hence
 ἐπὶ-κλύσις, εως, ἡ, an overflow, flood.
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, hear.
 ἐπι-κλώθω, f. ὄσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.
 ἐπι-κνώμπω, Att. for ἐπι-γνώμπω.
 ἐπι-κνώω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.
 ἐπι-κνέομαι, Ion. for ἐφικνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.
 ἐπὶ-κοινος, on, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπικοίνα as Adv. in common.
 ἐπι-κοιινώνω, f. ἤσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἦσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. ἐπικόπτος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ον, ὄ, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπικούρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσους ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικούρημα, ατος, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικούρησις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κόυρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικούροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate. ἐπι-κράζω, f. ζω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ep. -κραίνω: f. -κράνω: aor. I ἐπ-έκρᾱνα Ep. -έκρηνα, -έκρηνα:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil: νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικήρηνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress.

II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικράτης) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτew, f. ἦσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2, to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικράτεστος, superior.

ἐπικράτης, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ῶω: f. -κρεμάω [ᾱ] Att. κρεμῶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ἐς, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικήρηνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικήρηνει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικήρησαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικρεμάννυμι.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίνον, τό, (ἐπί, ἵκρινον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, ον, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 -έκρύφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρύφος, ον, hidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάσμαι, f. -ήσμαι, Dep. to gain, win besides;

ἐπικτάθειν ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνων τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπίκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτάσμαι) fresh gain.

ἐπίκτητος, ον, (ἐπικτάσμαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῇ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπίκτητοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτυπέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῖν ποδοῖν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κυΐσκω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κύρω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρω: aor. I -έκύρω and -έκυρω: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρωσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρός) humpbacked. Hence

ἐπι-κυρτός, f. ὠσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κωκῶω, f. ὠσω [ῶ], to lament over.

ἐπι-κωλύσις, εως, ἡ, a hindrance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ὠσω [ῶ], to binder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. ὠσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπι-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κῶπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβῃ, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a handle.

ἐπιλάβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήσμαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάζνυμι, Dep. to lay hold of, hold tight.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, ἐπιλάθωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήσμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον. pf. -έληφα:—to lay hold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτὸς ἐπιλαβοῦσης τὸ ἔργον. 3.

to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁπίσω ὁδοῦ to hinder from getting back.

II. metaph., πολλὸν χῶρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground. B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιείημι, to hold oneself on by, lay hold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσις to lay hold of a pretext. 2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

ἐπιλαμπτος, on, Ion. for ἐπίληπτος, caught, detected. ἐπι-λαμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμψάσθης ἡμέρας when day had dawned.

ἐπι-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐπέλαθον, to escape notice, be hidden. II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. I -έλησα: Causal, to make to forget.

III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -λέληθα, and pf. pass. -λέλημαι, to forget; ὁδὲλν ἐπιλέληθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. I -ελέθησθην, to be forgotten.

ἐπί-λασις, εως, ῆ, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.

ἐπι-λεαίνω, f. -λεῖν, to smoothe over; aor. I part., ἐπιλεῖνας τὴν Ξέρξεω γυνῆν having smoothened over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

ἐπι-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further. 2. to call by name.

II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλεγεμένοι or ἐπιλεγμένοι chosen men.

III. in Med. also, to read. 2. to think over, consider.

ἐπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over. ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλιπον: pf. ἐπέλειπα: Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπέλειπετο:—to leave behind one.

II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδωρ μιν ἐπέλειπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον, to have their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ρέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ἐπιλείψις, εως, ῆ, failure, lack.

ἐπιλεκτος, on, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπιλεκτοὶ picked soldiers.

ἐπιλέλησθαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark.

ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

ἐπι-ληθάνω, see ἐπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπιλήθος, on, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.

ἐπι-λήθομαι, poet. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

ἐπι-λήψις, ιδος, ῆ, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.

ἐπι-ληκέω, f. ῆσω, to shout in applause.

ἐπι-λήνιος, on, (ἐπί, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπίληπτος, on, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.

ἐπίλησις, εως, ῆ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλησιμονή, ῆ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλήσιμον, on, gen. onos, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, having a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησιμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησιμότατος.

ἐπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπιλήψις, εως, ῆ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

ἐπι-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

ἐπι-λημνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

ἐπι-λινεῦσις, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

ἐπι-λλίξω, (ἐπί, ἴλλος) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.

ἐπι-λογίζομαι: fut. ἵσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην: pf. -ελογίσομαι: Dep.:—to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπίλογος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference. II. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.

ἐπί-λογχος, on, (ἐπί, λόγχη) barbed.

ἐπίλοιπος, on, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

ἐπι-λύπέω, f. ῆσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence ἐπιλύπια, ῆ, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λυτος, on, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

ἐπιλύσις, εως, ῆ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ὕσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release. 2. to solve, explain.

ἐπι-λῶβέω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λῶβη) to mock at.

ἐπι-μάζω, on, (ἐπί, μάζω) at the breast.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾱ], aor. I med. -εμνήσθην, pf. act. -μέμνηα:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. I -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.

II. c. acc. to lay hold of, grasp; also to touch, feel.

ἐπι-μᾶλλον, Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.

ἐπιμανδᾶλόν, τό, (ἐπί, μανδάλω) a wanton kiss.

ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσθαι, to learn besides or after.

ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ῆσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing, Hence

ἐπιμαρτυρία, ῆ, a witness, testimony.

ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence. 2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari. 3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

ἐπι-μάρτυρος, ὁ, a witness to anything.

ἐπι-μάρτυς, gen. -ῆρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμάρτυρος.

ἐπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.

ἐπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.

ἐπι-μαστιδίος, on, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.

ἐπιμαίσσομαι, on, (ἐπιμαίνομαι) seeking after or for.

ἐπιμάχew, f. ῆσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence

ἐπιμάχια, ῆ, a defensive alliance.

ἐπι-μάχος, on, (ἐπί, μάχη) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.

ἐπιμειδάω, f. ᾶσω [ᾱ], and -μειδάω, f. ῆσω:—to smite at or upon.

ἐπιμείνα, aor. I inf. of ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμέλεια, ῆ, (ἐπιμέλῃς) care, attention, diligence;

ἐπιμέλεια τινας attention paid to a thing.

ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med.

-μελήσομαι, aor. I -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass.

-μεληθήσομαι, aor. I -εμεληθῇ: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, atos, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπι-μελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲς μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελόμαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελόμαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελόμαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμνήσθαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μύμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπιμεμψίς, εὖς, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μύω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἥσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετροῦμενος σίτος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπι-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, ἑὼς, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήδος) thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μυλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μύλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. ἱερὰ) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰσώ [i], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μυχᾶνάομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μυχᾶνος, ον, (ἐπί, μυχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμυχᾶνος ἐργῶν contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίσγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίσξω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίσγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μυνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II.

Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μυνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνήσαμην and -εμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησάμεθα χάρις let us think of battle.

II. later, to make mention of: also to quote, ἐπι-μύμνω, poet. for ἐπιμύμνω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίσγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμίξια Ion. -ῖη, (ἐπιμίσγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπί-μιξίς, εὖς, ἡ, = ἐπιμίξια.

ἐπι-μίσιγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίσγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνάομαι, -μνῶμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνήσσομαι.

ἐπιμνησάμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνήσσω.

ἐπιμνησθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνήσσω.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολαίνω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλάσσω. Hence

ἐπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπίμορφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύνω, f. -μύσω [ῶ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωράομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωρητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, ον, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινάχομαι.

ἐπί-νειον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νέω, fut. -νεῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένεμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενέματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενσημένους, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod forwards.

II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νεφέλος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπινυνέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενσημένους piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νύτιος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-ννήφω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, ον, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in honour of a victory.

ἐπίνικος, ov, = ἐπινίκιος.

ἐπινίσσεται, fut. -νίσσεται, to go over: come upon.

ἐπινίφω, to snout upon. [v]

ἐπινύω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπενύσσα, but also with aor.

I pass. ἐπενούθησεν in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol.

to form a plan, design. Hence

ἐπινόα, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design.

II. after-thought.

ἐπινόμας, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινόμια, ἡ, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the

citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπινόμος, ov, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country.

ἐπινυκτιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, νύξ) by night, nightly.

ἐπινυμφίδιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, νύμφη) of or for a bride, bridal.

ἐπινύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.

ἐπινυστάζω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπινυμάω, f. ἤσω, to bring or apply to. II. to

distribute, assign.

ἐπινωτίδιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπινωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

ἐπινώτιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπινέφαντος, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.

ἐπιξενόω, f. ὥσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενώω.

ἐπιξενόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπὶ, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:—

Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med.,

ἐπιξενούμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπιξέω, f. ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.

ἐπιξηγνόν, τό, (ἐπὶ, ξηγνός) a chopping-block, like ἐπικόπανον: the executioner's block.

ἐπιξύνος, ov, poet. for ἐπικύνος, common to many;

ἐπίξυνος ἀρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

ἐπι-οίνιος, (ἐπὶ, οἶνος) at or over wine.

ἐπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

ἐπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ἐπόπτης.

ἐπιорκέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπιώρκησα: (ἐπιόρκος):—

to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονας by a deity; τὰς βασιλείας ἱστίας ἐπιорκεῖν to swear falsely

by the royal hearth. Hence

ἐπιорκία, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπι-ορκος, ov, (ἐπὶ, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπι-ορκον ὁμνᾶν to swear falsely; also, ἐπιόρκον ἐπομνᾶν

to swear a bootless oath.

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπιорκία.

ἐπι-όσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπὶ, ὄσσε) to have before one's eyes, foresee.

ἐπι-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἐπὶ, οὔρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπιούρος guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen.,

ὠὴν ἐπιούρος chief swine-herd.

ἐπι-ούσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπιεῖμι (εἶμι ἰβο), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

ἐπι-όφομαι, poet. for ἐπόφομαι.

ἐπι-παγχῦ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

ἐπι-πάμων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἐπὶ, πέπαι pf. of πάσ-μαι) Dor. for ἐπίκληπος, falling to one's share.

ἐπί-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

ἐπι-παρανέω, to heap up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.

ἐπι-πάρεμι, inf. -εῖναι, to be present at or near. II. to be present besides or in addition to.

ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εῖναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. III. to come forward to speak.

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ᾶ]:—to sprinkle upon or over. Hence

ἐπί-παστος, ov, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with confits upon it: also a plaster.

ἐπι-πάτᾱγγω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise at.

ἐπί-πεδος, ov, (ἐπὶ, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—

irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

ἐπιπειθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From

ἐπι-πειθωμαι, f. -πείσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπὶ, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year.

ἐπι-πει-πτος, ov, containing 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{2}$; δάνεισμα ἐπίπεμπτον a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, or 20 per cent.

ἐπι-πέμω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II. to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

ἐπίπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending to a place.

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέτωκα, pf. of ἐπίννω.

ἐπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

ἐπί-περκνος, ov, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

ἐπιπεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπεσών, οὔσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπι-πετάσσω, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

ἐπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπε-πτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

ἐπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πῆξω, to fix upon. 2. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ἐπι-πηδάω, f. ῥήσομαι, to spring upon, rush at.

ἐπί-πηχυς, υ, (ἐπὶ, πήχυς) above the elbow.

ἐπι-πιέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πλανάω, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.

ἐπι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.
ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι : pf. -πέπωκα : aor. 2 -έπιον; — to drink afterwards or besides : to top after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι : pf. -πέπτωκα : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon : also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack : of accidents, to befall one.

ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπιπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. suppellex.

ἐπι-πλάω, f. -πλάξω, to make to wander over, to drive about :—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάξομαι : aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

ἐπιπλάσας, Adv. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.
ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ] :—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπιπλάστος, ov, plastered over :—feigned, false.
ἐπιπλαγχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάξω.

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.
ἐπι-πλείος, ov, Ep. for ἐπιπλεος.

ἐπι-πλείων, ov, gen. onos, still more.
ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ζω, to plait into a chaplet.

ἐπι-πλέω, ov, for ἐπὶ πλέων, still more.
ἐπί-πλεος, α, ov, Att. ἐπίπλεως, αν, (ἐπὶ, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ἡ, a sailing against; ἐπίπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

ἐπι-πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώω : Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλαν, part. ἐπιπλώς :—to sail upon or over : to float upon. II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet. III. to sail on board a ship : to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, αν, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.
ἐπι-πληρώω, f. ώσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to strike at : of words, to rebuke, reprove : to cast a reproach upon : to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλα : properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, an Adv. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δίς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum : also ἐπίπλοος, ὁ.

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet. 2. a naval expedition against a place.

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.
ἐπι-πλώς, part. of ἐπέπλαν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.
ἐπι-πνέω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω : fut. -πνεύσομαι : aor. I ἐπέπνευσα :—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive :—metaph. to excite, inflame : to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνῖ]
ἐπίπνοια, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon : inspiration.
ἐπι-πόδος, α, ov, (ἐπὶ, ποῦς) upon the feet.
ἐπι-ποθῶ, f. ἤσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

ἐπιπόθητος, εως, ἡ, a yearning after : and ἐπιπόθητος, ov, longed for, earnestly desired : and ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-ποιμήν, ὁ, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.
ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top : metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

ἐπι-πόλαιος, ov, on the surface : prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary. From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, πέλω) a surface : gen. ἐπιπολής, as Adv., at the top, atop : c. gen. on the top of, above. II. at Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

ἐπι-πόλλος, ov, growing hoary, grizzled.
ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.
ἐπι-πονέω, f. ἤσω, to toil on, persevere.

ἐπί-πονος, ov, painful, toilsome : wearisome : of persons, laborious, pains-taking : of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegré, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι : f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I pass. -επορεύθην : Dep. :—to go, march to : to march over.
ἐπι-πόρπαμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπὶ, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or hover over.

ἐπι-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseem, be befitting.

ἐπι-προσβέομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

ἐπι-πρήνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραῖνω, = πραῖνω, ἐπι-πρίω [ῖ], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.
ἐπιπροήκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροήκω.

ἐπιπροίμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροήκω.
ἐπι-προιάλλω, f. ἄλῶ : aor. I -πρήλα :—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.

ἐπι-προήκω, fut. -προήσω : aor. I -προήκα Ep. -ήκα :—to send forth towards or at : to shoot at.

II. ἡθίσουσιν ἐπιπροήκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before : also in preference to.

ἐπι-προσθῆ (A), f. -θέσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθῆ (B), f. ἤσω, (ἐπιπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way ; ἐπιπροσθεν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over : to pour forth.

ἐπι-πταίρω : aor. 2 ἐπέπταρον :—to sneeze at ; νῖός μοι ἐπέπτаре πᾶν ἐπεσον my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, *to be kindly to, favour.*

ἐπιπρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπρέτομαι.

ἐπιπύχῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, πύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.

ἐπι-πυλέομαι, Dep. *to go about, visit*, Lat. obire: of a general, *to inspect, review*: of an enemy, *to reconnoitre*. Hence

ἐπιπύλωσις, εως, ἡ, a going round, visitation.

ἐπι-πυτάομαι, = ἐπι-ποτάομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ἦσω, of the rider, *to urge a horse by shaking the whip*; or of the horse, *to gallop*.

ἐπι-ραθυμέω, f. ἦσω, *to be careless about a thing*.

ἐπι-ραίνω, *to sprinkle upon or over*.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew, stitch on*.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -ττω, Att. for ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρέω, f. ξω, *to offer sacrifices at a place*; ἐπερ-εσσκον Ion. impf. 2. *to sacrifice afterwards or besides*.

ἐπιρρεπής, ες, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, *to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon*. II. trans., ἐπιρρεπείν τάλαντον *to force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot*.

ἐπιρρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπής, *favourably inclined*.

ἐπι-ρέω: f. -ρεύομαι; aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερρύν: *to flow upon the surface, float atop*. 2. *to flow to or into*: of men, *to stream on or towards*; οὐπερρῶν χρόνος *onward-streaming time, i.e. the future*.

ἐπι-ρῆγγνυμι, = ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥῆσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm.

ἐπι-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω: *to dash against, force upon or to*; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσεσκον. 2. *to rend at or on bearing a thing*.

II. intr. *to burst forth, of lightning*.

ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) *to speak as an orator to or over*.

ἐπι-ρητος, ον, *cried out against, infamous*.

ἐπι-ρικνός, ον, *sbrunk up*.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I -έρεψα: *to cast at or upon*. 2. metaph. *to commit to, give up to*. II. intr. *to fall upon*.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐμπρῶ) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροέω, f. ἦσω, *to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer*: but also, *to inveigh against*. Hence

ἐπι-ροβός, ον, *basting to the rescue, aiding*: generally, *helping in need, giving aid against*. II. ἐπιρροβα *κατά* *reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language*.

ἐπι-ροιβδέω, f. ἦσω, *to forebode rain by croaking*. Hence

ἐπιρροιβδῆν, Adv. *with noisy fury*.

ἐπι-ροίξω, f. ἦσω, *to croak to or at*: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φυγὰς τινι *to shriek or bode flight to one*.

ἐπιρρῦναι, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπιρ-ρύω, f. ξω, (ἐπί, ῥύω) *to set a dog on one*.

ἐπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. *to save, preserve*.

ἐπιρρῦτος, ον, (ἐπιρρέω) *flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious*. 2. metaph. *overflowing, abundant*.

II. *overflowed, moist*.

ἐπιρ-ρῶννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ρώσω: aor. I -έρρωσα: *to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing*:—Pass. ἐπιρρῶννυμι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plqpf. -εppῶνναι are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -εppῶσθην: *to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer*: also in aor. I, impers., κείνους ἐπεppῶσθη λέγειν *they took courage to speak*.

ἐπιρ-ρώομαι, aor. I -εppῶσάμην: Dep.: *to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing*.

II. *to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at*; ποσσὶν ἐπεppῶσαντο *they moved nimbly with their feet*.

ἐπιρρυσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρρῶννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐμπρ-.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πίσιω, *to make to drink*.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάτω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος *a burden of disease*.

ἐπι-σάτω, f. ξω, *to pile a load upon*. II. *to load or saddle a horse*.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: f. σω: *to shake at or against*. 2. *to wave or beckon on*: hence *to set at or upon one*.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: *to put in motion against one, set on*. II. Pass. *to hurry, hasten towards*:

in hostile sense, *to fall upon, rush at, attack*: esp. in pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπεσσύνμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύνμενος, *to rush on, hurry, hasten*; ἐπεσσύνμενος πεδίοιο *hurrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσοντο δώκειν be basted on to follow*:—metaph. *to be in excitement or agitation*.

ἐπί-σημα, ατος, τό, *device upon a shield*.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to set a mark or sign upon*:—Pass. *to be marked, bear a mark*. II. *to give a sign of approval*:—Med. *to give one's approval to a thing*.

ἐπί-σημος, ον, (ἐπί, σημα) *having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription*: of money, *stamped, coined*. 2. *distinguished, famous, remarkable*, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, *notorious*. II. ἐπίσημον, τό, as Subst. *any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship*.

ἐπί-σης, for ἐπ' ἴσης [sc. μοίρας], *equally*.

ἐπι-σίλω, *to set on, as a dog*.

ἐπί-σιμπος, ον, (ἐπί, σιμός) *somewhat flat-nosed*.

ἐπι-σίμω, f. ὦσω, *to turn aside one's course*.

ἐπι-σίτλω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: *to furnish with food*:—Med. *to furnish oneself with food, to forage*: c. acc., ἐπισιτίζεσθαι τὸ σπράτευμα *to provision the army*;

ἐπισιτίζεσθαι δίστον *to provide oneself with a meal*.

ἐπισιτίσις, εως, ἡ, and ἐπισιτίσμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπισιτισμός, ὁ, (ἐπισιτίζω) *a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions*.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.

ἐπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon.

ἐπι-σκέλις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

ἐπι-σκεπτός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.

ἐπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out:

ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II.

to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

ἐπισκευαστής, ου, ό, one who restores.

ἐπι-σκενή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.

ἐπίσκειψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, in-

spection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

ἐπί-σκηνος, ov, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.

ἐπι-σκηνώ, f. άσω, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.

ἐπι-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II.

to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον ο' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.

ἐπι-σκιάζω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass.,

λαβραῖον ὄμυ' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.

ἐπί-σκιος, ov, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.

ἐπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέφομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2.

to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὄνειποις οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence

ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

ἐπί-σκοπος, ό, (σκοπός II) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.

ἐπί-σκοπος, ov, (σκοπός II) hitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκοπα, as Adv.,

successfully, with good aim.

ἐπι-σκοτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.

ἐπι-σκύβομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

ἐπι-σκιυβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to ply with drink like a Scythian.

ἐπι-σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.

ἐπι-σκύνιον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὀφρύς, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

ἐπισκυρσάαιτο, Ep. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπισκύβομαι.

ἐπι-σκόπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπίσκοψις, εως, ή, raillery.

ἐπι-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω, to rub or smear over.

ἐπι-σμυγρός, ά, ύν, (ἐπί, σμυγρός = μογρός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγρῶς, sadly, to his cost.

ἐπι-σπαστήρ, ήπος, ό, (ἐπισπῶ) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.

ἐπισπαστος, f. ov, drawn upon oneself. II.

ἐπισπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

ἐπι-σπῶ, f. -σπῶσω [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τήν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.

ἐπισπείω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπείρω, f. ερῶ, to sow with seed: to sow among.

ἐπισπείρας, aor. I part. of ἐπισπένδω.

ἐπίσπειρις, εως, ή, a libation at a sacrifice. From

ἐπι-σπένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour upon or over: absol.

to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπι-σπερχής, ές, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From ἐπι-σπέρω, f. έω, to urge on, hasten. II. intr.

to hurry on, rage furiously.

ἐπισπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπεύδω, f. σω, to urge on, promote, further. II.

intr. to hasten onward.

ἐπισπομένος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

ἐπισπορία, ov, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

ἐπισπορος, ov, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: οἱ

ἐπίσποροι posterity.

ἐπι-σπονδίζω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.

ἐπίσπω, ης, η, ἐπίσποιμι, οis, οι, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπών, ούσα, ύν, aor. 2 part.

ἐπισ-σέω, ἐπισσεύω, Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισεύω.

ἐπίσ-σῶτος, ov, (ἐπέσσωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω) hurrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.

ἐπίσσωτρον, Ep. for ἐπίσωτρον, a tire.

ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάδων, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.

ἐπι-στάζω, f. -στάζω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.

ἐπι-σταθμάομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ἐπί-σταθμος, ov, at, belonging to a lodging or station.

ἐπ-ίσταμαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion.

ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπί-

σω: impf. ήπιστάμην Ep. ήπιστάμην: fut. med. ήπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ήπιστήσθην: Dep.: (ἐπί,

ίστημι). I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be cap-

able of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know,

to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured

of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know

well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ov, as an Adj.,

knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέ-

μοιο skilled or versed in war.

ἐπισταμένος, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly.

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπίστημι.

ἐπιστάσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐπίστημι) a stopping, checking.
II. (ἐπίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march.

ἐπιστάτης, f. σω, and

ἐπιστάτω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over. II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly. III. to stand by, be present.

ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄλλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανης: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

ἐπιστάτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.

ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάτω, Ion. for ἡπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.

ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

ἐπι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I

-εστάλην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—

to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II.

to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in,

tighten.

ἐπι-στανάω, f. ἄω, to groan over.

ἐπι-στανάω or -στανάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.

ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.

ἐπι-στεφάνω, f. ὦσω, to deck with a garland.

ἐπι-στεφής, ἐς, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπι-

στεφίας οἶνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.

ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a

charlet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέφαντο ποτοῖο they

crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph.,

χοδὸς ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour

to the dead.

ἐπιστένω, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding,

skill, experience, wisdom. 2. scientific knowledge,

science: in plur. the sciences.

ἐπίστημι, Ion. for ἐπίστημι.

ἐπιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, pru-

dent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to

confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.

ἐπιστήτης, ὅς, ὄν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientific-

ally known.

ἐπι-σιλβω, to glisten on the surface.

ἐπ-ίστιον, ον, (ἐπὶ, ιστήν) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as

Subst., ἐπ-ίστιον, τό, a dock for ships.

ἐπιστολόδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of

ἐπιστολεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-wr-

etary. II. a vice-admiral.

ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστο-

λῆς by command. 2. a letter, Lat. epistola.

ἐπι-στομίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ὠ, (ἐπὶ, στόμα) to bridle,

and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle,

silence, gag. II. to throw down on the face.

ἐπι-στονάχω, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

ἐπι-στορνέννυμι, shorter -στόρννυμι or -στορνέννυμι:

f. -στορώω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass.

-έστρωμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.

ἐπι-στράτειον, Ion. -νή, ἡ, (ἐπιστράτεύω) a march

or expedition against one.

ἐπιστράτευσις, εὐς, ἡ, = ἐπιστράτειον. From

ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march against, go on an

expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.

ἐπι-στράτην, Ion. for ἐπιστράτειον.

ἐπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against.

ἐπιστράφει, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπι-

στράφηναι, inf.: ἐπιστράφω subj.

ἐπιστρέφω, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards

or looked at: hence, to be admired.

ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful,

sharp, sbrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶς Ion. -έως, earnestly,

sharply. From

ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or

direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. 3. to

turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. 4.

to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass.

ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ᾱ]:—to turn one-

self round: to go backwards and forwards, to range

or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or con-

verted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to

pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to,

mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any

direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπε-

στραμμένος, η, ον, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing,

vehement.

ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways,

turning right and left.

ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, re-

turn to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting

about. II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, no-

tice. 2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπι-

στροφαί occupation of the palace.

ἐπιστροφος, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: con-

cerned with or in.

ἐπι-στορνέννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορνέννυμι.

ἐπι-στροφάω, f. ἡσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but

mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or fre-

quent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.

ἐπιστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἄω, to gather together again, collect

and bring to a place. Hence

ἐπισυναγωγή, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.

ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.

ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. —δραμῶμαι, to run together to. ἐπίστυμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From

ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισύστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάλλω, f. έω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate.

ἐπι-σφαλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαλῆναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάττω, f. έω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφιγγω, f. γζω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραγιστής, ου, ό, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρῶν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ancle: a covering for the ancle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπισχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερῶ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεσία Ion. —ή, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπίσχεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-ίσχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-ίσχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2.

intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπι-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίστρον, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the fellow of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From

ἐπιτάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ήρος, ό, and

ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ό, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπίτακτος, ου, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, commanded.

II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμην [ά], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμην, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάννω, poet. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρασσω Att. —ττω, f. έω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ό, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπιτάσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. —ττω, f. έω: aor. I —έταξα:—Pass., aor. I —εταθήν: pf. —τέταγμα:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτασόμενα orders given. II. to place behind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, ου, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχυνω, f. ένώ, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτείλαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. —τενῶ: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I —εταθήν [ά]: pf. —τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, heighen: to urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τεχνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτεχνίσις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτεχνισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτεχνισμός, ό, = ἐπιτεχνίσις.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελώ, f. έω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήραος to have to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω fut. —τελώ: aor. I —έτειλα: pf. —τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II.

intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. —τεμῶ: aor. 2 —εταμον:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut short: to abridge.

ἐπι-τεξ, εκος, ή, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ές, pleasing, delightful. From ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετήδευκα, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπιτετραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετραφάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τευχω, f. έω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτέχνησις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδειος, α, ου, Ion. ἐπιτήδεος, η, ου, (ἐπιτηδές) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ ἐπιτήδεια, the necessities of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύω, ἦτος, ἡ, fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδεύω Ion. —ως, Adv. of ἐπιτηδεύω, suitably, serviceably.

ἐπι-τηδές, later ἐπί-τηδες, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τάδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. *consulto*: designedly, artfully.

ἐπιτηδεύμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτηδεύσεις, εως, ἡ, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδές); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπὶ with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετηδεύσα, pf. ἐπετηδεύκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere* rei: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπίτηκτος, ον, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ἦσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τίθημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon.

II. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

III. to put to besides, to add.

IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish.

V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 —έθεμην: to put on oneself or for oneself.

2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τίμιω, f. ἦσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise.

2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμησις, εως, ἡ, a reproving, rebuking: and

ἐπιτιμητής, ου, δ, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser: ἐπιτιμητής ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ἡ, όν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμητήρ, οπος, ό, (ἐπιτιμία) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπίτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) done in one's honour.

II. τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person.

2. the assessment of damages, penalty: τὰ ἐπιτίμια τῆς δυσσεβείας the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπί-τιμος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἀτίμος.

ἐπι-τίθιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τίθη) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τιτρώσκω, f. —τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΑΛΛΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπ-έτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ἡ, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμῶ, f. ἦσω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπίτονος, ον, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained.

II. as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἵμας), ό, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτοσάσαι, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

ἐπιτράπεύουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπιτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρεπτόν, verb. Adj. one must permit. From

ἐπι-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεφα, aor. 2 —ετράπον:—Med., f. Ion. —τράψομαι: aor. 2 —ετράπομην:—Pass., Ion. aor. I —ετράφην: aor. 2 —ετράτην [ᾱ]:—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to.

2. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be entrusted: ᾧ ἐπιτεράφασται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτετραμμένοι εἰσὶ) to whose charge they have been committed: "Οὐραυς μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται 3 sing. pf.): τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφέντι entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person.

II. to make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath.

III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέω) fut. —δράμῃμαι, aor. 2 —έδράμῃ: pf. —δέδραμκα, pf. 2 ἐπιτέδρομα:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly.

II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused.

2. c. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country.

3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurre*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [χ]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπιτριπτός, ον, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backneyed.

ἐπί-τρίτος, ον, one and one-third, $1 + \frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—ἐπί-τριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. $33\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαίος, α, ον, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπεία, ἡ, (ἐπιτροπέω) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπευσις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for the office of guardian.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροπος) to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. 2. absol. an arbitration.

ἐπίτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently.

ἐπιτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

ἐπι-τρώζω, to murmur beside or over.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτρώγον:—to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

ἐπι-τυχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτύχον:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

ἐπι-τύμβιδιος, α, ον, (ἐπὶ, τύμβος) at or over a tomb. II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ον, = ἐπιτύμβιδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῶ], f. -θύρω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

ἐπιτυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτυχής, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) hitting the mark, effective, successful.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθῶ.

ἐπι-φαίω, f. -φάω: aor. I -ἐφῆνα:—to shew forth, display. 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) to shine upon. II. Pass. and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, the appearance, manifestation. II. the surface, outside, of anything.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνω.

ἐπιφανῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆναι) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. ἑρᾶ), ον, τά, (ἐπιφανῆναι) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

ἐπι-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφαίνωμαι) visible, alive.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανῆς, openly.

ἐπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φάτνη) at the manger.

ἐπι-φάω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φάος) to shine upon.

ἐπι-φέρω: f. -οῖσω: aor. I -ἤνεγκα: aor. 2 -ἤνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon: ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεισθαι τι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

—absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

ἐπι-φθάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to arrive at, reach first.

ἐπιφθάς, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπιφθῆμι.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ἤσω, to grudge or withhold from jealousy. II. to bear hate against.

ἐπι-φθονος, ον, liable to envy or jealousy. II.

act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

ἐπιφθόνως, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at enmity.

ἐπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύδοισα.

ἐπι-φιλοπονεόμαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. ῥω, to set on fire, burn up. 2. metaph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious. II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ἐπι-φοβος, ον, frightful, terrible, fearful. II. pass. timid.

ἐπι-φοιτάω, f. ἤσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ἤσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, αρος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπιφορος, ον, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. of ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides. II.

Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. I -εφράσασμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—to think of doing, be minded to do. 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. 3. to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

ἐπιφρασσάτατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ἤσω, to be shrewd, prudent.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπίφρων) thoughtfulness.

ἐπι-φρουρος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φρουρά) keeping watch by.

ἐπι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπὶ, φρήν) thoughtful.

ἐπι-φύλλος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φύλη) distributed to tribes.

ἐπι-φύλλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, φύλλον) the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]:—to make to grow upon. II.

Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφυῖν, pf. ἐπιπέφυκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

ἐπι-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσσω, (ἐπὶ, φῶς) to grow towards dawn.

ἐπι-χαίρω, to gape for.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -χαίρῃσω, to rejoice over: c. acc., σὲ

μὲν εὖ πράσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρῆναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower hail upon.

ἐπι-χάλλω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose.

ἐπι-χαλκος, ov, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαρής, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπιχαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπι-χάρης, ιτος, ὅ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριώτερος, -ιώτατος, as if from ἐπιχαρί-τος, ov.

ἐπιχαρίτται, Dor. aor. I imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.

ἐπιχαρμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ov, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over; ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχείρημα, atos, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχείρησις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεύαι, Ep. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. I -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. I -έχευα, inf. -χεύαι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon.

II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink.

II. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κέχυμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ov, or α, ov, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οἱ, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ov, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραῖνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι,

f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρυσος, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρύννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπίχρυσος, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπίχυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way. II. infr.

to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. ἄω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. *venititare*.

ἐπι-χώριος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ίως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψακάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. *strictim attingere*.

ἐπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψυγος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable. II.

act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπι-ἰωγαί, ἄν, αἱ, (ἐπί, ἰωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπιεῖμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

ἐπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάσθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάσσω, Ep. ἐπλάσσα, aor. I of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπελε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέλω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med.: ἐπλεν for ἐπέλεν, ἐπέλου; ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. I of πλέω.

ἐπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπλήγην, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλήσθην, aor. I pass. of πύμπλημι.

ἐπλω, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-ὄδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφὸδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδῶκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-οδῶκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδῶ, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πῶω.

ἐπο-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

ἐπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.

ἐπο-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἔποικος, ó, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.

ἐπο-οικτεῖρω, to have compassion on.

ἐπο-οικτιζέω, f. σω, = ἐποικτεῖρω. Hence

ἐποίκτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.

ἐπο-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οίκτος) piteous.

ἐπο-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶξομαι, to wail over,

ἐπο-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπο-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχομαι.

ἐπο-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack.

II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἱστὸν ἐποίχουσαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.

ἐπο-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.

ἐπο-οκρίβεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

ἐπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ἐπο-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

ἐπομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἔπω, q. v.

ἐπομβρέω, ἦσω, to rain upon; and

ἐπομβρία, f, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From

ἐπο-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.

ἐπο-ὀμνύω and -ὠω: fut. -ομνύμαι: aor. I -ῶμοσα:—to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύναι τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

ἐπομόσσα, aor. I inf. of ἐπομνυμι.

ἐπο-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ομφᾶλις) upon the navel: of a shield, on the boss.

ἐπόνῳσα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.

ἐπο-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence

ἐπονειδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.

ἐπο-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to sur-name:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν ὀνομά τινας to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.

ἐποπας, acc. pl. of ἔποψ.

ἐπο-οπιζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίξω, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

ἐποποι, a cry to mimic that of the βοῶπις (ἔποψ).

ἐποποιΐα, ἡ, epic poetry. From

ἐπο-ποιός, ov, (ἔπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, ó, an epic poet.

ἐπο-οπτῶω, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after,

ἐπο-οπτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

ἐπο-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ó, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.

ἐπόπτης, ov, ó, (ἐπιόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

ἐπο-ορώω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπο-ορέγω, f. ξω, to hold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

ἐπο-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπο-ορθάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὀρθος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐποορθάζειν γόους to lift up the voice in wailing.

ἐπο-ορθοβόω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.

ἐπο-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.

ἐπο-ορνύω, Ion. for ἐφορνέω.

ἐπο-ὀρνύμι and -ύω: fut. -ὀρώσω: aor. I -ῶρσα: (ἐπί, ὀρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault. fly upon one.

ἐπο-ορώω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπο-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

ἜΠΟΣ, εος, τό, a word: κατ' ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of

1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἐπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

ἐποτίσω, aor. I of ποτίζω.

ἐπο-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

ἐπο-οτρύνω, f. ὤνω, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.

ἐπο-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.

ἐπο-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.

ἐπο-ουπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: aor. I -οὔρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

ἐπο-ουπος, ov, (ἐπί, οἶπος) blowing favourably.

ἐπο-οφέλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

ἐπο-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.

ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, ἐποχίζω to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχίσσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

ἐπο-οχιδίος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains.

ἐποχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, bousing.* From
ἐποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λό-
γιοι μανίας ἐποχοι words borne on madness, i. e.
frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping
one's seat.

*ΕΠΟΥ, οπος, ὁ, *the boopoe*, so called from its cry,
Lat. *uruba*.

ἐπ-οφάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄφον) to eat with or as sauce.
ἐπ-οφίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄφον) used to eat with bread.
ἐπ-όψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψωμι) to be looked on.
ἐπ-όψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) visible, seen afar,
conspicuous: illustrious. II, act. overlooking all
things.

ἐπ-οψις, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἐποψις τοῦ
ἱεροῦ the view commanded by the temple: generally, the
view or sight of a thing.

ἐπόψωμαι, fut. of ἐφορῶ, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι.

ἐπράθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἐπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπρηξα, Ion. for ἐπραξα, aor. I of πράσσω.

ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριάμην, ἰω, ἱάτο, aor. 2 of ἠνέομαι.

ἙΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. *SEPTEM, SEVEN*,

Germ. *SIEBEN*.

ἐπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἐπτά, βούς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτά-βοιος, ον, (ἐπτά, βούς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἐπτά, γλῶσσα) seven-tongued,

seven-tonged.

ἐπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἐπτά, δραχμή) worth seven

drachms.

ἐπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven years old. II.

of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., for seven

years.

ἐπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the

planetary system.

ἐπταίσμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἐπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. seventeen.

ἐπτάκις, also ἐπτάκι, (ἐπτά) Adv. seven times.

ἐπτάκιοι-μύριοι, αἱ, α, seventy thousand.

ἐπτακιο-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, seven thousand.

ἐπτά-κλινος, ον, (ἐπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches

or beds.

ἐπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐπτά) seven hundred.

ἐπτα-κότυλα, ον, (ἐπτά, κοτύλη) holding seven

cotylae.

ἐπτά-κτύπος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords.

ἐπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of

seven troops of spear-men.

ἐπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόφος) seven-billed.

ἐπτάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-μηνος, ον, (ἐπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month.

ἐπτά-μίτος, ον, (ἐπτά, μίτος) of seven strings.

ἐπτά-μυχος, ον, with seven recesses.

ἐπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἐπτά-πηγος, υ, gen. εος, seven cubits long.

ἐπτα-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπτά, πούς) seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πορος, ον, with seven tracks or paths.

ἐπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πουν, seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἐπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of

Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian

Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἐπτά-πυργος, ον, seven-towered.

ἐπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίω.

ἐπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ονν, with seven chan-

nels or beds, of the Nile.

ἐπτά-στολος, ον, consisting of seven bodies of men.

ἐπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed.

ἐπτα-τειχίς, ἐς, (ἐπτά, τείχος) with seven walls.

ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἐπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced.

ἐπτάχα, (ἐπτά) Adv. in seven parts.

ἐπτ-έτης, ἐς, fem. ἐπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven

years old.

ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

ἐπτήξα, aor. I of πτήσω.

ἐπτίκα, pf. act., ἐπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἐπτοίγηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίγημαι, poet. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίγησα, poet. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἐπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἐπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφυδρος.

ἐπυδόμην, aor. 2 of πυθάνομαι.

ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπος, a versicle.

*ΕΠΠΟ, poet. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔψω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf.

σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. ἐπόμεν

Ep. ἐπόμεν: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπό-

μην, imperat. σπείτο Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέ-

σθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy

about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. *sequi*: to attend,

to obey. 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. 3. to

follow with the mind, understand; Lat. *mente assequi*.

ἐπφοδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαοιδή (ἐπᾶδω) a song over:

an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἐπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπφοδή.

ἐπφωδός, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαοιδός, (ἐπᾶδω) singing to

or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen.

acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said

after. II. Subst., ἐπφωδός, ὁ, ἡ, an enchanter

or enchantress, wizard or witch. III. ἐπφωδός, ἡ,

a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim.

and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure,

except Elegiac; used by Horace.

ἐπ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.

ἐπ-ώζω, (ἐπί, ὦ) to wail over.

ἐπ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, to push upon or into.

ἐπώκειλα, aor. I of ἐπωκέλλω.

ἐπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλένη) upon the arm.

ἐπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠμος) on the shoulders.

ἐπ-ωμής, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὠμος) the upper part of the

shoulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the biggest

part of a ship.

ἐπώμοσα, aor. I of ἐπόμενμι.

ἐπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἐπόμνυμι) *on oath, sworn*. II. *pass. sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.*

ἐπωνυμία, *ή*, (ἐπώνυμος) *a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπὶ τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one.* 2. *a name significant of fate.* II. generally, *a name.*

ἐπωνύμιος, *a, ov*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.
ἐπ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἀλκυνόνην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called.* II. *act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.*

ἐπωπάω, *to look over, observe.* From
ἐπ-ωπή, *ή*, (ἐπί, ὦψ) *a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.*

ἐπωπτών, *impf. of ἐποπτάω.*
ἐπώρα, *Ion. for ἐφέωρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω.*

ἐπώρασα, *aor. I of ἐπώννυμι.*
ἐπώρτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπώννυμι.*
ἐπωπιδες, *ιδων, αἱ*, (ἐπί, οὖς) *beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.*

ἐπωφελέω, *f. ήσω, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in.* Hence

ἐπωφέλημα, *ατος, τό, a succour, store.*
ἐπωφελία, *ή*, (ἐπωφελέω) *help, profit, advantage.*
ἐπώχρητο, *3 pl. Aeol. and Ion. plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πάσαι γάρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχρητο all were shut to.*

ἐπωχόμητι, *impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.*
*ΕΡΑ, *ή*, the Lat. *terra, earth*: only found in Adv.

ἐραζε, *to earth.*
ΕΡΑΜΑΙ, *Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσθε: impf. ήράμην:—Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. I ήράσθην: aor. I med. ήράσάμην:—to love, desire, long after.*

ἐρανίζω, *f. σω, (ἐρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution.* II. *to give a contribution.* III. *to combine.* Hence

ἐρανιστής, *ov, ό, a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.*
ἐραννός, *ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.*

ἐράνος, *ό, a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.* 2. *any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service.* 3. *a club or society.*

ἐρασδε, *Dor. for ἐραζε.*
ἐρασι-μολπος, *ov, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.*
ἐρασι-χρήματος, *ov, (ἐράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.*

ἐράσμιος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (ἐράω) lovely, beloved.*
ἐρασσαι, *Ep. for ἐρασα, 2 sing. of ἐραμαι.*

ἐράσσατο, *Ep. for ήράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐραμαι.*
ἐραστεύω, *f. σω, = ἐράω, to love, desire.*

ἐραστής, *ov, ό, (ἐραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adherent, partisan.*

ἐραστός, *ή, όν, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.*

ἐρατεινός, *ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.*
ἐράττω, = ἐράω, *to desire extremely, be greedy for.*
ἐρατός, *ή, όν, poet. for ἐραστός, beloved: lovely.*
ἐράτο-χροος, *ov, contr. -χρους, ov, (ἐρατός, χράα) of face or complexion.*

ἐράττω, *Dor. for ἐρητύω.*

Ἐράτω, *ovs, ή, (ἐρατός) Eräto, Lovely, one of the nine Muses.* 2. *one of the Oceanides.*

ἘΡΑΩ, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I *pass. ήράσθην used in act. sense: see ἐραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐράω a lover; ή έρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. ἐράσμαι in same sense is very rare.*

ἐργάζομαι, fut. ἐργάσομαι *Dor. ἐργαζομαι: aor. I είργασάμην: pf. είργασμαι Ion. ἐργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθήσομαι, aor. I είργασθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρημ' ἐργάεσθαι the matter works, i. e. goes on.* II. *to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish.* 2. *to work at or in; ἐργάεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold.* 3. *to earn by working.* 4. *to make, build: also to produce, cause.* III. *to work at a trade, drive a trade.*

ἐργάθον, *Ep. for είργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of είργω; inf. εγρᾶθών.*

ἐργάλειον *Ion. -ήιον, τό, (ἐργον) a tool, instrument.*

ἐργαζή, *Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.*

ἐργάσεια, *Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.*

ἐργασία, *ή*, (ἐργάζομαι) *work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δός take pains to do.* II. *a working at a thing; husbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετάλλων working of mines.* 2. *workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art.* 3. *gain, earnings, profit.*

ἐργάσιμος, *ov, (ἐργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.*

ἐργασμαι, *Ion. for είργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι.*

ἐργαστέον, *verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, one must work the land.* 2. *one must do.*

ἐργαστήρ, *ήρος, ό, (ἐργάζομαι) a workman, farmer.*

ἐργαστήριον, *τό, (ἐργάζομαι) a workshop, manufactory, shop.*

ἐργαστικός, *ή, όν, (ἐργάζομαι) fit for working, hard-working, diligent, busy.*

ἐργάτης, *ov, ό, (ἐργον) a workman, husbandman: a practitioner, worker.* II. *as Adj. hard-working, diligent, energetic.* [α]

ἐργάτικος, *ή, όν, (ἐργάζομαι) = ἐργαστικός.*

ἐργάτινης, *ov, ό, = ἐργάτης.* [ι]

ἐργάτις, *ιδος, fem. of ἐργάτης, a work-woman: a hireling, mercenary woman.* II. *as Adj. working at.* [α]

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό, = ἐργον, a work, deed.*

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό, (είργω, έρκος) a fence, enclosure.*

ἐργινύς and -νύμι, *poet. for είργω, έργω, to enclose.*

ἐργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἐργολάβειω, to contract for the doing of work; ἐργολαβὴν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

ἐργο-λάβος, ου, (ἐργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἐργύλαβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. conductor, redeptor. [ᾶ]

ἐργον, τό, (*ἐργω=ἔρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἐργα κόμικε mind your own business. 2. in the II. mostly ἐργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἐργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca; ἐργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil bovm labores; ἐργα γυναικῶν women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἐργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος. II.

the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὺν ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἐργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἶργω or εἴργω: fut. ἐρῶ or εἴρῶ: aor. I εἴρφα: pf. ἐέργμαι, 3 pl. ἐρχάται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἐρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχθείς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι ἐέργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact. II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit

from a thing:—also to hinder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἐρῶ, aor. I ἐρφα, pf. ἔοργα, plqpf. ἔώργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἐρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἐρῶ, etc., see *ΕΡΓΩ:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἔρδειν τινά or absol. ἔρδειν τινά, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, ιερὰ ἔρδειν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ιερὰ or θυσίας, like facere or operari in Latin.

ἐρεβνός, ἡ, ὅν, (*Ερεβος) dark, gloomy.

Ερεβσφι, Ερεβουσφι, v. sub *Ερεβος.

ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer. ἔρεβο-διφάω, (ἐρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἐρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

*Ερεβος, τό, gen. eos contr. ovs, Ion. Ἐρέβεus, Ἐρεβουσφιν:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

ἐρεῖνω, like ἐρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἐρεῖνομαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. —ισδω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡρέθισα, later -ιζα: (ἐρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate. II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθιζόμενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἐρεθισμα, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

*ΕΡΕΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

ΕΡΕΙΔΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. I ἡρείσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρείσθην: pf. ἐήρεισμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἡήρειστο:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδειν πληγὴν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dash, hurl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. II.

intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησιν ἐρείδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρεῖδε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσάμενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδεῖ χαιτὰ ἐρηρῆδεται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λᾶε ἐρηρῆδεται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med.

to strive one with another, contend.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΗ, ἡ, heath, heather, Lat. erica.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΩ, f. εῶ: aor. I ἡρείξα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρεϊκόμενος περὶ δούρι rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἥρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἐρειο, Ep. for ἐρειο, ἐρον, imperat. of ἐρομαι.

ἐρειοί, οἱ, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἐρείομεν, Ep. for ἐρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of ἐρέω.

ἐρείπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυῦντα ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρείπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἐρείπια remnants of robes.

*ΕΡΕΙΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἡρείψα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρείφθην: pf. ἐήριμμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένους θεῶν τις some god dashes down their race:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρείπιτο (Ep. plqpf. for ἡήριπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρείπτεις, dat. ἐρείπνῃ, fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἥριπον Ep. ἐρίπον, pf. 2 ἐήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἐρείσα, aor. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεισμα, atos, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θῆρων ἐρεισμ' Ἀκράγατος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. colūmen. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἐρείψιμος, ον, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἐρεψί-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοῖχος) overthrowing walls.

ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὅν, contr. of ἐρεβνός, black, dark; ἐρεμνὴ φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἐρεξα, aor. I of ῥέζω.

ἐρείομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτο, = ἐρέφα, to roof over: to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέπαι.

ἐρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρομαι.

ἘΡΕΨΩ Att. -τω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. I ἤρεσα:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγων ἐρετμοῖσιν ἐρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*. 2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, handled.

ἐρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρετμός, ὁ, or ἐρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence

ἐρετμός, f. ὥσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέττω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΨΤΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρέψομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *eructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*. 2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in

aor. 2 act. ἤριγον, inf. ἐρύγειν, part. ἐρυγών, to bel-
low, roar.

ἐρευθέδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθώ, f. ἦσω, to be red. From

ἐρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red.

ἐρευνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἦσω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρέσσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρείθω,

ἘΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἤρεψα:—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreath with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθομένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρείφα, aor. I of ἐρέφαι.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρῶ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἔρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρημος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζεσκον.

ἐρημαῖος, α, ου, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρημος) a solitude, desert, wilder-

ness. II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas*: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἀδός, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, ες, (ἐρημος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-πάλος, ου, (ἐρημος, ἀλλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος, (ἐρημος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ου, (ἐρημος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗΜΟΣ, η, ου, also ος, ου: Att. ἐρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless. 3. c. gen. *rest of; destitute of, abandoned by; στεγὰι φίλων ἐρημοί*.

II. as Subst., ἐρήμος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. ἐρήμη (sub. δίκη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμημ δίκην ἐλεῖν to get judgment by default; ὁφλεῖν to let it go by default.

ἐρηνοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From ἐρημώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐρημος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of. II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρήμωσις, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation: and ἐρημωτής, οὔ, ὁ, a desolator.

ἐρηρεδᾶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρείδω: ἐρηρέ-

δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρήριμμαί, pf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήγθην, Acol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐρητύω.

ἐρητύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐρήτῡσα: (ἐρύω):—to hold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ἐρητύω.

ἘΡΙ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to

strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-άνχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-βόας, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ἐς, = ἐρίβρομος.

ἐρι-βρομος, ου, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sbouting, roaring.

ἐρι-βρύχης, ου, Ep. εῶ, ὁ, and ἐρί-βρυχός, ου, (ἐρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βωλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἐρί-βωλος, ου, with large

clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρι-γδουπος, ου, = ἐρίδουπος, thundering.

ἐριδαῖνω, f. ἐριδῆσω, (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to

strive for:—aor. I inf. med. ἐριδῆσασθαι.

ἐρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐριδμαῖνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II.

intr. to contend.

ἐριδμάτος, ου, (ἐρι-, δμητός) strongly built: hence

strong, excessive.

ἐρι-δουπος, ου, (ἐρι-, δουπος) loud-sounding.

ἐρίζεσθαι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίσδω: Ion. impf. ἐρίζεσκον: fut. ἐρίσω:

aor. I ἤρισα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσειε: (ἐρίς):—to

strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie

with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also

in Med.

ἐρί-ηρος, ου, (ἐρι-, ἥρος) fitting closely: metaph. as

epith. of ἑταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in

heterocl. plur., ἐρίηρος ἑταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας ἑταῖρους.

ἐριθαλής, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for ἐριθλής.

ἐριθεία, ἡ, (ἐριθείω) labour for wages.

II. in-

triguing, Lat. *ambitus*: party-spirit, faction.

ἐρι-θηλής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, τέθλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile.*

ἐριθος, ὁ, also ἥ, *a day-labourer, hired servant*; in Homer, ἐριθοί, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, *workers in wool.*

ἐρικύνειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρεῖκω.

ἐρι-κλάκτις, ον, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.* II. pass. *much-weep, bewailed.*

ἐρι-κτύπος, ον, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, κύδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῶ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρι-μῦκος, ον, (ἐρι-, μέμῳκα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἙΡΙΓΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree*, Lat. *caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, ον, (ἐριον) of wool, woollen.

ἙΡΙΝΥΨ (not Ἑρινύς), gen. υός, ἡ: pl. nom.

Ἑρινύς contr. -ύς, acc. -ύας contr. -ύς, gen. -ύων contr. -ύν:—the Erinyes or Fury, an avenging deity: the names *Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto* do not occur till late. At Athens they were called *Εὐμενίδες* or *Σεμναί*, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μη-τρος ἐρίνης *curse* from one's mother; φρενῶν ἐρίνυς *distraction, frenzy*: also, *blood-guiltiness.*

ἔριον Ep. and Ion. εἶριον, τό, (eros) *wool*, Lat. *lana*; also in plur. 2. ἔρια ἀπὸ ἔξυλου *from the tree*, i. e. *cotton*; so in Germ., *baum-wolle.*

ἐριο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἐριον, πωλέω) *a wool-dealer.*

Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-στεπτος, ον, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούσιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from ἐρι-, *δύννημι*, the *helper, luck-bringer*: also absol. Ἑριούσιος, *Helper*, as a prop. n. of Hermes.

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὢν, (ἐριον, *ἔργω) *working wool.*

ἐριπε, Ep. for ἥριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἐριπεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρι-πλευρος, ον, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπηγ or ἐρίπνα, ἡ, (ἐρείπω) *a broken cliff, crag,*

scour: any *sheer ascent.*

ἐριπῶν, aor. 2 part. of ἐρείπω.

ἙΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ: acc. ἐριν and ἐρίδα: pl. ἐρίδες, later ἔρεις:—*strife, quarrel, debate*: esp. *rivalry, contention*: *discord, jealousy*: also in good sense, ἐπὶ ἀγαθῶν *zeal for good.* II. as pr. nom., *Eris*, the Goddess of *Strife.*

ἐρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ον, (ἐρι-, σμάραγή) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσσειται, Ep. for ἐρίσσηται, aor. 1 subj. mod. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἐρι-, στάφυλή) *large-clustering,*

rich in grapes: of wine, *made of fine grapes.*

ἐριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἐριστός, ὁ, ὢν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ον, = ἐρισμάραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρι-τίμος, ον, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly-prized, precious.*

ἐρίφειος, ον, (ἐρίφος) of or belonging to a kid.

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, a goat, kid. [Υ]

ἙΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, also ἥ, *a young goat, kid.* II.

ἐρίφοι, οἱ, Lat. *boedi*, *a constellation which brought storms*; ἐπ' ἐρίφους in stormy weather.

ἐρίωλη, ἡ, *a whirlwind, hurricane, tornado*: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἐριον and ὄλλωμι, *wool-consumption.*

ἐρκεῖος Att. ἔρκειος, ον, and α, ον, (ἔρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure* in front of the house; Ζεὺς Ἑρκεῖος, the household god, because his statue stood in the ἔρκος; ἔρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.

ἐρκίον, τό, (ἔρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἔρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, εἶργω) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall*: mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard: ἀγγέων ἔρκα, periphr. for ἀγγη; σφραγίδος ἔρκος, for σφραγῖς; ἔρκος ὀδόντων

the ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες the teeth themselves. II. a net, snare: the coils of the lasso.

III. metaph. any fence or defence, bulwark.

ἔρκ-ουπος, ον, (ἔρκος, οὔπος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἐρκτή, ἡ, Ion. for εἰρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πύλος *pillar of the state*, Lat. *column.*

2. a *sunken rock or reef*, on which a vessel may strike: also a *mound, cairn, barrow* on land. 3. ballast.

II. μελανέαν ἔρμ' ὀδυνῶν, of a sharp arrow, the foundation, i. e. cause, of pangs.

III. ἔρματα, earrings, akin to ὕρμος: generally, a necklace, band: a chain.

ἔρμαιον, τό, (Ἑρμῆς) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery*, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin *Hercules.*

Ἑρμαῖος, α, ον, Att. Ἑρμαῖος, ον, (Ἑρμῆς) of or from Hermes. II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἐρέα), τὰ, a festival in his honour.

ἔρματιζω, (ἔρμα) *to ballast.*

Ἑρμ-αφροδίτης, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, Ἀφροδίτη) an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.

Ἑρμάων ονος, ὁ, poet. esp. Dor. for Ἑρμῆς. [ᾱ]

Ἑρμάς, ὁ, poet. for Ἑρμῆς, dat. Ἑρμέα.

Ἑρμαῖας, ὁ, Ep. for Ἑρμῆς; gen. Ἑρμαῖαο, -εῖω;

dat. Ἑρμαῖα; acc. Ἑρμαῖαν; voc. Ἑρμαῖα.

ἐρμηνεία, ἡ, (ἐρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explanation.*

II. expression, power of speech.

ἐρμηνεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρμηνεύω) *an interpretation, explanation.*

2. a sign, monument.

ἐρμηνεύς, εως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς) *an interpreter, dragoman*:

generally, an expounder. Hence

ἐρμηνεύω, f. σω, *to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear*: hence to express, give utterance to.

Ἑρμῆς, ὁ; Ep. gen. Ἑρμέω; dat. Ἑρμῇ; acc. Ἑρμῆν; voc. Ἑρμῇ:—Hermes, the Lat. *Mercurius.*

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διά-
κτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐρμίνιος, ἀκάκητα;
as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as
conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he
was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds,
traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὄδιος, ἐνὸδιος:
hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was
called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of
Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

ἑρμῖς or ἐρμίν, ἄνως, ὁ, dat. pl. ἐρμῖσιν, (ἔρμα) a
post, support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλύφους, ἔως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver
of *Hermæ*: generally, a statuary. Hence

ἑρμογλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a statuary: ἡ ἑρμο-
γλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

ἑρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = ἑρμογλύφους.

ἑρμο-κοπίδης, οὐ, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of
the *Hermæ*.

*ΕΡΝΟΣ, εὖος, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and
palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεῖ ἴσος he shot up like a young
plant. II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ἔρξα, aor. I of *ἐργω, = ἔρδω.

ἐρξείης or ἐρξίης, ὁ, translation of the Persian name
Darius: from *ἐργω, ἐρδω, the worker, doer.

ἔρξω, fut. of *ἐργω, = ἔρδω.

ἑρούς, εἰσα, εν, (ἔρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἐροῖην, for ἐροῖμι, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

*ΕΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. ἐροῖμαι: impf. ἐιρόμην: fut. ἐρή-
σομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἥρομην, imperat. ἔρου
Ep. ἐρεῖο, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροῖμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι,
part. ἐρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or
for.

II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c.
dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing.

ἔρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἔως, love, desire.

*ΕΡΟΣ, εὖος, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἐρπετόν, τό, (ἐρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp.
a snake; pl. ἐρπετά, as opp. to πετεῖνά, any animals
that move on the earth.

ἐρπήτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

ἐρπύξω, f. σω, (ἐρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself
along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἐρτυλλος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἐρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. ser-
pyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἐρτύσας, aor. I inf. of ἐρτύξω or ἔρπω.

ἐρπυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐρπυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρτύξω)
a reptile: a crawling child.

*ΕΡΠΩ, impf. εἶρπον: fut. ἐρψω Dor. ἐρψω: aor. I
εἶρψα, formed from ἐρπύξω (cf. ἔλκω, εἰλκύσα):—
the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move
slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἐρποντα
creeping things.

2. metaph. to creep on, spread,
as in Lat. serpit rumor.

ἐρτωμένος, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἔρπω.

ἐρράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαίνω: ἐρράδατο,
Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἐρράπισα, aor. I of ῥαπίζω.

ἐρρήθεν and ἐρρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

ἐρρήξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίγισα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζέω.

ἐρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἐρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἐρρήκα, pf. of ῥέω;—ἐρρήνυ, aor. 2 pass.

*ΕΡ-ΡΥΘΜΟΣ, ον, in rhythm, time or measure.

*ΕΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—
to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait,
whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, limping. II. in

a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἔρρων ἐκ ναὺς
gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐς
κόρακας, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague
on thee; ἐρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἐρ-
ρέτω Ἴλιον let Troy perish! ἔρρει τὰ καλὰ the luck
is gone!

ἔρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἔρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in good
health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἔρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg.
Comp. ἔρρωμενέστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

ἔρρώοντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώωμαι; ἔρρώσαντο, 3 pl.
aor. I med.; ἔρρώσθην, aor. I pass.

ἔρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρρωσο, ἔρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρση Ep. ἔέρση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλίαια
ἔέρση plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II.

metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-
born lambs, cp. μέτασσα. Hence

ἐροήεις Ep. ἐέρσηεις, εἰσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-
sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ἔρσην, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ἄρσην, ἄρρη.

ἐρυγγάνω, Att. form of ἐρεύγομαι, to vomit.

ἐρύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρύγμηλος, η, ον, (ἐρεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρύγων, aor. 2 part. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρύθαίνω, aor. I ἐρύθην, poet. for ἐρυθραίνω, to
redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence

ἐρύθημα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush.

ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἐρυθρός) to dye red:—Pass. to
become red, to blush.

ἐρυθρίω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], (ἐρυθρός) to be apt to blush.

ἐρυθρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, η, gen. ποδός, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) red-
footed: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

*ΕΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ὁ, ἄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

*Ερυθρή θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian
ocean.

ἐρυκάκων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρυκάκειν.

ἐρυκάναν, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανόωσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανώσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

ἐρύκάνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾱ]

ἐρύκω, f. ἔω: aor. I ἤρυξα Ep. ἔρυξα: Ep. aor. 2
ἤρυκᾶκον, or without augm. ἐρύκᾶκον, inf. ἐρυκάκειν:
(ἐρύω):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to
control, curb, keep in check; γῇ ἐρύκει earth confines

(the dead); *μή με ἔρκε μάχης* keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide. II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

ἐρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἔρμα.

ἐρμυό-ωτος, ον, with impenetrable back.

ἐρμυός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence

ἐρμυότης, ἡ, strength, security, of a place.

ἐρμυτο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ἐρυσάιαι, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρυσ-άρματος, ον, (ἐρύω, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας.

ἐρύσι-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing

through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἐρύσι-ητις, ἴδιος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving ships.

ἐρύσι-πόλις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἐρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρύω) a drawing.

ἐρυσμός, ὁ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

ἐρυσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρυσσομεν, Ep. for ἐρύσσομεν, aor. I subj. of ἐρύω.

ἐρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

ἔρυντο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass.

of ἐρύω.

ἔρυντο Ion. ἐρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρύω: aor. I

ἐρύσσα Ep. ἐρύσσα or ἐρύσσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροὺς

or νεκρὸν ἐρύειν, either of the friends, to drag the

corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it

off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat

roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to

tear off or down χλαίνης ἐρύειν τινά to pull him by

the cloak. II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. ἐρύομαι: fut. inf.

ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. I ἐρύσάμην

Ep. ἐρύσσάμην or ἐρύσσάμην: the foll. forms are

pass., pf. εἰρύμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl.

εἰρύσται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρύτο

or ἐρύτο, 3 pl. εἰρύντο or εἰρύατο:—to draw to one's

own side; εἰφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύ-

σασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it;

ἐρύεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense,

of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense

of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the

sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect,

guard. 3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔγχος

ἔρυντο it kept not off the spear: hence to check,

thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to

keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold

in honour; θέμιστας εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

ἐρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐργω, εἶργω:—ἐρχα-

το (or ἐρχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρχάταμαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἐρχατος, ὁ, (ἐργω) a fence, enclosure, hedge.

ἐρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐρχατάομαι.

ἐρχθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐργω, εἶργω.

ἔΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤρχόμην:—the tenses are

formed from the Root ἔλθειω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλυθον, syncop. ἤλθον Dor. ἦνθον; later also aor. I ἤλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. ἐλήλουνθα, i. pl. ἐλήλυθμεν, part. ἐλήλουσθός: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλούθεις Ep. ἐληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὀδὸν or κέλευθον ἔλθειν; also poet., ἀγγελῆν ἐλθεῖν, to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίον ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἐρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἐρχομαι ἐρέαν I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire. II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἐρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πᾶν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periphr. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινὶ ἐρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἐρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc.

ἐρψω, ἐρψοῦμεν, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of ἔρπω.

ἔρῳ, dat. of ἔρος, love: see ἔρως.

ἔΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἔρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγο-

ρεύ being used as pres. and εἰπον as aor. 2): from the

same Root come pf. εἶρηκα, pass. εἶρημαι, plqpf. pass.

εἶρημην; aor. I pass. ἐρήσθην and ἐρρέσθην, inf. ἐρήσ-

ναι; fut. pass. ῥηθήσομαι, fut. 3 εἰρήσομαι:—I will

say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to

do; ἐρήτό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to do:—

II. ἔρῳ occurs sometimes in Hom. as a

pres.=ἔρομαι, ἔρομαι, to ask for or after.

ἔΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὁ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἔρωίτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἔρώω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἡρώσα Ep. ἐράησα:—to flow,

stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at inter-

vals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐποτ' ἐρωεῖ the cloud never leaves

it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to

ῥώομαι.) Hence

ἔρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δούρδς ἐρωή the

rush or flight of a spear; λιμνητήρος ἐρωή the force

or swing of the winnower's (shovel). 2. an im-

pulse, desire. II. a retreat from, rest from;

πολλέμον ἐρωή.

ἔρωήσαι, aor. I inf. of ἔρωέω: ἔρωήσατε, 2 pl. opt.

ἔρω-μανέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἔρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in

love. Hence

ἔρωμάνια, ἡ, mad love.

ἔρωμένον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of

ἔρώμενος, ὁ, ἔρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω,

a loved one, one's love.

ἔρως, ατος, ὁ: heterocl. dat. ἔρῳ (from ἔρος), acc.

ἔραν, for regular dat. ἔρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρος):—

love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the

god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἔρωτες the Loves.

Hence

ἔρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἔρωτάω Ion. εἶρ-, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἡρώτῃσα: (ἔρο-

μαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτή-

βέν the question. II. to question a person. III. to ask, solicit, beg. Hence

ἐρώτημα, ατος, τό, a question; ἐρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers.

ἐρώτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρωτάω) a questioning.

ἐρωτιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἐρωτικός.

ἐρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρως) of or caused by love; ἐρωτική ξυντυχία a love affair. 2. given to love, fond.

Hence

ἐρωτικῶς, Adv. lovingly, fondly.

ἐρωτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐρως) a loved one, darling. II.

as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νῆσοι, islands of love.

ἐρωτο-γράφος, ον, (ἐρως, γράφω) writing on love.

ἐρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (ἐρως, πλάνω) beguiling love.

ἐρωτο-πλοεῖν, f. ἦσω, (ἐρως, πλόος) to sail on love's ocean.

ἐρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἐρως) a darling, sweetheart. II.

as Adj., ἐρωτύλα ἀεῖδεν to sing love-songs. [ῥ]

ἐς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, to: for all compounds with ἐσ- see under εἰς-.

ἐς, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔημι.

ἐσ-αγγελεῖς, ἐσ-αγγέλλω, for εἰσαγγ-.

ἐσ-άγειν, v. εἰσαγεῖν; in Homer only in 3 sing.

Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἐσαγείρατο.

ἐσ-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἐσ-αἰέν, (ἐς, αἰέν) Adv. for ever.

ἐσ-αθρέω, ἐσ-ἄκοντιζω, ἐσ-ἄκούω, v. sub εἰς-.

ἐσαθρήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of εἰσαθρέω.

ἐσάλοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐννυμι.

ἐσάντα, v. εἰσάντα.

ἐσ-ἅπαξ, Ion. for εἰσπα-, (ἐς, ἅπαξ) at once.

ἐσάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σήπη.

ἐσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for εἰσαπικνέομαι.

ἐσ-ἄρᾶσσω, v. εἰσαράσσω.

ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.

ἐσ-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, until, c. gen.

ἐσάωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σάω, Ep. for σώω.

ἐσάωσα, aor. I of σάω, Ep. for σώω.

ἐσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἐσ-βαίνω, ἐσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω.

ἐσβάς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἔσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι.

ἐσ-βιβάξω, ἐσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάξω, εἰσβολή.

ἐσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι.

ἐσ-δίδωμι, ἐσ-δύομαι, ἐσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ-.

ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδόμεθα, Dor. for ἐξόμενοι, ἐξώμεθα.

ἔσσει, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔσρ, ἔσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἐσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.

ἐσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

ἔσ-εμι, v. εἵσεμι.

ἐσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεμασάμην, Ep. aor. I of εἰσμάομαι (cf. ἐπιμάομαι), to touch; μάλα γὰρ με θανάν ἐσεμάσασατο

θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in heart.

ἐσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσέπαται.

ἐσεργύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσεργάω, εἰσεργάω.

ἐσ-έρχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάπτα.

ἐσέχυναι, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέχω.

ἐσ-έχω, ἐσ-ηθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσηθέω.

ἐσήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἐσημνάντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω.

ἔσηνα, aor. I of σάνω.

ἔσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἔσθασθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθηναι.

ἔσθω, (ἐσθής) to clothe:—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ἔσθημαι Ion. ἔσθημαι; ἔσθηται ἔσθημένος clad in raiment. Hence

ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, a garment, dress.

ἔσθην, 3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἔσθής, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐννυμι) a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis.

ἔσθησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐσθώ) clothing, raiment.

ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθιέμεν: impf. ἔσθιον: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. *ΕΔΩ) : pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass.

ἐδήδεσμαι; aor. I pass. ἤδεσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφάγον

(from Root *ΦΑΓΩ) :—the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph.

to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease;

ἐσθιέν ἑαυτὸν to vex or annoy oneself; ἐσθιέν τὴν

χελύνην to bite the lip:—Pass. to be eaten; οἶκος ἐσθιεται the house is eaten up.

ἔσθλοσ', ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐσλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός,

good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy:

kind, good. 2. of omens, good, lucky. 3. as

Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλὴν good luck.

ἐσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλός.

ἔσθορον, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθράσκα.

ἔσθος, εος, τό, = ἐσθής, a dress, garment.

ἔσθ' ὅτε, for ἐσθὶν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, there is a

time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes.

ἐσ-θράσκα, v. εἰσθράσκα.

ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθέμεναι, impf. ἔσθων, poet. form of

ἐσθίω, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume

one's means.

ἐστιγάνην [ᾱ], Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω.

ἐσίδειν, for εἰσίδειν, inf. of εἰσεῖδον.

ἐσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσεῖδον.

ἐοῖμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσῆμι.

ἐοίζηται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι.

ἐοίηται, ἐσ-κνέομαι, ἐοίηται, v. εἰσ-.

ἐσ-καταβαίνω, v. εἰσ-.

ἐσκάτθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of

εἰσκατατίθηναι.

ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐσκέδασα, aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

ἔσκεμαι, pf. of σκοπέω.

ἐσκήδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνυμι.

ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2.

ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσλός, Dor. for ἑσθλός.
ἑσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.
ἑσμός or ἑσμός, ὁ, (ἡμι) a swarm of bees : any swarm or flock ; ἑσμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.
ἑσμο-τόκος, ον, (ἑσμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἴσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.
ἔσο-οικέω, ἔσο-οικίζω, v. εἰσ-.
ἔσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence
ἔσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.
ἔσο-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.
ἔσορώμεσ, Dor. for εἰσορώμεν.
ἔσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.
ἑσόψομαι, fut. of ἑσοράω, ἑσοράω.
ἑσπάθηναι, pf. pass. of σπαθᾶω.
ἑσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.
ἑσπεσα, aor. I of σπένδω.

ἙΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, *VESPERA*, fem. of the Adj.
ἑσπερος : 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening ; ἑσπέρας (gen. of time) at eve ; ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at night-fall ; eis or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening ; in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens ; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country. Hence

ἑσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπέριος.
ἑσπέριος, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἑσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.
ἑσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπέριος, at evening. II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening who dwell on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

ἙΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *VESPER*, evening ; μένον ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for even to come on ; irregul. plur. neut. ἑσπερα, τὰ, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening ; ἑσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

ἑσπετε, for εἵπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.
ἑσπόνην, aor. 2 of ἑπομαι : Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἐπέεσθω, subj. ἑσπανται, opt. ἑσποῖμην, inf. ἐσπέσθαι, part. ἐσπόμενος.

ἑσπον, aor. 2 of ἔπω.
ἔσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἔννυμι ; ἔσαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.) : ἑσάμενος, aor. I part. med.
ἑσσεῖσθαι, 3 sing. of ἑσσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.
ἑσσεσθαι, for ἑσσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσσενα, Ep. for ἔσενα, aor. I of σεύω.
ἑσσι, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.
ἑσσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἔννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum : but II. ἑσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἔννυμι.
ἑσσοδομαι, Ion. for ἡσσοδομαι : impf. ἑσσοῦμαι : aor. I ἑσώσθην : pf. ἑσσομαι : Pass. : (ἑσσαν, Ion. for ἡσσαν) :—to be beaten.

ἑσσομαι, pf. pass. of σεύω : ἑσσύμην, plpf. with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσύμενος, ἡ, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement : eager, yearning for : hence Adv., ἑσσύμενος hastily, vehemently.

ἑσσυτο, ἑσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσωθήναι, Ion. for ἡσσωθήναι, v. ἑσσω.

ἑσσω, Ep. fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσσαν, Ion. for ἡσσαν.

*ἑσταα, pf. 2 of ἵσθημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand : only in the following forms, dual ἑστατον, plur. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάτε, ἑστασι ; inf. ἑσταναι Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι ; part. ἑσταῖος Att. contr. ἑστώσ Ion. ἑστεῖος and ἑσθῆως, fem. ἑστώσα.

ἑσταί, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum : but II. ἑσταί, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσταλάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἑστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω : ἑσταλκα, pf.

ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἑσταα.

ἑστάμεν, 1 pl. of ἑσταα.

ἑσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵσθημι.

ἑστανάιν, for ἑσθηκέναι, v. ἑσταα.

ἑσταῖοτες, plur. of ἑσταῖος, v. ἑσταα.

ἑστάσαν, 3 pl. poët. plpf. of ἵσθημι, they stood, v.

ἑσταα : but 2. ἑστάσαν, shortd. for ἑσθησαν, 3

pl. aor. I of ἵσθημι, they placed.

ἑστάεν, 3 pl. poët. pf. of ἵσθημι ; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστάτε, 2 plur., and ἑστάτον, 2 and 3 dual ; see ἑσταα.

ἑσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρώω.

ἔσ-τε Dor. ἔσ-τε : (ἐς, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2 so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

ἔστελα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ἑστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

ἑστήρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἑστέφάνωτο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of στεφανώω.

ἑστέως, Ion. pf. part. of ἵσθημι ; v. ἑσταα.

ἑσθηκα, ἑσθήκειν, pf. and plpf. intr. of ἵσθημι.

ἑσθην, aor. 2 intr. of ἵσθημι.

ἑστήξω, ἑστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἵσθημι, I shall or will stand : cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω.

ἑστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στήρίζω : ἑστήρικτο, plpf.

ἑστησα, ἑστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἵσθημι.

ἑσθήως, Ion. pf. part. of ἵσθημι ; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστία Ion. ἱστίη, ἡ, (ἑζομαι) the hearth of a house ; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as

nom. pr., Ἑστία Ion. Ἰστίη, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἑστιάμα, ατος, τό, (ἑστιάω) a banquet,

ἑστιάρχῳ, f. ἦσα, to be master of a house. From

ἑστι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἑστία, ἀρχῳ) master of a house.

ἐστιᾶσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐστιᾶ) *a feasting, banqueting.*
 ἐστιᾶω impf. ἐστῖαν: f. ἐστιᾶσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐστῖ-
 ᾶσα: pf. ἐστῖακα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστιᾶ-
 σμαι: aor. I ἐστῖαθην: pf. ἐστῖαμαι: (ἐστία):—to
 receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:
 —Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei. to feast
 on; ἐστιᾶσθαι ἐνὺνιον to have a visionary feast.

ἐστι-οὔχος, ov, (ἐστία, ἔχω) *guarding the house or*
state. 2. *having an altar or hearth.* 3. *on the*
hearth or altar.

ἐστιῶν, f. ὥσα, (ἐστία) *to found a hearth or house:*
 —Pass., δῶμα ἐστιοῦται the family is established.

ἐστῖχον, aor. 2 of στείχω.

ἐστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχώ.

ἐστιώτης, ov, ὁ, fem. —ῶτις, ἴδος, (ἐστία) *of or from*
the house.

ἐστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἐστο-τοῦν, = εἰς-τοῦν.

ἐστοργα, pf. of στέργω.

ἐστόρεσα, aor. I of στορέννυμι.

ἐστοραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.

ἐστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.

ἐσ-τρίς, (ἐς, τρίς) Adv. *until three times, thrice.*

ἐστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι.

ἐστρωσα, —ῶτην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρών-
 νυμι.

ἐστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι.

ἐστύγον, aor. 2 of στυγέω.

ἔστωρ, opos, ὁ, *a peg or nail at the end of the pole,*
on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness
was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐστώς, —ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v.
 ἕσταα.

ἐσύλησα, aor. I of σύλλω.

ἐσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμι.

ἐσύρα, aor. I of σύρω.

ἐσύρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.

ἐσ-ύστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὕστερον, *for the future.*

ἐσφάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαίρω.

ἐσφάλην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω.

ἐσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλλω.

ἐσφαξα, aor. I of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσ-φέρω, v. εἰς-φέρω.

ἐσφήκνωτο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφήκω.

ἐσφήλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.

ἐσ-φορέω, v. εἰς-φορέω.

ἐσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.

ἘΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἐσχάρη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσ-
 χαρόφιν:—*the hearth, fire-place, like ἐστία; πυρὸς*
ἐσχάρω watch-fires. II. *an altar for burnt offer-*
ings. III. *a pan of coals: a brasier.* Hence

ἐσχᾶρῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ἐσχάρα I.

ἐσχάριος, ov, (ἐσχάρα) *of or on the hearth.*

ἐσχᾶρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχάρα.

ἐσχᾶσα, aor. I of σχάζω.

ἐσχᾶτάω, (ἐσχάτος) *to be at the edge; only used in*

Ep. part., ἐσχάτων, ὄσα, of men, *lurking about the*
edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.

ἐσχᾶτιά Ion. —τή, ἡ, (ἐσχάτος) *the furthest part, the*
edge, border, verge. II. *a remote, retired spot.*

ἐσχάτιος, ov, poet. for ἐσχάτος.

ἐσχᾶτος, η, ov, (ἐκ, ἐξ) *the furthest, uttermost, ex-*
treme; ἐσχάτοι ἀνθρώπων most remote of mankind:—
the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest,
Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the

innermost, Lat. intimus. II. *of sufferings, the*
utmost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἐσχάτον,
τὰ ἐσχάτα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἐσχάτ'
ἐσχάτων κακὰ worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἐσχά-
τάτα the extremest. III. Adv. ἐσχᾶτως, *to the*
utmost, extremely: also neut. ἐσχάτων as Adv.
for the last time: Comp. ἐσχάτωτερον more extremely,
Sup. ἐσχάτάτα, most utterly.

ἐσχᾶτόων, ὄσα, Ep. part. of ἐσχάτως.

ἐσχέθον, poet. for ἐσχον, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέ-
 θον; imper. σχέθτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι;
 inf. σχέθειν Ep. —έων; part. σχέθων.

ἐσ-χέω, for ἐσχέω.

ἐσχῆκα, ἐσχῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.

ἐσχίστα, aor. I of σχίζω.

ἐσχίστην, aor. I pass. of σχίζω.

ἐσχισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.

ἐσχον, ἐσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.

ἐσχων, impf. of σχάζω.

ἔσω Ep. ἔσω, fut. of ἐννυμι.

ἔσω, Adv. for ἔσω, *within: Comp. ἐσωτέρω, more*
within: inner:—Sup. ἐσωτάτω, most within. Hence
ἐσωθεν and —θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.

ἐσώτην, aor. I pass. of σώζω.

ἐσώτατος, η, ov, Sup. Adj. from ἔσω, *innermost,*
Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἔσω.

ἐσώτερος, α, ov, Comp. Adj. from ἔσω, *inner, Lat.*
interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἔσω.

ἐτάγγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτάζω, f. σω, (ἐτεύς) *to examine, test.*

ἐτάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of τείνω.

ἐταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἐταῖρος.

ἐταρεία or —ία Ion. —ήτι, ἡ, (ἐταῖρος) *companion-*
ship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. *at*
Athens, a political club or union for party pur-
poses. III. *generally, friendship, intimacy.*

ἐταρείος, α, ov, Ion. —ήτις, η, ov, (ἐταῖρος) *of comrades*
or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἑτ. presiding over fellowship.

ἐταρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐταῖρα) *to be a courtesan.*

ἐταιρήτη, —ήτις, Ion. for ἐταρεία, —εἶος.

ἐταιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐταῖρος) *to be one's comrade*
or companion in arms. 2. = ἐταίρῳ, to be a cour-
tesan. II. Med. *to choose for one's comrade.*

ἐταιρικός, η, ὄν, = ἐταρείος, of or like a comrade,
 social; τὸ ἐταιρικόν = ἐταρεία.

ἐταίρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐταῖρα, a courtesan.

ἐταίρισσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐταιρίζω.

ἐταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἑτάρος, ὁ, (ἑτης) *a companion,*
comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate,

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. *ἑταιρότατος*. II. *ἑταῖρα* Ion. *ἑταῖρη* Ep. *ἑτάρη*, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, harlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυνος, ἡ, *ον*, friendly: as Subst. a friend. *ἑτάκευ*, *ἑτάκετο*, Dor. for *ἑτήκου*, *ἑτήκετο*, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of *τήκω*.

ἑτάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of *τήκω*. *ἑτάκον*, -όμεν, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of *τήκω*.

ἑτάλασσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of *ταλάω*.

ἑτάμον, aor. 2 of *τέμνω*.

ἑτασα, aor. I of *τάσσω*.

ἑτάραξα, aor. I of *παράσσω*.

ἑταρίζομαι, Ep. for *ἑταιρίζομαι*.

ἑτάρος, *ἑτάρη*, Ep. and Ion. for *ἑταῖρος*, *ἑταῖρα*.

ἑτάρπην, aor. 2 pass. of *τέρπω*.

ἑτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

ἑτας, acc. pl. of *ἑτης*.

ἑτάτυμος, Dor. for *ἐτήτυμος*.

ἑτάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of *θάπω*.

ἑτάχθην, aor. I pass. of *τάσσω*.

ἑτάπατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *θάπω*.

ἑτέθην, aor. I pass. of *τίθημι*.

ἑτεθήπεα, Ep. plqpf. of *τίθηπα*.

ἑτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) of *θύω*.

ἑτος, α, *ον*, (*ἑτος*) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἑτεκον, *ἑτεκόμην*, aor. 2 act. and med. of *τίκτω*.

ἑτελείετο, Ep. for *ἑτελείτο*, 3 sing. impf. pass. of *τελέω*.

ἑτελέσθην, aor. I pass. of *τελέω*.

ἑτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of *τελέω*.

ἑτεμον, aor. 2 of *τέμνω*.

Ἑτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (*ἑτεοί*, *Κρήτες*) true Cretans.

Ἑτεόσ, ἄ, *ον*, (perhaps from *εἰμί* sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. *ἑτέον* as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. *revera*:—Att. in ironical questions, *ἑτέον*; so! indeed! Lat. *itane*? Ion. dat. fem. *ἑτεῇ* is also used as Adv., in truth.

ἑτερ-αλκίς, ἑς, (*ἑτερος*, *ἀλκίη*) giving strength to one of two; *Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκεία νίκην δοῖναι* to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; *νίκη ἑτεραλκίης* a decisive victory; *δῆμος ἑτεραλκίης* a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. *anceps*.

ἑτερ-ήμερος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *ἡμέρα*) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of *ἑτερος*.

ἑτερό-γλωσσος Att. -*πτος*, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *γλῶσσα*) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

ἑτερό-γνώθος, *ον*, with one side of the mouth bolder than the other, of a horse.

ἑτερο-διδασκάλειω, (*ἑτερος*, *διδάσκαλος*) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *δόξα*) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, *heterodox*.

ἑτερό-ζηλος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *ζῆλος*) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -*λως*, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἦσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

ἑτερό-ζυγος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *ζυγόν*) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

ἑτερόιος, α, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -*οίως*. Hence

ἑτεροῖώω, f. ὤσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλινής, ἑς, (*ἑτερος*, *κλινῆναι*) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκης, ἑς, (*ἑτερος*, *μήκος*) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, *ορος*, ὁ, ἡ, (*ἑτερος*, *μήτηρ*) born of another mother.

ἑτερό-πλος, *ον*, contr. -*πλους*, *ονν*, (*ἑτερος*, *πλέω*) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

ἑτερορρεπής, ἑς, and *ἑτερόρροπος*, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *ρέπω*) inclined to one side; *ἑτερορρεπῆς* Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.

ἙΤΕΡΟΣ, α, *ον*, Lat. *ALTER*, the other, one of two; *χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρην* to carry in one of his hands; *ἑτεροὶ ἑτέρων ἀρχουσι* the one rule the other; *ἑτερος τοιοῦτος* another such; *ἑτερα τοσαῦτα* as many more, Lat. *alterum tantum*; *δευτερος ἑτερος* yet a second. 2. also like Lat. *alter*, for *δευτερος*, second; ἡ *ἑτέρα* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for *ἄλλος*, Lat. *alius*, opp., not to one, but to many.

III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like *ἄλλοιός*; other (than good), Lat. *sequior*, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., *τῇ ἑτέρᾳ*, *θατέρᾳ* (sub. *ὁδῷ*) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. *χειρὶ*) with one hand, i. e. with the left hand; and (sub. *ἡμέρᾳ*) on the next day.

2. also neut., *τὸ ἑτέρα*, *τα ἑτέρα*, as *ἐπὶ θάτερα* one or the other way; *ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα* from the one side, opp. to *εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερα* to the other side. [The Dor. used *ἄτερος* [ᾱ] for *ἑτερος*; whereas in Att. *ἄτερος* [ᾱ] was (by crasis) for ὁ *ἑτερος*: gen. *θατέρου*, dat. *θατέρῳ*, acc. *θατέρῳ*.]

ἑτερό-τροπος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *τρόπος*) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.

ἑτερό-φωνος, *ον*, (*ἑτερος*, *φωνή*) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

ἑτέρωρετο, 3 sing. impf. of *τέρσσομαι*.

ἑτέρφθην, aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

ἑτέρωθεν, (*ἑτερος*) Adv. from the other side. II. on the other side, opposite.

ἑτέρωθι, (*ἑτερος*) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere:

ἑτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου on another part of my story. II. at another time.

ἑτέρως, Adv. of *ἑτερος*, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσε, (ἐτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side : hence to another place.

ἐτέρωτα, Aeol. for ἐτέραθι, at another time.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τεύχων.

ἐτετίκειν, intr. plqpf. of τίκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτέτρον, impf. of τέτρω.

ἐτέτυθο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτεύξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχοντο, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἐτήσα, aor. I of τήκω.

*ΕΤΗΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II.

Att. a townsman, neighbour : a private citizen. III.
for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτήσια (sub. ἀνέμοι), αὐ, οἱ, (ἐτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ον, (ἐτος) a year long, for a year. 2.
yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμιζ, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτήτιμος, ον, lengthd. for ἐτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

*ΕΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adhuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still.

III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἐτί δέ nay more; ἐτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἐτι μάλλον yet more.

ἐτίθεις, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμασα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἐτλάν Dor. ἐτλάν, aor. 2 of the root *τλάω: but ἐτλάν, Ep. for ἐτλῆσαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

ἐτμήθη, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτν-ήριστις, εως, ἡ, (ἐτνος, ἀρῶν) a soup-ladle.

*ΕΤΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans : soup, pudding.

ἐτοιμάζω, f. ᾶω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα: (ἐτοίμος):—to make or get ready, prepare:—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence ἐτοιμαῖο, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation: readiness.

ἐτοιμασσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

*ΕΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἐτοιμος, η, ον, or os, on, at hand, ready, prepared; ἐξ ἐτοίμου immediately, off hand. II. τὰ ἐτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἐτοιμα μάλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand. 2.

one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt.

2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile.

III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἐτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἐτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (ἐτοίμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

ἐτοίμος, Adv. of ἐτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., ἐτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

ἐτορον, aor. 2 of τορέω.

*ΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a year; κατὰ ἔτος every year; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος every year; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἐτός, Adv., = ἑωστίως, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἐτός not without reason:—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸς ἀρ' ὥς ἐμ' ἤλθεν οὐδεπώποτε; it was not for nothing then? (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγον, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω.

ἐτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἐτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτρίπα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἐτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τινύσκω.

ἐτύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of θύω.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἐτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

ἐτύμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἐτέος) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἐτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. ἐτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [ῡ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύφην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχησα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτωσιο-εργός, ὄν, (ἐτώσιος, ἐργον) working in vain.

ἐτώσιος, ον, (ἐτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εὔς, well, opp. to κακός; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily; εὖ ἔχειν or ἔκειν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἔκειν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living; εὖ γεγονώς well born.

II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικάτω may the right prevail.

III. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὖ, Ion. for οὖ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰομαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος):—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good

tidings:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδοῦναι τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II.

the glad tidings, the gospel.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.

εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὖ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.

εὐ-άγιω, f. ἥσω, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-άγης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἄγιος) guileless, pure, undefiled, Lat.

castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐάγως.

εὐ-άγης, ἐς, (ἀγῶ) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-άγης, ἐς, = εὐανγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα

εὐανγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-άγητος, ον, = εὐάγης, bright, clear. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀγκάλος, ον, (εὖ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the arms.

εὐ-ἀγκής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἄγκος) with fair valleys or glades.

εὐ-ἄγορώ, Dor. for εὐηγορέω.

εὐἄγερσία, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From

εὐ-ἄγρῶ, (εὖ, ἄγρα) to have good sport. Hence

εὐἄγρια, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-άγρος, ον, (εὖ, ἄγρα) lucky in the chase, successful.

εὐ-αγωγός, ον, (εὖ, ἄγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-άγων, ὢνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ᾶ]

εὐᾶδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

εὐάζω or εὐιάζω, (εὐα) to cry εὐα in honour of Bac-

chus:—also in Med. εὐάζομαι.

εὐ-ἄης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἄημι) with a good breeze, airy. II.

act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-ἄθλος, ον, (εὖ, ἄθλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-αἰνήτος, ον, (εὖ, αἰνέω) much-exalted.

εὐ-αἶρετος, ον, (εὖ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰων, ὢνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, αἰών) of happy life, generally, happy; εὐαἰων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἄκοέω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐήκ-.

εὐ-ἄλακατος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλ-.

εὐ-ἀλόγής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἀλδάνω) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἄλφίτος, ον, (εὖ, ἄλφιστον) of good meal.

εὐ-ἄλωτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀλῶμαι) easy to be taken. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἄμπελος, ον, (εὖ, ἄμπελος) with fine vines.

εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εἶα, εὐοῖ.

εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of good men. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ανδρος, ον, (εὖ, ἀνῆρ) abounding in good men and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-άνεμος [ᾶ], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-άνθημος, ον, (εὖ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery.

εὐανθῶ, f. ἥσω, to be flowery or blooming. From

εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2.

also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήμιος, [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἄνορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηγορία.

εὐ-ἄντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἄνωρ, ὢνος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid

of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἀπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀπάτῶ) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀποβάτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτειχιστος, ον, (εὖ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be

walled off or blockaded.

εὐᾶρεστέω, f. ἥσω, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ᾶρετος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-

ἀρέτως, Comp. -τοτέρως.

εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-ἀριχος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἄρματος, ον, (εὖ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful

chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμυστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἄρμυστος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρμόω) well-adapted, accom-

modating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-ἄρνος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἄροτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρώω) well-ploughed, easy to be

ploughed.

εὐ-ἄρχος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making

a good beginning.

εὐᾶς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐα) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.

εὐασμα, ἄτος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Bacchanalian shout.

εὐασμός, ὁ, (εὐάζω) the cry of εὐα, a shout of revelry,

esp. of Bacchic revelry.

εὐάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of εὐαστήρ.

εὐαστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and εὐαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (εὐάζω) a

Bacchanal.

εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὖ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αύχην, ἔνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, αὐχὴν) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀφήγομαι)

easy to describe.

εὐ-ἄχης, εὐ-ἄχητος [ᾶ], Dor. for εὐηχής, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακος, ον, (εὖ, βαστάω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βάτος, ον, (εὖ, βατῶς) accessible: passable.

εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὖ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful

eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ἡς, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an

island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβολέω, f. ἥσω, to make a good throw. From

εὐ-βόλος, ον, (εὖ, βαλῶν) throwing luckily. Adv.

εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβότος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὖ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good

pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυος, and εὐ-βοτρύς, υ, gen. vos, (εὖ, βό-

τρύς) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὖ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ον, gen. eos, (εὖ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὖ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γάθης, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-.

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὖ-γεῖος, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile. εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent. II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὖ-γένειος Ep. ἡ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded. εὖ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, = sq. εὖ-γενής Ep. εὐ-γενής and ἡ-γενής, ἐς, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὖ-γενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = εὐγένεια. εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγεῖος. εὖ-γηθής, ἐς, and εὖ-γῆθτος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρῶς) happy old age. εὖ-γηρυσ, υ, sweet-sounding. εὖ-γηρως, ον, (εὖ, γῆρας) happy in old age. εὖ-γλάγετος, ον, εὖ-γλαγγής, ἐς, and εὖ-γλαγος, ον, (εὖ, γλάγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐγλαγι, as if from εὖ-γλαφ.

εὖ-γλυπτος, ον, and εὖ-γλύφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τρία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From εὖ-γλωστος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὖ, γλώσσα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II. act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, ατος, τό, (εὐχομαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II. = εὐχή, a prayer.

εὖ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐγν-, ον, (εὖ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὖ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὖ-γνωστος, ον, (εὖ, γιγνώσκω) well-known, familiar. εὖ-γομφος, ον, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From εὖ-γονος, ον, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὖ-γραμμος, ον, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn. εὖ-γράφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II.

act. writing or drawing well.

εὖ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular. εὖ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμόνημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σαι, (εὐδαίμων) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κῶς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

εὖ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὖ-δάκρυτος, ον, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὖ-δέειλος, ον, (εὖ, δέειλος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὖ-δειπνος, ον, (εὖ, δαῖπνον) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοί *daïtes* luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δενδρος, ον, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὐδαισκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δηλος, ον, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδω.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὖ-διάβατος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὖ-διαίτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὖ-δαίτος, ον, (εὖ, δαῖτα) living temperately.

εὖ-διάνος, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδίαω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδῖα) to be calm.

εὖ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὖ-δίνκτος, ον, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned.

εὖ-διος, ον, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup.

εὐδιότερος, -έστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος.

εὖ-δμητος Ep. εὐδ-, ον, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὖ-δοκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμω, f. ἦσω: impf. and aor. I ἠδοκίμουν, ἠδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδύ-κιμος)—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular: εὐδοκίμειν ἔν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὖ-δόκιμος, ον, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὖ-δοξος, ον, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὖ-δρακής, ἐς, (εὖ, δρακεῖν) sharp-sighted.

εὖ-δρσος, ον, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

Εὐτ' ἄν, impf. ἦδον Ep. εὐδον: fut. εὐδήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II.

metaph. to rest, be still or hushed: to cease.

εὖ-ἐανος, ον, (εὖ, ἐάνν) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὖ-ἐδρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὖ-ἐθειρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὖ-ἐλῖος, ἐς, (εὖ, ἔλῖος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὖ-ελος, ον, (εὖ, εἰλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὖ-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὖ-εἰρος Att. εὐερος, ον, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὖ-ἐλεγκτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὖ-ἐλπις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐέλπι, gen. ἰδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine: εὐελπίς εἰμι, c. inf. to be of good hope that.

εὖ-ἐξάλειπτος, ον, easy to blot out or erase.

εὖ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, *ἔξις*) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.
 εὐ-εξοδος, *ov*, easy to get out of or escape from.
 εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. = εὐφημία, words of good omen. From
 εὐ-επίης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἐπος*) well-speaking, eloquent. 2. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.
 εὐ-επία, ἡ, *Ion*. and poet. for εὐέπεια.
 εὐ-επιβουλευτος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἐπιβουλεύω*) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.
 εὐ-επιθετος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἐπιτίθεμαι*) easy to be set upon or attacked: εὐεπιθετὸν ἐστὶ τι *it is easy for one to make an attack.*
 εὐ-επιτάκτος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἐπιτάσσω*) easy to arrange: tractable.
 εὐεργεσία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From
 εὐεργετέω, *f. ἴσω*: in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐηργέουν, εὐηργέηται, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτης):—to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετῆσθαι *τι* to have a kindness done one. Hence
 εὐεργέημα, *ατος, τό*, a good deed, a service, kindness.
 εὐ-εργέτης, *ov, ὁ*, (εὐ, **ἔργω*) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.
 εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.
 εὐεργητικός, ἡ, *ὡν*, (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good.
 εὐ-εργέτις, *ιδος, fem.* of εὐεργέτης.
 εὐ-εργής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, **ἔργω*) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργέα, good deeds, benefits.
 εὐ-εργός, *ὄν*, (εὐ, **ἔργω*) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.
 εὐ-ερίκης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἔρκος*) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.
 εὐ-ερίκτης, *οὗ, ὁ*, poet. for εὐεργέτης.
 εὐ-ερίης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἔρος*) sprouting well, flourishing.
 εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐερίος.
 εὐ-εστώ, *οὗς, ἡ*, (εὐ, *εἰμὶ sum*) well-being, prosperity.
 εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, *ἔτος*) a good season.
 εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.
 εὐ-εύρετος, *ov*, (εὐ, *εὐρίσκω*) easy to find.
 εὐ-εφοδος, *ov*, easy to assail.
 εὐ-ζήλος, *ov*, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλως.
 εὐ-ζυγος Ep. εὐζυγος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ζυγόν in*) of a ship, well-benched.
 εὐ-ζυξ, *ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, *ζεύγνυμι*) well paired or matched.
 εὐ-ζωά, Dor. for εὐζωία.
 εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ζώνη*) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praecinctus: unencumbered*, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ζωρός*) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. —ζωρότερος, also irreg. —έστερος.
 εὐ-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.
 εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, *ἡγέομαι*) good government.
 εὐ-ηγορέω, *f. ἴσω*, (εὐ, *ἀγορεύω*) to speak well of, praise.
 εὐήθεια or εὐηθία *Ion*. —ἴη, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From
 εὐ-ήθης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἥθος*) well-disposed, single-hearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv. εὐηθῶς, Sup. —έστατα.
 εὐηθία, ἡ, *Ion*. for εὐήθεια.
 εὐηθικός, ἡ, *ὡν*, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. —κῶς, in simple fashion.
 εὐ-ήκης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἀκή*) well-pointed, keen-edged.
 εὐ-ήκοος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἀκούω*) bearing well: ready to bear.
 εὐ-ηλάκτος Dor. εὐάλακ-, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἡλακᾶτη*) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.
 εὐ-ήλατος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἐλαίνω*) easy to drive or ride over: πεῖθον εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.
 εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἥλιος*) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*:—Adv. —λως, with bright, sunny weather.
 εὐ-ημερέω, *f. ἴσω*, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence
 εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.
 εὐ-ημερος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἡμέρα*) of a fine day: propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.
 εὐημερία, ἡ, a fair wind. From
 εὐ-ημερος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἀνεμος*) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.
 εὐ-ήνιος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἡνία*) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.
 εὐηγορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From
 εὐ-ήνωρ, *οπος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, *ἀνήρ*) giving manhood, inspiring. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.
 εὐ-ήρατος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἔραμαι*) much-loved, lovely.
 εὐ-ήρητος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἔρημος*) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.
 εὐ-ήρης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἀρᾶρῆν*) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to handle.
 εὐ-ήτριος, *ov*, (εὐ, *ἥτριον*) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.
 εὐ-ήχης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *ἤχος*) well-sounding, tuneful.
 εὐ-ήχητος, *ov*, well-sounding: loud-sounding.
 εὐ-θάλασσος, *ov*, (εὐ, *θάλασσα*) prosperous by sea.
 εὐ-θαλής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *θάλος*) growing well, flourishing.
 εὐ-θαλής, *ἐς*, Dor. for εὐθηλής.
 εὐθαροσέω, *f. ἴσω*, to be of good courage. From
 εὐ-θαροτής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, *θάρσος*) of good courage:—Adv. —σῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.
 εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.
 εὐ-θεράπευτος, *ov*, (εὐ, *θεραπέω*) easily healed. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐθετος) *to be well-arranged, convenient.* 2. trans. *to set in order, arrange well.*

εὐθετεῖω, *to set in order, arrange orderly.* From εὐ-θετος, ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) *well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.*

εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, *straightway.*

εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) *sharpening well.*

εὐ-θηλήμων, ov, gen. ovos, *rare form for εὐθής.*

εὐ-θηλὴς Dor. -θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) *well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.*

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) *with distended udder.*

εὐθυμοσύνη, ἡ, *good order, good management: a habit of good order.* From

εὐ-θύμων, ov, gen. ovos, (εὐ, τίθημι) *well-arranged, well-made.* II. act. *orderly, setting in order.*

εὐθύνω and εὐθενέω, *to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθνήθην.*

Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, *abundance.*

εὐ-θήρπτος, ov, (εὐ, θηράω) *easily caught or won.*

εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) *lucky in the chase.* II. (θήρες) *abounding in game.*

εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, *well-stored, precious.*

εὐ-θνήσμιος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσσω) *with easy death.*

εὐ-θουιος, ov, (εὐ, θούω) *with rich banquet: copious.*

εὐ-θορύβητος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) *easily confounded.*

εὐ-θυρικός, ov, (θυρικός) *with good coping or cornice.*

εὐ-θρίξ Ep. εὐ-θρίξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θρίξ) *with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed.*

II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.

εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) *with beautiful seat or throne.*

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θρός) *loud-sounding.*

εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, *used as Adv.*

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλώσσα) *of straight tongue, honest of tongue.*

εὐθύδικια, ἡ, *an open, fair trial.* From

εὐθύ-δίκος, ov, or η, ov, (εὐθύ, δίκη) *judging righteously.*

εὐθύδρομω, f. ἦσω, *to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course.* From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, *running a straight course.*

εὐθυ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) *accurately wrought.*

εὐθυ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) *fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.*

εὐθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐθυμος) *to be of good cheer.* II. trans. *to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer.* Hence

εὐ-θυμπετών, verb. Adj., *one must be cheerful.*

εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) *cheerfulness, festivity.*

εὐ-θύμος, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) *well-disposed, generous, kind.*

II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited.

III. Adv. εὐθύμως, *cheerfully; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -οτάτα.*

εὐθύνω, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύναι, αἰ, (εὐθύνω) *an examination of accounts, audit: εὐθύνas ἀπατεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνas διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνas ὀφλεῖν to be*

bound to do so.

Hence

εὐθύνος, ὁ, *an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten.*

II. a corrector, chastiser.

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνω) *a director, corrector.* II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ ὁλὰς *the guiding rudder.*

εὐθυντηρία, ἡ, *the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from*

εὐθυντήριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνω) *directing, ruling.*

εὐθυντής, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ὤνω, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, *to guide straight: to steer straight.* 2. *to direct, govern.* 3. *to keep straight, preserve.* II. *to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise.*

III. at Athens, *to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.*

εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ov, (εὐθύ, πνέω) *straight-blowing.*

εὐθύ-πομπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) *guiding straight.*

εὐθύπορεύω, f. ἦσω, *to go straight forward; πότμος*

εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato,

εὐθυπορεῖν ὁρμόν to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) *going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest.*

εὐ-θυρσος, ov, *with beautiful thyrsus.*

ΕΥΘΥΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, *straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺν βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately.*

II. as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, *straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards . . . εὐθὺν Πελλήνην.*

2. of Time, *straightaway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέρου εὐθύς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.*

εὐ-θύσῃος, ov, (εὐ, θύσας) *well-fringed.*

εὐθύτης, ητος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) *straightness.*

II. metaph. *honesty, justice.* [ῥ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τεμείνω) *cut straight, straight.*

εὐθύ-φρων, ov, (εὐθύ, φρήν) *right-minded.*

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὥρα) *in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv. = εὐθύς II.*

εὐ-θώραξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θώραξ) *well-mailed.*

εὐιάω, v. εὐιάω.

εὐ-ιάκος, ἡ, ov, (εὐίος) *Bacchic: fem. εὐιάς, ἄδος.*

εὐ-ίεπος, ov, (εὐ, ἱερός) *very holy, hallowed.*

Εὔιος, ὁ, *Euius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐα, εὐοῖ.*

II. εὐίος, ov, Adj. *Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.*

εὐ-ιπτος, ov, of persons, *delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.*

εὐ-ιστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσθημι) *of good knowledge.*

εὐ-ισχίος, ov, (εὐ, ισχίον) *with beautiful hips.*

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ov, (εὐ, καθαιρέω) *easy to overhrow.*

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέγω) *easy to keep down.*

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐκαιρος) *to have good opportu-*

nity, have leisure:—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαιρως opportunely: at leisure; Comp. —ότερον; Sup. —ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκλή-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [ᾶ]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-καρδῖος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ias, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overthrow.

εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατεργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγόρεω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὐ, κέαω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κἐλάδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέραιος, ον, and εὐκέρως, αν, gen. ωτος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκλήγεται, ἡ, she that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκλήος Dor. εὐκῶλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ῖ]

εὐ-κλέης, ἐς, acc. ἐκλέεα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλεᾶ, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐ-κλέας: (εὐ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλειᾶ Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλεῖω Ion. εὐκληῖζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐκλειής, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλέης: Adv. εὐκλειῶς.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήτης, ον, and εὐ-κλήτης, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκλήρῳ, f. ἡσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κλήρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώω) well-spun.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνήμη) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. ἐὐκνήμιδες, ἐὐκνήμιδας. [ῖ]

εὐ-κνήμιος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κόλλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) glueing well, sticky.

εὐ-κόλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κόλπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομιδής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομῖος Ep. ἡύκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομπος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κόσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—Adv. —μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραιπος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κραίρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκρατος.

εὐ-κριθός, ον, (εὐ, κριθή) rich in barley.

εὐκρίνως, f. ἡσω, to keep distinct and in order. From

εὐ-κρίνης, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. —νως Ion. —νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότης, ον, (εὐ, κροτέω) well-welded, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to hide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὐ, κτέανον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτῆμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτιμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, κτίω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, = εὐκτιμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for.

εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβία, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λάβεομαι, fut. med. —ήσομαι or pass. —ηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. ὑπὸλαβήθη or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2. to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.

εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβή, see εὐλαβεία.

εὐλαβώς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp. -εστέρας.

εὐλάω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb. to plough.

εὐ-λαΐγς, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐλιθος.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λάλος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λείμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ovos, (εὐ, λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρον, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λέξις, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λέχης, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ'ΛΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take hold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take hold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐληπα, ον, τά, old Ep. word for ἡνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλόγος, f. ἡσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ἡλ-α, aor. I εὐλόγησα or ἡλ-α: (εὐλογος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὄν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογία) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing

or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογιζομαι) easy to reckon. II. rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρας.

εὐ-λοέτειρα, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρόν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλυρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μάθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -εστέρον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μάλος, Dor. for εὐμηλος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εὐ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel.

εὐμαρεία, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρεία χρησθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μαρής, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη = χεῖρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρήτι, Ion. for εὐμαρεία.

εὐμαρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμαρῶς poet. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μέλας, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμένεια, ἡ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμένετης, ον, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμένετιρα.

εὐμένω, f. ἡσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμενής) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἡ, poet. for εὐμένεια.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἵσομαι Att. εὐμαι, Med., (εὐμενής) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμένως Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμενής, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρας.

εὐ-μεταβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μηλος, ον, (εὐ, μήλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μηρύτος, ον, (εὐ, μῆρυν) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχανία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μηχᾶνος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίστος, ον, (εὐ, μίσος) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μιτρος, ον, (εὐ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελῶν, Dor. -ίας, gen.

-ια: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμημον, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp.

Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρας ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μνησκομαι) well-remembering.

mindful.

εὐ-μοῖρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune,

wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἡσω, to sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
 εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
 εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
 εὐμοσσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
 εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing: musical, melodious*.
 εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
 εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
 εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.
 εὐνάζω, f. ἄω: in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or ἡνῶν-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἡνῶν-: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed, put to sleep: also to lay in ambush: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.
 εὐ-ναϊετάων, ουσα, ον, (εὐ, ναϊετάω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.
 εὐ-ναϊόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.
 εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch: εὐναῖος λαγῶς a hare in its form: εὐναῖαι πτερυγες wings over the nest*. 2. *wedded*. 3. *of pain, making one keep one's bed*. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage: hence steadying or guiding a ship*.
 εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάζω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
 εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάζω) *a bedfellow*. Hence
 εὐναστειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνήτ-
 εὐνατήριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.
 εὐνάω, f. ἦω:—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνήμαι: (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged*.
 εὐνήτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνήτηρ.
 ΕΥΝΗ, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird:—also the grave*. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage*. II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land: ἐκ δ' εὐνὰς ἐβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνοῖς ἔδρσαν*.
 εὐνήθεις, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.
 εὐνήθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήμα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.
 εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνήτηρ, *a wife*.
 εὐνήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.
 εὐ-νητος Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or woven, of fine texture*.
 εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.
 εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνήτηρ.
 εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.
 εὐνὺς, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ios: in pl. εὐνῖες or εὐνίδες:—*refr of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.
 εὐνὺς, ιδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.
 εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνητος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐνοος) *to be well-disposed or friendly:—Pass. to be kindly treated*.
 εὐνοιά, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοιά Ep. εἰνοίη, (εὐνοος) *good will, kindness: in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably: so, βετ' εὐνοίας, ἢτ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοία*. Hence
 εὐ-νοικός, ἡ, ὄν, of kind, *benevolent character*. Adv., εὐνοϊκῶς ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.
 εὐνοέομαι: f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήσθην: (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence
 εὐνομία Ion. -λή, ἡ, *good order, order*. From
 εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.
 εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νοος, ον, pl. εὐνοί: (εὐ, νόος, νοῦς):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. εὐνούστερος Ion. -οέστερος: Sup. -ούστατος*.
 εὐνουχίζω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From
 εὐν-οῦχος, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τὴν εὐνήν ἔχοντες, guardians of the bed)*.
 εὐντα, Dor. for ἐντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί sum.
 εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νωμάω) *swiftly moving*.
 εὐ-νώος, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνοος, kindly.
 εὐξαίην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.
 εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, φαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.
 εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξενος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable: ἀνδρῶν ξένους the guest-chamber: πόντος εὐξείνους the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος the inhospitable*.
 εὐ-ξεστός Ep. εὐξεστός, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.
 εὐ-ξοος Ep. εὐξοος, ον, Ep. gen. εὐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξεστός.
 εὐ-ξύμβλητος, εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύνετος, Att. for εὐσ-
 εὐοδέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐοδος) *to have a free passage, of running water*. Hence
 εὐοδία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.
 εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.
 εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδός) *easy to travel through: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδώτατος*. Hence
 εὐ-οδόω, f. ὠσω: Pass., f. -οδοθήσομαι: aor. I -οδώθην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way: Pass. to prosper, be successful*.
 εὐοί, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *euoe!*
 εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.
 εὐοπλέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.
 εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From
 εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.
 εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From
 εὐ-ὀργητος, ον, (εὐ, ὀργή) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.
 εὐορκέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκησία, ἡ, *an abiding by one's oath, good faith.*
 εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From
 εὖ-ορκος, ον, (εὖ, ὀρκος) *true to one's oath: of oaths,*
 δμῶναι εὐορκα (as Adv.) *to swear truly; εὐορκὺν*
 [ἐσσι] *'tis according to one's oath.* Hence
 εὐορκίωμα, ατος, τό, *a faithful oath.*
 εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, *according to one's oath.*
 εὖ-ορμος, ον, *with good anchorage: of ships, safe at anchor.*

εὖ-ορνῖς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὀρνῖς) *of good augury, auspicious.* II. *abounding in birds.*

εὖ-όροφος, ον, (εὖ, ὀρέφω) *well-roofed.*
 εὖ-όφθαλμος, ον, *with beautiful eyes.* II. *pleasing to the eyes.* III. *spectious.*

εὖ-οφρυσ, υ, (εὖ, ὀφρὺς) *with fine eyebrows.*
 εὖ-οχέω, f, ἡσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) *to treat, tend well.*
 εὖοχθέω, f, ἡσω, *to be in plenty.* From
 εὖ-οχέω, ον, *with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.*
 εὖ-πᾶγής, ἐς, (εὖ, παγῆναι) *well put together, compact.*

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, *enjoyment of good things, the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments, luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίᾳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make merry.* [ᾶ] From

εὐπάθew, f, ἡσω, *to be well off, enjoy oneself, make merry, live comfortably.* From
 εὖ-παθής, ἐς, (εὖ, παθεῖν) *well off, in good case, comfortable.*

εὖ-παθία, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.
 εὖ-παῖδια, ἡς, *a goodly race of children.* From
 εὖ-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, παῖς) *blest with children, with many or good children; γένος εὖπαῖς, a noble son.*
 εὖ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπῆκτος.
 εὖ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὖ, πάλαμν) *bandy, ingenious: inventive.*

εὖ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὖ, παράγω) *easy to lead away.*
 εὖ-παράος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρεος, -νος.
 εὖ-παράπειστος, ον, *easily led aside.*
 εὖ-πάρεδρος, ον, *constantly attending on, devoted to.*
 εὖ-πάρεος, ον, (εὖ, παρεῖα) *with beautiful cheeks.*
 εὖ-πάρθενος, ον, *famed for fair maidens.* II.
 εὐπάρθενος Δίρκη Dircé, *happy maid!*
 εὖ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὖ, παροξύνω) *easily irritated.*
 εὖ-παρύφος, ον, (εὖ, παρυφή) *with a handsome border.*
 εὖ-πατέρα, ἡ, (εὖ, πατήρ) *daughter of a noble sire: belonging to a noble father.*

εὖ-πατριδης, ον, ὁ, (εὖ, πατήρ) *of good or noble father, of noble family.* II. at Athens, the Εὐ-πατρίδα, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the γεωμῶροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὖ-πατρῖς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, πατήρ) *born of a noble sire.*
 εὖ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπάτρῖς.
 εὖ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὖ, πείθομαι) *ready to obey, obedient, tractable.* II. *act. persuasive, convincing.*

εὖ-πέπλος, ον, (εὖ, πείθομαι) *easily persuaded.*
 εὖ-πέμπelos, ον, (εὖ, πέμνω) *gently leading.*
 εὖ-πένθερος, ον, *with a good father-in-law.*
 εὖ-πεπλος, ον, *beautifully attired.*

εὖ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὖ, περιάγω) *easily turned round.*
 εὖ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὖ, περιγράφω) *easy to sketch out.*
 εὖ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὖ, περιγραφή) = *foreg.*
 εὖ-περίπατος, ον, (εὖ, περιπατέω) *easy to walk on.*
 εὖ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὖ, περισπᾶω) *easy to pull off.*
 εὖ-περίσταςτος, ον, (εὖ, περιστάμαι) *easily besetting.*
 εὖ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὖ, περιτρέπω) *easily turned round, changeable, inconstant.*

εὖ-πέταλος, ον, (εὖ, πέταλον) *with beautiful leaves.*
 εὖ-πέτεια, ἡ, *ease; δι' εὐπερείας easily.* 2. *easiness of getting or having, Lat. copia.* From
 εὖ-πετής, ἐς, (εὖ, πεσείν) *falling well or easily: hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant, plentiful.*

εὖ-πετρος, ον, (εὖ, πέτρα) *of good, hard stone.*
 εὐπετῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐπετής, *easily, amply: Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ρως.*

εὖ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὖ, πήγνυμι) *well-made, stout.*
 εὖ-πηκτος, ον, (εὖ, πήγνυμι) *well put together, well-built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.*

εὖ-πλήλῃς, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, *with beautiful helmet.*
 εὖ-πηνος, ον, (εὖ, πῆνη) *of fine texture.*
 εὖ-πηνυς, υ, *with beautiful arms.*

εὖ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, *abounding in fountains.*
 εὐπιθέω, = εὐπειθέω. From
 εὖ-πίθης, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, *obedient, submissive.*

εὖ-πιτος, ον, *easy to believe, trustworthy, credible.* II. *act. easily believing, credulous:—Adv. -τως.*

εὖ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, *very fat, rich.* [ῖ]
 εὖ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὖ, πλάτος) *of a good breadth.*
 εὖ-πλεος, α, ον, *well filled.*

εὖ-πλεκής Ep. εὐ-πλεκής, ἐς, (εὖ, πλέω) *well-plaited; δίφρος εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος,*
 εὖ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὖ, πλέω) *well-plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with sides of wicker-work.*

εὐπλοία Ep. εὐπλοΐη, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) *a fair voyage.*
 εὖ-πλοκάμος Ep. εὐπλ-, ον, *with goodly locks: peculiar.* fem. εὐπλοκαμῖς, ἰδος.

εὖ-πλοκος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.
 εὖ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὖ-πλους, ονν, (εὖ, πλέω) *sailing well, having a fair voyage.*

εὖ-πλυνής Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὖ, πλύνω) *well-washed.*
 εὖ-πλωτος, ον, (εὖ, πλώω) *favourable to sailing.*
 εὐπνοια poet. εὐπνοΐη, ἡ, *easiness of breathing.* II.

fragrance. From
 εὖ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνους, ονν, (εὖ, πνέω) *breathing well or freely: good to breathe through.*

II. *sweet-smelling, fragrant,—Comp. εὐπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος.*

εὐποδία, ἡ, (εὐποος) *strength or speed of foot.*
 εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (εὖ, ποίew) *disposed to be kind, beneficent.*

εὖ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὖ, ποίew) *well-made, well-wrought.*

εὖ-ποιία, ἡ, (εὖ, ποίew) *beneficence.*
 εὖ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὖ, ποικίλος) *much-variegated.*

εὐ-ποκος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool, fleecy.*

εὐ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *good at war.*

εὐ-τομπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πέμπω) *well-conducting, propitious.*

εὐπορέω, *φ. ἤσω*: *αορ. I εὐπόρησα*: (εὐπορος):—*to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence*

εὐπορία, *ἡ*, *facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*

εὐ-πορος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-*

provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful: of persons, wealthy.

εὐπόρως, *Adv. of εὐπορος, easily: in abundance.*

εὐ-ποτμος, *ον*, *well-fated, happy.*

εὐ-ποτος, *ον*, (εὐ, ποτόν) *pleasant to drink.*

εὐπους, *ὁ, ἡ*,—*ποῦν, τό*, *gen. -ποδος*, (εὐ, ποῦς) *with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*

εὐπραγέω, *φ. ἤσω*, *to fare well, be well off, prosper.*

From

εὐ-πρῶγῆς, *ἐς*, (εὐ, πρῶγος) *flaring well, flourishing.*

εὐπράγῃα, *ἡ*, (εὐπράγῃα) *well-doing, welfare.*

εὐ-πρακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πράσσω) *easy to be done.*

εὐπραγία *Ion.* εὐπρήξιη, *ἡ*, =εὐπραγία, *good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*

εὐ-πραξίς, *ἡ*, *poët. for εὐπραγία.*

εὐ-πρεμων, *ον*, (εὐ, πρέμων) *with good stem.*

εὐπρέπεια, *ἡ*, *fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From*

εὐ-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, πρέπω) *well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.*

εὐ-πρεπτος, (εὐ, πρέπω) *conspicuous.*

εὐπρεπῶς *Ion.*—*ως*, *Adv. of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα.*

εὐπρήξιη, *Ion.* *for εὐπραγία.*

εὐπρήσσω, (εὐ, πρήσσω) *to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. εὐπρήσσεσκον.*

εὐ-πρηστος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρήθω) *strong-blowing.*

εὐ-πρήων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, πρήων) *with fair headlands.*

εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

εὐ-πρόσεδρος, *ον*, =εὐπάρεδρος, *assiduous, diligent.*

εὐ-προσηγορος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσηγορέω) *of easy address, affable, courteous.*

εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσειμι) *easy of access.*

εὐ-πρόσδος, *ον*, *of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus habet. II. of places, accessible;*

εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.

εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσφέρω) *easy to be got: attainable, easy.*

εὐπρόσωπέω, *φ. ἤσω*, (εὐπρόσωπος) *to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσώπο-κοιτος, *η, ὄν*, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) *lying or placed cheerfully: τύχη εὐπροσώποκοίτη πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.*

εὐ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) *well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*

εὐ-προφάσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) *with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*

εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with handsome stern.*

εὐ-πρῶρος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρῶρα) *of ships, with handsome prow.*

εὐ-πτερος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτερόν) *well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροι γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.*

εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) =εὐπτερος.

εὐ-πτόρθος, *ον*, *finely branching.*

εὐ-πυργος, *ον*, *with goodly towers.*

εὐ-πώγων, *ον*, *gen. -ωνος*, *well-bearded.*

εὐ-πῶλος, *ον*, *with fine colts: breeding fine horses.*

εὐράμην, *αορ. I med. of εὐρα.*

εὐράξ, (εὐρος) *Adv. from one side, sideways. II.*

εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds.

εὐρία, *acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem.*

εὐρέθην, *αορ. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρεῖν *Ep.* εὐρέμεναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρετός, *α, on*, *verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.*

εὐρετής, *οῦ, ὁ, fem. εὐρέτις, ἴδος*, (εὐρίσκω) *a finder, inventor, discoverer.*

εὐρετο, *3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρετός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.*

εὐρηκα, εὐρημαι, *pf. act. and pass. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρημα, *ατος, τό*, (εὐρίσκω) *that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II.*

an invention, discovery: a remedy.

εὐρήν, *Dor. for εὐρεῖν.*

εὐρησι-επής, *ἐς*, (εὐρίσκω, ἔπος) *inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.*

εὐρήσω, *fut. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (εὐρίσκω) *an inventor, discoverer.*

εὐ-ρίνος, *ον*, (εὐ, ῥινός) *of good leather.*

εὐρίνος, *gen. of εὐρίς.*

εὐ-ρίπος, *δ*, (εὐ, ῥιπίω) *any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.*

εὐ-ρίς, *ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, ῥίς, ῥίν) *with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*

ΕΥΡΥΣΚΩ: *fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὐρηκα or εὐρη-*

αορ. 2 εὐρον or εὐρον, imperat. εἰρέ, inf. εἰρεῖν:—

Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: aορ. 2 εὐρόμην or εὐρη-, later aορ. I εἰράμην:—Pass., fut. εἰρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: aορ. I εὐρέθην or εὐρέθην:

pf. εἰρήμαι or εὐρη-. I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make an

unexpected discovery or gain.

2. to devise, invent. II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain:—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροῶ, f. ἤσω, (εὐροός) to flow well. II. metaph. to flow or go on well. III. to be fluent.

εὐρ-οἰζήτος, ov, (εὐ, βοιζέω) loud-whizzing.

εὐροίμη, εὐροίμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐρ-οἰσχω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ανος, ὁ, (Εὔρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομος, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροος, ov, contr. εὐρους, ovv, (εὐ, ῥέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ov, (εὐ, ῥέπω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὔρος, ὁ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μῆκος: εὐ-ρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ῥάφης, Ep. for εὐρραφής, (εὐ, ῥάπτω) well-stitched.

εὐρ-ρής, ἐς, Ep. gen. εὐρρείος (for εὐρρεοῦς), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρείτης, ov, ὁ, = εὐρρείης.

εὐρ-ροος, Ep. for εὐροός.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρύ-ἄγυιός, α, ov, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρυ-αἰχμάς, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρυ-βίας Ion. and Ep. -βλης, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμελλος poet. -θέμιλος, ov, (εὐρύ, θέμελον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion: orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμός, ov, in good time or measure, rhythmical, Lat. numerosus:—of persons, orderly: well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμος, Adv. of εὐρυθμός, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κολπος, ov, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρείων, αντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ov, gen. ανος, with broad meadows.

εὐρυ-μέδων, αντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ov, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναι, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ἵνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad; εὐ-ρύναι ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance; τὸ μέσον εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ov, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρυ-οδία, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways.

εὐρυ-όπτης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὕψομαι) the far-glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, ὁ, acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρύόπτης.

εὐρύ-πέδος, ov, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ov, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ov, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene: also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πύλης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέεθρος, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέεθρον) far-reaching channel.

εὐρυ-ρέων, ουσα, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέω) broad-flowing.

ΕΥΡΥΤΥΣ, εὐρεία, κύρη: gen. εὐρείος, cias, ἑος: acc. sing. εὐρίην, and sometimes εὐρέᾱ Ion. fem. nom. εὐρέα:—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-spread:—Comp. εὐρύτερος; see εὐρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾱ]

εὐρυ-σθενής, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ranging, mighty.

εὐρύ-σορος, ov, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνός, ov, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρυτέρως, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τιμος, ov, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐ-ρύτος, ov, (εὐ, ῥέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φάρετρος, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide quiver.

εὐρυ-φύης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρυ-χάδης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, χαδεύν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

εὐρυ-χαίτης, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room; ἐν εὐρυχωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, ἐς, (ῥώξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ἐς, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid; οἶκος εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca sentia situ.

εὐρών, ουσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ΕΥΡΩΠΗ, ἡ, Euroῖα, Euroῖα, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπτός, ὁ, ὄν, = εὐρύς.

ΕΥΡΩΤΩΣ, ὦτος, ὁ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐ-ρωστος, ov, (εὐ, ῥώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τῶς.

εὐρῶτι, dat. sing. of εὐρύς.

εὐ-ρωτιάς, (εὐρύς) to become or to be mouldy, to decay; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

ΕΥΤΥΣ, ὁ, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. ἐῆος; gen. plur. neut. ἑῶν [ᾱ], as if from nom. ἐᾶ, θεοί, δωτήρες ἑῶν the gods, givers of good things.

εὐσα, Dor. for εὐδσα, ουσα, part. fem. of εὐμί sum.

εὐσα, aor. I of εὐω.

εὐσεβία, ἡ, (εὐσεβής) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

εὐσεβέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐσεβής) to live or act piously: to be pious in a thing: c. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ἐς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious, reverent: of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -τη, poet. for εὐσεβεία.

εὐ-σελμος Ep. εὐσσο-, ov, (εὐ, σέλαμ) with good banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σέπτος, ov, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὖσσημος, *ον*, (εὖ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious. II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.

εὖσθενέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be strong, healthy. From

εὖσθενής, *ἑς*, (εὖ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.

εὖσιππος, *ον*, (εὖ, σίππα) with full pantry or larder.

εὖσκανδιξ, *ἱκος, ὁ, ἦ*, abounding in chervil.

εὖσκαμβος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, high-bounding.

εὖσκεπαστος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup. -ότατος, serving as the best covering.

εὖσκενέω, to be well equipped. From

εὖσκευος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκευος) well-equipped.

εὖσκιάστος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.

εὖσκιος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκιά) shadowy.

εὖσκοπος Ep. εὖσκοπος, *ον*, (εὖ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or far-seen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὖ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.

εὖσοια, *ἡ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From

εὖσοος, *ον*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.

εὖσπειρής, *ἑς*, and εὖσπερος, *ον*, (εὖ, σπείρω) well-turned: wreathing, winding.

εὖσπλαγχνία, *ἡ*, goodness of heart.

εὖσπλαγχνος, *ον*, (εὖ, σπλαγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.

εὖσπορος, *ον*, (εὖ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.

εὖσσελμος, Ep. for εὖσελμος.

εὖσσωτρος, Ep. for εὖσωτρος.

εὖστάθεια, *ἡ*, (εὖσταθής) goodness of health.

εὖσταθέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From

εὖσταθής Ep. εὖσταθής, *ἑς*, (εὖ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.

εὖσταθίη, Ep. for εὖστάθεια.

εὖσταλής, *ἑς*, (εὖ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.

εὖσταχυς, *ν*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.

εὖστέφανος Ep. εὖστέ-, *ον*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.

εὖστέφιος, *ον*, poet. form for εὖστέφανος.

εὖστιβής, *ἑς*, (εὖ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.

εὖστολος, *ον*, (εὖ, στέλλω) = εὖσταλής.

εὖστομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὖφημέω. From

εὖστομος, *ον*, (εὖ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., *περὶ τούτων μοι εὖστομα κείσθω* on this let me keep a religious silence; *εὖστομ' ἔχε* peace, be still!

εὖστοος, *ον*, (εὖ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.

εὖστόρθυξ, *ν*, *ἦσω, ὁ, ἦ*, from a good trunk.

εὖστοχία, *ἡ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From

εὖστοχος, *ον*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὖστρα, *ἡ*, (εὖω) a place for singeing swine.

εὖστρεπτος Ep. εὖστρ-, *ον*, (εὖ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.

εὖστρεφής Ep. εὖστρ-, *ἑς*, (εὖ, στρέφω) well-twisted.

εὖστροφάλιγξ, *ν*, *ἦσω, ὁ, ἦ*, well-curled, curly.

εὖστροφος Ep. εὖστρ-, *ον*, (εὖ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.

εὖστρωτος, *ον*, (εὖ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. *bene stratus*.

εὖστυλος, *ον*, with goodly pillars.

εὖσυνβλητος old Att. εὖ-ξύμβλ-, *ον*, (εὖ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.

εὖσύμβολος old Att. εὖ-ξύμβ-, *ον*, (εὖ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.

εὖσύνετος old Att. εὖ-ζύν-, *ον*, (εὖ, συνήμι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.

εὖσυνέτως, Adv. of εὖσυνέτος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὖσυνετέρον.

εὖσύνοπτος, *ον*, easily seen at a glance.

εὖσφύρος Ep. εὖσφ-, *ον*, (εὖς, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.

εὖσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὖσχημων.

εὖσχημων, Adv. of εὖσχημων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὖσχημονέστερον.

εὖσχημος, *ον*, = εὖσχημων.

εὖσχημοσύνη, *ἡ*, grace of manner, elegance. From

εὖσχημων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (εὖ, σχῆμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.

εὖσχημώς, = εὖσχημόνως.

εὖσχιδής, *ἑς*, and εὖσχιστος, *ον*, (εὖ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.

εὖσωμάτης, *φ. ἦσω*, to be sound in limb. From

εὖσώματος, *ον*, (εὖ, σῶμα) sound in limb.

εὖσωτρος Ep. εὖσσω-, *ον*, (εὖ, σῶτρον) with good fellos: with good wheels.

εὖτακτής, *ἑς*, (εὖ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.

εὖτακτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be orderly, behave well. From

εὖτακτος, *ον*, (εὖ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence

εὖτάκτως, Adv. in good order.

εὖταξία, *ἡ*, (εὖτακτέω) good order, discipline.

εὖταρος, *ον*, delicate-footed.

εὖτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of *ὅτε*, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. *ὅτ' ἄν*, like *ὅταν*, so often as, whenever, in the case that.

εὖτειχής, *ἑς*, εὖ-τείχεος, *ον*, and εὖτειχῆτος, *ον*, (εὖ, τεῖχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.

εὖτεκνέω, (εὖτεκνος) to have good or fine children.

εὖτεκνία, *ἡ*, the having good or fine children.

εὖτεκνος, *ον*, (εὖ, τέκνω) having many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὖτεκνος *ζυγίαις* a pair of fair children.

εὖτέλεια Ion. εὖτελίη, *ἡ*, cheapness, Lat. *vilitas*:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένος a goose painted on *cheap terms*.

II. thrifty, frugality, economy; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ for *economy*.

εὐ-τελής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέλος) easily paid for, *cheap*, Lat. *vilis*.

II. mean, paltry, worthless.

III. thrifty, frugal.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.

εὐτελῶς, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply, at a cheap rate*.

εὐ-τερπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέρπω) *delightful, charming*.

εὐ-τεχνήτος, on, (εὐ, τεχνάομαι) wrought with skill.

εὐτεχνία, ἡ, skill in art. From

εὐ-τεχνος, on, (εὐ, τέχνη) *skilful, ingenious*.

εὐ-τλήμων, on, gen. onos, much-enduring, *steadfast*.

εὐ-τμήτος Ep. εὐτμ-, on, (εὐ, τέμνω) *well-cut*.

εὐτοκέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐτοκος) to bring forth easily.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, an easy childbirth, *happy birth*.

εὐ-τοκος, on, (εὐ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth easily.

εὐτολμέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐτολμος) to be daring. Hence

εὐτολμία, ἡ, courage, boldness.

εὐ-τολμος, on, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, *courageous*.

εὐ-τονος, on, (εὐ, τείνω) well-stretched, well-strung,

sineu, nervous. Hence

εὐτόνωος, Adv. with main strength.

εὐ-τοξος, on, (εὐ, τόξον) with good arrows.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, on, (εὐ, τερνέω) well-rounded.

εὐ-τορνος, on, well-turned, round.

εὐ-τράπεζος, on, (εὐ, τράπεζα) with a good table, *hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous*.

εὐτραπέλεια, ἡ, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. *urbanitas*. 2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From

εὐ-τράπελος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning: hence versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. witty, lively, Lat. *facetous*.

3. tricky, dishonest.

εὐ-τράφης, ἑς, (εὐ, τραφήναι) well-grown, thriving.

II. act. nourishing.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέπω) ready to turn, prepared, ready. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ: Pass., pf. ἠτρεπίσμαι: —to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly, conciliate:—Pass. to be ready:—Med. to get oneself ready.

εὐ-τρεπτος, on, easily turned, changeable.

εὐ-τρεπῶς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, in a state of preparation.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέφω) well-fed.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, well bored or pierced.

εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης, ὁ, (εὐ, τρίαῖνα) with goodly trident.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐτρίξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, on, = εὐτρίξ.

εὐτροπία, ἡ, versatility, Lat. *versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning, versatile.

εὐ-τροχᾶλος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τρέχω) running well, quick-moving. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) well-rounded.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τροχός) well-wheeled or well-rounded.

II. running easily.

εὐ-τύκος, on, rare poet. form for εὐτυκτος.

εὐ-τυκτος, on, (εὐ, τεύχω) well-made, well-wrought: εὐτυκτος ποιέσθαι τι to make ready.

εὐτύχew, f. ἤσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or ἦτ-, aor. I εὐτύχησα or ἦτ-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχῃται

τινι things have gone well with him. Hence

εὐτύχew, Ion. for εὐτυχᾶς.

εὐτύχημα, atos, τό, a piece of good luck, success.

εὐ-τύχης, ἑς, (εὐ, τυχέω) well-off, successful, lucky,

fortunate, prosperous.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχέω) success, good luck, prosperity:

in plur. successes.

εὐτυχῶς Ion. -ewos, Adv. of εὐτυχής, with good fortune, successfully: Comp. εὐτυχέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐ-ύαλος, on, (εὐ, ὕαλος) with or of good glass.

εὐ-ύδρος, on, (εὐ, ὕδωρ) well-watered, abounding in water: of a river, with good water: Comp. εὐυδρότερος.

εὐ-ύμνος, on, celebrated in many hymns.

εὐ-ύφης, ἑς, (εὐ, ὑφή) well-woven.

εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφήμ-.

εὐ-φάρετρος, on, ὁ, Dor. -as, a, (εὐ, φάρετρα) with beautiful quiver.

εὐ-φειγής, ἑς, (εὐ, φέγγος) with clear light, bright.

εὐφήμew, f. ἤσω, (εὐφήμος) to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence I.

to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφήμειτε, hush! be silent! Lat. *favete linguis*.

II. to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph. *III. to sound auspiciously.* Hence

εὐφήμια, ἡ, the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen: hence I. solemn silence during religious rites. ... *II. praise, worship:*

in plur. songs of praise.

εὐ-φημος, on, (εὐ, φήμη) of good sound or omen, auspicious: of persons, using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, I.

religiously silent. *II. interpreting favourably:*

πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον in a good sense.

εὐ-φθογγος, on, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) well-sounding, sweet-voiced.

εὐ-φίλης, ἑς, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved. *II. act. loving well.*

εὐ-φίλητος, on, also η, on, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved.

εὐ-φιλῶ-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) fond of children, or pass. beloved of children.

εὐ-φλεκτος, on, (εὐ, φλέγω) easily set on fire.

εὐ-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐφορος) to bring forth abundantly.

εὐ-φόρητος, on, (εὐ, φορέω) easily borne, tolerable.

εὐ-φόρμυξ, γγος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful lyre: playing beautifully on it.

εὐ-φορος, on, (εὐ, φέρω) well or patiently borne. 2.

easily worn, convenient, manageable. *II. act. bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the body, sound, healthy.*

εὐ-φορτος, on, well freighted or laden.

εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφωρος, *patiently, readily*.
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφραδῆς) *correctness of language*.
εὐφραδῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, φράζω) *speaking well or elo-*
quently.—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, elo-*
quently.

εὐφραδίη, ἡ, poet. for εὐφράδεια.
εὐφραῖναι Ep. ἔψφρ—: f. εὐφραῖναι Ep. εὐφρανέω:
aor. I εὐφράνα Ep. εὐφρηνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,
but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense,
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράναι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφραν):
—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,
ὄρων εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, cheering, *delightful to*.
εὐφρηναί, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραῖναι.
εὐφρονέων Ep. ἔψφρ—, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω)
well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.

εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i.e. night*,
euphemism for νύξ. Hence
εὐφρονίδης, οὐ, ὅ, son of Night.
εὐφρώνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: gra-*
ciously.

εὐφροσύνη Ep. ἔψφρ—, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness*,
mirib, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl.
glad thoughts, festivities. [ῥ]

εὐφρόσυνος, οὐ, (εὐφρων) poet. form, *cheery*.
εὐφρων Ep. ἔψφρ—, οὐ, (εὐ, φρήν) *cheerful, glad-*
some, merry, light-hearted. 2. act. *cheering, mak-*
ing glad or merry, comforting. II. *well-minded*,
well-disposed, gracious.

εὐφύης, ἐς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly*:
graceful. II. of good natural parts: *clever*,
witty; also of good disposition. Hence
εὐφύια, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of*
disposition or good natural parts, cleverness.

εὐφύλακτος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλασσαι) *easy to keep or*
guard; εὐφυλακτότερα γίγνεται it is easier to keep
watch.

εὐφύλλος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.
εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly*: Comp. —ύτερον.
εὐφωνία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From
εὐφωνος, οὐ, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.
εὐχαίτης, οὐ, ὅ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair*: of
plants, *with beautiful leaves*.

εὐχαλκος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαλκός) *wrought of fine brass*,
or *well wrought in brass*.

εὐχάλκωτος, οὐ, *well wrought of brass*.
εὐχάρις, neut. εὐχαρί, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleas-*
ing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. gratiosus.
εὐχαρίστει, f. ἦσω, to be thankful, *return thanks*:
hence to requite. Hence

εὐχαρίστια, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. a
giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the holy Eucharist.
εὐχάριστος or —ιτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning*,
agreeable, pleasant. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat.
gratus: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακείσθαι πρὸς τινα to be
gratefully disposed towards him.

εὐχειρ, epos, ὅ, ἡ, *ready of hand, bandy, dexterous*.
εὐχείρωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χειρώ) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness*,
skill. 2. *proneness or inclination for a thing*. 3.
in bad sense, *recklessness*. From
εὐχερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand*,
bandy, dexterous, expert. 2. in bad sense, *reck-*
less. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence
εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.
εὐχετόομαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and
impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετόωντο:
Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast
oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. vo-
tum. 2. a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation.
εὐχίλος, οὐ, rich in fodder. II. of a horse,
well-fed, in good condition.

εὐχίμαρος, οὐ, (εὐ, χίμαρος) *rich in goats*.
εὐχίλος, οὐ, contr. —χίλος, οὐν, (εὐ, χλοά) *mak-*
ing fresh and green.

ΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ἤν—: fut. εὐξομαι:
aor. I εὐξάμην or ἤν—: aor. I part. εὐχόμεis in pass.
sense; so also pf. ἤνγμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ἤνκτο
in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat.
precari: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech
one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti,
to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or pro-
mise to do; εὐχεσθαι κατὰ χιμάρων to make a vow of
goats, i.e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to
vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow
loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but
often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εὐχορδός, οὐ, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.
εὐχος, eos, τό, (εὐχομαι) a thing prayed for, vow,
Lat. votum. 2. a votive offering. II. one's
boast or pride.

εὐχρηστος, οὐ, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of*,
serviceable. Adv. —τως.

εὐχροεία, f. ἦσω, to be of a good complexion. From
εὐχρός, ἐς, poet. for εὐχρος, of good complexion.
εὐχροός, οὐ, contr. —χρους, οὐν, (εὐ, χρῶς) of good
complexion, fresh-looking, healthy:—Comp. εὐχρωώ-
τερος or —ούστερος.

εὐχρῦσος, οὐ, rich in gold.
εὐχρως, ων, = εὐχρος.

εὐχωλή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) poet. form of εὐχή, a prayer,
vow, Lat. votum. II. *boasting: a boast, vaunt*,
matter of boasting. Hence

εὐχωλίματος, α, οὐ, bound by a vow.
εὐψάμβθος, οὐ, with good sands, sandy.

εὐψυχεύω, f. ἦσω, (εὐψυχος) to be of good courage. II.
εὐψυχεῖ farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. *have pia*
animal Hence

εὐψυχία, good courage, stoutness of heart.
εὐψυχος, οὐ, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of
heart, Lat. animosus. Adv. —χως, with good courage.

ΕΥΩΩ, f. εἶσω: aor. I εἶσα:—to sing: metaph. of
a scolding wife, εἶει ἀπὲρ δαλοῦ ἀνδρα she roasts her
husband without the help of a fire.

εὐώδης, ες, (εὖ, ὀδοῦσα pf. of ὄζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, *a sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδῶθην, aor. I pass. of εὐοδῶ.

εὐ-ώλενος, ov, (εὖ, ὠλένη) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ov, (εὖ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable: of good omen*.

II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side*; ἐξ εὐωνύμου (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ώπις, ὅς, fem. of εὐάψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ωπός, ὅς, (εὖ, ὠψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ωχέω, f. ἥσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain hospitably, feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. —ἥσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχῆθην, —ἤμαι, *to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously*; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ *make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ὤψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὠψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly*.

ἐφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφαῖανθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφ-ἄβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ἄγιστεῖω, f. ὠω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφαῖον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αίρεομαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in succession to another*.

ἐφ-ἄλιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-ἄλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπ-ἄλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon, to assail*: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ἵππον *having leaped upon or into the chariot*: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφαλόν, Dor. for ἐφηλόν.

ἐφάμαν [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-αμαξέω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion.

pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξεύμενος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφάμερος, ἐφάμερος [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ἄμιλλος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄμιλλα) *a match for, rivalling, vying with*.

2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφάν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. —ανον, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφάνθη, aor. I pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφαντό, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all: at once*.

ἐφ-απλώω, f. ὥσω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-ἄπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω; f. ἐφάψω: aor. I ἐφήψα: pf. pass. ἐφήμην:—*to fasten on or to: hence to fix firmly, decree*.

II. Pass. *to be bung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, like Lat. *imminebat*; Τρῶεςσι κήδε' ἐφήπται *woes impend over the Trojans*.

III. Med. *to lay bold of,*

grasp, touch: to seize bold upon, claim. 2. *to reach, attain to*, Lat. *attingere*; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδeos ἐπαμμένος *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-αρμόζω, f. ὠω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*.

II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόσθην, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζων.

ἐφαρμόσσει, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχθην, Att. for ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφράχθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφάτο, ἐφάντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἔδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by: a siege, blockade, Lat. obsessio*.

ἐφ-ἔδραω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-εδρεία, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in wait, Lat. insidiae*. From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. ὠω, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to halt*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on; λεόντων ἐφεδρος seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*.

III. *posted in reserve, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-ἔζομαι, fut. —εδούμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεμένους, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεῖσάμην, aor. I of ἐφείδομαι.

ἐφεῖω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-εκτος, ov, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) $1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$: τόκος ἐφεκτος interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ p. cent.

ἐφ-ελίσσω, f. ἔω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελκύσαι [ῶ], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλκω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drawing on, attractive*. From

ἐφ-έλκω Ion. ἐπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλω, but the aor. I in use is ἐφελκύνω (formed from *ἐφελκύνω):—*to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*.

II. Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along*; οἱ ἐπελκόμενοι *the stragglers of an army*.

III. Med. *to draw or drag after one*; ἐφέλκετο μείλιον ἔγχος *he trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot)*; ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σιδήρος *iron draws men after it*, i. e. *attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*. 3. *claim, assume*.

ἐφένεν, Ep. for ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπέννυμι.

ἐφ-εξῆς Ion. ἐπεξῆς poet. ἐφεξείης, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II. *of Time, successively: thereupon*.

ἐφεξς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-ἔπω: impf. ἐφείπον Ep. ἔφεπον Ion. ἐφέπεσκον: fut. ἐφείω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πότμον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πότμον ἐπισπεῖν, θανέναι καὶ πότμον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., impf. ἐφεπόμεν: fut. ἐφέσομαι: aor. 2 ἐφεσπόμην, inf. ἐπισπένσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρτω. ἐφ-έρτω, f. ἐφέρω: aor. I ἐφέρπωσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. ἔφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι. ἐφέσιμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἔφεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-έσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέπομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίξω. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίξω. ἐφεσόμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίξω. ἐφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίξω. ἐφεσταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφεστᾶσιν, for ἐφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-έστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστῶ) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δῶμον a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or household: hence, ἐφίστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφίστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφεστρίς. ἐφ-εστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφεστῶς, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφέτης, ου, δ, (ἐφήμι) a commander. II. οὐ ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετμή, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφευξα, aor. I of φεύγω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευρετής, οὐ, δ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφ-ευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφευρήσω: aor. 2 ἐφευρον:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφευλάσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφέτω. ἐφ-ευρίσσομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεώρῳ, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφορώ. ἐφεώρων, Ion. impf. of ἐφορώ. ἐφ-ηράω, f. ἦσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφηβεία, ἡ, (ἐφηβεύω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφηβείος, α, ον, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφηβικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφηβος Dor. ἐφῆβος, ον, (ἐπί, ἦβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέρομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφήκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι. ἐφ-ήκω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ήλξ, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ηλώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημερίος Dor. ἐφᾶμ-, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημερία φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημεριοὶ creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἐφᾶμ- Aeol. ἐφᾶμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφήνα, aor. I of φαίνομαι. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐφάπται. ἐφήσα, aor. I of φημί. ἐφήσθα, for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. ἐφήσω, fut. of ἐφήμι. ἐφθαῖα, Dor. for ἐφθᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάρται. ἐφθᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέγγατο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγομαι. ἐφθερα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημιμερης, (ἐπτά, ἡμιμερης) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημιμερης. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθῆμι). ἐφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθινε, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίνω. ἐφθινεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. ἐφθора, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἔψω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ίζῶναι = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίξω Dor. ἐφίσδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίξεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, ἐφέσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-ημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφήκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέγκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφες, Ep. subj. ἐφέω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφίει (as if from *ἐφίτω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφίεναι χεῖρας τινὶ to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφίεναι νόστον τινὶ to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἑαυτόν*), to give oneself up to. 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to the female, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. *ἔφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, to lay one's command or behest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

ἐφικνέομαι Ion. *ἐπ-*: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφικόμην*: pf. *ἐφίγμαι*: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to hit exactly: metaph., *ἐφικέσθαι λέγων* or *λόγων*, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.; *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πηλῆγας τὸν Ἑλλάσποντον* to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., easy to reach.
ἐφίλαθεν, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.
ἐφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of *φίλεω*.
ἐφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of *φίλεω*.
ἐφίμερος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἱμερος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [7]

ἐφιμάσθην, aor. I pass. of *φιμάω*.
ἐφίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ ἐφίππιον (sub. *στράωμα*), Lat. *ephippia*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.

ἐφ-ιππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) on horseback; κλύδων *ἐφίππου* a rushing wave of horses.

ἐφ-ιπτάμαι, late form of *ἐπιπέτομαι*.
ἐφ-ισδάνω, *ἐφ-ισδώ*, Dor. for *ἐφίζανω*, *ἐφίζω*.
ἐφίστημι Ion. *ἐπ-*: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I *ἐπέστησα*:—to set or place upon: to impose. 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. *ἐφίστάναι τινι ἀνῶνα* to found or institute games in honour of a person. II. to set by or near. III. to check, make halt. IV. *ἐφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν*, to attend to, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάναι* to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐφέστηκα*, plpf. *ἐφεστήκειν*:—to stand upon: to be imposed. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. *praesaepe*; pf. part. Ion. *οἱ ἐπιστῆτες* Att. *οἱ ἐφεστῶτες*, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at hand, Lat. *instare*; *Κῆρες ἐφεστάνων θανάτου* the fates of death are close at hand. III. to halt, stop. IV. to attend to.

ἐφλάδων, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.
ἐφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *φοβέω*.
ἐφ-οδεύω, f. *ω*, (ἐπί, ὁδός) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over.
ἐφ-όδιε, τά, see *ἐφόδιος*.

ἐφοδιάζω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. *άσω*, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey:—Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

ἐφ-όδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) of or for a journey:—as Subst., *ἐφόδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., *ἐφόδια*);—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.
ἐφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὁδός) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

ἐφ-οδος, ὁ, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.
ἐφ-οδος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) accessible: Sup. —*άτατος*.
ἐφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φοιτάω*.
ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.
ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship:—generally, an appendage.

ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage.
ἐφολκός, ὄν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawing: absol. a laggard.

ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. ἡσώ, to follow close upon.
ἐφ-οπλίζω, f. *σω*: Ep. aor. I inf. *ἐφοπλίσσαι*:—to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

ἐφοράτικός, ἡ, ὄν, looking over, watchful of. From *ἐφ-οράω* Ion. *ἐπ-*: impf. *ἐφεώραν* Ion. 3 sing. *ἐπ-ώρα*: f. *ἐμύφομαι* Ep. *ἐπιφύομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπειδον*:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view:—Pass., *ὅσον ἐφώρατο τῆς νήσου* as much of the island as was in view. 3. to look out for, choose.

ἐφορεία, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of *ἐφορος*, the ephorality.

ἐφορεῖον, τό, the court of the ephori. From *ἐφορεύω*, f. *ω*, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (*ἐφορος*) to be an ephor.

ἐφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἐφορος*) of or for the ephori.
ἐφ-όρος, ὄν, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρος) on the frontier.
ἐφ-ορμαίνω, to rush on.

ἐφ-ορμάω Ion. *ἐπ-*: f. ἡσώ: aor. I —*ώρμησα*:—to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. 2. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor. I *ἐφαρμησάμην* and *ἐφαρμήθην*:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to hurry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. ἡσώ, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch:—Pass. to be blockaded.

ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὄρμη) an entrance, access. II. an attempt upon a place, attack.

ἐφορμηθεῖον, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.
ἐφόρμητος, εως, ἡ, (ἐφορμέω) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) to bring a ship to her moorings:—Med. and Pass., to come to anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) at anchor.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὁ, = *ἐφόρμητος*, a blockade.
ἐφορος, ὄν, (ἐφορῶ) overseeing. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὁ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. 2. at Sparta, *οἱ ἐφοροι* the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

ἐφ-όσον, Adv. for *ἐφ' ὅσον*, in so far as.
ἐφρασάμαν, Dor. aor. I med. of *φράζω*.
ἐφραξα, aor. I of *φράσσω*.

ἐφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.

ἐφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.

ἐφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύγω.

ἐφ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.

ἐφύγων, aor. 2 of φεύγω.

ἐφ-υδρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.

ἐφ-υδρος Ion. ἐπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.

ἐφ-υμένω, f. ἴσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descendant on.

ἐφύν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἐφύσαν.

ἐφ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.

ἘΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Ephyræ, old name of Corinth.

ἐφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.

ἐφύσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.

ἐφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυνάω. [ῥ]

ἐφ-υστερίζω, f. ὠω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.

ἐφ-ύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], (ἐπί, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.

ἐφ' ὧ, ἐφ' ὧτε, i.e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.

ἐφ-ώριος, ov, (ἐπί, ὥρα) in season, ripe, mature.

ἐφᾶδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

ἐφᾶνον, aor. 2 of χάνω or χάσκω.

ἐφάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.

ἐφαρίσάμην, ἐφαρίσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.

ἐχεα, aor. I of χέω.

ἐχ-ἐγγυος, ov, = ἐχων ἐγγύην, i.e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful.

II. having received security, secure.

ἐχέ-θυμος, ov, (ἐχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.

ἐχέ-μυθεω, (ἐχω, μύθος) to hold one's peace. Hence

ἐχεμυθία, ἡ, silence.

ἐχε-νῆς, -νῆδος, contr. ἐχε-νῆς, -νῆδος, ἡ, (ἐχω, ναὺς) holding ships fast.

ἐχε-πικτής, ἐς, (ἐχω, πικτή) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.

ἐχέ-σαρκος, ov, (ἐχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.

ἐχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐχω.

ἐχέ-στονος, ov, (ἐχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.

ἐχέτλη, ἡ, (ἐχω) the plough-handle, Lat. stiva. Hence

ἐχετλήεις, εσσα, εν, of the plough-handle.

ἐχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἐχω.

ἐχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἐχευάμην.

ἐχεφρονέω, (ἐχέφρων) to be sensible or sbrewd.

ἐχεφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, sbrewdness. From

ἐχέ-φρων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἐχω, φρήν) sensible, sbrewd.

ἐχρησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐχω.

ἐχθαίρω, f. ἐχθαράω: aor. I ἡχθηρα: fut. med. ἐχθα-

νοῖμαι in pass. sense: (ἐχθος):—to bate, be an enemy

to: c. acc. cognato, ἐχθος ἐχθαίρειν to bear hate:—

Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be hated by one.

ἐχθαρτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐχθαίρω, to be hated.

ἐχθές, Adv., = χθές, yesterday.

ἐχθιστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most hated, most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.

ἐχθίων, ov, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κερδίων from κέρδος:—more hated: more hostile.

ἐχθοδοπέω, f. ἴσω, to cause hatred. From

ἐχθοδοπέος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐχθος) hateful, hostile.

ἘΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium;

ἐχθος τινός hatred for one. II. a hated object.

ἐχθρα Ion. ἐχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἐχθρα τινός hatred for one; δι' ἐχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.

ἐχθραῖνω, f. ἰνῶ, (ἐχθρός) to hate: to be at enmity with.

ἐχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἐχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.

ἐχθρό-ξενος, ov, (ἐχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

ἐχθρός, ὁ, ὅν, (ἐχθος) hated, hateful. II. act.

bating, hostile, ut enmity with. III. as Subst.

ἐχθρός, ὁ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρό-τερος, ἐχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἐχθίων, ἐχθιστος, were in common use.

ἘΧΩ, to bate:—Pass. to be hated, hateful. Only used in pres. and impf.

ἐχιδνα, ἡ, (ἐχis) a viper, adder. Hence

ἐχιδναῖος, α, ov, of or like a viper.

ἘΧΙΝΑΙ, ὧν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.

ἐχίνες, οἱ, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἘΧΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. echinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a

bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.

ἘΧΙΣ, ios and eas, ὁ, a viper, adder.

ἐχμα, atos, τό, (ἐχω) that which holds: I. a

binder, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἐχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἐχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i.e. solid rock; ἐχματα πύργων sup-

porting towers.

ἐχουσα, Dor. for ἐχουσα.

ἐχουν, impf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

ἐχρανα, aor. I of χραίνω.

ἐχρησα, aor. I of χράω.

ἐχρήσθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.

ἐχρίσα, aor. I of χρίω.

ἐχύθη, [ῥ], aor. I pass. of χέω.

ἐχυντο, ἐχυτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

ἐχυρός, ὁ, ὅν, (ἐχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυρῷ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence

ἐχυρῶς, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρότερον.

ἘΧΩ, impf. ἐχων Ep. ἐχων Ion. ἐχεσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) στήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα Ep. ὄκωκα (in compd. συνοκώτε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχώ, opt. σχοῖν, inf. σχεῖν Ep. σκέμεν, part. σκών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεῖν: Pass. and Med. ἔχωμαι: impf. εἰχόμεν; fut. ἔξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχόμεν Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, to have, hold: I. to have, possess; οἱ ἔχοντες those that have, i.e. the wealthy:—Pass. to be possessed by, belong to. 2. to have to wife: to have in one's house, to entertain: c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), to be pregnant, be with child. 3. of a State or Condition; γῆρας ἔχειν to have reached old age, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to be always talking of. 4. to imply, infer; αἰσχύνην ἔχειν to imply disgrace. 5. like Lat. *teneo*, to know, understand, comprehend. II. to hold, keep: to hold fast: to keep with one, retain, detain: to hold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. to hold up, bear up, sustain: hence to hold out or bear up against, to resist, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσων and med. σχήσεσθαι. 3. to direct to, aim: to guide, steer: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σchein, to land. 4. to hold in, check, stop: also to keep fast or close, as a bar does a gate: to allay pain: c. gen. to stop or binder from a thing. 5. to keep, ward off: hence to guard, keep safe: of armour, to protect. 6. to keep doing or making, cause. III. to have means or power to do a thing, to be able, like Lat. *habere*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, τοῦ, etc., I know not how, know not where, etc.

B. Intrans., to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet*, it is going on well, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός to be well off for a thing, abound in it; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης to be pretty well off for drink. 2. to be so and so, be; λόγος ἔχει the story goes, prevails. 3. to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm. 4. to stand up, jut out, rise, project; κίονες ὑψόσ' ἔχοντες pillars rising high. 5. to point towards, glance at, be directed towards; ἐχθρα ἔχονσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, to extend, reach unto: also, ἔχειν ἀμφί or περί τι to be about, busy, occupied with. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες ἔχονσι for κερύψασι; ἀποκλείας ἔχεις for ἀποκλείεας. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of duration to what is being done; τί δήτα διατρίβεις ἔχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρεῖς ἔχων you keep on trifling.

C. Med. to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to: metaph. to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with: hence to lay hold on, claim, take possession of. 2. of Place, to be close, border on, next to; ὁ ἐχόμενος that comes next or nearest; τὸ ἐχόμενον ἔτος the year next ensuing. II. to

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also to carry or conduct oneself; ἔχεο κρατερῶς bear thyself resolutely. II. to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from: absol., σκέο, σκέθε bold! cease!

ἐχωντι, Dor. for ἔχασσι.

ἔχωσα, aor. I of χώννυμι.

ἔχωσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χώομαι.

ἐχουσθην, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι.

ἐνάλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

ἔψ-ανδρα, ἦ, (ἔψω, ἀνῆρ) boiling men, epith. of Me-dea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

ἐψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.

ἔψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

ἐψουσάνην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.

ἐψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἐψηστος, εως, ἦ, (ἔψω) a boiling: generally, cookery.

ἐψησθω, fut. of ψέω.

ἐψητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔψω) a pipkin, pan for boiling.

ἐψητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔψω) boiled, sodden.

ἐψία Ion. ἐψίη, ἦ, (ψιά, ψειά) a game played with pebbles: generally, amusement, pastime. Hence

ἐψίαομαι, Dep. to play with pebbles: generally, to disport, amuse oneself: to entertain oneself with.

ἐψιθυρίσδομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

ἐψιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίω.

ἐψύχη [ψ], Dor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ἔψω: impf. ἤψον (Ion. ἔψων as if from ἔψω): fut. ἐψήσω: aor. I ἤψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἤψηθην: pf. ἤψημαι:—to boil, seethe, opp. to ὀπταῖν of metals, to smelt, refine: metaph. to cherish, nurse.

ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔω, contr. for ἔωω.

ἔω, contr. for ἔωο, 3 sing. opt. of ἔωω.

ἔω, contr. of ἔός.

ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι.

ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, the dawn.

ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἴννυμι, to open.

ἔωγμα, pf. pass. of οἴννυμι.

ἔωθα, ἔωθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔωω.

ἔωθεν Dp. ἡώθεν, Adv. (ἔως) from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day.

ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔως) in the morning, early; τὸ ἔωθινόν as Adv. early in the morning; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.

ἔωθον, impf. of ὠθέω.

ἔωφειν, plqpf. of ἔωκα.

ἔωλο-κράσις, ὁ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) a mixture or compound of dregs of wine: metaph., ἐωλοκρασίαν τῆς πονηρίας κατασκευάσαι τινός to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one.

ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) a day old, kept till the morrow: of food, stale: hence out of date, obsolete.

ἔώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλωπαι.

ἔωμεν, in Il. 19. 404; ἐπεὶ χ' ἔωμεν πολέμοιο, when we have enough of war:—commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω = ἔωω, to satiate.

ἔωμεν, contr. from ἔωομεν, I pl. of ἔωω.

ἐώμι, contr. from ἐάοιμι, I sing. opt. of ἐάω.

ἔων, Hom. and Ion. for ἄν, pres. part. of εἰμι sum.

ἑώνημαι, ἑώνημην, pf. act. and plqpf. of ἄνέομαι.

ἑνοχοῖε, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοεῖω.

ἑωξά, aor. I of οἰννυμι.

ἑώς, a, on, also os, or, poet. ἑώϊος Ep. ἡϊός, (ἑως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2. eastern, Lat. Eōus.

ἑώρα, ἡ, collat. form of αἰώρα, a being suspended, hanging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for hanging.

ἑώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ὄραω.

ἑώρακα, ἑώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὄραω.

ἑώργει, for ἐώργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἐργω.

ἑώρεω, collat. form of αἰώρεω, whence aor. I part. fem., ἐωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine eye.

ἑώραζον, ἑώρασα, impf. and aor. I, with irreg. augm., of ἐοράζω.

ἑώρτο, for ἡόρτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of αἰείρω.

ἑώρων, impf. of ὄραω.

ἑως, Att. for Ion. ἡώς, morn.

ἙΩΣ Ion. and Ep. ἑώς Ep. εἶος:

I. as Con-

junction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative to the antec. τέως Ep. τείως. 2. = τείως, for a time. 3. till, until, until such time as.

4. = ὥς, ὅπως, ὡς, that, in order that. II. as Adv.,

ἑως ὅτε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too, ἑως οὐ; ἑως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2.

with Adv. of Place, ἑως ᾧδε, ἑως ἔσω or ἔξω, up to this point, till within, etc.

ἑώσα, ἑώσαμην, aor. I act. and med. of ὠθέω.

ἑώσι, Ion. for ὦσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ἑῶτι, contr. for ἑάοντι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐάω.

ἑώρμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.

ἑωσ-περ, strengthd. for ἑως, even until.

ἑωσ-φόρος, on, (ἑως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst.,

ὁ Ἑωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

ἑωυτοῦ, ἑωυτίων, Ion. for ἐαυτοῦ, ἐαυτῶν.

Z

Z, ζ, ζήτα, τό, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet: as numeral ζ' = ἑπτά and ἑβδομος (the obsol. ε', i. e. F or viii, being retained to represent ἐξ), but ζ = 7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, = σδ, whence in Aeol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψιθυρίσδω are written for μουσίω ψιθυρίω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ; and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παῖζω παιδνός, ἀπατάω ἀπαδνός, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g. ζῶρε ἱορκος, (ζυγόν jugum).

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained short, ἄστυ Ζελεῖης, ὕλησσά Ζάκυνθος.

ΖΑ', Aeol. for διά: also as insepr. Prefix with intensive sense, like ἀν-, ἐν-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc. ζάγκλον, τό, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falx. (Old Sicilian word.)

ζά-ῆς, ἑς, (ζα-, ἄημι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; ζᾶην, irreg. acc. for ζαῖα, ζᾶη.

ζά-θεος, a, on, also os, on, very divine, boly, hallowed.

ζᾶ-θερής, ἑς, (ζα-, θέρος) very hot.

ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω.

ζάκορος, ὁ = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, on, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ἡ, (ἄλς) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. salum.)

ζαλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα.

ζᾶλος, ζᾶλῶ, ζᾶλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζᾶμενῶ, f. ἡσώ, to be very violent, exert all one's strength. From

ζᾶ-μενής, ἑς, (ζα-, μένος) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζᾶμία, Dor. for ζημία.

Ζάν, Ζανός, ὁ, Dor. for Ζήν, Ζηνός, old form of Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό = δάπεδον.

ζα-πληθής, ἑς, (ζα-, πλήθος) very full; ζαπληθής γεναῖς a bushy beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, on, very rich.

ζά-πύρος, on, (ζα-, πῦρ) very fiery.

ζατεῖσα, Dor. for ζητούσα.

ζᾶτεῖω, ζατρεῖω, ζατρεύω, Dor. for ζητ-.

ζα-τρεφής, ἑς, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat.

ζα-φλεγής, ἑς, (ζα-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, on, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, on, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος ὁδὸς one who wants to know the way.

ζά-χρηής, ἑς, (ζα-, χράω) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρῦσος, on, rich in gold.

ΖΑ'Ω Ep. ζῶω, in later Poets ζώω, Att. contr. ζῶ, ζῆς, ζῆ; imperat. ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῶην; inf. ζάειν contr. ζῆν: impf. ἐζῆν (as if from ζῆμι), ἐζης, ἐζη, but 3 pl. ἐζαν: fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι: aor. I ἐζῆσα: pf. ἐζῆκα:—to live, breathe; ζῶν alive: ζῆν ἀπό τινος to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν: c. acc. cognato, ζῆν ζῆν, βίον. II. metaph. to be in full vigour: to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacious.

—ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζε being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε, for Ἀθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέρες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ΖΕΙΑ, ἡ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ζεῖ-δωρος, on, (ζεῖδ, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful.

ζεῖρά, ἡ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζεῖω, poet. for ζέω, as πνέω for πνέω.

ζέσσα, Ep. for ἔζεσα, aor. I of ζέω.

ζεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, bot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team* of oxen.
 ζευγαλάτεια, f. ἥσω, to *drive a yoke of oxen*. From
 ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος, ελαύνω) a *driver of a yoke of oxen*.

ζευγίτης [ζ], οὐ, ὁ, (ζεύγος) *yoked together, two and two, in pairs*. II. ζευγίται, οἱ, *yeomen*, the third of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμμοι, the second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θήτες.

ζεύγηλ poet. ζεύγλα, ἡ, the collar or loop of the yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγλαι. II. the rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) *that which is linked together, a band, bond*: ζεύγμα τοῦ λιμενός a boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΤΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep. ζεύγνυσαν) or ἐζεύγνυν (Ep. ζεύγνυν): fut. ζεύξω: aor. I ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐζεύχθην, more frequent aor. 2 ἐζεύγην [ῥ]:—to join or link together, yoke:—Med., ἱπποὺς ζεύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses; also to harness. II. generally, to join or fasten together, make fast; συνάδεις ἐζευγμένα close-shut doors. 2. to join in wedlock, marry, unite:—Med. of the husband, to wed:—Pass. to be married. 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge across. 5. to undergird ships with ropes.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts, a pair of horses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough; any pair or couple. II. of more than two things or persons joined together, e.g. ζεύγος τριπάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From ζευκτηρία, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) fit for joining or yoking: τὸ ζευκτηρίον a yoke.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξεσθαι, 3 sing. opt.; ζεύξω, imperat.

ζεύξω, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of yoking oxen. 2. a joining by a bridge.

ΖΕΥΨ, ὁ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Διί, acc. Δία as if from *Δίς: poet. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζήνα, Dor. Ζάνας, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν:—Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονιδῆς, Κρονίων: ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms come from him, as Ζεὺς ὕει.

Ζεφυρία (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = Ζέφυρος, the west wind.

Ζεφύρος, ὁ, Zephyrus, the west wind, or properly the north-west. (From ζόφος, darkness or the West, as ἑσπρος from ἑως, morn or the East.)

ΖΕΨΩ, fut. ζέσω: aor. I ἐζέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to boil, seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also simply to be hot, throb with heat; χθών ἐζεε the earth was hot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. *fervere*. II. trans. to make to boil, beat.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζήλος) *jealous*.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) *jealous*.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ζήλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ζήλος, μανῆναι) *mad with jealousy*.

ζήλος, ὁ, (ζέω) *eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy)*. 2. any strong passion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a thing.

II. pass. the object of emulation or rivalry, happiness, blessedness.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for ζήλος.

ζηλοσύνεια, f. ἥσω, (ζηλότυπος) to emulate, rival, be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect, pretend to. Hence

ζηλοσύνεια, ἡ, rivalry, jealousy, envy.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζήλος, τύπτω) *jealous*.

ζηλόω, f. ὠσω, (ζήλος) to rival, vie with, emulate.

Lat. *aemulari*: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive after. 2. to be jealous of, envy. 3. to emulate, envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. *high fortunes*. II. rivalry, emulation.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζήλω) emulation, imitation.

ζηλωτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ζηλόω) a rival, zealous imitator. 2. a zealot.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλώ) to be emulated, worthy of imitation. 2. enviable, happy, blessed.

ζημία, ἡ, loss, damage, Lat. *damnum*, opp. to κέρδος; πανερά ζημία a clear loss. II. a penalty, esp. in money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν πορισθέναι to make death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιώω, f. ὠω, to cause loss to one, do one damage or hurt: to punish; esp. in money, to fine:—Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor. I ἐζημιώθην, to be fined.

*Ζήν, ὁ, gen. Ζηνός, poet. for Ζεύς, q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνόφρων.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) *knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove*, of oracles.

ζησομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, poet. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΨΩ, f. ἥσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. 2.

to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c. inf. to seek to do. 3. to have to seek. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, *that which is sought: an inquiry, question*.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα places to be beaten for game.

ζητήσις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a seeking for, searching after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation.

ζητήσιος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be sought. II. ζητησιών, one must seek out.

ζητητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ζητέω) a seeker, searcher, inquirer, examiner. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were commissioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for.

ζιζάνιον, τό, a weed that grows in wheat, darnel, Lat. *zizanium*, *lolium*. (Eastern word.)

ζόη, Ion. for ζωή.

ζῴα, Aeol. for ζωή.

ζῴος, ἄ, ὄν, poet. for ζωός, ζῶς.

ζορκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = δορκάς; also ζορξ, ζορκός, ἡ.

ζοφερός, ὄν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.

ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the nether world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζόφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἠελίον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφώω, f. ὥσω, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.

ζοφώδης, ἐς, (ζόφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.

ζώω, for ζάω.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

ζυγίς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγὴ-φόρος, ὄν, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke.

ζύγιος, α, ὄν, (ζυγόν) of or for the yoke; ζύγιος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.

ζυγίτης, ου, ὁ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [I]

ζυγὸ-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζυγο-μαχέω, f. ἤσω (ζυγόν, μάχημα) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ΖΥΓΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὁ, but in pl. always ζυγά:

—Lat. *jūgum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγὸ-δεσμον to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά, in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transtrilium*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ.

III. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwart, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself.

V. the cross-straips of sandals.

ζυγός, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγώω, f. ὥσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζυγοθρίβω, to lock up. From

ζυγοθρον, τό, (ζυγώω) the bar or bolt of a door.

ζυγοτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζυγώω) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζυμη, ἡ, (ζέω) leaven. [V] Hence

ζυμίτης, ου, Adj. masc. leavened. [I]

ζυμώω, f. ὥσω, (ζυμη) to leaven, make to ferment.

ζωάγρια, ὄν, τά, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ὄν, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) for saving life.

ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [Ἀ]

ζω-αρκής, ἐς, (ζωή, ἀρκέω) maintaining life.

ζωγραφέω, f. ἤσω, (ζωγράφος) to paint from life.

ζωγράφις, ἡ, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὁ, a painter.

ζώγρει, ζωγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of ζω-γρέω, f. ἤσω, (ζῶος, ἀγρεύω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ιη, ἡ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.

ζωδιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶδιον) of or containing animals; ὁ ζωδιακός (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac.

ζῶδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.

ζῶμεν, ζῶμεναι, for ζῶειν, inf. of ζῶω = ζάω.

ζῶσσκον, Ion. impf. of ζῶω.

ζωή Dor. ζῶα Ion. and poet. ζόη Aeol. ζῴα, ἡ, (ζῶω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.

ζω-θάλλμιος, ὄν, (ζωή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.

ζωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶον) of or for animals.

ζῶμα, ατος, τό, (ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also = ζώνη, or ζωστήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζῶμενμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζῶμεω, f. σω, (ζωμός) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζωμιδιον, τό, Dim. of ζωμός, a little sauce.

ζωμός Dor. δομός, ὁ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.

ζώνη, ἡ, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐντὸς ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ΖΩΝΝΥ ΜΙ or -ῶν; fut. ζώσω; aor. ἐζώσα:—Med. ζώννυμι, fut. ζώσομαι; aor. ἐζώσαμην:—Pass., aor. ἐζώσθην; pf. ἐζώσμαι:—to gird. esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of ζώννυμι.

ζωο-γλύφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζωογονέω, f. ἤσω, to produce, propagate animals.

II. to preserve alive. From

ζωο-γόνος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ὄν, poet. for ζω-.

ζῶον, τό, properly contr. from ζῶον, a living being, animal, Lat. *animal*. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζῶα γράφειν or γράφασθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῶα γράφασθαι τὴν ξεῦειν τοῦ Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἥσω, (ζῶος, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken.
ζῶος, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶω) alive, living; ζῶον ἐλεῖν *to* take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶο-σοφός, ον, (ζῶή, σοφός) wise in life.

ζῶο-φόρος, ον, (ζῶος, φέρω) life-giving. II.
(ζῶον, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζῶοφόρος (sub κύκλος) ὁ ὠδιακός.

ζῶοφύτεω, f. ἥσω, to put forth live shoots. From ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants.

ζῶο-πονέω, f. ἥσω, (ζῶος, πονέω) to represent alive.

ζῶοπύρεω, f. ἥσω, to kindle into flame; metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶο-πύρον, τό, (ζῶος, πύρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζῶοποτέω, f. ἥσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζῶορο-πότης, οὔ, ὁ, (ζῶρός, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζῶρός, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. ζῶρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζῶρόν, τό, Lat. *merum*, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., ζῶρότερον κέραε mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζῶρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζῶερός from ζῶος.)

ζῶος, neut. ζῶν, gen. ζῶ, rarer form for ζῶος.

ζῶσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζῶννυμι.

ζῶστίηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῶννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζῶνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζῶννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζῶτικῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. *vivax*: of works of art, true to life; τὸ ζῶτικόν φαίνεσθαι πῶς ἐνεργάζη τοῖς ἀνδράσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζῶύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζῶω, to live.

H

H, η, ἥτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral *η*—δικτώ and ὄγδοος, but *η* = 8000. The uncial form of Eta (**H**) was a double **E3**, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δῆλος, ζῆλος, from δέλος, ζέλος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of *e* both long and short, till the long vowel *η*, with *ω*, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with *ω*, *ξ*, *ψ*. The sign **H**, before it represented long *ε*, was used for the rough breathing, as **HOΞ** for *ὅς*, which usage remains in the Latin **H**. When the same **H** became a vowel, it was divided, so that **F** represented the rough, **I** the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. *η* was most in use among the Ion.; in the Attic dialect, it often passed into *αι*, as Ion. *πρήσσω*, *θάρηξ* are in Att. *πράσσω*, *θάραι*. In later Att., *ει* and *η* were not seldom changed into *η*, e. g. κλειθρον κληθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

ἡ ποῖτ. ἡς, Conjunction with three chief signs, disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἡ DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. *aut*; and doubled, ἡ... ἡ... either... or..., Lat. *aut... aut...* II. ἡ INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjunctive clause, εἰπέ ἡ... say whether...; and doubled ἡ... ἡ... whether... or...? Lat. *utrum... an...?* 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. *an*; τίπ' εἰλήλουθας; ἡ ἵνα ὕβριν ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνωνος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see...? III. ἡ COMPARATIVE, *than*, as, like Lat. *quam*, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἡ... some other thing *than*...; ἐνάντιος ἡ... contrariwise *than*...; οὐδ' ὅσον ἡ... not so much as...; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἡ... to wish rather *than*...; φθάνω ἡ... to come sooner *than*...

2. ἡ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησάται ἐλαφρότεροι πόδας εἶναι, ἡ ἀφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot *rather than* rich; ταχύτερα ἡ σοφώτερα more quickly *than* wisely.

[When ἡ οὐ, ἡ οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μή οὐ.]

ἡ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ἡ, ἡ, σῶπα *what ho*, be silent!

ἡ, Adv., with two signs, strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN or CONFIRM, in *truth*, *truly*, *verily*, of a surety; ἡ μὲν, Ion. ἡ μὲν, introduces the *very words* of an oath, to give greater solemnity.

II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. *num?* sometimes it may be rendered, *what? pray? or can it be?* ἡ οὐ...; Lat. *nonne...?*

ἡ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἔμμι.

ἡ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμι *sum*.

ἡ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμι *sum*.

ἡ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἡ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, *who, what?*

ἡ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, *bis, her*.

ἡ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ: also used adverbially: I. of Place, *which way, where, whither, in or at what place*.

2. of Manner, *how, as*; ἡ θέμις ἐστί, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἡ μάλιστα or ἡ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ἡ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ἡα, ἡεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι *sum*.

ἡα, contr. of ἡία, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἰμι *ibo*.

ἡατο, Ion. for ἦτο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡβαιοῦς, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. for βαιοῦς, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat., οὐ ὁ ἐνι φρένες, οὐδ' ἡβαιοὶ no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἡβαιόν not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ἡβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπέλιους a little from the cave.

ἡβάσσω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, *to come to man's estate, come to one's strength*, Lat. *pubescere*.

ἡβάω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη):—*to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth*, Lat. *pubescere*; ἀνὴρ μάλα ἡβών *a man in the full vigour of youth*; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώσασα *a young, luxuriant vine*. II. metaph. *to be young, fresh, vigorous*: also *to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion*.

ἩΒΗ, ἡ, *man's estate, manhood, youth*, Lat. *pubertas*; also *the strength and freshness of youth*:—as a legal term ἡβη *was the time just before manhood*, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that οἱ δέκα ἀφ' ἡβης *were men of 28*, οἱ τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ἡβης *men of 58*. 2. metaph. *freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit*.

III. as fem. prop. n. Ἡβη, *Hebé*, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence ἡβηδόν, Adv. *in the manner of youth*. 2. πάντες ἡβηδόν *all from the youth upwards*.

ἡβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡβάω) *in the prime of youth*.

ἡβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡβάω) *of or fit for youth, youthful*, Lat. *juvenilis*.

ἡβός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡβη) *youthful*.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἔβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἡβυλλάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβάω, *to be youngish*.

ἡβώνη, Att. opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβῶμι Ep. ἡβῶομι, opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβῶων, ἡβῶσσα, Ep. part. of ἡβάω.

ἡγάασθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀγω.

ἡγάθεος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγα, θεός) *hallowed, most holy*.

ἡγάνον, τό, Ion. for ἡγάνον.

ἡγάπευ, Dor. for ἡγάπων, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγάομαι.

ἡγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγελλω.

ἡγγύκα, ἡγγισα, pf. act. and aor. I of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύκα, -ῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύησα, -ῆσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύω, impf. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγειρα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) *a leading: a leader*.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. εὖς Ep. ἦος, ὁ, poet. for ἡγεμών.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμῶν) *to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way*. II. *to lead in war, to rule, command*, c. gen. pers.: absol. *to be ruler*.

ἡγεμονία, ἡ, (ἡγεμῶν) *a leading the way, going first*. II. chief command, sovereignty: *the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates*; ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος *the supremacy of Greece*.

ἡγεμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) *fit for guiding, ready to guide*. II. *fit for commanding, chief, leading*, Lat. *principis*.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) *of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος*, name of *Hermes*, as *the guide of departed souls*.

ἡγεμόσυνος, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόσυνα* (sub. ἐπὰ), *thank-offerings for safe-conduct*.

ἡγεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, a leader, Lat. *dux*: I. a guide

to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, *one who does a thing first*, Lat. *princeps, auctor*; ἡγεμῶν γίγνεσθαι *to be one's guide or authority*. 2.

the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ἡγέομαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγήσάμην: pf. ἡγήσασμαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἀγω):—*to go before, lead the way*, opp. to ἔπομαι: *to shew the way, guide, conduct*. 2. *to lead an army, and so to command, rule*:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of *going before*, with gen. the derived one of *leading, commanding*:—absol. *to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief*; ὁ ἡγούμενος *a leader, ruler, chief*.

II. like Lat. *ducere*, *to suppose, believe, hold*; ἡγεῖσθαι *τινα βασιλεῖα* *to hold or regard as king*; ἡγεῖσθαι *θεοῦ* *to believe in gods, like νομίζειν*.

ἡγερέθομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., *to be gathered together*, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγερέθονται, ἡγερέθοντο.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., *to gather, come together*, only in pres. inf. ἡγερέεσθαι.

ἡγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγυλάω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, *to guide*; also, like Lat. *agere*, κακὸν μὲρον ἡγυλάειν *to lead a wretched life*.

ἡγύμαι, pf. of ἡγέομαι.

ἡγυτέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγέομαι, *one must lead*. II. *one must suppose*.

ἡγυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡγυτής, οὗ, ὁ, ἡγύτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (ἡγέομαι) *a leader, guide*. 2. *a leader, commander, chief*; ἡγυτορες ἰδὲ μέδοντες *chiefs in field and council*.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάζω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγίνεω.

ἡγκαλίσσamen, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf.

pass. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀγω.

ἡγνόκα, ἡγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγνισα, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίζω.

ἡγνόου, impf. of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγξα, aor. I of ἀγχω.

ἡγον, impf. of ἀγω.

ἡγοράσθε, -ῶντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράσθε, -ῶντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράζωμαι.

ἡγοράκα, ἡγοράσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράζω.

ἡγορευκα, ἡγορευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἡ, γοῦν) *that is to say*, Lat. *scilicet*.

ἡγρίαινα, aor. I of ἀγρῖαινα.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγρίω.

ἡγρύνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυνῆω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγχοι, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχω.

ἡγωνίακα, -ῖαισα, -ῖων, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἡγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνίσθη, ἡγωνίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἡ, δέ) *and*: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδέ καί *and also*. II. when it answers to ἡμὲν it means, *as also*.

ἡδε, fem. of ὅδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδεν, εις, ει, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδσαν.

ἡδεσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθη, aor. I pass. of ἐσθίω.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, *sweetly, pleasantly, gladly*, ἡδέως ἔχων *to be kind*: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

*ΗΔΗ, Adv. of Time, like Lat. *jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith*: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδὴ Αἴγυπτος *after this lake directly begins Egypt*.

ἡδῆ, ἡδῆσθα, ἡδη Att. for ἡδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδίκεον, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδίων, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολεσχέον, impf. of ἀδολεσχεῖν.

*ΗΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθην, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—*to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure*: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας *he was glad to have heard*: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένη γίγνεται μοί τι *I am well pleased at the thing happening, like ἀσμένως, βουλομένη*. Hence

ἡδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, *gladly*.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*, Lat. *voluptas*: πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν *λέγειν* *to speak so as to please another*.

ἡδος, εὖς, τό, (ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*. ἡ δ' ὅς, said *be*, for ἔφη ἡ κείνος, v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βόης, ον, Dor. -βοας, α, ὁ, (ἡδύς, βοή) *sweet-sounding*.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) *sweetening marriage*.

ἡδύ-γελως, ον, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλως) *sweetly-laughing*.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλῶσσα) *sweet-tongued*.

ἡδου-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) *of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments*.

ἡδύ-επής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) *sweet-speaking: sweet-sounding*:—poët. fem. ἡδυεπεία.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (ἡδύς, θρός) *sweet-strained*.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) *taken with pleasure*.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) *sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning*.

ἡδύ-λύρης, ον, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) *singing sweetly to the lyre*.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) *sweet-singing*.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) *with honey-sweet voice*.

ἡδύ-μίγης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μιγῆναι) *sweetly-mixed*.

ἡδύμος, ον, poët. for ἡδύς, *sweet, pleasant*.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἔδυνάμην, impf. of δύναιμι.

ἡδυνήθην, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς):—*to sweeten, season*.

ἡδύ-οινος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) *producing sweet wine*.

ἡδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, ὁσμή) *sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύπάθεια, ἡ, *pleasant living, luxury*. From

ἡδύπαθῶ, f. ἡσώ, (ἡδυπαθῆς) *to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious*. Hence

ἡδύπαθῆμα, ατος, τό, *enjoyment*. [ἀ]

ἡδυ-πάθης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) *living pleasantly*.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡδύς, πνῶ) *sweet-breathing: sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) *dear to the people*.

ἡδυ-πότης, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *fond of drinking*.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *sweet to drink*.

ἡδύς, ἡδεῖα, ἡδύ: Ion. fem. ἡδέῃ Dor. ἀδέα; Dor. acc. sing. ἀδέα, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδυτάτος: (ἡδομαι):—*sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant*.

II. of persons, *pleasant, welcome, dear, glad*.

ἡδύσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) *that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce*.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) *of sweet form*.

ἡδύ-φάης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, φάος) *sweetly-shining*.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) *sweet-minded*.

ἡδυφωνία, ἡ, *sweetness of voice*. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) *sweet-voiced*.

ἡδύ-χαρής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) *sweetly joyous*.

ἡδύ-χρως, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἡδύς, χρῶα) *of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., a kind of perfume*.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἡ, or.

ἡε, Ep. for ἡεῖ, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡε, 3 sing impf. of εἶμι.

ἡεδον, ἡεσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδέω.

ἡέλδω, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, ὁ, poët. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτις, Ep. for ἡλιώτις.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡέπερ, poët. for ἡπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθωμαι, lengthd. form of αἰέρομαι Pass., *to hang floating or waving in the air*: metaph., ὁπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται *young men's minds are flighty*.

ἡερθην, aor. I pass. of αἰέρω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for αἰέριος (ἀήρ) *early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist* (ἀήρ).

2. high in air.

ἡερμαι, pf. pass. of αἰέρω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in mid-air*. [ῖ]

ἡερο-εἰδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *of*

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: *dim, gray.*

ἡρώεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡρόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡρός, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοῖτις, ἶδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡήν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαῖος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθείος.

ἡθάς, ἶδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for ἰθάς, (ἦθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wanted, accustomed.

ἡθείος, α, ον, (ἦθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθειε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθελον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθεος, ὁ, ἡ, Att. for ἡῖθεος.

ἩΘΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἦθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθλικά, ἡθλήσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, ὁ, (ἦθεω) a strainer.

ἡθος, εος, τό, (ἔθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἦθεα, seats, baunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἡθον, imp. of αἰθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίστην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡῖα contr. ἡῖ, τά, (ἡῖα, contr. ἡῖα, impf. of εἶμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [ῖ]

ἡῖα, Ion. for. ἡεῖν, impf. of εἶμι ibo: 3 sing. ἡῖε, 3 pl. ἡῖον or ἡῖσαν.

ἡῖθεος Att. contr. ἡθεος, ὁ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡῖθέη, a young girl.

ἡῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plpf. of εἶκα (as if from ἡῖκμην).

ἡῖσα, aor. I of αἰσσω.

ἡῖσις, εσσα, εν, (ῖών) with high, steep banks.

ἡῖων, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡῖος, ὁ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἡ, ἡ.

ἡῖσαν, Ep. for ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡῖσκον, impf. of εἶσκω.

ἡῖσσον, impf. of αἰσσω.

ἡῖχθη, aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

Ἡ'Ω'Ν Att. ἡῶν Dor. ἁῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, a sea-bank,

the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [ῖ]

ἡῖων, ονος, ἡ, (αἶω) a bearing, report.

ἩΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

II. of

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

III. of

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾱ]

ἡκα, aor. I of ἡμι.

ἡκαζον, Att. impf. of εἰκάω.

ἡκαιρέισθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ἡκασα, ἡκάστην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάω.

ἡκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάω.

ἡκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἡκασατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἡ-κεστος, η, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (α privat., κεντέω) ungraded: free from labour.

ἡκή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκωκή.

ἡκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκίστην, ἡκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἡκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἡσσαν, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἡκιστα, least (κακός or μ-κρός is used as positive).

ἡκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάω.

ἡκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἡκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἡ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἡκου.

ἡκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἡκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἡκροώμην, ἡκροῦσάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκρο-άομαι.

ἡκρωτηρίασα, ἡκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτίζω.

ἩΚΩ, impf. ἡκον: fut. ἦξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point; εἰς τοῦτο τόλμης ἦκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity.

2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἡκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἡλάστην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ελαίνω.

ἡλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for ἀλαίνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἡλάκασα, ον, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ἡλάκάτη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος,

Lat. arundo.

ἡλάαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάω.

ἡλαλον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἀλλομαι.

ἡλᾶσα, ἡλᾶσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ελαίνω.

ἡλασκάω, (ἀλόομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἡλασκάει be flees from or sbuns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἡλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλόομαι, αλαίνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἡλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἡλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλόομαι.

ἡλᾶπτωσα, ἡλᾶπτῶσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἡλᾶσσω.

ἡλγησα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγύνα, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδανε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνα.

ἡλειψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεάμην, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of gold alloyed with silver:—in *Ar. Eq.* 532 ἐκπιπτοῦσαν τῶν ἡλεκτρῶν, it seems to mean, the *pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φᾶής, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φᾶος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλεκτωρ, opoσ, ὁ, the *beaming sun*: as *Adj.*, ἡλεκτωρ

Ἵππεριον *beaming Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλέος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡλός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*. II. *act. distracting, crazing*.

ἡλεῖματος Dor. ἀλ-, ον, (ἡλέος, ἡλός) *distraught, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to *grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλέομαι=ἀλέομαι.

ἡλῆλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἡλαίνω.

ἡλῆλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἡλαίνω.

ἡλῆλμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιώω, (ἥλιος) to *warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, to *sit in the court* Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλής, ἀλία) at Athens a *ball* in which the chief law-court was held: the *Heliaea* or *supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) a *jurymen in the court Heliaea*, a *Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or *belonging to a Heliast*.

ἡλιβᾶτος, ον, steep, abrupt, precipitous: *high, huge, enormous*. II. like *Lat. altus*, deep, profound. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλίθα, Adv. (ἄλις) *enough, sufficiently: abundantly*.

ἡλιθιάζω, to *speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλίθιος Dor. ἀλίθ-, α, ον, (ἡλός, ἡλέος) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἡλιθίω, f. ὦσω, to *make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. the *vigour or prime of life, manhood*: οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ *men of age fit for service*—*youthful heat and passion*. II.

as *Subst.*, = οἱ ἡλικες, those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates. III. generally, *age, time*: later an age, *Lat. seculum*.

IV. of the body, *stature, growth, bulk*. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, an *equal in age, fellow, comrade*, *Lat. aequalis*.

ἡλικίος, ἡ, ον, *Relat. to ηλικίος or τηλικούτος*, as *Lat. quantus to tantus*, as *big as, as tall as, as great as*.

2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong*: also *how old, at what age*: as *old as*. [r] From

ἽΗΛΙΕ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, of the same age, *Lat. aequalis*:—as *Subst.* a fellow, comrade, mate.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ον, (ἥλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κᾶής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-καυστος, ον, = ἡλιοκάης.

ἡλιο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, μανῆναι) *doting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἥλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἥελιος, ὁ, (ἐλη *Lat. sol*) the *sun*: πρὸς Ἡῷ τ' Ἡελίον τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the *East*, opp. to πρὸς ὄφρον, the land of darkness or West: so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς ἡῷ τε καὶ ἡλίου ἀνατολὰς to πρὸς ἐσπέρην. 2.

day, like *Lat. sol*. 3. οἱ ἥλιοι the *sun-beams*, like *Lat. soles*. II. as prop. n. *Helios*, the *sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, f. ὦσω, (ἥλιος) to *warm in the sun*:—Pass. to *bask in the sun*, be *lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίωσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλιέω.

ἡλίωσα, ἡλίκω, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἡλίτων, aor. 2 of ἀλισταίνω.

ἡλίτω-εργός, ὅν, (ἀλισταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτῳ-μηνος, ον, (ἀλισταίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίηθην [r], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἽΗΙΨ, ἱτος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian shoe*.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιώω and of ἡλιώω.

ἡλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἥλιος) of or *belonging to the sun*.

ἡληκσα, aor. I of ἐλέκω.

ἡλκαμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλεέω.

ἡλλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλάξα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλώωσα, ἡλλώομαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοιόω.

ἡλόγησα, Ep. ἡλοήσα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλόκιωμα, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίω.

ἽΗΟΣ, ὁ, a *nail, stud*: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἄλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἑλπομαι.

ἡλπίσα, ἡλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσαμην, aor. I med. of εἶλω.

ἡλύγη [v], ἡ, (ἡλυξ) *shadow, darkness*: metaph., *darkness ἡλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλυθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλύξ, ὕγος, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπηλύξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

ἽΗλυσιον πεδῖον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) the *Elysian fields*: later without πεδῖον, *Elysium*.

Homer places it on the west border of the earth: Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νῆσοι.

ἡλύσιος, α, ον, coming: or *Elysian*. [v] From

ἡλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφαῖνα.

ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλων, Ion. for ἐάλων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλώμην, impf. of ἀλόμαι.

ἡμα, τό, (ἡμη) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.

ἡμαθῆες, εσσα, εν, (ἄμαθος) Ion. for ἄμ-, sandy.

ἡμαι, ἦσαι, ἦται, 3 pl. ἦνται Ion. ἔαται Ep. εἴται;

imperat. ἦσο, ἦσσω, etc.; inf. ἦσθαι; part. ἡμενος;

impf. ἦμην, ἦσο, ἦστο, 3 pl. ἦντο Ion. ἔατο Ep. εἴατο:

—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of ἐξομαι), to be set, to sit: often with colat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ἡμενος χώρος, like εἰαμένω, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ἦσθαι ἐέλμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἄμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day;

αἰσμον ἡμαρ, μόρσιμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day

of death; ἐλευθερον, δουλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom,

of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons,

ὁπωρινόν, χειμερινόν ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ'

ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day; κατ'

ἡμαρ, day by day; παρ ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus: also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμάτιος, α, ov, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day:

day by day, daily.

ἡμάτομαι, pf. pass. of αἵματόω.

ἡμβλωκα, inf. βλωσσω, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμβλίσκω.

ἡμβροτον, inf. ἁμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμεδᾶπος, ἡ, ov, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country,

native, Lat. nostras.

ἡμεῖς, ἡμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμελγον, impf. of ἀμείλω.

ἡμελημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμείλω, in a neglectful manner.

ἡμέλων, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ἡ-μέν., ἡ-δέ., (ἡ, μέν), poet. for καί . . , καί . . ,

as well . . , as also . . , Lat. et . . , et . . : also disjunctive, if . . , or if . . , whether . . , whether . . , Lat. vel . . ,

vel . . , or sive . . , sive . .

ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶνα, inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμε'ρα Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἡμέρα, ἡ, day: the

light of day; ἡμ' ἡμέρα or ἡμα τῇ ἡμέρᾳ with dawn

of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέρας all day long; διὰ

τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die;

ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν

day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu; ὁψέ

τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or

near day. II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old

age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μακρὰς

κελεύθους to live the day after a long journey. 2.

to pass one's days, live.

ἡμερήσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day,

by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησία δὺς a day's journey. I

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.

ἡμερινός, ἡ, ov, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἄγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger.

II. = ἐφήμερος, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριος, ov, also α, ov, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to ἄγριος, wild:—as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρομός, ov, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-long day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θηλής, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θαλλω) gently-sprouting.

ἡμερό-κοιτος, ov, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.

ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack.

ἡμερος, ov, also α, ov, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals; of trees, cultivated:—opp. to ἄγριος, wild. II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκοπός, ov, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day: as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερό-φαντος, ov, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.

ἡμερό-φωνος, ov, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, herald of day.

ἡμερόω, f. ὦσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men,

to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue.

ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμετέρελος, α, ov, = ἡμεδαπός.

ἡμέτερος, α, ov, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster; εἰς ἡμέτερον (sub. δῶμα) to our house.

ἡμέων, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἡν, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam; παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ, boy, I say, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγώ said I, ἦ δ' ὅς said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, be spoke.

ἡμι-, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. semi-: the Adj. is ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-ανδρος, ὁ, (ἡμι-, ἀνὴρ) a half-man, eunuch.

ἡμι-άνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνδρος.

ἡμι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, βρέχομαι) half-watered.

ἡμι-βρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, ov, (ἡμι-,

βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.

ἡμι-γένειος, ov, (ἡμι-, γένειον) with but half a beard.

ἡμι-γυμνος, ov, (ἡμι-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ἡμι-δαής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δαίω) half-burnt.

ἡμι-δαρεικόν, τό, (ἡμι-, δαρεικός) a half-daric.

ἡμι-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.

ἡμι-διπλοῖδιον Att. contr. -οἶδιον, τό, (ἡμι-, διπλοῖς) a half-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in half.

ἡμί-δουλος, ov, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτέον, τό, a half-εκτεύς, i. e. a twelfth part of a medimnus.

ἡμι-ἄλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, a half-Greek.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-έργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *ἐργω) half-made.

ἡμι-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἐψω) half-boiled, half-cooked.

ἡμι-θάλης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλέν) half-green.

ἡμι-θανής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανείν) half-dead.

ἡμί-θεος Dor. ἄμ-, ὁ, half a god, demigod.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανείν) half-dead.

ἡμι-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) half-broken.

ἡμί-κάκος, ον, a rogue by halves, half a villain.

ἡμι-κληρίον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληρος) half the inheritance.

ἡμί-κραίρα, ἡ, half the bead or face.

ἡμί-λέπτos, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) half-peeled, half-batched.

ἡμί-λευκος, ον, half-white.

ἡμιλλήθη, ἡμιλλήμαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμιλλάομαι.

ἡμι-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) half-mad.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραίνομαι) half-withered or faded. [ᾶ]

ἡμι-μεθής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) half-drunk.

ἡμι-μναίος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνά) of, amounting to a half-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a half-mina.

ἡμιον or ἡμίον, dat. pl. of ἐγά.

ἡμί-ξηρος, ον, half-dry.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, a light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὄλος) one and a half, half as much again; ἡμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου half as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρῆτερον ἔφερον one half more than they used to receive before.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of a mule; ἄμαξα ἡμιονεία a car drawn by mules; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον a team of mules.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμί-ονος, ἡ or ὄ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a half-ass, a mule. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον a mule-foal.

ἡμί-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) foal with half its proper number of bores; ἡμιόποι αὐλοὶ flutes with only three bores.

ἡμί-οπτος, ον, half-roasted.

ἡμί-οπέλεκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a half-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκκον.

ἡμί-πλεθρον, τό, a half-πλήθρον, i. e. 50 feet.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) a half-plinth, a brick, Lat. semiliterium.

ἡμί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) half-breathing, half-cboked.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) half-burnt. [ῦ]

ἡμίσεες, nom. pl. of ἡμίσις.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, a half, fem. of ἡμίσις.

ἡμί-σοφος, ον, half-wise.

ἡμί-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) half torn down.

ἡμι-στέδιατος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of half a stadium.

ἡμι-στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, a half-soldier.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, half-round.

*ΗΜΙΣΤΗΣ, εια, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμίσεια: gen. ἡμίσεος rarely -εως, fem. ἡμίσειας Ion. -εας; nom. pl. ἡμίσεις Aor. -εις:—half, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοὶ half the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἱ ἡμίσεις τῶν νεῶν half the ships; ao also, ἡμίσις λόγος half the tale; ἡμίσις τεῖχος half the wall; neut. sing. ἡμίσις as Subst. a half, half, ἡμίσις τιμῆς.

ἡμί-τάλαντον, τό, a half-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμίτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ἡμίτάλαντα three half-talents.

ἡμί-τέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) a remission of half.

ἡμί-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) half-finished.

ἡμί-τελής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect; δόμος ἡμιτελής a house but half complete, i. e. wanting its master.

ἡμί-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμείν) half cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον a half.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάος) half-shining.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, half-bald.

ἡμί-φauλος, ον, half-knavish.

ἡμί-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) half-burnt.

ἡμιωβολιαίος, α, ον, worth half an obol. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a half-obol. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβελός) a half-obol.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὦρα) a half-hour.

ἡμίμαι, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε; when, while, so long as.

ἡμπεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀμπεχῶ.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος. ἡμουν, impf. of ἐμέω.

ἡμπεδουν, impf. of ἐμπεδῶ.

ἡμipόληκα, -ῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμipόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμipλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμipλακίσκω.

ἡμipύνα, aor. I of ἀμipύνω.

ἡμipύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμipύω.

ἡμipύστικα, pf. of ἀμipύσιζω.

ἡμipύω, f. ὑσώ [ῦ]: aor. I ἡμipύσα: (μipύω):—to sink, droop, bow down; ἡμipύσε κάρη his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμipύει ἀσταχέσσει it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perish.

ἡμipεγγύησα, ἡμipεγγύνουν, aor. I and impf. of ἀμipεγγύνω.

ἡμipεσβήθουν or ἡμipισ-, impf. of ἀμipισθητέω.

ἡμipεσβήτησα or ἡμipισ-, aor. I of ἀμipισθητέω.

ἡμipίεσα, aor. I of ἀμipιέννυμι.

ἡμipίεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀμipιέννυμι.

ἡμipων, contr. impf. of ἀμipώω.

ἡμipων, ονος, ὁ, (ἡμipω) a thrower, darter, slinger.

ἡν, contr. from ἔάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. if, in case that; ἡν μή unless: in indirect questions, if, whether.

ἦν, Interject. *see! see there!* Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἡμί = *φημί*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, *who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, *his*.
 ἡναίνοτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνάλωσα, ἡνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἡνᾶρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἡνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἡνδραποδισα, -ίσθη, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἡναντιώθη, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιόω.
 ἡναρίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἡνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεγον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἡνέθη, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεχόμεν, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκής, ἐς, (*ἡνέκω, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.
 ἡνεμέεις, εἶσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, airy, bigb, elevated*. II. *light as air, subtle*; φρόνημα ἡνεμένον *airy, winged thought*.
 ἡνεον, ἡνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνώ.
 ἡνέθη, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἡνέωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
 ἡνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναινομαι.
 ἡνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἡνθόμεν, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθράσκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρασκώμαι.
 ἡνί, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἡνίδε.
 ἡνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἡνία, ἰων, τά, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἡνία, ἦ.
 ἡνία, ἦ, *a bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἡνίας τοῖς λόγοις *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *immittere habenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.
 ἡνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἡν-ιδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἴδε) *see! see there!*
 ἡνικά, Adv., relat. to τῇνικα or τοτῇνικα, *when, at which time, at the time when*; c. optat. *whenever*.
 ἡνικάμην, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἡνιοποιέον, τό, *a saddler's shop*. From
 ἡνιο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἡνία, ποιέω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἡνιοστροφέω, f. ἡσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*. From
 ἡνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἡνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. *a charioteer*.
 ἡνι-οχεύς, ἕως Ion. ἡνος, poet. for ἡνίοχος.
 ἡνι-οχεύω and -έω, *to be charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From
 ἡνι-οχος, ὁ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver*,

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.
 ἡνιπάπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.
 ἡνίς, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἡνίς, (ένος) *a year old, yearling*. [acc. ἡνίν.]
 ἡνίχθη, aor. I pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἡνον, impf. of ἀνώ.
 ἡνορέα Ἐρ. and Ion. -ἐη, ἦ, (ἀνὴρ) *manhood*.
 ἡνοϋ, σπος, ὁ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἡνοπι χαλκῷ with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἡντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἡντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἡντιάον, ἡντιάσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάω.
 ἡντληκώς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἡντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.
 ἡνύκα, ἡνυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.
 ἡνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals*, in which the digestion was completed.
 ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνυμι.
 ἡνώγεα, Ion. plpf. of ἀναργα.
 ἡνώγειν, plpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀνωγα.
 ἡνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθόω.
 ἡνώχλησα, ἡνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἡνώχλουν, -οῦμην, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἡξα, aor. I both of ἀγω *to lead*, and ἀγνυμι *to break*.
 ἡξα, aor. I of ἀσσω (contr. from αἰσσω).
 ἡξείς, ἡξῶ, Dor. for ἡξεις, ἡξω, fut. of ἡκω.
 ἡξίωμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξίωω.
 Ἡῶι, dat. of Ἡώς.
 ἡῶιος, α, ον, (Ἡώς) = ἡῶος, ἔῶος, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπερίος. II. as Subst., ἡῶιη (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, *the morning*; πᾶσαν ἡῶιην *all the morning*.
 ἡομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι *ibo*.
 ἡόνιος, α, ον, (ἡῶν) contr. from ἡῶνιος, *on the shore*.
 ἡπάσκει, aor. I inf. of ἡπάσσεσθαι *to mend*.
 ἩΠΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *hepar*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.
 ἡπάτηκα, ἡπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἡπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἡπαρ.
 ἡπάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπαφίσκω.
 ἡπεδανός, ἦ, ὄν, *weak, infirm: maimed, baltng*: c. gen. void of. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἡπέλιψα, aor. I of ἀπελείω.
 ἡπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἡπειρος, *γενέω) *living on the mainland*.
 ἡπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἡ-πειρος, for ἀπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἡ, *the mainland, continent, of the land*, as opp. to *the sea*; κατ' ἡπειρον *by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος. II. *the mainland of Greece*, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called Ἡπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ δισσαὶ ἡπειροι, *the two continents*, are Europe and Asia. Hence
 ἡπειρώ, f. ὥσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so*, when an island is joined to the mainland.

ἡπειρώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική ξυμμαχία. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἡ-περ ποэт. ἡέ-περ, Conj. (ἡ, περ) *iban* even. ἡ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅσπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπτεύς, gen. έως Ion. ἡος, ὁ, = ἡεροπεντής.

ἡεροπεντής, οὐ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From

ἡεροπτεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.

ἡπητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡπάριος) a mender, cobbler.

ἡπιᾶλέω, to have a fever or ague. From

ἡπιᾶλος (sub. πυρετός), ὁ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

ἡπιό-δίνητος, ον, (ἡπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling.

ἡπιό-δωρος, ον, (ἡπιος, δῶρον) giving welcome gifts.

ἡπιό-θυμός, ον, (ἡπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.

ἡΠΙ-ΟΨ, α, ον, Att. os, ον, gentle, mild, kind. II. act. soothing, assuaging, calming.

ἡπιό-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing hand.

ἡπιώς, Adv. of ἡπιος, gently, mildly.

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡ-που, or ἡ-που, Adv. or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.

ἡ-που or ἡ-που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡπύα [ῡ], ὁ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύα κηρύξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύατα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [α]: f. ἴσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἡπῡσα: (ἐπος, εἰπεῖν):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak: of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to howl, roar.

ἡΡ-, τό, poet. for ἔαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἡρος, ἡρί are the only cases used in Prose.

ἡρᾶ, 3 sing. impf. of ἑράω.

ἡρᾶ, 1 sing. aor. I of αἶρω.

ἡρα (ἡράρον aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness: cp. ἐπύρα.

ἡΡΑ Ion. Ἠρή, ἡ, Hera; the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

ἡραῖος, α, ον, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ Ἠραῖον, (ἱερὸν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ Ἠραῖα, (ἱερά) her festival.

ἩΡΑΚΛΕΗΣ contr. Ἡρακλῆς, ὁ: gen. Ἡρακλέος contr. Ἡρακλέους Ep. Ἡρακλῆος: dat. Ἡρακλέϊ contr. Ἡρακλέϊ Ep. Ἡρακλῆϊ: acc. Ἡρακλέα contr. Ἡρακλέᾳ Ep. Ἡρακλῆα rarely Ἡρακλῆ later also Ἡρακλῆ: voc. Ἡράκλεες, Ἡράκλει: in Ion. also declined Ἡρακλέος -κλέως, Ἡρακλέϊ, Ἡρακλέᾳ:—Hercules, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. Ἡράκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

Ἡράκλειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ep. Ἡρακλήιος, ἡ, ον:—of or belonging to Hercules; βῆθ Ἡρακληῖη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; Ἡρακλεία στῆλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ Ἡρακλείον Ion. -ῆϊον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ Ἡρακλεία bis festival. II. Ἡράκλεια λουτρά hot baths.

Ἡρακλῆς, contr. from Ἡρακλῆς.

ἡράμη, aor. I med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἔραμαι.

ἡράρον, es, ε, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡράσάμην, aor. I med. of ἐράομαι.

ἡράσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράομαι.

ἡράσσοτο, Ep. for ἡράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐράομαι.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αἶρω.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράω.

ἡρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀράω.

ἡρέθον, impf. of ἐρέθω.

ἡρε, 3 sing. impf. of αἶρω.

ἡρεσα, aor. I of ἐρέλω.

ἡρέμᾳ and ἡρέμας, Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ἡρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ἡρεμέστερος; ἡρεμαῖος being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, α, ον, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. -ως.

ἡρεμέστερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμεστέρας.

ἡρεμέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἡρέμα) to be still, keep quiet.

ἡρέμ [Ὶ], Adv. for ἡρέμα, gently.

ἡρεμία, ἡ, (ἡρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

ἡρεμίζω, f. σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest. II. intr. to be at rest.

ἡρεσα, aor. I of ἀρέσκω.

ἡρέτιστα, aor. I of αἰρετίζω.

ἡρευν, Ion. for ἡρων, impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡρη, Ion. for ἡρα.

ἡρημαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρημωσα, aor. I of ἐρημώω.

ἡρῆρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρηρεστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρεῖδω.

ἡρῆρην, aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρι, (ῆρ) Adv. early, at early morn; ἄμα ἡρι τοῦ θεούς early in the summer.

Ἡριδάνος, ὁ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.

ἡριθμεον, impf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡριθμίμαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίκε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρέκω.

ἡρίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῆρ) = ἑαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.

ἡΡΙΤΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίτον, aor. 2 of ἐρέπω.

ἡρι-πόλη, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ῆρι, πολέω) early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.

ἡρίσα, aor. I of ἐρίζω.

ἡρκα, ἡρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἡρνεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀρνέομαι.

ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἀρνέομαι.

ἡρόθην, aor. I pass. of ἁρώ.

ἡρόμην, impf. med. of αἶρω.

ἡρπαζα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἀρπάζω.

ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.

ἡρσα, aor. I of ἀρρίσκω. II. also of ἄρδω.

ἡρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἄρτρω.

ἡρτυνάντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἄρτυνω.

ἡρύχον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεῦγομαι.

ἡρύκακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.

ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι; also impf. med. of ἀρχω.

ἡρώ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρῶ, poet. for ἡρωί, dat. of ἡρως; ἡρωί, acc.

ἡρώειον, τό, = ἡρώων.

ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἑρώεω.

ἡρωϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡρως) of or for heroes, heroic:

ἡρωϊκὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.

ἡρωϊνὴ [ῆ], contr. ἡρώνη, fem. of ἡρως, a heroïne.

ἡρώϊος, α, ὄν, = ἡρωϊκός.

ἡρώϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρωϊνὴ, a heroïne.

ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρώων, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from

ἡρώος, α, ὄν, contr. of ἡρώϊος, of or for heroes,

heroic: ὁ ἡρώος (sub. βυθός), the heroic measure,

hexameter. From

ἡρως, ὁ: gen. ἡρως Att. ἡρω: dat. ἡρωί contr. ἡρῶ:

acc. ἡρῶα contr. ἡρῶ: pl. nom. and acc. ἡρῶες, rarely

contr. ἡρῶς:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to

warriors, but applied to all free men of that age,

etc.; as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II.

Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who

fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the

present race. III. Pindar represents them as a race

between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether

those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or

Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great

service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later

times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities,

etc.; as at Athens, the ἡρῶες ἐπάνυμοι were the heroes

after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The founders

of a city were worshipped under this name.

ἡς, Dor. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡσα, Att. aor. I of αἶδω.

ἡσα, aor. I of ἡδω.

ἡσαι, 2 sing. of ἡμαι.

ἡσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡσαν, Att. for ἡδεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense)

of οἶδα. II. for ἡϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.

ἡσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἡδομαι.

ἡσειν, fut. inf. of ἔημι.

ἡσθα, Aeol. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡσθαι, inf. of ἡμαι.

ἡσθέουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω.

ἡσθην, aor. I pass. of ἡδομαι.

ἡσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἶδω.

ἡσθιον, impf. of ἐσθίω.

ἡσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.

ἡσθον, impf. of ἐσθω.

ἡσι-επής, ἐς, (ἡμι, ἐπος) a babbler.

ἡσκειν, contr. for ἡσκειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.

ἡμαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἶδω.

ἡσμεν, Att. for ἡδμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.

ἡσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἡμαι.

ἡσσα Att. ἡττα, ἡς, ἡ, a defeat, discomfiture: c.

gen. defeat by, yielding to. From

ἡσσάομαι Att. ἡττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass.

ἡττήσομαι, ἡσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσσηθήην: pf. ἡττή-

μαι:—Ion. ἑσσομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἡσαν):

—to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten,

worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to

be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause.

Hence

ἡσσητρός, α, ὄν, and, in neut. plur. ἡσσητρία, verb.

Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.

ἡσσον, Att. impf. of αἰσσω.

ἡσσων, ἡσσον, gen. ovos: Att. ἡττων: Ion. ἑσσων:

—less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than

another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing.

(Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably

formed from ἡκα, ἡκιστος being the Sup.)

ἡσται, 3 sing. of ἡμαι.

ἡστε, Att. for ἡδετε, 2 pl. plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡστην, for ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡστην, Att. for ἡδετήν, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡστον, for ἡτον, 2 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡστωσα, aor. I of αἰστώω.

ἡσυχά, neut. pl. of ἡσυχος, used like ἡσυχῇ.

ἡσυχάζω, f. σι, (ἡσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest;

τὸ ἡσυχάζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead

of night.

ἡσυχάος, α, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.

ἡσυχάτερος, α, ὄν, irr. Comp. of ἡσυχος, ἡσυχάος.

ἡσυχῇ Dor. αὖσυχά, Adv. of ἡσυχος, quietly, gently.

ἡσυχία Dor. αὖσυχ-, ἡ, (ἡσυχος) stillness, quiet,

peace; ἡσυχίαν ἀγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, be at

peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.

ἡσυχίμος Dor. αὖσυχ-, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος.

ἡσυχίος, ὄν, rarely α, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος.

*ἩΣΥΧΟΣ Dor. αὖσυχος, ὄν, still, quiet, at rest;

ἐχ' ἡσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II.

Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡσυχάτερος, -αἰστος;

but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -ως, also ἡσυχῇ,

and neut. pl. ἡσυχά as Adv. [ῆ]

ἡσυχυκα, pf. of αἰσχύνω.

ἡσυχυμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσχύνω.

ἡσυχάω, aor. I of αἰσχύω.

ἡσω, fut. of ἔημι.

ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Conj. or also.

ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.

ἡτε, for ἡετε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.

ἡτκα, ἡτσα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.

ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡττάσθε, ἡττώντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰττάομαι.

ἡτιοσάμην, ἡτιάμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἡ-τοι, Conjunct.: II. = ἡ τοι, full, surely, verily. III. = ἡ τοι, either in truth, followed by ἡ... either..., or...

ἡτιοῦμαι, pf. pass. of ἑτοιμάω, in med. sense.

ἡΤΟΡ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart.

ἡΤΡΙΟΝ Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being κρίβλη): in pl. ἡτρια, a thin, fine cloth: hence, ἡτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ἡτρον, τό, (ἡτρο) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ἡττα, ἡττάομαι, ἡτταν, etc., Att. for ἡσσ-.

ἡτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum.

ἡυ, neut. from ἡς. In compds. with εὖ- or ἐν-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ἡῦ-; v. sub εὖ-.

ἡυδῖσα, ἡυδῖκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡυδοῖμαι, impf. of εὐδοκίμειν.

ἡυδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡυξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ἡύλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ἡύλισθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω.

ἡυξάμην, aor. I of εὐχόμεναι.

ἡυξήθην, ἡυξήμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ἡυξήκα, ἡυξήσα, pf. and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ἡυρόν, ἡυρέθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ἡύς, neut. ἡῦ, Ep. for εὖς, good, brave.

ἡῦσα, aor. I of αἶω. [ῦ]

ἡῦτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ἦ, than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ἡῦτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [ῦ]

ἡυτρέπια, pf. pass. of εὐτρέπιω.

ἡυχόμεν, impf. of εὐχόμεναι.

Ἥφαιστος, α, ον, (Ἥφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanus: τὸ Ἥφαιστέον or Ἥφαιστειον (sub. ἱερὸν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἥφαιστεία (sub. ἱερά), his festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

Ἥφαιστό-πονός, ον, (Ἥφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan.

Ἥφαιστος, ον, ὁ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

Ἥφαιστό-τευκτός, ον, and Ἥφαιστο-τευχής, ἐς, (Ἥφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἡφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡφι, Ep. for ῥι.

ἡφιε, for ἀφιε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἡφιόν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἡφύσα, aor. I of ἀφύσσω.

ἡφυσσόμεν, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ἡχα, pf. of ἀγω.

ἡχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἡχέω.

ἡχέτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἡχέτᾱ, (ἡχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicada.

ἡχέω Dor. ἀχέω [ā]: f. ἡσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἀχέων ὕμνον, κωκυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From

ἭΧΗ Dor. ἀχα, ἡ, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like ἰαχῇ, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ἡχῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡχῇ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ἡχημα, αὐτός, τό, (ἡχέω) a sound.

ἡχητής, οὗς, ὁ, and ἡχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡχέτης.

ἡχι, Ep. for ῥι, Adv. where.

ἡχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἄχθομαι and ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθην, aor. I pass. of ἄγω.

ἡχθηρα, aor. I of ἐχθαίρω.

ἡχμάσα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ἡχος, ὁ, = ἡχῇ.

ἡχώ Dor. ἀχώ, ἡ, gen. -όος contr. -οὐς, = ἡχῇ, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. Ἥχῶ, Echo, personified as an Oread.

ἡψατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄπτομαι.

ἡψησα, ἡψηθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλω.

ἡῶθεν Dor. ἠῶθεν Att. ἔωθεν, Adv. (ἡῶς) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn.

ἡῶθι, old Ep. gen. of ἡῶς, ἡῶθι πρό before dawn.

ἡόν, ὄνος, ὁ, Att. contr. for ἡϊόν.

ἡός, α, ον, at morn, at break of day. II. eastern. From

ἭΩΣ, ἡ, gen. ἡός contr. ἡούς: dat. ἡοὶ contr. ἡοί: acc. ἡόα contr. ἡῶ:—Att. ἔως, gen. ἔω, acc. ἔω or ἔων:—Dor. ἠώς:—Aeol. ἠῶς:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμαρ mid-day, and δειλὴ evening; acc., ἡῶ the whole morning long; ἡμῇ at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ζόφος. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἡῶς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II. as prop. n. Ἥως, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

Θ

Θ, θ, θήτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑννέα, ἑννατός, but θ = γοοο. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as Lacon. σείος Ἀσάνα σάω, for θείος Ἀθάνα θάω: so also in Ion., βυσσός for θυός. Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φήρ φλάω φλίβω for θήρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλσ.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος.

θαάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θαάσσων.

θαέτω, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θαέω, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαέομαι, Dor. for Att. θεάομαι Ion. θεέομαι. Hence θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle.

θαήτὸς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαίμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἱμάτια.

ΘΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, the binge of a door or gate.

θακέω, f. ἡσω (θάκος) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to

take a seat: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακύν
to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, *a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.*
θάκησις, εως, ἡ, (θακύν) *a sitting, seat.*
θάκος, ό, (θάσσω) *a seat*: Ion. θάκος.

θαλόμαξ, άκος, ό, = θαλαμίτης.
θαλάμενμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, *a dark chamber or dwelling-place.*

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) *a lair, den, bole.* [ά]
θαλάμητις, ἡ, ov, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θαλάμη-πόλος, ov, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) *waiting in the lady's chamber.* II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος,

ό or ἡ, *a bridegroom or bridesmaid.*

θαλάμος, α, ov, (θάλαμος) *belonging to the chamber.*
As Subst.: I. θάλαμος, ό, = θαλαμίτης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κύπη), *the oar of the θαλαμίτης.* 2. (sub. δπη), *the bole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-bole.*

θαλάμιτης, ov, ό, (θάλαμος) *one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay*: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [i]

θαλάμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. *to the bed-chamber.*

ΘΑ'ΔΑ'ΜΟΣ, ό, an inner room or chamber: I. *the women's apartment, inner part of the house.* II. *a bed-room, bride-chamber.* 3. *the storeroom.* II. any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III. *the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat.*

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (άλς) *the sea*: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἡδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς θάλασσα, ἡ ἔσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it *positivum mare*), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph., θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. *a well of salt or brackish water.* Hence

θαλασσαίος, α, ov, = θαλάσιος.
θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) *to be at sea, go by sea.*

θαλάσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. *marinus*; θαλάσσια ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια animals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαία. 2. *skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.*

θαλασσο-κόπη, f. ἡσω, (θάλασσα, κόπω) *to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash*: metaph. *to make much ado about nothing.*

θαλασσο-κρατέω, f. ἡσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) *to be master of the sea.*

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, opos, ό, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) *master of the sea.*

θαλασσό-πληγκτος, ov, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) *sea-driven, tempest-tossed.*

θαλασσό-πληκτος, ov, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten.*

θαλασσο-πόρος, ov, (θάλασσα, πείρος) *sea-faring.*

θαλασσο-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, *έργω) *working at sea*: as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ό, *a fisherman.*

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσο-.

θάλαα, τά, (θαλεύν) *good cheer, comforts, delights.*

θαλέω, poet. for θάλλω, *to bloom, flourish.*

θάλεια, ἡ, *blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, εν διατλ θαλήη at the bounteous feast.* It is fem. of an obsol. Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεύν.

II. as prop. n. Θάλεια, ἡ, one of the Muses, *the blooming one*: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεύν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, ά, όν, (θαλεύν) *blooming, fresh: vigorous, active.* II. *luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.*

θαλερ-ώπης, ιδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ὥψ) *with bright eyes.*
θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θαλής, ό, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλή, acc. Θαλήν: but also Θάλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλού: Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θάλια, ἡ, (θαλεύν) *bloom*: metaph. *good cheer, wealth, plenty*: in plur. *festivities, a feast.*

θαλήσσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσσω from θηλέω.

θαλλός, ό, (θάλλω) *a young shoot, twig*: ό τῆς ἐλαίας θαλλός *the olive-branch used at festivals*; also, ἱκτὴρ θαλλός *the branch carried by suppliants.*

θαλλο-φόρος, ov, (θαλλός, φέρω) *carrying olive-branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.*

ΘΑ'ΔΔΩ, fut. θαλῶ: aor. 2 ἔθαλον: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθηλώς, Ep. fem. τεθαλυῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τεθήλει:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθηλώς is used absol. as Adj. *swelling, rich, abundant.* 2. metaph. to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑ'ΔΟΣ, eos, τό, like θαλλός, *a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch*: metaph. *a child, scion, Lat. stirps.*

θαλπιδώ, Ep. part. θαλπίδων, (θάλπω) *to be or become warm, warm oneself.*

θαλπνός, ἡ, όν, *warming, fostering.* From θάλπος, eos, τό, (θάλπω) *warmth, heat, esp. summer-heat*; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. *soles.* 2. metaph. *a sting, smart, tingling.*

θαλπτήριος, ov, *warming.* From

ΘΑ'ΔΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔθαλψα:—Pass., aor. I ἔθαλφθη: pf. inf. τεθαλφθαι:—to warm, heat. II.

metaph. to heat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ἡ, *a warming*: metaph. *a comfort.*

θαλπωρή, ά, όν, (θάλπω) *warm, glowing.*

θαλύσις (sub. ἱερά), ίων, τά, (θαλεύν) *the firstlings of the harvest, offering of first-fruits.* [v] Hence

θαλύσις, άδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (άμα) *together in crowds, close, thick.* II.

of Time, often, oftentimes, frequent.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά II.

θαμβάινω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ἡσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θάμβος, eos, τό, *astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor.* (From Root TAΨ-, see τέθηκα.)

θαμέες, οι, αι, dat. θαμέσι, acc. θαμέας, (θαμά)

ποῖτ. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύς), crowded, close, thick.

θαμείος, ὁ, ὄν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμῖνᾱ, neut. plur. of θαμνός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμνός, ἡ, ὄν, = θαμείος.

θάμνος, ὁ, (θαμνός) a bush, shrub.

θάνάσιμος, ov, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. —ως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανάτως, Desiderat. of θνήσκειν, to wish to die.

θανάτηφορία, ἡ, a causing of death. From

θανάτη-φορός, ov, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θάνᾱτιω, Desiderat. of θνήσκειν, to wish to die.

θανάτεις, ἑσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θανάτῳ-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνᾱτος, ὁ, (θάνειν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II.

as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θανάτουσια (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θανάτω, f. ὤσω, (θάνατος) to put to death: metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνων, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκειν.

θάνειν Ep. θανέιν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκειν.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανεῖσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκειν.

θανοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκειν.

θαυόμαι, fut. of θνήσκειν.

ΘΑΪΟΜΑΙ: f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθῆσάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέων, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω, aor. I ἐθαφα: pf. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τάψομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. I ἐθάφθην, aor. 2 ἐτάφην [ā]: pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργῆλια, ων, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ὥνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλειος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαρσάλειος, α, ov, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαράλειον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλέωτερος. Adv. —ἔως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἦσω, (θάρσος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσους, εως, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on. ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or ΘΑΡΣΟΣ Att. θάρρος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρη grounds of confidence.

θαρσύνων Att. θαρρύνων, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσινος, ov, relying on a thing.

θαρσίνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. ἴνῶ, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr.=θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῶ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάομαι.

θασόσιμος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι.

Θασίος, α, ov, (Θάσος) from Thasos, Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκᾶν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΪΣΣΩ Ep. θάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσων Att. θάπτων, ov, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσων as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, see ἑτέρος.

θάπτων, Att. for θάσσων.

θαύμα Ion. θάυμα or θῶμα, ατος, τό, (θάομαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαύμα ἰδεῖσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαύμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαύματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῖμ- or θαμ-: fut. —άσομαι Ep. —άσομαι, later in act. form —άσω: aor. I ἐθαύμασα: pf. τεθαύμασα:—Pass., fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαύμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρὼν my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαῖνον, fut. ἄνῶ Ep. ἄνῶ, (θαύμα) to wonder at. θαυμάσιος, α, ov, Ion. θαῖμ- or θαμᾱσίος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ῶς, marvellously.

θαυμάσιον-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (θαυμάσιος, ἔργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαυμ- or θαμ-, ἡ, ὄν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ῶς, wonderfully.

θαυματόομαι, Pass. (θαύμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυμάτοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, ὄν, (θαύμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτῳ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θαυμαστός.

θαυμάτουργέω, f. ἦσω, θαυματοποιέω. From θαυμάτ-ουργός, ὄν, (θαύμα, *ἔργω) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, ἡ, ov, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapso.

*ΘΑΨ, Ep. for the prose θηλάω: aor. I inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσαι, to suck, milk, ἐπιτετανὸν γάλα θῆσαι milk to milk the year round: 3 sing. aor. I, θῆσαςτο μασόν he sucked the breast.

*Θάω, Lam. σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὴ θεά), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεά, ἡ, (θεόμα) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾷθῆναι, ἡ, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεᾷνᾶ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αἰτητος, ον, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θεᾶμα Ion. θέημα, atos, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεᾶμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ā]

θεάομαι: f. θεάσομαι [ā], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I ἐθεάσαμην: pf. τεθεάμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold: οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I ἐθεάθην in pass sense, to be seen. See θάομαι, θηόμαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεαρός.

θεᾷτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾷτός, ἡ, ὅν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίζω, f. σω, (θέατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θέατρον Ion. θέτηρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience.

3. = θεάμα, the piece represented, a show. [ā]

θε-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θεῖον, τό, poet. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θεῖος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θειεοῦνται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειεῖω.

θειεῖω, Ep. for θειεῖω, to smoke with brimstone.

θειεσκον, Ion. impf. of θείω.

θῆη, ἡ, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτης, ἡ, ον, Ion. for θέειος, θεῖος, divine.

θε-ήλατος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god.

II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θεη-μάχια, ἡ, θεη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θεη-πολέω, θεη-πολός, ὄν, poet. for θεοπ-.

θεήσσει, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θήησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θεήτης, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής.

θεητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θειάζω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θεῖαθεν, Θεῖαβη, Aeol. for Θεῖβ-.

θεῖναι, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖην, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖκελος, = θέσκελος.

θεῖλο-πῆδον, τό, (εἶναι, πῆδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θεῖημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. I inf. of θείνω.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. I ἐθείνω: aor. 2 ἐθενον, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part. θενών:—to strike, dash.

θεῖο-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέμω) god-built.

θεῖομεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θέειον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. sulfur.

θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods.

2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΟΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖος.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θεῖο-χρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ον, (θεῖον, χρῶα) brimstone-coloured.

θειῶ Ep. θειεῖω: f. ὥσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖως, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θελγεσί-μυθος, ον, (θέλγω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θελγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλγω.

θελγητρον, τό, (θέλγω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΓΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐθελξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθέλχηται:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλως, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, atos, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλῃσις, εως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (θέλγω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλγω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θελκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θέλξει, aor. I inf. of θέλγω.

θελξεῖ, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλγω.

θελξί-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (θέλγω, νοός) charming or witching the heart.

θελξί-πικρος, ον, (θέλγω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θελξί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλγω, φρήν) = θελξίνοος.

θέλοισα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλυμα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕ'ΑΩ, impf. ἐθέλων: fut. θελήσω: aor. ἰ ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἄμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμελία, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμελία θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμελία, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμελία, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone; οἱ θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιόω, ἰ. ὥσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: —Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ep. for θείναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, όν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-όπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεμερός, ὦψ) of serious countenance, honest.

θεμιζώ, (θέμις) to regulate, punish, control: Med., ποιεῖν. aor. ἰ θεμισσάσθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θεμίς, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἡ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν: —in Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: I. law,

right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐστὶ 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ἥ θέμις ἐστὶ as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμις, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances. 4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences.

III. Θέμις as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, justice. θεμι-σκοπός, όν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order. θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ό, reigning by right.

θεμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμις. θεμιστεῖος, α, ον, (θέμις) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, ἰ. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμις. θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ἡ, όν, (θεμιζώ) sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμίτός, ἡ, όν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

ΘΕΜΟ'Ω, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νῆα θέμωσε χέρσον ἰκέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

—θεν, insep. Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to —δε, as, οἴκοθεν, οὐρανόθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally —θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σθέν, ἔθεν. θένᾱρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἄλδς θένωρ the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβω, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβης, ές, (θεός, βλαβήναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ές, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεο-γλώσσος, ον, (θεός, γλῶσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἡ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γένω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλτος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) hurtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [Ὶ]

θεό-δμητος, ον, Dor. —δμητος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόδοτος.

θεο-εἰδής, ές, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαῖδέστατος.

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἡ, a being bated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) bated by the gods. θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θείουσα, Dor. for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλήτew, ἰ. ἦσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κρᾶνω) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μᾶνής, ές, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λίσσα θεομανής madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ό, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομαχία, ἡ, to fight against God: and θεομαχία, ἡ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God. θεο-μήστωρ, ορος, ό, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μιστής, ές, (θεός, μισέω) bated of the gods. θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεός, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μῦσής, ές, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παις, παιδος, ό, ἡ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) *making statues of gods.*
θεό-πομπός, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) *god-sent.*
θεο-πόνητος, ὄν, (θεός, πονέω) *wrought by a god.*
θεο-πρεπής, ἐς, (θεός, πρέπω) *besitting a god.* Adv. *-πῶς.*
θεοπροπέω, *to prophesy*, in part. *θεοπροπέαν*; and *θεοπροπία*, ἡ, or *-ιον, τό*, a *prophecy*. From
θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) *prophetic, boding, divining*: as Subst., *θεοπρόπος*, ὁ, a *prophet*. II. a *public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle*, cf. *θεωρός*.
θεό-πυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτύω) *abhorred by the gods.*
θεό-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πύρ) *kindled by the gods.*
ΘΕ-ΟΡΟΣ, ὄν, (θεός, ὀρνυμαι) *sprung from the gods.*
ΘΕΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *DEUS*, *God*: in Homer either *God*, as, *θεός δώσει* *God will grant*; or, *θεός τις* a *god*, some particular god: later the *Deity*, like *τὸ θεῖον*:—*σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἄνυσθε θεῶν*, Lat. *non sine diis*, *by the will of God*; *ὑπὲρ θεῶν* *against his will*:—as an oath, *πρὸς θεοὺς by the gods*, in *God's name*. II. fem. *θεά*, for *θεά, θάνα*, a *goddess*: esp. in Att. phrase *τὰ θεά*, *the two goddesses*, i. e. *Ceres and Proserpine*. III. as Adj. in Comp. *θεότερος*, *more divine*.
θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) *given by the gods.*
θεός-δωρος, ὄν, poet. for *θεοδωρῆτος*.
θεοσβεία, ἡ, *the worship or fear of God*. From
θεο-σεβής, ἐς, (θεός, σέβομαι) *worshipping God, religious, devout*. Adv. *-βάς*, *religiously*.
θεός-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβομαι) *worshipped as a god.*
θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄν, ὁ, = *θεοσεβής*.
θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) *hatred of the gods, ungodliness, impiety*.
θεός-σῆτος, ὄν, poet. for *θεόσντος*, *sent by the gods*.
θεο-στήρικτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) *supported by God*.
θεο-στιβής, ἐς, (θεός, στιβεῖν) *trodden by God*.
θεο-στιγής, ἐς, (θεός, στυγέω) *hated of the gods or of God, abominable*. II. act. *hating God*.
θεο-στύγητος, ὄν, *bated of the gods*.
θεός-σῆτος, poet. also *θεός-σντος*, ὄν, (θεός, σέω) *sent by the gods*.
θεό-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) *the god-bull*, a name for *Zeus* changed into a bull.
θεο-τείχης, ἐς, (θεός, τεῖχος) *walled by the gods*.
θεό-τεукτος, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) *made by God*.
θεότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεός) *divinity, divine nature*.
θεο-τίμητος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) *honoured of God*.
θεό-τίμος, ὄν, *honoured of God*.
θεό-τρεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) *directed by the gods*.
θεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (θεός, τρέφω) *feeding the gods*.
θεουδεία, ἡ, *the fear of God, boliness*.
θεουδής, ἐς, (θεός, δέος) *fearing god, godly*. Hence
θεο-φάνια (sub. *ιερά*), τά, (θεός, φανῆναι) *a festival at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn to the people*.
θεο-φιλής, ἐς, (θεός, φιλέω) *beloved of the gods*.
θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of *θεός*: esp. in phrase, *θεόφιν μήστωρ ἀτάλαντος*.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) *inspired by a god*. II. act. *carrying a god or goddess*.
θεό-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) *bearing a god*. II. *θεόφορος*, ὄν, *borne or possessed by a god, inspired*.
θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. *ονος*, (θεός, φρήν) *godly-minded, godly, devout*, Lat. *pius*.
θεόω, f. ὥσω, (θεός) *to make into a god, deify*.
θεράπαινα and *-νίς*, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of *θεράπων*, a *waiting-maid, handmaid*.
θεράπεια Ion. *-ητή*, ἡ, (θεραπεύω) *a waiting on, service, attendance*; *θεραπεία θεῶν* *divine worship*, 2. a *fostering, nurture*: *tending in sickness, medical treatment*. 3. a *courting, paying court*. II. a *body of attendants, suite, retinue*.
θεράπεια, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) *service done, attendance, nurture: medical treatment*.
θεραπεύειν, verb. Adj. of *θεραπεύω*, *one must cultivate*: also *one must cure*.
θεραπευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and *θεραπευτής*, οὔ, (θεραπεύω) *an attendant, servant*. 2. *one who attends to anything*: a *worshipper of the gods*: a *physician*.
θεραπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπεύω) *inclined to serve, attentive, obedient*: *courteous*. 2. *able to cure*; ἡ *θεραπευτική* (sc. τέχνη) *the healing art*.
θεραπεύω, f. σω, (θεράπων) *to wait on, attend, serve*: *to be an attendant*: *to do service to the gods, to worship*: *to serve, attend, pay observance to*. 2. *to pay court to, to flatter*: also of things, *to consult, attend to*, Lat. *inservire commodo*. 3. c. acc. rei, *to take care of, provide for*; *θεραπεύειν τὸ παρόν*, *to provide for the present*; *θεραπεύειν ἡμέραν* *to observe a day, keep it holy*. 4. *to tend the sick, to treat medically, to heal, cure*. 5. of land, *to cultivate, till*.
θεράπῃη, Ion. for *θεραπεία*.
θεράπῃος, η, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for *θεραπευτικός*.
θεράπῃη, ἡ, poet. for *θεράπαινα*, a *handmaid*:—and, *θεραπνίς*, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. contr. from *θεραπαινίς*.
θεράποντις, ἴδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) *of a waiting-maid*.
ΘΕΡΑΠΙΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, an *attendant, servant*, differing from *δούλος*, as implying *free service*: in Homer, a *companion in arms, comrade*, though inferior in rank, as *Patroclus* was the *θεράπων* of *Achilles*; so, kings were *Διὸς θεράποντες*, *warriors* *θεράποντες* *Ἄρως*, poets *Μουσῶν θεράποντες*. II. in *Chios*, the *θεράποντες* were *slaves*.
θέραψ, ὁ, rare form for *θεράπων*, only found in acc. *θέραπα*, nom. pl. *θέραπες*.
θέρειος, α, ὄν, (θέρω) *of, belonging to summer, in summer*; *αὐχμὸς θ.* *summer-drought*; ἡ *θέρεια*, Ion. *θέρει* (with or without ὥρα), *summer-time, summer*.
θερέω, Ep. for *θερῶ*, aor. 2 pass. subj. of *θέρω*.
θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I *ἔθέρισα* syncop. *ἔθρισα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἔθερίσθην*: pf. *τεθέρημα*: (θέρω) *—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn*:—metaph. *to mow down, cut off, slay*: also *to cut the hair*. 3. also *to pack up*. II. intr. *to pass the summer*; cf. *ἐπρίζω, χειμάζω*.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = θέρειος; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι *the summer solstice*, i. e. the 21st of June. [Υ]
θερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (θέρος) prose form for θέρειος, of, in, or during summer.

θερίσμιος, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mowing, reaping, harvesting.*
θερίστης, οὐ, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mower, reaper, harvest-man.*
θερίστριον or θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) *a light summer-garment*, opp. to χειμάστιον.

θερμαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐθέρμηνα: (θερμός):—*to warm, heat*:—Pass. *to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow*: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπῖσι *to glow with hope*.

θερμη, ἡ, (θερμός) *heat, feverish heat*. II. θερμαι, αἱ, bot-springs, Lat. thermae.

θερμό-βυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) *bot-bubbling.*

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) *bot-in-counsel, rash.*

θερμό-δοτης, ον, ὁ, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) *one who brought the hot water* (Lat. calda) *at baths or sacrifices*, Lat. caldarius.

θερμο-εργός, ὄν, = θερμουργός.

θερμό-νους, ουν, (θερμός, νοῦς) *heated in mind.*

Θερμο-πύλαι, ὧν, αἱ, (θερμός, πύλη) *Hot-Gates*, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [Υ]

θερμός, ἡ, ὄν, also poet. ὅς, ὄν, (θέρω) *warm, hot, boiling*. II. metaph. *hot, hasty, rash, reckless*. 2. active, ready.

III. τὸ θερμόν, *heat*, Lat. calor: also, θερμόν (sub. ὑδωρ), *hot drink*, Lat. calda: τὰ θερμά (sub. χαρία), *hot places*, or (sub. λουτρά), *hot baths*.

ΘΕΨΜΟΣ, ὁ, *the lupine*.

θερμο-τράγῳ, f. ἡσσω, (θέρμις, τρώγω) *to eat lupines.*
θερμ-ουργός, ὄν, (θερμός, *εργώ) *doing hot and hasty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous.*

θέρμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) *to warm, heat, make hot*:—Pass. *to grow hot*.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) *summer, summer-time: summer-heat: τὸ θέρος*, absol., *during summer; τοῦ θέρος* in the course of summer. II. *a harvest, a crop*.

ΘΕΨΩ, fut. θέρω, *to warm, beat*:—Homer uses only Pass. θέρομαι, with fut. med. θέροσθαι, aor. 2 ἐθέρην in subj. θέρω for θερώ: *to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire*.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θέσις, εὖς, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a setting, placing, arranging; ἐπίων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry*. II. *a deposit of money, earnest-money*. III. *adoption as the child of some one; cf. θετός*. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) *a being placed, position, situation*. 2. *a position or thesis to be proved*. V. in metre *the last half of the foot*, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (ἄρσις), in which it rises.

θέσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, ἔσχω, ἵσχω) *godlike*: but generally, *marvellous, wondrous*, always of things, θεο-εἶκελος being used of persons; θέσκελα ἔργα *works of wonder*; neut. as Adv., ἔκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ *he was wondrous like him*.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) *according to law, lawful, legitimate*: θέσμια, τά, as Subst. *laws, customs, rites*.

θεσμο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) *a lawgiver*. II. the θεσμοθέται at Athens were *the six junior archons*: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ἡσσω, (θεσμός, ποιέω) *to make laws*.

θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πολέω) *conversant with laws or customs*.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τίθημι):—*a law, rule, ordinance*, Lat. institutum: *a rite, form, institution*. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, *justice*, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφóρια, ον, τά, (θεσμοφόρος) *the Thesmophoria*, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σω, *to keep the Thesmophoria; αἱ Θεσμοφορίαζουσαι*, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφóριον, τό, *the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος*.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) *law-giving*: epith. of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρα Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., θεσμο-φύλακες, like νομο-φύλακες, *guardians of the law*, a magistracy at Elis. [Υ]

θεσ-πέσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θεός, ἔπος) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. *more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable*, and generally = θεῖος, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίῃ (sub. βουλῇ) as Adv., *by the will of God*. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, excellent*.

3. of anything sent by God, and so, *awful, fearful*. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. *in divine manner*; θεσπεσίως ἐφύβηθεν *they trembled unspeakably*.

θεσπιδάης, ἑς, (θέσις, δαίω A) *kindled by a god*; θεσπιδαὲς πῦρ, *supernatural, furious fire*.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσις, ἔπος) *prophetic*.

θεσπιζέω, fut. ἰω Att. ἰω, Ion. inf. θεσπίειν: aor. I ἐθέσπισα Dor. -ῖσα: (θέσις):—*to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine*.

θεσπιζασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.

θέσπιος, ον, = θεσπέσιος.

θέσ-πισ, ος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) *inspired, prophetic, sacred*. II. = θεῖος II, *divine, wondrous awful*.

θέσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπιζέω) *an oracle*.

θεσπιφδέω, f. ἡσσω, *to sing in prophetic strain*. From

θεσπι-φῶδός, ὄν, (θέσπις, φῶδῇ) singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἰδος, a Thessalian: also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people.

θέσσασθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic.

θεσ-φάτος, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From Θέτις, ἰδος, ὅ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεύ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεύμορος.

θεύς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἡ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΨΩ Ep. also θέω: fut. θέσομαι:—to run; θέειν

πεδίον to run over the plain; περὶ τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περὶ ψυχῆς Ἔκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. ὅρμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἔντυξ ἡ πυμάτη θέειν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεάον, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θεῶμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. III. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see ἐπρώεω. Hence

θεώρημα, αὖτος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θερέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θερέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἡ, (θερέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection. II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

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θεωρίαι, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II. τὰ θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ἴπα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine.

Θηβῶ-γενής, ἑς, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θήβαϊς, Adv. at Thebes.

Θήβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, ὄν, αἰ, poet. also Θήβη, ἡ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβαι-γενής, ἑς, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαιεύς, ἑὺς Ion. ἑὺς, epith. of Jove, Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Θήβαι) the Thebaïs, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaïd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θήβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

Θήβη, v. Θήβαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγάλεος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II. act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἡ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ᾶ]

θηγάνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor. I θήξα:—Pass., pf. τέθηγμα:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δύρην θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηέτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θῶ-μαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἐθηέτο Ep. θηέτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἐθηέοντο Ep. θηέυντο; ἐθηέμεσθα Ion. I pl.; θηέμενος Ion. part.: θηήσω, —αὐτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. I opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θείον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θηκα, Ep. aor. I of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἰκημα θηκαῖον *a burial vault*.

From
θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a case to put anything in, a box, chest*: *a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault*.

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, *sharpened*.
θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄζω: (θηλή): *to give suck, suckle*. II. of the child, *to suck*; θηλάζων *sucking*.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.
θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ἴσω, (θηλή) *to flourish, abound*;
c. gen., λειμῶνες ἰου ἡδέ σελίνου θήλεον *the meadows were rich with violets and parsley*. II. *to make to bloom*.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθηλα) *the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple*.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) *of female sex*.
θηλύ-γλωσσος, ον, (θήλυς, γλώσσα) *with woman's tongue*.

θηλυδρίας, ον, ὁ, Ion. -λης, (θήλυς) *an effeminate person*.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) *of womanish kind, effeminate*.

θηλυ-κρατής, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) *swaying women*.
θηλυ-κτόνος, ον, (θήλυς, κτείνω) *slaying by women's hands*.

θηλυ-μάνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) *mad for women*.
θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) *singing in soft strain*.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (θήλυς, μίτρα) *with a woman's head-dress*: fem. θηλύμυτρος, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλύ-μορφος, ον, (θήλυς, μορφή) *woman-shaped*.
θηλύ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) *of womanish mind*.

θηλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα: *to make weak and womanish*:—Pass. *to become so*.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -ποιν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, ποῦς)
θηλύπους βάσις *the tread of female foot*.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) *befitting a woman*.
θήλυς, εἰα, υ, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem.

θήλειά, acc. θηλεῶν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθηλα): *of female sex, female*, opp. to ἀρην; θήλεια θεός *a goddess*; θήλεια ἵπποι *mares*. 2. generally, *of or belonging to women*; τὸ θήλυ *the female sex*. II. of things, 1. *fruitful, prolific, nourishing*. 2. *tender, delicate*: in bad sense, *womanish, weak, effeminate*.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτερα θεῶν or γυναικес.

θηλύ-σπορος, ον, (θήλυς, σπείρω) *born of woman*;
γένητα θηλύσπορος *a race of females*.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, v. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θήλυς, τεκνέω) *bearing girls*.
θηλύ-φρων, ον, (θήλυς, φρήν) *of woman's mind*.

θηλυ-χιτών, gen. ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χιτάν) *with a woman's frock or dress*. [I]

θήμερον, by crasis for τῇ ἡμέρᾳ.

θήμετερον, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμεμιον, by crasis for τὸ ἡμισυ.

θημῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (τίθημι) *like θαμῶς, a bear*.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, *surely now*; ἢ θην *in very truth*; οὐ θην *surely not*.

θηξάσθω, 3. sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηοῖο, Ep. for θεοῖο, 2. sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗΡ, θήρος, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, ὁ, *a wild beast, a beast of prey*: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2.

any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) *a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase*:—eager pursuit of anything. II.

in collective sense, *the beasts, the game, quarry*.
θηρ-αγρέτης, ον, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) *a hunter*.

θηράμα, atos, τό, (θηράω) *that which is caught, prey, booty*.

θηράσιμος, ον, (θηράω) *to be caught or won*.
θηράτιος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, *to be caught or won*.

II. θηρατόν, one must catch or win.
θηρατής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηράω) *a hunter, hunter after*.

θηρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων *the arts for winning friends*.

θηράτρον, τό, (θηράω) *a thing to catch with, a net, trap*.
θηράω, f. ἄω or θηράσσομαι: (θήρα): *to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch*. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, *to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly*.

II. the Med. θηρώμαι is used in Act. sense, *to hunt after, seek for*: also in Pass. *to be hunted, pursued*.

θήρε, dual. nom. of θήρ.

θήρεος, ον, (θήρ) *of, belonging to wild beasts*, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, *the centaur*.

θήρεσσι, Ep. for θηροῖ, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, atos, τό, (θηρεύω) *spoils, prey, game*. II. *bunting*.

θήρευσις, εως, ἡ, (θηρεύω) *a hunting, the chase*: metaph. *a hunting after*.

θηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) *a hunter*; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν *with hounds and huntsmen*: also *a fisher*. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. *bunting dogs, bounds*: ἡ θηρευτικὴ (with and without τέχνη), *the art of hunting, the chase*.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ)=θηρώ, *to hunt, run down, catch*: *to hit, strike*: metaph. *to hunt or seek after*:—Pass. *to be hunted*: also *to be preyed upon*.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θηρήμα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητής, ἥρος, and θηρήτωρ, opos, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, *a hunter*.

θηριομαχέω, f. ἴσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) *a fight with wild beasts*. From

θηριο-μάχος, ον, *fighting with wild beasts*.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, *a wild animal, beast*; esp. of such as are hunted, *game*: *a beast, brute*, as opp. to birds and men. II. as real Dim. of θήρ, *a little animal*.

III. as a term of reproach, *beast*! like Lat. bellua, ὦ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηρι-ώδης, es, (θηρίον, εἶδος) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. *belluosus*.

II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. *belluinus*.

θηροβόλῃς, f. ἥσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From

θηρο-βόλος, ov, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, ov, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, ov, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ov, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts.

θηρ-ολέτης, ov, δ, (θήρ, ὀλλυμι) a slayer of beasts.

θηρο-νόμος, ov, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκοπός, ov, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

beasts.

θηροσύνη, ἡ, (θήρ) bunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ov, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beasts.

θηρο-τρόφος, ov, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild

beasts. II. *proparo*. θηρότροφος, pass. fed by

beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ov, also η, ov, (θήρ, *φένω) slaying

wild beasts.

θηροσί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρῳον, crasis for τὸ ἥρῳον.

ΘΗΨ, θητός, δ, a serf or villain, who is bound to

the soil, Lat. *ascriptus glebae*: also a hired labourer.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other

three being the πεντακοσιομέδωνοι, ἐπιεῖς, ξενίται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded

less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded

from public service, but were employed as light-armed

troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-

armed. II. fem. θήσσα Att. θήττα, ἡ, a labour-

ing girl. 2. as Adj., θήσσα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θήσαο, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαίαιτο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάομαι=θεάομαι.

θησάμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (θησαυρός) to store or treasure

up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence

θησαυρίσματος, ατος, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, ὁ, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up,

treasure. II. a store or treasure-house: any re-

ceptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησεῖον, τό, (Θησεύς) the temple of Theseus, a sanc-

tuary for runaway slaves. II. τὰ Θησεῖα (sub.

ἑρᾶ), the festival of Theseus.

θησεῖς, θησῶ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεῖω, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Θησεύς, εὖος, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the

heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler,

Civiliser.)

θήσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσσω Att. θήττα, fem. of θής.

θήσω, fut. of τίθημι.

θητέα, ἡ, (θητεύω) hired service.

θητεύω, f. σω, (θής) fit to be a menial, serve for hire.

θητικός, ὁ, ὄν, (θής) fit for menial service, menial.

θήττα, Att. for θήσσα.

-θῆ, insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting

the place at which, as, ἀγρόθῆ, οἴκοθῆ, in the fields, at

home. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termina-

tion, as in Ἰλίουθῆ πρό, ἡῶθῆ πρό.

θῆσ-ἀρχῆς, ov, δ, (θιασός, ἀρχῶ) the chief or leader

of a sacred band of revellers.

θῆσεα, ἡ, revelling. From

θῆσεω, (θιασός) to honour his sacred revelry:—

Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχάν be has his soul imbued with

Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, ὁ, a company or procession of persons

dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bac-

chus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company

or troop. Hence

θῆσσω, to make into a festive company.

θῆσως, Dor. acc. pl. of θιασός.

θῆσώτης, ov, δ, (θιασώ) the member of a company

of revellers; c. gen., θιασώται τοῦ ἔρωτος worship-

pers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΠ- (which ap-

pears in aor. 2 and in *te-tigi*, pf. of *tango*): fut. θίγο-

μαι: aor. 2 θίγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less

strong than ἅπτομαι; then generally to touch: to

touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγύν Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω.

θιγγμα, ματος, τό, (θιγύν) a touch.

θίξομαι, fut. of θιγγάνω.

ΘΙΨ, gen. θινός, Ep. δ, later ἡ:—a heap of sand on

the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl.

θῖνες, sand-heaps, sand-banks:—then any heap; θῖνες

νεκρῶν heaps of dead; ὅστεφιν θῖς a heap of

bones. 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; θῖς

κελανὰ a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὥς μου τὸν

θῖνα ταραττεῖς how thou troublest the very bottom

of my heart.

θλασμός, ὁς, ὄν, crushed, bruised. From

ΘΛΑΨ, inf. θλᾶν: fut. θλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐθλάσα

Ep. θλάσσα:—Pass., pf. τέθλασμαι:—to crush, bruise,

pound, bray.

ΘΛΙΨ, [ῖ]: fut. θλίψω: aor. I ἐθλίψα:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐθλίφην, aor. 2 ἐθλίβην [ῖ]: pf. τέθλιμμαι:

—to press, press hard, gall:—Med., θλίφεται ὤμους

be will rub his shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress,

afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in,

confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, εως, ἡ, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

θνάσχω, Dor. for θνήσχω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσχω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θανούμαι,

Ep. inf. θανέσθαι: aor. 2 ἔθανον, Ep. inf. θανέειν:

pf. τέθνηκα, whence syncop. pl. τέθνᾶμεν, τέθνᾶτε,

τεθνᾶσι; imperat. τέθνᾶθι; opt. τεθναῖν; inf. τε-

θνάμει [ᾶ] Ep. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], rarely τεθνᾶ-

ναι; part. τεθνεὺς, τεθνεῶσα, τεθνεὺς (or τεθνεὺς)

Ep. τεθνήκως, gen. ὤτος Ep. also τεθνηότος; 3 pl.

plqpf. ἐτέθνησαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future

forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:—to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθνηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 ἔθανον, *I died, am dead*; part. θανών, *dead*, Lat. *mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, *perish*.

θητο-γενής, ἐς, (θητός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θητο-ειδής, ἐς, (θητός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*. θνητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ἴος, ὄν: Dor. θνατός, ἡ, ὄν, (θνήσκα) — *mortal*, opp. to ἀθάνατος; θνητοὶ mortals. 2. of things, *befitting mortals, human*.

θοάζω, (θοός) *trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*. 2. *intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry along*. II. = θάσσω, θακῶ, to sit.

θoιματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θoιμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱμάτιον.

θoινάω, (θoίνη) = θoινάω, to feast. Hence

θoινάμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θoινάτῃρ, ἥρος, ὅ, (θoινάω) a feaster.

θoινάτῃριος, ον, (θoινάω) of or for a feast.

θoινάτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (θoινάω) of or for a feast.

θoινάτωρ, οπος, ὅ, = θoινάτῃρ. [ᾶ]

θoινάω, f. ἔσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast, entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med. θoινάσσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθoινήθην, pf. τεθoινάμην:—to feast: to feast on, eat. From

ΘOΙΝῆ, ἡ, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally, food, provender.

θoινήτωρ, ὅ, Ion. for θoινάτωρ.

θoινίω, f. σω, (θoίνω) to feast, entertain.

θoίτο, for θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θoλερός, ἡ, ὄν, (θoλός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water. II. metaph. troubled by passion, turbid, agitated.

θoλα, ἡ, (θoλός) a round hat to keep the sun off.

ΘOΔOΣ, ἡ, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

ΘOΔOΣ, ὅ, mud. II. the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia), which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *inlugo*. Hence

θoλόω, f. ὥσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like Lat. *perturbare*, to trouble, disquiet.

θoός, ἡ, ὄν, (θέω) quick, active, ready; θoή νύξ quick-by-passing night; θoή δαῖς a hasty meal. II.

sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θoόω, f. ὥσω, (θoός) to make sharp or pointed.

θoρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσσω.

θoρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσσω.

θoρή, ἡ, = θoρός.

θoρνύμαι and θoρνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσσω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θoρός, ὅ, (θoρεῖν) the semen genitale of the male.

θoροῦμαι, fut. of θρώσσω.

θoρυβεῖν, Dor. 3 pl. of θoρυβέω.

θoρυβέω, f. ἔσω, (θoρυβός) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, I. to cheer, applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence

θoρυβῆτικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to riot, tumultuous.

ΘOΠΤῚBOS, ὅ, the noise of a crowded assembly, I. in token of approbation, applause, cheers. 2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θoρώ, aor. 2 part. of θρώσσω.

θoῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θoῦδωρ, θoῦδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος.

Θoυριό-μαντις, εως, ὅ, (Θοῦριον, μάντις) a Thurian prophet, generally a soothsayer.

θoῦρις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of sq.

θoῦρος, ὅ, (θoρεῖν) leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager:—fem. θoῦρις, ιδος, mostly as epith. of ἀλκή, impetuous might; θoυρις ἀσπίς shield of impetuous warrior.

θόκος, ὅ, Ep. lengthd. from θῶκος, a seat. 2. a sitting, assembly.

θoῶς, Adv. of θoός, quickly, soon.

Θρᾶκῃ Ion. Θρᾶκη poet. Θρᾶκη, ἡ, Thrace.

Θρᾶκίος, α, ον, Ion. Θρᾶκίος poet. Θρᾶκίος, (Θρᾶξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θρανέω, f. σω, (θράνος) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan: θρανέεσσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned.

θρανίον, τό, Dim. of θράνος, a small bench, stool.

θρανίτης, ον, ὅ, (θράνος) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης. [ῖ]

θρανίτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of θρανίτης.

ΘΡΑΝΟΣ, ὅ, a bench, form: esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Θρᾶξ, Θρᾶκός, ὅ; Ion. Θρᾶξ, Θρᾶκός, poet. Θρᾶξ, Θρᾶκίος, a Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξον, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσews, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑ΄ΣOΣ, εως, τό, = θάσρος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence. [ᾶ]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ἡ, Ion. and poet. Θρᾶσσα Dor. Θρείσσα, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. ξω, Att. contr. from τάρασσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θράσῦ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυῖον) relying on strength of limb.

θράσῦ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of heart, stout-hearted.

θράσῦ-μένμων, ον, gen. onos, (θρασύς, μένων) bravely patient: cf. Μέμων.

θράσῦ-μήδης, ες, (θρασύς, μήδος) bold of device, daring, resolute.

θράσῦ-μητις, ιδος, ὅ, ἡ, (θρασύς, μήτις) = θρασυμήδης.

θράσῦ-μήχανος Dor. -μάχανος, ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσῦ-μῦθος, ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) bold of speech.

θρασύνη, f. ὕνω (θρασύς) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαι τινι to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος ποῖτ. θρασυπόλεμος, ον, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πονος, ον, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΣΥΨ, εἰά, υῦ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-hearted.

θρασυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θρασυστομία, ὁ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρασύ-στομος, ον, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ητος, ῆ, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [V]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρ, ὁ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) ἡ, bold of hand.

Θράττα, Att. for Θράτσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θραυ-άντυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ῆ, (θραύω, άντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσιμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΨ, f. σω: aor. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursing: a creature.

θρέσκον, Ion. for ἔθρεαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω.

θρέσμαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρεπτεῖρα, ῆ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτός, εἰά, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, ον, able to feed, feeding, nourishing. II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty. θρεπταῖνέλο, a sound imitative of the cithara.

θρέττε, τό, = τὸ θαρραλέον or θάρρος, barbarism in Atr. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τὸ θρέττε, the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, ποῖτ. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιτο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΨ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηκίη, ῆ, Ep. for Θρήκη.

Θρηκίος, η, ον, Ep. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

Θρηξ, ἱκος, ὁ, Ion. for Θρήξ, Θράξ.

Θρηύσσα, ῆ, Ion. for Θρήσσα, Θράσσα.

Θρηκή, ῆ, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence

Θρηκήθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρηκήδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρηκίος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηνέω, f. ἦσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn: αἰοῖδην θρηνεῖν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament: and

θρηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, θρηνητής, οῦ, a mourner, wailer. θρήνος, ὁ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral-song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, vos, ὁ, (θράνυς) a footstool. 2. a bench; θρήνυς ἐπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία Ion. -ῆτη, ῆ, (θρησκεύω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκέω, f. σω, (θρήσκος) to observe religiously, hold scrupulously.

θρησκότης, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ον, religious.

Θρησσα, Ion. for Θράσσα.

Θριάι, ών, al, the Thriai, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ῆ, όν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, ὁ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus. II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκός.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκός κυάνοιο a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκώω, f. ώσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλήν ἐθρίγκωσεν ἀχέρωφ he fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙΓΔΑΞ, ἱκος, ῆ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [Y]

θρίξ, ποῖτ. syncope. for θεριζω.

Θριν-ακία Ep. -ῆη, ῆ, and Θριν-ακίς, ἱδος, ῆ, (θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria. θρίναξ, ἱκος, ὁ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΞ, ῆ, gen. τρήξις, dat. pl. θρίξι:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θρίξ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, ὁ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίν-ῆδεστος, ον, (θρίψ, ἔδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπιος, ὁ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ἦσω, (θρός) to cry aloud, shriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—

Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, ες, (θρόμβος, εἶδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θρούς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρύαλλιδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίς.

ΘΡΥ-ΑΛΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρύλλει (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ἦσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλλημαι: (θρύλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling. II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρυλουμένον or τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρύλλω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρύλος):—to make a false note in playing on the cithara.

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρυλίχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥ-ΔΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥ-ΝΟΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἔθρυψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμμαι:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed.

II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated.

III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαι τι, to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρῶσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θοροῦμαι Ion. θορέομαι: aor. 2 ἔθορον, inf. θορεῖν Ep. θορέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet. 2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault.

II. trans. to mount, impregnate. θρωσκός, ὁ, (θρῶσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = Θυμβ-.

ΘΥ-ΤΑ-ΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγᾶτέρος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγᾶτέρι θυγατρί, acc. θυγᾶτέρα Ep. θύγατρα, voc. θυγᾶτερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, granddaughter.

θυγατριδούς, οὔ, Ion. -ιδέος, εἰου, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl.

θύεα, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θύειδιον, τό, Dim. of θύεα.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a burricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρὸς θύελλαι storms of lightning; ἄτης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυένω, gen. pl. of θύος.

θύη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύῃεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θύηλή, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ἦσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θύηπολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings.

θυία or θύα [ῥ], ὁ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυιαί, ὧν, αἰ, = θυιάδες.

θυιάς or θυιάς, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchant.

θύϊνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία.

θυῖω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θυλάκος, a small bag.

ΘΥ-ΛΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence θυλήμα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγ-καρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ἐς, (θυμός, ἀλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ατος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμᾶρω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-ᾶρης [ᾶ], ἐς, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΡΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δειπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θυμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλει, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymelé, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ἦσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ἐς, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμιάμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιάτηριον Ion. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censer.

θυμιάω, f. ἴσω, [ᾶ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθυμίσα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμίζεται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμῖδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [iδ]

θυμῖημα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμίζεται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμάω.

θυμίστηριον, τό, Ion. for θυμιαστήριον.

θυμῖνος, η, ον, (θυμός) made of or with thyme. [v]

θυμῖτης, ον, δ, (θυμός) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρός) heavy at heart.

θυμο-βόρῃς, f. ἥσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θυμο-δάκεις, ἐς, (θυμός, δακύν) biting the heart.

θυμο-ειδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέον, οντος, δ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θυμῶ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχῃω, f. ἥσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πληθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ράϊστις, οὔ, δ, (θυμός, ράω) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύνα) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμόν ἀφελέσθαι, ὀλέσθαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus;

ἀνῶγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλέειν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένῃ θυμῷ most precious to my soul. 2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θυμός [v], ον, δ, or εος, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμῶ-σοφός, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορός, f. ἥσω, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying;

θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμώω, f. ὥσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with pt. med. -ώσομαι, aor. i ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθην: pf. τεθυμώμαι—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμώμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θύμωμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [v]

θύνειω, = θύνω.

θύνναξ, f. ἄωω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννεις, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θύννευτικός, ὁ, ὄν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὁ, (θύνα, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. thunnus.

θυνοσκοπέω, f. ἥσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυνο-σκοπός, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θύνν-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύννος, Dor. for θύννους, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [v]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύοεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant. θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύος, εος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κέω, (θύος, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices. Hence

θύοσκόος, ον, δ, the sacrificing priest.

θύώω, f. ὥσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass. ἔλαον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR; θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτὴ a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασσε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ ὀύω ὡσε

θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ῆθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος

ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖοι stranger men; ὄλβος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλῶ, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θύραυλία, ἡ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αἰλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρ-εασπς, ιδος, ἡ, (θυρεός, ἀσπίς) a large shield.

θύρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [v]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύριδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ιδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, f. ἥσω, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύρώω, f. ὥσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοῶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τὰ, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρώ) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ἄνος, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρωρος, ὁ, ἡ, (θύρα, ὥρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαν, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed. From

θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the αἰγίς. [ῥ]

θύσανωτός, ἡ, ὅν, (θυσανώ) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ον, τὰ, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες λιταί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θυτέων, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θυτήριον, τό, = θύμα.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

ΘΥ'Ω (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἔθυσα: pf. τέθυκα.—Med. fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., aor. I ἐθύθην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense:—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμους θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἑκατον βοῦς to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

ΘΥ'Ω (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θύώ) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θύω, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θωή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θάκος, Ep. lengthd. θώκος, ὁ, Ion. for θάκος, a seat, chair.

II. a sitting, assembly; θωκύνδε to the sitting.

θμάξω, θωμάξω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θαυμ-.

ΘΩ ΜΙΓΞ, ιγγος, ὁ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμίσω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θῶμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισυ, the half.

θαμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a bear.

θαπεία, ἡ, (θαπέω) a flattering, flattery.

θαπέυμα, ατος, τό, (θαπέω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θαπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θάπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θαπεύω, f. σω, (θάψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θαρκέω, ἡ, ὅν, (θάψ) fawning, flattering.

θῶπλα, crasis for τὰ ὅπλα.

θῶπτω, f. ψω, = θαπέω.

θωρᾶκείον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωρᾶκίζω, f. ἴσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover with armour.

θωρᾶκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποίεω) making breastplates.

θωρᾶκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θώρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλός θώρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica.

2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρήξομεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρήσσομαι, f. -ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεὶς, θωρηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf.

ΘΩ'Σ, θωός, ὁ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωύκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θωύμα, θωυμάξω, θωυμάσιος, θωυμάστης, θωυμα-

στός, less correct Ion. forms for θώμα, θωμάξω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a goat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:—c. acc., to call on, call.

ΘΩ'Ψ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

I, ι ἰῶτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but μ = 10,000.

The *ι subscriptum* was sometimes *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as *ταῖι*, not *τῇ*), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as *ΤΩΙ*.

Ἱ was easily exchanged with *ει*, whence forms like *εἰλω* ἔλλω, *εἰλη* ἔλη: Ἱ was sometimes exchanged with *ε*, as *ἐστιά* *ιστήν*: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in *εἰν εἰς ξείνος κεινός* *δαί παρὰ* for *ἐν ἐς ξένος κενός* *διά παρὰ*.

The Quantity of *ι* varies.

—*ι*, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. *οὗτος*, *αὐτή*, *τοῦτ*, *ἐκεῖ*, *ἐκεῖνος*, *οὗτος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, *οὗτος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, etc.: also demonstr. Adv., as *οὕτως*, *οὕτω*, *ἐνθάδε*. Those that end in *σι* take the *ν* *ἐφεκυστικόν* before a vowel, as *οὗτος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, *οὕτως*. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. *αὐτήν*, *οὗτοῖ*.

ἹΑ' Ion. *ιή*, ἡ = *βοή*, a voice, cry.

Ἱα, *ιῆς*, *ιῆ*, *ἱαν*, old Ion. fem. of *εἰς* for *μία*, *μίας*, etc.

Ἱά, *τά*, irreg. pl. of *ἰός*, an arrow. [Ὶ]

Ἱα, *τά*, pl. of *ἰόν*, a violet.

Ἱαί, exclam. of triumph.

Ἱαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of *ἰάομαι*.

Ἱαβοῖ, strengthd. form of *αἰβοῖ*, to express disgust.

ἹΑἴΝΩ, fut. *ἰάνω*: aor. *ἱήνα*: aor. *ἱήνην*: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaphor., *θυμὸν ἰάειν* to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ἱακάζω, (Ἱακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ἱακχέω, f. ἡσω, = Ἱακχάζω.

Ἱακχος, ὁ, (ἰάχω) Iacchos, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

Ἱαλεμίζω Ion. *ἱηλ*—f. ἰσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

Ἱαλεμίστρια Ion. *ἱηλ*—ἡ, a wailing woman.

Ἱάλεμος [ᾱ] Ion. *ἱήλεμος*, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

Ἱάλω, f. *ἰᾶω*: aor. *ἱήλα*, inf. *ἱῆλαι*:—to send forth; *ἐπ' οὐέατα χεῖρας ἱάλλον* they put forth their hands to the dishes; *περὶ χεῖρῶν δεσμὸν ἱέλα* I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail; *ἀτιμῆσαν ἱάλλειν τινά* to assail one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [Ὶ] Hence

Ἱαλτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

Ἱάμα Ion. *ἱημα*. aor. *τό*, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

Ἱαμβείος, ὄν, (ἱαμβος) in iambics; *τὸ ἱαμβεῖον* iambic verse.

Ἱαμβιάζω, f. ἰάσω, and ἱαμβίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἱαμβος), to assail in iambics: generally, to lampoon.

ἹΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as *ἐγῶ*. II. an iambic verse, the *trimeter* or *senarius*, first used by the satiric writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Ἱάν, ὁ, pl. Ἱάνες, contr. for Ἱάων, Ἱάονες, an Ionian. ἰάνθην, aor. *ἱ* pass. of *λαῖνω*.

ἹΑΟΜΑΙ: fut. *ἰάσομαι* Ion. *ἱήσομαι*: aor. *ἱ* *ἰασάμην* Ion. *ἱησάμην*: Dep.:—to heal, cure: metaphor. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. *ἱ* *ἰάθην* [ᾱ], and pf. *ἱάμαι*, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἱαοναυ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἱάων.

Ἱάους, pl. of Ἱάων.

ἹΑΠΤΩ, f. *ῖω*, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; *ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα* to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), to rush, hurry, speed.

ἹΑΠΤΕ Ion. *ἱήπτε*, ὄνος, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἱάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of Ἱαν, Ionic. II. as

Subst. (sub. *γυνή*), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. *γλῶσσα* or *διάλεκτος*), the Ionic dialect.

Ἱάσι, 3 pl. pres. of *εἶμι* *ibo*.

Ἱάσι, for *ἰάσι*, 3 pl. of *ἱμί*.

Ἱάσιμος, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

Ἱάσις Ion. *ἱησις*, εὖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ἹΑΣΠΕΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἱαστί, Adv. (Ἱάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἱάσω, gen. ὄνος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Ἱάσω, the goddess of healing and health.

Ἱάτηρ Ep. *ἱήτηρ*, ἥρος, ὁ, poet. for *ἱατρός*, a chirurgion, surgeon, leech, physician. [Ὶ]

ἱάτω, 3 sing. impf. of *ἰάομαι*.

Ἱατορία, ἡ, (ἰάτω) the art of medicine.

Ἱάτος, ὁ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

Ἱατρεῖον, τό, (ἱάτηρ) a surgery.

Ἱατρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἱατρός) of or for the art of healing:

ἡ *ἱατρικὴ* (sub. *τέχνη*), surgery, the art of healing.

Ἱατρό-μαντις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἱατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

Ἱατρός Ion. *ἱητρός*, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἱάτηρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaphor., ἱατρός *κακῶν*, ὀργῆς, etc., a healer.

Ἱατρο-τέχνης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

Ἱατῶνται, Ἱατῶνταις, Interj. *ab*, woe is me!

Ἱάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Ion. *ἱήτωρ*, poet. for *ἱατρός*. [Ὶ]

ἱαῦ, a shout in answer, *bo!* *bolla!*

ἱανοῖ, exclamation of joy, *bo!* *bo!* [Ὶ]

ἱάω, f. *σω*: aor. *ἱάωσα*: (αῖω):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place—*ἱάειν πόδα* to rest the foot.

ἱ-ᾤφτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰός, ᾤφημι) an archer. [Ὶ]

ἱάφθην, aor. *ἱ* pass. of *ἱάπτω*.

ἱαχαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἱαχή) glad-sounding.

ἱαχέω, f. ἡσω, = ἱάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἱαχή, ἡ, (ἱάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [Ὶ]

ἱαχῆμα, ατος, τό, (ἱαχέω) a cry, shout. [Ὶ]

ἱάχω, f. *ἱαχῶ*: pf. *ἱαχα*, fem. part. *ἱαχνία*: (ἰά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim. II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

Ἰάων, *onos*, *ō*, Ep. for Ἰών, an Ionian.

ἰβίς, gen. *Ion.* *ibios* Att. ἰβιδος, acc. ἰβιν, *ῆ*, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

ἸΤΑΗ or ἰγδus, *ῆ*, a mortar.

ἰγμαί, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνή, *ῆ*, (γόνυ) the hollow or binder part of the knee, Lat. *poples*. [ῆ]

ἰγνύς, *vos* [ῆ], *ῆ*, = ἰγνή, acc. ἰγνία or ἰγνύν.

Ἰδα *Ion.* Ἰδῆ, *ῆ*, *Ida*, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy; also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse. 2. timber; ἰδῆ ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [ῆ]

ιδάλιμος, *ov*, (ιδος) causing sweat.

ιδέ, *Ion* for ἡδέ, and. [ῆ]

ιδε or ιδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω, *lo*, behold. [ῆ]

ιδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ιδέα *Ion.* -ῆ, *ῆ*, (ιδεῖν) form. 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing; as opp. to its reality, Lat. *species*. 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [ῆ]

ιδεῖν Ep. ἰδεῖν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ιδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ιδεσκον, *Ion.* for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ιδέω, *Ion.* subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ιδεμαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδομην, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ιδησῶ, for εἰδησῶ, Dor. fut. of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ιδία, v. sub ἴδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίματος, Comp. and Sup. of ἴδιος, formed from ἰδία.

ιδιο-βουλεύω, f. *σω*, (ἴδιος, βουλεύω) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

ἸΔΙΟΣ, *a*, *ov*, Att. also *os*, *ov*: one's own, personal, private, Lat. *privus*, *privatus*: opp. to public (δημόσιος).

2. one's own, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἴδιον or τὰ ἴδια private property or concerns. 3. peculiar, separate, distinct: hence strange. II. dat. ἰδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδία φρενός away from one's senses. 2. on one's own account.

III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίματος (formed from ἰδία).

ιδιο-συγκρίσις, *ῆ*, (ἴδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ιδίω, f. ἰώω [ῆ]: aor. I ἰδία: (ἴδιος)—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρώ.

ιδίως, Adv. of ἴδιος, privately.

ιδιωτεία, *ῆ*, (ιδιώτης) private life, a business.

ιδιωτεύω, f. *σω*, to live as a private man. II. to

be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From ιδιώτης, *ov*, *ō*, (ἴδιος) a private person, one in a private station, opp. to στρατηγός, a private soldier: also an individual, opp. to πόλις. II. one who

has no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one

who has; ἱατροὶ καὶ ιδιώτης a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητής ἢ ιδιώτης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing. 2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow.

III. ἰδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ιδιωτικός, *ῆ*, *όν*, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

ἰδμεν, *Ion.* and Dor. for ἴσμεν, I pl. of εἶδα. II. Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of εἶδα.

ιδμεναι, Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of εἶδα.

ιδμοσύνη, *ῆ*, knowledge, skill. From

ἰδμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

ἸΑΝΟΩ, f. ὥσω, to crook, bend:—Pass. to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ιδνώθη, aor. I pass. of ἰδνώ.

ἰδοῖατο, *Ion.* for ἰδοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδω.

ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδω.

ἰδων, Ep. for εἶδον, I sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἸΔΟΣ, *eos*, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent heat.

ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῦ, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἄκατον, yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ἰδρεῖα *Ion.* ἰδρεῖη or ἰδρή [ῆ], *ῆ*, (ἰδρις) knowledge, practice, skill; ἰδρεῖη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἰδρις, gen. ἰδριος Att. ἰδρεως, *ō*, *ῆ*, neut. ἰδρι, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἰδρις the provident creature = μύρμηξ, the ant.

ἰδρός, *ō*, poet. for ἰδρώς. [ῆ] Hence

ἰδρώ, f. ὥσω, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like μέγω, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ov and oi (as if it were ἰδράω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδῶγῃ, fem. part. ἰδῶσαι.

ἰδρύω, τό, (ἰδρύω) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ἰδρύμα πόλεως the stay, support of the city, like Lat. *column rerum*.

ἰδρῦήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἰδρύω.

ἰδρῦτέον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρύω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. II. pass.

οὐχ ἰδρῦτέον one must not sit still, loiter.

ἰδρύω, f. ὥσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἰδρύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρῦσθην [ῆ] not ἰδρῦσθην: pf. ἰδρύμαι: (ῖζω):—Causal of ἔζωμαι, to make to sit down; ἰδρύσας στρατὸν to encamp an army:—Pass. to be seated, sit still: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῦμένος firmly seated, steady, secure. II. to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρύμαι, to found or set up for oneself. III. to fix, settle, establish persons in a place; Ἀρῇ ἐμφύλιον ἰδρύσαι to give footing to, introduce, intestine war:—pf. pass. ἰδρύμαι, to be placed, situated; ἰδρῦσθαι εἰς τόπον to settle in a place:—Med. to found or establish for oneself.

ἱδρῶ, ἱδρῶ, Ep. for ἱδρῶτα, ἱδρῶτι, acc. and dat. of ἱδρῶς.

ἱδρῶν, opt. of ἱδρῶς.

ἱδρῶς, ὄτος, ὄ: Ep. dat. and acc. ἱδρῶ, ἱδρῶ: (ἴδος): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ἱδρῶσαι, pres. part. fem. of ἱδρῶω.

ἱδύια, ἡ, Ep. for ἱδυία, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. *εἶδω), always in phrase ἱδυίῃσι πραπίδεσσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ἰδῶ Ep. ἰδῶμι, aor. 2 subj. of *εἶδω.

ἰδῶν, ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of *εἶδω.

ἰε, ἰεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰεῖ, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ἔμμι (as if from ἰέω).

ἰείη, Ep. for ἰοί, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰείς, ἰεῖσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἔμμι.

ἰεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἔμμι.

ἔμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἔμμι.

ἰέμεν, ἰέμεναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of ἔμμι.

ἰέμενος, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ἔμμι.

ἔεν, Aeol. for ἔσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἔμμι.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of ἔμμι.

ἱεράκλιος, ὁ, Dim. of ἱεράξ, a small hawk.

ἹΕΡΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. ἱεράξ contr. ἱρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a hawk, falcon.

ἱεράομαι Ion. ἱρ-, Pass. (ἱερός) to be a priest or priestess.

ἱεράτεια, ἡ, (ἱερατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood.

ἱεράτευμα, ατος, τό, (ἱερατεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

ἱερατεύω, f. σω, (ἱερεύς) to be priest or priestess.

ἱερεῖα Ion. ἱρεῖα, ἡ, fem. of ἱερεύς, a priestess.

ἱερεῖον Ion. ἱερίον or ἱρήιον, τό, (ἱερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ἱερεύς, ἔως Ion. ἱερεύς, ἦος, ὁ, (ἱερός) a priest, sacrificer.

ἱερευτο, for ἱερευετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἱερεύω Ion. ἱρεῖω, f. σω, (ἱερός) to offer, sacrifice. 2. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

ἱερή, ἡ, = ἱερεῖα.

ἱερίον, τό, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱερία, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἱερεῖα.

ἱερο-γλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱερός, γλύφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ἱερο-γραμματεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἱερός, γραμματεὺς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ἱερο-δόκος, ον, (ἱερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ἱερό-θύτος, ον, (ἱερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἱερόθυτος καπνὸς smoke from the sacrifices.

ἱερο-λογία, (ἱερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.

ἱερο-λογία Ion. ἱερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.

ἱερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἱερο-μήνα, τά, (ἱερός, μήν or μήνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ἱερομνημονέω, f. ἡσω, to be ἱερομνήμων. From

ἱερο-μνήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἱερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πύλαγρος.

ἱερόν, τό, v. ἱερός II.

ἱερο-νίκης, ον, ὁ, (ἱερός, νικάω) conqueror in the games.

ἱερο-ποῖος, ὄν, (ἱερός, ποίω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ἱερο-πρεπής, ἔς, (ἱερός, πρέπω) becoming a sacred place, person or matter: holy, reverend.

ἹΕΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2.

holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἱερός καὶ ὅσιος, sacred and profane; v. sub ὅσιος. II. as

Subst.: 1. ἱερόν Ion. ἱρόν, τό, a temple. 2.

ἱερά Ion. ἱρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἱερά ῥέξω, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra. III. special phrases: 1. ἱερά νόσος,

the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἱερά ὁδός, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ

ἱερά τριήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ἱερό-στέπτος, ον, (ἱερόν, στέπω) wreathed in holy fashion.

ἱεροσῦλῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἱερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ἱεροσύλλα, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ἱερό-σῦλος, ον, (ἱερόν, σὺλῶ) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ἱεουργέω, f. ἡσω, (ἱεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἱεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel.

Hence

ἱεουργία Ion. ἱεροεργία, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ἱεο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἱερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ἱεροφαντής, f. ἡσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἱερο-φάντης Ion. ἱρ-, ον, ὁ, (ἱερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ἱεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. —κῶς.

ἱερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἱερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedivus. [v]

ἱερό-χθον Ion. ἱρ-, ὁ, ἡ, (ἱερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.

ἱερώ, f. ὦσω, (ἱερός) to hallow, dedicate.

ἱερ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἱερός, ὄνομα) of holy name.

ἱερωστί, (ἱερός) Adv. in holy manner, piously.

ἱερωσύνη Ion. ἱρ-, ἡ, (ἱερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ἱεστήθω, 3 dual impf. med. of ἔμμι.

ἱεῦ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. hui!

ἱζάνω, (ἰζώ) Causal, to make to sit, seat.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἸΩΩ, impf. Ἰζων Ion. Ἰζεσκον: for the aor. I, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἰζήσω, aor. I ἰζήσα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἰζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἰζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ἰζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἰζεσθαι ἐν τῷ Τρυγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηγέγετον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, *io!* exclam. of joy. [ἔ] ἰή, ἰή, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήτος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἰή) wailing, mournful, plaintive; ἰήτος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαί, aor. I of ἰάλλω. ἰηλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ-ἡμα, τό, = ἱαμα.

ἰῆμα, ἰης, ἰησι, 3 pl. ἰᾶσι or ἰεῖσι; imperat. ἴει; subj. ἰᾷ; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰείς:—impf. ἰην, Aeol. 3 pl. ἰεν:—fut. ἦσω:—aor. I ἦκα Ep. ἔηκα:—aor. 2 ἦν, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἔς, subj. ᾧ, opt. εἶην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα; plqpf. εἶκεν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἔμαι: impf. ἰέμην; aor. I pass. ἔην, also ἰέθην; aor. I med. ἠκάμην; aor. 2 med. εἶμην or ἔμην; pf. pass. εἶμαι; plqpf. εἶμην. Causal of εἶμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἰημα is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός ἐπὶ γαίαν ἵησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., καὶ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπεὶ πόσιος καὶ ἐδητύος ἐξ ἔπον ἔντο, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἰήνα, aor. I of ἰάνω. Ἰη-παῖήων, ονος, ὁ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰή παῖων; also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παωνιζών, f. ἰώω, to cry ἰή παῖων or παῖων ἰήσασθαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of ἰάομαι. ἦσι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι ibo. ἦσι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of εἶμι. ἦσιμος, ἦσις, Ion. for ἱασ-.

Ἰησοῦς, οὔ, dat. also οὐ, acc. οὖν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Joshua*, Saviour. ἡτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for ἰατήρ. ἡτορῆ, ἡτηρός, ἡτήρ, Ion. for ἱατ-.

ἰθῶ-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἐς, (ἰθὺς, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to ὀρυκτά.

ἸΘΑΚΗ, ἡ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακήνης, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ἰθακήσιος, α, ov, of *Ithaca*, an *Ibaca*.

ἰθέα, ἡ, Ion. fem. for ἰθεῖα, v. ἰθὺς. [ἔ]

ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθὺς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*.

ἰθί, imperat. of εἶμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθμα, ατος, τό, (εἶμι) a step, movement.

ἰθὺ, neut. of ἰθὺς, used as Adv., like ἰθέως.

ἰθου-δίκης, ov, ὁ, (ἰθὺς, δίκη) giving simple justice.

ἰθου-δρόμος, ov, (ἰθὺς, δρᾶμειν) straight-running.

ἰθὺ-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, θρίξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [θ]

ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From

ἰθυ-μάχος, ov, (ἰθὺς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθὺ-voos, ov, (ἰθὺς, νόος) honest.

ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰθύνω: aor. ἰθύνω:—Pass., aor. I ἰθύνθην:—Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τὸ δ' ἰθύνθην ἵππους they ran even with one another. 2.

to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους, to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθὺ-πόρος, ov, (ἰθὺς, πορεύομαι) going straight on.

ἰθὺ-πτῖων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ashen spear-shaft. [τ]

ἸΘΥΣ, ἰθεῖα, ἰθὺ, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εὐθύς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τὴν ἰθεῖαν (sub. ὁδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθείης, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθὺς or ἰθὺ, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺς μάχασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθὺς, ὅς, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἀν' ἰθύν, = ἀν' ὁρβόν, straight upwards. [ἔ]

ἰθὺ-τενής, ἐς, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [ἔ]

ἰθὺ-τονος, ov, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) = ἰθυτενής.

ἰθὺ-τρίχης, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθὺθρίξ.

ἰθὺς, f. ὕσα: aor. I ἰθύσα: [ἔ]: (ἰθὺς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθὺσε νεὺς drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ἱκανός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἱκ-εσθαι) befitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἱκανὸς ἱατρικὴν sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, *sufficient, enough*: *large or long enough*; ἱκανὸν χρόνον *a long time*; τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν *to take security or bail*, Lat. *satis accipere*. Hence

ἱκανότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *sufficiency, fitness.*

ἱκανῶς, f. ὦσω, *to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.*

ἱκανῶ [ᾱ], Ep. lengthd. for ἱκῶ, = ἱκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., *to come*: *to come to, arrive at, reach*: also Med. ἱκάνομαι.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of ἱκανός, *sufficiently*, Lat. *satis*; ἱκανὸς ἔχειν *to be sufficient*: Sup. ἱκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ον, (Ἰκάρος) *Icarian*, name of that part of the Aegæan sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἱκελος, ἦ, ον, poet. form for εἶκελος, *like*. [ῥ] Hence

ἱκέλω, f. ὦσω, *to make like.*

ἱκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκεσία, ἡ, (ἱκέτης) *the prayer of a suppliant.* II. as fem. of ἱκέσιος, *a female suppliant.*

ἱκέσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἱκέτης) *of, for or presiding over suppliants*, epith. of Zeus. II. *suppliant, supplicating.*

ἱκετα-δόκος, ον, (ἱκέτης, δέχομαι) *receiving or protecting suppliants.*

ἱκετεία, ἡ, = ἱκεσία, q. v.

ἱκετεύμα, ατος, τό, (ἱκετεύω) *a mode of supplication.*

ἱκετευτός, α, ον, *proper to be supplicated.* From

ἱκετεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἱκέτευσα [ῖ Att., ῥ Ep.]: (ἱκέτης):—*to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.*

ἱκτήριος sync. ἱκτήριος, α, ον, (ἱκέτης) *of or fit for suppliants.* II. ἡ ἱκτηρία (sub. ἁλιά), *the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.*

ἱκέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἱκέσθαι) *one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive.* II. *the protector of the suppliant.* Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ον, *protecting the suppliant*, of Zeus.

ἱκέτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱκέτης.

ἱκηαι, Ep. for ἱκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκμάζω and ἱκαίνω, *to moisten.* From

ἱκμαΐς, ἰδος, ἡ, *moisture of any kind.*

ἱκμενος or ἱκμενος, only in the phrase ἱκμενος οὖρος *a fair breeze*, (from ἱκνέομαι), *a following and so favourable wind*, Lat. *ventus secundus*.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἱκνέ [ῖ] fut. ἴξομαι Dor. ἴξομαι: aor. 2 ἱκόνην: pf. ἴγμαι, part. ἴγμενος:—*to come*: *to come to, arrive at, reach*. 2. *to come as a suppliant (ἱκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him.*

3. impers. in pres. and impf., *it becomes, befits, seems*; τοὺς μάλιστα ἱκνέται *whom it most concerns*; τὸ ἱκνέμενον *that which is fitting, proper.*

ἱκνέονται, Dor. for ἱκνούνται, 3 pl. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνουμένως Ion. ἱκνεομ-, ἱκνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of ἱκνέομαι, *fittingly, aright.*

ἱκοίμαι, Dor. for ἱκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱΚΡΙΑ, τά, *the half-deck of an Homeric ship*: generally, *a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.*

ἱκραρ, Adv. (ἱκῶ) *at once, close together.* II.

of Place, *close to, hard by, c. gen.*

ἱκτήρ, ἦτος, ὁ, (ἱκῶ) *a suppliant.*

II. Zeus

ἱκτήρ, *the protector of the suppliant.*

ἱκτήριος, α, ον, syncop. for ἱεκτήριος.

ἱκτίδεος, α, ον, (ἱκτίς) *of a weasel, of weasel-skin*, in Homer κτίδεος. II. as Subst., ἱκτιδέα, contr.

ἱκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, *weasel-skin.*

ἱΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a kite*, Lat. *milvus*.

ἱΚΤΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, *the yellow-breasted marten-cat.*

ἱκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱΚΩ, impf. ἱκων: aor. 2 ἴκον: root of ἱκνέομαι, *a form used in Ep. poetry*:—*to come*: *to come to, arrive at, reach* a certain point, whether of Place or Time;

τὰ σὰ γούνα ἱκάμεθα *we come to thy knees*, in token of supplication (cf. ἱκνέομαι 2, ἱκέτης):—*metaph. to reach, arrive at*, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε βίη τε σιδήρεον οὐρανὸν ἵκει *violence and force are reaching even to heaven*. 2. *conversely of circumstances, conditions*; χρεὶν ἵκει με *necessity is upon me*; ὕπνος, γῆρας, ἱκάνει *me come upon or over me*.

ἵκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἴλα, Dor. for ἴλη. [ῖ]

ἱλᾶδν, Adv. (ἴλη) *in troops, in bodies, in companies*, Lat. *turmatim*: *in abundance*. [ῖ]

ἴλαθ, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἱλόμαι, Ep. for ἱλάσκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. Ἰλεως, αν, nom. pl. Ἰλεω, neut. Ἰλεα:—*of gods, propitious, gracious*: *of men, gracious, kindly, gentle*: also *cheerful, gay*. 2. Ἰλεως σοί, (sc. ἔστω δ Θεός) *God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.*

ἱλᾶρᾱ, ἡ, *cheerfulness, gaiety.* From

ἱλᾶρός, ὁ, ἄν, (ἱλαος) *cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful*, Lat. *bilaris*. Adv. -ῶς. Hence

ἱλᾶρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *gaiety*, Lat. *bilaritas*.

ἱλάσκομαι: fut. ἱλάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἱλάσσομαι Dor.

ἱλᾶομαι: aor. I ἱλασάμην: Dep.: (ἱλαος):—*to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods*:—but also *to conciliate a man*. II. *to expiate, atone for*. III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἱλάσθητι, in pass. sense; *be gracious*. Hence

ἱλασμός, ὁ, *a means of appeasing*: *a propitiation, sacrifice*. [ῖ]

ἱλασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλάσσαι, Ep. for ἱλάσθ, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἱλάσκομαι) *propitiatory*; esp. II. as Subst., ἱλαστήριον, τό, *propitiation or the mercy-seat*.

Ἰλαα, Att. neut. pl. of ἱλαος.

Ἰλεως, Att. for ἱλαος.

ἴλη or εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) *a crowd, band, troop, company*. 2. *a troop of horse, squadron*, Lat. *turma*, *ala*, strictly of 64 men: generally, *a troop*;

company.

3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

Ἰληθι, imperat. of Ἰλημι.

Ἰλήκω, (Ἰλαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. Ἰλήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. Ἰλήκοις.

Ἰλημι, = Ἰλήκω, esp. in imperat. Ἰληθι Dor. Ἰλᾱθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as Subst. Ἰλιάς, 1. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή) a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις), the Iliad, of Homer.

Ἰλιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. 1 Ἰλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

Ἰλιγγος, ὁ, (Ἰλλω, εἶλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [Ὶ]

Ἰλιγέ, ιγγος, ἡ, (Ἰλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ἰλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Ἰλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Ἰλιωρ-ραϊστής, ὁ, (Ἰλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἰλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ἸΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

Ἰλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἰλλω, εἶλω) a rope, band.

Ἰλλός, ὁ, (Ἰλλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἶλω.

ἸΛΥ΄Σ, ὅος, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. Ἰλῡος Homer, later Ἰλῡος.]

Ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίωνος, η, ου, (ἰμάς) of leathern thongs.

ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaphor. one of the feelers of the polytup.

ἸΜΑ΄Σ, ἄντος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμάσι Ep. ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip.

2. the cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus.

4. a latch, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb, ἰμάς κινεῖσθαι ἔστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἰμάσθλη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, ἰμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip. [Ὶ]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 ἰμασα: (ἰμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἰματίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον. [ῖμ-δᾶ]

ἰματίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

ἰματίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένος, clothed.

ἰματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἰμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτῶν, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἰματι-φύλακω, f. ἡσω, (ἰμάτιον, φυλακῶ) to take care of clothes.

ἰματίσμος, ὁ, (ἰματίζω) clothing, apparel. [Ὶ] ἰματίσμος Aeol. ἰμάρρω, (ἱμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἰμερόμαι as Dep., with aor. 1 med. ἰμεράμην, pass. ἰμέρθην.

ἱμεν, 1 pl. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμεν, ἱμεναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ἱμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἱμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἱμερο-θαλής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθηλῆς sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣ [Ὶ], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἰμάρρω, Aeol. for ἰμεράω.

ἱμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱμεράω) longed for, lovely.

ἱμεναι, poet. for ἱμεναι, ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμονά, ἡ, (ἱμός) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἱμονάαν, absol. a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἱν, Dor. for ἱ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ΄, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἡκεῖς, ἱν' ἴδῃς thou art come that thou mayest see.

2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλὰς ἔδωκε μένος, ἱν' ἐκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous.

3. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἱν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἵνα μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne.

III. elliptical with other Particles, ἵνα δῆ, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἱν' ἐτράφην ἥδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἱν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

ἰνθάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλλομαι, εἰθάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat. ἰνθάλλετο σφίσι Πηλείωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟ΄Σ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian.

II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ου, = Ἰνδικός.

ἱνες, pl. nom. of ἱς.

ἱνόν, τό, (ἱς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [ῖν]

ἸΝΙΣ΄, ὁ, son, child.

Ἰνώ, ὁς, contr. οἷς, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

ἰν-ώδης, ἐς, (ἱς, εἶδος) sinewy, fibrous. [Ὶ]

ῥαλος, *ον*, (from *ἀλσσω*, as if contracted from *ἀλσαλσσω*) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.
ῥεσθαι, fut. inf. of *ἰκνέομαι*.
ῥεντής, *ου, δ*, (*ῥένω*) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.
ῥένω, *φ. σω*, (*ῥένω*) to catch birds by birdlime.
ῥεβολέω, *φ. ῥωα*, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From
ῥε-βόλω, *ον*, (*ῥένω*, *βάλλω*) setting lime-twigs.
ῥε-εργός, *δ*, (*ῥένω*, **εργω*) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.
ῥεμαι, fut. of *ἰκνέομαι*.
ῥον, Ep. aor. 2 of *ἰκα*.
ῥΕΟΨ, *δ*, Lat. *VISCUM*, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. *viscus*.
ῥε-φορέυς, *έως, δ*, (*ῥένω*, *φέρω*) bearing misseltoe.
ῥΕΥΨ, *νός, ή*, contr. *ῥεψύ* contr. *ῥεψύ*: the waist.
ῥΙΒΑΧΕΩΣ, *δ*, (*ῥά*, *βάκχε*) *Bacchus* invoked with the cry of *ῥά*:—a song beginning *ῥά βάκχε* I.
ῥΙΒΑΦΑΡΩΝ, *ον*, (*ῥον*, *βλέφαρον*) violet-eyed.
ῥιβολέω, *φ. ῥωα*, to shoot arrows. From
ῥι-βόλω, *ον*, (*ῥένω*, *βάλλω*) shooting arrows.
ῥι-βόστρυχος, *ον*, (*ῥον*, *βόστρυχος*) dark-haired.
ῥι-δετος, *ον*, (*ῥον*, *δέω*) violet-twined.
ῥι-δέκος, *ον*, (*ῥένω*, *δέχομαι*) holding arrows.
ῥι-ειδής, *ές*, (*ῥον*, *εἶδος*) violet-coloured, of the sea.
ῥιέως, *εσσα, εν*, (*ῥον*) violet-coloured, dark.
ῥιόν, Att. for *ῥοιον*, opt. of *ῥιμι* *ibo*.
ῥιούσαι, Dor. for *ῥιούσαι*, part. fem. of *ῥιμι* *ibo*.
ῥιμεν, Ep. for *ῥιμεν*, 1 pl. subj. of *ῥιμι* *ibo*.
ῥι-μύγης, *ές*, (*ῥένω*, *μύγω*) mixed with poison.
ῥι-μυρος, *ον*, (*ῥον*, *μύρος*) dark-fated, miserable.
ῥΙΟΝ, *τό*, the violet, Lat. *viola*. [ῥ]
ῥον, Ep. form of impf. of *ῥιμι* *ibo*.
ῥονθός, *άδος, ή*, shaggy, hairy. From
ῥονθος, *δ*, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ῥ]
ῥόνιος, *α, ον*, (*ῥά*) of *ῥο*: *ῥόνιος κόλπος* the *ῥόνian* sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the *ῥόνian* sea.
ῥόντες, part. pl. of *ῥιμι*.
ῥον-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (*ῥον*, *πλόκαμος*) with violet locks, dark-haired. [ῥ]
ῥός [ῥ], *δ*, with irreg. pl. *ῥά*, (*ῥέναι* inf. of *ῥιμι* *ibo*) an arrow.
ῥΟΨ, *δ*, rust, verdigris, Lat. *aerugo*.
ῥΟΨ, *δ*, poison, esp. of serpents.
ῥος, *ῥα*, Ep. for *ῥος*, *μία*; dat. *ῥω* for *ῥή*.
ῥο-στεφάνος, *ον*, (*ῥος*, *στέφανος*) violet-crowned.
ῥότης, *ῥτος, ή*, will, resolve; mostly in dat., *θεῶν ῥότητι* by the will or pleasure of the gods.
ῥο-τύπης, *ές*, (*ῥός*, *τυπῆναι*) struck by an arrow.
ῥού, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu!* seldom, like *ῥά*, a cry of joy. [ῥ]
ῥουδαῖω, *φ. σω*, to live as a Jew. From
ῥουδαϊκός, *ή, όν*, of or for the Jews. Adv. —*κῶς*. From
ῥουδαῖος, *α, ον*, of the tribe of Judah: as Subst.: I. a Jew. 2. *ῥουδαία* (sc. *ῥῆ*) the land of Judaea.

ῥουδαῖσμός, *δ*, (*ῥουδαῖος*) *Judaism*.
ῥούλις, *ῥδός, ή*, a red fish.
ῥουλος, *ον*, (*ούλος*) down, the first growth of the beard;
ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ῥουλοι the young hair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.
ῥο-χάειρα, *ή*, (*ῥός*, *χαίρω*) delighting in arrows, or (from *ῥένω*) showering arrows.
ῥινο-κάης, *ές*, (*ῥνός*, *καῖναι*) baked in the oven.
ῥινο-λέβης, *ῥτος, δ*, (*ῥνός*, *λέβης*) a boiler, caldron.
ῥινο-ποιός, *όν*, (*ῥνός*, *ποιέω*) working in an oven or furnace; as Subst. a potter.
ῥΙΝΟΨ, *δ*, an oven or furnace, Lat. *furnus*. II. the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.
ῥπος, *δ* or *ή*, (*ῥπομαι*) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence
ῥπώω, *φ. ῥωα*, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; *εἰσφοραῖς ῥπούμενος* squeezed hard by taxes. [ῥ]
ῥπ-αγρέται, *ών, οἱ*, (*ῥπεύς*, *ἀγείρω*) three officers at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as *ῥπ-πεί* or body-guard for the kings.
ῥπ-ἀγωγός, *όν*, (*ῥπός*, *ἀγω*) carrying horses: *ῥπ-παγωγοί* (sub. *ναῦς*) al, transport-ships for horses.
ῥπ-ἀγομαι, fut. *ἀγομαι* Dep. (*ῥπτος*) to drive or guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; *ῥπ-πάζεσθαι χώραν* to ride over a country. II. as Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.
ῥπ-αχμος, *ον*, (*ῥπτος*, *αἰχμή*) fighting on horseback.
ῥπ-ἀλεκτρυών, *όνος, δ*, (*ῥπτος*, *ἀλεκτρυών*) a horse-cock: a gryphon, dragon.
ῥπ-ἀλιδας, *ον, δ*, poet. form for *ῥπεύς*.
ῥπ-ἀπαῖ, (*ῥπτος*) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry *ῥυπαπαῖ*.
ῥπ-ἄριον, *τό*, Dim. of *ῥπτος*, a little horse, pony.
ῥπ-αρμοστής, *ου, δ*, (*ῥπτος*, *ἀρμοστής*) Lacedaemonian word for *ῥπ-αρχος*.
ῥπ-αρχέω, *φ. ῥωα*, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence
ῥπ-αρχία, *ή*, the command of the cavalry.
ῥπ-αρχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for cavalry. From
ῥπ-αρχος, and *ῥπ-άρχης*, *ον, δ*, (*ῥπτος*, *ἀρχω*) ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.
ῥπ-ἄς, *άδος, ή*, fem. of *ῥπεύς*; *ῥπ-ἄς στολή* a riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. *τάξις*), the order of knights: the knights' tax.
ῥπ-ἄσία, *ή*, (*ῥπ-ἄζομαι*) riding, horse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.
ῥπ-ἄσιμος, *η, ον*, (*ῥπ-ἄζομαι*) fit for horses or for riding: easily ridden.
ῥπ-αστήρ, *ῥτος*, and *ῥπ-αστής*, *ου, δ*, (*ῥπ-ἄζομαι*) a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.
ῥπ-ἄτα, *ή*, (*ῥπ-ἄτω*) horseman's riding, driving, esp. racing. II. cavalry.
ῥπ-ἄτος, *α, ον*, (*ῥπτος*) of a horse or horses; *ῥπ-ἄτος λόφος* a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππ-ερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔπος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ἄτος, τό, (ἵππευ) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἱπῆς, Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδωνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἱππαγρέται.

ἵππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὗ, ὁ, a rider, horseman: from

ἵππεύω, f. σω. aor. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς):—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφυρὸν νοεῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, Euris equitavit per undas. II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππῆας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) like a horse. II. like a horseman.

ἵππηεσι, Ep. for ἵππεύσι, pl. dat. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.

ἵππ-ηλάτᾱ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἱππηλάτης.

ἱππηλάτew, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἵππ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, Ep. ἱππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) a driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [ᾶ]

ἵππ-ηλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) fit for horsemanship or driving.

Ἱππ-ημολγοί, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the Mare-milkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἵππ-ἄναξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) chief of horsemen.

ἵππικός, ἥ, ὄν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἄγων ἱππικός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horsemen, equestrian; skilled in riding.

2. ἡ ἱππική (sub. τέχνη), horsemanship, riding. III. τὸ ἱππικόν, the cavalry. IV.

Adv. —κῶς, like a horseman.

ἵππος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἵππο-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, χαίτη) shaggy with horse-hair.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a horseman, rider.

ἵππο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίνω) going on horseback, equestrian. 2. metaph., ῥήματα ἱπποβάμωνα high-paced words, bombast.

ἵππο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίνω) a horseman.

ἵππο-βότης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, βίσκω) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἱπποβῆται were the knights, nobles.

ἵππό-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βίσκω) fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ἵππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἵππο-γέρανοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέρανος) crane-cavalry.

ἵππο-γυῖποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γυῖψ) vulture-cavalry.

ἵππο-δάμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) horse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of horses.

ἵππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ἱππόδαυσιν in use, (ἵππος, δαύς) epith. of κόρυς, thick with horse-bair, with rough horse-bair crest.

ἵππο-δεσµα, ον, τᾱ, (ἵππος, δεσµός) reins, a balter.

ἵππο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a balter.

ἵππο-διώκτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἵππο-δρομία, ἡ, (ἱππόδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence

ἵππο-δρόμος, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of horses.

ἵππο-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ἵππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραµεῖν) a horse-courier.

ἱππόθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) forth from the horse.

ἱπποῖν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἵππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving horses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ἵππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἵππο-κοµέω, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἱπποκοµεῖν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κοµέω) keeping or grooming horses. II. as Subst., ἱπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἱππεῖς in war.

ἵππό-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) decked with horse-bair.

ἵππο-κορυστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.

ἵππο-κρατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence

ἱπποκρατία, ἡ, victory in a skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-κρηµνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρηµνός) tremendously steep; ἱπποκρηµνον ῥῆµα a neck-breaking word.

ἵππο-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of horses.

ἵππο-λόφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) with horse-bair crest.

ἵππο-µαής, ἑς, (ἵππο, µανίαν) mad for horses: luxuriant. II. as Subst., ἱπποµαές, εὖος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad. 2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a humour which falls from mares.

Hence

ἵππο-µανία, ἡ, a mad love for horses, racing, etc.

ἱπποµάχew, f. ἦσω, (ἱππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence

ἱπποµάχια, ἡ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-µάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on horseback: as Subst., ἱπποµάχος, ὁ, a trooper.

ἵππο-νόµας, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, νοµάω) driving horses.

ἵππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολέομαι) busied with horses: as Subst., ἱπποπόλος, ὁ, a rider or driver of horses.

ἵππο-ποτάµος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποταμός) the river-horse of Egypt, *hippopotamus*: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποτάµος.

ἵππος, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus, equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀπ' ἵππων from the chariot; λαός τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ ποῖοι horse and foot. II.

ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλίῃ ἵππος, a thousand horse. III. ἵππος ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-lough, v. ἵππό-κρημος, etc.

ἵππο-σῶας, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, σείω) driver of horses. ἵππο-σῶος, α, ον, horse-driving. ἵππό-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaph., Ἀελίου κνεφαία ἵππόστασις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵππόσινος, ἡ, ον, = ἵππικός. ἵππότα, Ep. for ἵππότης. ἵππότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵππότη, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λεῶς ἵππότης the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφέω, f. ἡσω, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρέφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τυφία, ἡ, (ἵππος, τυφός) excessive pride.

ἵππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππου-ουρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ὄν, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης. ἵππ-ώδης, es, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππῶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνεῖα, α, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἡσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπτάμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ὕπομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱερά.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱέραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεία, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρέυεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερίον.

ἱρήν, ἔνος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱέραξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρίς, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. ἱρίν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων).

II. impersonated Ἴρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumais (the Wonderer).

ἱρίσιν, Ep. for ἱρίσιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δρᾶμειν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ-, running in the sacred races. [Ὶ]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱεροργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [Ὶ]

ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [Ὶ]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ-, ἱρωσύνη, Ion. for ἱερωσύνη, priesthood.

*Ἴς, ἡ, gen. ἱνός, acc. ἱνα: pl. nom. ἱνες, dat. ἱνεσι Ep. ἱνεσσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periph. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχου the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [Ὶ]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἴσ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἴσ-ἄδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἴσάζω, f. ἴσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or hold equal to another, c. dat.

ἴσᾱμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄμυλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμυλλα) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἰδο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of εἶδω.

ἴσ-ἄνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. [ᾱ]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσαισι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἀργύρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἴσημι.

ἴσᾱσι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of ὀϊδα (v. εἶδω v).

ἴσασκετο [Ὶ], Ion. for ἴσάετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἴσάζω, she likened herself.

ἴσᾱτι, Dor. for ἴσαισι, 3 sing. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ηγορέω and Med. -έομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἴσηγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἴσ-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἥλιξ) of the same age with.

ἴσ-ῆμερος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

*ἸΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾱμι, ἴσᾱτι; pl. ἴσᾱμεν, ἴσᾱσι or ἴσαντι; part. ἴσας.

ἴσ-ῆρημος, ον, (ἴσος, ῆρημός) with as many oars.

ἴσ-ῆρης, es, (ἴσος, ἀραρεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἴσθι, know, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἴσθι, be, imperat. of εἶμι sum.

*Ἰσθμία (sub. ἱερά), ον, τά, (ἱσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

ἴσθμιάζω, f. ἴσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

ἴσθμιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Ἰσθμιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰσθμῖος: αἱ Ἰσθμιάδες (sub. ἑορταί), the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμῖον, τό, (ἰσθμός) a necklace.

Ἰσθμῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰσθμός) of the Isthmus, Isthmian.

Ἰσθμῖον, Adv. from the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμῖοι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμῖος, οὔ, ὅ, (εἰμι ἰβό) a neck: any narrow passage. 2. a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.

ἰσθμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἰσθμός, εἶδος) like an isthmus.

Ἰσιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Ἰσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἰσιος: dat. Ἰσὶ: acc.

Ἰσιν:—Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

ἴσκειν or εἴσκειν, to make like; ἴσκε ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐπιμίμονας ὁμοίαι speaking many lies he made them like truths. II. to bold or think like; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἴσκοντες thinking me like you: absol. ἴσκων ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ each man imagined or supposed. III.

in late Poets, ἴσκε, ἴσκειν, = ἐλεγεν, he spake, said. ἴσμεν, I pl. of εἶδα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν; v. εἶδω B.

ἰσο-βάρής, ἐς, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or happiness. ἰσο-διαίτος, ον, (ἴσος, διαίτα) living on an equal footing.

ἰσο-ζυγής, ἐς, (ἴσος, ζυγῆναι) equally balanced: equal.

ἰσό-θεος, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) equal to the gods, godlike.

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger.

ἰσό-κληρος, ον, (ἴσος, κληρος) equal in property.

ἰσο-κρατής, ἐς, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence ἰσοκρατία, ἡ, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ἰσο-ὀμαλός, ον, (ἴσος, ὀμαλός) equally level, nearly equal.

ἰσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.

ἰσο-μάχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight.

ἰσο-μεγέθης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) with equal forehead or front.

ἰσο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μήκος) equal in length.

ἰσομοιρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἰσμοίρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence ἰσομοιρία Ion. -ία, ἡ, a sharing equally, equal partnership.

ἰσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) having an equal share of a thing; γῆς ἰσόμοιρος ἀήρ earth's equal partner air.

2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάος σκότῳ ἰσμοίρον light close akin to darkness.

ἰσό-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μέρος) = ἰσμοίρος, resembling.

ἰσο-όνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, όνειρος) dream-like, vacant.

ἰσό-νεκος, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκος) dying the same death.

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνomos) to have equal rights. Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, equality of rights, political equality.

ἰσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) having equal rights, enjoying freedom.

ἰσό-παῖς, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) like a child.

ἰσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long.

ἰσοπαλέω, f. ἴσω, to be a match for. From

ἰσο-πάλης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πάλη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

ἰσό-πᾶλος, ον, = ἰσοπαλής.

ἰσό-πέδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from

ἰσό-πέδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level.

ἰσο-πλάτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth.

ἰσο-πλάτων, ανος, ὁ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato.

ἰσο-πληθής, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλῆθος) equal in number or quantity.

ἰσο-πρεσβυς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man.

ἰσορροπία, ἡ, equipoise, equilibrium. From

ἰσόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ῥοπή) equally balanced, in equipoise: equally matched.

ἴΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσον, Att. ἴσος [ι], ἴση, ἴσον, Ep. also ἴσος [ι]:—equal to, the same as, like; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ . . . equally with; ἴσον ἐμοὶ equally with me.

II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοῖρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man.

2. at Athens, of the equal division of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψήφοι) votes equally divided.

III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus; εἰς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ἴσου at an equal distance or interval.

IV. Adv. ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσον Att. ἴσον, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially: in Att. ἴσα generally means equally, ἴσως perhaps:—so also ἐξ ἴσου equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσῳ equally; cp. ἐπίσης.

V. Att. Comp. ἰσάτερος.

ἰσοσκελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal.

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτελής) equality of taxation.

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τέλειω) accomplished for all alike.

ἰσο-τελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτελεῖς were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἰσο-τενής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) equality.

ἰσοτιμία, ἡ, equality of honour or privilege. From

ἰσο-τίμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) held in equal honour: having the same privileges.

ἰσο-ἀφρίζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; ἰσοφαρίζω

τινὶ ἔργα το το νίε with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσο-φόρος, ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.

ἰσο-χειλῆς, ἐς, or ἰσό-χειλος, ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) level with the edge or brim.

ἰσό-χνοος, ον, (ἴσος, χνόος) equally woolly with.

ἰσοχρονέω, f. ἦσω, to be contemporary with. From ἰσό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) equal in age or time.

ἰσοψηφία, ἡ, equal right to vote. From

ἰσό-ψηφος, ον, (ἴσος, ψῆφος) having an equal number of votes.

II. having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.

III. equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum.

ἰσό-ψυχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul: κράτος ἰσόψυχον power of like spirit with men.

ἰσώω, f. ὥσω, (ἴσος) to make equal; ἰσώσας τάφει τὰ τέρματα having made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole course:—Med., ὄνυχας χεῖράς τε ἰσώσαντο they made their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.

ἰστάμεν, ἰστάμεναι, Ep. for ἰσάναι, inf. of ἰσστημι.

ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἰσστημι.

ἰστάω, rare collat. form of ἰσστημι, in 3 sing. pres.

ἴστα, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω.

ἰστάται, Ion. for ἰστανται.

ἰσστημι (lengthd. from *ΣΤΑῶ):—the tenses of ἰσστημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, to make to stand, pres. ἰσστημι, impf. ἰσστην, fut. στήσω, and aor. ἰ ἐστησα, of Act.

B. Intrans. to stand, in aor. 2 ἐστην, pf. ἐστηκα, plqpf. ἐστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἰσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. ἰ ἐστάθην [ᾱ], pf. ἐστάμαι, plqpf. ἐστάμην. But the pres. ἰσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, as well as aor. ἰ ἐστησάμην, must also be regarded as med., in which case they take a causal sense, to place.

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἴστασκε: 3 pl. aor. ἰ Ep. ἐστάσαν for ἐστησαν: synop. dual and plur. perf. ἐστάτον, ἐστάμεν, ἐστάτε (or ἐστητε), ἐστάσι; imperat. ἐστάθ; subj. ἐστώ; opt. ἐσταῖν; inf. ἐσταναι Ep. ἐστάμεν, ἐστάμεναι [ᾱ]; part. ἐστώς ἐστώσα, ἐσώς (or ἐστός), gen. ἐστώτος; Ion. ἐσεώς, ὠτος, also ἐσώτης (Homer uses gen. ἐσάστότος, acc. ἐσάστα, nom. pl. ἐσάστες): aor. 2 στάσκον, ἐς, ε, 3 pl. ἐσταν, στήν [ᾱ]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στής, στή; plur. στέωμεν and στείμεν for στώμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, to make to stand, set, place.

II. to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.

III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; ἰσάναι τινα χαλκοῦν to set

up a person in brass, raise a brassen statue to him.

2. to raise, raise up, stir; ἐπὶν στήσαι to begin a quarrel.

3. to set up, appoint, establish.

IV. to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρὸς τι one thing against another.

B. Intrans. to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἴνα χρεῖας ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι εἰς . . or παρὰ . . , to set oneself towards, go to.

2. to lie, be situated.

II. to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.

III. to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἰσθᾶσθαι ὀρθὸς to rear up.

2. generally, to arise, begin; ἔαρὸς νέον ἰσταμένοιο as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἰσταμένοιο as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἰσάμενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἰσάμενος, μεσὼν, φθίνων.

3. to be appointed.

ἰστίη, Ion. for ἐστία.

ἰσισθᾶναι, Ion. for εἰσίστασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐστίαω.

ἰσιστηρίον, τό, Ion. for ἔστιαι.

ἰστίον, τό, (ἰστός) a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἀκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἰστίοις to keep the sails reefed.

ἰστιορ-ράφος, ον, (ἰστίον, ῥάπτω) sail-patching: metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.

ἰστιο-φόρος, ον, (ἰστίον, φέρω) carrying sails.

ἰστο-βοεύς, gen. -έως Ion. -ῆος, ὁ, (ἰστός, βοῦς) the plough-tree or pole.

ἰστο-βόη, ἡ, = foreg.

ἰστο-δόκη, ἡ, (ἰστός, δέχομαι) the mast-holder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down.

ἴστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of *εἶδω.

ἰστο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰστός, πέδη) a hole in the keel for fixing the mast in.

ἰστο-πόνος, ον, (ἰστός, πονέω) working at the loom.

ἰστορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἴστωρ) to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire about something.

II. to narrate what one has learnt, narrate historically. Hence

ἰστορία, ἡ, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry.

II. a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative.

ἰστός, ὁ, (ἰσστημι) a ship's mast; ἰστών στήσῃ or στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole.

II. the web-beam of the loom (which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; ἰστών ἐποίχεσθαι to be busy about the beam, and so to weave.

2. the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.

ἰστό-τονος, ον, (ἰστός, τείνω) stretched on the web-beam.

ἴστο-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἰστός, *ἔργω) to work at the loom.

ἴστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of *εἶδω.

ἴστω, Dor. gen. of ἰστός: but ἴστω, dat. of the same.

ἴστωρ or ἴστωρ, opus, ὁ, ἡ, knowing, acquainted

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰσχάς. [ᾶ]

ισχάδδ-πώλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἰσχάς, πωλέω) a woman who sells figs.

ἰσχα-αιμος, ον, (ἰσχω, αἷμα) quenching blood: ἰσχαίμων, τό, a styptic.

ισχαίνω, f. l. for ἰσχανάω.

ισχαλέος, α, ον, poet. for ἰσχνός, dry, dried.

ισχανάα, Ep. 3 sing. of ἰσχανάω.

ισχάναω, Ep. lengthd. form of ἰσχάνω, ἰσχω, to hold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait. II. intrans. to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

ἰσχάνω, = ἰσχανάω, to check, binder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [ᾶ]

ἰσχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰσχνός) a dried fig.

ἰσχεμέν, ἰσχεμένοι, Ep. inf. of ἰσχω.

ἰσχειο, imperat. med. of ἰσχω.

ἰσχιον, τό, (ἴς, ἰσχός) the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

ἰσχναίνω, (ἰσχνός) to make thin, dry, withered:—Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγάντα θυμὸν ἰσχναίνειν to bring down the proud stomach.

ἰσχρο-πάρειος, ον, (ἰσχνός, παρεία) with withered cheeks.

ἰσχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσχω) thin, lean, withered, meagre. II. of style, poor, meagre.

ἰσχνό-φωνος, ον, (ἰσχνός, φωνή) with thin or weak voice. II. stuttering, stammering.

ἰσχυρίζομαι, f. ἰσχομαι Att. ἰσμαι aor. I ἰσχυρίσάμην: (ἰσχυρός): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

ἰσχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰσχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, hard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ἰσχυρὸν by violence, force, opp. to δόλω. Hence

ἰσχυρῶς, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:—Sup. ἰσχυρότατα, most certainly.

ἰσχύς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἴς, ἰσχω) strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ἰσχύω, impf. ἰσχύων: f. ἰσχύσω: aor. I ἰσχύσα [ῶ]: (ἰσχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ἰσχω, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf. ἰσχον:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to hold oneself in, check oneself: ἰσχειο bold! be still!

c. gen., ἰσχεσθαί τινας to desist from a thing; ἰσχερο ἐν τούτῳ (impers.) here it stopped. II. later like ἔχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ἰσ-ωνία, ἡ, (ἴσος, ὥνή) a fair price.

ἰσ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name.

ἴσως, Adv. of ἴσος, equally, in like manner. II. fairly, equitably.

III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with ἄν or τάχ' ἄν. IV. with numerals, about.

ἰσωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of ἰσώω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -λί, ἡ, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for Ἰταλιώτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ἰταλῖς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ἰδος, Italian.

ἸΤΑΛΟΨ, ὁ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

ἰτῆμός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴτης) beadlong, basty.

ἸΤΕ'Α Ion. -έη and -είη, ἡ, a willow, Lat. salix.

II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

ἰτέιον, ἡ, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶμι ἰβο, one must go.

ἰτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἴτης, ον, ὁ, (εἶμι ἰβο) basty, impetuous: impudent.

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἶμι ἰβο) passable.

ἰτρίνεος, α, ον, like honey-cake. From

ἰτρίον, τό, a cake, made of sesamé and honey.

ἴττω, Boeot. for ἴτω, 3 sing. pf. of *εἶδω; ἴττω

Zeús, Zeus be witness!

ἸΤΥΨ, vos, ἡ, the edge or rim of anything round, the fellow of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ἴτω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἴτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰτή, ἡ, (ἰύω) a howling, shrieking, yelling.

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (ἰύω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

ἰυγέ or ἰυγές, ἰυγγος, ἡ, (ἰύω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

ἸΥΨΩ, fut. ἰύω: aor. I ἰύσα:—to shout, bolla: also to bowl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἰύω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper. [ῖ]

ἰφθίμος, ἡ, ον, also ὁς, ον, (ἰφι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from ἴς.

Ἰφι-γένειά, ἡ, (ἰφι, γένω) Iphigenia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφιγεία.

ἰφιος, α, ον, (ἰφι) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.

*ἸΦΥΟΝ, τό, a kind of pot-herb.

ἰχθυάζομαι, Dep. = ἰχθυάω.

ἰχθυάω, f. ἰσώω, (ἰχθύς) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing.

ἰχθυάα, impf. ἰχθυάσκον.

ἰχθυόλω, f. ἰσώω, to strike fish, spear them. From

ἰχθυ-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; ἰχθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst., ἰχθυβόλος, ὁ, an harpooner, spearer.

ἰχθυ-βόρος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκω) fed on by fish.

ἰχθυόδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, a little fish.

ἰχθυ-δέκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) holding fish.

ἰχθυήρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) fishy, scaly, foul.

ἰχθυο-βολέω, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυβ-.

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ἑς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) fish-shaped, fish-like.

ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) full of fish, fishy. II. consisting of fish.

ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) a fisherman. ἰχθυο-λύμη, ου, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

ἰχθυο-φάγος, ου, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; οἱ ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.

ἰχθυ-πᾶγής, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παγῆναι) fish-piercing.

ἸΧΘΥΨ, υός, ὁ: acc. ἰχθύν and later ἰχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθύες, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—a fish, Lat. *piscis*. II. plur. οἱ ἰχθύες, the fish-market. [ῥ in sing. nom. and acc., ῥ in genit. and in all compds.]

ἰχθυσι-ληϊστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) a stealer of fish.

ἰχθυ-φᾶγος, ου, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [ᾱ]

ἰχθυ-ῶδης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: full of fish.

ἰχναῖος, α, ου, (ἰχνος) following on the track.

ἰχνεῖα, ἡ, (ἰχνηύω) a casting about for the scent.

ἰχν-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχνος, εἰλάνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.

ἰχνηύμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἰχνηύω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the ichneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs.

ἰχνηυσίς, εως, ἡ, (ἰχνηύω) a tracking.

ἰχνηυτής, οῦ, ὁ, a tracker, hunter. 2. the ichneumon: and

ἰχνηυτικός, ἡ, ὅν, good at tracking. From

ἰχνηύω, f. ου, (ἰχνος) to track or trace out, hunt after.

ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.

ἰχνο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap.

ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track.

ἸΧΝΡ, ᾠρος, ὁ, ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα.

ἰψ, ὁ, gen. ἰπός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἵπτομαι):—a worm that eats horn and wood. [ῖ]

ἰψω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἵπτομαι.

ἰω, subj. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰῶ, contr. for ἰδών, imperat. of ἰδωμαι.

ἰῶ, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. *io triumphe!* but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., *oh!*

ἰῶ, ἰῶγα and ἰῶγα, Boeot. for ἐγῶ, ἐγών, and ἔγωγε.

ἰωγή, ἡ, (ἰέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῇ under shelter from the north wind.

ἰωή, ἡ, (ἰά, ἰάω) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ἰῶκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰῶξ.

ἰωκή, ἡ, (ἰώκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

ἰών, ἰῶγα, v. ἰῶ, ἰδών.

ἸΩΝ, ὠνος, ὁ, Ion, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creusa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; οἱ Ἰῶνες the Ionians. [ῖ]

ἰωνία, ἄς, ἡ, (ἰών) a violet-bed, Lat. *violarium*.

Ἰωνικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Ἰων) Ionic, Ionian:—Adv. —*κῶς*, in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately.

ἰῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. *an iota, a jot*.

ἰωχμός, ὁ, = ἰωκή, ἀν' ἰωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral *κ'* = 20, but *κ* = 20,000. *κ* is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed *κνός* into *κνός*, *γνάπτω* into *κνάπτω*, *ρέγχω* into *ρέγκω*; so the Ion. *χιτών* into *κιθών*, *δέχομαι* into *δέκομαι*, etc.—γ before *κ*, as in *ἄγκισθεν*, is pronounced like our *ng*.

κά, Dor. for the Ion. *κε*, = the Att. *ἄν*.

καββάλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.

καββάς, poet. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

Κάβειροι, οἱ, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as *κὰγ γόνυ*.

κάγκανος, ο, (καίω) fit for burning, dry.

καγχάζω, fut. ἄσω, = καχάζω. Hence

καγχᾶλῶ, to laugh aloud, Lat. *cacinnor*: Ep. 3 pl. *καγαλῶσιν*; Ep. part. *καγαλῶν*, —ῶσα.

κάγχρῦς, see κάχρῡς.

κάγῳ, crasis for καὶ ἐγῶ.

κάδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as *κὰδ δέ*.

καδδραθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατά δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of καταδύνω.

καδεμών, Dor. for κηδέμων.

κάδεισκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάδος: the balloting-urn.

Καδμείος, α, ου, (Κάδμος) Cadmean; οἱ Καδμείοι the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; ἡ Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, *Καδμεία νίκη* a Cadmean victory, i.e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polyneices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ὠνος, ὁ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήτιος, η, ου, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.

Καδμήτις, ἴδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.

Κάδμος, ὁ, Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called *Καδμήα γράμματα*, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic, η ω θ φ χ ζ ξ ψ.

κάδος, ὁ, (χαδεῖν) a *pair, jar, cask*, Lat. *cadus*. II. an *urn or box for collecting the votes*. [ἄ]

κάδος, εὖς, τό, Dor. for κήδος.

Κάειρα, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, a *Carian woman*.

Adj. fem. for Καριή, *Carian*.

καῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.

κάήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass.-inf. of καίω.

καήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.

καθά, Adv., contr. from κατά, ἄ, according as.

καθ-αγίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) to devote or dedicate by fire. II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: *devour*. Hence

καθαγισμός, ὁ, a *devoting or dedication by fire*. II. a *burning of a dead body: funeral rites*.

καθ-αγνίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (κατά, ἀγνός) to make pure, cleanse, hallow. II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.

καθαμακρός, ὄν, bloodstained, bloody. From καθ-αμαύσσω, f. ξω, (κατά, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.

καθ-αμαύτω, = καθαιμάσσω.

καθαίρεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a *putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing*.

καθαίρετος, ἔα, ἔον, and καθαίρετος, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καθαίρω, to be put down: to be accomplished.

καθαίρετός, οὐ, ὁ, a *destroyer*. From καθ-αίρω Ion. καταίρω: fut. ἦσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ:

aor. 2 καθεῖλον, inf. καθελεῖν:—to take down; καθ-ελεῖν ἱστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμοὺς καθελεῖν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. *coelo deducere lunam*: generally, to take down anything *bung up*; hence Med., καθαίρεσθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg. 2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to bumble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., καταίρεσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4. like αἰρεῖν, to take and carry off, seize.

καθαίρω, fut. καθάρω: aor. I ἐκάθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκαθάρθην: pf. κεκαθάρμαι: (καθαρός)—to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to have oneself purified. II. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.

καθ-άλλομαι, fut. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I καθηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap down, Lat. *desilire*: of a storm, to rush down.

κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, a knot, κάθαμμα λύνει λόγον to untie a knotty point.

καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατανύω.

καθ-άπαξ, Adv. once for all. Altogether.

καθά-περ, Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit. περ, even as, just as.

καθαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, fastened on or to; καθαπτὸς δοραῖς clad in skins. From

καθ-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω):—to tie or fasten on:—Pass., ἐβόρχη κατημμένους (pf.

part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2. = καθάπτωμαι, to lay hold of. II. Med. καθάπτωμαι, fut.

-άσομαι:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat.

antestari.

καθάρεντόν, one must keep clean, be pure, τιγίς from a thing; verb. Adj. from

καθαρεύω, f. σω, (καθαρός) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.

καθαρίζω, fut. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, = καθαίρω, to cleanse, purify, make clean.

καθάριος, ὄν, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence

καθαριότης, ητος, ἡ, cleanliness, neatness.

καθαρισμός, ὁ, (καθαρίω) a cleansing, purifying.

καθάρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. II. metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast. III. a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.

καθ-αρμόζω, f. σω, to join or fit to.

καθάρμιος, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. 2. an atonement, expiation.

ΚΑΘΑΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, clean, pure, spotless, unsoiled, of garments. II. clear, open, free; ἐν καθαρῷ

(sub. τόπῳ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθαρῷ ἡλίῳ in the open sun, opp. to the shade. III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence.

IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true. V. generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence

καθάρότης, ητος, ἡ, cleanness, purity.

καθ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, to tear or snatch down.

καθάριστος, ὄν, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, expiatory. II. as Subst., τὸ καθάριστον (sub. ἱερὸν), an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.

κάθαρις, εὖς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification, καθαρτής, οὐ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.

καθεδοῦμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.

καθ-έδρα, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form. II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.

καθ-έζομαι: impf. καθεζόμην, but also ἐκαθεζόμην (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδοῦμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθéis: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.

καθέκηκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθήμι.

καθείατο, Ep. for ἐκαθήντο, 3 pl. impf. of καθήμι.

καθεῖλον, aor. 2 of καθαίρω.

καθαίμαι, pf. pass. of καθήμι.

καθ-εἰργνύμι and καθείργω, Att. for κατ-: f. -εἰρξω; aor. I -εἶρξα: (κατά, εἰργω):—to sbut up, enclose, confine.

καθ-εἷς, for καθ' εἷς, one by one, one after another; also εἷς καθεἷς, for εἷς καθ' ἑνα.

καθεῖσα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχω) *to be held back*.
καθελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαίρειν.
καθ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, *to wrap round, infold*: Ion. plqr. pass. κατελίσσας, *for κατελιγμένοι ἦσαν*.
καθ-έλω, f. -έλω or -ελκύω (as if from -ελκύω): aor. 1 καθελέκυσσα: pf. καθελέκυκα:—Pass., aor. 1 καθελέκυσθην: pf. καθελέκυσμαι:—*to draw down*, esp. of ships, *to launch*, Lat. deduco.
καθελούσα, Dor. for καθελούσα, fem. of καθελών.
καθελῶ, fut. of καθαίρειν.
καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαίρειν.
καθ-έννυμι, *to clothe*: see καταέννυμι.
καθεξῆς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) *in order, in succession*.
κάθεξις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) *a holding, keeping hold of*.
καθέω, fut. of κατέχω.
κάθ-ερμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) *a necklace*.
καθ-έρπω, f. -ερπύσω (as if from -ερπύω): aor. 1 καθείρπισα: (κατά, ἔρπω):—*to creep or steal down*: metaph. of the first down, *to steal down the cheek*.
κάθεσ, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι.
καθεσθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of καθέζομαι.
καθεστάμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι.
καθεστορκῶς, νία, ὅς, pf. part. of καθίστημι.
καθεστορκῆς, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.
καθεστῶτα, ων, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of καθίστημι, *existing laws, customs, usages*.
καθ-εύδω: impf. Ep. καθεύδων, Att. also καθνύδων and ἐκάθευδον: fut. καθευδήσας:—*to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber*: metaph. *to rest, be at rest*.
καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, *to find out, discover*.
καθ-εψιάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψιάσμαι): Dep.:—*to mock at, deride*: Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιώνται.
καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἐψω) *to boil down, digest*.
II. metaph. *to soften, temper*.
κάθη, Att. for κἀθήσαι, 2 sing. of κἀθήμαι.
καθηγεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμών) *a leader, guide*.
καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.:—*to lead the way, be guide*: hence *to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe*, Lat. praere verbis. Hence
καθηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, *a leader, guide, teacher*.
καθηήγισα, aor. 1 of καθαγίζω.
καθηήγισα, aor. 1 of καθαγίζω.
καθ-ηδῦπάθew, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἡδῦπάθew) *to squander in luxury*.
καθῆκα, aor. 1 of καθίημι.
καθ-ήκω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἡκω) *to come or go down, go down to fight*.
2. *to come down to, come or reach to, extend to*.
II. *to reach as far as, to suffice or be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper*.
2. part., τὸ καθήκον, οντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, *that which is meet or proper, one's duty*: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = τὰ καθεστῶτα, *the present state of things, circumstances*.
καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἥλιος) *to bring the sun in upon, to illuminate*.
κάθ-ημαι: imperat. κἀθήσο; subj. κἀθωμαι; opt. καθοίμην; inf. καθήσθαι; part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκαθήμην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, *to have seated oneself, to be seated, sit*: of judges, *to have taken their seats in court*: generally, *to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell*: in bad sense, *to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed*: of an army, *to encamp*: *to lie in wait*.
καθ-ήμερος, α, ὄν, also καθήμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ' ἡμέραν) *happening every day, daily*.
κἀθήρα, Ep. for ἐκἀθήρα, aor. 1 of καθαίρω.
κἀθήσθε, 2 pl. of κἀθήμαι: but καθήσθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same.
κἀθήσο, imperat. of κἀθήμαι:—καθήστο, 3 sing. impf. καθήσδων, impf. of καθεύδω.
καθ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, *to make to sit down, set down*: *to establish, institute*: of sacred things, *consecrate*:—Pass. *to sit down, settle*.
καθ-ίεμαι, Pass. of καθίημι.
καθ-ιέρω, f. ὥσω, *to dedicate, consecrate, devote, hallow*.
καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἰζω) *to sit down*.
καθίξω, Dor. for καθίζω, med. imperat. of sq.
καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or κἀθίζον Att. ἐκἀθίζον (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. καθιῶ Dor. καθίξω: aor. 1 ἐκάθισα Dor. κἀθίξα, Ep. part. καθίσας: another Ep. form of aor. 1 is καθεῖσα, also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense (κατά, ἰζω): I. Causal, *to make to sit down*; ἀγοράς καθίσαι *to make an assembly be seated*, i. e. open one: generally, *to set, appoint, constitute*.
2. *to place or settle in a place, establish*.
3. *to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so*.
II. intr. *to sit down, be seated, sit*, esp. *to sit at meals*: of an army, *to sit down in a country, encamp*.
καθ-ίημι, fut. κἀθήσω: aor. 1 καθήκα Ep. καθέηκα: pf. καθεῖκα, pass. καθεῖμαι: (κατά, ἵημι):—*to send down, let down, let fall*, Lat. demitto: καθιέναι τὴν ἀγκυραν *to let go the anchor*; καθιέναι καταπεριτηρήν, *to let down a sounding-line*, hence absol., καθιέναι *to sound*:—metaph. *to put forward, attempt*:—Pass. *to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards*; καθείρω τὰ τείχη *the walls were carried down to the sea*.
II. *to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest*.
III. intr. *to come down upon, attack*.
καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθικνέομαι.
καθ-ικετεύω, *to intreat earnestly*.
καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ϊκόμην: (κατά, ικνέομαι): Dep.:—*to come down, come to, reach to*: hence *to touch, probe*.
καθ-ιμάω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἰμάω) *to let down by a rope*.
καθίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. 1 part. of καθίξω.
καθίξην, Dor. for καθίσην, 2 sing. aor. 1 of καθίξω.
καθ-ιπτάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—*to ride down, overrun with horse*: generally, *to trample down*.
καθ-ιπτεύω, f. ῶω, *to ride down, trample under foot*.
καθίσα, Att. aor. 1 of καθίξω.
καθίστα or -τή, for καθίστασι, imperat. of καθίστημι.
καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-ίστημι.

καθ-ίστημι: I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατέστησάμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there: καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plqpf. καθοστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass. I.—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself.

2. to be set, established, appointed. 3. to stand quiet or calm: πνεῦμα καθοστήκεός a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state: εἰ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary: to be or become: καθοστήκεός Ion. κατεστέως, existing, established: τὰ καθοστώτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώτες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.

καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.

καθολικός, ἡ, ὅν, (κάθολος) general, universal.

καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to equip or array fully.

καθ-ορώ α: f. κατόφωμαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεώρακα: aor. 2 κατέειδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set in motion, impel.

καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθορμίσάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, οσιός) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner.

καθοδοί, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι. **καθ-υβρίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to treat despitely, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.

κάθ-υδρος, ov, (κατά, ὕδωρ) full of water: καθύδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periph. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing of, to descant upon.

καθ-υπεράκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὑπεράκοντιζω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ὑπέρθε, before a vowel —θεν, (κατά, ὑπέρθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above: c. gen., καθὑπέρθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτερος, α, ov, Comp. of καθὑπέρθε, upper, higher, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ov, highest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνών, f. ὥσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. **καθ-υποκρίνομαι**: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances.

II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.

καθ-υφίημι, fut. —υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυφιεσθαι τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,

καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ὥς) according as, as.

ΚΑΙ, Conjunction, and, also.

I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἀρκετοι τε καὶ λέωντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind: θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοί τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate. II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἐπειτὰ με καὶ λίποι αὐτὸν then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καὶ μεμῶτα, μάχης στήσεσθαι ἰδὼ, Hector will I keep away, how much soever or although he rage. 3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεοὶ καὶ ἀμείνωνας ἵππους θαρσύναι: καί is often used in this way before οὗτος: with neut. pl., καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially: τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i.e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, ἔλεμνος καὶ κανὼν ἀποθρῶσκοντα νοῆσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i.e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke: οἷς ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak.

III. as, after ὅμοιος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνάμψαι ἐχρύνοντο ὁμοίην καὶ σύ they held the same opinion as you. IV. of number, about: καὶ ἐς ἑβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καυάδας, ov, Dor. α, ὁ, a chasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραντρον. (Lacon. word.) **καὶ γάρ**, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain: καὶ γὰρ δὴ γὰρ of a surety. **καὶ . . γε**, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic: καὶ λίην κεινός γε εἰκότι κείτῃ δαλῶν and indeed very deserved. **Τε** is always separated from καὶ by one or more words.

καὶ δὴ, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καὶ δὴ καί, and besides that also, and moreover.

καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καὶ the thing is supposed as existing.

καίμεν, Ep. for καίεν.

καὶ κε, καὶ κεν, Ep. for καὶ ἄν, κἄν.

καικίας, *ov, δ, the north-east wind.*

καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, *aye and very much.*

καὶ μὴν, *and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero.* II. *and further, and besides.* III. *in answers, well, be it so.*

καινίζω, *f. ἴσω Att. iō, (καινός) to make new, to have new; καὶ τι καινίζει στέγη the house has something new about it; καινίσον ὑγρόν bear thy new yoke; καινίσαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.*

καινο-πάθης, *ἐς, (καινός, παθεῖν) newly suffered, never before suffered.*

καινο-πηγῆς, *ἐς, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened, new-made.*

καινο-πῆμων, *ov, gen. onos, (καινός, πῆμα) newly suffering, new to suffering.*

καινο-ποιέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθὲν λέγεις; what new phrases art thou using? Hence*

καινοποιητής, *οὐ, δ, an inventor of new pleasures.*

ΚΑΙΝΟΨ, *ῆ, ὄν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh, Lat. de novo.* II. *newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.*

καινό-τάφος, *ov, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb.*

καινότης, *ῆτος, ῆ, (καινός) newness, freshness: novelty.*

καινοτόμος, *f. ἴσω, (καινοτός) to cut fresh into; in mining, to open a new vein: metaph. to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations in the state, Lat. res novas tentare.* Hence

καινοτομία, *ῆ, a cutting anew: innovation.*

καινο-τόμος, *ov, (καινός, τεμῶν) cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.*

καινοουργέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινοργός) to make new.* II. *to innovate, make innovations.* Hence

καινοουργία, *ῆ, innovation.*

καινο-ουργός, *ὄν, (καινός, *ἔργω) making new, innovating: τὸ καινοουργόν a novelty.*

καινώω, *f. ὥσω, (καινός) to make new, innovate:—*

Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II. *to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.*

καὶ νῦν, *and now perhaps.*

ΚΑΙΝΤΜΑΙ, *impf. ἐκαινῶμην [ῶ]: pf. (in pres. sense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense) ἐκέκασμην, formed as if from κάω:—to surpass, excel; ἐκαίνυτο φύλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι be surpassed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέλ-ληνας be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear; so in part., δόλοισι κεκασμένους surpassing all in wiles; but κεκασμένους also well-furnished.*

καὶ νῦν, *and now, even now.*

ΚΑΙΝΩ, *fut. κᾶνῶ: a. 2 ἐκᾶνον, inf. κᾶνεῖν: pf. κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.*

καὶ-περ, *(καὶ περ) although, albeit.*

καὶ πῶς; *and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.*

καὶ ῥα, *Ep. and then, and so.*

καίριος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (καίρος): in season, sea-sonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.*

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. *of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, vital; ἐν καίρῳ or κατὰ καίριον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καίρια (sub. πληγῇ) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καίρια acci-dents.* Hence

καίριος, *Adv. seasonably.* II. *mortally.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *δ, due measure, right proportion, fitness;*

καιροῦ πέρα *beyond measure, unduly.* II. *of Time, the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment, Lat. opportunitas: generally, conve-nience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. καιρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely; ἐν καιρῷ τιμὴ εἶναι or γίνεσθαι to suit one's conve-nience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπὸ or ἄνευ καιροῦ or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tem-pore.*

III. *of Place, the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *δ, the webbing or thrums to which the threads of the warp are fastened.* Hence

καιροσέων, *a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ὀθονέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρόν ἔλαιον from the close-woven linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be for καιροέσων, gen. pl. fem. of καιροίς.*

καιρο-φύλακῆ, *f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.*

καὶ ταῦτα, *and that, and besides, especially.*

καὶ τοι or καὶ-τοι, *and indeed:—and yet, although.*

ΚΑΙΩ Att. κάω [ᾶ]: *impf. ἐκαίον Att. ἐκάον Ep. κείον: fut. καίσω: aor. I ἐκάουσα, Att. also ἔκαα, Ep. ἔκαα or ἔκεια (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass., aor. I ἐκαύθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκαυμαι: I. to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn.* II. *to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.*

κάκ, *Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κάκ κεφαλῆς.*

κάκ, *crasis for καὶ ἐκ.*

κάκ-ἄγγελος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill tidings.*

κάκ-ἄγγελος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill tidings; κακῶ-ἄγγελα ἄχῃ the sorrow of ill tidings.*

κακ-άγορος, *Dor. for κακήγορος.*

κακ-ανδρία, *ῆ, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) unmanliness, coward-ice.*

κάκει, *by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, and there, there also.*

κάκεινος, *κακέινον, by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖνος, etc.*

κάκ-εστῶ, *οὐς, ῆ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp.*

to εὖεστῶ well-being.

κάκη, *ῆ, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.*

κάκηγορεύω, *f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse, slander.* Hence

κάκηγορία, *ῆ, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny; κακηγορία δίκη an action for defamation.*

κάκ-ήγορος, *ov, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, —ίστατος.*

κάκία, *ῆ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.*

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. *pravitas*. II. *disgrace, dishonour*.

κακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιοςτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of κακός.

κάκιων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [ἴ Ep., ἴ in Att. poets.]

κακκάω, (κάκη) the Lat. *cacare*.

κακκαίαι, Ep. for κατακαίαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκαίοντες, Ep. κατακαίοντες, part. of κατακαίω.

κακ-κεφαλῆς, better divisim κακ κεφαλῆς, Ep. for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ΚΑΚΚΗ, ἡ, human ordure, dung.

κακκήαι Ep. κατακήαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκόρυθα, κακορρυθήν, better divisim κακ κορυ, Ep. for κατὰ κορυθα, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατα-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνγητις, ἴδος, ἡ, for κατακυνηγέτις.

κακός-βίος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a hard life, faring hardly.

κακόβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From

κακός-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise.

κακό-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλῶσσα) ill-tongued; βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery. 2. slanderous.

κακοδαίμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακοδαίμονέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy or unfortunate. Hence

κακοδαίμονία, ἡ, unhappiness, misfortune. II.

a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κακό-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) having an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy, wretched. II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κακοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (κακόδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κακοδοξία, ἡ, (κακόδοξος) ill repute, infamy.

κακό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κακό-δρομία, ἡ, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κακό-ειμῶν, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμῶν) ill-clad.

κακοεργία, ἡ, poet. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From κακό-εργός, ον, (κακός, ἔργω) doing ill; κακοεργος γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. *fames improba*.

κακό-ζοῖα, ἡ, (κακός, ζοῖα poet. for ζωή) a miserable life.

κακόηθεια, ἡ, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or habits. From

κακό-ήθης, ἐς, (κακός, ἥθος) of ill habits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακόςθες an ill habit, Lat. *scribendi cacoëthes*, an itch for writing.

κακοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From

κακό-θημων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = κακή Ἰλιος, evil or unhappy Ilium.

κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, base love of gain. From

κακό-κερδής, ἐς, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain.

κακό-κνήμος, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, thin-legged.

κακό-κρίσις, ἡ, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment.

κακό-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at. Hence

κακολογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.

κακό-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing; slanderous, abusive.

κακό-μαντις, εως, δ, ἡ, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill.

κακό-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κακομετρέω, f. ἴσω, to give bad measure. From

κακό-μετρον, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κακό-μηδής, ἐς, (κακός, μήδος) contriving ill, crafty.

κακό-μήτης, ον, δ, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομηδής.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἴσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base

arts. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

κακό-μυχᾶνος, ον, (κακός, μυχανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακός, μοῖρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοιά, η, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὐνοία.

κακονομία, ἡ, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νους, ον, pl. κακόνους; (κακός, νόος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νούστατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II.

as Subst., κακόνυμφος, δ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having

ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κακό-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξύνετος) wise only for evil.

κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κακοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed. From

κακό-παθής, ἐς, (κακός, παθῆν) suffering ill, distressed.

κακό-παρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κακό-πατρις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, (κακός, πατήρ) having a low-born father, of low descent.

κακό-πίνης, ἐς, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loathsome.

κακοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κακό-ποιός, ον, (κακός, ποιέω) doing ill, mischievous.

κακό-ποτος, ον, (κακός, πότος) ill-fated.

κακό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) *with bad feet, weak in the feet.*

κακο-πράγῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, πράγος) *to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise.* Hence

κακοπραγία, ἡ, *ill-success, failure.*

κακο-πράγμα, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, πᾶγμα) *doing evil, mischievous.*

κακό-πτερος, on, (κακός, πτερόν) *ill-omened.*

κακο-ράφια, ἡ, (κακός, ράπτω) *contrivance of ill, mischievousness.*

2. *ill contrivance, unskilfulness.*

κακορ-ρήμων, on, (κακός, ῥήμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *telling of ill, ill-omened.*

κακορ-ροθέω, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) *to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.*

κακορ-ρύτος, on, (κακός, ῥύπος) *foul and filthy.*

ΚΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. *bad at one's trade;*

κακός ἀλήτης a bad beggar: *cowardly, faint-hearted;* cf. κάκη. 3. *of low birth, mean, vile.* 4. *in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked.* 5. *of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul.*

II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury. 2. *in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἔρδειν to do evil or ill to any one.*

III. Degrees of Comparison:—irreg. Comp. κακίων, on, Sup. κakisτος, η, on: but χείρων χείριστος, ἥσσον ἥκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός.

IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = ἄγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of *barbarous, unlucky, = δυσ-*, as in κακού-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακός-πιστος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as in

Κακο-ἴλιος for κακός ἴλιος.

κακο-σκελής, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) *with bad legs.*

κακο-σκηνής, ἐς, (κακός, σκῆνος) *of a bad, mean body.*

κάκ-ασμος, on, (κακός, ὁσμή) *ill-smelling,*

κακό-σπλαγχνος, on, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) *faint-hearted, cowardly.*

κακο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) *a bad crop.*

κακοστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak evil of.* From

κακό-στομος, on, (κακός, στόμα) *evil-speaking, foul-mouthed.*

κακό-στρωτος, on, (κακός, στρώννυμι) *ill-spread, rugged.*

κακο-σύνθετος, on, (κακός, συντίθημι) *ill put together, ill composed.*

κακό-σχολος, on, (κακός, σχολή) *inactive, idle, lazy.*

II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί winds that wear men out in idleness.

κακοτεχνέω, f. ἦσω, (κακότεχνος) *to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago.* Hence

κακοτεχνία, ἡ, *the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.*

κακό-τεχνος, on, (κακός, τέχνη) *using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.*

κακότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη.*

II. *moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.*

III. *evil, distress, suffering.*

κακοτροπία, ἡ, *bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness.* From

κακό-τροπος, on, (κακός, τρόπος) *of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.*

κακοτύχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to be unfortunate.* From

κακο-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) *unfortunate.*

καίκουργῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακούργος) *to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country.* Hence

καίκουργία Ep. κακοεργίῃ [ῖ], ἡ, *the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy.* From

κακ-οὔργος Ep. κακό-εργος, on, (κακός, ἔργον) *doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.*

II. *doing harm to one, damaging, hurtful.*

κακ-ουγέω, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ἔχω) *to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure.* Hence

κακουνχία, ἡ, *ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουνχία χθονός the devastation of a country.*

κακό-φάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) *sounding ill, ill-omened.*

κακό-φράδης, ἐς, (κακός, φράσσομαι) *devising ill, thoughtless, foolish.* Hence

κακό-φράδια Ion. -λίη, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness.*

κακό-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice.* From

κακό-φρων, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) *evil-minded, malicious, malignant.* II. *thoughtless, heedless.*

κακό-χαρτος, on, (κακός, χαίρω) *rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.*

κακό-χράσμων, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσσομαι) *with scanty means, poor.*

κακό-ψογος, on, (κακός, ψέγω) *malignantly blaming.*

κακῶς, f. ὦσω, (κακός) *to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακωμένος, disfigured, befouled.*

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, inf. of κατέκην, aor. 2. of κατακτείνω.

κακτάνε, Ep. for κατάνε, aor. 2. imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3. sing. ind.

κάτεινε, Ed. for κατέκεινε, 3. sing. impf. of κατακτείνω,

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the cactus, a prickly plant.*

κακύνω, f. ὦνῶ, (κακός) *to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to mutilate.*

II. *to revile, reproach:—Pass. to be reproached.*

κακχεύω, Ep. for καταχέω, aor. 1. inf. of καταχέω.

κακῶς, Adv. of κακός, ill, badly: *with difficulty, scarcely.* Comp. κακίον, Sup. κακίστα.

κάκιστις, εως, ἡ, (κακῶς) *ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.*

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίον.

κάλαθισκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small basket.

ΚΑ'ΛΑ'ΘΟΣ, ὁ, a basket, a wicker band-basket,

Lat. *calatbus*.

II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

καλαῖνος, η, ον, coloured like the *καλαῖς*, between blue and green, of changeable hue. From *καλαῖς*, ὁ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the *topaz* or *chrysolite*.

καλαῖμος, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

καλαῖμευτής, οὗ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a *fishing-rod*. II. *stubble*: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, *καλάμην γέ σ' ὀδομαι εἰσπορόντα γιγνώσκειν* thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i.e. the *relics*) of former strength.

καλαμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From *καλάμη-τόμος*, ον, (καλάμη, *τεμείν*) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλάμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, *φάγιν*) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλάμη-φέρος, ον, (καλάμη, *φέρω*) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθος, ἡ, (καλός, *μίνθα*) *mint*. Hence

Καλαμίνθος, ὁ, *Minty*, name of a frog.

καλαμίνος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

καλαῖμς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλαῖμσκος, ὁ, Dimm. of κάλαμος.

καλαῖμις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

καλαῖμός, εσσα, εν, of reed; *καλαμῶεσσα* *lauch* the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (*ῥύλη*), nor tree (*δένδρον*).

καλάμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, *στέφω*) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, *φθέγγομαι*) played on a reed.

καλσίρις, ιος, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλῶροψ, ὅπος, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of *καλέω*; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. *καλέσκειτο*.

καλέοντι, Dor. for *καλέονσι*, 3 pl. of *καλέω*.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of *καλέω*.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of *καλέω*.

κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of *καλέω*.

καλεύνται, Dor. for *καλούνται*.

καλεύντο, Ep. and Dor. for *εκαλούντο*, 3 pl. impf. pass. of *καλέω*.

ΚΑΛΕΩ: Ion. impf. *καλέεσκον*: fut. *καλέσω* Ion. and Ep. *καλέω* Att. *καλώ*: aor. I *ἐκάλεσα* Ep. *ἐκάλεσσα* or *καλέσσα*: pf. *κέκληκα* (for *κεκλήκα*):—Med., fut. *καλέσομαι* Att. *καλοῖμαι*: aor. I *ἐκαλεσάμην* pf. *ἐκαλεσάμην*:—Pass., fut. *κληθήσομαι*, paullo post f. *κεκλήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐκλήθην*: pf. *ἐκέκλημαι*.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing.

2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*.

3. to call on or invoke the gods. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, *καλεῖν τινα* to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, *καλεῖσθαι τινα* to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; *καλεῖν τινα ἐπικλησιν* to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. *κέκληκα*, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, *τάδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται* these are called (i.e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, poet. for *καλεῖν*, inf. of *καλέω*. *καλήτης*, Dor. and Att. for *κλητήης*.

καλήτωρ, opus, ὁ, (καλέω) a crier.

κάλιά Ion. -νῆ, ἡ, (κάλον) a wooden house, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

καλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = *καλιά*, a hut.

καλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. *καλινδήσομαι*, = *ἀλινδέομαι*, *κυλινδέομαι*, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = *ἀλινδήθρα*, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλαia, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλεῖω, Ep. for *καταλείπω*.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as *καλλίπαις* = *καλὴ παῖς*.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, *βλέφαρον*) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, *βοή*) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βοτρυς, υ, gen. υος, (καλλι-, *βότρυς*) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, *βῶλος*) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, *γάληνη*) sweetly-transparent.

καλλι-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, *γένος*) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γυνάεις, gen. ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, *γυνή*) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [δ]

καλλι-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, *δίνη*) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δ]

καλλι-διφρος, ον, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, ὁ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-ἐλαιος, ὁ, (καλλι-, *ἐλαία*) the cultivated olive, opp. to *ἀγρίελαιος*.

καλλι-επέω, f. ἦσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; *κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι* high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, *ἔπος*) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ιέρω Ion. καλλ-ιρέω, f. ἦσω, (καλλι-, ιερόν): —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *līare*, *perlītare*:—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ζυγῆναι) beautifully-yoked.
καλλι-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτέω, f. ἦσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλι-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κερως, οτος οτ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-bill, a district near Troy.
καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλικομος, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρηνος Dor. -κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπής, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautifully-shining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully-shaped.

καλλίμιος, ον, poët. for καλός, beautiful.
καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; τὸ καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poët. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὤψ) Cal-
lipyra, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλι-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II.
= καλή παῖς, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρης, ον, (καλλι-, παρεία) beautiful-cheeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

καλλίπρον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν.

καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πέπλος, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτῃλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτῃλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πηχus, υ, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλοκάμος, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτος, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.

καλλίπρον, Ep. for κατέλπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.

καλλι-πινος, ον, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρῶρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶρα) with beautiful prow, of ship: metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates.

καλλι-πυργος, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργώω) built with beautiful towers.

καλλι-παλος, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ῥέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλι-ιέρω.
καλλι-ροος, poët. for καλλιρ-ροος.

καλλιρ-ροος, ον, contr. καλλιρ-ρους, ουν, (καλλι-, ῥέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶς, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεία, the need of valour.

καλλιστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στέφανος, ον, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beautiful towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλιτρίχας, acc. pl. of καλλιθρίξ.

κάλλιψ, for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautifully-shining.

καλλι-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φύλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χῶρος, with beautiful places. II. (χῶρος) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. eos Att. ος, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works: κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poët. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ἑνῶ, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, (κάλλος, ὥψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, atos, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-κάγαθος, ὁ, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλων, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

κάλο-πέδιλα, τὰ, (κάλων, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσα, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

κάλο-πούς, ὁ, ἦ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; Ἀλκιβιάδης ὁ καλὸς Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty. II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τῷ or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. honestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ὄν, Sup. κάλλιστος, ἦ, ὄν. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλως, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΨΙΣ, ἰδος, ἦ, acc. κάλψιν or κάλψιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a pitcher, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἦ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῥ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσι, ποῖτ, for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στεφάνος, ὄν, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἦ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

καλύμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὅκος, ἦ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting.

II. in pl., κάλκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἦ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλύπτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ἰσθ., —πτηρ, ἦ, a woman's veil; θνοφερὰ καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΠΤΩ, f. ὤψα: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύφας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Κάλυψο, gen. —ῶος contr. —ῶς, ἦ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλγαίνω, (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχας, ατος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy! properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ' ΑΧΗ, ἦ, also χάλιχη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχειν or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχειν τινὸς to be well off for a thing. 2. = πάννυ, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ' ΛΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλωι, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ὄν, δ.—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ἐξίστι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στρόφος, ὁ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμκινος, ὄν, made of brittle wool. From

ΚΑ' ΜΑΣ, ἄκος, ἦ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-prop. II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑ'ΡΑ, ἦ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμᾱ]

καμάσθινες, οἱ, a kind of fish.

κάματρός, ἁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out. From

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάματ-ῶδης, ἐς, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαῖνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

κάμε, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἦ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἵππος, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gámal.)

κάμινευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

καμινήτης, οὗ, ὁ, = καμινευτήρ.

καμῖνοι, dat. of καμῖνῶ.

κάμινος, ἦ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence

κάμινῶ, οὗς, dat. οἱ, ἦ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, aor. I part. of καταμίγνυμι.

καμ-μονή, ἦ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ὄν, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μῶ, Ep. for καταμῶ.

ΚΑ' ΜΝΩ: fut. καμῶμαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἔκαμον, inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκαμηκα,

Ep. pf. part. *κεκμηώς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηῶτας*: I. intr. *to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out*: c. part., *κάνει πολέμιζον, ἐλαύνων, one is weary of fighting, rowing*. 2. *to feel trouble or annoyance*; οὐκ ἔκαμον τανῶν I found no trouble in bending the bow. 3. *to be worsted or beaten*. 4. *to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed*. 5. οἱ καμώντες and οἱ κεκμηῶτες Ep. *κεκμηῶτες or κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, οἱ καμώντες the sick; and κεκμηῶτες are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. *to work hard at, to bestow labour upon*. 2. *to work out, earn by toil*; in aor. 2 med., νῆσον ἔκαμοντο they worked, tilld the island for themselves.

κάμοι, by crasis for καὶ ἐμοί.
ΚΑΜΠΗ', ἡ, (κάμπω) *a bending, winding, as of a river*. II. *the turning in a race-course, turning-post*: metaph., μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν *to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point*. III. *καμπάι*, in Music, *turns, tricks, quavers*.
κάμπιμος, ἡ, ον, (καμπή) *bent, turning, double*.
καμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a bend, an angle*. II. *the turning-point in a race-course*.

ΚΑΜΠΤΩ, fut. κάμψω: aor. I ἔκαμψα: Pass., aor. I ἐκάμψην:—*to bend, bow*:—esp., I. γόνυ and γούνατα κάμπτειν, *to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest*. 2. γόνυ κάμπτειν *to bend the knee in prayer*. 3. γόνυ κάμπτειν *to bend the knee in running, to run*. II. *to bend, turn, guide anything*. 2. absol. *to turn round a point*; κάμπτειν ἄκρην *to double a headland*; κάμπτειν κύλπον *to skirt the bay*: metaph., κάμπτειν βίον *to turn the middle point of life, i.e. to draw near to its close*; cf. καμπή. III. like Lat. *flecto*, *to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent*: generally, *to bend, humble*.

καμπύλος, ἡ, ον, (κάμπω) *bent, curved*. [ῥ]
καμφθεῖς, καμφθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of κάμπτω.
καμπψέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of κάμπτω.
καμπψί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπω, πούς) *bending the foot, swift-running*.
κάμψις, εως, ἡ, (κάμπω) *a bending, curving*.
καμών, aor. 2 part. of κάμνω.

κάν, crasis for καὶ ἄν:—also for καὶ ἦν, and if, even if.
κάν, crasis for καὶ ἐν, and in.
κάν, Ep. for κατὰ before ν, as κὰν νόμον for κατὰ νόμον.
κάναθρον or κἀννᾶθρον, τό, (κάνη) *the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage*.

Καναϊνίτης, ου, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek Ζηλωτής, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with Χανααῖος, a Canaanite.

ΚΑΝΑ ΣΣΩ, f. ῶ, *to make a gurgling sound with water*. (Formed from the sound.)
κἀναστρον, τό, (κάνη) *a wicker basket*, Lat. *canistrum*. II. *an earthen vessel, dish*.

κἀνῶ-φόρος, Dor. for κἀννῶ-φόρος.

κἀνᾶχέω, f. ἦσω, *to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to plash, of water*. From

κἀνᾶχῃ, ἡ, (κἀνάσσω) *a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; κἀναχὴ ὀδόντων the gnashing of teeth; κἀναχαὶ αὐλῶν the shrill sound of flutes*. Hence

κἀνᾶχῆδᾰ, Adv. *with a sharp, ringing noise*.
κἀνᾶχῆς, ἐς, (κἀνάσσω) *making a sharp, ringing noise*: of water, *plashing*.

κἀνάχησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κἀναχέω.
κἀνάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κἀναχίζω.
κἀνᾶχίζω, f. ἴσω, = κἀναχέω.

κἀνδύς, vos, ὁ, *a Median garment with sleeves, also κἀνδύκη*. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. κἀνείον Att. contr. κανοῦν, τό, (κάννη) *a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket*, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (οὔλαϊ) at sacrifices.

κἀνείν, aor. 2 inf. of κἀνῶ.

κάνη, ἡ, *a rarer form of κἀννα*. [ᾱ]

κἀνήν, Dor. for κανεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κἀνῶ.

κἀνῆφορέω, f. ἦσω, *to carry the sacred basket in procession*. From

κἀνῆ-φόρος, ον, (κάνεον, φέρω) *carrying a basket: ἡ Κανῆφόρος the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena*.

ΚΑΝΘΑ-ΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *cantharus*, *a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt*. II. *a sort of drinking-cup*, Lat. *cantharus*. III. *a kind of Naixian boat*. IV. *a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis*.

κἀνθήλια, ων, τά, Lat. *clitellae, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle*.

κἀνθήλιος, ὁ, *a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass*.

κἀνθων, ὄνος, ὁ, (κάνθος) = κἀνθήλιος, *a pack-ass*.

ΚΑ'ΝΝΑ or κἀννη, ἡς, ἡ, *a reed or cane*, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, *a reed-mat, a reed-fence*.

κἀνᾶβνις, ἡ, ον, *bempen, made of bemph*. From

ΚΑΝΝΑ-ΒΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος, acc. ἰδα, also gen. εως:—bemph, Lat. *cannabis*. II. *anything made of it, tow*.

κἀννέουσας, Ep. for κατἀνέουσας.

κἀννη, ἡ, = κἀννα.

κἀννόμον, better κὰν νόμον, Ep. for κατὰ νόμον.

κἀνονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κἀνών) *a ruler*.

κἀνόνημα, τό, ποῖτ, for κἀνών, *a rule: also a ruler*.

κἀνοῦν, Att. contr. of κἀνεον.

κἀνείν, aor. 2 inf. of κἀνῶ.

κἀνῶ, fut. of κἀνῶ.

Κἀνώβος or Κἀνώτος, ὁ, *Canobus, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury*.

κἀνών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κάνη, κἀννα) *any straight rod or bar*: in Homer, κἀνόνες are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηνίον) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called *κανόνες*, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the *Canon* or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of *καίνω*.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for καὶ ἐξ.

κάπ, Ep. for κατά before π or φ, as *κάπ πεδίον* for *κατὰ πεδίον*.

κάπειτα, by crasis for καὶ ἔπειτα, and then, and next.

κάπετος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΠΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλεον, τό, the shop of a *κάπηλος*, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; *καπηλεύειν μάχην* to make a trade of war, Ennius' *bellum cauponari*:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ὁ, ὄν, (κάπηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., *καπηλικῶς* ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

κάπηλῖς, ἰδος, fem. of *κάπηλος*, Lat. *cofa*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (κάπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to *ἐμπορος*: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπι, by crasis for καὶ ἐπί.

καπίθη, ἡ, (κάπτω) a measure containing two *χοίνικες*.

κάπνη, ἡ, (καπνός) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (καπνός) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *καπνίζω*.

καπνο-δόχη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (καπνός, *δέχομαι*) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΙΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, smoke, Lat. *fumus*. Hence

καπνίω, f. ὥσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπν-ώδης, ἐς, (καπνός, *εἶδος*) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for *κῆποι*.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for *κῆπος*.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππαδοκίω, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. II.

to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From

Καππάδος, ὁκος, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for *κατέπ-*, aor. 2 of *καταπίπτω*.

καππο-φόρος, ὄν, (κάππα, *φέρω*) of a horse, marked with a *κάππα*: cf. *κοππατίας*.

καπ-πύριζω, poet. for *καταπύριζω*, (κατά, *πῦρ*) to catch fire.

καπρῖος, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, poet. for *κάπρος*, a wild boar. II.

as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ὄν, (καπρός, **φένω*) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΠΤΩ, fut. *κῶσω*: aor. I *ἔκαψα*: Ep. pf. part.

κεκαφῆς, for *κεκαφῶς*:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. *κάπτειν θυμὸν* to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ὁ, ὄν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see *ἀποκαπῶν*.

καπ-φάλαρα, better *κᾶρ φάλαρα*, for *κατὰ φάλαρα*.

κᾶρ, Ep. for *κατὰ* before *ᾱ*, as *κᾶρ ῥόνον* for *κατὰ ῥόνον*.

ΚΑΡ, *κᾶρος*, τό, the bair of the head, akin to *κάρα*;

τίω δέ μιν ἐν καρὸς αἴσῃ I value him but at a bair's worth. II. also for *κάρα*, *κάρη*, head, as in *ἐπὶ*

κάρ head-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. *Κᾶρος*, pl. *Κᾶρες*:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., *ἐν Καρὶ* or *ἐν τῷ Καρὶ δινδυνεύειν* to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem.

Κάρεια.

ΚΑ'ΡΑ' Ion. *κάρη* [ᾶ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like *κεφαλή*, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as *Οἰδίου κᾶρα* for *Οἰδίου*:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. *κᾶρης*, *κάρη*, *κάρην*. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. *κάρητος* *κάρητι*, *κᾶρητος* *κᾶρητι*.

κᾶραβο-πρόσωπος, ὄν, (*κᾶρα* *βος*, *πρόσωπον*) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑ'ΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κᾶρᾱ-δοκέω, f. ἴσω, (*κᾶρᾱ*, *δοκέω*) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κᾶρᾱνιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*κᾶρᾱ*) touching the head, beheading.

κᾶρᾱνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for *κᾶρηνον*.

κᾶρᾱνος, ὁ, (*κᾶρᾱ*) a bead, chieftain, chief. Hence

κᾶρᾱνώω, f. ὥσω, like *κεφαλαιώω*, (*κᾶρᾱνον*) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κᾶρᾱ-τομος, ὄν, (*κᾶρᾱ*, *τεμνέω*) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head.

κᾶρᾱνός, ὄν, = *βαρβαρός*, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑ'ΤΙΝΑΙ or *καρπάτιναι*, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*κάρδαμον*) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent: *τί καρδαμίζεις*; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑ'ΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nasturtium*.

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, poet. *κράδια* Ion. *κάρδιη*, *κράδιη*, *ἡ*, the heart, Lat. *cor*; ἀπό *καρδίας λέγειν*, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from the heart. II. the stomach.

καρδιακός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (*καρδία*) of the heart or stomach: hence. II. *dyspeptic*.

καρδιο-γνώστης, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (*καρδία*, *γινγνώσκω*) *knower of hearts*.

καρδιό-δηκτος, *οὔ*, (*καρδία*, *δάκνω*) *gnawing the heart*.

καρδι-οὐλκῶ, (*καρδία*, *ἐλκω*) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπεῖον, τό, the cover of a kneading-trough. II. a muzzle. From

ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ, *ἡ*, a kneading-trough, any trough.

Κάρεσσιν, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, the head.

καρήατος, *καρήατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*.

καρήβρεια Ion. *-ῆ*, *ἡ*, heaviness in the head: top-beaviness. From

κάρηβαρέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, to be heavy in the head, top-heavy. From

κάρη-βαρής, *ἐς*, (*κάρη*, *βάρος*) heavy in the head.

κάρη-κομῶντες, or better *κάρη κομώντες*, *οἱ*, with hair on the head, long-haired, of the Achaeans, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ἑπθεν κομώντες*. *κομώντες* is Ep. part. pl. of *κομῶν*; but there is no Verb *καρκομῶν*.

κάρηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) the head; ἀνδρῶν *κάρηνα*, = *ἀνδρες*; *βῶν κάρηνα* so many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, *κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*.

Κάρικο-εργής, *ἐς*, (*Καρίκός*, *ἔργον*) of Carian work.

Καρίκός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (*Κάρ*) Carian: *Καρίκῃ μῦθῳ*, *ἡ*, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

ΚΑΡΙΨ, gen. *ῖδος* or *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, Dor. also *κουρίς* or *καρίς*, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. *squilla*. [*ā*]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, *ὁ*, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα*, *τά*, a crab, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer*, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [*ŷ*]

καρκινό-χειρες, *ων*, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος*, *χείρ*) with crab's claws for hands.

ΚΑΡΨΕΙΑ or *Κάρνεα*, *τά*, a festival held in honour of *Apollo Kárneios* by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month Metageitnion, hence called *Kar-neios mēn*.

καρός, Dor. for *κηρός*.

Κάρπαθος, *ἡ*, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

καρπαῖα, *ἡ*, a mimic dance of the Thessalians.

καρπαλίμος, *οὔ*, (*ἀρπάω*, Lat. *carpo*) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, rapidly.

κάρπασος, *ἡ*, with heterog. pl. *κάρβασα*, *τά*, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.)

καρπίζω, *φ*, *ἴσω* Att. *ῶ* (*καρπός*) to pluck or gather fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return. II. to make fruitful, fertilise.

καρπυμος, *ἡ*, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*) bearing fruit, fruitful.

καρπο-γένεθλος, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*, *γενέθλη*) producing fruit.

καρπό-δεσμα, *ων*, *τά*, (*καρπός*, *δεσμός*) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιός, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *ποιέω*) producing fruit.

ΚΑΡΠΟΨ, *ὁ*, fruit; *καρπός ἀρούρης*, corn, but also of wine; *οἱ καρποί* the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

ΚΑΡΠΟΨ, *ὁ*, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. *carpus*.

καρπο-τελής, *ἐς*, (*καρπός*, *τελέω*) bringing fruit to perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*, *τεκεῖν*) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*, *φάγειν*) eating fruit.

καρπο-φθόρος, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*, *φθείρω*) spoiling fruit.

καρποφορέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, *οὔ*, (*καρπός*, *φέρω*) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *ὁ*, (*καρπός*, *φύλαξ*) a watcher of fruit. [*ŷ*]

καρπώω, *φ*, *ῶσω*, (*καρπός*) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. *καρπούμαι* to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*καρπώω*) fruit: produce, profit. *κάρπωσις*, *εως*, *ἡ*, (*καρπούμαι*) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ep. for *κατερρέζουσα*. **ΚΑΡΤΑ**, Adv. (*κάρτος*) very, very much, Lat. *valde*; *καὶ τὸ κάρτα*, very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, (*καρτέρος*) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c. acc. to endure manfully. 3. with a Prep. to hold out or bear up against a thing. 4. with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτερήσις, *εως*, *ἡ*, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, *ἡ*, = *καρτερήσις*.

καρτερικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (*καρτέρος*) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θυμός, *οὔ*, (*καρτέρος*, *θυμός*) stout-hearted.

καρτέρος, *ἂ*, *ὄν*, (*κάρτος*) = *καρτέρος*, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρτερὰ ἔργα* valiant deeds; *καρτέρος ὄρκος* a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3. master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II.

Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are *κρείσσω*, *κράτιστος*.

καρτερό-χειρ, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (*καρτέρος*, *χείρ*) strong of hand.

καρτερῶς, Adv. of *καρτέρος*, strongly; *καρτερῶς ὑπνοῦσθαι* to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, *ἡ*, *οὔ*, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρτος, εος, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strength, vigour, courage. Hence
 καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengthen; aor. I med.,
 ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks;
 χεῖρας ἐκαρτύναντο they strengthened or armed their hands.

Κάρνυατιδες, ὧν, αἱ, (Καρναί) the women of Caryae in Laconia. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [α]

καρύκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [υ] Hence

καρύκινος, ἡ, ὧν, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red.
 καρύκο-ποιέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.
 ΚΑΡΤΟΝ, the nut; κ. Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εἰθιοίκιν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filbert.

καρύο-ναύτης, οὐ, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutshell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.
 καρφάλεος, α, ὧν, (καρφά) dry, parched: of sound, hollow.

κάρφη, ἡ, (καρφά) a dry blade of grass.
 καρφηρός, ἄ, ὧν, (καρφος) of dry straw.
 καρφίτης [τ], οὐ, ὁ, (καρφος) built of dry straw.

καρφος, εος, τό, (καρφά) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea: dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. busks, chaff, Lat. quicquiliæ. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called καρφή.

ΚΑΡΨΩ, f. καρφώ, to make dry or withered:—Pass. to wither away.

καρχαλέος, α, ὧν, (καρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's siti asper.

καρχαρ-όδους or -όδων, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (καρχαρος, ὀδούς) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, ὧν, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Carthage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ὧν, and Καρχηδονιακός, ἡ, ὧν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάριψ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of καρφώ.
 καρῷ, Dor. for κηρῷ.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς or καὶ ἐς.
 κάσπαλβάω, f. σῶ, to abuse in harlot's language.

From
 κάσπαλβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a harlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, οὐ, ὁ, a horse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to κῶς, κῶας.)

ΚΑΣΙΑ Ion. -λη, ἡ, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ἡ, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κάσι-γνητος, ὁ, (κάσις, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nephew or niece. II. as Adj. κασίγνητος, ἡ, ὧν, brotherly, sisterly.

ΚΑ'ΣΙΣ, ιος, ὁ or ἡ: vocat. κάσι: a brother or sister. [α]

Κασσιόπιδες, ὧν, αἱ, the Cassioides or tin-islands.

ΚΑΣΣΥΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καπτίτερος, ὁ, τιν, Lat. stannum; χεῦμα κασσυτέροιο a plating of tin.

κάσσυμα Att. κάπτ-, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥΤΩ Att. καπτῶ, to stitch, sew together. II.

metaph. to stitch up, i.e. to concoct, a plot. [υ]

κάστόν, by crasis for καὶ ἐστόν.
 Καστόρειος, ὧν, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; Καστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also καστορία κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστόρνυμι.

Κάστωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

ΚΑ'ΣΤΩΡ, ὀπος, ὁ, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσῳριον, τό, a brothel. From
 κάσῳρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = κασάλβη, a harlot.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENIT.:

I. denoting motion from above, down from.

II. down towards, down upon; κατὰ χθονὸς ὄμματα πῆσαι to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, κατὰ γαίης ῥίχτο it went down to the ground:—so, τοξεύειν κατὰ τιος to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παῖειν κατὰ τιος to strike at one; ὁμόσαι κατὰ τιος to swear upon a thing.

III. against, in opposition to; λόγος κατὰ τιος, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused; but, πρὸς τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατὰ ῥόνον down the stream.

2. of motion or extension, over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as κατὰ γαίαν, πόντον: throughout, all along: also of Place, upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα.

3. generally, of Place, as, κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν by land and sea.

II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρας by tribes and clans;

κατὰ σφέας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν year by year; and of numbers, κατ' ὀλίγους few at a time.

III. of object or purpose, πλεῖν κατὰ πρῆξιν to sail on a business; πλάσσειν κατὰ ληίδα to rove in search of booty.

IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; κατὰ θυμὸν according to one's mind; so, καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking; κατ' ἀνθρώπων according to the capacity of a man; κατὰ φύσιν naturally; κατὰ δύναμιν to the best of one's power; κατὰ τὰ συγκεῖμενα according to the terms agreed upon.

2. in relation to, concerning; τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον all that belongs to war; τὸ καθ' ὑμᾶς

as far as concerns you; *κατά τοῦτο* in this way; *κατά ταῦτα* in the same way.

V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατά ἐξηκίσια ἔτεα* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατά τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατά Ἀμασίην* about the time of Amasis; *οἱ καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by *ἡ κατά...*, when the *qualities* of things are compared; *μεῖζον ἢ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μεῖζω ἢ κατά δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κάτα*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS. I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαίνω*. II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατάβω*, Lat. *occino*.

III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ' ἡγορέω*. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατά-κόπτω*, *κατα-φαγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέξουσα*, *κατθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ' ὃ*.

κᾶτα, crasis for *καὶ εἰτα*, and then.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*. *καταβάδην*, Adv. (*καταβαίνω*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βᾶ*]

καταβαθμός, ὁ, (*καταβαίνω*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίνην, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαίω, f. -*βήσομαι*: pf. -*βέβηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. I pl. subj. *κατεβίωμεν*, for *καταβῶμεν*; *κατάβᾶ* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. I med. *κατεβήσαμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσето*, Ep. imperat. *κατεβήσεο*—to go or come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δῖφρου* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσαστο* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the sea.

3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend. 4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking. II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

κατα-βακχίδομαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βακχιδάω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

καταβάλλω, fut. -*βᾶλῶ*, aor. 2 *κατέβαλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *κάββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. 2. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

κατα-βάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into. *κατα-βάρω*, f. *ἦσω*, (*κατά*, *βάρω*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνω*.

κατάβασις, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίνω*) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβαύξω, f. *ξω*, to bark or bay at, τινός.

κατα-βεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβείομεν, Ep. for *καταβῶμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for *καταβήναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσέω, Ep. for *κατάβησαι*, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

κατα-βιβάζω, f. -*βιβάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαίνω*, to make to go down, bring down.

κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβρων*:—Pass. aor. I *κατεβρώην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

κατα-βιτίω, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεβίω*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

κατα-βλάκευω, f. *σω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f. *βλάψω*, to damage.

κατα-βλητικός, ὁ, ὢν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

κατα-βληχόμαι, f. ἡσόμεν, Dep. to bleat aloud.

κατα-βλώσκω, f. -*μολοῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

κατα-βόάω, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II. c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and *καταβόησις*, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. 2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

κατα-βόσκω, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρυχος, ον, with long flowing locks.

κατα-βράβευω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

κατα-βρέχω, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass., aor. I *κατεβρέχην*:—to wet through, drench.

κατα-βρίθω [*ῖ*], f. -*βρίσω*:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ῖ*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. I *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαια*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

κατα-βροχθίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχθος*) to gulp down.

κατα-βρύκω [*ῦ*], f. *ξω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρόσομαι, fut. of καταβιβράσκει.
κατα-βυρόω, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with bides.
καταβρόσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοάω.
κατά-γαίος Att. -γαίος, on, (κατά, γαίος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground;
κατάγαυοι στρουθοί birds that run instead of flying, ostriches.

καταγγελεύς, έως, ό, (καταγγέλω) a proclaimer.
κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελώ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence
κατ-άγγελτος, on, denounced, betrayed.
κατά-γειος, Att. for κατάγαίος.
Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατά, γέλω) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.
κατα-γέλαστος, on, ridiculous. From
κατα-γελώ, f. άσσομαι [ά]: aor. I κατεγέλασα:—Pass., aor. I κατεγέλασθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.
κατά-γελος, οτος, ό, (κατά, γέλω) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.

κατάγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατάγνυμι.
κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράω or άσσομαι: aor. I κατέγηράσα or -εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα:—to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατέγηρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in mi, cf. γηράσκω):—to grow old, Lat. senesco.
κατα-γίγартίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stuprare.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γινώσκω, f. -γνώσσομαι: aor. 2 κατέγνων:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγινώσκειν τινας άναδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—Pass., καταγινωσθείς πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγινώσκειν τινας θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare aliquem mortis; καταγινώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.

κατ-άγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.
κατ-άγινέω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down. II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γινώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-
κατα-αγλαίζω, f. ίσω, strength, for άγλαίζω.
κατα-γλωττίζω: f. ίσω Att. ώ: pf. pass. κατεγλωττίσμαι: (κατά, γλωττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος καταγλωττισμένον a wanton, licentious song. II. to use the tongue or speak against one. III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.
κατ-άγμα, ατος, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend down.
καταγνώνην, aor. 2 opt. of καταγινώσκω.
καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγινώσκω.

κατ-άγνυμι, fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξας: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέαγα Ion. κατέηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατέαγην [ά], inf. καταγήναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέαγα, to be broken; κατέαγέναι or κατέαγηναι την κεφαλήν to have the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, έως, ή, (καταγινώσκω) an unfavourable opinion. II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-άγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.
κατάγραψος, on, engraved, embroidered. From
κατα-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to paint over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to catch, overtake.
κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. άσω, to exercise constantly.
κατ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the high sea to land:—Pass. to come to land, opp. to άναγεσθαι (to put out to sea). 3. to draw out, spin. 4. to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατάγωγή, ή, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into harbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place.

κατάγώνιον, τό, (κατάγω) a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-άγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. -δήσομαι, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυχέων, ουσα, better divisim, κατά δάκρυ χέων, shedding tears.

κατα-δακρύνω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δάμάζω, f. άσω: aor. I inf. med. καταδαμάσσαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δᾶπάνω, f. ήσω, to squander, waste utterly.

κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρβάνω: aor. 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet. metath. κατέδραθον; also, in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατέδραθην, poet. subj. καταδραθῶ, part. καταδραβείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδεής, ές, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδέεστερος, weaker, inferior, see καταδεώς.

κατα-δέι, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω.

κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. I κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ά] :—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξει, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

κατα-δεόμαι, f. -δεήσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass. κατέδρην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band: a magic knot, love-knot.

κατα-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδενσα, to wet through: to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: Dep.:—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast: Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II.

to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδῶς, Adv. of καταδείς, in defect: Comp. καταδεστέρας έχων to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβόρεω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-διδάτω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθη: pf. καταδικάσμαι:—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός: absol. to condemn:—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine. [x]

κατά-δικος, ov, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλώω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώομαι, -δουλώσμαι, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ov, οι, (κατά, δοῦπος) the Cataracts of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero *Catadupa* as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραῖω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραῖνω.

καταδραῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμῖν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From

κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύνω.

κατα-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύνω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύνω.

καταδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύνω) a going down under water: of the stars, a setting: generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύνω and κατα-δύνω: fut. -δύσω: aor. I κατέδυσα: aor. 2 κατέδυν: I. Causal, in pres. καταδύνω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσα:—to make to sink, Lat. mergere; καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυκα, -δέδυκιν:—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun; ἄμ' ἡελίω καταδύνει with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-ᾶδω Ion. -ᾷδω: f. -ᾷσομαι: rarely -ᾶσω:—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere: absol. to sing a spell, charm. II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δοροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes.

κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατᾶδω.

κατα-εμένωσι, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered. II. pf. part. pass. of καθήμι, let down, hanging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for καθείσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καθέζω.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνον: to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αίλω: Ion. aor. I καταίχνησκον: (κατά, αἶλνω, αἶζω):—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ζώω, f. -ζεύξω:—to tie or yoke together, yoke:—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζάλω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ζώω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against:—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

κατα-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθεῖο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομαι, Ep. for -θέομαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθίμεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θέλω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξίς, εως, ἡ, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. ωω, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατατίθημι) a putting down : a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. -θείσθαι :—to run down : of ships, to run into harbour. II. to make inroads or incursions : c. acc., καταθέν χώρων to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. ξω, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηνύω, (κατά, θήλυς) to make womanish.

καταθῆσθαι, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκει : aor. 2 κατέθανον Ep.

κατέθανον : pf. -τέθηκα, part. -τεθνηκώς Ep. -τεθνήκως, ὅτος, ἦν, -τεθνάμι Ep. -τεθνάμεν [α] :—to die away, be dying : in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased.

Hence

καταβητός, ἡ, ὄν, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθρόσκω.

κατα-θορυβεῖν, f. ἴσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρηγνέω, f. ἴσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι : aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf.

-θορεῖν :—to leap or jump down : c. acc., καταθρόσκεν τὴν αἵμασιν to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θυμέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, θυμέω) to lose all heart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ον, also ἡ, ον, in or upon the mind, at heart ; μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω let not death sit heavy at thy heart. II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ὕω [ῡ], to sacrifice : to offer, dedicate. II. Med., καταθύεσθαι τινα to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωράκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βασις, εως, ἡ, ποῖτ. for καταβάσις.

καται-βάτης, ον, ὁ, ποῖτ. for καταβάτης, (κατα-βαίνω) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning ; also of the thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending. 2. epith. of Ἀχέρων, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καται-βάτος, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for καταβάτος, giving a passage downwards ; θύραι καταιβαταὶ ἀνθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αἰδέσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἡδέσθην :—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect : c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατ-αἰθάλω, f. ὄσω, to burn to ashes.

κατ-αἰθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or bower over ; πλόκαμοι νῶτον κατ-αἰθύσσον his locks floated down his back.

κατ-αἶθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατ-ακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to wound severely : to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατ-αινέω, f. ἴσω ποῖτ. ἴσω :—to agree to, assent to, approve of ; κατ-αινέειν ἐπὶ τινι to agree to a thing on certain conditions. II. to grant, promise : to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατ-αἰρῶ, Ion. for καθαίρω.

κατ-αίρω, fut. -αῖρῶ, (κατά, αἶρω) :—to take or put down. 2. intr. to put into port : of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αἰσθῆσομαι, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατ-αἰστος, ον, (κατά, αἶστος) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, ἦπος, a disgracer. From

κατ-αἰσχύνω, f. ὕνω, to shame, disgrace, dishonour. III. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

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κατ-αἰσχος, ον, (κατά, αἶσχος) righteous.

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κατ-αἰσχύνομαι, f. -αἰσθῆσομαι, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατα-κέω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακκείοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*. *κατακέκλιτο*, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*. *κατακεκράτης*, ου, δ, (*κατακράζω*) a brawler. *κατα-κελεύω*, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.

κατα-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce through, sting severely. *κατα-κερανύω*, f. ώσω, to strike down by thunder. *κατα-κερδαίνω*, f. άνω or ήσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

κατα-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to rail violently: to mock at. *κατακημέν*, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*. *κατα-κηλέω*, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant. *κατακήρομεν*, Ep. for *κατακήρωμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κηρόω, f. ώσω, (*κατά, κηρός*) to cover with wax. *κατα-κηρύσσω* Att. —ττω, f. ύξω, to proclaim or command by herald.

κατα-κίρνημι, poet. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well:—Pass. to be well mixed.

κατά-κισσος, ov, (*κιά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed. *κατα-κλαίω* Att. —κλάω [α]: fut. —κλαύσομαι:—to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλᾶσθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. med. of *κατακείω*. *κατα-κλάω*, f. άσω [α]: aor. 1 *κατέκλᾶσα*:—Pass., aor. 1 *κατεκλάσθην*:—to break down, break short off, snap.

II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθήναι, Dor. aor. 1 pass. inf. of *κατακείω*.

κατα-κλάω, Att. for *κατακλαίω*. [α]

κατακλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακλήϊς*, ήϊδος, ή, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.

κατα-κλείω Ion. —κλήϊω old Att. —κλήϊω: f. —κλείω Dor. —κλάζω:—Med., aor. 1 *κατεκλείσάμην* Dor.

κατεκλετάμην:—Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. —εκληϊσθην Dor. —εκλάχθην (not —εκλάσθην):—to shut up, shut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.

κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (*κληρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.

κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allotment.

II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.

κατακλιθήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*. *κατακλίνης*, ές, (*κατακλινῆναι*) lying down, stretched at length.

II. sloping, steep.

κατα-κλῖνο-βάτης, ές, (*κατά, κλῖνη, βαίνω*) making one lie abed.

κατα-κλίνω [ε], f. —κλῖνώ: aor. 1 *κατέκλῖνα*:—to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius:—Pass. to lie down, esp. at table.

II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence *κατάκλις*, εως, ή, a making to lie down or sit at table: ή *κατάκλις* του γάμου the celebration of a marriage.

κατα-κλύζω, f. ύσω [υ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλῦσα*:—to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II.

to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence

κατακλυσμός, ό, a deluge, flood.

Κατα-κλώθες, αἱ, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin ibread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Μοῖραι, Lat. *Parcae*.

κατα-κλώω, f. —κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.

κατα-κνώω, f. —κνήσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνησα*:—to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.

κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακνώω*.

κατα-κνίζω, f. ίσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνισα*:—to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellito*:—Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. 1 inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθήναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep.

II. to sleep through, sleep out; *κατακοιμήσαι την φυλαχην* to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.

κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.

κατ-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.

κατα-κομιδή, ή, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From

κατα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*:—to bring down, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ov, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.

κατ-άκονά, ή, (*κατά, άκονή*) destruction.

κατα-κονδύλλισω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.

κατ-άκοντιζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κατά, άκοντιζω*) to strike down with darts.

κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 *κατέκοψα*:—Pass., p. post f. *κατακεκόβομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέκοπην*:—to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.

κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order; *ἐπὶ νευρή κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

κατ-άκουω, f. —ακούσομαι, to hear and obey, be subject to. II. to hearken to, give ear to, hear plainly.

κατα-κράζω, fut. —*κεκράξομαι*, to cry down, outdo in crying.

κατα-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to prevail over, subdue:—absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.

κατα-κρεῖσθαι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.

κατα-κρεμάννυμι or —ύω, fut. —*κρεμάσω* [α]: aor. 1 *κατεκρέμασα*:—to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.

κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher. *κατα-κρήθεν*, (*κατά, κήρα*) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom:—metaph. entirely, utterly.

κατα-κρημνάμι or —άομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.

κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κατά, κρημός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.

κατά-κρημνος, ov, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω : aor. I κατέκρινα :—to give judgment against : to condemn, sentence. [I] Hence κατάκρισις, εως, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden : part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψή, ἡ, a hiding : metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κράζω, f. -κράζω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάσμαι, fut. -κτῆσμαι : aor. I -εκτῆσμαι : Dep. to get or gain for oneself : in pf. κατακτέμηναι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω : pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω : fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτάνῳ Ep. -κτάνέω : aor. I κατέκτανε : aor. 2 κατέκτανον poët. κατέκταν, as, a, Ep. imperat. κάτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς : pf. κατέκτονα :—Pass., aor. I κατεκτάθην : Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενος : 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε :—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κύλινδω, f. ἴσω [I] :—Pass., aor. I -εκύλισθην : pf. -εκεκύλισμαι :—to roll down :—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω : aor. I κατέκυψα :—to bend down, stoop : to stoop and peer into.

κατα-κυριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρω, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify : aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f. ύσω [ύ] : to hinder from doing : to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-άλαυνόμεναι, (κατά, άλάν) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λάλω, f. ἡσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλια, ἡ, evil report, slander : and

κατάλαλος, ov, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω : f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάψομαι : aor. 2 κατέλαβον : pf. κατέληφα Ion. καταλεάβηκα :—Pass., aor. I κατελήφθην Ion. κατελάφθην :—to seize upon, lay bold of, take possession of : to seize :—Med. to seize for oneself : to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check : hence to put an end to, stop : to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath.

III. to catch, overtake, come up with : hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one : impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one ; τὰ καταβάντα = τὰ συμβάντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμβάντος, α, ov, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λαμπω, to shine upon : to shine.

κατα-αλέγω, f. ἡσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέγω : aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέχην :—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down :—Med., with aor. I κατελεξάμην, to lie down, sleep : in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγχον, inf. κατελέχθαι, part. κατελέγμενος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up : to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop : to shed tears :—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ov, (καταλείφω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω : Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω : aor. 2 κάλλιπον :—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon : to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ἡσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλεξώ, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ἡσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λεύω, f. σω, (κατά, λείω) to stone to death.

κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-άλω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. έω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ἡ, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λιθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπαρέω, f. ἡσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ἡ, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. άξω : aor. I κατήλαφα :—to change :—Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile :—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγχην [α], to become reconciled.

κατ-άλοάω, f. ἡσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι : Dep. :—to count up, reckon, consider : also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment : the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army ; οι εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατάλοιπος, ov, left, remaining.

κατ-άλοκίζω, f. ἴσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-
 λούειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.
 κατα-λοφάδεια, Adv.=κατὰ λόφον, on the neck.
 κατα-λοχίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence
 καταλοχισμός, ὁ, distribution into troops.
 κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλόω.
 κατά-λύμα, (κατὰ, λύω) an inn, lodging.
 κατα-λύμαιναι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.
 καταλύσιμος, ov, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.
 κατάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting
 down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding:
 κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: gene-
 rally, a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging:
 also=κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.
 καταλύτης, οὔ, one who lodges in a place. From
 κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve,
 put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put
 down a form of government: to depose from com-
 mand: to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring
 to an end, terminate: καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a
 war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace
 with him. II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.
 to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.
 κατα-λωφάω, f. ἴσω, to rest from a thing.
 κατα-μάγειν, f. σω, (κατὰ, μάγος) to bewitch.
 κατα-μαλδίκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to make soft or
 effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.
 κατα-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. άξω, to soften much,
 appease, pacify.
 κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μάθῃσμαι: aor. 2 -έμαθον:
 pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to under-
 stand: to consider well.
 κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἴσω:—to be stark
 mad.
 κατα-μάρπτω, t. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch.
 κατα-μαρτύρεω, f. ἴσω, to bear witness against:—
 Pass. to have evidence given against one.
 κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.
 κατα-μάω, f. ἴσω, (κατὰ, μάω) to pile up, heap up:
 Ep. aor. I med. κατὰμωσμεν.
 κατα-αμβλύνω, (κατὰ, αμβλύνω) to take the edge off,
 make blunt or dull.
 κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with
 sheer wine.
 καταμείνω, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.
 κατα-μέλλει, f. ἴσω, to give no heed to, neglect: ab-
 sol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.
 κατα-μελιτόω, f. ὤσω, (κατὰ, μέλι) to sbed honey
 over, of the nightingale's voice.
 κατὰμειπτος, ov, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.
 as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From
 κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μεμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-
 φάμην, pass. -εμέμφην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,
 find fault with. Hence
 κατὰμεμψις, εως, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, ac-
 cusing.
 κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-
 tinue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to cut in pieces: to dis-
 tribute.
 κατα-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure or mete out to: to
 measure.
 κατα-μηλόω, f. ὤσω, (κατὰ, μήλη) to put in the
 probe: metaph., κηρὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-
 box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make
 him disgorge stolen goods.
 κατα-μηνύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], to give information a-
 gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.
 καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.
 κατα-μιάνω, f. άνω, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass.
 to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.
 squalere.
 κατα-μινύμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I κατέμικσα, Ep.
 part. καμμίξας:—to mix, mix up, compound.
 κατα-μίσγω, =καταμίσγω.
 κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to spend in paying public
 officers.
 καταμομφος, ov, (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.
 κατα-μόνας, (κατὰ, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.
 κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἴσω, to conquer in single combat.
 κατα-αμπεύω and -αμπέσχω, to encompass, cover.
 καταμύζω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.
 καταμύσις, εως, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.
 κατα-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.
 κατα-μυττωτέω, f. σω, (κατὰ, μυττωτών) to make
 mince-meat of.
 κατα-μύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσα, poet. inf.
 καμύσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop
 asleep, dose: also to die.
 κατα-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force down into a place. II.
 to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.
 κατα-ανάθεμα, atos, τό, a curse. Hence
 καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.
 κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
 aor. I act. κατέναςσα med. κατεναςσάμην:—Pass. to
 take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
 κατα-ανάλίσκω, f. -ανάλίσσω: aor. I κατηγάλωσα:
 —to spend lavishly, εἰς τι upon a thing:—Pass., with
 pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.
 κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily
 upon.
 κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.
 κατα-ναυμαχέω, fut. ἴσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
 beat at sea.
 κατα-νεμώ, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-
 mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-
 selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.
 to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.
 κατάνευσις, εως, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From
 κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσας:
 —to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύειν: ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-
 νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
 nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.
 κατα-νεφώ, f. ὤσω, to overcloud.
 κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to heap or pile up.
 κατανῆσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθράκίζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθράκω, f. -ώσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθράξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νόω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἀνω), to be used up or wasted. The Act is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἀντα) down-hill, opp. to ἀν-άντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, ἀντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. outright, downright. [of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, ewς, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From κατ-ανύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἴω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-άνω Att. -ύτω: f. ὕω [ῡ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλῃς προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νυτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νυτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξάνω: f. -ξάνω: aor. I κατέξηνα:—Pass., aor. I κατέξανθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, ov, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξίω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour.

II. to bid: πολλὰ χαίρειν ξυμφοραῖς καταξίω I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ὕω [ῡ]: Pass., pf. -έξυσμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάρω, Dor. for κατήρως.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὅν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards; καταπακτή θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαιω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I κατέπασα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτέω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαυμα, atos, τό, a check, hindrance; and κατάπαυσις, ewς, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, depositing. II. (from Pass.) a calm.

From κατα-παύω poet. κατα-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check:—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ᾤπελύνω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; καταπειλὴν ἐπὶ to use threatening words.

κατα-πειράτηρία Ion. -πειρητηρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελάτίζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθόω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγο, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπτηνία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπήγσσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -πέρδομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπέσων, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πέτροω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπέφνω, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep.

aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πύμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πύμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπινον Ep. κάπιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2.

metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πυράσσω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πέσομαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάππεσον: pf. -πέπωκα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πιστόω Att. -ττώ: f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I

κατέπλᾱσα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered over.

καταπλάστῡς, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.
κατα-πλέω, f. ἔω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. —πλεως, ὡν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλεός):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. —πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the high sea to shore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλεως, ὡν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξ, εως, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. —πτω: f. ἔω: aor. I κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλήγην [ᾶ] Ep. κατεπλήγην:—pf. —πέπληγμαι:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. —πλους, ὁ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [ῡ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυνσις, εως, ἡ, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ἡ, a breathing or blowing.

κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδας, Adv., for κατά πόδα, κατά πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθή, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω.

κατα-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to lay down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

κατα-ποντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντώω, f. ὠσω, = καταποντίζω.

κατα-πορνύω, f. —εύσω, to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. —πτω, f. —πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηγής, ἐς, head foremost, with the forepart downwards; χειρὶ καταπρηγεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηγνός, f. ὠσω, to throw down headlong.

κατα-πρίω [ῖ]: aor. I κατέπρισσα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. —προδώω, to betray.

κατα-προϊσσομαι, f. —προΐζομαι Att. προϊζομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense: I. absol., οὐ καταπρόΐσσαις ἔφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπρόΐζει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ καταπρόΐζεται he shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπρόΐζει τοῦτο δρᾶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3. c. gen. pers., ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκείνους οὐ καταπρόΐζεται he shall not use me

ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωτος, ὄν, = καταπύγων.

καταπτάκων, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. —πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτάκων occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or —χα, Ep. part. καταπεπτήσας:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-ἄπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (καταπτύω) to be spat upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχης, ἐς, (κατά, πτύχη) with ample folds.

κατα-πτύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I. κατέπτυσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτώσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπύγος, ἡ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄνος, ἡ, neut. πύγων, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πύριζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ἦσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. —άρη [ᾶ], ἡ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραϊρήμενος, Ion. for καθαρήμενος, pf. part. pass. of καθαίρω.

κατ-αράομαι: f. —άσσομαι Ion. —ήσσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά καθαρὰ to be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. καθαρήμενος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-ἀρᾶσσω Att. —τω, f. ἔω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to hurl down.

κατάρᾱτος, ὄν, (κατάρᾱμαι) accursed, abominable. κατ-αργέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry. κάταρχμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργύρώω, f. ὠσω, to cover or plate with silver. II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. ἄρω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-ἄρεομαι or —έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι.

κατα-ρίζηλος, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ῥιγέω) making one shudder, horrible.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count or reckon among. 2. to count up:—Med. to recount.
 κατ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω, to be fully sufficient.
 κατ-ἀρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.
 κατ-ἀρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -ἀρνήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἠρνήθην:—to deny stoutly.
 κατ-ἀρόω, f. -ἀρόω, to plough up.
 καταρραγήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.
 καταρ-ραθιμέω, f. ἴσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρραθιμμένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.
 καταρ-ρακώω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, βάκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακωμένος, in rags or tatters.
 καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.
 καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence
 κατάρραφος, ov, sewn together, patched.
 καταρ-ρέζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.
 καταρ-ρέτω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.
 καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι (and in pass. form) -ρνήσομαι: pf. -εργήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form καταρρύνω:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρύνεις, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.
 καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρήξαντο τοὺς κινῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρράγην [ᾶ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. καταρρωγα to break out, burst forth.
 καταρ-ρινάω or -έω, f. ἴσω, to file down: καταρρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.
 καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.
 κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, ὁ, (καταρπέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.
 καταρ-ροφώω, f. ἴσω, to gulp or swallow down.
 καταρρυήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρπέω. Hence
 καταρρύτης, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.
 κατάρρυτος, ov, (καταρπέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.
 κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κατορρωδέω.
 καταρρωῶς, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged.
 κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρσις) a landing-place.
 κατ-αρτάω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρήμα καταρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.
 κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence
 κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.
 καταρτιστής, ἥπος, ὁ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.
 κατ-αρτύω, f. ὥσω [ῦ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. I pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῦ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined. II. κατηρτύκος, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.
 κατὰ-ρῦτος, ov, poet. for καταρρυτος.
 κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.
 κατ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοὺ καταρχέω lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; καταρχεν τὸν λόγον. 2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χερνιβὰ τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., καταρχέσθαι τοῦ ἱεροῦ to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.
 κατα-σβέννυμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: aor. I κατέσβησα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ἔριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.
 κατα-σεύω, f. -σεύσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασεύειν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the hand, beckon.
 κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασέπω.
 κατα-σεύομαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατασέσμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.
 κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ᾶ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα, to grow rotten, rot away.
 κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.
 κατ-ασθιναίνω, to pant or snort against.
 κατα-σιγάω, f. ἴσομαι, to become silent.
 κατα-σίκελιζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i. e. make away with.
 κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on.
 κατα-σιωπάω, f. -ἴσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.
 κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence
 κατασκάφη, ἡ, a rasing to the ground, demolishing.
 II. in plur., burial: also a grave.
 κατασκάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence
 κατασκάφης, ἐς, dug down, deep-dug.
 κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I κατεσκέδασα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad

sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινός to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up.

II. Pass., with pf.

act. κατέσκηλα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up.

κατα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build:—Med. to build, construct a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so:—Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, ατος, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, ό, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (παρασκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. ήσω, = κατασκηνώ.

κατα-σκηνώ, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, ατος, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. λυταίς κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιάω, poet. for κατασκιάζω.

κατα-σκιδνᾶμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι.

κατά-σκιός, on, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. II. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -εσκεψάμην; pf. -έσκεμμαι:—

to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, on, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκόπτω, fut. -σκάψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ἑνώ, to lessen, abridge:—Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμήχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:—Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit:—also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces.

κατα-σπαταλάω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. ἄσω[α], to draw or pull down; κατα-σπᾶν ἅνα τῶν τριχῶν to drag one down by the hair:

of ships, to haul down, set afloat. II. to quaff

or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ: aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget. II. to besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω: aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:—Pass., aor. I -έσπείσθην; pf. -έσπειμαι:—to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. II. to honour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδός, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. -εσπουδίσθην, pf. -εσπουδασμαι; (κατά, σπουδάζω):—to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle; νόσω καταστάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

καταστάβεις, aor. I part. pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στάσιάζω, f. ἄσω, to form a counter-party. II. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατάστασις, εως, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation.

II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστάτεον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, on, ό, (καθίστημι) an establisher.

κατα-στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστεγασμα, ατος, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, on, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed.

κατα-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread on.

καταστείλει, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. 2. to sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανώ, f. ώσω, to crown.

καταστεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned. From

κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreath, crown.

κατα-στηλιτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, ατος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. I inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στίζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence κατά-στικτος, on, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled.

κατα-στιλβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation.

κατα-στοναχέω, f. ήσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: aor. I κατεστρέσα:—to spread or cover with a thing. II.

to spread or strew on the ground: to overthrow, lay

ἰσω; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aequor.

κατα-στράπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεδύνω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med.

to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμα ἄκουει I am compelled to hear: III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέψας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

κατα-στρινύω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overbrowsing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II. A sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστροφμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώννυμι and -ύνω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέ-στρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στυγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστυγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

κατα-στυφέλος, ον, very hard or rugged.

κατα-στωμύλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. I -έσυρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere.

κατασφάγη, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From

κατα-σφάζω or -σφατάνω: f. ξω: aor. 2 pass. -εσφάγην [ᾱ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθεῖν, aor. -έειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, hindering. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II. possessed.

κατα-σχιζώ, f. ἰσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. ἄσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνον τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχωμέν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάννυ, f. ὕσω [ῥ], = κατα-τένω.

καταταξείς, Dor. for κατατάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατα-τήκω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατεθνέως and -ῆως, Ep. gen. ὤτος, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-τένω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτωκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert. II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself:

to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in... 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέταμον: pf. κατατέμμεκα, pass. κατατέμμεται:

—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατετέμνειν τινὰ καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατετέμμετο τάφοι trenches had been cut.

κατά-τέχνω, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατετέμμεκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθνεμεν, κάθθετε, κάθθεσαν; καταθείμεν,

Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθθέμεν; and in Med., καθθέμεθα, καταθέσθην, καθθέμενοι, Ep. for κάθθεμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι δέθλον

to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθεῖναι τις τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others,

give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside:

to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τίλω, f. ἦσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, fleshy circumcision.

κατα-τοξέω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατράγω, aor. 2 inf. of κατατράγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰω:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from absol. δρέω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack.

III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [ῥ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing:

of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem terere:

—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμα, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [ῥ]

κατα-τρέξω, to *squeak*, *scream shrilly*.
 κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to *run down or over*.
 κατα-τρώω, f. ύσω, to *chatter against*.
 κατα-τρώω, to *rub down*, *wear out*, *exhaust*. [v]
 κατα-τρώγω, fut. —τρώομαι: aor. 2 κατέτράγον:—
 to *gnaw in pieces*, *eat up*.
 κατα-τρωματίζω, Ion. for κατατραυμ—
 κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. —τεύομαι, to *hit one's mark*,
reach, *gain*, *obtain*: absol. to *be successful*.
 κατα-αυαίω, to *dry*, *parcb*, or *wither up*.
 κατα-αυγάζω, f. άσω, to *illumine or light up*:—Med.
 to *gaze at*.
 κατα-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to *speak aloud*, *declare*.
 κατα-αυθί, or better κατ' αυθί, Adv. on the spot.
 κατα-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to *play upon the flute to one*:—
 Pass. to *have the flute played to one*: to *resound with*
the flute. II. c. acc. to *overpower by flute-*
playing: generally, to *strike dumb*.
 κατα-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: aor. 1 med. κατηυλίσά-
 μην and pass. κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to *take up one's*
quarters, *encamp*, *settle*, *lodge*.
 κατα-αυτίκα, better κατ' αυτίκα.
 κατα-αυτόθι, Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αυτόθι.
 κατα-αυχένιος, α, ov, (κατά, αυχήν) on or over the
 neck.
 κατα-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to *exult much in*.
 κατα-άγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to *eat up*, *de-*
vour. 2. to *consume in eating*.
 κατα-φαίνω, f. —φάνω, to *make visible*. II. Pass.
 to *become visible*, *appear*. 2. to *be clear or plain*.
 καταφάνναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence
 καταφάνής, ές, clearly seen, conspicuous. 2. ma-
 nifest, clear.
 κατάφαρτος, ov, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.
 κατα-φαρμάκω, f. σω, to *anoint with drugs*: to
charm, *bewitch*.
 κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. ξω, to *poison*.
 κατα-φαυλίζω, f. σω, to *depreciate*.
 καταφερεής, ές, (καταφέρομαι) *sloping*, *slanting*;
 εϋτε αν καταφερης γίγνηται ό ήλιος when the sun is
 near setting. II. inclined to a thing.
 κατα-φέρω: f. κατοίωω or κατοίσομαι: aor. 1 κατή-
 γεγα:—to *bring down*:—Pass. to *be brought down*,
 as by a river: to *be weighed down by sleep*. II.
 to *bring down* from the high sea, *bring to land*:—
 Pass. to *be carried or driven down to a place*.
 κατα-φεύγω, f. ξομαι: aor. 2 κατέφυγον:—to *flee*
 for *refuge* or *betake oneself to*, to *have recourse to*.
 Hence
 κατα-φευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.
 κατά-φευξις, εως, ή, flight for refuge. 2. a place
 of refuge.
 κατά-φημι, to *say yes*, *assent to*.
 κατα-φημίζω, f. σω and ξω, to *spread a report*, *an-*
nounce, *proclaim*.
 κατα-φθατέρομαι, Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω=
 φθάνω):—to *take first possession of*, *occupy*.
 κατα-φθείρω, f. —φθεράω, to *bring to nothing*, *ruin*.

κατα-φθίνύθω, = καταφθίω. [v]
 κατα-φθίω: aor. 1 κατεφθίνησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:—
 to *waste away*, *decay*, *perish*.
 κατα-φθίω, I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [v],
 aor. 1 κατέφθισα, to *ruin*, *destroy*, *kill*. II. in-
 trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθίμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην
 [v], inf. —φθίσθαι:—to *be destroyed*, *ruined*, *waste*
away, *perish*; ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελος O that thou
 hadst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.
 καταφθορά, ή, (καταφθείρω) *destruction*, *ruin*, *death*:
 metaph. *confusion*, *distraction*.
 κατα-φίλω, f. ήσω, to *kiss tenderly*, *caress*.
 κατα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to *burn down*, *consume*.
 καταφλέξι-πολις, ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) *inflamer*
of cities.
 κατά-φλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) *a burning*.
 κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to *strike with fear* or *dismay*:
 —Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή-
 θην, to *be afraid of*.
 κατα-φοιτάω Ion. —έω, to *come down regularly*.
 κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to *slaughter*, *butcher*, *slay*.
 κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to *carry down or along*: of a
 river, to *carry down with the stream*:—Pass. to *be so*
carried down.
 κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to *declare*. II. Med., with
 fut. —φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. —εφρασάμην, pass. —εφρά-
 σθην:—to *think upon*, *reflect upon*: to *remark*,
observe.
 κατάφρακτος, ov, covered, decked: shut up in. From
 κατα-φράσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to *cover*, *fence in*.
 κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to *think slightly of*, *disdain*,
despise: to *scorn*, *contemn*. II. to *fix one's*
thoughts upon, *think of*: also to *aim at*, Lat. *affec-*
tare. III. to *think arrogantly*, to *presume*: and
 simply to *think*, *suppose*. Hence
 καταφρόνημα, ατος, τό, *contempt of others*; μη
 φρόνημα μόνον, αλλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit,
 but a spirit of disdain: and
 καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a low opinion of others: *pre-*
sumption: and
 καταφρονητής, ου, ό, a *despiser*: and
 καταφρονητικός, ή, ύν, *contemptuous*, *disdainful*.
 Adv. —κώς, *scornfully*.
 κατα-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to *think or study a*
thing away.
 κατα-φρύγω, f. ξω, to *burn away*.
 κατα-φυγάνω, = καταφεύγω.
 καταφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence
 καταφύγη, ή, a *refuge*, *place of refuge*.
 κατα-φυλάδων, Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by
 tribes or clans.
 κατα-φύλασσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to *guard well*.
 κατα-φύλλοροεω, f. ήσω, to *shed leaves*: to *decay*.
 κατά-φύτος, ov, (κατά, φυτών) well-planted.
 κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [ā], to *catch in a theft*: gene-
 rally, to *catch in the act*, *detect*, *discover*.
 κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to *illuminate*, *light up*.
 κατα-χαίρω, f. —χαρήσω, to *exult over one*.

κατα-χαλαζάω, f. ἦσω, to shower down like hail on one.

κατα-χαλκος, ov, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; καταχαλκον πεδιον the plain gleaming with brassy armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκός, f. ὥσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, atos, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέω, f. —χέσομαι, to defoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ἡ, condemnation by show of hands.

καταχεύει, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ep. —χεύω: fut. —χεῶ: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχύθη [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down.

II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχίγη, ἡ, (καταχαίω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χρηρεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄχης, és, Dor. for κατ'ἄχης.

κατ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, ov, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράομαι, f. —χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατὰχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφὴ κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖδομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, ov, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσόω, f. ὥσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώω, also —χρώννυμι and —ῶω: f. —χρώσω:—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχυδν, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῥ]

κατάχυμα, atos, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or —ῶω, fut. —χῶσω, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, f. —ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. —ψακάζω, f. ἄσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψευσθαί τινας to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, ov, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, f. —ψήξω, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away.

II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f. ῶω, to cool, refresh. [ῥ]

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι:—κατέαγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass.

κατεάγωσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαζω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κἀθήνται, 3 pl. of κἀθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκἀθήντο, 3 pl. impf. of κἀθημαι.

κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήστω, Ep. for —ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκυνμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλά-

κύνω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγυάω, f. ἦσω (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible,

compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγυη, ἡ, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελῶω.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγέχω, f. —χεῶ, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, aor. I of καταδέω (Δ).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδραθον, aor. 2 of καταδραθῶω.

κατέδραμον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέδυν, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατέ-ἔδω, Ep. for κατεσθίω.

κατεηγώς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθηκα, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-εἰβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph.,

αἰὼν κατέβητο life ebbed or passed away.

κατείδναι, inf. pf. of *κατείδω.

*κατ-εἶδα, I. in aor. 2 κατέιδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (which serves as aor. 2 to καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med.

κατείδομην, inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα,

inf. κατιδεῖναι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-είδωλος, *ον*, (κατά, εἶδωλον) *given to idols*.
 κατ-εικάζω, *φ. άσω*, to liken to :—Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture : of evil, to suspect.
 κατ-εἰλέω, *φ. ήσω*, to force into a place, coor up :—Pass. to be cooped up.
 κατεἵληφα, κατεἵλημαι, *pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.
 κατ-εἰλίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.
 κατεἰλίσθαι, *Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω*.
 κατ-εἰλώ, *φ. ύσω [ύ]*, to cover up, wrap up.
 κάτ-ειμι : *Ep. aor. I med. καταεἰσάμην* : (κατά, εἶμι) to go or come down : to go down to the sea ; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land : of a river, to flow down : of a wind, to sweep down. II. to come back, return : of exiles, to return home.
 κατεῖναι, *Ion. for καθεῖναι*, *aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι*.
 κατ-εἰνύμι, *Ion. for καθέννυμι*.
 κατεῖπα, *inf. I = κατεῖπον*.
 κατεῖπον, *inf. κατεῖπον*, without any pres. in use : (κατά, εἶπον) : to speak against, to accuse, charge. II. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of.
 κατεργαδόμεν, *poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω*.
 κατ-εἰργνύμι and -ύω, = κατείργω.
 κατ-εἰργω *Ion. -έργω, φ. έω*, to shut in, enclose, confine :—to press hard, reduce to straits. II. to binder.
 κατ-εἰρώ, *Ion. for κατερύω*.
 κατ-εἰρωνεύομαι, *Dep. to use irony towards, banter : to dissemble*.
 κατ-εἰσάγω, *φ. άσω*, to bring in to one's own loss. [ά]
 κατέκειρα, *aor. I of κατακείρω*.
 κατέκηα, *aor. I of κατακαίω*.
 κατέκλᾶσα, *aor. I of κατακλάω*.
 κατεκλᾶσθην, *aor. I pass. of κατακλάω*.
 κατεκλάθην, *Dor. aor. I pass. of κατακλείω*.
 κατέκλῦσα, *aor. I of κατακλύζω*.
 κατέκλων, *contr. impf. of κατακλάω*.
 κατεκρίθην, *aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω*.
 κατέκταν, *Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.
 κατέκταθεν, *Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατακτείνω*.
 κατέκτανον, *aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.
 κατέλαβον, *aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω*.
 κατ-ελαύνω : *fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ : aor. I κατήλασα* :—to drive down : to master.
 κατ-ελέγχω, *φ. -γέω*, to convict of falsehood : to belie.
 κατέλεκτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω*.
 κατ-ελεύσομαι, *fut. of κατέρχομαι*.
 κατελήφθην, *aor. I pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.
 κατελθὲν *Ep. -θέμεν*, *aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.
 κατ-ελίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.
 κατ-ελκύω, *Ion. for καθελκύω*.
 κατ-ελπίζω, *φ. έσω*, to hope confidently.
 κάτεμεν, *Ion. I pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι*.
 κατ-εναίρομαι, *Dep., with aor. I med. κατενέρημην*, and also *aor. 2 act. κατηνέρον* :—to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, *Adv. (κατά, έναντίος) over against, opposite, fronting*.
 κατ-ενάρξω, *φ. έω*, strengthd. for ἐναρίζω, to kill.
 κατένασσα, *Ep. aor. I of κατανάω*.
 κατενεχθείς, *aor. I part. pass. of καταφέρω*.
 κατ-ἐνήνοθε, *pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κύνω κατενήνοθεν ὤμων* : cf. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε ; the simple ἐνήνοθε does not occur.
 κατενήρατο, *3 sing. aor. I of κατεναίρομαι*.
 κατενέειν, *Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.
 κατενύγησαν [ύ], *3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω*.
 κατ-ἐνώπᾳ and κατ-ἐνώπιον, *Adv. (κατά, ἐνωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting*.
 κατ-ἐξανίσταμαι, *Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην*, to rise up against, contend against.
 κατέξενται, *3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξάνω*.
 κατεξενόμενος, *ό, received as a guest, pf. part. pass. of καταξένω*.
 κατ-ἐξουσιάζω, *φ. άσω*, to exercise authority over.
 κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, *Med. to make a contract or engagement with one*.
 κατ-επάγω, *φ. άσω*, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another.
 κατεπάμμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεπάλλομαι*.
 κατέπαλλο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω*.
 κατ-επιέω, *φ. έω*, to press down, oppress. 2. to urge, impel, stimulate, hasten ; τὸ κατεπιέγον urgent necessity. II. intr. to hurry, make haste.
 κατέπεσον, *aor. 2 of καταπίπτω*.
 κατέπεσθην, *aor. 2 of κατεπίσθην*.
 κατέπεφνον, *redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω*.
 κατέπηκτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι*.
 κατέπηξα, *aor. I of καταπήγνυμι*.
 κατέπλᾶσα, *aor. I of καταπλάσσω*.
 κατέπλευσα, *aor. I of καταπλέω*.
 κατεπλήγην, *aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω*.
 κατέπτῦσα, *aor. I of καταπτύω*.
 κατ-εργάζομαι, *fut. -άσομαι* : *aor. I κατεργάσθην* : *pf. κατεργασμαι* : *Dep. (but aor. I and pf. are also used in pass. sense) :—to effect, accomplish, achieve*. 2. like *Lat. conficere*, to make an end of, destroy, despatch : hence to overpower, conquer :—*pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome*. 3. in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence :—*aor. I in pass. sense, to be prevailed on*. II. to work in, make ; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey : also to manufacture.
 III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour : absol. to go to work.
 κατ-έργω, *Ion. for κατείργω*.
 κατερεκτός or -ερκτός, *όν, bruised*. From
 κατ-ερίκω, to tear, rend :—*Med. to rend one's garments*.
 II. to bruise or grind down ; metaph., κατερίκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind.
 κατ-ερίπω, *φ. ψω*, to throw or cast down : to demolish, dismantle, lay waste. II. intr. in *aor. 2*
 κατήρπον, *pf. κατερήριπα*, to fall down, fall in.
 κατέρεξα, *Ep. aor. I of καταρέω*.
 κατ-ερεύγω, *φ. έω*, to belch at or upon.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ξω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατεῖρω, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέιρηκα, of the aor. κατέιπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατείρησεται it shall be declared.

κατερίρηπα, intr. pf. of κατερίπω.

κατ-ερίρῳ, f. ῳσώ [ῳ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατερρίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of κατατρίβω.

κατέρῳκα, intrans. pf. of καταρρίβνυμι.

κατερυκάνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ᾱ]

κατ-ερύκω [ῡ]; f. ξω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. —εἰρύω: f. ῳσώ [ῡ]: aor. I κατέριψα: Pass., pf. κατέρειναι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere naves.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 3 κατήλθον contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατεῖρω, v. sub κατέω.

κατέσβεσα, aor. I of κατασβέννυμι.

κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδῃδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατέσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατεσκεύασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω.

κατεσκεψάμην, aor. I med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατέσκηκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω.

κατέσπειρα, aor. I of κατασπείρω.

κατέσπεισα, aor. I of κατασπένδω.

κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι.

κατέσθαιεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of καθίστημι.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατέστησα, aor. I of καταστήτω.

κατεστῆς, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. I.

κατέστησαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καθίστημι.

κατεστόρεσα, aor. I of καταστορέννυμι.

κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. I of καταστράννυμι.

κατέστρυγον, aor. 2 of καταστρύγω.

κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατάκω.

κατέτῃα, aor. I of κατατῃω.

κάτευμαι, atos, τό, (κατέχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-ευθύω, f. ῡνῶ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ευνάζω, fut. ᾶσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep; Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I κατένυσαν.

κατευνάω, f. ἤσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνῆσαι, aor. I opt. of κατευνάω.

κατ-ευτρίπτω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημῶ, f. ἤσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχῇ, ἥ, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-ευχομαι, f. -εξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφᾳγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην, pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφύγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχῃτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω: fut. καθέξω and κατασχίσω: aor. 2 κατέσχον poet. —έσχεθον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease. II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to hide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen; εὔ κατασχέσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand. IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγέμενος, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-.

κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγorew, f. ἤσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass., κατηγορεύται τι τινός a charge is brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ἥ, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ὁ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer.

κατηγισμοί, pf. pass. of κατακίζω.

κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearkening to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearkening to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατήλιψ, ἴφος, ἥ, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ᾱ], aor. I and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, *f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.*

κατήλθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence

κατήλθους, *ews, ἦ, a going down, descent.*

κάτμαι, Ion. for κάθμαι.

κατημελημένος, *pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.*

κατηναρίσθη, -ίσμαι, *aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναρίζω.*

κατήνεγκα, *aor. I of καταφέρω.*

κατηνθρακώθη, -ωμαι, *aor. I and pf. pass. of κατανθρακίζω.*

κατήνυσα, *aor. I of κατανύω.*

κατήορος or κατήορος, *on, Dor. -άορος, (κατά, αἰ-
ρώω) banging down: banging on or to.*

κατ-ηπιάω, *f. άσω, (κατά, ἥπιος) to soothe, assuage:*

—*Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιάντω.*

κατηράμένος, *pf. part. of καταράομαι.*

κατηράσω [ά], 3 sing. *aor. I of καταράομαι.*

κατηράτο, 3 sing. *impf. of καταράομαι.*

κατ-ηρεμίζω, *f. ίσω, to calm, appease, quiet.*

κατ-ηρεφής, *és, (κατά, ἐρέφω) covered over, over-
banging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές overshad-
owed with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τίθεναι to keep
the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who
stands still, opp. to ὀρθὸν πόδα τίθεναι. 2. c. gen.
covered with, laden with.*

κατ-ήρης, *es, (κατά, ἀράρειν) fitted out, furnished,
supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.*

κατηριμμένος, *pf. pass. part. of κατηριμέω.*

κατήριπον, *aor. 2 of κατερίπω.*

κατηρίτω, 2 sing. *aor. I med. of κατηρίζω.*

κατήρισται, *pf. pass. of καταρίζω.*

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. *impf. of κάθμαι.*

κατήφεια Ion. -είη, ἦ, (κατηφής) *a casting the eyes
downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.*

κατηφές, *f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From
κατ-φής, és, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, de-
jected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence*

κατηφών, *ónos, ó, one who causes shame, a disgrace.*

κατ-ηχώ, *f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a
thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be in-
formed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth,
teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed
in these elements: aor. I κατηχθήν, pf. κατήχημαι.*

κατ-ηχός, *és, (κατά, ἦχος) sounding, resounding.*

κατήχθη, *aor. I pass. of κατάγω.*

καθάων, *Ep. aor. 2 of καταβήσκει.*

καθαίνουμαι, *fut. of καθαίνω.*

καθάσαι, *Ep. aor. I inf. of καταβάπτο.*

κατ-θείν, *poët. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.*

καθήμεν, *Ep. for καταθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατί-
θημι: but κάθμεν, Ep. I plur. of same.*

κάθετε, κάθεσαν, *Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατα-
τίθημι.*

καθήμεθα, *Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.*

καθήμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθημι.*

κάτθεο, *Ep. for κατάθου, aor. 2 imperat. med. of
κατατίθημι.*

κατθέσθην, *Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.*

κατ-ιάπτω, *f. ψω, to harm, hurt, damage.*

κατιάσι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (*εἰμι ibo*).

κατιάσι, Ion. for καθιάσι, 3 pl. of καθίμι.

κατιέδω, *aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.*

κατιδέσθαι, *aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.*

κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίμι.

κατ-ιθύνω, Ion. for κατεθύνω.

κατ-ικτετεύω, Ion. for καθικτετεύω.

κατ-ιλύω, *f. ύσω [ύ], (κατά, ίλύς) to fill with mud
or dirt.*

κατίμεν, *Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (εἰμι ibo).*

κατιππάζομαι, κατῖρόω, κατίστημι, Ion. for καθ-.

κάτισθι, 2 sing. *imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. *κατείδω.*

κατ-ισχνάλω, *to make to waste away, bring down.*

κατ-ισχύω, *f. ύσω [ύ], to have power over, prevail
against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to
one's full strength, be in full vigour.*

κατ-ίσχω, *collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold
back, hold in, restrain, Lat. detineo:—Med. to keep
by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide
or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέ-
λας κατίσχει ἐξ οὐρανοῦ the light comes down upon
the place from heaven.*

κατιών, *οὔσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εἰμι ibo).*

κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτ-οῦδα, *pf. of *κατείδω.*

κατ-οικέω, *f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be
dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a
place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated.
Hence*

κατοίκησις, *ews, ἦ, a settling in a place: dwelling.*

κατοικητήριος, *a, ύν, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting;*

κατοικητήριον (*sub. χωρίον*), *τό, a dwelling-place.*

κατοικία, ἦ, (*κατοικέω*) *a dwelling, habitation. II.
a colony.*

κατ-οικίζω, *fut. ίσω Att. ιώ, to bring or remove into
a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed,
settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places,
to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or estab-
lished. III. to bring home, restore to one's country.
Hence*

κατοικίσαις, *ews, ἦ, a planting with inhabitants, colo-
nisation.*

κατ-οικοδομέω, *f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place.*

κάτ-οικος, *όν, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting:*

as Subst., *οἰκοίκος, ό, an inhabitant.*

κατ-οικτείρω, *to have compassion on. II. intr.
to feel compassion, bewep pity.*

κατ-οικτιζώ, *f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to have compassion on
another:—Med., with aor. I pass. κατωκίσθη, to pity
oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite
pity. Hence*

κατωκτίσις, *ews, ἦ, a pitying, compassion.*

κατ-οιμώζω, *fut. -ώξομαι, to bewail, lament.*

κάτ-οινος, *όν, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.*

κατοίσομαι, *fut. of καταφέρω.*

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οίχσομαι, Dep. *to have gone down*; οἱ κατοίχομενοι, *the departed*.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ἴσω, *to shrink from doing a thing*.

κατοκωχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) *a being possessed, possession*. Hence

κατοκώχμιος, *on, held in possession, detained*. II. *capable of being possessed, frantic*.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, *to slip down*.

κατ-ελλῆμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -έλωλα: (κατά, ἔλ-λυμι): *to perish utterly*.

κατ-ολοκλύω, f. ἴσω, *to sbrink over*.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. *to bewail, lament*. [v]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) *to rain upon*: —Pass. *to be rained upon*: *to be wet as with rain*.

κατ-ὀρνυμι and -ῶν: fut. -ορνόμαι: aor. I -ῶμοσα: *to swear to, confirm by oath*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to call to witness, swear by*. 3. c. gen. pers. *to take an oath against, accuse on oath*.

κατ-ονίνημι, fut. -ονήσω, *to be of use, profit, advantage*: —Med. *to have the benefit of, enjoy*. [vi]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. *to blame, slight*.

κάτ-οξύς, εἰα, v, (κατά, ὀξύς) *very sharp, piercing*.

κατ-οπάξω, f. ἴσω, *to follow after*.

κατ-όπιν, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὀπισθε) Adv. of Place, *behind, after, in the rear*. II. of Time, *hereafter*.

κατ-οπτέω, f. ῶω, (κατόπτῃς) *to spy out, observe*.

κατ-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) *a spy, scout*.

κατ-όπτῃς, ου, ὅ, = κατόπτῃρ.

κάτ-οπτος, *on, (κατά, ὄψομαι) to be seen, visible*: c. gen. *to be seen from a place, within sight of*.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to shew as in a mirror*: Med. *to behold oneself in a mirror*. 2. in Med. *also to reflect as in a mirror*. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) *a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal*.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνιζω, f. ἴσω, *to sound with music through*.

κατ-ορθόω, f. ῶω: aor. I κατόρθωσα: *to set up-right, erect*. 2. metaph. *to keep straight, set right*: *to direct or manage well*: absol. *to be right in a thing*: —Pass. *to succeed, prosper*: also *to be well determined or purposed*. II. intr. *to be successful, go on prosperously*. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, *that which is done rightly*: *a right action*. 2. *a success*.

κατ-ορούω, f. ῶω, *to rush downwards*.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ἴσω, *to be dismayed at, dread*. II. absol. *to be afraid*.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἴσω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχθησονται: *to bury, inter*: *to hide in the ground*.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. *to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare*: hence *to treat despitefully, insult*. II. *to charm by dancing*.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. *to contemplate, behold*.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅ τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, *on, (κατά, οὐδας) under the earth*.

κατ-οὐλόω, f. ῶω, (κατά, οὐλή) *to make to cicatrise or form a scar over*: —Pass. *to cicatrise, heal over*.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ἴσω, *to make water upon*.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to waft with a fair wind*. II. intr. *to sail before the wind, come safe to port*.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ῶω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρύνομαι, (κατά, ὄφρυς) *to contract the eyebrows, frown*.

κατοχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) *a holding fast, detention*. 2. *possession by a god*.

κατόχμιος, *on, incorrect form of κατοκώχμιος*.

κάτοχος, *on, (κατέχω) holding fast*. II. pass. *held fast, overpowered, constrained*. 2. *possessed, inspired*.

κατ-ὄψιος, *on, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite*.

κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κατατανύω.

καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κάσσυω.

κατ-τώ, Dor. for κατά τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-υπέρβε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνός, Ion. for καθυπνός.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) *down, downwards*. II. *beneath, below, underneath*, opp. to ἄνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, *those in the nether world, the dead*: also, *dwellers on the coast or in the plain*, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω *upside down*. III. c. gen. *under, below*: *down from*. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, *on, Att. κατώγειος, ὤν, gen. ὤ, = κατά-γειος*.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) *from below, up from below*. II. *below, beneath*.

κατ-ῶθεω, f. -ήσω: aor. I -ῶσα, *to thrust down*.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) *head downwards*. [κᾶ]

κατωκήσα, aor. I of κατοικέω.

κατῶκισθη, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατοικέω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, *on, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμαδίας a quoit thrown down from the shoulder*. II. *borne on the shoulder*.

κατ-ωμαδόν, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) *from the shoulder, with the whole arm*.

κατωμοσία, ἡ, (κατόμνυμι) *an oath taken against one, accusation on oath*.

κατω-νάκη, ἡ, (κάτω, νάκος) *a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος)*. [νᾶ]

κατ-ωπαΐζομαι, Ion. for καθωπαΐζομαι.

κατῶρθα, aor. I of κατόρθωω: but κατῶρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ῶρυξ, ὅχος, ὅ, ἡ, (κατορύσσω) *imbedded in the earth*. II. *buried, bidden in the ground, under ground*. III. as Subst., κατῶρυξ, ἡ, *a pit, cavern*.

κατώτατος, ἡ, *on, (κάτω) the lowest*.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.

κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.

κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγος, οὔ or ᾧ, δ, (κάτω, φαγεῖν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερής, ἑς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) hanging downwards, precipitous.

κατ-ωχρός, f. ἥσω, (κατά, ὥχρος) to turn very pale.

κανάξαις, for κατ-φάξαις (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάγνυμι.

καυλίνος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From

ΚΑΤΑΟΨ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a handle, shaft: spear-shaft: the bilt of a sword.

καῦμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning heat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the heat. II. feverish heat.

Hence

καυρατίζω, f. ἴσω, to scorch, wither by heat.

κτανάκης, ου, δ, a Persian garment. [ᾶ] (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΤΝΟΨ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.

καυσίμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.

καύσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning heat.

Hence

καυσόομαι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely hot.

καυστήρα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning.

καυστήριον, see καυστήριον.

καῦσος, fut. of καίω.

καύσων, ανος, δ, (καίω) burning heat: a scorching wind.

καυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάω, f. ᾶσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ου, δ, = καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύχημαι: Dep.: —to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to αὔχέω, εὐ-χομαι.)

καυχᾶσαι, for καυχᾶ, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι.

καύχη, ἡ, = καύχησις, a boasting, vaunting.

καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2. a subject of boasting.

καυχήμενος, ανος, δ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) boastful.

καύχησις, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.

κάχάζω, f. ἄξω Dor. αἶω, to laugh loud, Lat. cachinpor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)

κάχασμός, δ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

κάχ-εταίρεια, ἡ, (κακός, εταῖρος) ill company.

καχ-ήμερος, αν, (κακός, ἡμέρα) living sad days, wretched.

καχλάζω, f. ᾶσω, redupl. from χλάζω, to dash, splash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκος, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, shingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμίσια, ἡ, (κακός, ὁρμίζω) ill harbourage.

καχρῆς, ὅς, ἡ, = κάγχρως, pained body.

κάχ-υποπτος, ον, (κακός, υποπτος) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsula.

κάω [ᾶ], Att. for καίω, to burn.

ΚΕ, and before a vowel κεν, Ep. and Ion. for ἄν,

Dor. κᾶ: ἄν κε, κεν ἄν, are sometimes found together:

κε is always enclit.

κέαζω, f. ᾶσω: aor. I ἐκέασα Ep. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass. aor. I ἐκέασθην Ep. κεάσθην:

(κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave: of lightning, to shiver, shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέαρ, ἄρος, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr. κῆρ, q. v.

κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κέαζω.

κέαται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλῇ, the head.

κεβλή-πύρις, (κεβλή, πῦρ) a bird called the redcap.

κεγχρῆαιος, α, ον, (κέγχρως) of the size or shape of a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [ῖ], ου, δ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, (κέγχρως) like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρως, βάλλω) scattering millet.

ΚΕΤΧΡΟΣ, δ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματα, αν, τά, (κέγχρως) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι: f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκέδασσα: aor. I pass. ἐκεδάσθην:—poët. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῆδος) careful, discreet, trusty. II.

pass. cared for, dear: of things, valued, prized.

κεδρίνος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a juniper-berry.

ΚΕΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II. anything made of cedar: a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

κέεται, Ion. 3 sing. of κείμαι.

κέια, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.

κειάντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κειάται, κείατο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κειθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.

κειθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

ΚΕΙ ΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται: 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Ep. κέεται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion.

κείονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἐκείντο Ion. ἐκείατο Ep. κείατο, κείατο: subj. κείμαι, κείη, κείηται Ep. κήται:

opt. κείμην: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενος:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κείσευμαι. Used as Pass. to τίημι.

Radic. sense, *to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep.* 2. *to lie idle or at ease, be inactive:* also *to lie still, rest;* *κακὸν κείμενον* abated, allayed evil.

3. of many conditions, as *to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead*, like Lat. *jacere*: of things, *to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins.* 4. of a corpse, *to lie unburied:* also *to lie uncared for, neglected.*

II. of places, *to lie, be situated.* 2. of things, *to be in or at a place*, where continuance is implied.

III. generally, *to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.* IV. *to be laid up, laid in store;* τὰ κείμενα deposits.

V. *to be fixed, settled, laid down;* κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἀέθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.

2. freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i.e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι ἐν τινι *to be dependent on a person.*

κείμεν, Dor. for ἐκείμεν, impf. of κείμεν.

κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμεν) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: heirloom.

κείμεν, Ep. impf. of κείμεν.

κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, that, he, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.

κενός, ἡ, ὅν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, empty.

κείνως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείνως, in that way.

Κείος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χῖος.

κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω.

κείρια, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swathing-band.

II. the cord or sacking of a bedstead.

κερύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ῥ]

ΚΕΙΡΩ: fut. κερῶ Ion. κερῶ Ep. κέρσω: aor. I ἐκείρα Ep. ἐκέρσα:—Med., fut. κερύμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρθην: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ᾱ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn.

2. to cut out, bew off.

II. to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees.

2. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.

κείς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.

κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, thither.

κείσευμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμεν.

κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμεν.

κείσομαι, fut. of κείμεν.

κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμεν, to wish to lie down or sleep; βῆ κείων he went to lie down.

ΚΕΙΩ, to cleave, radic. form of κείω.

κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω.

κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.

κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v.

κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.

κεκαδών, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.

κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάμω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμω:—subj. κεκάμω, 3 pl. κεκάμωσι.

κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.

κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.

κεκάσμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of καίνυμαι.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.

κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάομαι.

κεκαῖφής, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω.

κεκέρθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κέρθω.

κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω.

κεκλάται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κεκλείσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, to shut.

κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκλιντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγόντες, as if from κεκληγών.

κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημήην, -ῆο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκληῖσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.

κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.

κεκλησσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλήαται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλίμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.

κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.

κέκκοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.

κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.

κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύζω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.

κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμω.

κεκηρῶς, gen. ὅτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμω.

κέναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναιώ.

κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.

κεκονιδμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.

κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.

κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.

κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κεκορῶς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορῶτε.

κεκορυμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.

κεκοτῶς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.

κεκράναι, κεκράντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραίνω, κραίνω.

κέκραγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence

κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.

κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.

κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκρῃμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.

κεκραυξ-δάμας, αὐτος, ὁ, (κέκραυξα, δαμάω) *he who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*

κεκράξομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράξω.

κέκραχθι, imperat. of κέκραγα, pf. of κράξω.

κέκρίγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.

κεκρίμενος, pf. pass. part. of κρίνω.

Κεκρόπιδαι, αὐ, οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.*

Κεκρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέκροψ) *Cecropian, i. e. Athenian; Κεκροπία (γῆ), ἡ, Attica; οἱ Κεκρόπιοι, the Athenians.*

Κεκροπῆς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of Κεκρόπιος.

κεκροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.

Κέκροψ, οπος, ὁ, *Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.*

κεκρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.

κεκρυφᾶλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's head-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.* II.

the pouch or belly of a bunting-net. III. *part of the headstall of a bride.*

κεκρύφεται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκτῆσθαι.

κεκύβωσι [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.

κεκύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.

κέκῦφα, pf. of κύπτω.

κελαδενός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. *κελαδενός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέλαδος) murmuring, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.*

κελαδέω, f. ἦσω also ἦσομαι: Ep. aor. I κελάδησα: (κέλαδος)—*to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.* 2. *to utter a cry or sound.* II. trans.

to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke. Hence

κελάδω, ατος, τό, *a murmur, din, roaring.*

κελαδῆτης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἴδος, (κελαδέω) *loud-sounding, vocal, harmonious.*

ΚΕ'ΑΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music.* Hence

κελάδω, = κελαδέω, *to murmur, roar, esp. of water.*

κελαιο-εγχῆς, ἐς, (κελαινός, ἐγχος) *with dark, bloody spear.*

κελαι-νεφῆς, ἐς, (κελαινός, νέφος) *black with clouds: cloud-wrapt.* 2. *cloud-black, livid.*

κελαινό-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) *gnawed black.*

κελαινός, ἡ, ὄν, cognate form of μέλας, *black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.*

κελαίνο-φάης, ἐς, (κελαινός, φάος) *dark-shining, murky.*

κελαινό-φρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) *black-hearted.*

κελαίνο-χρῶς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινός, χρῶς) *black-coloured.*

κελαίνω, (κελαινός) *to make black:—Pass. to become black.*

κελαινό-ωπης, ου, Dor. -ώπῃς, ὁ, fem. -ώπις, ἴδος: (κελαινός, ὤψ) *—black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.*

κελαινό-ωψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, = κελαινώπης.

κελαρύζω Dor. -σδω, = κελαδέω, *to babble, murmur.*

κελαρύσδεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελαρύζω.

κέλει, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.

κελῆρῃ, ἡ, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*

κελέοντες, αὐ, οἱ, (καλον, κῆλον) *the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.*

κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.

κελευθήτης, ου, ὁ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*

κελευθο-ποιός, ὄν, (κέλευθος, ποίεω) *road-making.*

κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πόρος) *a wayfarer.*

κέλευθος, ἡ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—*a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ἡμέρας the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day.* II. *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.* III. *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*

κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war: the call of the κελουστής, which gave the time to the rowers.*

κελευσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*

κελευσμοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελουσμός.

κελευστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*

κελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*

κελευτιάω, Freqventat. of κελεύω, *to be continually bidding or urging on.*

κελεύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently:—of the κελουστής, to give time to the rowers by his call.* II. c. dat. pers. *to call to, order.*

κελών, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κέλοντες.

κέλης, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) *a courser, race-horse, driven or ridden singly.* II. *a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.*

κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλωμαι.

κελητίζω, f. ἴσω, (κέλης) *to ride a race-horse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.*

κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.

ΚΕ'ΑΛΛΩ, f. κέλλω: aor. I έκελσα: I. trans. of seamen, *to drive on, push ashore; νῆα κέλσαι to run a ship ashore.* II. intr. of ships, *to run ashore, put into harbour:—generally, to reach a haven.*

κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and έκεκλόμην, 3 sing. έκέλετο, έέεκελετο, part. κεκλόμενος: (κέλλω):—*poet. for κελεύω, to urge on, exhort, cheer on, command.* II. also like καλέω, *to call, call to: to call by name.*

κέλσαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.

Κελτοί, οἱ, *the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται.* Hence

Κελτιστί, Adv. in Celtic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.

κέλυφος, εος, τό, *a husk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικαστή, ἀντομοσιών κελύφη mere affidavit-busks. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

ΚΕ'ΑΩΡ, αρος, ὁ, *a son.*

κεμάς and κεμμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.

κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, άγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From

κεν-ανδρός, ον, (κενός, άνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.

κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενός, αὐχή)

vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρεος, ον, dead: in pl., κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβατήω, f. ήσω, (κενός, εμβατής) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενεό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενεών, άνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vainglory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, όδούς) toothless.

ΚΕΝΟΨ Ion. κενός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty: empty-handed. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενεά

as Adv. in vain. III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young.

IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ότα-

τος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφω, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.

κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωλία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.

κενώω Ion. κενώνω: f. ώσω, aor. I έκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I έκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κέν-τω. II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κέντασε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ον, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κώς.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae. II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

ΚΕΝΤΕΩ: f. ήσω: aor. I έκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for έκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ήνθο.

κεντός, false form for κεντρός.

κεντρ-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, *ένεγκω) goaded on.

κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μάνής, ές, (κέντρον, μανήναι) spurring to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπῆναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρον, άνος, ό, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, άνος, ό, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, ορος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κείομαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέος, ή, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕΨΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράσσε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω.

κεράεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέρας.

κεράια, ή, (κέρας) a horn.

II. anything like a horn, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a horn or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' 4.

anything made of horn, e. g. a bow.

κεράϊζω, f. ίσω, later ίζω: aor. I έκέραισα: (κέρας):—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill,

slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats horn.

κεράϊστής, ού, ό, (κεράϊζω) a ravager, robber.

κεράω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix: ζωρότερον κέραε mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικός, ή, όν, (κεράμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικός, ό, (κεράμεις) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κεράμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμεις, έως, ό, (κεράμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεις κεραμει κοττει potter envies potter.

κεράμω, f. σω, (κεράμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.

κεράμηϊός, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος.

κεράμηις, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμιος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, όν, = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κεράμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

κεραμίς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῷ κεραμῷ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur.

IV. χαλκῶ ἐν κεράμῳ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -νω: fut. κέρασω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκέρασα Ep. κέρασσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρασσαςτο:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρασθην and ἐκράθην [ᾶ]: pf. κεκέρασμαι and κέκραμαι: (κεράω)—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητῆρα κέρασσαςτο to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴσῳ κεκραμένην a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. *attemperare*.

κερᾶο-ξόος, ον, (κέρας, ξέω) polishing horn, working in horn; esp. for bows.

κεράδος, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρας) barked. II. made of horn.

κερα-οὔχως, ον, (ἔχω) = κερ-οὔχως.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρατος Ep. κέραος Att. contr. κερας; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα:—dual κέρας; κέραϊ, gen. and dat. κέραον, κερῶν; plur. κέραα, κέρα; gen. κερῶν, κερῶν; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κέρασσι:—Ion. declension κέρας, κέρεος, κέρεϊ: (akin to κέρα):—the horn of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of horn; esp. a bow: later, a horn for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a horn.

III. a horn or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape.

V. the wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρας Att. ἐπὶ κέρας, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast.

VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κερασσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κεράννυμι.

κεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κέρας) barked.

κεραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered.

κερασ-φόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) born-bearing.

κερατέα or -λα, ἡ, (κέρας) the locust-tree: its fruit was κεράτιον.

κεράτινος, ἡ, ον, (κέρας) of horn, made of horn.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little horn. II. the fruit of the κερατέα or locust-tree.

κερ-αῦλης, ον, ὁ, (κέρας, αὔλειω) a horn-blower.

κεράνυελος, ον, (κεράνυος) thundering.

κεράνυιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κεραυνός) of a thunder-bolt.

II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβόλως, ἡ, ἴσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντῶ) the lightning and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΤΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. *fulmen*: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. *tonitru*, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. *fulgur*: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάης, ἐς; (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνός, f. ὥσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΝΩ, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρθηνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδος)—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited.

2. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ον, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: shrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέο-φρων, ον, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded.

κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κερδιστός, ἡ, ον, Sup. of κερδίων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty. II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΤΑΟΣ, εος, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἡ, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, shrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνῃ as Adv. cunningly, shrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὅος contr. οὗς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδῶος, α, ον, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέραι, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέρας.

κέραιον, Ion. for κερῶν, fut. of κερῶ.

κερκίζω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the κερκίς. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. *radius*. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. *plectrum*. 2. a measuring-rod, Lat. *radius*.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἡ, the tail of a beast, Lat. *cauda*.

κέρκυρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἡ, the island Coreyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραῖός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Coreyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κέρω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, *a money-changer.*
 κερο-βάτης [ᾶ], οὐ, ὁ, (κέρας, βαίνω) *horn-footed, horn-boofed*; epith. of Pan.
 κερο-βόας, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρας, βοάω) *sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.*
 κερό-δετος, οὐ, (κέρας, δέω) *bound with horn.*
 κερούεις, ὅεσσα contr. οὔσσα, οεν, (κέρας) *borned.*
 κερ-οίαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (κέρας, οίαξ) *a rope belonging to the sailors*; cf. *κερας* vi.
 κερο-τύπτω, f. ἦσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) *to butt with the horn*; generally, *to dash or knock about.*
 κερο-συλκόω, ἡ, ὅν, (κέρας, ἔλκω) *drawing a bow of horn.* 2. of the bow, *drawn by the horns.*
 κερουντιάς, (κέρας) *to toss the horns or head.*
 κερο-συχίς, ἴδος, fem. of sq.
 κερο-συχος, οὐ, (κέρας, ἔχω) *having horns, borned.*
 κερο-φόρος, οὐ, (κέρας, φέρω) *borned.*
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κέρω.
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κέρω.
 κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) *to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person*: absol. *to sneer, scoff.* Hence
 κερτόμησις, εως, ἡ, *jeering, mockery.*
 κερτόμα, ἡ, = κερτόμησις.
 κερτόμος and κέρ-τομος, οὐ, (κέας, τέμνω) *heart-cutting, stinging*; κερτόμα ἔπη or absol. κερτόμα, *stinging, reproachful words.* II. *mocking, delusive.*
 κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχνα) *a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.*
 κερχνήης, ἡδος, and κερχνῆς, ἡδος, ἡ, collat. forms of κέρχνη.
 ΚΕΡΧΝΩ, *to make rough or hoarse.* II. intr. and in Pass. *to be hoarse, of the voice.*
 κερῶ, fut. of κέρω.
 κερῶν, part. of κεράννυμι.
 κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶ.
 κέρς, v. sub κέρς.
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.
 κέστος, ἡ, ὅν, (κεντέω) *worked, embroidered*; κέστος ἰμάς of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst.
 κέστος, ὁ, *a girdle*, Lat. *cestus.*
 κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) *a pickaxe, πολεάκη.* II. *a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.*
 κευθῶνα, poet. for κεύθω.
 κευθῶνα, ατος, τό, and κευθμός, ὁ, = κευθμών.
 κευθμών, ἄνος, ὁ, (κεύθω) *any secret place, hole, hiding-place, den; the lair of a beast.* 2. of the nether world, *the abyss.* 3. = ἄδυτον, *the inmost place, sanctuary.*
 κεύθουσα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.
 κεύθος, εος, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθμών: in pl., κεύθεα γαίης *the depths of the earth.*
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἔκυθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plpf. ἔκεκευθεν Ep. κέκευθεν:—*to cover up, hide, conceal, shroud*:—Pass. *to lie hidden.* 2. *to keep hidden or secret, conceal, disguise*: with dupl. acc., κεύθω τινά τι *to keep a thing concealed from one.* 3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., *I keep concealed*; and plpf. ἔκεκευθεν

as impf., *I concealed, contained.*
 as be concealed, lie hidden.

II. intrans. to

κεφαλῆ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλῇ.
 κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλῇ) *of or belonging to the head*: metaph., like Lat. *capitalis, principal, chief.* II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλῇ, *the head*, as κεφάλαιον ραφανίδος *the head of a radish*: the chief or main point: in money, *the capital-sum.* 2. *a summary, the sum of the matter*; ἐν κεφαλαίῳ or ἐν κεφαλαιοῖς εἰπεῖν *to speak summarily.* 3. generally, *the crown, completion, finish* of a thing. Hence
 κεφαλαίως, f. ὥσω, *to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily.* II. *to smite on the head, slay.*
 κεφαλαί-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλῇ, εἶδος) *principal, capital.*
 κεφαλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαίω) *the sum total.*
 κεφαλ-αλγής, ἐς, (κεφαλῇ, ἄλγος) *causing pains in the head.* Hence
 κεφαλαλγία, ἡ, *head-ache.*
 ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, *the head*, Lat. *caput*; ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς *from head to foot*; ἐπὶ κεφαλῇν *head foremost.* 2. *the head*, as the noblest part, for *the whole person*, just as Lat. *caput* is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλῇ, Lat. *carum caput*; in bad sense, ὦ κακαὶ κεφαλαί.
 3. *the life*, Lat. *caput*, as we use *head*; παρθέμενοι κεφαλὰς *setting their heads on the cast*; εἰς κεφαλὴν τρέποιτ' ἔμοι· *on my head be it!* II. *the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall*: in pl. *the head or source of a river.* III. κεφαλὴ περιθετος *a wig or head-dress.* IV. metaph. *the point, sum, conclusion.*
 κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλῇ.
 κεφαλῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλῇ, *a little head or bulb.* II. *a head, chapter, division.*
 Κεφαλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, *a Cephallean*:—hence
 Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, *Cephalenia*, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia.
 κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.
 κέχανδα, pf. of χανάδω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχάνδωτα, 3 plpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.
 κεχαρσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.
 κευάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.
 κευάρημα, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευάρησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.
 κευάρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω.
 κευάρητο, κευάρητο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plpf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευάρῳς, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.
 κευάρησμένως, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κευαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully.
 κευαριστο, 3 sing. plpf. of χαρίζομαι.
 κευαριτωμένως, pf. part. pass. of χαριτύω. Adv. κευαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.
 κευαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευαρίοιοτο, Ep. for κευαρίουντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.
 κευαρίοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κήχνηα, pf. of κείνω or χάσκω, to gape. Hence
Κεχνηαῖοι, αν, οἱ, Gapers, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι.
κεχλάδως, pf. part. of χλάω; there is also an acc.
pl. κεχλάδωντας, as if from κεχλάδω, like κεκλήγον-
τας from κεκληγῶς.

κεχλιάγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω.
κεχλιδῶς, pf. part. of χλῖω.
κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολώω.
κεχολώσσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολώω.
κεχηρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χηρηματίζω.
κεχηρημένος, pf. part. of χράσσομαι.
κέχϋμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.
κέχϋτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of
χέω.

κεχωρίδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω.
κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.
κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.
Κέως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago.
κῶμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

κῆ, Ion. for πῆ (interrog.): but κῆ enclit. for πῆ.
κῆαι, Ep. aor. I inf. καίω; but κῆαι, 3 sing. opt.
κηάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of καίω.
κηγῶ or κηγῶν, Dor. for κᾱγῶ, i. e. καὶ ἐγῶ.
κηδεῖα, ἡ, (κηδος) care for the dead: obsequies. II.
affinity, connexion by marriage.

κηδεος, ον, (κηδος) cared for, dear, beloved. 2.
careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral.
κηδεμονεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (κηδῶ) = κηδεμών.
κηδεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κηδῶ) one that has charge of a
person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a
protector, guardian. II. a relation by marriage,
Lat. affinis.

κηδεός, ον, = κηδεός.
κηδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κηδω.
κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κηδω.
κηδεστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κηδος) a connexion by marriage,
Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-
in-law. Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, connexion by marriage, affinity.
κηδευμα, ατος, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage,
affinity. 2. one who is so connected, a connexion,
Lat. affinis.

κηδεύω, f. σω, (κηδος) to take charge of, care for,
tend. 2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass.
to have these last offices paid one. II. to ally
oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so
allied. 2. to make a person one's kinsman by mar-
riage.

κηδήσω, fut. of κηδω (as if from κηδέω).
κηδιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed from κῆδος, like κέρ-
διστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most be-
loved. II. most nearly allied by marriage.

κηδος Dor. κάδος, εος, τό, (κηδω) care, concern,
regard for another. 2. trouble, sorrow, affliction,
distress:—mourning for a dead: hence a fune-
ral. 3. an object of care, a care. II. con-
nexion by marriage, Lat. affinitas.

κηδόσυνος, ον, (κηδος) anxious.

ΚΗ'ΔΩ, f. κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern:
hence to trouble, annoy, distress. II. in Pass.,
with Ep. fut. κεκᾱδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—to be
troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ον,
distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or con-
cerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα.

κηδῶκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε.
κῆν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of καίω.
κηθάριον, τό, a vessel into which the lots were cast,
a ballot-box. (Deriv. uncertain.)
κῆε, Dor. for καίε, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.
ΚΗΚΤΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, matter that oozes or exudes from
a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink. Hence
κηκίω, Ep. impf. κῆκον:—to gush or ooze forth:
also in Med., αἷμας κηκιομένα ἐλκείων clotted blood
oozing from his wounds. [7 Ep., 7 Att.]

κηλεος or κηλειος, ον, (καίω) burning, blazing.

ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: ge-
nerally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce.
ΚΗ'ΔΗ, ἡ, a rupture, Lat. bernia.
κηληθμός, ὁ, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.
κηλημα, ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell.
κηλησις, εως, ἡ, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming.
κηλητήριος, ον, (κηλέω) charming: appealing.
κηλιδῶς, f. ὥσω, (κηλῖς) to stain, sully: metaph. to
stain, dishonour, disgrace.

ΚΗΛΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace.
ΚΗ'ΔΟΝ, τό, the shaft of an arrow: an arrow.
κῆλων, ανος, ὁ, (κῆλον) a swipe or machine for
drawing water from a well.
κηλῶνειον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, = κῆλῶν.

κημαντόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἑμαντόν.
κῆμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.
ΚΗΜΟ'Σ, ὁ, a muzzle or halter, put on a led
horse. 2. the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn
(κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which
the ballots (ψῆφοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημός, f. ὥσω, (κημός) to muzzle a horse.
κῆν, Dor. for κᾱν, i. e. καὶ ἐν: but κῆν for καὶ ἄν.
κῆνθε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦνθε (i. e. καὶ ἦλθε).
κῆνος, Aeol. for κείνος, εκείνος.
κῆνσος, ὁ, the Lat. census; an assessment: tribute.

ΚΗ'Ξ, κηκός, ἡ, a sea-gull, sea-mew.
κηόμεν, Ep. for κῆωμεν, 1 pl. aor. I subj. of καίω.
κῆπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.
κηπέι, κῆπειτα, Dor. for κᾱπέι, κᾱπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-
κηπευμα, ατος, τό, (κηπέω) that which is reared in
a garden, a garden-herb or flower.
κηπέως, εως, τό, (κηπος) a gardener.

κηπεύω, f. σω, (κηπος) to rear in a garden: me-
taph. to tend, cherish, foster.
κῆπί, Dor. for κᾱπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.
κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κῆπος, a small garden, par-
terre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.

κηπο-λόγος, ον, (κῆπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden.
ΚΗΠΟΣ Dor. κᾱπος, ὁ, a garden, an orchard or
plantation; also the enclosure for the Olympic games:
οἱ Ἀδώνιδος κῆποι, creases and other plants grown

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κήπος, οὖρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΡ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κήρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself.

II. any evil fate; disease; and, of mortal evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΡ, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, ἦ) to harm, hurt, destroy.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted.

Κηρεσσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kēres or fates.

κήρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of boneycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a boneycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφης, ἐς, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηροδέτος.

κηρο-δέτος, ον, (κήρος, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἥσω, (κηρός, δέω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κήρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κήρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-πάγης, ἐς, (κηρός, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρο-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηροδέτος.

ΚΗΡΩΣ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτάν) clad with wax.

κηροχυτέω, f. ἥσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χυτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρυκαίνα, ἡ, fem. of κήρυξ, a female herald.

κηρυκαία Ion. -ῆτις, ἡ, (κήρυξ) the office of herald.

κηρυκείον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, a herald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῥ] Properly neut. from

κηρυκείος, α, ον, (κήρυξ) of or for a herald. [ῥ]

κηρυκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρυκεύμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a herald's proclamation, public notice. [ῥ]

κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κήρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρυκήτι, -κήτιον, Ion. for -ελα, -ειον.

κηρύβλος Att. κειρύβλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the balcyon. [ῥ]

κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a herald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκήπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κηκῆρυχα:—Passi, fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass: sense: pf. κηκῆρυγμα:—to be or act as herald: to make proclamation as a herald, summon, convene as herald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρώ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2: an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηρώ) waxed:—hence, as Subst.,

κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κήρ, Dor. for καὶ εἰς.

κήται, Ep. for κέηται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος, α, ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters.

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κήτος, φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κοίλη Λακεδαιμον κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as if = καίadas, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κηῦ, by crasis for καὶ εἰς.

κηῦξ, ὅκος [ῥ], ὁ, (κήξ) a sea-gull.

κήφα, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἤφα.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφῆνες, οἱ, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κήφθα, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἤφθ.

Κηφισός, ὁ, the Cephissus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίς. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηφῶδης, ες, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηφῶεις, εσσα, εν, = κηφῶδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ᾱ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κίβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II.

metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κίβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κίβδηλος, ον, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβιστις, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώτιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτός.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κίγκλιζω, f. ισω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΓΚΑΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΑΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιχάνω [ᾱ], Att. for κичάνω [ᾱ].

κιδνάμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. -ῆ, also κίθαρις, ios, ῆ, Lat. *cithara*, a lyre, harp or lute, like the φόρμιγξ or λύρα.
κithar-aiodós contr. -ωδός, ὁ, (κithára, aiodós) one who plays and sings to the lyre or harp, a harper:—Sup. κitharaiodótatos. [ᾶ]
κitharízω, f. íσω Att. iῶ, (κitharis) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγξ and λύρα, so that the κithára, λύρα, and φόρμιγξ must have been nearly the same.
κitháris, ios, ῆ, acc. κitharin, = κithára: also music, harping, playing.
κitharistḗs, οὐ, ὁ, (κitharízω) a player on the lyre or harp, a harper. Hence
κitharistḗris, ídos, ῆ, fem. of κitharistḗs.
κitharistús, úos, ῆ, (κitharízω) a playing the lyre or harp, the art of playing it.
κitharofidíkos, ῆ, ὄν, of or for harp-playing. From κithar-ωδός, ὁ, contr. for κitharaiodós.
κithón, ános, ὁ, Ion. for χιτών.
κίκεϊν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἔκικον; see κίκω.
κίκι, τό, = κρόταν. II. the berry of the κρόταν, castor-berry.
ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.
κικκαβαῖν, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, tootwit, tootwboo.
ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, ὁ, the husk, shell of fruit, Lat. *ciccus*.
κικλήσχω, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.
κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κινράω.
ΚΙΚΥΣ, ῆ, strength, vigour.
***ΚΙΚΩ**, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἔκικον, inf. κίκεϊν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἐκίφα, med. ἐκίφαμν:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικεῖν.)
Κιλίκιος, α, ον, *Cilician*. From
Κίλιξ, íkos, ὁ, a *Cilician*. [ῥ] Hence
Κίλισσα, ῆs, ῆ, a *Cilician woman*. 2. as Adj., fem. of Κιλίκιος.
κίλλι-vas, ávtos, ὁ, a trestle, stand or support for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, baínw: so Germ. *esel*, our *esel* and *horse*.) [ῥ]
ΚΙΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, an ass. (Dor. word.)
Κιμμέριοι, οἱ, the *Cimmerians*, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the *Palus Maeotis*.
Κίμωλια (γῆ), ῆ, *Cimolian earth*, a kind of white clay, like fuller's earth, from *Cimólus* in the *Cyclades*.
ΚΙΝΑΨΡΑ, ῆ, the rank smell of a goat. Hence
κίναψρός, to smell like a goat.
κινάδος, eos, τό: vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.:—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.
κινάθισμα, átos, τό, a rustling motion, rustling. (From κινάθω, = κινέω.) [ᾶ]
κιν-ᾱχýρα, ῆ, (κινέω, ᾱχýρον) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.
κινδύνεμα, átos, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδύνεετον, verb. Adj. one must venture; and
κινδυνεύτης, οὐ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from
κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, hazard. 2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδύνεμα to venture the risk. II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὗτοι γόητες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει as impers. it seems to be, is likely:—Pass. to be hazarded, exposed to danger. From
ΚΙΝΔΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a danger, risk, hazard, venture, Lat. *periculum*: an experiment, trial; κινδύνον ποιεῖν, Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.
κινεῖν, Dor. for κινεῖν, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω.
κινέω, f. ἦσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set a-going, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke. 4. κινεῖν πᾶν χρέμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut. med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινήθησομαι, aor. 1 ἐκινήθην: to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.
κινήθη, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of κινέω.
κινήθμος, ὁ, = κίνησις, motion.
κίνησις, eos, ῆ, (κινέω) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κῆ]
κινήτηρ, ῆρος, ὁ, = κινήτης. Hence
κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.
κινήτης, οὐ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author.
κινήτικός, ὁ, ὄν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.
κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.
κινύγμα, átos, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or hovering body, a phantom. [ῖ]
κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κίννυμι, = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [ῖ]
κίνυντο, Ep. for ἐκίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κινύμαι.
κινύρομαι [ῖ], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινὰ κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clash murderously. From
κινύρδος, ἁ, ὄν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound.)
κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.
κινῶ, οὐs, ῆ, Dor. for κίνησις.
κιδό-κράνον, τό, = κινούκρανον.
κίωμεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, 1 pl. subj. subj. of κίω.
κίον, Ep. for ἔκιον, impf. of κίω.
κινόν-κράνον, τό, (κίον, κράνον) the capital of a column.
κίοσι, dat. pl. of κίω, a pillar.
Κίρκη, ῆ, *Circé*, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odys. lib. 10, Hor.

Epist. 1. 2, 23.

κῆρυλλος, *ov*, (κῆρυκτος, ἐλαίνω) chased by a hawk.

ΚΥΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κῆρυκος. Hence

κυρκώω, *ἑ*, ὥσω, to hoop in, secure by rings.

κυρνάω and -ημι, poet. forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κυρνάω comes 3 sing. pres.

κυρνᾷ, 3 sing. impf. ἐκίρνα: from κίρνημι, Ep. 3 sing.

impf. κίρνη, part. κίρνας.

ΚΥΣ, *δ*, gen. κῖος, acc. κῖν, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, Lat. *curculio*.

κίσπη, *ἑως*, ἡ, (κῖς) the pumice-stone, Lat. *pumex*.

ΚΥΣΣΑ Att. κῖττα, ἡ, a chattering bird, the jay.

II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίζω Att. κῖτταβίζω, *ἑ*, ὥσω, to scream like a jay.

κισσάω Att. κῖττάω, *ἑ*, ἡσώ, (κῖσσα II) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσήρης, *ἑς*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

κίσσηρις, *ἑως*, ἡ, = κίσπηρις, *q. v.*

κισσίνος, *ἡ, ov*, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσο-δέτης, *ov, δ*, Dor.—δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

κισσο-κόμης, *ov, δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟΣ Att. κῖττός, *δ*, ivy, Lat. *bedera*.

κισσο-στέφανος, *ov*, and κισσο-στεφής, *ἑς*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

κισσοφόρεω Att. κῖττω—, to be decked with ivy. From

κισσο-φόρος, *ov*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσώω Att. κῖττω—, *ἑ*, ὥσω, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

κισσύβιον [ῥ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσωτός, *ἡ, ov*, (κισσώω) decked with ivy.

ΚΥΣΤΗ, ἡ, a box, chest, Lat. *cista*.

κυστίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕΑ or κῖτρία, ἡ, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, *ἡ, ov*, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κίτρεα, citron.

κίττα, κῖτταβίζω, κῖττάω, Att. for κισσ—.

κῖττός, *δ*, Att. for κισσ—.

κῖχάνω [ᾱ], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κῖχάνειν, and Med. κῖχάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κῖχηνμι;—Ep. subj. κῖχέω, opt. κῖχέην, inf. κῖχῆναι Ep. κῖχήμεναι, part. κῖχέας and Med. κῖχήμενος: so impf. ἐκίχην, 2 sing. ἐκίχεις (as if from κῖχέω); 1 pl. κῖχμεν, 3 dual κῖχῆτην: fut. κῖχῆσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκίχον Ep. κῖχον, part. κῖχάν: aor. 1 med. ἐκῖχησάμην: Att. κῖχάνω [ᾱ], *q. v.*:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κῖχέην, opt. of κῖχάνω.

κῖχέας, pres. part. of κῖχηνμι, = κῖχάνω.

κῖχέομαι, Ep. for κῖχόμεναι, Ep. 1 pl. subj. of κῖχηνμι.

κῖχῆλα, ἡ, Dor. for κῖχλη.

κῖχήμεναι, κῖχήμενος, v. sub κῖχάνω.

*κῖχηνμι, v. sub κῖχάνω.

κῖχῆσομαι, fut. of κῖχάνω.

κῖχον, aor. 2 of κῖχάνω.

ΚΙΣΧΗ, ἡ, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. *turdus*.

κῖχλίζω, *ἑ*, ὥσω Att. ὠ, to titter, giggle, formed like καρχαλάω from the sound. II. (κῖχλη) to eat

κῖχλη, to live daintily.

κῖχλίσδοντι, Dor. for κῖχλίζουσι, 3 pl. of κῖχλίζω.

κῖχλίσμος, *δ*, (κῖχλίζω) a tittering, giggling. II.

(κῖχλη) dainty living.

κῖχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. 1 ἐχρησα: (see χράω c. II): —to lend. II. Mod. κῖχράμαι, fut. χρήσομαι:

aor. 1 ἐχρησάμην:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

*ΚΙΩ, τό, go, pres. not used in indicat.; subj. κῖω.

Ep. 1 pl. κῖομεν; opt. κῖοιμι, part. κῖών, κῖουσα: impf. ἔκῖον Ep. κῖον:—to go: of ships, to sail.

ΚΙΩΝ, *ονος, δ* and ἡ, a pillar, column. II. =

στήλη, a gravestone, Lat. *cippus*. [ῥ]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάω, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγεύντι, Dor. for κλαγγοῦσι, 3 pl. of

κλαγγέω, = κλάω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, ἡ, (κλάω) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din.

κλαγγέας, *ἄ, ov*, (κλάω) screaming, screeching.

κλάγος, aor. 1 part. of κλάω.

κλαδάρος, *ἄ, ov*, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κλάδας, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος.

κλαῖδας, Dor. for κλειδας, acc. pl. of κλείς.

κλαῖδι, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς.

κλαῖδιον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαῖδισκος, *δ*, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαῖδος, *ov, δ*, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

ΚΛΑΪΩ, *f*, κλάγω: aor. 1 ἐκλαγα: Ep. aor. 2 ἐκκλαγω, inf. κλαγεῖν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγα and κέκληται, part. κεληγώς, ότος, also κελήγων, *οντος* (as if from a new pres. κελήγω):—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλάγομαι:—to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle; of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, halloo, shriek forth, cry out.

κλαῖσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαῖω.

κλαῖς, gen. κλαῖδος, ἡ, Dor. for κληῖς, κλείς, Lat. *clavis*

κλαῖστρον, Dor. for κλειστρον, κλειθρον.

ΚΛΑΪΩ Att. κλάω [ᾱ]: *f*, κλαύσομαι Dor. κλαν-σούμαι: also κλαῖσω Att. κλαῖῃσω: aor. 1 ἐκλαυσα Ep. κλαύσα:—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλαύσομαι: pf. κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμαι:—to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, κλαύσεται *be shall weep*, i. e. *be shall repent it, have cause to rue it*: so, κλαῖων *at*

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. plorare te jubeo.

II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore :—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also *κεκλαυμένοις bathed in tears, weeping.*

κλᾶξ, ᾗς, ἡ, Dor. for κλέας, a key.

κλᾶξω, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλᾶπναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλάρω) apportioning by lot. [α]

κλάρως, κλάρω, κλαρονόμω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσσε, Ep. for ἐκλάσσε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.

κλάσσι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) clod-break-
ing.

κλάσις, εως, ἡ, (κλάω) a breaking. [ᾗ]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) that which is broken off,
a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσσω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med.
of κλάω.

κλαστῶω, f. ἄσω, (κλάω) to prune a vine, Lat. *ram-
pinae*: metaph. to bring down, humble.

κλαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλάω) broken in pieces.

κλαῶω, Dor. for κλάωω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence

κλαυθυρίζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθυρίσμος, ὁ, a crying like a child.

κλαῦμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. II.
a trouble, misfortune.

κλαυσᾶρα, by crasis for κλαύσει ἄρα. [σᾶ]

κλαύσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω.

κλαυσίω, (κλαύσις) to wish to weep; τὸ θύριον
φθιγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσίᾳ the door is like to weep,
i. e. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσί-γέλως, ωτος, and ω, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλως) smiles
and tears. [Υ]

κλαυσί-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the
name of *Lamachus*, *Rue-the-fight*.

κλαύσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι.

κλαυστός or κλεινός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed:
to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑΨ: f. κλάω [ᾗ]: aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα,
κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάσας, as if from κλῆμι:—Pass.,
aor. I ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off,
break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to
weaken, enervate.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κῶω for καίω. [ᾗ]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κλεηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεία, contr. of κλέα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδουχέα Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the
charge or custody of; κλειδουχεῖν θεὰς to be priestess
of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλειδ-ούχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) holding the
keys, having charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείξω, f. κλείξω Dor. for κληίω.

κλείθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κληθρον, τό, (κλείω)
a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious.
κλείξω, aor. I inf. of κλείξω, Dor. for κληίω.

κλείς, ἡ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείς: pl.
nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς,

gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα: old Att. κληίς, gen. κλη-
ιδός, acc. κληίδα:—a thing to close the door with: I.

a key, by which the bolt (ὄχευς) was shot or unshot
from the outside: if the door was fastened on the in-
side, there was a latch (μάς) by which the bolt was
made fast to the handle (κορώνη).

2. a bar or
bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door.

3. metaph. of silence, κλης ἐπὶ γλῶσσῃ a key on the
tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down;

κληδὰς ἔχειν, like κληδουχεῖν, to watch, have the
charge of.

II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.
the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληίς ἀποέργει αὐχένα
τε στήθος τε locks the neck and breast together.

IV.
a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass,
such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as,
Κλείδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληϊστός, ἡ, ὅν,
to be shut or closed.

κλείστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.

κλειτός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλείω v), renowned, famous: of
things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΊΩ (Α); f. κλείσω: aor. I ἔκλεισα:—Pass.,
aor. I ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—

Ion. and Ep. pres. κληῶ: f. κληῖω: aor. I ἐκλήισα
Ep. κληῖσα:—old Att. κλήω, f. κληῖω: aor. I ἐκ-
λησα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat.

CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to con-
fine:—Pass. to be shut up.

κλέω (Β), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλειώ, οὖς, ἡ, (κλέος) *Clio*, the Celebrator, the Muse
of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a
theft.

2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα,
κλεία for κλέα:—a rumour, report, common fame,
news; σὸν κλέος news of thee:—a mere report, opp.
to certainty; ἡμεῖς δὲ κλέος οἶον ἀκούομεν, οὐδὲ τι
ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not any-
thing.

II. good report, fame, glory: also *repute*,
whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν αἰδέσθαι
to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι
to win honour.

κλέπται, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτεῖν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withhold.

κλέπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ, ἄρος, ὁ, and κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κλέπτω) a
thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέ-
πτης the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἡ, thieviness, knavery. From

ΚΛΕ΄ΠΤΩ: f. ψω, or med. κλέβομαι: aor. I ἐκ-
λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [ᾱ], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. κέλεμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπων, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a *thief's* look.

II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*.

III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*.

IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it *secretly*.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλεψί-χολος, ον, (κλέπτω, χολός) *disguising lameness*. [Ὶ]

κλεψ-ύδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) *a water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ Ep. κλέω (κλέος) = κληΐω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify*, extol:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κληΐδες, Att. for κλείδες, nom. pl. of κληΐς.

κληΐδην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κληρόνισμα, atos, τό, (κληρῶν) *a sign or omen*.

κληρῶ-οὔχος, κληρῶ-οὔχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληρῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληρῶν and κληρῶν: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. *a rumour, report; reputation, glory*. III. *a calling, invocation*.

κληΐω (A), f. ἤσω: aor. I. ἐκλῆσα: pf. pass. κέκληρσμαι:—Ion. pres. κληΐω Dor. κλειζω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κληΐω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to shut*.

κληρῶν, Ep. for κληδών.

κληθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΨΘΡΑ Ion. κληΐθρη, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κληΐθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κληΐθρον, = κλειθρον.

κληΐδισσι, Ep. for κληΐσι, dat. pl. of κληΐς.

κληΐζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κληΐζω.

κληΐθρον, τό, Ion. for κληΐθρον, κλειθρον.

κληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλείς.

κληΐσα, Ep. aor. I of κληΐω, κλείω.

κληΐστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κληΐω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κληΐμα, atos, τό, (κλάω) *a shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting*: esp. *a vine-twigg*, Lat. *palme*. Hence

κλημαΐνος, η, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κλημαΐtis, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κληΐμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κληρος, *a small portion*.

κληρονομέω, f. ἤσω, (κληρονόμος) *to obtain a portion or lot*: *to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, atos, τό, *an inheritance*: and κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομέω) *an inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κληρος, νέμομαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὁ, *an inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πάλης, ἐς, (κληρος, πάλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κληρος Dor. κλᾶρος, ου, ὁ, *a lot*: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. *a casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. *an allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*.

III. *the clergy*, as opp. to the laity.

κληρουχέω, fut. ἤσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*.

2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) *of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land*.

κληρ-οὔχος, ον, (κληρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. *of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens*: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, *a portion-bolder*. 2. metaph., πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years*, i.e. *advanced in years*.

κληρώω, f. ὥσω, (κληρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληρούσθαι *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κληρώσις, εως, ἡ, *a choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώω) *appointed by lot*.

κλης, κληρός, old Att. for κλείς, κλειδός.

κληΐσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) *a calling*: *a calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence *an indictment, impeachment*. 2. *a calling or invitation to a feast*.

3. *a name, appellation*.

κληΐσις, εως, ἡ, (κληώ = κλείω) *a shutting up, closing, blocking*.

κληΐω, fut. of κληώ = κλείω:—also of κληΐζω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*.

II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. *a witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*: *called out, chosen*.

κληώ, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβαΐντης, κλιβαῖνος, v. sub κριβαΐν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [Ὶ], τό, (κλίνω) *an inclination, slope*. II. *a region or zone of the earth, climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, *a small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλίμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. an instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.

III. in Soph. Trach., κλίμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a *climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abiiit evasit erupit.*

κλίναν, Ep. for ἐκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [Ὶ]

κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, es, (κλίνη, ἄρρειν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινθήσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινό-πετής, es, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλινό-χαρής, es, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [Ὶ]: fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλινα:

—Med., aor. I ἐκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλίνην

and ἐκλίθην [Ὶ], aor. 2 ἐκλίνην [Ὶ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—

to make slope or slant, incline. 2. to make one thing

slope against another, *prop* or *rest* it against. 3.

to turn aside; ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν *to turn back the eyes.*

4. to make recline or sit down, esp. at

meat. II. Pass. to be bent: to bend aside,

swerve. 2. to lean, rest, support oneself against a

thing. 3. to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. *discumbere.*

4. of Places, to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη

sloping towards the lake. 5. to wander from the

right course. III. Med. to decline, verge: so

later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν

ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον *to fall away for the worse.*

κλισία Ion. —ῆ, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down:*

a but, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of

peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were

of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the

κλισία, but burned them on the spot: the collected

κλισία formed a camp. II. a couch, bed. III.

a company of people sitting at meals.

κλισιάδες, αν, αἱ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates:*

metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from

κλείω *to shut.*

κλίσθησθην, Adv. (κλισία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλίσθηδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλίσσιον, τό, (κλίσία) *the outbuildings round a*

herdsman's lodge.

κλίσσις, ewς, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II.

a lying down, reclining. [Ὶ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, a *clime.* [Ὶ]

κλιτύς, υός, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping*

place, slope, bill-side, Lat. *clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω):—a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillow.

κλονέω, f. ἥσω, (κλίνω) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαῖος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπεύς, εως, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. a stealthy act,

fraud: ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρᾶσθαι *to steal away on foot.*

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοστοπέυω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of*

κλέπτω, κλαπεύω.

κλύδων, ωνος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a wave, billow, surge.* II.

metaph., κλύδων κακῶν *a flood of ills.* Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. *to be tossed by the waves.*

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, *a little wave, ripple:*

but often like κλύδων, *a wave: a surging sea.*

ΚΛΥΤΩΝ: Ion. impf. κλύεσκον: fut. κλύσω [Ὶ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυμαι:

—to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the

sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα

κλύεσκον ἐπ' ἡύονος *the waves dashed, broke against*

the shore. II. to wash off or away: *to wash*

out. 2. κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον *καρῶ* a wooden

vessel washed or coated with wax.

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυμένος, ὁ, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, famous. [Ὶ]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύω) *a liquid used for washing out:*

a clyster or drench. II. the part washed by the

waves, the beach.

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δένδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλυτό-εργός, ον, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with*

fruit.

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλυτό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος)

famous for wisdom.

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous*

children.

κλυτό-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλυτός, ἡ, ον, also υς, ον, (κλύω) *beard of, to be*

beard of, famous, glorious, renowned. 2. of things,

glorious, noble, splendid, beautiful.

κλυτο-τέχνης, ου, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for*

art, renowned artist.

κλυτό-τόξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow,*

renowned archer.

ΚΛΥΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and

pl. (as if from κλύω), κλύθι, κλύτε, Ep. redupl. κέ-

κλύθι, κέκλυτε:—to bear, to give ear to, listen to,

hearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 3. to bear,

learn by bearing, ascertain. 4. generally, to per-

ceive.

II. to bear oneself called, be called so and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. audio; κακῶς κλίνειν to be ill spoken of.

ΚΛΩΒΟΣ, ὁ, a cage, bird-cage.

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώξ) the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.

ΚΛΩ/ΖΩ, f. κλώξω, to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws.

ΚΛΩ/ΘΩ, fut. κλώσῃ, to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate. Hence

Κλωθῶ, οὐς, ἡ, Lat. *Klotho*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμακοῖτες, εσσα, εν, stony, rocky, rugged. From ΚΛΩ/ΜΑΣ or κρώμαξ, ἄκος, os, a heap of stones.

κλών, gen. κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω)=κλάδος, a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. *sarculus*.

κλωνίον, Dim. of κλών.

κλώρος, Att. for κλοιός.

κλωπεύω, f. σω, =κλοπεύω, to steal.

κλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλέψω) thievish, furtive.

κλωπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλέψω, πατήρ) of a thievish or unkindly father. [δ]

κλωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλώθω) a thread, yarn, line.

κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώθω) spun, twisted.

κλώψ, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) a thief, Lat. *fur*.

κναίω, =Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

κνάκων, αως, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνήκός.

κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κναμός, Dor. for κνήμους.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω: f. ψω: (κνάω): to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used.

II. metaph.

to mangle, tear, lacerate.

κνάσαιω, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω.

κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κναφέιον Ion. —ἡϊον, τό, (κνάπτω) a fuller's shop.

κναφέης or γναφέυς, ἔως, ὁ, Lat. *fullo*, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.

κναφέύω, f. σω, (κναφέυς) to full or card cloth.

κναφῆϊον, Ion. for κναφέϊον.

κνάφος, ὁ, (κνάω) the prickly teasel, Lat. *spina fulonica*, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.

ΚΝΑΨΩ, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνήσ, κνή, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. ἔκνη Ep. κνή (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I ἔκνησα:—to scrape or grate, Lat. *radere*: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away:—Med., κνασθαί τὰ ὦτα to tickle one's ears.

κνεφάω, f. ἄσω, (κνέφας) to cloud over.

κνεφαίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κνέφας) dark, gloomy, murky.

2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα ποῖτ. κνέφει: (νέφος) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. *diluculum*.

κνή, Ep. for ἔκνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) to scratch.

κνήκός, ὁ, v. sub κνήκός.

ΚΝΗΨΩ, ἡ, Lat. *cnēus* or *cnicus*, a plant of the *thistle* kind.

κνήκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κνάκός, ἄ, ὄν, (κνήκος) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνήκας.

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) white-legged.

ΚΝΗΨΗ, ἡ, the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. *tibia*.

κνημιδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

κνημῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημῖδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίδια); but βύβειαι κνημῖδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

κνημῖς, ὁ, (κνήμη) the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to πούς (the foot).

κνησιάω, f. ἄσω, Desiderat. of κνάω, to wish to scratch, to itch.

κνήσμαι, τό, (κνάω) an itching.

κνησμονή, ἡ, =κνήσμαι.

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνάω) a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

κνίδη, ἡ, (κνίζω) a nettle, Lat. *urtica*. [ε]

Κνίδιος, α, ον, Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From Κνίδος, ἡ, Cnidus.

κνίξη, ης, ἡ, =κνίδη. From

κνίζω: f. κνίσω: aor. I ἔκνισα Dor. ἔκνισα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—to scrape or grate, rasp.

II. to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:—Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.

κνίπτος, ὄν, (κνίζω) scraping, niggardly, miserly.

ΚΝΙΨΑ Ep. κνίσση, ης, ἡ, Lat. *nidor*, the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice.

II. the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάντι, dat. of κνισάεις.

κνισάω, f. ἡσω, (κνίσα) to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice.

II. intr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.

κνισδω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.

κνίσμα, τό, (κνίζω) that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.

κνισμός, ὁ, (κνίζω) an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.

κνισο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, (κνίσα, διώκω) hunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα, κνισάεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισάω) steaming with burnt sacrifice.

II. to

tickle:—Pass. to itch.

κνηκίας, ον, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.

ΚΝΗΨΩ, ἡ, Lat. *cnēus* or *cnicus*, a plant of the *thistle* kind.

κνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κνάκός, ἄ, ὄν, (κνήκος) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνήκας.

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) white-legged.

ΚΝΗΨΗ, ἡ, the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. *tibia*.

κνημιδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

κνημῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημῖδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίδια); but βύβειαι κνημῖδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

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κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα, κνισάεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισάω) steaming with burnt sacrifice.

κνίψ, ὁ, also ἡ, gen. κνίπός, pl. κνίπες, (κνίζω) a kind of emmet, which gnaws figs.

κνίψ, contr. for κνίφα.

κνυζάομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to *whine, whimper*, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνυζηθμός, ὁ, a *whining, whimpering*.

κνυζήμα, τό, = κνυζηθμός.

κνυζόω, f. ὥσω, to *disfigure, make dim and dark*.

κνύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: (κνύω) to *scratch or touch gently*.

κνώδαιον, τό, any *dangerous animal, a monster, beast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδούς) a *sword*: pl. κνώδοντες, two *projecting teeth* on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφος διπλοὶ κνώδοντες a *cross-hilted sword*.

ΚΝΩΞΩ, only used in pres. to *nod, slumber, sleep*.

κοάλεμος, ὁ, a *stupid fellow, booby*. [ᾱ]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.

κοάω, v. κοέω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a *knavisb trick*. From

κοβαλίκευω, to *play the knave*. From

κοβάλος, ὁ, an *impudent rogue, an arrant knave*: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, *knavisb tricks, rogueries*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a *muscle or cockle*, Lat. *concha*: also a *muscle-shell*. II. the *case round a seal* attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάω), to *unseal*).

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἡ, = κόγχη, a *muscle or cockle*.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, ὁ, a *shelly marble*. [ᾱ]

κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a *muscle or cockle*: also its *shell*, generally, a *bivalve-shell*. [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ου, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an *as*, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

ΚΟΕΩ or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, to *mark, perceive, bear, observe*.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. *coturnus*, a *buskin or high boot*, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2.

the κόθορνος was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the *soccus* of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, ὁ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a *trimmer or time-server* in politics.

κόθορος, ου, = κολουρος, *without a sting*.

ΚΟΪ, sound to express the *grunting* of young pigs.

κοῖζω, f. ἰσω, (κοῖ) to *grunt like a young pig*.

κοίη, Ion. for ποίη, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. *how? in what manner? in what respect?*

κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνω: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοίλησαι, Att. ἐκοίλانا, inf. κοίλانا: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοῖλος):—to *make hollow, scoop, hollow out*.

κοίλη, f. ἰω, a *bowl*, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a δῆμος or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (κοῖλος) the *bowl of the belly*,

the *belly*, Lat. *venter*.

2. the *contents of the belly*,

the *bowels*: *tripe*: *black-puddings*.

κοιλο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (κοιλία, παλέω) a *tripe or black-pudding seller*.

κοιλο-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) *hollow-bellied*: hence *hungry, ravenous*.

κοιλό-πέδος, ου, (κοῖλος, πέδον) *lying in a hollow*.

ΚΟΙΛΟΣ, η, ου, *hollow, hollowed*; κοῖλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς or κοίλη alone was the *hollow or hold* of the ship: of Places, *lying in a hollow or vale*: of a road, *cut deep, overhung*: κοῖλον, τό, a *hollow place, hollow, recess*; κοῖλος χρυσός *gold made into hollow vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ου, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) *hollow-eyed*.

κοιλο-χείλης, es, (κοῖλος, χείλος) *hollow to the rim*.

κοιλόω, f. ὥσω, (κοῖλος) to *make hollow*.

κοιλ-ώδης, es, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) *hollow-looking*.

κοίλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοίλω) a *hollow*.

κοιλ-ώνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) *hollow-hoofed*.

κοιλ-ώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. κοιλώτις, ἰδος, = κοιλώπις.

κοιλ-ωπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὤψ) *hollow-looking*.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἤσω, (κείμαι) to *lull to sleep, put to sleep, put to bed*. 2. generally, to *lull, still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage*. II. Med. and Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμήσασθην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην:—to *fall asleep, go to bed*: of animals, to *lie down*; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον *he slept a brassen sleep*, i. e. the *sleep of death*. 2. to *sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep*.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμήθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήμα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep*; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα *intercourse of the mother with her own son*.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (κοιμάω) a *sleeping*: also 2. *rest, repose*.

κοιμίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, = κοιμάω, to *put to sleep*:—to *lay asleep*, of the *sleep of death*. 2. generally, to *lay to rest, to quench; to appease, assuage*. Hence

κοιμιστής, ου, ὁ, one *putting to sleep*.

κοινάω, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινάω, κοινανός.

κοινᾶνέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσσομαι, fut. of κοινάω.

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινάω.

κοινῶ, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in *common*, by *common consent*. 2. *publicly*.

κοινο-βουλῶ, (κοινός, βουλή) to *deliberate in common*.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βομός) *community of altars*, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινό-λεκτρος, ου, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed, a bedfellow, consort*.

κοινο-λεχής, ἐς, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed, a paramour*.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. ἤθην: pf. κεκοινολόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, *ov*, contr. -πλους, *ον*, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, *ὁ, ἡ, πουνι, τό*, gen. ποδός, (κοινός, πούς) with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν*, also *ὅς, ὄν*, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθόν the common weal.

2. τὸ κοινόν the state, Lat. *res publica*; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινού by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible.

2. of common origin, kindred.

IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, *ἡ*, a sharing in common, fellowship.

II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, *ον*, (κοινός, τεκεῖν) born of common parents.

κοινο-φίλης, *ἐς*, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινο-φρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινῶ, *ῥ*, ὥσω: Dor. fut. κοινάσσομαι, aor. *ἰ* ἐκοί-
νῆσα: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, im-
part: to make a sharer in.

2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or unclean.

II. Med. to communicate, like the Act.

2. take counsel, consult.

3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, *c. gen.*: also *c. acc. rei*, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have intercourse with.

κοινων, *ἄνθρωπος*, Dor. *κοινᾶν*, *ἄνθρωπος*, *ὁ*, = *κοινωνός*.

κοινωνέω, *ῥ*, ἡσώ, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνεῖν *τινι* to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνία, *ῥ*, *ματος*, *τό*, a communication: and

κοινωνία, *ἡ*, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, communicative, social. From

κοινωνός, *ὁ*, also *ἡ*, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate.

II. as Adj. = *κοινός*.

κοινώς, Adv. of *κοινός*, in common, jointly: by common consent.

2. publicly.

κοῖος, *ῥ*, *ον*, Ion. for *ποῖος*, *α, ον*.

κοιρανέω, *ῥ*, ἡσώ, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to rule, command.

2. *c. acc.* to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, *ῥ*, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, *ον*, *ὁ*, = *κοίρανος*.

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, *ὁ, α*, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοιτίριον, Pass. (Κοῖσῦρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. *ἰ* κοιτάωμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, *α, ον*, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep.

2. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, *ἡ*, (κεῖμαι) a place to lie down in, bed, couch; the marriage-bed; κοίτην ἔχειν to be pregnant; κοῖται in pl. lewdness.

2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest.

II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τῆς κοι-
της ὥρη bed-time.

κοίτος, *ὁ*, = *κοίτη*.

2. a going to bed: sleeping, sleep.

Hence

κοιτῶν, *ἄνθρωπος*, *ὁ*, = (κοίτη) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, *ῥ*, *ον*, scarlet, Lat. *coccineus*. From

ΚΟΚΚΟΣ, *ἡ*, a kernel, a berry: esp. the hermes-
berry used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo: hence a
cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκύω Dor. κοκκύσσω: *ῥ*, ὥσα: pf. *κοκκύκα*;
(κόκκυ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow.

II. to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυξ, ὕγος, *ὁ*, (κόκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσσω, Dor. for κοκκύω.

κόκκων, *ἄνθρωπος*, *ὁ*, (κόκκος) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκῖα, *οἱ*, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶω, 2 sing. fut. med. of *κολάζω*.

κολᾶω *ῥ*, *κολᾶσω*: aor. *ἰ* ἐκόλασα: also in Med.,
fut. *κολᾶσσομαι*, Att. contr. *κολᾶμαι*, *κολᾶ*: aor. *ἰ*
ἐκόλασάμην:—Pass., fut. *κολασθήσομαι*: aor. *ἰ* ἐκο-
λάσθην: pf. *κεκόλασμαι*: (κόλος, akin to *κολοῦω*):

—to prune, retrench: metaph. to hold in check, keep
in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass.
to be punished.

Κολανίς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and
meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶεῖα, *ἡ*, (κολακεῖω) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶεσμα, *τό*, (κολακεῖω) a piece of flattery. [ᾶ]

κολᾶκευτός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of *κολακεῖω*, to be
flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (κολακεῖω) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶεω, *ῥ*, *σω*, (κόλαξ) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass.
to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ώνυμος, *ὁ*, (κόλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named,
Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟΛΑΞ, ἄκος, *ὁ*, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, a chisel, graver. From

ΚΟΛΑΠΤΩ, *ῥ*, *ῥω*, to bew, cut, chisel: of birds
to peck.

κολᾶσις, *εως*, *ἡ*, (κολᾶω) a pruning: a checking,
punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, *τό*, (κολᾶω) chastisement, punishment.

κολᾶστέρα, *ῥ*, fem. of *κολαστήρ*.

κολαστήριος, *ον*, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing.

II. as Subst., *κολαστήριον*, *τό*, a prison.

2. a punish-
ment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, = *κολαστής*.

κολαστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (κολᾶω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολᾶστρια, *ἡ*, fem. of *κολαστήρ*.

κολᾶφίω, *ῥ*, ἡσώ Att. *ῶ*, (κόλαφος) to give one a
box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, *ὁ*, (κολᾶπτω) a box on the ear, cuff.

κολέον Ion. *κουλέον*, *τό*, = *κολεός*, a sheath.

κολεός, *ὁ*, or *κόλεον*, *τό*, *κουλέον*, *τό*, (κοῖλος) a
sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, *ῥ*, ἡσώ, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. *κόλλη*, *ῥ*, *ἡ*, glue, Lat. *gluten*.

κόλλαβος, ὁ, = κύλλωψ. II. a kind of *wbeaten cake*, named from its shape.

κολλάω, f. ἥσω, (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to *inlay* to weld. II. to join together, unite:—Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to. κολλήεις, εἶσα, εν, (κόλλα) glued together, close-joined.

κόλλησις, εως, ἡ, (κολλάω) a *gluing, cementing*: κόλλησις σιδήρου a *welding of iron*.

κολλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολλάω) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.

κόλλω-κό-φάγος, ὄν, (κόλλις, φάγειν) roll-eating.

ΚΟΛΛΩΨ, ἱκος, ὁ, a *long roll of coarse bread*. ΚΟΛΛΟΥΨ, ὀπος, ὁ, the *peg or screw of a lyre*, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλωπα ὀργῆς ἀνεῖναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλυβιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (κολλυβος) a *money-changer*.

ΚΟΛΑΤΒΟΣ, ὁ, a *small coin*. 2. in plur., κύλ-αυβα, τά, *small round cakes*. [ῥ]

κολλύρα, ἡ, = κόλλις. [ῥ]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, *eye-salve*, Lat. *collyrium*, so called because it was made up in *small cakes*. [ῥ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κύλος) *docked, curtail*, Lat. *curtus*: of animals, *short-borned*: also *maimed, mutilated*. Hence κολοβός, f. ὦσα, to dock, curtail, shorten

κολοι-ἄρχος, ου, ὁ, (κολοῖός, ἄρχω) a *leader of jackdaws*, a *jackdaw-general*.

κολοιάω, f. ἄσω, (κολοῖός) to *scream like a jackdaw*.

κολοῖός, ὁ, a *jackdaw*, Lat. *graculus*: proverb., κολοῖός ποτὶ κολοῖόν = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκάσια, ἡ, or κολοκάσιον, τό, the *colocasia* or *Egyptian bean*, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) a *large heavy wave* before it breaks, the *heavy swell* before a storm.

κολεκύνθη or -κύνθη, ης, ἡ, the *round gourd* or *pumpkin*, Lat. *cucurbita*. Hence

κολεκυνθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *food prepared from pumpkins*.

κολεκύνθος, η, ου, *made from pumpkins*.

κόλον, τό, the *colon or lower part of the bowels*. From ΚΟΛΟΣ, ὄν, *docked, curtailed, stunted*, Lat. *curtus*;

κόλον ὀρνυ a *spear broken short off*: esp. of oxen, etc., *hornless, short-borned*.

κολοσσός, ὁ, a *colossus, gigantic statue*; also simply a *statue*. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσσυρτός, ὁ, a *rabble or noisy crowd*: ὑφροα.

κολούω, f. σω: aor. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκολούθην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -οῦμαι: (κύλος):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσομένην κολουῖν to cut short a word in the middle, Lat. *praecidere*, i.e. leave it unfinished; δῶρα κολουῖν to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like κολάζω, to check, restrain, put down.

κολοφών, ἄνος, ὁ, a *top, finishing, end*.

κοιλίας, ου, ὁ, (κόπος) *swelling in folds*.

ΚΟ'ΑΠΟΣ, ὁ, the *bosom, lap*: later also the *mother's womb*. II. the *lap or fold* formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket. III. any *lap or hollow*; θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδύναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the *deep hollow* between two waves. 2. a *bay or creek of the sea*.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus*. Hence

κολπόω, f. ὦσω, to *form into a lap or fold*: to make a *sail belly or swell*.

κολπ-ώδης, es, (κόπος, εἶδος) *embosomed, embayed*.

ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἥσω, to *dive*: to swim. Hence

κολυμβήθρα, ἡ, a *place for diving*, a *swimming-bath*: and

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κολυμβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) a *diver, swimmer*.

κολυμβίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κολυμβάω) a *sea-bird, a diver*.

κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) a *diver, swimmer*. II. = κολυμβιστής.

Κόλχος, ὁ, a *Colchian*:—hence Adj. Κολχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *Colchian*; pecul. fem. Κολχίς, ἰδος.

κολφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἥσω, (κολφός) to *brawl, scold*.

κολώμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a *bill, mound*: esp. a *sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn*, Lat. *tumulus*.

κολωνία, ἡ, the *Lat. colonia, a colony*.

κολωνός, ὁ, (κολώνη) a *bill*; κολωνός λίθων a *heap of stones*. II. *Colonos*, a *demos of Attica* lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneüs of Sophocles.

κολφός, οὗ, ὁ, (κολοῖός) a *brawling, wrangling*.

ΚΟ'ΜΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, the *strawberry-tree, arbutus*.

κομᾶρ-φάγος, ὄν, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) *eating the fruit of the arbutus*.

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. κομόων: fut. ἥσω: aor. I ἐκόμωσα: (κόμη):—to let the hair grow long, wear long hair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to *plume oneself*, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οὗτος ἐκόμωσε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι he aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομόωντες 'Achaioi in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year.

II. of horses, to be *decked with manes*. III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.

κομέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἥσω, to *take care of, attend to, tend*.

κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

ΚΟ'ΜΗ, ἡ, the *hair*, Lat. *coma*; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like *coma*, the *foliage, leaves*, of trees.

Κομητ-ἄμυνίας, ου, ὁ, (κομήτης, Ἀμυνίας) *Coxcomb-Amyntias*.

κομήτης, ου, ὁ, (κομάω) *long-haired*; ἰδς κομήτης α *feathered arrow*. 2. *leafy, grassy*. II. a *comet*.

κομιδή, ἡ, (κομίζω) *attendance, attention, care*: also

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *conmeatus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores. 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. 3. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδῇ, dat. of κομιδῇ used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδῇ μὲν οὖν very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

κομιεύμεθα, Dor. for κομοῦμεθα, 1 pl. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίζω: f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ἐκόμισα Ep. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα:—Med., Att. fut. κομοῦμαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐκομισάμην and κομισάμην:—Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκομίσθην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομέω):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably. 2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμῃς mind thine own affairs. II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν κομίζειν to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύσσαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return. κομοῦμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. κομίσαι, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. opt. of κομίζω. κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. 1 of κομίζω. κομιστέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, = κομιστής. κομιστής, οὐδ, ὅ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor. κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομῶ, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω. κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηρὸν κόμματος of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. II. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence κομματικός, ἡ, ὄν, framed in short clauses.

ΚΟΜΜΙ, τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*; indecl. κομμός, οὐδ, ὅ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. *planctus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομόωντε, κομόωντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of κομῶ.

κομόωντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομῶ.

κομπάζω, f. ἄω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζει λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύς, ὁ, Comic word, one of the borough Κόμπος, a Bragsman.

κομπάσμα, τό, (κομπάζω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clash, rattle. II. metaph. to utter big-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος, λακέω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακύνθης, ου, ὁ, braggart, boaster.

ΚΟΜΠΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal. II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, ὁ, (κομπέω) a boaster.

κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελος, ῥήμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, es, (κόμπος, εἶδος) boastful.

κομφεία, ἡ, (κομφεύω) elegance, refinement: affectation.

κομφ-ευρίτικως, Adv. (κομφός, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectation of Euripides.

κομφεύω, f. ὦω, (κομφός) to make elegant, refine; κομφεῖν τὴν δόξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομφο-πρήτης, ἐς, (κομφός, πρέπω) dainty-seeming.

κομφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*. 2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομφῶς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομφοτέρως ἔχειν to be better in health.

κονάβειω, f. ἦσω, (κόναβος) to resound, clash, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clash, ringing.

κονάβις, f. ἰσῶ, = κοναβέω.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a clashing, ringing.

ΚΟΝΑΤ'ΑΟΣ, ὁ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κονέω, f. ἦσω, (κόνις) to raise dust, to hasten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ἡ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδῶν ὑπένερθε κονίη ἴστατ' ἀεριομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονία, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*; πλῖνεν ἐν κονίῃσι, to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly τ']

κονιάτῃς, ἡ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονιάμαι: (κονίω):—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι plastered, whitened sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms *ἐκόνισσα*, *κεκόνισμαι*; see *κονίω*.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (*κόνις*, ὄρνυμι) *dust stirred up, a cloud of dust*; *κονιορτός ὕλην κεκαυμένην* a cloud of wood-ashes.

II. *metaph. a dirty fellow.*

κόνιος, α, ον, (*κόνις*) *dusty*.

ΚΟΝΙΣ, ἰος Att. *ews*, ἡ: dat. *κόνϊ* for *κόνυϊ*: = *κονία*, *dust*.

II. *the dust of ashes, ashes.* III. *the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil.* [ἴ]

κονιάδω [ἴ], ὁ, (*κόνις*) *dust, a cloud of dust*.

κονίῳ: fut. ἴσω [ἴ]: aor. I ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. τεκόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνιτο: (*κόνις*):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκοινμένος all covered with dust, i.e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνισσαι λαβὼν make haste and take.

2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over.

III. *intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.*

κοννέω, contr. *κοννώ*, = *γιννώσκω*.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, *the beard*. 2. *Κόννος*, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; *Κόννου ψῆφος*, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὐ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. *contus*. 2. *the shaft of a pike.*

κοντο-φόρος, ον, (*κοντός*, φέρω) *carrying a pole or pike: hurling a pike.*

ΚΟΝΤΥΖΑ contr. *κνύζα*, ἡς, *fly, fleabane, pulicaria*.

κοπάω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκόπασα: (*κόπος*):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπᾶνον, τό, (*κόπτω*) *an instrument for braying, a pestle*: also 2. = *κοπίς*, an axe.

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *κόπτω*: *κοπεῖς*, aor. 2 part. pass. *κοπετός*, ὁ, (*κόπτομαι*) *a wailing, mourning*.

κοπεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) *a chisel*.

κοπή, ἡ, (*κόπτω*) *a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter*.

κοπιᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκοπιᾶσα: pf. κεκοπιᾶκα: (*κόπος*):—to work hard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary: *κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν* to be exhausted by good things.

κοπίς, εὐς, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) *a babbler, wrangler*.

κοπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*κόπτω*) *a chopper, cleaver, bill-book*.

κόπος, ον, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) *a striking, beating*.

toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence

κοπῶω, f. ὤσω, *to weary*:—Pass. = *κοπιᾶω*.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was ϙ, cf. *κοππαρίας*. In the alphabet *Κόρρα* stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. *q*, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταῦ and σάμπι, qq. v. Hence

κοππαρίας, ον, ὁ, ἵππος, *a horse branded with the letter Koppa (ϙ) as a mark*. Cf. *σαμφάρας*.

κοπράγωγός, f. ἡσώ, *to carry dung*. From

κοπρ-ἄγωγός, ον, (*κόπρος*, ἄγω) *carrying dung*.

κόπρειος, α, ον, (*κόπρος*) *full of dung, filthy*.

κοπρία, ἡ, (*κόπρος*) *a dungbill*.

κοπρίω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσω, (*κόπρος*) *to dung, manure*. **κοπρ-λόγος**, ον, (*κόπρος*, λέγω) *collecting dung or manure*: hence a dirty fellow.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἡ, *dung: manure: filth, dirt*. II. *a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable*.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἡσώ, *to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt*. From

κοπρ-φόρος, ον, (*κόπρος*, φέρω) *carrying dung: κόφινος κοπροφόρος* a dung-basket.

κόπρων, ὠνος, ὁ, (*κόπρος*) *a place for dung, privy*.

κόπτοις, Dor. for *κοπτοῦσα*, part. fem. of *κόπτω*.

κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κόπτω*) *beaten, bruised, pounded*.

ΚΟΠΤΩ: *κόφω*: aor. I ἐκοφα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπῶς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκομμαι:—to strike, smite, cut.

2. to knock down, fell, slay.

3. to cut off, chop off; *δένδρα κόπτεν* to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., *κόπτεν τὴν χώραν* to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; *φρενὺν κεκομμένος*, deprived of sense or reason.

4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. *percutere nummos*:—Med. to coin oneself money.

5. *κόπτεν τὴν θύραν* to knock or rap at the door, Lat. *pulsare*.

6. to cut small, chop up.

7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen.

II. Med. *κόπτομαι*, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. *plangere*: also, *κόπτεσθαι τινα* to mourn for any one, Lat. *plangere aliquem*.

κορᾶκίνος, ὁ, (*κόραξ*) *a young raven*.

ΚΟΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a raven or crow*: Proverb., *λευκοὶ κόρακες*, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; *ἔρρε ἐς κόρακες*, or *ἐς κόρακας* alone, like Lat. *pasce corvos*, go and be hanged! *βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας* hang him! hang it!

II. *anything booked like a raven's beak, as,*

1. *an engine for grappling ships*.

2. *a hooked handle of a door, like κοράνη*.

3. *an instrument of torture*.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of *κόρη*, *a little girl, damsel*.

κοράνη, ἡ, a barbarism for *κόρη*.

κορβάν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, *a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering*.

2. *the treasury of the Temple*.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (*κόρδαξ*) *to dance the κέρδαξ*.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, *the dancing the κέρδαξ*.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *the cordax*, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; *κόρδακα ἐλκύσαι* to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΥΤ'ΑΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *a cudgel, truncheon*: also *a swelling*.

II. *a covering for the head, bead-dress; ἐγκορδυλημένος* *wrapt or rolled up*.

κορείε, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of *κορέννυμι*.

κορέννυμι: f. *κορέσω* Ep. *κορέω*: aor. I ἐκόρεσα Ep. *κόμεσσα*:—Med., aor. I ἐκόρεσάμην Ep. *ἐκόμεσάμην* and *κορεσάμην*:—Pass., aor. I ἐκόμεσθην: pf. κεκόμεμαι Ion. *κεκόμεμαι*; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, *κεκορῆς*, ὅτος: (*κόρος*):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; *φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι* to have one's fill of strife.

κορεσαίαιο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of *κορέννυμι*.

κορεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of *κορέννυμι*.

κορέσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of *κορέννυμι*.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenhood. From

κορέομαι, f. *κορευθήσομαι*: Pass.: (*κόρη*):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. *ήσω*, to sweep, brush; *κορεΐν την Έλλάδα* to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of *κορέννυμι*.

κόρη Ion. **κούρη** Dor. **κώρα**, *ή*, fem. of *κóρος*, *κούρος*, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. *puella*: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like *νύμφη*, Lat. *puella, nympha*. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as *Νύμφαι, κούραι Διός*. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. *puta*. 2. the pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. *puta, pupilla*. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. **Κούρη**, *ή*, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as *τή Μητρί καὶ τή Κοίρη*.

κóρηθρον, τό, (*κορέω*) a besom, broom.

κóρημα, τό, (*κορέω*) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύω, = *κορθύω*. [ϛ]

κορθύς, vos, *ή*, (*κόρυς*) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or **ύνω**, (*κορθύς*) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:—Pass., *κύμα κορθύεται* the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙΑΝΝΟΝ, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of *κόρη* = *κορίσιον*.

κορίζομαι, f. *ίσομαι*, (*κόρη*, *κόριον*): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορινθίος, α, ov, also **Κορινθιακός**, *ή*, óv, and fem.

Κορινθιάς, áδος, *ή*:—Corinthian. From

Κόρινθος, *ή*, Corinth, the city and country: anciently **Έφύρη**: Adv. **Κορινθόθεν**, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of *κόρη*, a little girl.

ΚΟΡΙΣ, ιος Att. εως, ó, a bug: pl. *κόρεις*, óí.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of *κόρη*.

κόρκωρος or **κόρχωρος**, ó, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of *pimpernel*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγη, *ή*, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound.)

κορμός, ó, (*κείρω*) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ov, ó, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. *satietas*; *κόρον έχειν τινός* to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence II. insolence, petulance; *πρὸς κόρον* insolently.

κόρος, ov, ó, Ion. *κούρος* Dor. **κώρος**, (*κείρω*) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. *κόρη*.

κόρος, ó, the Hebrew *cor*, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, *ή*, later Att. **κόρη** Dor. **κώρα**, (*κάρα*) the side of the forehead; *ἐπὶ κόρης πατάσσειν* to slap on the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ov, (*Κορύβας*) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. áσω, (*Κορύβας*) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ίσω, (*Κορύβας*) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντ-ώης, es, (*Κορύβας*, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβας, αντος, ó, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Phrygia. [ϛ]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = *κóρυδος*.

κóρυδος, ó, and **κορύδός**, *ή*, (*κóρυς*) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. *alauda cristata*.

κόρυζα, ης, *ή*, (*κόρη*, *κόρυς*) a cold in the head, a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. *pituita*. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κόρυθα, **κóρυθος**, acc. sing. and pl. of *κóρυς*.

κορυθ-άξ, ικος, (*κóρυς*, áισσω) helmet-shaking, with waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αῖλος, ov, (*κóρυς*, αἶλος) with glancing helm.

κóρυμβας, ó, pl. *κορύμβας* as well as *κóρυμβοι*: (*κóρυς*, *κορυφή*):—the top, peak, summit; *κóρυμβα νηῶν* the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. *ήσω*, to put forth knobs or buds. From **κορύνη**, *ή*, (*κóρυς*) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [ϛ]

κορινήτης, ov, ó, (*κορυνάω*) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορινή-φόρος, ov, (*κορύνη*, *φέρω*) club-bearing: *κορινή-φόροι*, óí, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of *δορυφόροι*.

κορυνιάω, = *κορυνάω*: in Ep. part., *κορυνιῶντα πέ-τρηλα* sprouting leaves.

κορυπίλος, ó, one that butts with the head. [ϛ] From

κορύπτω, f. *ψω*, to butt with the head. From **κόρυς**, *ίθος*, *ή*, acc. *κόρυθα* and *κορύν*, (*κάρα*) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κόρυσσω, fut. *κορύσω*:—Med., aor. I *ἐκορυσσάμην*, part. *κορυσσάμενος*:—Pass. pf. *κεκορύσθαι*:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, *δοῦρε κεκορυσμένα χαλκῷ* spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make crested; *κόρυσσε κύμα* the river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, ov, ó, a man armed with a helmet, an armed warrior.

κορυφαία, *ή*, (*κορυφή*) the head-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a hunting-net:—strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ov, (*κορυφή*) at the head:—ó *κορυ-*

φαῖος the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head. 2. the top or peak of a mountain.

3. metaph. the highest point, acmé, prime.

κορυφῶς, f. ὥσω, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κύμα κορυφῶται the wave rises to a crest. II. like κεφαλαῖω, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἑκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [ᾶ]

κορώνεως, ω, ἡ, of a raven-gray colour. From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορωνός) a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. cornix. II.

anything booked like a crow's bill, as, I. the handle on a door. 2. the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄσω, (κορώνη II) to bend, curve: of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, booked. 2. of kine, with crumpled horns. II. as Subst. anything curved:

1. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) shooting crows:—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for cross-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled horns.

κοσκινῶν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκινό-μάντις, ιος Att. εως, ὅ, and ἡ, (κόσκινον, μάντις) a diviner by a sieve.

ΚΟΨΚΙΝΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

κοσσυλλάτια, ον, τά, (σκούλλω) parings or shreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιήτας having marshalled his countrymen; δούρον κοσμεῖν to arrange a repast. II.

to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish. 2. of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κοσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμηής, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὗ, ὅ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorer.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular.

κοσμητήρ, οπος, ὅ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κόσμος order, decorum. Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ἡ, propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ου, ὅ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the hair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὅ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [ᾶ]

κοσμο-πλέκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or holding together the world.

κόσμος, ου, ὅ, (κομέω) order; κατὰ κόσμον or κόσμῳ in order, duly; οὐδέν κόσμῳ in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. 3. a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode or fashion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2. an honour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroying.

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσαβος, ὅ, Ion. for κύτταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὅ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear haired against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτῆς:—

Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἔκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην: (κύτος)—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invidio: proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεὶ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεὺς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτίνη-φόρος, ον, (κύτινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὅ or ἡ, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτίνο-πράγος, ον, (κύτινος, πράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, ὅ, Ion. for κύθορνος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὅ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κύτταβος) to play at the cottabus.

κοτταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὅ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύαθοι or $\frac{1}{3}$ ἑστῆτος, nearly a $\frac{1}{2}$ pint. II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone.

Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, any cup-like hollow: in pl. the

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-
δόρυφον. II. the socket of a joint.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, *ov*, (κοτύλη, ἄρυα) that can be
drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ίσκιον, τό, and -ίσκος, ὁ, Dimi-
nutives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κοῦ, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κούκετι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλεόν, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κεῖρω) a clipping or cropping of the
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock
cut off.

κουρεῖον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop.

κουρεῖς, ἑως, ὁ, (κεῖρω) a barber, hair-cutter, Lat.
tonsor: hence a tailor, gossip.

κούρη, ἡ, Ion. for κόρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρήτιος, ἡ, *ov*, Ion. for κόρειος, youthful.

κούρητες, *ων*, οἱ, (κόρος, κύρος) young men, young
warriors.

Κουρήτες, *ων*, οἱ, the Curētes, inhabitants of Pleuron
in Aetolia.

κουρίας, *ων*, ὁ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair short.

κουριάω, *f*, ἄσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed
hair. 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουριδίας, *α*, *ov*, (κύρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully
wedded; κουριδῖος πόσις her wedded husband; then,
as Subst., (without πόσις), κουριδῖος φίλος her dear
husband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κούριδι
ἄλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concu-
bine (παλλακίς); so, 3. κουριδῖον λέχος the bed of
lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal; κουριδῖος
χιτών the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, *f*, ἴσω, (κύρος, κύρος) intr. to be a
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κούριμος, ἡ, *ov*, also *ος*, *ov*, (κουρά) fit for cutting
or shaving hair, trenchant. II. pass. *sporn*, crop-
ped, clipped:—as Subst., κούριμος, ἡ, a mask with the
hair cut short.

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youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κουρίζω, *f*, ἴσω, (κύρος, κύρος) intr. to be a
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them
from burthens. Hence

κούφισις, *εως*, ἡ, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, *ατος*, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted
up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ἡ, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, *ov*, (κούφος, λέγω) lightly-talking.

ΚΟΤ' ΦΟΣ, ἡ, *ov*, light, nimble: neut. pl. κοῦφα as
Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light:—empty, vain,
idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. κουφότερον, more
lightly, with lighter heart: Sup. κουφότατα, most
lightly.

ΚΟ' ΦΙΓΝΟΣ, ὁ, a basket.

κοχλίας, *ων*, ὁ, (κόχλος) a snail with a spiral shell,
Lat. cochlea. II. anything twisted spirally, a
screw: a spiral stair.

κοχλῖον, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

ΚΟ' ΧΛΟΣ, *ων*, ὁ, a shell-fish with a spiral shell:
the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.
concha.

κοχῦδέω, Ion. impf. κοχῦδεσκε:—to stream forth
copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩ' ΝΗ, ἡ, dual κοχῶν, the bams.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κούψιχος, ὁ, = κόσσυφος, a blackbird.

Κῶνδε, Adv. (Κῶς Ep. for Κῶς) to Cos.

κράτος, κράτι, κράτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράς = κάρα, a head.

κράτββατος, ὁ, a couch, Lat. grabātus. (Maced. word.)

κράζων, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κραδαίνω, (κραδάω) to swing, brandish, shake:—Pass.
to vibrate, quiver.

ΚΡΑΔΑ' Ω, to brandish, shake.

κράδη, ἡ, (κραδάω) the light quivering spray at the
end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a fig-
tree: hence a fig-tree. [ᾶ]

κράδια, ἡ, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδιά.

κραδίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for καρδιά.

ΚΡΑ' ΖΩ, fut. κράζω, but Att. in paulo-post
form κερκράζομαι: aor. I ἐκράξα: aor. 2 ἐκράγον: pf.
with pres. sense κερκράγα, I pl. current. κερκράγμεν,
imperat. κέρκραχι, part. κερκράγως, inf. κερκράγεσθαι:—
to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to screech,
screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for
a thing.

κράθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐκράνα Ep. ἐκρηνα:
—Pass., fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.
sense κρανέσθαι: aor. I ἐκράνθη: Homer mostly
uses the Ep. form κραιναίνω, 3 sing. impf. ἐκραιναίνε:
aor. I imperat. κρήνηναι κρήνηναι, inf. κρήνηναι: 3
sing. pf. pass. κερκράνται, and plqpf. κερκράντο:—to
accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute:—Pass. to be
accomplished, brought to pass: οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῇδέ
γ' ὁδῷ κρανέσθαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey; κερκράνται ψῆφος the
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship:

κράθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐκράνα Ep. ἐκρηνα:
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vote hath been determined; also of workmanship:

κράθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐκράνα Ep. ἐκρηνα:
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accomplished, brought to pass: οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῇδέ
γ' ὁδῷ κρανέσθαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey; κερκράνται ψῆφος the
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship:

χρυσῷ ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράναι τὰς edges are finished with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κρᾶναι σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. II. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΙΠΑΛΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραπάλης after the debauch was over.

κραিপάλω-κῶμος, *ον*, (κραπάλη, κῶμος) *rambling in drunken revelry*.

κραίπνός, ἡ, *ον*, (ἀρπ-άζω, cf. *rapidus* from *rap-io*) *tearing, sweeping, rushing*, like *καρπάλιμος*. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph., *hasty, hot, impetuous*.

κραίπνός-σῦτος, *ον*, (κραίπνός, σείδομαι) *swift-rushing*.

κραίπνο-φόρος, *ον*, (κραίπνός, φέρω) *swift-bearing*.

κρακτικτός, ἡ, *ον*, (κρά(ω) *clamorous*.

ΚΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambē*.

ΚΡΑΜΒΟΣ, ἡ, *ον*, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. *clear, loud*.

κραμβο-φάγος, *ον*, (κράμβη, φάγείν) *Cabbage-eater*, name of a frog.

κράνῃ-πέδος, *ον*, (κραναός, πέδον) *with stony soil*. *κράναι*, Dor. pl. of *κρήνη*.

ΚΡΑΝΑΟΨ, ἡ, *ον*, *bard, rugged, rocky, stony*, of Athens, from its soil, cf. *λεπτόγειος*: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κράνεσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of *κράνω*.

κράνεα Ion. -εῖη, ἡ, (κράνον) *the cornel-tree*, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a *spear*.

κράνείνος, ἡ, *ον*, (κράνον) *made of cornel-wood*, *κρανείνον ἀκόντιον*, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor. for *κρήνη*. [ᾶ]

κρανθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of *κράνω*.

Κρανιάς, *Κρανίς*, Dor. for *Κρηνιάς*, *Κρηνίς*.

κρανίον, τό, (κάρα) *the upper part of the head, skull*.

ΚΡΑΝΟΝ, τό, *the cornel-tree*, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κράνοποιος, f. ἡσώ, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνω-ποιός, *ον*, (κράνος, ποίεω) *making helmets*: as Subst., *κρανοποιός*, ὁ, a *helmet-maker*.

κράνος, *εὸς*, τό, (κάρα) *a helmet*. [ᾶ]

κράντερα, ἡ, fem. of *κραντήρ*.

κραντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κράνω) *one that accomplishes, a doer, performer*.

κράντωρ, *οπος*, ὁ, (κράνω) *a ruler, sovereign*.

ΚΡΑΣ, ὁ, collat. form of *κάρα*, gen. *κράτος* (which is sometimes fem.), dat. *κράτῃ*, acc. *κράτα*: plur., gen. *κράτων*, dat. *κράσι* Ep. *κράτεσσι*: in Hom. also a length. gen. and dat., *κράτος*, *κράτῃ*, pl. nom. *κράτα*:—*the head*: metaph. a *top, peak, height*.

κράσις, *εὸς*, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) *a mixing, compounding, blending*. II. *the temperature of the air, climate*, Lat. *temperies*.

III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. *τοῖνονμα* for *τὸ ὄνομα*, *ἀνὴρ* for *ὁ ἀνὴρ*.

ΚΡΑΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, *the edge, border, margin, hem* of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδῶω, f. ὥσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

κράσσω, *ον*, Dor. for *κρέσσω*, *κρίσσω*.

κράτα, τό, indecl., = *κάρα*:—but also *κράτα*, *τῶν*, acc. of *κράς*.

κράτα-βόλος, *ον*, (κραταῖός, βάλλω) *hurled with violence*.

κράται-γυῖαλος, *ον*, (κραταῖός, γυῖαλον) *with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched*, of a corslet.

κράταις, ἡ, = *κράτος*, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ' ἀποστρέφασκε κραταῖς αὐτῖς then did mighty force turn it back again. II. *Κράταις*, as pr. n. Crataeüs, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κράτα-λεως, *ον*, gen. *ω*, (κραταῖός, λῆς) *stony, rocky, rugged*.

κράταῖός, ὁ, *ον*, (κράτος) poet. for *κρατερός*, *mighty, strong, resistless*.

κράταῖω, f. ὥσω, later form for *κρατίνω*.

κράταῖ-πέδος, *ον*, (κραταῖός, πέδον) *with hard ground or soil*.

κράταῖ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -*πον*, τό, gen. -*ποδος*: also *καρταῖπους*: (κραταῖός, ποῖς): *stout-footed, sure-footed*.

κράταῖ-ρίνος, *ον*, (κραταῖός, ρίνος) *strong-shelled*.

κράτερ-αίχμης, *ον*, ὁ, also *καρτ-*, (κρατερός, αἰχμή) *mighty with the spear, warlike*.

κράτερός poet. *καρτερός*, ὁ, *ον*, (κρατός, κρατέω) *strong, stout, mighty, valiant*: but also *hard-hearted, cruel, harsh, rough*: so, *χῶρος κρατερός* *hard, solid, ground*. 2. also *strong, violent*.

κράτερό-φρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (κρατερός, φρήν) *stout-hearted, dauntless*.

κράτερό-χειρ, *χειρός*, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) *stout of hand*.

κράτερ-ὀνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὀνυξ) *strong-boofed, solid-boofed*: of lions, *with strong claws*.

κρατερός, Adv. of *κρατερός*, *strongly, stoutly; sternly, roughly*.

κράτεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *κράς*. [ᾶ]

ΚΡΑΤΕΤΤΑΙ, ὦν, οἱ, *the forked stand or frame on which a spittle turns*.

κράτεω, f. ἡσώ: (κράτος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατεῖν. 2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei, to hold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κράτηρ Ion. *κρητήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, (κεράννυμι) *a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water*, and from which the cups were filled; *κρητήρα κεράσασθαι* to mix a bowl.

II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: *the mouth of a volcano, crater*.

κρατήσι-μάχος, *ον*, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κρατήσι-πους, *ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό*, *gen.* ποδος, (κρατέω, πούς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κρατήσι-ππος, *ον*, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κράτι, *dat. sing.* of κράς.

κράτιστεύω, *f. σω*, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος *Ep.* κάρτιστος, *η, ον*, and as *irreg. Sup.* of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.*

2. *best, most excellent.*—The *Comp.* in use is κρείσσων. [*ᾶ*]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ *poët.* κάρτος, *εος, τό*, *strength, might, prowess: force, violence: πόλιν ἐλύν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might.

II. generally, *might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen.* power over.

III. *mastery, victory.*

κράτος, *gen.* of κράς.

κράτῳ *Ep.* κάρτῳ: *f. ὤν*: (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med.* to strengthen for oneself; ἐκάρτυναντο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks:—*Pass.* to become strong, be strengthened.

2. *to harden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.* 2. *to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [*ῥ*]

κράτῡς, *masc. Adj.*, only found in *nom.*, (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [*ῥ*]

κραυγάζω, *fut. ᾶσω*, (κραυγή) *to scream, shriek.*

Κραυγᾶσιδος, *ον, ὁ*, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, *ἡ*, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, shrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, *ὁ*, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of κρέας, *a slice of flesh.*

κρεανόμεω, *f. ἦσω*, (κρεανόμος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med.* to divide among themselves. Hence

κρεανομία, *ἡ*, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεᾶ-νόμος, *ον*, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst.*, κρεανόμος, *ὁ*, *a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕΑΣ *Dor.* κρής, *τό*; *gen.* κρέως: *plur.* κρέᾶ: *gen.* κρεῶν *Ep.* κρεῶν; *dat.* κρέᾶσι *Ep.* κρέεσι:—*flesh, a piece of meat: meat.*

2. *a carcass: a body, person.*

κρη-δόκος, *ον*, and κρεο-δόκος, *ον*, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρεῖον, *τό*, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρέουσα, *fem.* of κρεῖων, *q. v.*

κρεισσό-τεκνος, *ον*, (κρείσσω, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσω, *ον, gen. ονος*, *Att.* κρείττων *Ion.* κρέσων *Dor.* κάρρων:—*stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἶμι sum and part., as κρείσσω γὰρ ἦσθα μηκέτ' ὢν ἢ ζῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding: ὕψος κρείσσον ἐκπιδήματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον' ἀγχιόνης too bad for hanging.

III. *superior to, master of: κρείσσω χρημάτων superior to bribes.*

IV. *in moral sense, better, more excellent.* (κρείσσω is used as *irreg. Comp.* of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also *Sup.* κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, *Att.* form of foreg.

ΚΡΕΙΩΝ, *οντος, ὁ*: *fem.* κρέιουσα, *ἡ*:—*a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναξ.*

κρεῖων, *Ep.* for κρεῶν, *gen. pl.* of κρέας.

κρεκάδια, *ον, τά*, (κρέκω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; *played, sung.* From

ΚΡΕΚΩ, *f. ξω*: *aor.* ἱ κρεξα:—*to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.*

2. *to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument.*

3. generally, *to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, *ἡ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμάμαι, *shortd. pres. pass.* of κρεμάννυμι; *subj.* κρεμάμαι; *opt.* κρεμάμην; *inf.* κρεμάσθαι; *impf.* ἐκρεμάμην; *fut.* (in *pass. sense*) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι rarely—*ῶω*: *fut.* κρεμάσω [*ᾶ*] *Att.* κρεμῶ, *ᾶς, ᾶ*, *Ep.* lengthd. κρεμῶς: *aor.* ἱ κρεμάσα *Ep.*

κρεμάσα:—*Med.*, *aor.* ἱ κρεμάσασθην:—*Pass.*, κρεμάννυμι: *fut.* κρεμασθήσομαι; *aor.* ἱ κρεμάσθην:—*to hang, bang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.*; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in *Med.*, πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea.

II. *Pass.* to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.

2. *metaph.* to be in suspense.

κρεμάσας, *aor. I part.* of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθεῖς, *aor. I part. pass.* of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, bung, hanging: c. gen.* bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος bung by the neck.

κρεμάστρα, *ἡ*, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, *Root* of κρεμάννυμι, *to hang, bang up.*

κρεμβάλιάω, *f. ᾶω*, (κρεμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets.* Hence

κρεμβάλιαστῡς, *ῡός, ἡ*, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕΜΒΑΛΛΑ, *τά*, *castanets.*

κρεμήσομαι, *fut. med.* (in *pass. sense*) of κρεμάμαι.

κρεμῶ, *Ep.* for *Att.* κρεμῶ, *fut.* of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, *ἡ, gen.* κρεκῖος, *Lat. crex*, (κρέκω) *a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέο-βοτος, *ον*, (κρέας, βύσχω) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, *Att.* for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, f. ἥσω, (κρεουργός) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and

κρεουργία, ἡ, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.

κρεουργός, ὁ, (κρέας, ἔργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, ὁ, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργὸν ἥμαρ a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, ὁ, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carnivorous.

κρέσσαν, ὄν, gen. ονος, Ion. for κρείσσαν.

κρέων, ὄντος, = κρέων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήγυνος, ὄν, good, agreeable. II. true, real.

κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρέ-δεμνον, τό, (κάρα, δέω) a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρήνηαι, aor. I inf. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραινάω.

κρήνηον, aor. I imperat. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραινάω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κρᾶς) from the head, from above.

κρημνός, part. of κρήνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρήνυμαι, to hang down, be suspended: to float or hover in air.

κρήνη, for κρήναβι, imperat. of κρήνημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ᾱ], ὁ, δ, (κρημνός, βαίνω) haunter of the steep.

κρημνο-πούς, ὄν, (κρημνός, ποίω) talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνός, ὁ, (κρεμάννυμι) an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρημνός, εἶδος) precipitous, steep.

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραινάω.

κρηναῖος, α, ὄν, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain: κρηναῖον ὕδωρ spring water.

ΚΡΗΝΗ Dor. κράνα, ἡ, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-head. Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring: and

κρήνηνδε, Adv. to a well or spring.

κρηνιας, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of κρηναῖος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.

κρηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κρήνη. [Ὶ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραινάω.

ΚΡΗΠΙ΄Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἑγκατάεσις ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue. 2. the side

of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepidio: generally, an edge. [Ὶ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, ὁ, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—

a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, α, ὄν, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι.

κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ἡ, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete; and

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίξω, f. σω, (Κρής) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. -κῶς, in Cretan fashion. II. κρητικόν (sub. ἱμάτιον), τό, a garment of Cretan fashion. III.

κρητικός (sub. πούς), ὁ, a metrical foot, e.g. Ἄντιφών [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).

κρητισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (Κρητίξω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.

κριβάνιτης [Ὶ], ὁ, δ, baked under a pot or pan:—

κριβανίτης (sub. ἄρτος), ὁ, a loaf so baked. From

κριβάνος, ὁ, Att. for κλίσανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [Ὶ] Hence

κριβανώτης, ὁ, ὄν, = κριβανίτης.

ΚΡΙΤΖΩ, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐκρίκον: pf. κέκριγα:—to creak, Lat. stridēre: to screech, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κρίθδόν, Adv. (κρίος) like a ram.

κριθαία, ἡ, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage.

κριθάω, f. ἥσω, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κριθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθην, Acol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ΄, ἡ, and in plur. κριθαί, αἱ, barley; οἶνος ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i.e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley. [Ὶ]

κριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κριθιάσις, ἐως, ἡ, (κριθή) a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. hordeatio.

κριθίζω, f. σω, (κριθή) to feed with barley.

κριθίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (κριθή) made of barley.

κριθο-τράγος, ὄν, (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

κριθώ, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίνω.

κρίκος, ὁ, = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) a judgment, sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κριμν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρίμνον, εἶδος) like coarse meal; κατακρίκει κριμνώδη it snows thick as meal.

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝΟΝ, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, eos, τό. [Ὶ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [Ὶ]: fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρίνομαι: aor. I ἐκρίναμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [Ὶ], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κριθείς: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—

the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished.

2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize; *σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν* to judge crooked judgments. i. e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. *κρίνομαι*, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel.

3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is.

III. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried.

2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κρίζος, δ, Dor. for *κρισός*, *κριός*.
κρίο-βόλος, ον, (*κριός*, *βάλλω*) ram-slaying.

κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (*κριός*, *πρόσωπον*) ram-faced.

ΚΡΙΤΟΣ, δ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ης, η, *Crissa* or *Crissa*, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. *Κρίσαϊος*, α, ον, *Crissaeian*.

κρίσις [τ], εως, η, (*κρίνω*) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision.

κριτήριον, τό, (*κριτής*) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κριτής, οῦ, δ, (*κρίνω*) a discernor, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. 2. *κριτής ἐνυπνίων*, an interpreter, expounder of dreams.

Hence
κριτικός, ή, όν, able to discern and decide, critical.

κριτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *κρίνω*, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep. for *κρούω*, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of *κρόκη*.

κροκάλη, ή, = *κρόκη* II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [ά]

κρόκεος, ον, (*κρόκος*) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, αί, heterocl. nom. pl. of *κρόκη*.

κρόκη, ή, with heterocl. acc. *κρόκα* and nom. pl. *κρόκες*, as if from a nom. *κρόή*: (*κρέω*):—the woof or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to *στήμων* the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, η, ον, poet. for *κρόκεος*, saffron-coloured.

κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *βάπτω*) saffron-dyed.

κροκο-βάφης, ές, (*κρόκος*, *βαφίηνα*) crocus-dyed, of crocus-bue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see *κρόκος*).

κροκόδειλος, ό, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, ό *κροκόδειλος ό ποτάμιος*, called by the natives *χάμψα*.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (*κρόκος*) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., *κροκόεις* (sub. πέπλος) ό, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *πέπλος*) saffron-robed.

ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ό, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [υ], ύδος, ή, (*κρόκη*) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκατίδιον, τό, Dim. of *κροκατός*, a short, saffron robe.

κροκατός, ή, όν, (*κροκάω*) saffron-dyed or coloured.

II. as Subst., *κροκατός* (sub. πέπλος), ό, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκατοφόρως, έ ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From *κροκατο-φόρος*, ον, (*κροκατός*, *φέρω*) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμυ-όξ-ρεγγία, ή, (*κρόμμυον*, όξος, *ερεγγμός*) a belch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΤΩΝ or *κρόμμυον*, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ον, ό, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, i. e. Zeus: cf. *Κρονίαν*, *Κρόνος*. [τ]

Κρονικός, ή, όν, (*Κρόνος*) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (*Κρόνος*) of *Cronos* or *Saturn*; τδ *Κρόνια* (sub. έπά), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaion; *Κρονίαν* όζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ιππος, ό, δ, (*Κρόνος*, *ίππος*) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίον, ό, gen. *ίονος* [τ], but also *Κρονίανος*, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, *Zeus*.

Κρόνος, ό, *Cronos*, Lat. *Saturnus*, son of *Uranos* and *Gaia*, husband of *Rhea*, father of *Zeus*: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, άν, αί, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλλίζω, f. *ίω*, (*κρόταλον*) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (*κροτέω*) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κροτάφος, ό, (*κροτέω*) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. *tempora*: also the sides of the face. 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. *ήσω*: (*κρότος*):—to make to rattle or clasp.

II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; *εΐθδς τδ πρᾶγμα κροτείσθω*, let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.'

2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud.

III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροταπισμός, ό, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *κροτέω*, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled rattling along. 3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ό, (*κρούω*) the sound of striking; *κρότός χειρών* a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, άγος, ό, a t. ., Lat. *ricinus*. II. the

palma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) *a beat, stroke.* 2. *a sound produced by striking a string, a note.*

κροῦνισμα, ατος, τό, *a gushing or stream.* From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὔ, ὅ, *a spring, well-bead:* in pl. streams: metaph. *a torrent of words.* Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραλος, ὅ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος) *a pourer forth of weak, washy twaddle.*

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ἴσω, (κρούω, δῆμος) *to play upon the people, impose upon them.*

κρούσις, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) *a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.*

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, *one must knock at.*

κρουστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for striking.* II. metaph. *striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence.* From

ΚΡΟΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέ-κρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χεῖρας *to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing.* 2. *to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.* 3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν *to knock at the door.* 4. Med. κρούεσθαι πρύμναν *to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.*

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) *without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove.*

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, covertly:—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.*

κρύβθηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύβερος, ἄ, ὄν, (κρύος) *icy, chill, chilling.*

κρύμω, ὅ, (κρύος) *icy cold, chill, frost.*

κρύμ-ώδης, ες, (κρύμω, εἶδος) *icy-cold: frozen, icy.*

κρύουε, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, *icy-cold, chilling.*

ΚΡΥΟΣ, τό, *icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, horror.*

κρυπτάδιος, ἄ, ον, also os, ον: (κρύπτω) *secret, hidden, clandestine.*

κρυπτεύω, f. ἴσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεία, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) *a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.*

κρυπτέον, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *one must conceal.*

κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) *to conceal, hide.* II. *to hide oneself, lie concealed.* III. Pass. κρυπ-τεῖσθαι, *to have snares laid for one.*

κρύπτη, ἡ, *a covered place, vault, crypt.* From

κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *hidden, secret.*

ΚΡΥΠΤΩ, Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἔκρυπα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύβησομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—to hide, cover, conceal:—Pass. *to hide oneself, lie hidden.* II. metaph. *to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψῃς τοῦτο do not hide this from me.*

κρυστάλλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) *to be like crystal.*

κρυστάλλινος, ἡ, ον, (κρύσταλλος) *of crystal.*

κρυστάλλο-πηκτος, ον, or κρυστάλλο-πῆξ, ἡγος, ὅ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) *congealed to ice, frozen.*

κρύσταλλος, ὅ, (κρύος) *clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies.* 2. *extreme cold, torpor.* II. ὅ and ἡ,

crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]*

κρύφαίος, ἄ, ον, and os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, hidden, covert.* Adv. -ως.

κρύφῃ Dor. -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, in secret.*

κρύφθδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθῃ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφους, ἄ, ον, also os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, hidden, clandestine.* [ῥ]

κρύφος, ὅ, (κρύπτω) *concealment, obscurity.*

κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) *biding the forehead.*

κρυψι-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν: (κρύπτω, νόος) *biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.*

κρύψις, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) *a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.*

ΚΡΩΒΥ΄ΑΟΣ, ὅ, *a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head.* II. *the crest on a helmet.* [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ὅ, (κρώω) *the croaking or cawing of a crow.*

ΚΡΩ΄ΖΩ, f. κρώω, *to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. cocitare.* II. of men, *to croak out.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρῶσαι, Ion. for κρύσαι.

κρῶσσιον, τό, Dim. of κρῶσος.

ΚΡΩΣΣΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὅ, *a water-pail, piteber, jar.* 2. *a cinerary urn.*

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat.

κταίην; inf. κτάηναι; part. κτάς.

κταίω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάνην, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑ΄ΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτήσασθην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. ἐκτεῖμαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτῆμην or -θήμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτεῖμαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, *to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; ὁ κτετῆμένος an owner, master: hence a subd. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτετῆμένος my master; ἡ ἐμῇ κεκτετῆμένη my mistress.* III. aor. I ἐκτῆσθην is used in pass. sense, *to be gotten, obtained, acquired.*

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτάσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέανον, ὅ, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, as if from κτεάτ.

κτεάτετρα, ἡ, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [ᾶ]

κτεάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.
κτεάτῳ, f. ἰώω: Ep. aor. I κτεάτισσα: (κτεαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτῳ to get for oneself. Hence

κτεάτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.
κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτείνω or κτανέω: aor. I κτείνω: aor. 2 ἐκτάνω: pf. ἐκτανα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτάνθη: pf. ἐκτάμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἐκτᾶ, ἐκτᾶν (as if from κτήμι); subj. κτέω, 1 pl. κτώμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [ᾶ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾶ], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. ἐκτᾶθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.
ΚΤΕΙΣ, ὁ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. 4. the band, with the fingers spread open. Hence κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἰώω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίσσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτεís, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὁ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερίζω, κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, f. ἰζέω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω: fut. κτερίω: aor. I ἐκτέρῖσα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. *justa facere, exequias facere*.

κτεριοῦσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέω, κτώμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτηθήναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense.
κτῆμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρῆμα.

κτηνήων, Adv. (κτῆνος) like beasts.

κτῆνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτῆμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτῆνεα, contr. κτήνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτῆσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτῆσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (κτῆσις) of or from one's property; κτῆσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock. II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. *penetralis*; κτήσιοι θεοὶ household gods.

κτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτῆτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτῆτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτῖδος, α, ov, (κτῖς) = κτῖδεος, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [ῖ]

ΚΤΙΖΩ, f. ἰώω: aor. I ἐκτίσα Ep. ἐκτίσσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτίσθη: pf. ἐκτίσμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΟΣ, ov, genile, tame. II. as Subst., κτίλος, ὁ, a ram. [ῖ] Hence

κτίλω, f. ὥσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ov, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐν-κτίμενος. [ῖ]

κτῖς, ἡ, = κτῖς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτίζω) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2.

a created thing, creature. [ῖ]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature.

κτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ου, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher.

κτιστός, υός, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, οπος, ὁ, = κτίστης.

κτίτης [ῖ] ου, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐκτύπησα poet. κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἐκτύπον Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr.

to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass to ring, resound. Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [ῖ]

κτύπος, ου, ὁ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [ῖ]

κύαθος, ὁ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχοι, about $\frac{1}{12}$ of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κῡαμεντός, ἡ, ὄν, (κναμείω) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot.

κῡαμέυω, f. σω, (κῡαμος) to choose by beans or lot.

κῡαμῖος, α, ov, (κῡαμος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥ'ΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; δῡκᾶμφ λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτός.

κῡαμο-τρώξ, ὡγος, ὁ, (κῡαμος, τρώγω) bean-eater.

κῡαμο-φάγία, ἡ, (κῡαμος, φαγεῖν) eating of beans,

a bean-diet.

κῡᾶν-αίγης, ἰδος, ἡ, (κῡᾶνος, αἰγίς) with dark Aegis.

κῦαν-άμπυξ, ὕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἄμπυξ) with dark blue band or margin.

κῦαν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) dark-gleaming, murky.

Κῦαναι (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κῦαναι Συμπληγάδες. [ἀ]

κῦαν-ἑμβολος, ον, (κύανος, ἔμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κύανος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [ῥ]

κῦαν-ο-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed.

κῦαν-ο-εἰδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) dark blue, deep blue.

κῦαν-ο-θρίξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-haired.

κῦαν-ο-πέζα, ἡ, (κύανος, πέζα) with feet of cyanus.

κῦαν-ο-πέπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-veiled.

[κῦ-, metri grat.]

κῦαν-ο-πρώρειος and κῦαν-ο-πρῶρος, ον, (κύανος, πρῶρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κῦαν-ο-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

ΚΥΑΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel. II. the blue corn-flower.

κῦαν-ο-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) dark-robed.

κῦαν-όφρυς, υ, gen. vos, (κύανος, ὄφρυς) dark-browed.

κῦαν-ο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, χαιτή) dark-haired;

of a horse, dark-maned.

κῦαν-ο-χρῶς, ον, -χρῶς, ὡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, χρῶς, χρώς) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.

κῦαν-ὤπτης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, ὤψ) dark-eyed: fem.

κῦαν-ᾠπης, ἴδος.

κῦβδᾶ, Adv. (κῦπτω) with the head forwards, stooping.

κῦβελα, ἡ, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Κυβέλη, ἡ, Cybelé, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

ΚΥΒΕΡΝΑΨ, fut. ἦσω, Lat. gubernare, to steer: metaph. to hold the helm of the state, guide, govern.

Hence

κῦβερνήσις Dor. -ᾱσις, εως, ἡ, a steering, pilotage:

metaph. a guiding, governing.

κῦβερνήτης, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κῦβερνήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of κυβερνήτης.

κῦβερνήτης, ἦρος, ὁ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κῦβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman,

Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κῦβερνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κῦβεύω, f. σω, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a hazard, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a throw.

κῦβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κῦπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κῦβιστήμα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κῦβιστήτης, ἦρος, ὁ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

ΚΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube. II.

a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; τρίς ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοις to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κῦδαῖω, no fut. in use, (κῦδος), to revile, abuse:—Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κῦδαῖω is used in bad, κῦδαῖον in good sense.)

κῦδαῖνα, f. ᾠῶ. aor. I ἐκῦδάνα Ep. κῦδηνα: (κῦδος):—to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of honour. II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κῦδαῖω.

κῦδαλμιος, ον, (κῦδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κῦδαλμιον κῆρ noble heart.

κῦδάνω [ἀ], = κῦδαῖνω, to honour, hold in honour. II. intr. = κῦδαῖω, to vaunt aloud, boast.

κῦδηῖαι, aor. I inf. of κῦδαῖνω.

κῦδηγεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κῦδαῖνω.

κῦδηξ, εσσα, εν, (κῦδος) glorious, noble.

κῦδι-άνειρα, ἡ, (κῦδος, ἀνῆρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κῦδιάω, Ep. part. κῦδιῶν, no fut. in use: (κῦδος):—to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

κῦδίμιος, ον, κῦδαλμιος.

κῦδιόνω, Ep. part. of κῦδιάω.

κῦδιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of κῦδρός (formed from κῦδος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος), most glorious, most honoured, noblest: the greatest.

κῦδίων [ῖ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κῦδρός (see κῦδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

κῦδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = κῦδρός.

κῦδοιδόσπασ, f. ἦσω, (κῦδοίμος) to make a hubbub or uproar.

κῦδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κῦδοίμης) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive into confusion.

ΚΥΔΟΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, uproar, confusion, tumult, hubbub.

ΚΥΔΟΣ, εος, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος Ἀχαιῶν the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. decus.

κῦδρός, ἂ, ὄν, (κῦδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδον or Κῦδωνία, ἡ, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κῦδονιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κῦδώνιος, α, ον, (Κῦδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; μῆλον Κῦδώνιον the quince.

II. metaph. swelling like a quince, round and plump.

κῦέω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύουν: fut. κῦήσω: aor. I ἐκύισα: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for *ἐκύθε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *κύθω*.

Κυθήρεια, ἡ, *Cythæra*, surname of *Venus*, from the city *Κύθηρα* in *Crete*, or from the island *Κύθηρα*.

Κύθηρα, αὐ, τὰ, *Cythera*, an island on the south of *Laconia*, now *Cerigo*.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, οὐ, ὁ, (*Κύθηρα*, *δίκη*) a *Spartan magistrate* sent annually to govern the island of *Cythera*.

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (*Κύθηρα*) from *Cythera*.

κύθρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for *χύθρ*—

κύτισω, only used in pres. (*κύω*, *κύνω*) to impregnate.—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

κύκᾱνώ, collat. form of *κυκάω*, to confound.

ΚΥ'ΚΑΩ, f. ἴσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. *miscere*, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panic-stricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κυκέων, ἄνος, ὁ: acc. *κυκεῖον*, shortd. Ep. *κυκεῖω* and *κυκειῶ*: (*κυκάω*):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κύκηθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *κυκάω*.

κύκηθρον, τό, (*κυκάω*) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [ῥ]

κύκησί-τεφρος, ον, (*κυκάω*, *τέφρα*) mixed up with ashes.

κυκλάμιτος, ἡ, *cyclamen*, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) encircling: αἱ *Κυκλάδες* (sub. νήσοι), the *Cyclades*, islands in the *Aegean sea*, which encircle *Delos*. II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλέω, f. ἴσω, (*κύκλος*) to move a thing round and round, wheel along: πόδα κυκλείν to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle. II. intr. to revolve, come round and round.

κυκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) fem. Adj. round, circular.

κυκλικός, ἡ, ὅν, (*κύκλος*) circular. II. those Epic poets were called οἱ *Κυκλικοί*, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of *Ulysses*.

κυκλιο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *διδάσκω*) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a dithyrambic poet.

κύκλος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*κύκλος*) round, circular: neut. τὸ κύκλιον, as Subst. a circle. II. *κύκλιοι χοροί*, οἱ, circular or cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of *Bacchus*, dithyrambic choruses; hence, *κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs*.

Κυκλοβορέω, f. ἴσω, to roar like the torrent of *Cycloborus*.

Κυκλο-βόρος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *βιβρώσκω*) a mountain-torrent in *Attica*.

κυκλο-δίωκτος, ον, (*κύκλος*, *διώκω*) driven round in a circle. [ῥ]

κυκλόεις, εσσα, εν, (poët. for *κυκλικός*) circular.

κυκλόθεν, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in a circle all around.

κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *μόλιβδος*) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (*κύκλος*, *ποιέω*) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥΚΛΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also with irreg. pl. *κύκλα*, a ring, round, circle: *κύκλας* as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., *κύκλω σῆμα round about the monument*; and c. gen., *κύκλω τοῦ στρατοπέδου*. II. any circular body: as, I. a wheel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. *corona*, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of *Athens*. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in or into a circle, around.

κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ἴσω, (*κύκλος*, *σοβέω*) to drive round in a circle, whirl round.

κυκλο-τερής, ἐς, (*κύκλος*, *τέρω*) made round by rubbing or turning, circular: *κυκλοτερές τόξον ἔτεινεν* he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλώ, f. ὥσω, (*κύκλος*) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round, whirl round. III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (*κύκλω*) anything made into a circle, as a wheel. 2. *Βυσσόντον κύκλωμα* a circle with hide stretched over it, i.e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, α, ον, (*Κύκλωψ*) *Cyclopean*, of or befitting the *Cyclopes*, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called *Πελασγικός*).

Κυκλωπικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or like the *Cyclopes*. Adv. —*κῶς*.

Κυκλώτιον, τό, Dim. of *Κύκλωψ*.

Κυκλώπιος, α, ον, = *Κυκλώπειος*:—pecul. fem. *Κυκλωπίς*, ἰδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ἡ, (*κυκλώω*) a surrounding, enclosing.

κυκλωτός, ἡ, ὅν, (*κυκλώω*) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, απος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *ᾠψ*) a *Cyclops*, i.e. *Round-eye*; as *Hesiod* says, *Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομι' ἦσαν ἐπ' ἀνάντων, οὐνεκ' ἄρα σφέων κυκλοτερὴς ὀφθαλμὸς ἔεις ἐνέκυτο μέτῳ*:—in sing. of *Polyphemus*; but *Hesiod* mentions three *Cyclopes*, *Brontes*, *Steropes*, and *Arges*, who forged the thunderbolts for *Zeus*.

κύκνεος, α, ον, (*κύκνος*) of or like a swan.

κυκνό-μορφος, ον, (*κύκνος*, *μορφή*) swan-shaped.

ΚΥ'ΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a swan, Lat. *cycnus*. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οψις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*κύκνος*, *ὀψις*) like a swan.

ΚΥ'ΔΑ, αν, τὰ, the parts under the eyes.

κύλινδρος, f. ἴσω, late form of *κυλινδω*. Hence *κύλινδρήρα*, ἡ, = *ἀλυνδῆρα*: and *κύλινδρος*, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing. 2. exercise, practice.

ΚΥΛΙΝΔΩ: fut. *κυλίσω* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἐκύλισα*, inf. *κυλίσαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐκυλίσθην*:—older form of *κυλινδῶ*, to roll, roll on or along. II. Pass. *κυλινδομαι*, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΛΙΞ [ῥ], *ικος, ἡ, a cup, drinking-cup*.

κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυλάω.

κύλισμα, *ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in*. [ῥ]

κυλίχνη, ἡ, (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence

κυλίχνιον, τό, a little cup or box.

κύλιω [ῥ], late form for κυλίνδω.

κύλλαστις Ion. κύλληστις, *ιος, ὅ, Egyptian bread made from δούρα*.

κυλλή, ἡ, see κυλλός.

Κυλλήνη, ἡ, *Cyllenē, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήνιος, ὁ*.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ῥ], *ονος, ὁ, (κυλλός, πούς) maimed of foot, halting, Ep. name of Vulcan*.

κυλλός, ἡ, *όν, crooked, crippled, halt*. 2. κυλλή χεῖρ is the hand with the fingers bent to make a hollow for alms; ἐμβαλε κυλλῇ (sub. χεῖρι) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κύλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οἰδᾶω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, *ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ὡς τὸ κύμα ἔστωτο when the waves abated*. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαινα, f. ἄνω, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence

κύματις, *ου, ὁ, Ion. ἰης, (κύμα) surging, billowy*. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κύματο-ἄγῃς, *ές, (κύμα, ἄγρυμι) breaking like waves, stormy*.

κύματός, *εσσα, εν, poet. for κυματίας*.

κύματο-πλήξ, ἡγος, *ὁ, ἡ, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beaten*.

κύματώ, f. ὥσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over:—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κύματ-ωγή, ἡ, (κύμα, ἄγρυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κύβαλον) to play the cymbals.

κύμβαλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.

κύμβάχος, *ον, (κύπτω) head-foremost, Lat. pro-nus*. II. κύμβαχος, *ὁ, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed*.

ΚΥΤ ΜΒΗ, *ὁ, a hollow vessel: I. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl*. II. a boat, Lat. *cymba*. Hence

κυμβιον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύνυdis, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the night-hawk; χαλκίδα κικλήσκουσι θεοί, ἄνδρες δὲ κύμυδιν.

κύνεινέω, f. σω, (κύνεινον) to strew with cummin.

ΚΥΤ ΜΙ ΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. *cuminum*.

κύνεινο-πρίστης, *ον, ὁ, (κύνεινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl*.

κύνεινο-πρίστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, *ον, (κυννοπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser*. [ῥ]

κύμο-δέγμων, *ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves*.

κύνα, *κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων*.

κυνάγεσθαι, *κυνάγετας, Dor. for κυνηγ-*

κύν-ἄγος, *ον, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ἄγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman*.

κύν-ἄρχη, ἡ, (κύων, ἀρχομαι) *cynarché, a bad kind of sore throat*. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-ἄγωγός, *ὁ, (κύων, ἄγω) a dog-leader, huntsman*.

κύν-ἄλπηξ, *εκος, ἡ, (κύων, ἀλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon*.

κύνά-μυια, ἡ, (κύων, μυῖα) *dog-fly, shameless fly*.

κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, *welp, puppy*. [ᾗ]

κύνάς, *ἄδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. caninus*. II. as Subst., *κύνάς (sub. θρίξ), ἡ, dog's hair, of a bad fleece*.

κύνάω, f. ἴσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κύνῃ, Att. contr. κυνῇ, (properly fem. of κύνεος, sub. δορά), ἡ, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνω.

κύνειος, *α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog*.

κύνεος, *α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed*.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

ΚΥΤ ΝΕΩ: fut. κύνῃσμαι, but also κίσω [ῥ], poet. κίσσω: aor. I ἐκίσσα Ep. κύσα, ἐκυσσα, κίσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνῃ, ἡ, Att. contr. for κυνῇ.

κυνηγεσία, ἡ, = κυνηγέσιον.

κυνηγέσιον, τό, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κυνηγετέω, f. ἴσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, *ον, ὁ, Dor. κυνάγετας, (κύων, ἡγέομαι): a hunter, huntsman*. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ἡ, *όν, of or for hunting*.

κύν-ηγέτις, *ιδος, ἡ, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a huntress*.

κύνηγία, ἡ, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, *οἱ, (κύων vi, πούς) the fetlocks of a horse*.

Κύνθος, *ὁ, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis: whence Apollo is called Κύνθιος, Cynthian, and Κύνθο-γενής, Cynthus-born*.

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ἡ, *όν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. caninus*.

κύνισκη, ἡ, (κύων) a bitch-puppy.

κύνισκος, *ὁ, (κύων) a young dog, welp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic*.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ἴσω, (κύων, δραμεῖν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύνο-θαράσῃς or -θαράσῃς, *ές, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog*.

κύνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κύων, κεφαλή) *dog-beaded*. 2. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, *ὁ*, the *dog-beaded ape*.
 κύνο-κλόπος, *ον*, (κύων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.
 κύνο-κοπέω, *ῥ*, ἴσω, (κύων, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.
 κύνομυα, = κυνάμια.

κύνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κύων, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.
 κύνο-ραιστής, *ου, ὁ*, (κύων, ραίω) *a dog-tick*.
 κύνος, *γεν.* of κύων.

Κύνοςαργες, *εὐς, τό*, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνος-ουρα, *ῆ*, (κύνος, οὐρά) *a dog's-tail*: esp. the Cynosure, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.

κύνο-σπάρακτος, *ον*, (κύων, σπάρασσω) *horny by dogs*.
 κυν-οὔχος, *ὁ*, (κύων, ἔχω) *a dog-holder, dog-leash, slip*. II. *a dog-skin sack, used in hunting*.

κύνό-φρων, *ον*, *γεν.* of οὔχος, (κύων, φρήν) *dog-minded, sordid or shameless of soul*.

κύνό-βατος, *ῆ*, (κύων, βάτος) *dog-born, a kind of wild rose*.

κύνωτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, *more dog-like, i. e. more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup. κύντατος, *ον*, *most shameless*.

κύνω, *οὐς, ῆ*, (κύων) *a sbe-dog, bitch*.
 κύν-ῶπης, *ον, ὁ*, (κύων, ὦψ) = κυνὸς ὄμμα? ἔχων, *the dog-eyed, i. e. shameless one*:—fem. κύν-ῶπις, *ἴδος, ῆ*, *the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπειρος.

κῦπάρισσίνος Att. -ττίνος, *η, ον*, (κυπάρισσος) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥΨΑΨΙΣΣΟΣ Att. -ττος, *ῆ*, *a cypress, Lat. cupressus*.

ΚΥΨΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπειρος, *ὁ*, a marsh-plant, used to feed horses, *galingal*.

κύπελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) *at which they fight with cups, cf. Horace's scyphis pugnare*.

κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) *a capacious drinking-vessel, a beaker, goblet*. [ῦ]

κύπερος, *ὁ*, Ion. for κύπειρος.

κύπη, *ῆ*, = γύπη, *a hole, hollow*.

Κυπρίδιος, *α, ον*, (Κύπρις) *of or like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate*. [ῖδ]

Κύπριος, *α, ον*, (Κύπρος) *of Cyprus, Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, *ἴδος, ῆ*, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, *ῆς*, (Κύπρος, *γένω) *Cyprus-born*: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια Ep. -γενέα, *ῆ*.

Κυπρόθεν, Adv. from Cyprus: and Κυπρονδε, Adv. to Cyprus. From

Κύπρος, *ου, ῆ*, Cyprus, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. *cyprum*, our *copper*.)

κυπτάζω, *ῥ*, ἴσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, *to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing*.

ΚΥΨΙΤΩ, *ῥ*, κύψω: aor. ἰ κύψα: pf. κέκυψα:—*to bend forward, stoop: to bow down under a burden; κέρα κεκυφῖτα ἐς τὸ ἐμπροσθεν horns growing bent*

forward; often in aor. 1 part. with another Verb, θέει κύψας *runs with the head down*; κύψας ἐσθίει *eats stooping, i. e. greedily*.

Κύρβας, *αντος, ὁ*, shortd. form of Κορύβας.
 κυρβάσια, *ῆ*, *a Persian bonnet or hat, with a peaked crown*. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβιες, *γεν.* κύρβεω, *dat.* κύρβεσι, *triangular tables, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides*.

II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing. κύρβις is used later of a *pettifogging lawyer*.

ΚΥΡΕΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῦ]: impf. ἐκύρουν [ῦ] and ἐκύρων with Ep. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κήρῃω and κύρσω: aor. ἰ ἐκύρῃω [ῦ], inf. κήρῃσαι, part. κήρῃσας; and Ep. ἐκύρῃω, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: I. followed by a case, I. *dat. to hit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with*; as λέων σώματι κύρσας.

2. *dat. with ἐπὶ or ἐν*, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. *gen. to reach to, as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain*. 4. *acc. to reach, obtain; also to find by chance*. II. *intrans. to happen, come to pass, turn out*. 2. *absol. to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., τὸδ' ἂν λέγων κήρῃσαι *you would be right in saying this*. 3. as auxil. Verb, like *τυγχάνω* with partic. *to turn out, prove, happen to be so and so*; κυρεῖ ἂν *he happens to be*.

κύρηβάζω, *ῥ*, ἴσω, (akin to κυρίσω) *to butt with the horns: generally, to strike*. Hence

κύρηβάσια, *ῆ*, *a butting: fighting*.
 ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, *ων, τά*, *chaff, husks, bran*.

Κυρηναίος, *α, ον*, of Cyrené. From

Κυρήνη, *ῆ*, Cyrené, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κύρια, *ῆ*, *the mistress, lady*.

κυριακός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (κύριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*: hence ῆ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), *the Lord's day, dies dominica: τὸ κυριακόν, the Lord's house, whence our kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, *ῥ*, ἴσω, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (κύριος): I. of men, *having power or authority over, lord or master of, c. gen.* κυρίως ἐμὲ *c. inf.*, *I have the right or am entitled to do*. II. of things, *decisive, valid: critical*. 2. *authorised, ratified*. 3. of times, *fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία *an ordinary assembly*, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (*one specially summoned*). 4. *principal, chief*. 5. *esp. of language, strict, literal*.

III. as Subst., κύριος, *ὁ*, *a lord, master: an owner, possessor*: 2. ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. *יהוה*, THE LORD: in N. T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, *ητος, ῆ*, *power, rule, dominion*.

κυρίσω Att. -ττω, *ῥ*, fut. ἴξω, (κύριος) *to butt with the horns: also to strike or dash against, of floating bodies*.

κύριως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, jiltly.

κυρκανῶν, rare form for κυκανῶν.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εος, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ὁ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκυράθην: pf. κεκυρώμαι—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρσαι, κύρσας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρωσ, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (κυρτή) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΨΗ, ἡ, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ὁ, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, bent, arched; ὦμος κυρτός round, humped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτώ, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κύριος, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυρώ) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ὁ, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσι, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ἡ, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΤΟΣΟΣ, ὁ, cytissus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κύτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστρω, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτταρον, τό, = σκ., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ὁ, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity; κύτταρος οὐρανοῦ, the vault of heaven, Lat. caelum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύφ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (κυφός, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κύφαλος, α, ον, poet. for κυφός.

κύφος, ἡ, ὄν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, αως, ὁ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψέλη, ἡ, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαι, οί, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to hold, contain:—I c. acc., like κυνέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκυσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΨΩΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύων:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνῶν, dat. κυσί Ep. κύνεσαι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch: κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θρηνηταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. II.

a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity. III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνὸς κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνὸς κύνες. IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the felloe-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κῶα, dat. κῶεσι: (κίμαι):—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [α]

κῶδεια, ἡ, the head: the head of a posy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩ/ΔΩΝ, αως, ὁ Att. ἡ, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κῶδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the

mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κωδωνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to try or prove by ringing.

κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρδ-πωλος, ον, (κῶδων, φάλαρα, πῶλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., πάντα κωδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i.e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶα, κῶεσι, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩ/ΘΩΝ, αως, ὁ, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κῶθων.

κῶϊλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοῖλος.

Κῶϊος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκῦμα, ατος, τό, (κῶκῶ) a shriek, wail, lament.

κῶκῦτός, ὁ, (κῶκῶ) a shrieking, wailing. II.

as pr. n., Κῶκῦτός, ὁ, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΤΩ, f. ἴσω [v] or ὕσσοι: aor. I ἐκῶκῦσα Ep. κῶκῦσα:—to shriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ου, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλᾶς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ἡ, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ἦτος, ἦ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἦ, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΩΝ, τό, *a limb, member of a body.* II. generally, *a member or part of anything.* I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. *one limb or half of the race-course.* 3. *a member or clause of a sentence.*

κώλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) *a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.* II. *a defence or precaution against a thing.*

κωλύμη, ἦ, = κώλυμα, [ῥ]
κωλύσι-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλύτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, *one must hinder.*

κωλύτης, οὔ, δ, (κωλύω) *a binderer.*

Κωλύτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κωλύω) *binderer, preventive.*

κωλύω [ῥ]: f. σῶω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκάλυθην; pf. μεκάλυμαι: (κόλος):—akin to κοῦναι, *to cut short*: hence *to let, binder*; I. c. inf. *to binder one from doing, forbid to do.* 2. c. gen. rei, *to let or binder one from a thing.* 3. c. acc. rei, *to binder, prevent a thing.* 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ κωλύσον *one to binder, a preventer*; τό κωλύον *a hindrance*; also οὐ κωλύει *there is no hindrance.* II. Pass. *to be hindered.*

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κειμαί, κοιμάω) *a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor.* 2. *a leibargy, a trance.*

κωμάζω: fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσσω, f. ἄσομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαφα: (κῶμα):—*to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry.* 2. *to celebrate a κῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the κῶμος.* 2. generally, *to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.*

κωμ-άρχης, ου, δ, (κῶμη, ἄρχω) *the head of a village.*

κωμῆσδω, Dor. for κομάω.

κωμῆστής, οὔ, δ, (κωμάζω) *a reveller, merrymaker:—of Bacchus, the jolly god.*

κωμῆστωρ, ορος, δ, poet. for κωμῆστής.
ΚΩΜΗ, ἦ, = Lat. vicus, *an unwalled village or country town, a Dor. word=the Att. δῆμος; κατὰ κῶμας οἰκεῖσθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns.* II. of a city, *a quarter, ward, district.* Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. *in villages, Lat. vicatim.*

κωμητής, ου, δ, (κῶμη) *a villager, countryman.* II. in a city, *one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.*

κωμήτης, ἰδος, fem. of κωμητής.

κωμῆκευμα, Dep. *to speak like a comic poet.* From κωμικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κῶμος) *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμῶ-πολις, εως, δ, (κῶμη, πόλις) *a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.*

κῶμος, οὔ, δ, (κῶμη) *a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, festive processions, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games.* II. *the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμφοῖω, f. ἴσω, (κωμφοῖός) *to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised.*

κωμωδία, ἦ, (κωμφοῖω) *a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition.* There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμωδικός, ἦ, ὄν, *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμφοδό-γελως, ατος, δ, (κωμφοῖός, γέλως) *a comic actor.*

κωμφοδο-γράφος, δ, (κωμφοῖός, γράφω) *a comic writer.*

κωμφοδοδιδασκαλία, ἦ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art.* From κωμφοδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (κωμφοῖός, διδάσκαλος) *a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.*

κωμφοδο-λοιχέω, f. ἴσω, (κωμφοῖός, λείχω) *to play the parasite and buffoon.*

κωμφοδο-ποιητής, οὔ, δ, and κωμφοδο-ποιός, δ, (κωμφοῖός, ποιέω) *a maker of comedies, comic poet.*

κωμ-φοδός, δ, (κῶμη, δοιδός) *a comedian: I. a comic actor.* 2. *a comic poet.*

κωμφοδο-τῶγφωδία, ἦ, (κωμφοῖός, τραγωδία) *a tragic-comedy.*

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, hemlock, Lat. cicuta. 2. hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, *a small cone.*

κωνίτης [ῥ], ου, δ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, *extracted from pine-cones.*

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ου, δ, *a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree.* 2. *the cone or peak of a helmet.*

κωνο-φῆρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) *cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.*

κωνωπεῖον, τό, = κωνωπεών, Lat. conopium.

κωνωπεών, ἄνος, δ, (κῶνωψ) *an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.*

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ατος, δ, *a gnat, Lat. culex.*

Κῶος, α, ον, of, from the island Cos, Coan. II. ὁ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. βόλος), *the highest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.*

κωπέυς, εως, δ, (κῶπη) *a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.*

κωπέτιω, f. σῶω, (κῶπη) *to propel with oars.* 2. *to fit out with oars.*

κῶπη, ἦ, (from κάπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) *any handle, as the handle of an oar: then, the oar itself.* 2. *the handle or haft of a sword, the*

bilt, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the handle of a key*. 4. *the handle or bask of a torch*. Hence κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*. κωπηλάτεύω, f. ἦσω, *to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards*. From κωπη-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (κώπη, ἐλαύνω) *a rower*, Lat. *remex*.

κωπη-ήρης, ες, (κώπη, ἀραρεῖν) *furnished with oars*. II. *holding the oar*.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, *a small oar*.

κώρα, Dor. for κοῦρη, κήρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κοῦριον, κόριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κοῦρος, κοῦρη.

ΚΩΡΥ-ΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at*, like the quintain.

Κώρυκος, ὁ, *Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi*.

Κῶς Ep. Κῶως, ἡ, gen. Κῶ, the island Cos, in the Aegean sea, opposite Caria.

κῶς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς.

κοτυλλοῖσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κοτύλλω.

ΚΩΤΥΛΛΩ, *to prate, chatter*, Lat. *garrere: to wheedle, coax*. II. *trans. to chatter to, talk over*.

Hence

κοτύλος, ἡ, *on, chattering, prattling: of a swallow, twittering*. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [r]

κωφάω, f. ἄσω, (κωφός) *to make deaf or dumb*. II. *to dull, blunt*.

κωφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόπτω) *blunt*, opp. to ὀξύς. II. *of the senses*, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κοφὸν κύμα *a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning*.

2. *dull of bearing, deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind, stupid, obtuse*.

κῶχeto, by crasis for καὶ ὤχeto, impf. of οἴχομαι.

κῶψον, by crasis for καὶ ὤψον.

Λ

Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral Λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000. The Lacedaemonians bore Λ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ἡνθον φίντατος for ἡλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πνέυμαν for νίτρον πνέυμαν. II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as εἴβω for λείβω, αἰψήρως for λαψήρως.

III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as ἔλλαβε for ἔλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τρίλλιστος. IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραπος for ναύκληρος.

V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to ὀζειν, ὀδ-ὠδέναι.

VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόγης and μόλις. -- VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλλίλλογος ἑλλείπω.

ΔΑ', insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαί-, λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος *very warlike*, λα-κατάρτοις *much accursed*.

ΔΑ'ΑΣ, ὁ, gen. λᾶος, dat. λαῖ, acc. λᾶαν: plur., gen. λᾶων, dat. λᾶεσι Ep. λᾶεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λᾶς, acc. λᾶν:—a gen. λᾶον also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS, a stone*. II. *a rock, crag*.

λαβεῖν Ion. λαβέειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λαβέν, Dor. for λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λάβεν, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λαβή, ἡ, (λαβεῖν) *the part to hold by, a handle, bask, bilt; λαβὴν δοῦναι* to give one a grip or bold, metaphor., to give one a handle, something to lay hold of, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. *the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance*.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβρησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρ-ἄγόρης, ου, ὁ, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, ἀγορεύω) *a bold, rash talker, braggart*.

λάβραξ, ακος, ὁ, (λάβρος) *a sea-wolf*.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) *to talk boldly, brag, vaunt*.

λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (λάβρος, ποῖς) *rapid of foot, impetuous*.

λαβροποτέω, f. ἦσω, *to drink hard*. From

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (λάβρος, πίνω) *a hard drinker*.

ΔΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ου, *furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement*. 2. of persons, *boisterous, furious, turbulent: also gluttonous, greedy*.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) *to talk boldly*. Hence

λαβροστομία, ἡ, *bold, rash talking*.

λαβρό-στομος, ου, (λάβρος, στόμα) *talking rashly*.

λαβροσύνη, ἡ, (λάβρος) *boisterousness: also greediness*.

λαβρό-σύτος, ου, (λάβρος, σέω) *rusting furiously*.

λάβρως, Adv. of λάβρος, *violently, greedily*.

λαβύρινθος, ὁ, *a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete*. II. *anything of spiral or twisted shape*. (Foreign word.)

λαβύρινθ-ώδης, ες, (λαβύρινθος, εἶδος) *like a labyrinth, intricate*.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.

λαγάρῖω, f. σω, (λαγαρός) *to make slack or hollow:—Med. to become hollow or gaunt from hunger*.

λαγάρως, ἄ, ὄν, *slack, hollow, sunken*. II. *slack, pliant, flexible*. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence

λαγάρωω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. *to become slack or loose*.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάζ, *with the heel*.

λάγιος, ου, also α, ου, (λαγός, λαγώς) *of or from a bare*.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ὁ, (λαύς, ἡγήομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑΓΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, a *flagon*, Lat. *lagenā*.

λάγιος, η, ου, (λαγύς) of or from a bare.

λάγιον, τό, Dim. of λαγύς, a *leveret*.

λαγνεία, *lewdness, lust, desire*. From

ΛΑΓΝΟΣ, ου, *lewd, lustful*.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) *bare-devourer*.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (λαγύς, θηράω) a *bare-bunter*.

Hence

λαγοθηρέω, to *hunt bares*.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to *kill bares*. From

ΛΑΓΟΤΩΣ, ου, ὁ, collat. form of λαγύς, a *bare*.

λάγιος, ὁ, also ἦ, = *λάγιος*. [Later also ὦ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ: fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάρχομαι: aor. 2

ἐλάχον Ep. ἐλλάχον: pf. ἐίληχα poet. λέλοχα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήχθην: pf. εἰληγμαι:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχεῖν to have a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share: esp. of the gods, Κῆρ λάχε γενόμενον Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by inheritance, succeed to. 3. absol. to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ὁ λαχὼν πολεμαρχεῖν he who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., οἱ λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. 4.

as Att. law-term, λαχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue for one's inheritance. II. with partitive gen., to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. III.

Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐλάχον, to put in possession of; λελαχεῖν τινα πύρς to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot.

λαγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγύς, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. *pedum*: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγωδίον, τό, Dim. of λαγύς, a *leveret*.

ΛΑΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἦ, also ὁ, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any hollow: esp. like κενέων, the hollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks, loins.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγύς, βαλεῖν) *biting bares*.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ου, ὁ, Ep. for λαγύς, λαγύς, a *bare*. Λαγῶς, α, ου, contr. for λαγώεις, λαγύς) of or from a bare:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) *bare-flesh, roast bare*, and generally, *dainties, delicacies*.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ὁ, gen. λαγῶς, acc. λαγῶν and λαγῶ: Ep. nom. λαγῶς, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a *bare*.

Λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λάε, dual nom. of λάας a *stone*.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a *stone*.

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize, grasp, catch, bold; λάξεσθαι τινα ἀγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάξεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ἦ, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθι-κηδής, ἐς, (λαθεῖν, κῆδος) banishing care.

λαθι-πονος, ου, (λήθω, πίνος) forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίσιος ὀδυνῶν λαθιπονος, a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from pain.

λαθι-φθογγος, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογγή) robbing of voice. striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοιαιο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραίος, α, ου, also os, ου, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραϊότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρᾱ: (λαθεῖν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμεῖαν λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

λάθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [Υ]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλεῖν) biting secretly.

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ὁ, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly.

λαθρό-πους, ὁ, ἦ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούς) stealthy-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λαθῶν, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λα-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαῖγῆς, ἱγος, ἦ, Dim. of λάας, a *pebble*.

λαίθ-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. άσσομαι, (ληκαω) to wench.

λαικαστής, ου, ὁ, (λαικάζω) a *wencher*: fem. λαϊκάστρια, a *barlot*.

ΛΑΙΓΛΑΥ, άπος, ἦ, a *tempest, storm, hurricane*.

λαῖμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λῆμα, αἷμα, and λαίμους.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαί-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkative.

λαίμασσω Att. -ττω, (λαίμους) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαίμη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαμοτόμος.

λαίμο-δάκνης, ἐς, (λαίμους, δακνέω) throat-biting.

λαίμοπῆδη, ἦ, (λαίμους, πῆδη) a *dog-collar*. II.

a *spring* for catching birds.

λαίμο-ρύτός, ου, (λαίμους, ῥέω) gushing from the throat.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the *throat, gullet*.

λαίμο-τμητος, ου, (λαίμους, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαίμο-τόμος, ου, (λαίμους, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. **λαιμότομος**, *ον*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *α, ον*, = **λαῖνος**. [x]

λαῖνος, *η, ον*, (**λαῖος**) of stone, stony; **λαῖνον ἔσσο** χιτῶνα thou hast put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hast been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, *τό*, Dor. for **λήιον**.

λαῖός, *ά, όν*, left; **λαῖός χειρός** on the left hand; so **πρός λαῖα χερί**; **ἐπὶ λαῖον** on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαῖον**, **τεμεῖν**) to plough land.

λαισήιον, *τό*, (**λάσιος**) a shield or target lighter than the **ἀσπίς**, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΤΜΑ, *τό*, the deep sea.

ΛΑΓΦΟΣ, *τό*, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαίψηρό-δρομος, *ον*, (**λαίψηρός**, **δραμεῖν**) swift-running.

λαίψηρός, *ά, όν*, (**λαί-**, **ψαίρω**) light-footed, swift.

λακάω, = **λακίω**, **λάσσω**, to sbout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, *ή, fem.* of **Λάκων**, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*. 2. (sub. **γυνή**), a Laconian woman.

Λακαινάν, Dor. gen. pl. of **Λάκαινα**.

Λακάνη, late form for **Λεκάνη**.

λα-καταπύγων, *ον*, (**λα-**, **καταπύγων**) very lustful. [v]

λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of **λάσσω**.

Λακεδαίμων, *ονος, ή*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of Laconia; also *Laconia* itself.

λακείν, aor. 2 inf. of **λάσσω**.

λακέρυζα, *ή*, (**λακίω**) one that cries; **λακέρυζα κορώνη** a cawing crow; **λακέρυζα κύνων** a yelping dog.

Λακέω, Dor. for **ληκίω**.

Λακίσω, fut. of **λάσσω**.

λακίω, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιω*, to rend, tear.

λάκίς, *ιδος, ή*, (**λάσσω**) a rent, tearing, rending;

λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

Λάκισμα, *ατος, τό*, (**λάκίζω**) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λακιστός, *ή, όν*, (**λακίζω**) torn, rent; **μόρος λακιστός** death by rending.

λακκό-πρωκτος, *ον*, (**λάκκος**, **πρωκτός**) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πυγος, *ον*, (**λάκκος**, **πυγή**) = **λακκόπρωκτος**.

ΛΑΚΚΟΣ, *ά, any hollow*, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vivarium*.

λάκος, wrong form of **λάκκος**.

λακ-πάτητος, *ον*, (**λάξ**, **πατέω**) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πά]

λακτίω, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιω*, (**λάξ**) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; **λακτίειν τὸν πεσόντα** to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; **λακτίειν πρὸς κέντρα** to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λάκτισμα, *τό*, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, *οὐ, ό*, (**λακτίω**) one who tramples;

λακτιστής ληνὸς a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκος, *ονος, ό*, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adj. Laconian: fem. **Λάκαινα**. Hence

Λακονίζω, *φ. ήσω*, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Λακονικός, *ή, όν*, Laconian; **τὸ Λακονικόν** the Laconian people:—*ή Λακονική*, 1. (sub. **γή**), *Laconia*. 2. (sub. **κρηπίς**), a kind of man's shoe.

Λακωνίς, *ιδος, fem.* of **Λακονικός**, 1. (sub. **γυνή**), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub. **γή**), the Laconian land.

Λακωνισμός, *ός*, (**Λακονίζω**) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λακωνιστής, *οὐ, ό*, (**Λακονίζω**) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Λακονο-μάνεω, (**Λάκων**, **μανήναι**) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγεύντες, **λαλαγεύντι**, Dor. for **λαλαγοῦντες**, **λαλαγοῦσι**, pres. part. and ind. of **λαλαγέω**.

λαλάγω, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαλέω**) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, *ατος, τό*, (**λαλαγέω**) a prattling, babbling. **λαλάζω**, to prattle, babble, of water. From

άλάξ, (**λαλέω**) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres. ind. of **λαλέω**.

ΛΑ'ΔΕ'Ω, *φ. ήσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, *τό*, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λαλητέος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of **λαλέω**, to be talked of.

λαλητής, *οὐ, ό*, (**λαλέω**) a talker, prater.

λαλητικός, *ή, όν*, (**λαλέω**) given to talking.

λαλητρίς, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of **λαλητής**, a gossip.

λαλιά, *ή*, (**λαλέω**) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

Λάλιος, *α, ον*, poet. for **λάλος**.

λάλλα, *αι*, (**λαλέω**) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

Λάλος, *ον*, (**λαλέω**) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. **λαλίστερος**, Sup. **λαλίστατος**.

Λαμά, Heb. for what? why?

Δαμαχ-ίππιον, *τό*, (**Δάμαχος**, **ίππιον**) name for Lamachus, little jockey *Lamachus*.

Λά-μαχος, *ον*, (**λά-**, **μάχη**) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

Λαμβάνω: fut. **λήψομαι** Ion. **λάψομαι** Dor. **λαψοῦμαι**,—*εύμαι*—aor. 2 **ἐλάβον** Ep. **έλλαβον** Ion. **λάβεσκον**, imperat. **λάβε**, inf. **λαβειν**, part. **λαβών**, *οῖσα, όν*—pf. **εἴληφα** Ion. **εἰλάβηκα**: plqpf. **εἰλήφειν**:—Med., aor. 2 **ελαβόμην**, Ep. redupl. inf. **λελαβέσθαι**: Pass., fut. **ληφθήσομαι**: aor. 1 **ἐλήφθην** Ion. **έλαμφθην**: pf. **εἴλημαι** poet. **έληνμαι** Ion. **λέλαμαι**.

To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, *τὴν πτερυγος λαβειν* he caught her by the wing:—metaph., *φρονέι λαβειν* to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., *λαβέσθαι τῶν ὄρων* to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire. V.

λαμβάνειν τινά ὀρκίσειν to bind one by oath. VI.

metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII.

to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife.

2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. δίκη λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

λάββα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδ-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδ-φορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπα-δρομία. From

λαμπάδ-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδόφορος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-οὔχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄσος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδ-δρομία.

II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λαμπεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετός, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετόων.

λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἰδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπήδων, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λαμπος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λαμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρόν ὕδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 2. of the wind, fresh, keen. 3. metaph.

evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ἥτος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: as noun, excellence.

λαμπροφώνια, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρύνω, f. ὑνώ: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύναμην:—Pass., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπρυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in. III.

Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted.

2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρός, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπρέος, ον, Ion. for ληπρέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτηρουχία the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΜΠΩ, f. φω: aor. I ἐλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. II.

trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λαμπρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμπρός, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμπρότερον.

λαμφθῆναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμφομαι, Ion. for λήφομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΛΗΨΘΗ, whence the tenses are formed:

fut. λήσω Dor. λᾶσῶ: aor. 2 ἐλάθον: pf. ἐλέθθα: plqpf. ἐλελθέιν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθειν Ἐκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector. 2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπτων he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μὴ διαφθαρεῖς λάθῃ lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἔως σαντὸν λάθης διαπραγείς until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it. II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I

ἐλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 ἐλάθον, subj. ἐλελθῇ:—to make to forget: hence, III. Med. and Pass.

λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾶσεμαι paullo-post fut. ἐλεθήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθῃ, μην: aor. I pass. ἐλήθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνῶ.

ΛΑΨ, Adv. with the beel or foot: λαΨ πατῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, hewn in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λᾶς, ξέω) to cut stones: to hew in stone. λᾶξ, (λᾶξομαι) an allotment of land.

λᾶξις, ιος, ὁ, Dor. for λῆξις, cessation.

λάξομαι, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing.

λαο-ξόος, ον, (λᾶας, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst.,

λαοξόος, ὁ, a sculptor.

λαο-παθής, ἔς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑΟΨ, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λεώς:—the people:

—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also a *land-army* opp. to a fleet; also *the common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects* of a prince.

λᾶος, irreg. gen. of λᾶας, *a stone*.

λᾶο-σεβής, ἐς, (λαός, σέβομαι) *revered by the people*.
λᾶοσ-σός, ον, (λαός, σεύω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λᾶο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (λᾶας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λᾶο-τίνακτος, ον, (λᾶας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λᾶο-τρέφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

λᾶο-τύπος, ον, (λᾶας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as

Subst., λαοτύπος, ὁ, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λᾶο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.

λᾶο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, *φένω) *slaying the people*.

λᾶο-φόρος Att. λᾶω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος ὁδός *a road, highway*.

λαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λαπάρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, *the soft part of the body* between the ribs and hips, *the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λαπάρος, ὁ, ὄν, (λαπάζω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, *pblegm*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., ἀνηλπίω

λάπα in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ᾶ]

λαπήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λαπτω.

Λαπίθαι, οἱ, *the Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [Υ]

Λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. ι ἔλαφα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lambo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (λαρός) *fatted, fat*.

λαρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = λαρός, *a gull*.

Λαρίτσα Ion. Λαρ-, ἡ, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαριτσαῖος, α, ον, *Larissaeon*, of or from Larissa.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κί]

ΛΑΨΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛΑΨΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a coffer, box, chest*: a cinerary urn: an ark.

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ᾶ, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΨΟΣ, α, ὄν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. λαρότατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λαρυγγιάω, (λάρνηξ) *to scream, screech*.

λαρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ἰώ, (λάρνηξ) *to bawl, bel-low*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΨΥΓΞ, gen. νγγος, ὁ, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

λᾶς, λᾶος, ὁ, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λᾶας.

ΛΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum*, *a night-stool*. [λᾶ]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζον, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λασεύμαι, Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω:

I pl. λασεύμεθα, for λησόμεθα.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ἡ, *mockery, insult*.

λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λασι-αύχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αὐχὴν) *with shaggy neck*.
λασιό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λάσιος, θρίξ) *shaggy-haired*.

Λάσιος, α, ον, Att. os, ον, *shaggy with hair or wool, hairy*. II. *shaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ᾶ] Hence

λασιό-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνων) *with hairy chest*.

ΛΑΨΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λάκω, λάκω): fut. λάκῃσομαι: aor. I ἐλάκῃσα [ᾶ]: aor. 2 ἐλάκων, inf. λάκείν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκνυα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλάκῃμην, Ep. redupl.

λελακόμεν, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ᾶ]:—*to ring, clash, crash, crackle*: of axles, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also

II. of animals, *to shriek, scream*: of dogs, *to howl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, shout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

λαῶω, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑΨΑΞ, ἄγος, ἡ, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ἐς, (Λατώ, *γένω) *born of Latona*.

λατομέω, f. ἦσω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

λατομία, ἡ, *a stone-quarry*.

λα-τόμος, ὁ, (λᾶς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

λατρεία, ἡ, (λατρεύω) *hired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λατρεῦμα, τό, *hired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρις) *to work for hire or pay*.

2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 2. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

λάτριος, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, *a hired servant*, Lat. *latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; λατρων ἀτερθε *without rent or quittance*.

λαυκάνη, ἡ, = λαίμυς, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ἡ, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λαφυγμός, ὁ, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

λαφύρ-αγωγός, f. ἦσω, *to make booty of*. From

λαφύρ-αγωγή, ὄν, (λάφυρα, ἄγω) *carrying off booty*.

λαφύροπώλης, f. ἦσω, *to sell booty*. From

λαφύρο-πώλη, ον, ὁ, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty*, Lat. *sector*.

λαφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously*, gorge, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λαφύστιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛΑΨΑΙΝΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. ι ἐλάχνηα:—*to dig*.

λαχάνεω, f. σω, (λάχανον) *to plant with potterbs*:

—Med. *to gather herbs*.

λαχάνη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering herbs*.

λαχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence
 λάχανισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.
 λάχανον, τό, (λάχανα) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά,
 garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, pot-herbs, vegetables,
 greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the
 vegetable-market, the green-market.

λαχανο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-
 grocer: fem. λαχανο-πωλήτρια, and λαχανό-πωλις,
 ιδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἔλαχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαχάνω.
 λάχεια, either for ἐλαχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύς, small;
 or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled,
 fertile.

λάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαχάνω.
 Λάχεις, gen. eos Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λαχεῖν) Lachesis,
 one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.
 lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχαίνω) a digging.
 λαχναίος, α, ον, woolly, bairy, downy. From
 ΛΑΨΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap
 or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence
 λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, bairy.
 λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with bairy limbs.
 λάχνος, ὁ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence
 λαχνόω, f. ὥσω, to make bairy:—Pass. to grow
 downy.

λαχν-ώτης, es, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.
 λαχοίη, Att. for λάχοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of λαχάνω.
 ΛΑΨΟΣ, τό, (λάχεῖν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II.
 the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [ᾱ]

λάχων, aor. 2 part. of λαχάνω.
 λαψεύμαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.
 λάψων, fut. part. of λάπτω.
 λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.
 ΛΑΨΩ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at; old Ep.
 word used by Hom. in part. λᾶων and Ep. 3 sing.
 impf. λάε. [ᾱ]

*ΛΑΨΩ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.
 λείαινα, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.
 λείανω, f. λειᾶνω Ep. λειᾶνω aor. I ἐλέηνα Ep.
 λέηνα: (λείος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth;
 λειανεῖν κελεύθον to smooth the way. II. to
 rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-
 stroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or
 soften down.

λεάντειρα, ἡ, fem. of λεαντήρ.
 λεαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λεαίνω) a polisher.
 λέβης, ἦρος, ὁ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. II.
 the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνυψ)
 was handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was
 struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan
 kings. III. a cinerary urn.

λεγεών, ὄνος, ὁ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion.
 λέγομεν, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and
 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΤΩ, f. λέω: aor. I ἔλεα: pf. ἔλοχα:—Med.,
 fut. λέξομαι: aor. I ἐλεξάμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσο-
 μαι: paulo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλέχθην,

aor. 2 pf. ἐλεγειμι or λέλεγμαι: I. Act. TO
 LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med.
 TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, ar-
 range, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather
 for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. III. to

reckon, count, tell or reckon up. IV. to recount,
 tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of ora-
 cles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any
 communication by word of month; λέγειν κατὰ τινας
 to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινά ποιεῖν τί to tell,
 bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to
 speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say
 nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak
 of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν
 λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέ-
 γεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the
 saying goes.

λεηλασία, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From
 λεηλατέω, f. ἦσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle,
 to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From
 λεηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (λεία, ἐλαίνω) one who drives off
 booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ᾱ]
 ΛΕΙΤΑ Ion. λητή, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle;
 hence what can be driven off as booty.

λειανώ, fut. λειᾶνέω, Ion. and Ep. for λείανω.
 ΛΕΙΒΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐλειψα:—to pour, pour forth:
 mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to
 let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβε-
 σθαι δακρύσι to melt into tears: hence to melt or
 pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληίζομαι.
 λείηναι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λείανω.
 λείηναι, Ep. aor. I part. of λείανω.
 λείμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = λειμών, a meadow: a garden.
 λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.
 λειμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a
 meadow, mead, Lat. pratium.

λειμωνιάς, ὄδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λει-
 μονιάς a meadow-nymph.
 λειμώνιος, α, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.
 λειμωνίς, ιδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.
 λειμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow.
 λειο-γένης, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-chinned.
 λειο-κύμα, ον, (λείος, κύμα) with gentle waves.
 λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads
 of the warp.

λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.
 λειοντο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 a lion-fighter.
 λειοντο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΓΟΣ, α, ον, or os, ον, Lat. LAEVIS, smooth:
 of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth:
 c. gen., λείος περᾶν level and free from rocks. 2.
 with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth,
 soft, gentle.

λειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λείος) smoothness.

λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λειπένον, verb. Adj. of λείπω, *one must leave*.

ΛΕΙΠΩ, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λῑπείν; (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:—Med., fut. λείψωμαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λείψομαι, paullo-post. fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I ἔλειψον: aor. 2 ἔλιπην [χ]: pf. λέλειμμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμην:—Lat. *LINQUO*, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memorial.

2. to desert in danger, abandon, forsake.

II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left remaining.

2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part. λελειμμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol. to stay behind.

3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of. . . , be inferior, worse, weaker than another.

4. to be wanting or lacking. III. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. *deficere*.

Λειρίδες, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-white, delicate.

ΛΕΙΡΙΠΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. *lilium*.

Λεϊστός, see ληϊστός.

Λεϊτός or λείτος, εν, (λαός, λεώς) of the people, Ion. for Att. δημόσιος.

Λειτουργία, f. ἥω, (λειτουργός) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf. *λειτουργία*.

II. to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

Λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment.

II. divine service, whence our word *Liturgy*.

Λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὅν, performing public service, ministering. From

Λειτουργός, ὅν, (λείτος or λείτος, ἔργον) performing public duties, serving the state.

II. a priest, minister of God.

ΛΕΙΧΗ'Ν, ἦνος, ὁ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

ΛΕΙΧΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔλειψα:—Lat. *LINGO*, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελειχόμετες.

Λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

Λεϊβάνη-λόγος, εν, (λείβανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

Λεϊβάνον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. *reliquiae*.

Λειψ-ύδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered district near mount Parnes in Attica.

Λέων, ὁ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.

Λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, pot, pan. [ᾱ] Hence

Λεκάνις, ἡ, Λεκάνιον, τό, Λεκάνισκη, ἡ, Diminutives of Λεκάνη:—a little dish or pan, platter.

Λεκιθο-πώλης, εν, ὁ, fem. -πώλις, ἴδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕΚΤΙΘΟΣ, ὁ, pulse-porridge.

ΔΕ'ΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

Λεκτικός, ἡ, ὅν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent.

II. suited for speaking.

Λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

Λεκτός, ἡ, ὅν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out.

II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

Λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. *lectus*: λέκτρονδε to bed.

2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.

Λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.

Λελαβήκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

Λελάβη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

Λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

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Λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λεοντή contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεοντέιος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-headed.

λεοντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, (λέων, πούς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, *φέρω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

λεοντο-φύης, ἐς, (λέων, φύη) of lion nature.

λεοντό-χλαίνας, ον, (λέων, χλαίνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕ'ΠΑΔΑΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλίστηρ).

λεπαῖος, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy.

λέπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

λεπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

λεπιδομαί, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales. Hence

λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός θώραξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπας) a scale, husk, shell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ἡ, (λέπρος) the leprosy.

λεπράς, ἄδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy.

λεπτακίος, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for λεπταλέος.

λεπταλέος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτο-επί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

λεπτό-γειος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ον, (λέπτος, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γράφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμα) slightly built: slight.

λεπτολογία, f. ἥσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λέπτος, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks: —hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant: τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοία small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV.

metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

λεπτότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτουργέω, f. ἥσω, (λεπτουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτο-ουργής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

λεπτο-ουργός, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-υφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, υφαίνω) finely woven. [ῥ]

λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fine sand.

λεπτύνω, f. οὔω, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out: —Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτῶς, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small husk, thin rind. From

λεπύρον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, husk, rind.

ΛΕ'ΠΩ, fut. ψω: aor. ἔλεψα: to strip off the husks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra: —hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = λεσβιάζω.

Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχαῖω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-ball. II. talking, gossip: in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχινεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγάλεος, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ον, ὁ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λεवी), a Levite. [ῥ] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

λευκαῖνον, (λευκός) to whiten, blanch, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

λευκᾶν, Dor. for λευκῶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκαναί, aor. I inf. of λευκανάω.

λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

Λευκάς, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

Λευκάς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

λευκ-ασπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded.

Λεύκη, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ήρεμος, ον, (λευκός, ἑρεμός) with white or foaming oars.

λευκ-ήρης, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραιεῖν) white, blanched.

Λευκιππίδες, αἱ, daughters of Λευκίππος, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

Λεύκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [ἑ], ου, δ, = λευκός.

Λευκο-θεά, ἡ, (λευκή, θεά) the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.

λευκό-θριξ, τῆρος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, θρίξ) white-haired. λευκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, θώραξ) with white cuirass.

λευκό-ιον, τό, (λευκός, ἴον) the stock or wall-flower.

λευκο-κύμων, ου, γεν. ονος, (λευκός, κύμα) white with waves, surfy. [ῥ]

λευκό-λινον, τό, (λευκόν, λίνον) white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.

λευκο-λόφας, ου, ὁ, and λευκό-λοφος, ου, (λευκός, λόφος) white-crested:—λευκόλοφον, τό, a white bill.

λευκο-όπωρος, ου, (λευκός, ὀπώρα) with white autumn fruits.

λευκο-πάρεος Ion. -πάρηος, ου, (λευκός, παρειά) fair-cheeked.

λευκό-πέπλος, ου, (λευκός, πέπλος) white-robed.

λευκό-πηχυς, υ, γεν. εως, (λευκός, πήχυς) white-armed.

λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (λευκός, πληθος) filled with white or with persons in white.

λευκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, γεν. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς) white-footed: barefooted.

λευκο-πρεπής, ἐς, (λευκός, πρέπω) white-looking.

λευκό-πτερος, ου, (λευκός, πτερόν) white-winged.

λευκό-πῶλος, ου, (λευκός, πῶλος) with white horses: riding a white horse.

ΛΕΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, light, bright, brilliant, clear: of water, bright. II. white, gray, hoary: of the skin, white, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan. 2. λευκός χρυσός, pale (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἀπεφθός or refined. 3. metaph. fair, happy, joyful, gay. 4. of sound, clear, like λαμπρός.

λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (λευκός, στέφω) white-wreathed.

λευκό-στικτος, ου, (λευκός, στίζω) speckled with white, grizzled.

λευκό-σφυρος, ου, (λευκός, σφυρόν) white-ankled.

λευκό-τροφος, ου, (λευκός, τρέφω) white-growing.

λευκο-φάης, ἐς, (λευκός, φάος) white-gleaming.

λευκο-φόρος, ου, (λευκός, φέρω) white-robed.

λευκό-οφρος, υ, (λευκός, ὀφρύς) white-browed.

λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, χιτών) white-coated. [ἑ]

λευκό-χρως, ου, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χροά) white-coloured: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.

λευκό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, χρώς) white-skinned.

λευκόκω, ἡ, ὤωα, (λευκός) to whiten: to paint white:—Med., λευκοῦσθαι ὅπλα to whiten their shields. II.

λευκοῦν πόδα to bare the foot.

λευκό-ἄλινος, ου, (λευκός, ἄλινη) white-armed.

λευκάμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκῶ) anything whitened: a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album.

λευρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λεῖος) smooth, level, even. II.

smooth, polished.

*ΔΕΥΣ, ὁ, = λᾶς, a stone: hence

λεύσιμος, ου, stoning; λεύσιμος θάνατος death by

stoning; λεύσιμοι ἀραὶ curses that will end in stoning; λεύσιμος δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.

Λευσμός, οὐ, ὁ, (λεύς, λείω) a stoning.

Λεύσσω, fut. λείσω (only in late authors), to look or gaze upon, see, behold. 2. absol. to look; ὁ μὴ λείσων, he that sees not, i. e. one that is dead.

Λευστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λεύς, λείω) one who stones or deserves stoning:—as Adj., λευστήρ μόρος death by stoning.

Λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύς):—to stone.

λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (λέχος, ποία) with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.

λεχ-ήρης, ἐς, (λέχος, ἀραρεῖν) bed-ridden.

λεχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.

λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω I) a couch, bed. 2. a bier. II. the marriage-bed: a marriage. Hence

λέχοσδε, Adv. to bed.

λέχρους, α, ου, slanting crosswise, oblique. From

ΔΕΥΡΥΣ, Adv. slanting, crosswise, atwart.

λεχώ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, (λέχος) a woman in child-bed.

λεχώτιος, ου, (λεχώ) of, belonging to child-bed.

Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεώς, κόρα) the temple of the daughters of Leos.

ΛΕΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Zeus σε λέοντα γυναιξὶ θῆκε Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i. e. their destroyer.

λε-ωργός, ὄν, (Adv. λέως, ἔργον) all-daring, audacious: as Subst., λεωργός, ὁ, a knave, villain.

Λεώς, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεῶ, people; ἀκούετε λεῶ hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.

Λεώς, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, entirely, wholly.

λεω-σφέτερος, ου, (λεώς, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον ἐποιήσαντο Τισαμένον they made him one of their own people.

λεω-φόρος, ου, (λεώς, φέρω) bearing people, frequented: λεωφόρος (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, a thoroughfare.

λή, 3 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

ληγόμενα, ληγμέν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

ΔΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to LAY, allay, abate, like παύω: c. gen., λήγειν χεῖρας φόνου to stay one's hands from murder. II. more freq. intr., to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν ἔριδος to cease from strife; c. part., λήγω ἐναρίζω I cease slaying:—also absol. to cease, make an end.

λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) gum ladanum, gum mastich.

ληθάριον, τό, Dim. of λῆδος, a light dress. [ᾶ]

ΔΗΘΑΝ, τό, the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found.

λήδος, εος, τό, (λεῖος) a thin cloth, light dress.

ληίζομαι, Att. for ληίζομαι.

ληθαῖος, α, ὄν, (λήθη) of or for forgetfulness, oblivious. II. of or from Leibe, Lethean.

ληθάνα, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω II.

ληθαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, drowsy, slothful. From

λήθαργος, ου, (λήθη) forgetting, c. gen.: absol. forgetful, lethargic.

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness.
 ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, ποῖτ. for λήθη.
 λήθη Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθωμαι) a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. oblivio. II. Letbé, the river of oblivion in the lower world.

λήθος, τό, Dor. λάθος, = λήθη.
 ΛΗΘΩ, λήθωμαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνωμαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.
 λη-άνειρα, ἡ, (λήϊς, ἀνήρ) making prey of men.
 ληϊάς, ἀδός, ποῖτ. fem. of ληϊδός, captive.
 ληι-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, fem. ληϊ-βότερα, (λήιον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληϊδός, α, ὄν, (ληϊς) taken as booty, captive.
 ληϊζομαι Att. ληϊζομαι: fut. ληϊσσομαι Ep. ληϊσσομαι: aor. I ἐληϊσάμην Att. ἐλρσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληϊσαστο:—Pass., pf. ἐλέησαι: Dep.: (ληϊς):—to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. III. pf. λελήσσομαι occurs in pass. signf., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

ληϊή, Ion. for λεία.
 ληϊ-νόμος, ὄν, (λήϊον, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

ΛΗΪΟΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.
 λήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, booty, spoil. 2. a herd or flock, cattle.

ληϊσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληϊζομαι.
 ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ληϊζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληστής.
 ληιστής, οὔ, ὅ, Ion. for ληστής.
 ληιστωρ, ὀρος, ὅ, = ληιστήρ.
 ληιστός or λείστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ληϊζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.

ληιστός, ὄνος, ἡ, (ληϊζομαι) plundering, spoiling.
 ληϊτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληϊς) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

λήϊτον [ῥ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτανείον, the town-hall. Properly, neut. of λήϊτος.

λήϊτος, η, ὄν, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public.
 ΛΗΚΕΩ Dor. λᾱκεω, to sound, = λᾱσσω. Hence ληκίνδα, Adv. sounding; παίειν λ. to beat time.

ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a small oil-flask.
 ΛΗΚΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [ῥ]
 λήμα, τό, (*λάω, λᾶω) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.
 λημᾶλος, α, ὄν, (λημη) bleared, purblind, of the eyes, Lat. lippus.

λημᾶτις, (λήμα) to be spirited or resolute.
 λημᾶς, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.

ΛΗΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. gramia, a humour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λήμα, sore eyes.

λημμα, τό, (ἐλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

Λήμνιος, α, ὄν, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaeian sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Λήναια) belonging to the Lenaia.
 ληναῖος, α, ὄν, (ληνός) belonging to the wine-press: I. Ληναῖος, Lat. Leneus, epith. of Bacchus

as god of the wine-press. 2. Λήναια (sub. ἱερὰ), τᾷ, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναῖον in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaean, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were held.

Ληναΐτης, ὄν, ὅ, = Δηναϊκός.

Ληναῖον, ὄνος, ὅ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιῶν in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λᾶνός, οὔ, ἡ or ὅ, a trough, Lat. alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λᾶνος, εὖς, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λήξω, εὖς, ἡ, (λήγω) a cessation, end.

λήξις, εὖς, ἡ, (λήξωμαι) appointment by lot, allotment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λήξις τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξωμαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληρός, rare Ion. form for λαός.

ληπτέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f. ἡσω, (λήρος) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεῖ ἔχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

ΛΗΡΟΣ, ὅ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρός, οὔ, ὅ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

λης, 2 sing. of *λάω, λᾶω.

λησιμ-βροτος, ὄν, (λήθω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λησιμοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From

λήσιμος, ὄν, γεν. ὄνος, (λήθω) forgetting, unmindful.

λήσσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστέα, ἡ, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) to be a robber or pirate: c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ληζομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κῶς, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.

λήστις, ἡ, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ὄν, (λήστης, κτείνω) slaying robbers.

ληστροικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, piratical; τὸ ληστροικόν a pirate-vessel.

ληστρίς, ὄνος, pecul. fem. of ληστροικός.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἔς, Dor. Λᾶτ-, (Λητώ, *γένω) born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατογένεια, of Diana.

Λητοΐδης Dor. Δάτ-, ου, ό, (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [ξ]

Λητώ, ός contr. ούς, ή, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητά, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητώος Dor. Δάτ-, α, ου, (Λητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Ληταῖς, ίδος.

ληφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ή, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΓ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-.

ΛΓ'ΑΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ελίσσθην: Pass.:—to bend downwards, suerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λισσθείς having fallen; πτερά πικνά λισσθεν the thick wings drooped.

λίαν Ion. λίην, Adv. (λι-) too much, over-much, like the later άγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [both long and short.]

λιτρός, ά, όν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λιασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λιάζομαι.

λιβάω, f. σω, (λιβάς) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λιβάνω, ό, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός. II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λιβάνο-φόρος, ου, = λιβανωτοφόρος.

λιβανωτός, ου, ό, (λιβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λιβανος. II. a censer.

λιβανωτο-φόρος, ου, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λιβάς, άδος, ή, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων λιβάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτίνος, ό, the Lat. libertinus, and λίβερος, ό, the Lat. libertus, a freedman.

λίβος, τό, = λίβας, tears: but λιβός, gen. of λίψ.

λιβρός, ά, όν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Λιβύη, ή, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Λιβύς, ύος, ό, fem. Λίβυσσα, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ή, όν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΥΤΑ, Adv. of λυγρός, as άκα of άκύς, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [ξ]

Λυγαῖνω, (λυγρός) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

Λύγω, (λυγρός) only found in Ep. aor. 1, λύγε βίς the bowstring twanged.

Λύγην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim.

λυγών, poet. for λυγείων, gen. pl. fem. of λυγός.

Λυγέως, Adv. of λυγρός, loudly, clearly, shrilly.

ΛΙΓΝΥ'Σ, ύος, ή, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λίγξε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of λίγγω.

λίγν-ηχής, ές, (λιγός, ήχη) clear-sounding.

λίγυ-θροος, ου, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγός, θρός) clear-singing.

λίγυ-μολπος, ου, (λιγός, μολπή) clear-singing.

λίγυ-μύθος, ου, (λιγός, μύθος) clear-speaking.

λίγυ-πνείων, ουτος, (λιγός, πνέω) shrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

λίγυ-πνοιος, ου, (λιγός, πνοιή) = λυγπνεῖων.

λίγυ-πτέρυγος, ου, (λιγός, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρίω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

λιγυρός, ά, όν, (λιγός) shrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρώς, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥ'Σ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, shrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [ξ]

Λίγυς, υος, ό, ή, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λίγυ-φθογγος, ου, (λιγός, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λίγυ-φωνος, ου, (λιγός, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙ'ΖΩ, f. ξω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγδην and επι-λιγδην.

λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λιθαξ, ακος, ό, ή, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λιθαξ, ή, a stone.

λιθάς, άδος, ό, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ου, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λιθη-λογής, ές, (λίθος, λέγω η) built of stones.

λιθιδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λίθινος, η, ου, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -vas, like stone, with stony look.

λιθό-βλητος, ου, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

λιθοβολέω, f. ήσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From

λιθο-βόλος, ου, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones: οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λιθοβόλος, ου, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λιθο-γλύφος, ου, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ό, a sculptor. [ύ]

λιθο-δερκής, ές, (λίθος, δερκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λιθό-δητος, ου, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λιθο-δόμος, ου, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ό, a mason.

λιθο-εργός, όν, (λίθος, έργω) turning to stone.

λιθο-κόλλητος, ου, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λιθο-κτονία, ή, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λιθό-λευστος, ου, ό, (λίθος, λείω) stoned with stones; λιθόλευστος "Aphs death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From

λιθο-λόγος, ου, (λίθος, λέγω η) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, a mason, = λιθόδομος.

λίθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) *polishing stone*: as Subst., λιθόξοος, ὁ, a *marble-mason*.

λίθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποίεω) *turning to stone*.

λίθωρ-ρῖνος, ὄν, (λίθος, ρῖνός) *with stony skin*.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, a *stone*: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔψειν to boil a stone, i. e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a substance. II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx. IV. the piece on a draught-board.

λίθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) *rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock*.

λίθο-στρωτός, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) *paved with stones, inlaid with stones*: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

λίθοτομία, ἡ, a *cutting or quarrying of stones*: a stone-quarry. From

λίθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) *cutting stone*.

λίθουργέω, f. ἦσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

λίθ-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, ἔργω) *working in stone*: as Subst., λιθουργός, ὁ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λίθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry stones. From

λίθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) *carrying stones*.

λίθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like stone, stony.

λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

λικμάω, f. ἦσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn.

2. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a winnower of corn.

λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΝ, σ, οὐ, ὁ, = λίκνον.

ΔΙΚΜΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan.

II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacchi.

III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λικνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession.

λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, atwart. (From λέχρις, λέχριος.)

λίλασιαι, (λί-, λελίμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, λιλαιομένη χροὸς ἀσαι longing to taste flesh: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λίπαινω, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσσι, Ep. for λιμένσιν, Dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λίμενίτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

λίμεν-ορμίτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) stationed in the harbour.

ΛΙΜΗΝ, ἐνος, ὁ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

λιμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished. Λίπναι, αἱ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marshy, of or from the mere, ὄρνιθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

λιμνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

λιμνάτης [ᾱ], fem. -ᾱτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ῆτις.

λίμνη, ἡ, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marshy lake. 2. in Homer, the sea.

3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις Dor. -ᾱτις, ἰδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

λιμνο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsh-born.

λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like a marsh, marshy.

λίμνο-νῆης, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΝ, σ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἡ, hunger, famine.

λίμο-φορέυς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

λίμω-δης, ἐς, (λιμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

λιμώσσω Att. -πτω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οὐς, ἡ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

λίνευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (λίνον) a hunter with nets.

λίνο-δεσμός, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

λίνο-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θήρᾱ) a hunter with nets.

λίνο-θήρης, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for λινωθήρας, (λίνον, θάραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

λίνο-κλωστός, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) spinning flax.

λίνο-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net.

3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνου σπέρμα

lint-seed. [Ὶ]

λίνο-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

λινωπτόμαι, Dep. (λινόπτης) to watch the nets.

λίνο-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

λιν-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄψομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λινόρ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ράπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος λινόρραφής a ship having her sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἴλιον.

λινόστασία, ἡ, a laying of nets. From

λίνο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (λίνον, ἵσθημι) to lay nets.

λίνοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.

λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases ἀλεῖψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἔλαιον, probably used as an Adv. *unctuously, richly*. (Cf. λίπος.) [Ὶ]

λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint : metaph. to make fat, enrich :—Med. to anoint oneself.

λιπαρ-ἄμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἄμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

λιπαρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist, hold out, persevere ; c. dat. to persist in a thing.

II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously : c. inf., λιπαρέis τυχύνθου art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡΗΣ, ἐs, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρήτεον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.

λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.

λιπαρό-ζωνος, on, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

λιπαρό-θρονος, on, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

λιπαρό-κρήδεμνος, on, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright head-band or fillet.

λιπαρό-πλόκαμος, on, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπαρός, ὁ, ὅν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil : later fat, greasy.

II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus : metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy.

III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly : ample.

IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λιπαρό-χρους, on, contr. -χρους, on, and -χρος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χροά, χρώς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λιπαρώs, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπαρώs, Adv. of λιπαρής, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΨ, aos, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [ῥ]

λίπ-αυγής, ἐs, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λίπαω, (λίπος, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.

λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ἴδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνῃ) without dowry, destitute.

λίπό-γάμος, on, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous : ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λίπο-γνώμων, on, gen. onos, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age : hence generally, of unknown age.

λίπό-γυιος, on, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λίπο-μήτηρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

λίπό-ναυς Dor. also λίπό-νῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λίπο-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

λίπό-νεως, on, = λιπόνως.

λίπο-πάτρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λίπο-πάτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λίπό-πνοος, on, contr. -πνοῦς, on, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow ; or vegetable, as oil : metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

λίπο-σαρκής, ἐs, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λίπο-στέφανος, on, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λίπο-στράτια, ἡ, and λίπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατία) desertion of the army.

λίπο-τάξια, ἡ, and λίπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λίπο-τρίχης, ἐs, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

λίπο-ψυχής, f. ἦσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon : to die.

II. to lack spirit.

λίπομαι, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λίπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι : (formed from prefix λι-) :—to be eager : c. gen. to be eager for, long for : in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λιπών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λῖς, ὁ, acc. λῖν, Ep. for λέων, a lion :—later nom. and dat. plur. λῖες, λῖεσι.

λῖς, ἡ, Ep. apocope form for λισσή, smooth ; λῖς πέτρῃ a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [ῖ]

λίσῃ, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [ῖ]

λίσπος, ἡ, on, (λίσσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λίσσάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσός, smooth :—as Subst., λίσσάς, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff ; cf. λισσός.

λίσσόμετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ : aor. I ἐλίσάμην Ep. ἐλλίσάμην : aor. 2 ἐλῖτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι : Dep. :—to beg, pray, entreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers. : c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λίσσός, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth ; λισσὴ πέτρῃ a smooth, bare cliff ; cf. λισσός.

λίστός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λίστρεύω, f. σω, τό, dig, hoe ; φυτὸν λίστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λίσσός) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes ; v. sub λῖς II.

λιταίνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat : supplicate.

λιτανεύομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. I subj. of λιταίνειω.

λιτάνεύω, f. σω :—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with ἅλ metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνευον, aor. I ἐλλιτάνευσα : (λιτή) :—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λιτάνος, ἡ, on, (λιτή) praying, suppliant : as Subst., λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

λίταργίζω, f. σω, τό, to hasten, run, hurry. From

λίτ-αργος, on, (λι-, ἄργός) running quick.

λίτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

Λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσομαι) *a prayer, entreaty, supplication*. II. Λιταί, *Prayers*, personified as goddesses, in II. 9. 502, sq.

Λιτοῖμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

Λίτομαι [ἔ], rarer pres. for λίσσομαι, *to pray*.

Λιτρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λεῖος) *smooth, plain*, Lat. *simplex*.

Λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) *praying, supplicatory*.

Λίτρα, as, ἡ, Lat. *libra*, *a pound*: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

Λιτραῖος, α, ὄν, *worth a λίτρα*.

Λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύρσης, οὐ, ὁ, Dor. —*sus*, *Lityerses*, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Δίνος, Μανέρος.

Λίτυον, τό, the Roman *lituus* or augur's rod.

Λίχάνος, ὄν, (λείω) *licking*: as Subst., *λίχανος* (sub. δάκτυλος), ὁ, the *fore-finger*.

Λιχὴν, ἦνος, ὁ, v. sub λειχῆν.

Λιχμάζω, f. ἄσω, (λείω) *to lick*.

Λιχμάμαι, Dep. (λείω) *to lick, to play with the tongue*, esp. of snakes.

Λιχνεῖα, ἡ, *daintiness, greediness*.

Λιχνο-βόρος, ὄν, (λίχνος, βορά) *nice in eating, dainty*.

Λίχνος, ἡ, ὄν, (λείω) *dainty, licentious, greedy*. 2. metaph. *curious, eager*.

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, (λείβω) the *SW. wind*, Lat. *Africus*.

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) *any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering*.

Λό', for λόε; see λούω.

Λόβος, οὐ, ὁ, (λέπω) *the lobe or lower part of the ear*:—the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

Λογάσθην, Adv. (λογάς) *picking out*, esp. of stones *picked out* for building, without being squared. [ἄ]

Λογάς, ἄδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) *gathered*: *picked, chosen*, esp. of soldiers.

Λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) *to be fond of talking*.

Λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) *a speaking-place*: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. *pulpitum*.

Λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) *a collection for the poor*.

Λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, *a little fable*. [ἔ]

Λογίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι Att. ἴσσομαι: aor. I med. ἐλογισάμην, pass. ἐλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—*to count, reckon, calculate, compute*; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίζεσθαι *to calculate off hand*. II. *to take into account, consider*: c. acc. *to count or consider as so and so*. 2. c. inf. *to count or reckon upon doing*. 3. *to calculate, reason*: also, *to conclude by reasoning, infer*.

III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, *to be computed or calculated*.

Λογικός, ὁ, ὄν, (λόγος) *belonging to speech or speaking*. II. *belonging to the reason, rational*. 2. *fit for reasoning*: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), *Logic*.

Λόγιμος, ἡ, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (λόγος) *worth mention, remarkable, considerable*.

Λόγιον, τό, *a declaration, oracle*: neut. of λόγος.

Λόγιος, α, ὄν, (λόγος) *skilled in words*: I.

learned, esp. *learned in history*: as Subst., λόγιος, ὁ, *a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer*, as opp. to ποιητής. II. *eloquent*.

Λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *reckoning, computation*. II. *consideration, reasoning, reflexion*: *a conclusion*.

Λογιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *a calculator, computer*. II. in pl. *auditors*: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

Λογιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λογιστής) *skilled in calculating*. II. *skilled in reasoning or arguing*.

Λογογράφία, ἡ, *prose-writing*, opp. to poetry. From Λογο-γράφος, ὄν, (λόγος, γράφω) *writing prose*: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὁ, *a chronicler, annalist*. II. *writing speeches*, esp. for others to deliver.

Λογο-λέσχης, οὐ, ὁ, (λόγος, λέσχω) *a prater*.

Λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) *to strive about words*. Hence

Λογομαχία, ἡ, *a war about words*.

Λογο-μάχος, ὄν, (λόγος, μάχη) *warring about words*.

Λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) *to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports*. Hence

Λογοποιία, ἡ, *invention of stories, tale-telling*.

Λογο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) *word-making*:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, *a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer*. 2. *a writer of fables*. II. at Athens, *one who wrote speeches for others to deliver*. 2. *an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger*.

Λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. *the word by which the inward thought is expressed*: also II. *the inward thought or reason itself*.

I. Lat. *oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken*: 1. *a word*, in pl. *words, language*; ὡς εἰπεῖν λόγῳ *in a word*:—in Att., *talk, pretence*; τῷ λόγῳ *in pretence*, opp. to ἐργῳ *in reality*. 2. *a saying, expression*: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3. *conversation, discussion*; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν, *to have a conference or interview*. 4. *a speaking or talking about a thing*; λόγου ἄξιος *worth talking of, worth mention*:—*a report, rumour*; λόγος ἐστὶ ὃ ἔχει, *so the story goes*, Lat. *fama fert*. 5. *a tale, story*, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ἱστορία): a. *fictitious story, fable*, such as those of Aesop. b. *a story, narrative*, mostly in pl., *history, chronicles*: in sing. *one part of the narrative*. 6. *λόγοι, prose-writing, prose*, opp. to ποιήσις, *a book*. b. at Athens, *speeches*: *a speech*; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. 7. *the right or privilege of speaking*, Lat. *copia dicendi*, λόγον τινὶ δίδόναι *to give one the right of speaking*, i. e. *a hearing*. 9. *like ῥῆμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος*.

II. Lat. *ratio, thought, reason*; κατὰ λόγον *agreeable to reason*: *reflexion, deliberation*: λόγον ἑαυτῷ δίδόναι *to allow himself reflexion*, i. e. *to think over a thing*. 2. *account, consideration, esteem*.

regard; λόγον ποιῆσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινὸς ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενὶ λόγῳ ποιῆσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὸς λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man.

3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον δίδόναι to give an account.

4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ πῶ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ it stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΑΛΟΤΩΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΔΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-head, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea.

III. a troop of spearmen.

ΛΟΓΧ-ῆρης, ἐς, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear.

ΛΟΓΧΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of Λόγχη.

ΛΟΓΧΪΜΟΣ, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear.

ΛΟΓΧΟ-ποιός, ὢν, (λόγχη, ποιεῖν) making spears.

ΛΟΓΧΟ-φόρος, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing: — as Subst., ΛΟΓΧΟΦΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, a spearman, pikeman.

ΛΟΓΧΩΤΗΣ, ἡ, ὢν, (λόγχη) lance-beaded.

Λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος.

Λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

ΛΟΪΣΣΑΣ, ΛΟΪΣΣΑΜΕΝΟΣ, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

ΛΟΪΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Ep. for λουσσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ, ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΧΩΣ, oldest form of λουτρόν.

ΛΟΕΩ, Ep. form of λούω.

ΛΟΙΒΪ, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

ΛΟΙΓΪΩΣ, ἰων, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΓΩΣ, οὐ, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

ΛΟΙΔΟΡΕΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐλοιδόρησα:—Med. and Pass., f. ἦσσομαι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσαμην and ἐλοιδορήθην: (λοιδορος):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another; but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

ΛΟΙΔΟΡΗΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing.

ΛΟΙΔΟΡΙΑ, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

ΛΟΙΔΟΡΟΣ, ον, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΩΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

ΛΟΙΠΟΣ, ἡ, ὢν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

ΛΟΙΣΘΪΩΣ, ον, Ep. for λοισθίος, λοισθός; ΛΟΙΣΘΪΩΝ ἀθλον the prize for the last in the race.

ΛΟΙΣΘΙΟΣ, α, ον or os, ον, = λοισθός.

ΛΟΙΣΘΟΣ, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. ΛΟΙΣΘΟΤΑΤΟΣ, last of all.

ΛΟΚΗ (not Λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

ΛΟΚΡΙΣ, ἴδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst.

(sub. γῆ) Locris. From

ΛΟΚΡΟΙ, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntia Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

ΛΟΪΑΣ, ον, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

ΛΟΞΟ-ΒΑΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, (λοξός, βαῖνω) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, ὢν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξὸν or λοξά βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstituto.

ΛΟΞΟ-ΤΡΟΧΙΣ, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

Λόν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

ΛΟΠΑΔ-ΑΡΠΑΓΪΔΗΣ, ον, ὁ, (λοπάς, ἀρπάζω) a dish-snatcher.

ΛΟΠΑΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [ἀ]

ΛΟΠΑΪΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a flat dish, plate or platter.

ΛΟΠΪΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, = λεπΪς.

ΛΟΠΟΣ, οὐ, or ΛΟΠΟΣ, ον, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, husk, bark, peel.

Λούεω, Ep. for λούω.

ΛΟΥΜΑΙ, Att. for λουόμαι, Pass. of λούω.

ΛΟΥΣΑΝΤΟ, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω.

ΛΟΥΣΕΝ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

ΛΟΥΣΘΑΙ, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

ΛΟΥΣΩ, Dor. fut. of λούω.

ΛΟΥΤΑΙ, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

ΛΟΥΤΡΙΟΝ, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΔΑΪΚΤΟΣ, ον, (λουτρόν, δαΐζω) slain in the bath.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ Ep. ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place.

II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing.

III. libations.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΦΟΡΟΣ, ον, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτροφόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟΧΕΩ, to pour water into the bath. From

ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΧΩΣ, ον, Hom. ΛΟΥΤΡ-, (λουτρόν, λούω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

ΛΟΥΤΡΑΝ, ἄνω, ὁ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΥΤΩ: fut. λούσω Dor. λουσώ: aor. I ἐλουσα

Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσανεο:—Pass., aor. I ἐλουσθήν:—pf. λέλουμαι.

—From the unconfr. form ΛΟΪΩ come the Ep. impf. ΛΟΕΩ, aor. I inf. and part. ΛΟΪΣΣΑΙ, ΛΟΪΣΣΑΣ: Med., fut. ΛΟΪΣΣΟΜΑΙ: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and part. ΛΟΪΣΣΑΤΟ, ΛΟΪΣΣΑΜΕΝΟΣ.—Several forms also come from ΛΩ, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. ΛΟΕ, Λόν; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλουόμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. ἐλούτο, ἐλούντο, inf. λούσθαι, λούσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος Ὀκεανοῖο (of a star just risen) fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

ΛΟΦΑΪ, f. ἦσω, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be sick, ill of a crest.

ΛΟΦΕΙΟΝ, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

λοφία Ion. —*νί, ή*, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ή* λοφίη κατέχρα *the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a hill.*

λοφίτης, ου, ό, (λόφος) *a dweller on the hills.*
λοφνίς, ιδος, ή, (λέπω) *a torch of vine-bark.*

λοφο-ποιός, ου, (λοφός, ποιέω) *making crests: as Subst. λοφοποιός, ό, a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΨΟΣ, ου, ό, *the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke.* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill.* III. *the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.* 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

λόφωσις, ή, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

λοχ-ἀγέτης, ου, ό, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχάγῳ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγῳ, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company.* Hence

λοχάγία, ή, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ἀγός, ου, ό, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

λοχάζω, = λοχάω.

λοχάω, f. —ῆσαι and —ήσονται: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχόωντες: (λόχος) —to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers. II. absol. *to lie in wait or ambush.* III. c. acc. loci, *to beset with an ambush.*

λοχεία, ή, (λοχεύω) *child-birth.* II. *a child.*

λοχεῖος, α, ου, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth.* II. τὰ λοχεῖα (sub. χωρία), *a birth-place.*

λοχεός, ου, ό, = λόχος, *an ambush.*

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child.* II. *child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος II) *to bring forth, bear.* 2. *to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth.* II. Pass. *to travail, bear children.* 2. *to be brought forth, born.* 3. *generally, to lie imbedded.*

λοχηγέτης, —ηγῳ, —ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-.

λοχηγῶσαι, aor. I inf. of λοχάω.

Λοχία, ή, fem. of λόχιος, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. ἴω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for.* 2. *to place in ambush.* II. *to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.*

λόχιος, α, ου, = λοχεῖος, *of or for child-birth.*

λοχίτης [τ], ου, ό, fem. —ίτης, ιδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

λοχμαῖος, α, ου, *haunting the woods.* From

λόχη, ή, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, copse-wood, a coppice.* Hence

λόχημα, ου, also α, ου, *dwelling in the coppice.* 2. as Subst., **λόχημα**, τά, *a thicket, coppice.*

λοχη-ώδης, ες, (λόχη, εἶδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

λόχονδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambuscade.* From

λόχος, ό, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambuscade: the lair of wild beasts.* 2. *the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον εἶσαι to place an ambuscade; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστήας to pick out the best men for an ambuscade.* 3. *any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people.* II. *a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.*

λοχώντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

Λώω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

Λύα, ή, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

Λυαῖος, ό, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care, epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.*

λύεθῃ, Adv. (λύω) *with sobs.*

λυγδίνεος, α, ου, and **λύγδινος**, η, ου, *of white marble.* 2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΓΔΟΣ, ό, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

ΛΥΤΗ, ή, *shadow, darkness, gloom.* [υ]

λυγίζω: f. ἴω Dor. λυγίω: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίσθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος) —to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling. II. Pass. *to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

λύγινος, η, ου, (λύγος) *of willow or withy, Lat. vītulus.*

λυγίεῖν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λύγισμός, ου, ό, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

λύγκεος, α, ου, (λύγξ, ό) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΤΞ, λυγκός, ό, *a lynx.*

λύγξ, λυγκός, ή, (λύω) *a hiccup or hiccup.*

ΛΥΤΤΟΣ, ή, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen.* II. *a willow-like tree, a withy, Lat. vītex agnus castus.* [υ]

λύγο-τευχής, ες, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

λύγος, ώς, = λυγίζω.

ΛΥΠΡΟΣ, α, ό, *downy, sad, gloomy, dismal: φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; εἶματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery, ruin.* II. *of men, baneful, mischievous.* 2. *sorry, weak, cowardly.* Hence

λυγρῶς, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

Λυδία, ή, *Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.*

Λυδίζω, f. ἴω, (Λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδῖος, α, ου, (Λυδῖς) *Lydian; ή Λυδία λίθος, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*

Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, α *Lydian*.

ΛΥΤΖΩ, ἢ ξω, to have the hiccup or hiccup. II. to sob, Lat. singulare: to wbine, whimper.

λύθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω. II.

λύθην, aor. I part. neut. pass.

λύθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὁ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθράδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) like gore, defiled with gore.

Λυκά-βας, αντος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαίνειν) the path of light, the sun's course, the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ἄραι.

Λυκαίνα, ἡ, (λύκος) a she-wolf. [ὑ]

Λυκαίων, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst., Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖον,

τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λυκαία (sub. ἱερὰ),

τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκανοιστί, Adv. in the Lycæonian language.

Λυκο-αυγής, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twilight: as Subst., λυκανγές, τό, early dawn.

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, α *Lycæonian, inhabitant of Lycæonia, in the South of Asia Minor*.

Λυκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

Λυκεῖον, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Δυκεῖος.

Λυκεῖος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος; 2. from Δυκία, the Lycian god, like Δυκηγενής; or, 3. from *λυκή (light), the god of day.

Λυκή, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκή.

*ΛΥΚΗ, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός, Lat. lueo, lux, etc.

Λυκη-γενής, ἐς, (Δυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.

Λυκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ἡ, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:—Δυκίηθεν, Adv. from Lycia: Δυκίηνδε, Adv. to Lycia.

Λυκιο-εργής contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Δυκία, ἔργον) of Lycian workmanship.

Λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργεῖς javelins for killing wolves.

Λυκο-θαράς, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf.

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

Λυκο-ραστής, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραίω) a wolf-warrior.

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, a wolf:—proverb., λύκον ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i. e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look: so in Virgil, *Moe-rim lupi idem priores*.

II. in pl. spikes on the

bites of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκό-φως, ατος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum.

Λυκόω, ἢ ὥσω, (λύκος) to tear like a wolf:—Pass. to be torn by wolves.

Λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man. (From λούω, Lat. luo.)

Λυμαῖνομαι, ἢ λυμάνομαι: aor. I ἐλυμνήαμην: also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing.

λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage:—to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. II. the pres.

λυμαῖνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spoiler, destroyer: and λυμαντήριος, α, ον, injurious, destructive: c. gen., ruining another.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = λυμαντήρ.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = λύμη. [ὑ]

Λυμεών, ὠνος, ὁ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

ΛΥΜΗ [ὑ], ἡ, outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction: ἐπὶ λύμη for the sake of insult.

Λύμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμηνάμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαῖνομαι.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπέω, ἢ ἥσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to harass, annoy:—Pass., with f. med. λυπήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved.

ΛΥΠΗ [ὑ], ἡ, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

Λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπέω) pain, distress.

Λυπήν, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

Λυπηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. molestus.

Λυπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain.

Λυπρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, poor, sorry. II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥΤΡΑ [ὑ], ἡ, Lat. lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the καθάρα and φόρυγξ.

Λυρ-αἰδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αἰδός) one who sings to the lyre.

Λυρίζω, ἢ ἰσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

Λυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst., λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λυρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθέω) delighting in the lyre.

Λυρο-θελής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλω) charmed by the lyre.

Λυρο-κτύπια, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre.

Λυρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

Λυρ-ώδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) adapted to the lyre,

lyrical.

Λυρῳδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραοῖδός.

Λυσ-άνιας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἄνία) ending sadness.

Λύσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

λῦσι-γάμος, *ον*, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage.
 λῦσι-ζῶνος, *ον*, *οι*, *ον*, (λύω, ζῶνη) loosing the
 zone: *epith.* of Diana, who lightened the pangs of
 travail.

λῦσι-κάκος, *ον*, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.
 λῦσι-μάχος, *ον*, *οι*, *ον*, (λύω, μάχη) ending strife.
 λῦσι-μελής, *ές*, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.
 λῦσι-μέριμνος, *ον*, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away.
 λῦσιμος, *ον*, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.
 λῦσι-πόθος, *ον*, (λύω, πῶθος) delivering from love.
 λῦσι-πόνος, *ον*, (λύω, πόνος) freeing from toil.
 λῦσις [ῥ], *gen.* *ews* *Ion.* *ios*, *ή*: (λύω): a loosing, set-
 ting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: de-
 liverance: λύσις *χρεῶν* liquidation of debt. 2.
means or *power* of releasing or loosing.

λῦσιτελέω, *f. ήσω*, = λύω τέλος (which is found in
 Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or
 advantageous to: *impers.*, λῦσιτελεῖ, *it profits*, *benefits*:
 with a comp. force, τεθάναι λῦσιτελεῖ *ή* *ζήν*
it is better to be dead than alive: οὐ λῦσιτελεῖ μοι
it profits me not: neut. part. τὸ λῦσιτελούν, τὰ
 λῦσιτελούντα *profit*, *gain*, *advantage*. From
 λῦσι-τελής, *ές*, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnify-
 ing: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp.
 -έστερος, *Sup.* -έστατος.

λῦσιτελούντως, *Adv.* *pres. part.* of λῦσιτελέω, use-
 fully, profitably.

λῦσι-φλεβής, *ές*, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins.
 λῦσι-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the
 mind.

ΛΥΣΣΑ Att. λῦττᾶ, *ή*, rage, fury, esp. in war,
 martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence
 λυσσαῖνα, to be raging-mad, to rave.

λυσσάς, *ἄδος*, *ή*, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving.

λυσσᾶω Att. λῦττάω, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious,
esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave.

λῦσσημα, τό, (λυσσᾶω) a fit of madness: in pl.
 ravings.

λυσσῆν, *Dor. inf.* of λυσσᾶω.

λυσσητήρ, *ήρος*, and λυσσητήης, *οὔ*, *δ*, (λυσσᾶω)
 one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνης, *ές*, (λύσσα, μανήναι) raging-mad.

λυσσο-ώδης, *ες*, (λύσσα, εἶδος) like madness: raging-
 mad, raving.

λυτέον, *verb.* *Adj.* of λύω, one must loose.

λύτῆρ, *ήρος*, *δ*, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer,
 releaser. II. an arbitrator, settler.

λύτῆριος, *α*, *ον*, *οι*, *ον*, (λύω) loosing, releasing:
c. gen. delivering or setting free from.

λύτο [ῥ], *Ep.* 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of λύω: but
 λῦτο, *contr.* for λυέτο, *Ep.* *impf.* *pass.* of λύω.

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) the price paid: 1. a ransom,
 price of redemption, mostly in pl. 2. an atone-
 ment.

λύτρώω, *f. ήσω*, (λύτρον) release on receipt of ran-
 som, to hold to ransom. 2. Med. to release by pay-
 ment of ransom, to ransom, redeem. 3. *Pass.* to be
 ransomed.

λύτρωσις, *ews*, *ή*, (λύτρώω) a ransoming. 2.
 Redemption.

λυτρωτής, *οὔ*, *δ*, (λυτρώω) a ransomer, redeemer.

λύττα, λῦττάω, *Att.* for λύσσα, λυσσᾶω.

λύχνα, τά, *irreg.* pl. of λύχνος.

λυχνεῖον or λυχνίον, τό, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

λυχνέων, ὄνος, *ὁ*, (λύχνος) a place to keep lamps in.

λυχνία, *ή*, (λύχνος) a lamp-stand.

λυχνίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of λύχνος, a small lamp.

λυχνο-κάϊα, *ή*, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps,
 illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of
 Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns.

λυχνο-ποιός, *όν*, (λύχνος, ποιέω) making lamps or
 lanterns.

λυχνό-πολις, *ή*, (λύχνος, πόλις) city of lamps.

λυχνο-πώλης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) a dealer in
 lamps or lanterns.

ΛΥΤΧΝΟΣ, *ὁ*, pl. λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp;
 περὶ λύχνων ἀφᾶς about the time for lamp-lighting,
i. e. at dusk.

λυχοφορέω, *f. ήσω*, (λυχοφόρος) to carry a lan-
 tern: *Lacon. part.* λυχοφορόντες.

λυχο-φόρος, *ον*, (λύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp.

ΛΥΤΩ, *fut.* λύσω [ῥ], *aor.* I ἐλύσα: *pf.* ἐλύκα:—
Pass., *fut.* λυθήσονται and *paull.*-*post. fut.* λελύσονται
 [ῥ]: *aor.* I ἐλύθην [ῥ]: *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* λύμην [ῥ], 3
sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λύντο: *pf.* ἐλύμαι, *plqpf.* ἐλελύμην
 [ῥ], 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *opt.* λελύτο, for λελύοιτο.—To loose:
 to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken: λύειν ὄφρην to un-
 bend the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; etc.:—
 Med. to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses,
 to unyoke, unbarness. 3. generally, to loose, re-
 lease, set free. 4. to release a captive on receipt
 of ransom, to hold to ransom, release:—Med. to re-
 lease by payment, ransom, redeem.

II. to loosen,
 weaken, relax: λύειν γυῖα, γούνατα to loose the limbs,
 knees, *i. e.* unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to
 slay, kill.

III. to dissolve, break up. 2. to
 break down, lay low, demolish.

3. generally, to
 undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of
 laws, to repeal, annul: λύειν σπονδὰς to break a
 treaty.

4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. 5. to
 undo, atone, make up for, Lat. luere, rependere; so
 λύειν ἁμαρτίας.

IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθοὶ λύειν
 to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2. λύειν τέλη = λυ-
 σιτελεῖν, to profit, avail: οὐ λύει τέλη *it boots not*;
 also λύειν, *absol.* without τέλη, to profit.

ΛΩ, *contr.* from λᾶω, I will, wish or desire, a Doric
 defect. Verb. only used in *sing.* λᾶ, λῆς, λῆ, 3 pl. λῶντι;
subj. λῆς, λῆ; *opt.* λῶη; *inf.* λῆν; also *part.* *dat.* τῶ
 λῶντι.

λωβᾶσθαι *Ion.* -έσθαι: *f.* -ήσθαι *Dor.* λωβᾶσθαι
 -μαι: *aor.* I med. ἐλωβήσάμην: (but *aor.* I ἐλωβήθην
 and *pf.* ἐλωβήμαι in *pass.* sense): *Dep.*: (λώβη):—
 to treat despectfully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mu-
 tilate: to dishonour. 2. *absol.* to act outrageously
 or despitefully. II. *pf. part.* λεωβημένος, in
pass. sense, mutilated.

λαβεύω, f. σω, (λάβω) to mock, make a mock of.
 ΛΩ/ΒΗ, ἡ, ill-usage by word or deed, despicious treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.

λαβηθήναι, aor. I inf. of λαβάμαι.
 λαβήτειρα, fem. of λαβητήρ.
 λαβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λαβάμαι) one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.

λαβητής, οὔ, ὁ, = λαβητήρ; λαβητῆς τέχνης a disgrace to his trade.

λαβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (λαβάμαι) ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured. II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful.

λαβήτωρ, opus, ὁ, = λαβητήρ.
 λώια, λώϊτερος, v. λώϊων.

λώϊων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, λώϊον, τό: Att. contr. λῶων, λῶων: neut. pl. λώϊονα, syncop. λώϊα: (λῶ to wish): —more desirable; better:—Sup. λώϊστος, η, ov, contr. λῶστος.—There is also a second Comp. λώϊτερος, ov.

ΛΩ/ΜΑ, atos, τό, the hem or border of a robe.
 Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.
 λῶντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish.

λώπη, ἡ, (λέπω, λωπός) a covering, mantle. 2. a skin, husk, shell.

λωπιζώ, f. ἴσω, (λῶπη) to cover, wrap up.
 λωποδύττω, f. ἴσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης [ῥ], ov, ὁ, (λῶπος, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

λῶπος, ὁ, = λῶπη.

λῶστος, η, ov, Att. contr. from λώϊστος, Sup. of λῶϊων, most desirable, best.

λωτεύντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτοίς.

λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (λωτός) to pluck flowers:—Med. λωτίζομαι, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.

λῶτίνος, η, ov, (λωτός) of lotus.

λῶτισμα, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

λωτοίς, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτοῦντα, Ion. for λωτῶντα, lotus-plains.

ΛΩ/ΤΟ/Σ, οὔ, ὁ, the lotus, name of several plants:—I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called Lotophagi: the fruit was honey-sweet, μελιγδής: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ov, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus.

λωτο-φάγος, ov, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, οἱ, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρήν, λωτρο-χός, Dor. for λωτρ-.

λωτρίον, Dor. for λωτῶν, gen. of λωτός.

λωτρίον Ion. —έω, f. ἴσω, (λῶτος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from. 2. to abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφῆσαι, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.
 λῶφῆσις, ἡ, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, cessation.

λῶων, neut. λῶων, Att. contr. for λῶϊων, λῶϊον.

M

Μ, μ, μυ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.

Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e.g. ἄμμες ὕμμες, for ἡμῖς ὕμῖς. III. μ becomes ν, as μίν Dor. νίν, Lat. ne. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ἰα μία, ὄσχος μόςχος, ὄχλεος μοχλεός, ἄρης Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πίμπλημι πίπλημι, πίμπρημι πίπρημι, ἀμβροτος ἀμβροτος, ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has α or ο prefixed, as μέλγω ἀμέλγω, μέργω ἀμέργω, μόργνημι ἀμόργνημι. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμυγνέρος μογνέρος.

μ', apostroph. for με. II. very rarely for μοι.

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. in affirmation; ναί μά τότε σκήπτρον γεα by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μά γάρ Ἀπόλ-λωνα ναι by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μά Δία, by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναί μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τὸν Δία, οὐ τὸν θεόν, no by Jove, etc.

μά, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μά γὰρ for μήτηρ γῆ: cf. βᾶ, δῶ, λῆ.

μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [α] From μάγαδῖς, ἡ, gen. ἰδος: irreg. dat. magádi: acc. μά-γαδιν:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.

μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγάνευσις, οὔ, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεω, f. σω, (μάγανον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

ΜΑ/ΤΙΓ-Α/ΝΟΝ, τό, any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. II. = γάγκαμον, a bunting-net.

μάγεια, ἡ, (μαγείω) the religion of the Magi. 2. magic, art.

μαγειρείον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-shop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) *fit for a cook or cookery*: ἡ μαγειρικὴ (sub. τέχνη), *cookery*. Hence μαγειρικός, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγειω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγευς, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician: μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ἦτος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτις, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἡρακλεία.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: *magician*: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ᾶ]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ἁ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. σω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. *desluere*: hence to be bald.

μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

*ΜΑΔΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός.

μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread: μάζαν μεμάρχως having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. *mazonomus*.

ΜΑΖΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέφνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. *μαστός* differs from *μάζος* only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεύμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματικὴ (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μαθητής, οὐ, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. *discipulus*: a disciple.

μαθητιάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt.

μαθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθοῖαι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθον [ᾶ], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ᾶ], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΪ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Μαῖαδς, ἁδος, ἡ.

Μαίανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαϊεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα III) to serve as a midwife: trans. to hatch.

Μαιμακτηρίων, ὥνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμακτης held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαϊμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαϊμάσσω, = μαϊμάω, to burst forth.

μαϊμάω, Ep. 3 pl. μαϊμῶσι, part. μαϊμών, -ώωσα: f. ὥσω: Ep. aor. I μαϊμήσα (redupl. of μάω, as παϊφάσσω from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαῖνᾶς, ἁδος, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad.

II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our her-
ring.

μαῖνις, ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, Dim. of μαῖνη, a sprat.

μαινόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. μαινόλις, ἴδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ον, = μαινόλης.

μαίνωμαι, fut. μᾶνήσομαι and μᾶνοῦμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμνηα, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήμην, aor. 2 pass. ἐμάνην, part. μᾶνεις, inf. μᾶνήναι: (*μάω)—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαῖνόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐμῆνα, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΙ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. μᾶσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαῖομαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. = μαίνομαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαῖρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star. Μαωτιστρί, Adv. in Maotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑΡ [μᾶ], ἄπος, ὁ: fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. — III. the dead were esp. called *μακάρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μακάρον νῆσοι* the islands of the *blest*, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*. *μακάρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

μακάρια, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. the abode of the blessed.

μακάριζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem happy: to bless.

μακάριος, α, ov, or os, ov, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

μακάρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακάριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. —*τως*.

μακάριτης [Ὶ], ov, ὁ, like μάκαρ π, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακάριτις, ἰδος.

μακαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδόνιος, α, ov, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὄν, Macedonian. From

Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μακέλη, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δισελλα from δῖς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.

μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, shambles, market.

μακεστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μακηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, poet. for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακοάω, f. άωω, [ά], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακοάκως, dreaming, mooning.

μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μάκος as Adv., = μακράν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεία), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αίων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἰών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: οἱ μακράωνες the immortals.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously: *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (μακρός, ἀγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prising.

μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βιος, ov, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: οἱ Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίωτος, ov, (μακρός, βίωτος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρό-γηρως, αν, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ov, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθυμέω, f. ἴσω, (μακροθυμός) to be long-suffering, patient: μακροθυμεῖν εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering.

μακρό-θυμος, ov, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. —*ως, patiently*.

μακρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ov, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρό-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time. 1. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2.

tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant: *μακραὶ ἐπιβοήθειαι* succours from a distance: *ἐπὶ μακρὸν far, for a long way: ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον* as far as possible.

4. dat. μακρῷ is often used, like πολῷ, by far, much: *μακρῷ πρώτος by far the first*. II.

of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring: *διὰ μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time: εἰς μακρὸν for a long time*.

2. long, tedious: *διὰ μακρῶν at great length*. III. regul. Comp. μακρότερος: Sup. μακρότατος: Irreg. Comp. μᾶσσων, μᾶσσον: Sup. μήκιστος Dor. μάκιστος, formed from μήκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος.

IV. the neut. pl. μακρά is used as Adv., *μακρά βιβλάς* taking long strides: *μακρά μεμυῖκώς* loudly bellowing: *μακρά προσεύχεσθαι* to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὸν αὐτεῖν* to shout aloud.

μάκρος, εος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length.

μακρο-τένων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ov, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, ὁ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ov, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring.

μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

μαῖκον, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μηκάομαι.

μάκων [ά], ανος, Dor. for μηκων, ανος.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ', Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite: 1. strengthening the word with which it stands: *μάλα πολλά* very many: *μάλ' εὖ* right well:

μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly: *μάλα διαμπερὲς* right through: *οὐ μάλα by no means, on no account*. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὲ . . , now in very truth . . ; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμῶς though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μάλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. potius. 2. too much, far too much. 3. μάλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; ῥητέρος μάλλον more easier; ἐχθίων μάλλον; etc. 4. μάλλον ἥ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν ὅλην διαφθεῖρειν μάλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους: in this case μάλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὸς μάλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὐσί), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πενήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. vel maxime.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, malobathrum, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλάκαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μαλάκία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλάκίῳ, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλάκιζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate.

II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -τούμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακίσάμην, pass. ἐμαλάκισθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate.

2. to be softened or appeased. μαλάκίων, ὄνος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κῆ] μαλάκο-γνώμων, ὄνος, gen. ὄνος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ'ΚΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακός λέγων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλάκό-χειρ, χειρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-banded, softboing.

μαλάκύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλάκως, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him.

II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλάκός) a mallow, Lat. malva.

μᾶλερός, ὁ, ὄν, (μάλα) very strong, mightily, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΔΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. ala: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃς or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΛΘΑ or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθακίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθακίος, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖθ, for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθακός, ἡ, ὄν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft.

II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακῶς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθασσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθαχθῆναι ὕπνῳ to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, α, ὄν, Dor. for μήλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλός) hair, a lock of hair. [ᾱ]

Μαλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλῖς, (μάλον, = μήλον) α νηρὴρ who protects the flocks (μήλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III.

μάλλα, by crasis for μὴ ἄλλα, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ὄν, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II.

ΜΑΛΛΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον.

μᾶλον, Dor. for μήλον v.

μαλο-πάργος, ὄν, Dor. for μηλοπάργος.

μᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-.

μάμμᾱ and μάμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother: like ἄππα, ἄφφά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother.

III. later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκιθος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαμμάν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμη) a mother.

Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μᾶν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν.

ΜΑ'ΝΔΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also

2. the setting of a seal, Lat. pala, funda.

μανδράγῳρας, ὄν, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant.

μᾶνεις, εἷσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Δίνος.

μᾶνες, Dor. for μήνες, pl. of μήν.

μᾶνῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. μᾶθήσομαι Dor. μᾶθεῖναι: aor. 2 ἐμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double m, ἔμμαθε, ἔμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with.

II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνυ μανθάνω, perfectly!

—c. part., μάνθανε ὦν, know that you are. IV.

in Att., *τί παθών*; comes to mean *wherefore?* properly, *having ascertained what? for what fresh reason?* almost = *τί παθών*;

μᾶνία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (*μαίνομαι*) *madness, frenzy*. II. generally, *mad passion, rage, fury*. III. *enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy*.

μᾶνιάς, ἄδος, (*μαίνομαι*) fem. Adj. *frantic, mad, frenzied*: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., *μανιάσιν λυσήμασι* with *mad fits of raving*, like *victricia arma*.

μᾶνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*μανία*) *inclined to madness, mad*; *βλέπειν μανικόν* to look mad. Hence

μανικῶς, Adv. in *mad fashion, madly*.

μᾶνις, ἴδος, Dor. for *μῆνις*.

μανίω, Dor. for *μῆνιω*.

μᾶν-ώδης, es, (*μανία*, εἶδος) *mad-like, mad*: τὸ μᾶνιώδες *madness*.

MANNA, ἡ, a morsel, grain. 2. *manna*.

ΜΑΝΝΟΣ or **μάνος**, ὁ, Lat. *monile*, a necklace, collar.

μανον-φόρος, ov, (*μάννός*, φέρω) *wearing a collar*.

ΜΑΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *rarus, ibin, loose, slack, flaccid*. II. of number, *few, scanty*. See *μανῶς*.

μαντεία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (*μαντεύομαι*) *prophesying, power of divination*: also the mode of divination. II. an oracle, *prophesy*.

μαντεῖον Ion. -τήιον, τό, (*μαντίς*) an oracle, i. e., I. an *oracle response*. II. the seat of an oracle.

μαντεῖος, α, ov, or os, ov, Ion. -ήιος, η, ov, (*μάντις*) *oracular, prophetic*.

μάντευμα, ατος, τό, an oracle. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: aor. I *ἐμαντεύσαμην*: pf. *μεμάντημι*: Dep.: (*μάντις*):—to *divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle*.

2. to *presage, forebode, surmise*: of animals, to *scout*. 3. to *seek divinations*: to consult an oracle.

II. aor. I *ἐμαντεύθῃ*, impers. in pass. sense, *an oracle was given*: and pf. part. τὰ *μεμάντημένα*, the oracles delivered. Hence

μαντευτέον, verb. Adj. *one must divine, prophesy*.

μαντευτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*μαντεύομαι*) *foretold or ordained by an oracle*.

μαντηλή, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ion. for *μαντεία*, etc.

μάντι, voc. of *μάντις*.

μαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a soothsayer or diviner, *prophetic*: as Subst., *μαντική* (sub. τέχνη), ἡ, the art or faculty of divination. Adv. -κῶς.

μαντιπλόω, f. ἥσω, to *prophesy*. From

μαντί-πόλος, ov, (*μάντις*, πλόω) *inspired, frenzied*.

μάντις, ὁ, gen. eos Ion. ios: (*μαίνομαι*): a diviner, soothsayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. 2. metaph. a foreboder. II. a kind of locust or grasshopper.

μαντοσύνη, ἡ, the art of divination, *divining*. [ῥ]

μαντόσυνος, η, ov, (*μάντις*) *oracular, prophetic*.

μαντήσος, α, ov, = *μαντήσος*.

μᾶνῶν, μᾶνῆς, μᾶνῆσις, Dor. for *μῆν-*.

μανῶς, Adv. of *μάνος*, rarely: comp. *μανότερον*, less often.

μάομαι, see *μαίομαι*.

μάποιεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *μάρπω*.

μάραγμα, ἡ, = *σμάραγμα*, a lash, whip, scourge. [μᾶ] **μάρᾰθον**, τό, Dor. and Att. form of *μάρᾰθρον*.

ΜΑΡΑΘΩΝ, τό, fennel, Lat. *marathrum*. [μᾶ]

Μάρᾰθῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, *Marathon*, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (*μάρᾰθρον*).

Μάρᾰθῶνο-μάχης, ov, ὁ, (*Μαράθῶν*, μάχομαι) *one who fought at Marathon*: hence a brave veteran.

ΜΑΡΑΙΝΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I *ἐμάρᾰνην* Att. -ᾶνα:—

Pass., aor. I *ἐμάρᾰνθην*: pf. *μεμάρᾰμαι* or *μεμάρᾰσαι*:—to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. to die away, burn low.

II. metaph. to quench: to weaken, make to waste or pine away:—Pass. to die away, waste away, languish.

μαρὰν δᾰῖ, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment.

μαργαῖνω, only in pres., (*μάργος*) to rage furiously.

μαργαρίτης [ἡ], ov, ὁ, a pearl, Lat. *margarita*.

μαργᾰῶς, only in pres., (*μάργος*) to rage furiously.

Μαργίτης [ἡ], ov, ὁ, (*μάργος*) *Margites*, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

ΜΑΓΓΙΟΣ, η, ov, or os, ov, *raging mad*, Lat. *furi-*

osus. 2. *greedy, gluttonous*. 3. *lustful*. Hence

μαργότης, ἡτος, ἡ, rage, madness. 2. *greediness, gluttony*.

3. *lust*.

ΜΑΡΗ, ἡ, = *χείρ*, a hand. (Hence *εὐ-μαρής*.)

ΜΑΡΪΛΗ, ἡ, the embers of charcoal. [ἡ]

μαρίλο-πότης, ov, ὁ, (*μαρίλῃ*, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *gulper of coal-dust*.

ΜΑΡΜΑΙΓΩ, only in pres. and impf., to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; *δμματα μαρμαίοντα* sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, α, ov, (*μαρμαίω*) *flashing, sparkling, glistening*, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρινος, η, ov, (*μαρμαρος*) of marble.

μαρμαῖρεος, εσσα, εν, = *μαρμάρεος*, bright, gleaming.

μάρμαρον, τό, = *μαρμαρος*.

μάρμαρος, ov, ὁ, (*μαρμαίω*) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., *πέτρος μάρμαρος* a sparkling stone.

II. *μάρμαρος*, ἡ, Lat. *marmor*, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμαῖργῃ, ἡ, (*μαρμαῖρσσω*) a flashing, sparkling:

of any quick motion, *μαρμαίρει ποδῶν* the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμαῖρ-ωπός, ὄν, (*μαρμαρος*, ὦψ) with sparkling eyes.

ΜΑΡΝΑΜΑΙ, ασαι, αται, imperat. *μάρναο*, subj.

μάρνωμαι, opt. *μαρνοίμην*, inf. *μάρνασθαι*, part. *μαρ-νάμενος*; impf. *ἐμαρᾰνᾰμην*, αο, ατο, dual *ἐμαρᾰνᾰσθην*:

no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to fight, do battle, contend:—of boxers, to contend, encounter. 2. to quarrel, wrangle. 3. metaph. to struggle, strive.

μαρναμένοιεν, Ep. part. gen. dual of *μάρναμαι*.

μάρνατο, **μάρναντο**, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of *μάρναμαι*.

μαρπτίς, ὁ, (*μάρπτω*) a seizer, ravisber.

ΜΑΡΙΠΤΩ, fut. *μάρψω*: aor. 1 *ἔμαρψα*: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 *μέμαρπον*: and a shortd. aor. 2 *ἐμάπον*, inf. *μάρπέειν*, whence 3 pl. opt. *μεμάρποιεν*: pf. part. *μεμαρπύς*:—to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑ'ΡΣΙ-ΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. *marsupium*.

ΜΑΡΤΥ'Ρ, ὄρος, δ and ἡ, Aeol. for *μάρτυς*. Hence *μαρτύρεω*, f. ἥσω:—Pass., fut. 1 *μαρτυρήσομαι*, but also f. med. in pass. sense, *μαρτυρήσομαι*: aor. 1 *ἐμαρτύρησθην*: pf. *μεμαρτύρημαι*:—to be a witness: to bear witness: *μαρτυρεῖν τινί* to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II.

later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, ατος, τό, testimony.

μαρτύρια, ἡ, (*μαρτυρέω*) a bearing witness. 2. witness, testimony, evidence.

μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., *μαρτύρια*, τά, evidence. [ὑ] From

μαρτύρομαι [ὑ]: f. ὑροῦμαι: aor. 1 *ἐμαρτύράμην*: Dep.: (*μάρτυς*):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. *μαρτύρομαι*, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, δ, Ep. form of *μάρτυς*, a witness.

ΜΑΡΤΥ'Σ, δ or ἡ, gen. *μάρτυρος*, acc. *μάρτυρα*, as if from *μαρτύρ*, but also acc. *μάρτυν*: pl. *μάρτυρες*, dat. *μάρτυσι* poet. *μάρτυσι*:—a witness.

μαρτυκάομαι, *μαρτύκεμα*, Dor. for *μηρυκ-*.

μαρβόομαι, Dor. for *μηρβόομαι*.

μάρψαι, aor. 1 inf. of *μάρπτω*.

μάσσομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep., (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) to chew.

μάσσαθα [ᾱ], aor. 1 inf. of Root **μάω*, to touch.

μάσδος, Dor. for *μάζα*, *μαζός*.

μάσθλη, ἡ, = *ἱμάσθλη*, a leathern thong. Hence

μάσθλης, ητος, δ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave.

μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of *μαστός*, *μαζός*.

μασί, Dor. for *μησί*, dat. pl. of *μήν*.

μάσσομαι [ᾱ], fut. of **μάω* n.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. *Massilia*, *Marseilles*. Hence

Μασσαλιώτης, ου, δ, a man of *Marseilles*.

μασσάομαι, etc., = *μασόομαι*.

μάσσω Att. *μάττω*: fut. *μάω*: aor. 1 *ἔμαξα*: pf. *μέμαξα*:—Pass., aor. 1 *ἐμάχθην*: pf. *μέμαγμα*:

(**μάω*):—to touch, bandle. II. to work with the hands, to knead dough, Lat. *pinso*:—Pass., σίτος *μεμαγμένος* dough ready kneaded.

μάσσων, δ, ἡ, neut. *μάσσων*, gen. *μάσσωνος*, irreg. Comp. of *μακρός* for *μακρότερος*, longer, larger.

μάσταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (*μασάομαι*) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστάρύω or *-ίζω*, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of *μαστήρ*.

μαστεύω, f. σω, = *ματέω*, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (**μάω*) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ου, searching.

μαστιγέω, false form for *μαστιγώ*.

μαστιγίας, ου, δ, (*μάστιξ*) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. *verbero*.

μαστιγο-φόρος, ου, (*μάστιξ*, *φέρω*) carrying a whip: as Subst., *μαστιγοφόρος*, δ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγίζω, f. ὥσω: pf. aor. 1 *ἐμαστιγίωσα*:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense *μαστιγώσομαι*: pf. *μεμαστιγίωμαι*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ου, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγώσιος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of *μαστιγώω*, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστιζώ, f. ξω: aor. 1 *ἐμάστιξα* Ep. *μάστιξα*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog.

μαστίκτωρ, ορος, δ, (*μαστιζώ*) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) a whip, scourge; ἵππου *μάστιξ* a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; *μάστιξ* *Πειθοῦς* the lash of eloquence.

μαστιγίων, Ep. part. of *μαστιγίω*.

μάστις, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for *μάστιξ*; dat. *μάστῃ*.

μαστίσδω, Dor. for *μαστίζω*.

μαστιχάω, (*μάσταξ*) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. *μαστιχῶντι*.

μαστίω, collat. form of *μαστιζώ*, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., *μαστίετα* *πλευρὰς οὐρῇ* [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (*μαστός*, *δέω*) a breast-band.

μαστός, οὔ, δ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for *Hom.* *μάστος*. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III.

a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπεία, ἡ, a pandering. From

μαστροπεύω, f. σω, (*μαστροπός*) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαστροπός, δ and ἡ, (*μάω*, *μαστήρ*) a pander, pimp, Lat. *leno*, *lena*.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (*μάλη*) the armpit, Lat. *ala*, *axilla*. [*χαῖ*] *μασχάλλω*, f. ἴσω, (*μασχάλη*) to put under the armpits:

to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχάλιστρη, ἦρος, δ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the *λέπιδνον*: generally, a girdle, band.

ματάζω, (*μάτην*) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

μῦταιζω, (*μάταιος*) = *ματάζω*.

μᾶταιολογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

μᾶταιο-λόγος, ου, (*μᾶταιος*, *λέγω*) idly talking.

μάταιος [ᾱ], α, ου, or os, ου, (*μάτη*) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

μᾶταιότης, ητος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

μᾶταιως, Adv. of *μάταιος*, idly, without reason.

ΜΑΤΑ'Ω, f. ἥσω, (*μάτη*) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὐ *ματὰ ποῦρον* the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

ματεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 *ἐμάτευσα*: (**μάω*):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after: to search, explore.

ματέω, rare form for ματεύω.

of πατέω, to tread on.

ΜΑΤΗ, ἡ, = ματία, a folly, a fault. [ᾶ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [ᾶ], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly, Lat. frustra.

2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere, 3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc. of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [ᾶ]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ᾶ]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματᾶς.

ματία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρο-αδελφεός, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρο-ματτή, ἡ, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea and mattia. (Foreign word.)

ματτου-λοιχός, ὁν, (ματτία, λείχω) licking up dainties.

μάττω, f. ξω, Att. for μᾶσσω.

μαῦλις, ἴδος or ἴος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρώ, like ἀμαυρώ, to darken : metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten :—Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μά], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword or dagger : a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the straight sword).

III. a kind of razor : διπλή μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιριδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small knife. 2. a small razor.

μάχαιροποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιρο-ποιός, ὁν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ὁν, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχατάς, ὁ, Dor. for μαχητής.

Μᾶχῶν [ᾶ], ὄνος, ὁ, Macchaon, son of Aesculapius.

μαχεύμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μαχεύμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκητο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχευ, Dor. for μάχων, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑ'ΧΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat : properly an engagement between armies, but also, a single combat ; μάχην νικᾶν to win a battle ; but μάχην νικᾶν τινά to conquer one in battle.

II. a quarrel, strife, wrangling.

III. an amicable contest, as for a prize in the games.

IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle.

V. a field of battle. Hence

μαχίμων, ὁν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μαχητής, οὐ, ὁ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior ; as Adj. warlike. Hence

μαχητικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or for fighting, pugnacious.

μάχιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike :

οἱ μάχιμοι or τὸ μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective force.

μαχίμω-δης, ἐς, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, contentious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑ'ΧΛΟΣ, ὁν, lewd, lustful : wanton. Hence

μαχλοσύνη, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχοῖατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ᾶ], Ep. part. μαχεύμενος and μαχεύμενος : fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσομαι or μαχίσσομαι Att. μαχοῦμαι : aor. I. ἐμαχεσάμην, Ep. inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχίσσασθαι : pf. μεμάχημαι : Dep. : (μάχη) :—to fight, contend in battle ; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against ; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of ; κατὰ σφᾶς μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves ; but, καθ' ἑνα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat.

II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute : hence, to oppose, withstand one.

III. to contend for the prize in the games : to measure oneself with.

ΜΑ'Ψ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly ; μὲν ὁμοῦσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly, rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αὔρα, ᾧν, αἶ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind.

μαψίδιος, ὁν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence

μαψιδίως, Adv., = μάψ, foolishly, thoughtlessly : without reason : recklessly.

μαψί-λόγος, ὁν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψί-τόκος, ὁν, (μάψ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth in vain.

μαψ-ὑλακάς, ὁν, ὁ, (μάψ, ὑλακῶ) idly yelping, repeating again and again. [λᾶ]

*ΜΑ'Ω, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in

Med. : I. μέμα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεμᾶσι, often in the syncope forms, dual μεμᾶτον, μεμᾶμεν, μεμᾶτε ; 3 sing. imperat. μεμᾶτω [ᾶ] ; 3 pl. plqpf. μεμᾶσιν ; but most often in part. μεμᾶς, μεμᾶν, μεμᾶτος, μεμᾶτες, but also μεμᾶδες, μεμᾶδες :—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf. : also absol., πρόσσω μεμᾶναι pressing forward ; μεμᾶτες ἐγχείρῃ pressing forward with their spears.

2. to wish or claim to be. II.

Med., μάμοι, μῶμαι, part. μῶμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, imperat. μῶμο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μέγᾶ, neut. of μέγας.

μεγᾶ-θαρός, ἐς, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μέγᾶθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγᾶ-θύμος, ὁν, (μέγας, θυμός) high-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. I. ἐμεγήρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great : hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withbold from envy : to object, complain.

μεγᾶ-κήτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κῆτος) huge, unyielding.

μεγα-κλής, ἐς, declined (as if from μεγακλής) με-γακλής, -εῖ, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλής : (μέγας, κλέος) :—very famous.

2. pr. n. of several of the family of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγᾶ-κλῆς, ἐς, (μέγας, κῆδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγᾶλ-ἀνορία, μεγᾶλ-άνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλήν-.

μεγᾶλ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigly, speak boastfully :—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγᾶλ-αυχητος and μεγᾶλ-αυχος, ὁν, (μέγας, αὐ-χέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλείος, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, magnificently.

μεγαληγορέω, f. ἦσω, (μεγαλήγορος) to talk big, *boast*. Hence

μεγαληγορία, ἡ, big talking.

μεγαλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, ἀγορεύω) talking big, *vaunting, boastful*.

μεγαληγορία, ἡ, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγαλ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἀνὴρ) heroic, *high-minded*. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγαλ-ήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἥτορ) great-hearted: *magnanimous*.

μεγαλλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself *haughtily*.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, ἡ, loftiness of sentiment. From

μεγαλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, *high-minded*.

μεγαλο-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγαλοδωρία, ἡ, munificence, liberality. From

μεγαλο-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δῶρον) making rich presents: *munificent*.

μεγαλ-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οἶτος) very wretched.

μεγαλο-κευθής, ἐς, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence *capacious*.

μεγαλο-κράτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγαλο-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of high design, *ambitious*.

μεγαλο-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγαλο-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγαλο-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, Ἀθῆναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγαλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πρᾶγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, ἡ, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγαλο-πρεπής, ἐς, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificence, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπῶς Ion. —εως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. —έστατα.

μεγάλος, γ. μέγας.

μεγαλο-σθενής, ἐς, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγαλο-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλαγχνον) high-spirited.

μεγαλο-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, ἡ, = μέγεθος.

μεγαλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχῆμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλο-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγαλόφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be high-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλόφροσύνη, ἡ, greatness of mind: in bad sense, *pride, haughtiness*.

μεγαλό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, φρῆν) big-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, *haughty*.

μεγαλόφωνία, ἡ, big talking, *vaunting*. From

μεγαλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλόψυχία, ἡ, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγαλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) big-souled, great-hearted, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. 2.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγαλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, ὄνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγαλῶστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, *bugely*: also magnificently.

μεγαλῶσύνη, ἡ, (μέγας), greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἀνὴρ) manly, heroic. [α]

Μέγαρα, ὠν, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεύς, εως, ὁ, α Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γῆ), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and Μεγαροῖ, Adv. at Megara.

μέγαρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the hall. 2. a woman's apartment. 3. a bed-chamber.

II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a house in plur. III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μέγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΓΑΛΑ, μεγάλη [α], μέγα: gen. μέγαλου, ης, ον: dat. μέγαλο, ρ, φ, acc. μέγαν, μέγα: dual μέγαλο, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in ος: but the regul. form ΜΕΓΑΛΟΣ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.:

large, big, great:—hence, I. great, vast, tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4. in bad sense, over-great, excessive: μέγα φρονεῖν to have too high, presumptuous thoughts.

III. besides the Adv. μέγαλως and μεγαλῶστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μέγαλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. of Adjs., far, μέγ ἀμείνων, far better. IV. Comp. μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέγας, ον; Dor. μέδων, Boeot. μέσσαν: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ἐς, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty.

μεγ-αυχής, ἐς, (μέγας, αἰχέω) vaunting, braggart.

μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, eos, τό, (μέγας) greatness, height; magnitude, bulk, size; *μεγάθει σμικρὸς small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in size*:—the acc. *μεγάθος* is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like *μεγάλως*, greatly, *λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly*: so too in pl., *ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες μεγά-θεα* rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μεγήρας, aor. I part. of *μεγαίρω*.
μεγ-ήρατος, ov, (μέγας, ἑρατός) passing lovely.
μεγιστάνες, ol, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men.
μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ios Att. eos, (μέγιστος, πό-λις) making cities greatest or most blest.
μέγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of μέγας.
μεγιστό-τιμος, ov, (μέγιστός, τιμή) greatest in honour.

μέδων, onτος, δ, = μέδω, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; **Ἰδθην μέδων* guardian of Ida. 2. fem. *μέδουσα*, = μέδουσα, always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μέδω, to rule.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.
ΜΕ'ΔΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also ἡ, the *medimnus* or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἐκτεῖς, 48 χοί-νικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ΜΕ'ΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. *μεδήσομαι*: Dep.: to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., *πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι*, to be thinking of, preparing for battle. II. to plan, contrive or devise.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδω, like μέδουσα, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

μέδω, onτος, δ, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

μέζα, av, τά, = μήδεα, the genitals.

μέζωνος, Ion. Adv. of μέζω.

μέζων, ov, Ion. for μέζων, Comp. of μέγας.

μεθ-αίρω, aor. 2 *μεθείλον* Ion. *μεθέλεσκον*:—to catch in turn.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. *μετά-λενος*:—to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after, overtake.

μεθ-ἡμέριος, Dor. for *μεθ-ημέριος*.

μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σω: aor. I *μεθάρμοσα*:—to dispose differently, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass. *μεθάρμοσμαι*, to alter one's way of life; *μεθάρμοσαι* (aor. I imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.

μεθήκα, Ep. for *μεθήκα*, aor. I of *μεθίημι*.

μεθεινᾶ, aor. 2 opt. of *μεθίημι*.

μεθειλον, aor. 2 of *μεθαίρω*.

μεθειναι, *μεθείς*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *μεθίημι*.

μεθίω, Ep. for *μεθέω*, *μεθῶ*, aor. 2 subj. of *μεθίημι*.

μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of *μετέχω*, one must share in.

μεθέλεσκε, Ion. for *μεθείλε*, c. sing. aor. 2 of *μεθαίρω*.

μεθέμεν, Ep. for *μεθειναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *μεθίημι*.

μέθεν, Dor. for *ἐμέθεν* = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.

μεθέξομαι, fut. of *μετέχω*.

μεθ-έπω, impf. *μεθείπον* Ep. *μέθεπον*: fut. *μεθέψω*: poet. aor. 2 *μετέσπον*, inf. *μετασπείν*, part. *μετασπών*: aor. 2 med. *μετεσπύμην*:—to follow after, follow closely, bard upon, chase, Lat. *insequi*. 2. to seek or search after. 3. to visit. 4. metaph. to manage, dispose; *ἄχθος νότω μετέπον disposing* a burden on his back.

II. trans., *Τυδείδην μέθεπον ἵππους* be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.
μεθ-ερμηνέω, f. σω, to translate.

μεθίστηκα, pf. of *μεθίστημι*.

μέθη, ἡ, (μέθυ) strong drink. II. drunkenness.

μεθήκα, aor. I of *μεθίημι*.

μεθ-ήκω, to have come in quest of.

μεθ-ήμαι, properly pf. of *μεθ-έξομαι*, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερινός, ἡ, ὁ, (μετά, ἡμέρα) happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. *diurnus*.

μεθ-ημέριος, ov, = *μεθημερινός*.

μεθημοσύνη, ἡ, remissness, carelessness. From

μεθ-ήμων, ov, gen. *ονος*, (μεθίημι) remiss, careless.

μεθηρμοσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of *μεθ-αρμόζω*.

μεθησέμεναι, *μεθησέμεν*, Ep. fut. inf. of *μεθίημι*.

μεθίεν, Ep. for *μεθίεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *μεθίημι*. [

μεθ-ίημι, inf. *μεθειναι* part. *μεθείς*: fut. *μεθήσω*: aor. I *μεθήκα* Ep. *μεθέκα*: aor. 2 inf. *μεθειναι* part.

μεθείς:—Med. *μεθίεμαι*: f. *μεθήσομαι*: 3 sing. aor. 2

μεθείτο, inf. *μεθέσθαι*.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing.

pres. *μεθείς*, *μεθεί* (as if from *μεθίω*), Ep. inf. *μεθ-*

ίμεν, *μεθίεμεναι*: 2 and 3 sing. impf. *μεθείς*, *μεθεί*

(as if from *μεθίω*), 3 pl. *μεθίεν* (for *μεθίεσαν*): aor. I

μεθήκα and *μεθέκα*: aor. 2 subj. *μεθίω* for *μεθῶ*,

inf. *μεθίμεν* for *μεθειναι*:—Herodotus has 3 sing.

pres. *μετεί* (not *μετεί*), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.

μετίετο or *ἐμετίετο* (for *μεθίετο*); fut. pass. *μετή-*

σομαι; pf. pass. part. *μεμετιμένος* (for *μεθειμέ-*

νος). I. trans. to set loose, let go, I. c. acc.

pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at li-

berty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw;

μεθίεναι χολόν to let go, give up one's wrath; *μεθ-*

ίεναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i. e. shed them; *μεθ-*

ίεναι γλώσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian

words. 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give

up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to

or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. 6.

to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. *μεθίε-*

σθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, *παιδὸς οὐ*

μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, *παῖδα*

οὐ μέησω. III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's

efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally,

to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. 2. c.

gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to

abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., *κλαύσας καὶ*

δδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed he left

off. [I in Att.; I in Ep., except *metri gratia*.]

μεθ-ίστηναι, collat. form of *μεθίστημι*.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut.

μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. *μετέστησα* and med. *-εστη-*

σάμην :—to place in another way : to substitute, change. 2. to put away, remove : generally, to remove from one place to another : so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετέστην [ᾱ]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθεσθήκειν :—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune hath changed for the army : to go over to another party, to revolt : hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method : hence to deal craftily with.

μεθ-οδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὁδός) a following after : a scientific inquiry or treatise : method, system.

μεθ-ομιλῶ, f. ἦσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὅρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμῶ, f. ἦσω, (μετά, ὁρμῶ) to urge in pursuit :—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμηθεὶς following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with νέας omitted : metaph. to remove from one place to another :—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕΘΥΤ, ὅος, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

μεθ-υδρία, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-υδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways : cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μεθύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gusbing with wine.

μεθύ-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, ὑποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μεθύσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσσω, f. ὕσω (ῥ), aor. I ἐμέθυσα :—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate :—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος.

μέθυσος, η, ον, also os, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity : neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυ-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλῆναι) reeling-drunk.

μεθυσιτής, οὗ, ὁ, (μέθυω) a drunkard.

μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσσω : (μέθυ) :—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion : to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 sub. of μεθύμι.

μει-ἀγαγῶ, f. σω, (μείω, ἀγαγός) to bring too little; μεταγαγεῖν τὴν τραγῳδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously : see μείων.

ΜΕΙΔΑΨ, ὦ, f. ἦσω : aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα :—to smile : for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος. Hence

μείδημα and μεδάριον, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδῶ, f. ὄσω [ᾱ], collat. form of μειδῶ, to smile : Ep. part. μειδῶν.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μειλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἰων, τὰ, (μείλισσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μειλίχια, ατας, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ scraps to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae. 3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, atonements.

μείλινος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, ashen.

μειλίσσω, f. ῶ : (μέλι) :—to make mild, to soothe, please : to treat kindly : to appease, propitiate :—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm :—Med. to use soothing words; μηδὲ τί μ' αἰδέομαι μειλίσσω μηδ' ἐλαίαν extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μειλίχος) mildness, gentleness : but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, soothing : in neut. pl., προσαυδᾶν μειλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words : cf. κερτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχο-γῆρυς, υ, (μειλίχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced. μειλίχο-δῶρον, ον, (μειλίχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μείων, ονος, τό, neut. of μείων, less, too small. II.

μείων, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείων, too light! see μει-αγωγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἦσω, (μείων, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor : c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence μειονεξία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μειώω, f. ὦσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in honour, degrade. 3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξαπάτης, ον, ὁ, (μειράκιον, ἐξαπατάω) a boy-cheater. [ᾱ]

μειρακίενομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) *to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous*, Lat. *adulescenturire*.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, *a lad, stripling*.

μειράκιον, Dep. (μείραξ) *to be a boy or lad*.

μειράκιος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, *a little girl*.

μειράκιος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, *a lad, stripling*.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, *a mere lad*.

ΜΕΙΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, *a boy or girl, lad or lass*.

ΜΕΙΡΟΜΑΙ: pf. ἐμείρορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. *to receive as one's portion or due*; c. acc., ἥμισυν μείροε τιμῆς *take half the honour as thy due*.

II. in pf. ἐμείρορα, *to have or obtain one's share of a thing*; c. gen., ἐμείροε τιμῆς *be bath gotten his share of honour*.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, *it is allotted or decreed by fate*; plpf. εἰμαρτο *it was so decreed*:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, ἡ, *on, allotted, decreed*; ἡ εἰμαρμένη (sub. μοίρα), *that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένην from πέπρωται*.

μείς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μῆν, *a month*.

μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μειώω) *a diminution: a fine*.

μείων, neut. μείον gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, *on, μελάγ-γειος, on, and μελάγ-γεως, on, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα = γῆ) with black soil, loamy*.

μελάγ-κερός, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) *black-horned*.

μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) *with a black bead*: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, *a bird, the blackcap*.

μελάγ-κροκος, *on, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails*.

μελαγ-χαίτης, *ou, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-haired*.

μελάγχεμα, *ων, τά, dark spots in snow*. From μελάγχμιος, *on, black, dark*. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as δυσ-χιμος from δυσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment*: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαῖνος, *on, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked*: οἱ Μελάγχλαινοὶ *a Scythian nation*.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) *to be jaundiced or melancholy*.

μελάγ-χολος, *on, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced*.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροῖς, ἑς, (μέλας, χροά) = μελάγχροος.

μελάγ-χροος, *on, contr. -χρους, on, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy*: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχρους.

μελαγ-χρῶς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρῶς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλας) *the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling*: also *the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice*. II. generally, *a roof*: in pl., like Lat. *tecta, a house*.

μελαθρόφιν, poet. gen. of μελαθρον.

μελαῖνω, f. ανῶ —Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μεμέλασμαι: (μέλας):—*to blacken, make black*:—Pass. *to grow black or dark, turn black*.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἑς, (μέλας, βάθος) *deep in darkness*.

μελαμ-βάφης, ἑς, (μέλας, βαφῆναι) *dark-dyed*.

μελάμ-βωλος, *on, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil*.

μελάμ-πάγης, ἑς, Dor. for μελαμπηγῆς, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) *black-clotted*: generally, *black, discoloured*.

μελάμ-πέπλος, *on, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed*.

μελάμ-πέταλος, *on, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved*.

μελάμ-πτερος, *on, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged*.

μελαμ-φῆς, ἑς, (μέλας, φῶς) *with darkness for light*.

μελάμ-φυλλος, *on, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded*.

μέλαν, ἄνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) *black dye, ink*.

μελᾶν-αἰγίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἰγίς) *with dark aegis*.

μελᾶν-αυγίς, ἑς, (μέλας, αὐγή) *dark-gleaming*.

μελᾶν-δετος, *on, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black*: σάκος μελάνδετον *an iron-rimmed shield*.

μελαν-δόκος, *on, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink*: κίστη μελανδόκος *an ink-stand*.

μελᾶν-δρυον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) *heart of oak*.

μελᾶν-εἰμων, *on, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment*.

μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either *to make dark* (from μελᾶνω = μελανῶ), or *to grow dark* (from μελανεῖω).

μελ-ανθίς, ἑς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) *with black blossoms*: generally, *black-coloured*.

μελάνια, ἡ, (μέλας) *a black cloud*.

μελᾶν-ζυῖ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) *with black benches*.

μελᾶν-κάρδιος, *on, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded*.

μελᾶν-ὀμμάτιος, *on, (μέλας, ὀμμα) black-eyed*.

μελᾶν-οκεῖο-εἰμων, *on, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black sbroud*.

μελᾶν-πτερος, *on, and μελᾶν-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged*.

μελᾶν-οστος, *on, (μέλας, ὄσσε) black-eyed*.

μελᾶν-οστος, for μελᾶνόςτεος, *on, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned*.

μελᾶν-ουρος, *on, fem. μελᾶν-ουρίς, ἰδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed*.

μελᾶν-οχρος, *on, = μελάγχροος*.

μελᾶν-οχρως, *oos, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρως*.

μελαν-τείχης, ἑς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) *with black walls*.

μελάντερος, a, *on, Comp. of μέλας*.

μελαν-τράγης, ἑς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) *black when eaten*.

μελᾶν-υδρος, *on, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water*. [ᾶ]

ΜΕΛΑΪΣ, Aeol. μέλαις, μέλαινα, μέλᾶν: gen. μέλανος, μελαινῆς, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—*black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky*. II. Comp. μελᾶν-τερος, a, *on*.

ΜΕΛΑΔΩ, only used in pres. *to melt, make liquid*:—Pass. μελδομαι, *to melt, grow liquid*.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, *my friend, my dear*: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαίνω, (μέλω) *to care for, be cumbered or anxious about*, c. gen. II. *to tend, attend upon*, c. acc. Hence

μελέδημα, atos, τό, care, anxiety, concern. II. *the thing cared for*. Hence

μελεδήμων, on, gen. onos, caring for, anxious about. II. busy.

μελεδών, ōnos, ἡ, = μελεδώνη.

μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, poet. for μελεδωνός.

μελεδωνός, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδωνός) care, sorrow.

μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδωνός) one who takes care of, a guardian, steward : a keeper or tender.

μέλει, impers., see μέλω.

μελειστί, Adv. (μελίστω) limb from limb.

μελεο-πάθής, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) suffering misery.

μελεό-πονος, on, (μέλεος, πόνος) labouring in misery.

μέλεος, α, on, also os, on, (μέλω) fruitless, vain, empty : neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain. 2. unhappy, wretched.

μελεό-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) wretched in mind.

μελίσσι-περος, on, (μέλος, πτερόν) singing with its wings.

μέλειται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.

μελετάω, f. ἥσω :—to care for, c. gen. II. c.

acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere : to court : to practise, exercise ; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom ; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τότῳ to practise with the bow : absol. to practise, exercise oneself ; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετᾶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice : absol. to take heed, take thought. 2. c.

acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From

μελήτη, ἡ, (μέλωμαι) care, attention 2. practice, exercise. II. care, anxiety.

μελήτημα, atos, τό, (μελετάω) a practice, study.

μελητρός, α, ὁ, ὅν, (μελετάω) practising diligently.

μελητητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, one must practise.

μελέτωρ, opos, ὁ, (μέλω) one who cares for, a guardian, avenger.

μεληδών, ōnos, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.

μέλημα, atos, τό, (μέλω) an object of care : a beloved object. II. a charge, duty : care, anxiety.

μελησμέν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.

μελησίμ-βροτος, on, (μέλησις, βροτός) cared for by men.

Μελητίδης [χ], on, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μέλητος.

ΜΕΛΙ΄, ἵτος, τό, Lat. MEL, honey.

μελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the ash, Lat. fraxinus : from its toughness it was used for spears. II. a spear.

μελί-βόας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) with honey-tone.

μελί-βρομος, on, (μέλι, βρέμω) honey-toned.

μελί-γδουπος, on, (μέλι, δουπέω) sweet-sounding.

μελί-γδους Dor. -γαρυσ, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γήρυς) honey-voiced, musical.

μελί-γλωσσος, on, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) honey-tongued.

μελίγυμα, atos, τό, (μελίζω) song : a pipe.

μελίζω Dor. μελίσσω, (μέλος) to modulate, warble, play : so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι. 2.

trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.

μελί-ηδής, ἐς, (μέλι, ἡδύς) honey-sweet : metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing.

μελί-θρεπτος, on, (μέλι, τρέφω) honey-fed.

μελί-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (μέλι, θροέω) sweet-sounding.

μελί-κρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) a honeycomb.

μελί-κομπος, on, (μέλι, κομπέω) sweet-sounding.

μελί-κράτος Ion. -κρήτος, on, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) mixed with honey : μελί-κρητον Att. -κρήτον, τό, a drink of honey and milk offered as a libation.

μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, (μελίζω) a singer, player, esp. a flute-player.

μελί-λωτον, τό, also μελί-λωτος, ὁ, (μέλι, λωτός) melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained.

ΜΕΛΙ΄ΝΗ, ἡ, millet, Lat. paniceum : in pl. millet-fields. [χ]

μείλιος Ep. μείλινος, η, on, (μελία) ashen, Lat. fraxineus.

Μελίνο-φάγοι, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγειν) the Millet-eaters, name of a Thracian tribe.

μελί-παις, παῖδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) with honey-children, epith. of the bee-hive.

μελί-πνοος, on, contr. -πνοος, on, (μέλι, πνέω) honey-breathing, sweet-breathing.

μελίρ-ροος, on, (μέλι, ρέω) flowing with honey.

μελίρ-ρύτος, on, = μελίρροος.

μελίσσω, Dor. for μελίζω : μελίσσεν, Dor. inf.

μέλισμα, atos, τό, (μελίζω) a song, chant : a tune.

μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ἡ, (μέλι) a bee. 2.

a priestess of Delphi. II. honey itself.

μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, α, on, (μέλισσα) of, belonging to bees ; μελίσσειον κηρίον a honeycomb.

μελισσό-βοτος, on, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) fed on by bees.

μελισσο-νόμος, on, (μέλισσα, νέμω) keeping bees. II.

(μέλισσα 1. 2) a priestess.

μελισσο-πόνος, on, (μέλισσα, πονέω) tending bees.

μελισσο-σός, on, (μέλισσα, σός) guardian of bees.

μελισσό-τοκος, on, (μέλισσα, τεκνέω) produced by bees, bonied.

μελισσο-τρόφος, on, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) feeding bees.

μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ōnos, ὁ, (μέλισσα) a bee-house, apiary.

μελι-στάγης, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) dropping honey.

μελί-στακτος, on, = μελιστάγης.

μελίττα, ἡ, (μέλι) a herb, baulm, Lat. apiastrum.

μελί-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρω) honey-sweet.

Μελιτίδης, false form for Μελητίδης.

μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) bonied, sweet. II.

made of honey : as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα

(sub. μᾶα), ἡ, a honey-cake.

μελιτο-πώλης, on, ὁ, (μέλι, παλέω) a dealer in honey.

μελιτοῦττα, v. μελιτόεις.

μελίττω, f. ὥσω, (μέλι) to sweeten with honey.

μέλιττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, a bee.

μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, a small bee.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for με-
λισσ-.

μελιτ-ώδης, es, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελιτώμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτώ) a honey-cake. [ῥ]

μελί-φθογγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced,
sweet-toned, bonied.

μελί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind,
delicious.

μελί-φρυτος, ον, (μέλι, φρύω) mixed with honey.

μελί-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as
honey, tawny.

μελί-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χρῶς)
honey-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, es, (μελιχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελί-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, χρῶς) = μελιχρους.

μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. de-
lays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending
or threatening to do: an intention. II. an un-
fulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γῆμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέλλω, δείπνον) played at
the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering;
with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, ον, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be
wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of mar-
riageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. ἐμέλλον: fut. μελήσω: aor. I
ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἤμελλον,
ἤμελλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about
to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II.
to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἐμέλλον
which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to
be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must:

μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι Διὶ πατρὶ it must be that I am
hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability;

τὰ δὲ μέλλει' ἀκούμεν you are likely to have heard
of it; ὅτι πον μέλλουσιν ἄριστοι βουλάς βουλευέιν
where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III.

to be always going to do, meaning to do, without
doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV.

μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to
govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted;
ὅ τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε, what
you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων
is also used so, as ὁ μέλλων χρόνος the future time;
ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in
neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the
issue, result.

μελλῶ, οὖς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογράφος, ἡ, song-writing. From

μελο-γράφω, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, ὄν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems:
as Subst., μελοποιός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛ'ΑΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλεα limb by
limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry,

choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set,
an air, melody.

μελο-τύπτω, f. ἦσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a
strain, chant.

μέληπθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, fes-
tivity, sport; μέληπθρα κυνῶν a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Melpromenē, the Songstress, the Muse
of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐμεψα: (μέλος):—to sing,
celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλ-

πομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπομαι κιθαρίζω to
sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of
Mars, i.e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing,
celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or
thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly

in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἐμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and
fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care
to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est
mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care

to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρὴ τάδε μέλειν it is right that
these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is

often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me
for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει,
μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these
things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. ἐμέμηλε with

pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει,
with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμη-

λότα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and
plqpf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέ-

ληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense;
ἦ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is

no longer a care to these; μέμβλετο οἱ ταῖχος the
wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλω,

Med. μέλωμαι are also found in trans. sense, to care
for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take

care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολέμοιο μεμνήως
busted with war; also in aor. I pass. μεληθήναι, to

care for, take care of.

μελωδός, f. ἦσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence

μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελ-φδός, ὄν, (μέλος, φδῆ) singing, musical.

μέμας, pf. of *μάω: 3 pl. μεμάσι.

μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μαθάνω.

μεμάκεια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μηκάμαι.

μεμάμεν, Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμάνημαι [μά], pf. of μαίνομαι, formed as if from
*μανέομαι.

μεμᾶότες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμᾶποιν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπω.

μεμαρπώς, pf. part. of μάρπω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

μεμῶς, μεμῶνι, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμῶτες, μεμῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, nom. and acc. plur.

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέλθαι, ἐμεμέλθω, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of βλώσσω.

μεμβράνα, ἡ, Lat. *membrana*, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑ'Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a small kind of anchovy. [ᾱ]

μεμέλῃκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίμι.

μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μεμήλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχανμένος, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμιάσμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μεμίμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμνᾶμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μμνήσκει.

μμένο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μμνήσκει.

μεμνώτο, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μμνήμαι, pf. pass. of μμνήσκει, inf. μμνήσθαι.

μμνήμην, μμνήμην, pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μμνήστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μμνώμι, pf. subj. pass. of μμνήσκει.

Μέμνων, ονος, ὁ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute.

μεμόλυκα, -υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

μέμωνα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμونه my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

μεμоруγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μоруσσω.

μεμоруμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μоруώ.

μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blame-worthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μεμύκα, pf. of μμύκαομαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕΜΦΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεψάμην, pass. ἐμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., ὁ μάλιστα μέμφονται ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψι-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μεμψις, εως, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof.

2. a complaint.

ΜΕΝ, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand* . . . , *on the other*; as *well* . . . as, *while*: μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἐπειτα, αὐτε, αἰδῖς; also by μέντοι, εἴτα. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, ὥς μὲν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Μέν was orig. the same as μὴν, and ἡ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἡ μὴν as a form of protestation. II. μέν before other Particles:

1. μέν ἄρα, Ep. μέν ἄρα, accordingly, and so. 2. μέν γε or μέν . . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. *certe*. 3. μέν δὲ however. 4. μέν οὖν or μενοῦν, Lat. *imo vero*, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μὲν οὖν γε or μενοῦν γε, yea rather. 5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. b. to recall what has gone before, now. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ον, ὁ, (μένω, αἰχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαίνω μάχῃς to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, ες, (μένω, ἔγχος) steadfast in fight.

μενε-δήϊος, ον, (μένα, δῆϊος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήναεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Μενέ-λαός, Att. Μενέλεως Dor. Μενέλας, ὁ, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεσθεύς, εως, Ion, ἦος, ὁ, (μένω) Menesbeus, i. e. the Abider.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ἡ, ὄν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, long-suffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ῶ]

μενε-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εἰκής, ἐς, (μένω, εἰκός from *εἰκώ) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοινάω, ἡ ὥσιν: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινάω, 3 sing. μενοινάα: Ep. aor. I μενοίνησα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσει: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ἡ, eager desire.

μενοινάω, Ep. for μενοινάω.

ΜΕΝΟΣ, εος, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood. II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally, temper, disposition.

III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like βίη, 'tis; as ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinou's himself.

μενούν, μέντοι, etc., v. sub μέν π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr. μενέω: aor. ἔμεινα: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Dor. μερίσσω, f. ξω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:

—Med. to divide among themselves.

μερίμνᾳ, ἡ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνάω, f. ἴσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλὰ μεριμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνηκα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who is careful about things. μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέριμνα, φροντίζω) an ever-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, ὁ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, ὁ, (μερίς) a partaker. [ἔ]

μέριμος, ον, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέριμα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέριμνᾶ, ἡ, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence μεριμνρίζω, f. ἴζω: Ep. aor. ἰ μερήριζα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to besitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΡΜΙΣ, ἴθος, ἡ, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπότης, ον, (μέροψ) human.

ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἐμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοῦμουν or τὸ σὸν μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me attinet. 3. ἐν μέρει τιθεῖν, to put in the class of . . . consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. in numero habere.

μέρ-ου, οπος, ὁ, (μέρομαι, ὄψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέε, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾱ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βοῦς) a leathern strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσοπόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρή, ἡ, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημ-.

μεσάτιος, ον, μεσάτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μεσάτος and μεσάτιος.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or ball:—as Subst. μέσσαυλος, ὁ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἡ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μέζων.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσσηγύ, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst.,

μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγύ ἡματος midday, noon.

μεσῆς, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. μεσ-αμβρή, ἡ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἵσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridiari.

μεσημβρινός, ἡ, ὁν, commoner form for μεσημεριός, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάληη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός.

μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσήρης, ες, (μέσος, ἀράρειν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος ἐπὶ μεσῆρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεσιτεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσίτης, ον, ὁ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [ἔ]

μεσίτης, ἰδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσδ-γαίος or -γειος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσδ-γεως, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσδ-δμη, ἡ, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσδόμεν) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσδόμεν the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβής, ἐς, (μέσως, λαβεῖν) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, *ον*, (μένος, λεῦκος) *middling white, half white.*

μεσ-ὀμφαλος, *ον*, (μέσος, ὀμφαλός) *in mid-navel, central, midmost*, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, *ον*, (μέσος, νύξ) *of or at midnight*: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., *at midnight.*

μεσο-παγής Ep. μεσσοπ-, *ἐς*, (μέσος, παγήναι) *driven to the middle.*

μεσο-πᾶλής, *ἐς*, Ep. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παλήναι) *swung or poised by the middle.*

μεσο-πόρος, *ον*, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) *in the midway, traversing the centre.*

μεσο-ποτάμιος, *α, ον*, (μέσος, ποταμός) *between rivers*: as Subst., ἡ Μεσσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), *Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.*

μεσο-πύλη, ἡ, = μέση πύλη, *the middle gate.* [ῥ]

ΜΕΨΟΣ Ep. μέσσος, *η, ον*: I. *middle, in the middle*, Lat. *medius*; μέσον ἡμῶν *mid-day*: in Att. also c. gen. *between, midway between*:—*proverb. from the wrestling ring, ἔχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle.*

II. *middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank.* III.

as Subst., μέσον, τό, *the middle, the space between*: also, *common ground*; ἐς μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι *to set a prize before all, in public*, Lat. *in medio ponere*; so, ἐς μέσον ἀμφοτέροις δικάζειν *to judge fairly or impartially for both*; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέξασθαι *to remain neutral*; διὰ μέσον, *between*; and of Time, *meantime, in the meantime.* IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. *in the middle, like μέσως, moderately.* V.

poët. Comp. μεσαίτερος, Sup. μεσαίτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, *ἐς*, (μέσος, σχίζω) *split in two.*
μεσότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (μέσος) *a middle, a mean between two extremes*, Lat. *mediocritas.*

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοίχος, *a partition-wall.*

μεσοτομέω, *to cut through the middle, bisect.* From μεσό-τομος, *ον*, (μέσος, τεμνέω) *cut through the middle, cut in twain.*

μεσο-ουράνημα, *ατος, τό*, (μέσος, ουρανός) *the meridian or zenith.* 2. *the mid-heaven.*

μεσώ, *φ. ὥσω*, (μέσος) *to be in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate*; ἡμέρα μεσούσα *midday, noon*; θέρος μεσούν *midsummer.* 2. c. gen. *to be in the middle of, μεσούν τῆς ἀναβάσιος to be in the middle of the ascent.*

ΜΕΨΠ-ΑΟΝ, τό, *the medlar-tree: a medlar.*

μέσσαςτος, *η, ον*, = μέσαςτος, poët. for μέσος.

μέσσο-αυλος, ὁ, or μέσσο-αυλον, τό, poët. for μέσανυλ-.

μεσηγνύ, μεσηγνύς, poët. for μεσηγ-.

μεσσηγής, *ἐς*, poët. for μεσσηγής.

Μεσσίας, *ου, ὁ*, Heb. *the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed.*

μεσσοῦθεν, Ep. for μεσούθεν, Adv. (μέσος) *from the middle.*

μεσοῦθι, Ep. for μεσούθι, Adv. (μέσος) *in the middle.*

μεσσο-πᾶλής, μεσσο-πόρος, poët. for μεσσο-.

μέσσος, *η, ον*, poët. for μέσος.

ΜΕΣΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, *full, filled, filled full*:—c. gen. *full of, filled with a thing*: metaph. *sated, disgusted with a thing*: c. part., μεστὸς ἦν θυμούμενος *he had his fill of anger.*

μεστός, *φ. ὥσω*, (μεστός) *to fill full, glut, cram*:—Pass. *to be filled or full of.*

μέσφᾶ, poët. Adv. for μέχρι, *till, until*, c. gen.; μέσφ' ἡούς *till morn*:—μέσφ' ὅτε *until.*

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, *moderately, moderately.*

ΜΕΤΑ, poët. μετά, Dor. πεδά or πέδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.

WITH GEN. *in the midst of, among, between.* II. *in common with, with the help or favour of*; μετ' Ἀθηναίης *with the help of Athens.* III. *with, by means of*; as μετ' ἀρετῆς προτρεῖν.

WITH DAT. only poët. properly of persons, *among, in company with*: sometimes, *besides, over and above*; πύματος μετὰ οἷς ἑταίροις *last over and above his companions.* 2. of things, *in the midst of, with, as*, μετὰ νηυσί, κύμασι, ἀστράσι; so also, μετὰ πνοιῆς ἀνέμοιο *in company with the winds.*

WITH ACCUS. of motion, *coming into or among*, as μετὰ φύλα θεῶν, μετὰ λαόν: generally, *after, in quest or pursuit of*, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence *with a view to, looking to*; πόλεμον μετὰ θαρήσσοντο *they armed for the battle.* II. of Place, *after, next after, behind*; μετὰ κτῖλον ἔσπετο μῆλα *the sheep followed after the bell-wether.* 2. of Time, *after, next to*; μετὰ ταῦτα *thereafter*:—also, μεθ' ἡμέραν *in the course of the day*, Lat. *interdiu.* 3. of order of Rank, *next to, next after, after*; κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ μέν' ἀμύμονα Πηλείωνα *the fairest man after the son of Peleus.* III. *after, according to*; μετὰ σὸν καὶ ἐμὸν κῆρ *as you and I wish.* IV. *among, in, between*, as with dat.; μετὰ πάντας ἀριστος *best of all, among all.*

AS ADV. *among them, with them.* II. *and then, next afterwards.* III. *thereafter, afterwards*; μετὰ γὰρ καὶ ἄλγεσι τέρπεται ἀνὴρ *one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.*

Μέτα is often used for μέτεστι, *q. v.*

IN COMPOS. μετά implies community or participation, as in μετα-διδωμι. II. *interval of space or time, between, during*, as in μετ-αίχμιον. III. *succession of time*, as in μετ-αυτίκα. IV. *towards, in pursuit, following*, as in μετα-διώκω, μετ-οίχομαι. V. *letting go*, as in μεθ-ίημι. VI. *after, behind*, as in μετὰ-φρενον. VII. *backwards, back again, reversely*, as in μετὰ-τρέπω, μετα-στρέφω. VIII. *most freq. of change of place, condition, mind*, etc. as in μετα-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γυγνώσκω, etc.

μετάβα, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*: aor. 2 μετέβην: pf. μετα-βέβηκα:—*to pass over, to pass on*: generally, *to pass*

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I

μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.
μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβηκα, pass. -βέβηκα:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i.e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose. III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose. 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ἀσ, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβάσις, ἡ, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting, changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks. 2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μετα-βουλέω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, Βουλή) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ῆ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-ἄγγελος, ον, ὁ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. intermuncius.

Μετα-γειτωνίαν, ὥνος, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacedaemonian Karveios, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: pf. -γνώσκω: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μετάγνοις, εως, ἡ, (μεταγνῶναι) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -άγω: aor. 2 μετέγαγον:—to convey from one place to another. II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαινύμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδίδομαι, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμος, ον, (μετά, δῆμος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-διαίτῳ, f. ἡσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share. II. to give after.

μετα-δίωμι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From μετα-δίωκος, f. -διώξομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely. II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. -δέξω: aor. I -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμα:—to change one's opinion: to impers. μεταδοκεῖ, μεταδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένοι μοι μὴ στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπτος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μεταδόσις, ἡ, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετα-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἡ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξ, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke and put to another carriage.

μεταθέσις, ἡ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά.

μετα-ίξω, poet. for μεθίξω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίξω.

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go away, depart.

μετ-αίρσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αἰτέω, f. ἡσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-αἷτος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αἷτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνον an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αἰχμός, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αἰχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-κανίζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετα-καλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετὰ-κίθω, only used in *impf.*, to follow after : either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκίθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετα-κινέω, f. ἴσω, to remove : to change, alter :—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακινήτος, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed : to be changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετα-κλάνω, to break and so change.

μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction : —Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετά-κοινος, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετα-κύλινδω, f. ἴσω, to roll away ; μετακυλινδεῖν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετά-κύμιος, ον, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves ; ἄτας μετακύμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [ῥ]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήθομαι, to get a share of.

μετα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήθομαι : pf. -είληφα : pass. -είλημμαι :—to have or get a share of, to partake in : —Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινας to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης ; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτὼν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετ-αλγέω, f. ἴσω, to feel remorse, to repent.

μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγῃ, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change ; μεταλλαγή τὰς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : aor. I μετέλλαξα : to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάληγος.

μετ-αλλάω, f. ἴσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously : to question : also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining : to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μετα-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From μέτ-αλλον, τὸ, a mine, quarry ; ἄλδς μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine : mostly in pl., χρύσεια καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things ; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρυσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάμηνος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετα-μάσιος, ον, (μετά, μαζός) between the breasts : μεταμασίον, τὸ, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι : aor. 2 μετέμαθον : to learn differently : to unlearn one thing and learn another ; Lat. dediscere.

μετ-αίειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil ; also in Med. 2. to change, remove. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from ; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει : aor. I μετεμέλησε : I. impers. it repents me, rue me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti : also, μεταμέλει μοι οὕτως ἀπολογησαμένῳ I repent of having so defended myself : absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me ; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. 2. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστωνι μετέμελε τὸ εἰρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance : and

μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμέληθην : Dep. : (μετά, μέλω) :—to feel repentance, to rue, regret : absol. to change one's purpose.

μετά-μελος, ὁ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετα-μέλομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among.

μετα-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετα-μίννυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with.

μετα-μίσγω, = μεταμίννυμι.

μετα-μορφόομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed : to be transfigured.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform : Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-ἄμνιος, ον, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind : vain, idle, bootless ; μετᾶμνια βάζειν to talk idly.

μετ-αναγινώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose : —Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετα-ναίεσθαι, to dwell with.

μετα-ναίετης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-ανάστεις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετα-νάστης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ον, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of μεταγινώσκω.

μετ-ανέστηκα, -ανέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετ-ανίστημι.

μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

aor. 2 μετανέστην, pf. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3. to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ἡ, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλήω, f. ἦσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, between, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυσωλή, ἡ, rest between times.

μετα-πειθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μεταπεμπτός, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from

μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτάμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέπτωκα: 2. to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2. of votes, to change sides. 3. of conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but

also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποινίος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: aor. 1 pass. μετεπορεύην: Dep. —to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ἐς, distinguished among. From μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, aor. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ἦσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ᾄριθμος, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among.

μεταρ-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ἴσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ἦσω, (μετάσιος, λέσχη) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ἡ, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάσσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετέωρος, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιόω, f. ὥσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 μετεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass. —to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπών, aor. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσαι, αἱ, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and ἔρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισσίς from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθῶ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ἡ, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ἡλίου an eclipse. 2. μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. de- cease.

II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, aor. 1 part., and fut., of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -λί, Adv. (μετά, στοιχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στοναχίζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράπτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's camp.

μεταστράφῃσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω.

μεταστρεφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of μεταστρέφω.

μετα-τρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—Pass., aor. 1 μετεστρέφην, aor. 2 μετεστρέφην [ᾱ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in aor. 1 part. μεταστρεφθείς. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter.

II. intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen.

3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετώσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (μετέχω) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾱ, (μετά, σχῆμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 μετέθηκα:—to place among.

II. to place differently, change, alter:—Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι τὴν γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -τρέξω, aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol. δρέω) :—to run after.

μετα-τροπᾶλλομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ov, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπάω, f. ἦσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετα-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετα-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετα-αὐθίς Ion. -αὐτις, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετα-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert: —Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among.

μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I μετεχειρίσαμην:—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ov, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μεταρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ov, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψάλλω, to brush against.

μετάσει, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται.

μετέγνω, aor. 2 of μεταγινώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. I of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέιπε, etc.

μετέησι, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. I of μετατίθημι.

μετελήφα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσσομαι: (μετά, εἰμι

sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers., μέτεσι τοι τινος I have a share of a thing; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim:—sometimes with a nom., μέτεσι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, εἰμι ibo) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2. to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to. III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετ-εἶπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετάφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετείς, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθίημι.

μετείσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of μέτειμι (εἰμι ibo).

μετείμι, Ep. for μετά, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εμβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκίβην, impf. of μετακίβαθαι.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμαθον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβίβῳ, f. -βιβῶ Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εμφύτος, ov, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engraved afresh.

μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέω, to speak among.

μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἕτεροι) some others.

μετόν, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετέπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετ-ερχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come among. 2. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger: in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασεύομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετ-εύχομαι, f. -εύχομαι, Dep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μετάφημι.

μετέχω, f. μεθέλω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.; also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθὸν τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἰώω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass., μετειασιθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ἦσω, (μετέωρος, κύπτω) to prate about the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογία, f. ἦσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a treatise on the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.

μετέωρος Ep. μετ-ήσος, ου, (μετά, ἔωρα or αἰώρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air. 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II.

metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. *specerectus*: hence wavering, fluctuating. III. τὰ μετέωρα, things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations.

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, ὁ, a meteorological philosopher.

μετεωρο-φίνας, ἄκος, ὁ, a meteorological quack.

μετήγαγον, aor. 2 of μεταγάω.

μετήλθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετήλλαξα, aor. 1 of μεταλλάσσω.

μετ-ήνιμος, ου, (μετά, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind.

μετ-ήσος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετήρα, aor. 1 of μεταίρω.

μετήσσεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήσσεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθήμι.

μετήνδων, as, α, impf. of μετανάω.

μετλει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθήμι; also 3 sing. pres.

μετλιο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθήμι.

μετήλυμι, μετ-ίστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.

μετ-ίσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία 1. 2. the Captivity of the Jews. From

μετοίκω, f. ἦσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.; c. dat. loci, to settle in. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence

μετοίκησις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία 1: and μετοικία, ἡ, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as μέτοικος, a settlement: society. 2. the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.

μετ-οικίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, to lead to another abode: —Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate.

μετοικικός, ὁ, ὅν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος: τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.

μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by the μέτοικοι at Athens. From

μέτ-οικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewhere. II. at Athens, μέτοικος, ὁ and ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. *inquilinus*.

μετοικο-φύλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.

μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through.

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name: —Pass. to take a new name.

μετ-όπιν, Adv. = μετόπισθε.

μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, from behind, backwards: —of Time, after, afterwards. II. as Prep. with gen. behind.

μετοπαρινός, ὁ, ὅν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὥπαρα) the season after ὥπαρα, late autumn; cρ. φθινόπωρον.

μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the space between rows of vines.

μετ-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτειμι intersum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετ-οχάλιζω, f. ἰώω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way.

μετοχάλισσεαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of μετοχάλιζω.

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) partaking of: —as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ἦσω, (μέτρον) to measure. I. of Space, to measure, i.e. pass over, Lat. *metiri*, *emetiri*: —Med.,

μετρεῖσθαι ἔχνη to measure the footmarks with the eyes. II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence.

μέτρημα, ατος, τό, that which is measured out: 1. a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement.

μετρητής, ου, ὁ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. *metræta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12

χόες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held $\frac{2}{3}$ of a μετρητής.

μετρητός, ὁ, ὅν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable.

μετριάζω, f. σω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans. to moderate.

μετριοπάθεω, f. ἦσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From

μετριο-πάθής, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Sup. μετριοποτίστας.

μέτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of size, *of average or ordinary height*. II. of Number, few. III. of Degree, *holding to the mean, moderate*: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον the mean. 2. tolerable. 3. of Persons, moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. 4. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίως, see μέτριος.
μετριότης, ητος, ἡ, (μέτριος) *moderation*.
μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comp. μετρίωτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself. 3. any space measured or measurable; μέτρον ὄρμου the size of the harbour; μέτρον ἡβης the full measure or prime of youth. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness. III. metre, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ῥυθμός (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.
μετ-ωνμία, ἡ, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy.
μετ-ωπιδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forehead foremost, fronting*: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρως, in column.

μετωπίδων, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forehead*.
μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, the forehead.
μέτ-ωπον, τό, (μέτα, ὥψ) *the space between the eyes, the forehead, front*. II. the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) *with ingenious countenance*.

μευ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.
ΜΕΨΧΡ, rarely μέχρως even before a vowel: I. Prep. with gen. *until, unto, to a given point*, 1. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης as far as the sea. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρις until when? μέχρις οὐ; μέχρις ὅσου; until when? how long? μέχρι τίνος for a space; μέχρι τοῦδε until now. II. in Ion., μέχρι οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οὐ ὀκτὼ πύργων, as far as eight towers, instead of μέχρις οὐ ὀκτὼ πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunct. until, with indic., μέχρι ἔως ἐγένετο till morning came; with ἄν and subj., μέχρι ἄν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν till we see this; also, μέχρι οὐ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one *thinks* a thing is not, οὐ that it is not: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδὴ, ἔως ἄν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὥς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὥς μή .. ὀλωνται that

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πυνέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειν ἂν the not-knowing would grieve me. 4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπενείκας = εἰ μὴ ἀπήνκει, if he had not carried away. II. μή is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sentence: I. with the pres. imperat, μὴ λέγε. 2. with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέξης. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γὰρ ὅγ' ἔλθοι ἀνὴρ O that he may not come!

B. μή, CONJUNCTION, that not, lest, Lat. ne: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ I flee lest I may be caught. II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθεῖν I fled lest I might be caught.

III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γένηται, Lat. vereor ne fiat, I fear lest it happen, i.e. I fear it will happen.—For this subj., the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μή is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations: ἴστω Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενείκαι Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, ὅδς μὴ Ὀδυσσεύς οἶκαδ' ἰέσθαι. V. μή is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, καλύειν, εἰργεῖν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κάλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδόν.

C. AS INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἢ μή ποῦ .. φάσθε; surely ye did not say? 2. μή is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by whether, as, δίδωκε μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτέα εἶπεν I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i.e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μὴ γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, no certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα, let him not say the name; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω], no, certainly.

μὴ γε, not at least, strengthd. for μή.

μηδ-ἄμά and **μηδ-ἄμη**, Adv. of **μηδαμός**, nowhere. II. in nowise, not at all.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (**μηδαμός**) *from no place*; **μηδαμόθεν** ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδαμῶτι, Adv. *nowhere*: and **μηδαμοῖ**, Adv. *nowhither*. From **μηδ-ἄμός**, ἡ, ὥν, for **μηδὲ ἄμός**, not even one, not any one, no one, none. Hence **μηδαμοῦ**, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδαμῶς, Adv. of **μηδαμός**, in no way, not at all.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) but not, and not, nor, Lat. neque, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, **μηδὲ** .. **μηδέ** .., neither .. nor .., Lat. neque .. neque ..

II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. ne .. quidem.

μηδ-εἰς, **μηδ-εἰς**, **μηδ-έν**, gen. **μηδενός**, **μηδεμῶς**,

μηδενός, etc.:—declined like εἷς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἷς) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. ὁ or ἡ μηδέν (sc. ὧν, οὐσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—τό μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδέ-ποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέ-πω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδέ-πώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

μηδ-έτερος, α, ov, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two.

μηδ-ετέρωρε, Adv. to neither side.

μή δῆ, nay do not.

Μηδίξω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the Medes, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικά (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman.

Μηδισμός, ὁ, (Μηδίξω) a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδο-κτόνος, ov, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying.

μηδομαι, f. μῆσομαι: aor. I ἐμῆσαμην: Dep.: (μη-δος):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδ-οπότερος, α, ov, (μηδέ, ὀπότερος) neither of the two.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, eos, τό, only used in plur. μῆδεα, counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μήτις, care, anxiety: σὰ μῆδεα care for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδ-οστισοῦν, neut. μηδοτιοῦν, for μηδὲ ὅστις οὖν, μηδὲ ὅ τι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μῆδος) counsel, prudence.

Μηδο-φόνος, ov, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηδεῖς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδεῖς, μηθέν.

ΜΗΚΑΨΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μᾶκων: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκός, shortd. fem. μεμῆκνῃ (so βέβηρχα, μεμῆκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον:—to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, shriek, cry.

μηκός, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μή, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further.

μήκιστος, η, ov, Dor. and Att. μᾶκιστος, [α], α, ov, (μήκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μήκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, eos, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μήκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness.

μη-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. -ῶν Ion. -ῶν Dor. μᾶκύνω: (μήκος):

—to lengthen, prolong. 2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνει λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνει βοήν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμακύναντο κώλοισιν erected a tall statue.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μάκων, ἡ, the porphy. 2. the head of a porphy. 3. porphy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μήλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus.

μηλείος, ov, also α, ov, (μήλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for Melis or Malia.

Μηλιάδες or Μηλίδης, αἱ, (μήλον α or β) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis. II. as Adj., Μηλιεύς κόλπος the Maliae gulf.

μήλινος, η, ov, Dor. μάλινος, α, ov, (μήλον β) of an apple-tree.

Μήλιος, α, ov, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Μηλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and μηλο-βότης, ov, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μήλον, βόσκη) a shepherd.

μηλό-βοτος, ov, (μήλον, βόσκη) grazed by sheep.

μηλο-δόκος, ov, (μήλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving.

μηλο-θύτης, [ς], ov, ὁ, (μήλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sheep, a priest; βοῶνς μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar.

μηλολόβη, ἡ, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

ΜΗΛΩΝ, ov, τό, (Α) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἀρσενά μῆλα rams, wethers: the pl. μῆλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛΩΝ, ov, τό, (Β) Dor. ΜΑΛΩΝ, Lat. MALUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μῆλον Κυδωνίων the quince, μῆλον Περσικόν the peach, μῆλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. málæe.

μηλο-νομεύς, ἑως, or μηλο-νόμης, ov, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (μήλον α, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman.

μηλο-νόμος, ov, (μήλον α, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάριος, ov, Dor. μαλοπάριος, (μήλον β, παρεία) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, ov, (μήλον β, σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, ov, (μήλον β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σός, ov, poet. for μηλοσούς, (μήλον α, σώ-ζω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγέω, f. ἥσω, to slay sheep; ἱερὰ μηλοσφαγεῖν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ov, (μήλον α, σφάζω) slaying sheep.

μηλο-τρέφος, ov, (μήλον α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding.

μηλο-ούχος, ὁ, (μήλον β, II, ἔχω) a girdle that confines the breasts.

μηλο-φόνος, *ον*, (μῆλον *Α*, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφορέω, *ν*, ἴσω, *to carry apples*. From
 μηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (μῆλον *Β*, φέρω) *bearing apples*.
 μηλο-φύλας, ἄκος, *ὁ*, and ἡ, (μῆλον *Α* or *Β*, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [ῥ]

μηλωτή, ἡ, (μῆλον *Α*) *a sheep's skin*.
 μήλ-ωψ, *οπος*, *ὁ*, ἡ, (μῆλον *Β*, ὥψ) *looking like an apple, yellow, golden*.

μή μάν, *pay verily*.
 μή μέν, *Ion*, for μή μάν.

μήν, *Dor.* and *Ep.* μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; ἢ μήν or ἢ μάν, *in very truth, yea verily*, used at the beginning of an oath: καὶ μήν, *Lat. et vero, and yet, nay more*: ἀλλὰ μήν *yet truly, Lat. verum enimvero*: οὐ μήν *assuredly not, so too μή μήν*; τί μήν; *what then?* i. e. *of course*. II. = μέντοι, *however*.—Μήν was orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of the long vowel η it became the more emphatic form: but ἢ μέν, μή μέν, were retained in *Ep.* and *Ion.*, = *Att. ἢ μήν, μή μήν*.

ΜΗΝ, *ὁ*, gen. μηνός: dat. pl. μῆσί, *Aeol.* and *Dor.* μέσι:—*Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: κατὰ μήνα *month by month, monthly*. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος, the month rising, and μὴν φθίνων the month waning. The Attic division was into three, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσών, φθίνων: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as μηνός τετάρτη φθίνοντος the fourth day from the end of the month; sometimes onwards, as τῇ τρίτῃ ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the month. II. = μηνίσκος *II*.

μηνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = μήνη, the moon.
 μῆνατο, *Ep.* 3 sing. aor. I med. of μαινόμεαι.
 μῆνεσι, corrupt form of μῆσί, dat. pl. of μὴν, μηνός.
 μῆνη, ἡ, (μῆν) the moon, *Lat. luna*. Hence
 μηνιάδος, *α*, *ον*, monthly.
 μηνιθμός, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (μηνίω) *wrath*.
 μῆνιμα, *ατος*, τό, (μηνίω) the cause of anger; μῆνιμα θεῶν the cause of divine wrath. 2. guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness.

ΜΗΝΙΣ *Dor.* μάνις, *ιος*, ἡ, *Att.* gen. μῆνιδος, *wrath, anger*; also, *malice*.
 μηνίσκος, *ὁ*, Dim. of μῆνη, a crescent, *Lat. lunula*. II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the head of statues.

μηνίω *Dor.* μανίω: f. μηνίσω [τ]: aor. I ἐμήνισα: (μήνις):—*to cherish wrath, be wroth against*; also *to declare one's wrath against a person*.

μηνο-εἶδής, *ἐς*, (μῆνη, εἶδος) *crescent-shaped, Lat. lunatus*: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.
 μῆνυμα, *ατος*, τό, (μηνίω) *an information*.
 μηνυτήρ, ἥρος, *ὁ*, (μηνύω) *an informer, guide*.
 μηνυτής, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (μηνύω) *masc. Adj. bringing to light*. II. as Subst. *an informer, Lat. delator*.

μηνύτρον, τό, (μηνύω) the price paid for information, reward: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, *οπος*, *ὁ*, = μηνυτήρ. [ῥ] From

ΜΗΝΥΩ *Dor.* μᾶνύω: f. μηνύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐμήνυσσα:—*Pass.*, aor. I ἐμήνυθην [ῥ]: pf. μεμήνυμαι:—*to disclose, reveal, make known*: betray. II. at Athens, *to inform or lay public information against another*: impers. in *Pass.*, μηνύεται *information is laid*: but in *Pass.* also of persons, *to be informed against*.

μή ὅπως (an ellipse for μή ὑπολάβητε ὅπως . . .), followed by ἄλλα, *do not suppose that . . . but . . . ; not only not so . . . but . . .*

μή ὅτι, = μή ὅπως, followed by ἄλλα, *not only not so . . . but . . . ; not to mention that . . . , let alone, Lat. ne dicam*.

μή οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα μή οὐ γένηται *I fear it will not be*, opp. to δέδοικα μή γένηται *I fear it will be*. Here both negatives have their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδείς σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μή οὐ λέγειν *no one disputes your right to speak* (where μή οὐ may be translated by *Lat. quin, quominus*), nemo te impedit quin dicas. 2.

generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is expressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι, etc.; as οὐ οἰκός ἐστι Ἀθηναίους μή οὐ δοῦναι δίκας *it is not reasonable that the Athenians should not . . . , Lat. non potest fieri quin . . . ; so also, with a negat. implied, as, δεινὸν ἐδόκει . . . μή οὐ λαβεῖν it seemed strange not to take*. III. with a Participle, δυσάλλητος γὰρ ἦν, μή οὐ κατοικτείρων *for I were unfeeling, did I not pity*.—In II. and III. μή might stand without οὐ.

μή πολλακίς, *lest perchance, Lat. ne forte*.
 μή ποτε, = μή ποτε, I. with subj. that at no time, *lest ever, Lat. ne quando*. 2. with infin. never.
 μή που, *lest anywhere*: *lest perchance*.
 μή πο, = μή πο, not yet, *Lat. nondum*: μήπω γε, *nay, not yet*.

μή πόποτε, *never yet*.
 μή πο, = μή πο, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance*. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μηριά, τᾶ, = μηρία, thigh-bones.
 μηριά, τᾶ, never used in sing., (μηρός) the thigh-bones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μηρία τᾶμον), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μηρία κνίσθη ἐκάλυσαν, διπτύχα ποιήσαντες): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μηροί, the thighs.

μηρίαίος, *α*, *ον*, (μηρός) of or belonging to the thigh, *Lat. femoralis*: ἡ μηρίαία, the thigh.

μηρινθος, *ον*, ἡ, (μηρία) a cord, line, string; proverb., ἡ μῆρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε the line caught nothing, i. e. it was of no avail.

ΜΗΡΟΨ, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, the upper part of the thigh, the ham.
 μηρο-τραφής, *ἐς*, (μηρός, τραφῆναι) nursed in the thigh, epith. of Bacchus.

μηρο-τύπης, *ἐς*, (μηρός, τυπῆναι) striking the thigh.
 μηρυκάομαι, *Dep.* to chew the cud, *Lat. ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ, f. -ύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. *ἰ ἐμῆρῡσάμην*:
—to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.
2. in weaving, *κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μηρύσασθαι* to weave the wool into the warp. II.
μηρύομαι is sometimes used as Pass., *κισσὸς μηρύεται*
περὶ χεῖλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσομαι, **μήσατο**, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 1 of *μήδομαι*.
μήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. of *μήσομαι*, fut. of *μήδομαι*.
μήστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of *μήδομαι*.
μήσωρ, *ωρος*, ὁ, (*μήδομαι*) an adviser, counsellor;
μήσωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.
μή-τε, = *τή τε*, and not. II. repeated, **μήτε** ..
μήτε, neither .. nor.

ΜΗΤΗΡ Dor. **ΜΑΤΗΡ**, ἡ, γενε. *μητέρος*, contr. *μητρός*: acc. *μητέρα*, pl. *μητέρας*:—Lat. *MATER*, *MOTHER*: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, *μήτηρ μῆλων* mother of flocks; *γῆ μήτηρ* Mother Earth:—ἡ *Μήτηρ* sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μητί, neut. of *μή-τις*, *μήτινος*.
μήτῃ, contr. for *μήτῃ*, dat. of *μήτις*, *μήτιος*.
μητιάσθαι, **μητιάσθε**, Ep. for *μητιάσθαι*, *μητιάσθε*, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of *μητιάω*.
μητιάω, f. *μητιάσω*: (*μήτις*):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. **μητιετιά**, ον, ὁ, (*μήτις*) counsellor.
μητιεύς, *εσσα*, εν, (*μήτις*) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσομαι [ῖ]: aor. *ἰ ἐμητιόσάμην*: Dep.: (*μήτις*):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ep. for *μητιύων*, part. of *μητιάω*.
μητιώωσι, -ώνωτο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of *μητιάω*.

ΜΗΤΙΣ, *ιος*, ἡ; Att. gen. *ἰδος*; Ep. dat. *μητί* for *μητῇ*; acc. *μητίν*:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μη-τις, ὁ, ἡ, *μητί*, τό, gen. *μητίνο*: (*μή*, *τις*):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. *ne quis*, *ne quid*. II. *μητί* is freq. as Adv. *lest* by any means, that by no means: also separately, *μή τι*: in an indirect question, *whether perchance*.

μη-τοι, stronger form of *μή*, in *nowise*, nay: *μήτοι γε*, *nay upon no account*.

μήτρα, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*) Lat. *matrix*, the womb.
μητρ-αὔρητος, ον, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, *ἀγύρητος*) a begging priest of Cybelé, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-αδελφεός or **μητρ-αδελφός**, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. **ματρ-**, (*μήτηρ*, *αδελφός*) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-αλόιος or **μητρ-αλώας**, ον, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, *αλόι-α*) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for *μήτρα*.
μητριάς, *αδος*, ἡ, pecul. fem. of *μήτριος*.
μητρίδιος, α, ον, (*μήτρα*) fruitful, prolific.
μητρό-δοκος Dor. **ματρ-**, ον, (*μήτηρ*, *δέχομαι*) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. **ματρόθεν**, Adv. (*μήτηρ*) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασινγήτη, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*, *κασινγήτη*) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ον, (*μήτηρ*, *κτείνω*) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. **μητρόκτονος**, ον, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -**μάτωρ** [ᾱ], *ωρος*, ἡ, = *μητρός μήτηρ*, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾱ], *ωρος*, ὁ, = *μητρός πατήρ*, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. **ματρ-**, *εως*, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*, *πόλις*) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (*μήτηρ*, *πολέωμαι*) tending mothers.

μητρόρ-ριπτος, ον, (*μήτηρ*, *ρίπτω*) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ον, (*μήτηρ*, *φθείρω*) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also *η*, ον, (*μήτηρ*, **φένω*) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, **φένω*) a matricide.

μητρυιά, ᾱς, Ion. **μητρυιή**, ἡς, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*) a step-mother, Lat. *noverca*: metaph. a rocky coast is called *μητρυία νεών*.

μητρῴος Ep. **μητρῴως**, α, ον, (*μήτηρ*) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μητρως, ὁ; gen. *μητρώων* and *ω*; acc. *μήτρωα* and *ων*; (*μήτηρ*) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -**αασθε**, Ep. for *μηχανᾶσθαι*, -**αασθε**, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. *ἰ ἐμηχανησάμην*: pf. *μεμηχανήμαι*: Dep.: (*μηχανή*):—Lat. *machinari*, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = *μηχανάομαι*, found in act. voice in Ep. part. *μηχανάωντας*: but perf. *μεμηχανήμαι* is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοψήμην, -όφω, -όφωτο, Ep. for *μηχανψήμην*, pres. opt. of *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανόμοι, Ion. for *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανή, ἡ, (*μήχος*) Lat. *machina*, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—*μηχαναί*, arts, wiles: c. gen., *μηχανή κακῶν* a contrivance against ills: *μηδεμίᾳ μηχανῇ* by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχανήμα, ατος, τό, (*μηχανάομαι*) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of *μηχανάομαι*, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*μηχανάομαι*) = *μηχανικός*.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious, clever*. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), *mechanics*.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.
μηχανο-διδῆς, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, διδάω) *inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious*.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious*.
μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποίεω) *making machines*: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, *an engineer, maker of war-engines*.

μηχανορραφέω, f. ἴσω, *to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily*. From

μηχανο-ράφος, ου, (μηχανή, ῥάπτω) *contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving*.

μηχαν-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. *cunningly contrived*.

μηχανόωνται, -δώντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι.

μήχαρ, τό, = μήχος, *a means, contrivance*.
ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, *a means, expedient, contrivance*.

μῖα, ἡ; gen. μῖας Ion. μῆς; dat. μῖ, μῇ; acc. μῖαν.—fem. of εἷς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μῖνῶ; aor. I ἐμίνην Att. ἐμίαν: pf. μεμίαγκα.—Pass., aor. I ἐμίανθη: pf. μεμίασμαι or -αμαι:—*to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare*. 2. *to stain, defile, soil*. 3. metaph. *to taint, defile, pollute*.

μυαίφονέω, f. ἴσω, (μυαίφονος):—*to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous*. Hence

μυαίφονία, ἡ, *bloodguiltiness*.
μυαί-φονος, ὄν, (μυαίνω, *φένω) *blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty*:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μυάνθη, Ep. for ἐμίανθη, aor. I pass. of μυαίνω.
μυᾶρία, ἡ, (μυᾶρός) *brutality*. II. *defilement*.
μυᾶρο-γλωσσος, ου, (μυᾶρός, γλῶσσα) *foul-mouthed*.
μυᾶρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μυαίνω) *defiled with blood*. 2. generally, *polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting*. Adv. μυᾶρός, *brutally*.
μῖασμα, ατος, τό, (μυαίνω) *a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution*.

μῖασιός, οὐ, ὁ, (μυαίνω) *pollution*.
μῖαστρον, οπος, ὁ, (μυαίνω) *a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. homo piacularis*. II. ἀλάστρον, *an avenger of such guilt*.

μῖγα, Adv. (μῖγνυμι) *mixed or blended with*.
μῖγάσμαι, Dep. poet. for μῖγνυμι.
μῖγᾶς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖγα) *mixed up, promiscuous*.
μῖγᾶ and μῖγδην, Adv. *promiscuously*.

μῖγείην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μῖγνυμι.
μῖγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.
μῖγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.
μῖγμα, ατος, τό, (μῖγνυμι) *a mixture, compound*.

ΜΙΤΝΥΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΙΣΤΩ: f. μῖζω: aor. I ἐμίξα, inf. μῖξαι:—Med. and Pass. μῖγνῦμαι and μῖσγομαι: fut. med. μῖξομαι, fut. I pass. μῖχθῆσμαι,

f. 2 μῖγῆσμαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [ῖ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμικτο, μῖκτο: pf. μέμικμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. MIS-CEO, *to mix, mix up, mingle*, properly of liquids, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδαρ. 2. generally, *to join, bring together, bring in contact with*. 3. *to make acquainted with, unite with*: also, μῖξαι τινα ἄνθεσι *to cover one with flowers*.

II. Med. and Pass. *to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach*; κλισίησι μῖγῆναι *to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at*: hence *to meet, live, associate with*: but also in hostile sense, *to encounter*: more rarely μῖσγεσθαι ἐς Ἀχαιοὺς, *to go to join the Achaeans*. 2. *to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to*.

μῖγνῶ, = μῖγνυμι.

μῖγῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μαινώ.

μῖτ-φόνος, ου, = μαιφόνος.

μικρός, ὁ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, *little*.

μικρ-αῦλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αἰλας) *with small furrows*: hence *small, scanty*.

μικρ-ἐμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἐμπορος) *a pedlar*.
μικρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγος) *to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness*. Hence

μικρολογία, ἡ, *minute discussion, frivolity*.
μικρο-λόγος, ου, (μικρός, λέγω) *reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean*. 2. *cavilling about trifles, captious*.

μικρο-πολίτης [ῖ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πόλις) *a citizen of a petty town or state*.

ΜΙΚΡΟΣ, Σ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dor. μικρός, ὁ, ὄν, *small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant*: of Time, *little, short*. II. Adv. usages: gen.

μικροῦ (sub. δεῖ) *it wants but little, almost*:—dat. μικρῷ *by a little*: acc. μικρόν *a little*. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν *for a little, but a little*; κατὰ μικρόν *little by little, or into small parts*; μετὰ μικρόν *after a little*; παρὰ μικρόν *within a little, almost*.—Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μικρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μείων μείστος, μείότερος μείωτατος are used.

μικροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, *petty ambition*. From
μικρο-φιλότιμος, ου, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) *ambitious of petty distinctions*.

μικροψυχία, ὁ, *littleness of soul, meanness of spirit*. From

μικρῶ-ψυχος, ου, (μικρός, ψυχή) *little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry*.

μῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῖγνυμι) *mixed, compound*.

μῖλας, ἄκος, ἡ, Att. for σμῖλας, *the yew-tree*. II. *a convolvulus*.

Μιλήσιος, α, ου, of or from Miletus. From
Μιλήτος, ἡ, Miletus, *a famous Greek city in Caria*.

μῖλιαιον, τό, *a milestone, the Lat. miliarium*. II. *a copper vessel for boiling water in*.

μίλιον, τό, *a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 8 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile*.

μιλτεῖον, τό, a vessel for keeping μίλτος in.
 μιτ-ηλφής, ἐς, (μίλτος, ἀληφῆναι) painted red.
 μιτο-πάρρος, ον, (μίλτος, παρείδ) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΛΤΟΣ, ἡ, red earth, red chalk or ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica.

II. vermilion, Lat. minium.

μιτο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, φυρῆναι) smeared with ochre.

μιλτόω, f. ὥσω: pass. pf. μεμίτωμαι; (μίλτος):—to colour with ochre, paint red; σχοίνιον μεμιτωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλτος, εἶδος) of the nature or colour of μίλτος.

μίμαρкус, ἡ, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.)

Μίμας, αὐτός, ὁ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙΜΕΨΟΜΑΙ, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I ἐμίμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of.

II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἡ, ὄν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μυμέομαι) an imitation, copy.

μίμησις, ἡ, (μυμέομαι) imitation.

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μυμέομαι, to be imitated.

II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μίμητης, οὗ, ὁ, (μυμέομαι) an imitator, copyist.

μίμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) imitative.

μίμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.

μιμνάω, frequent. of μένω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain.

II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσῃ: aor. I ἐμνήσα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind.

2. to recall to the memory of others.

II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑΨΟΜΑΙ, μνῶμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass.

μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μμνήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήσαμην, pass. ἐμνήσθην:—the pf. μεμνήμαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. meminī.

2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησθον Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνημαι; optat. μέμνημην, but also μμνήμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μμνέ-φτο: infin. μμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐμμνέατο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλκῆς μμνήσασθαι to belink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι ἐλθάν I remember having come.

2. to mention, make mention of.

3. to give heed to, judge of.

μῖνοντι, Dor. for μῖνονσι, 3 pl. of μῖνω.

2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μῖμνω, for μῖ-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μῖμο-λόγος, ον, (μῖμος, λέγω) mocking one's words.

II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙΨΟΣ, ον, ὁ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime.

II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μῖν [ῖ], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νιν: μῖν αὐτὸν himself; but, αὐτόν μιν oneself, for εαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούς, αὐτάς, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. εαυτός.

ΜΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθῶ, f. ὥσω, to be foul with dung.

Μῖνυαι, οἱ, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μῖνυεῖος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήτιος, of the Minyans.

ΜΙΝΥΨΩ [ῖ], Ion. impf. μινυέσκον, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtain, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence

μῖνυθᾶ, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μῖνυθᾶδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυθαδιώτερος.

μῖνυρίζω, f. ἰω, (μινυρός) to moan, whine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. minurire. Hence

μῖνυρισμός, ατος, τό, a warbling, humming.

μῖνυρισμός, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μῖνυρόμοι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [ῖ]

ΜΙΝΥΨΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, whining, whimpering.

μῖνύ-ωριος and μῖνύ-ωρος, ον, (μινυθῶ, ὥρα) short-lived.

Μῖνος, ὁ, Minos, king of Crete: gen. Μῖνως and Μῖνω; dat. Μῖνωϊ, Μῖνῳ; acc. Μῖνωα, also Μῖνω and Μῖναν:—hence Adj. Μῖνώϊος Att. Μῖνώος, α, ον, of Minos.

μῖξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξις, εως, ἡ, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling.

II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μῖξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μῖξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μῖξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖξω, θήρ) half beast.

μῖξο-θροος, ον, (μῖξω, θρόος) with mingled cries.

μῖξο-λευκος, ον, (μῖξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μῖξομοι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξομ-βροτος, ον, for μῖξο-βροτος, (μῖξω, βρότος) half mortal.

μῖξο-νόμος, ον, (μῖξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μῖξο-παρθενος, ον, (μῖξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μῖξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μῖσαγαθία, ἡ, hatred of good. From μῖσο-αγαθός, η, ον, (μῖσος, ἀγαθός) hating good.

μῖσο-ἀθηναῖος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀθηναῖος) hating the Athenians.

μῖσο-ἀλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μῖσος, ἀλάζων) hating boasters.

μῖσο-ἀλέξανδρος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀλέξανδρος) hating Alexander.

μῖσο-ἀμπελος, ον, (μῖσος, ἀμπελος) hating the vine.

μισ-άνθρωπος, *ον*, (μῖσος, ἄνθρωπος) *bating mankind, misanthropic.*

μισγ-άγκεια, ἡ, (μίσγω, ἄγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἀγκη) meet, a meeting of glens.*

μισγ-εσθαι, *pres. inf. pass. of μίσγω.*

μισγοῖσθαι, *Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω.*

ΜΙΣΓΩ, *see μύγνυμι.*

μισ-ἄλλην, *ηρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μῖσος, Ἑλλην) *a hater of the Greeks.*

μισέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*: *pf. μεμίσηκα*:—*Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι*: *aor. I μίσῃσθην*: *pf. μεμίσημαι*: (μῖσος):—*to bate*:—*Pass. to be bated.*

μισήθρον, τό, (μισέω) *a charm for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μισήμα, *ατος, τό*, (μισέω) *an object of hate.*

μισητέος, *verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be hated.*

μισηγία, ἡ, (μισέω) *hateful lewdness or greediness.*

μισήτος, ἡ, ὄν, (μισέω) *hated, hateful, odious.*

μισήτρον, τό, = μισήθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages; recompense.*

From
μισθ-αποδοτής, *ον, ὁ*, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, *Dim. of μισθός, a small fee.*

μισθαρνέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, (μισθαρος) *to work or serve for hire, receive pay. Hence*

μισθαρνία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, hired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμι) *a hired servant.*

μισθ-αρχίδης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισθός, ἀρχή) *a Comic Pantomime, son of a placeman.*

μισθιος, *α, ον, also ος, ον*, (μισθός) *hired, salaried.*

μισθοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages. From*

μισθοδοτέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, *to pay wages. From*

μισθο-δότης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισθός, δίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, *ος, ὁ*, *wages, pay, hire*: *μισθός ἡτὸς fixed wages; ἐπὶ μισθῷ for hire; δίδοναι τάλαντον μηνὸς μισθόν to give a talent as a month's pay.*

2. *at Athens the pay of the soldiery*: also, *μισθός βουλευτικός the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting; μισθός δικαστικός or ὑλιαστικός the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury; μισθός συνηγορικός the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day.*

3. *generally, recompense, reward*: in bad sense, *punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφορά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, (μισθοφόρος) *to receive wages, to serve for hire*: *c. acc. rei, to receive as pay. Hence*

μισθοφορητέον, *verb. Adj. one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, hired service.*

μισθο-φόρος, *ον*, (μισθός, φέρω) *receiving wages, serving for hire; οἱ μισθοφόροι hireling soldiers,*

mercenaries; μισθοφόροι τριήρεις galleys manned with mercenaries.

μισθόω, *ἡ, ὥσω*: *aor. I ἐμισθώσα*: *pf. μεμισθωκα*: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out, Lat. locare*: *c. inf., μισθῶν τὸν νηὸν τριηκοσίων τάλαντων ἐξεργάσασθαι to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam.*

II. *Med., f. μισθώσομαι*: *aor. I ἐμισθώσαμην*: *pf. (in med. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to engage or hire at a price, Lat. conducere*: *to retain, as an advocate or physician; μισθῶσθαι τινα τάλαντον to engage his services at a talent; c. inf., μισθῶσθαι νηὸν ἐξοικοδομήσαι to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam.*

III. *Pass., aor. I ἐμισθώην*: *pf. (in pass. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to be hired for pay. Hence*

μισθώμα, *ατος, τό*, *that which is let for hire, a hired house. II. the price agreed on, the contract-price: rent.*

μισθώσιμος, *ον*, (μισθώω) *that can be hired.*

μισθωσις, *εως, ἡ*, (μισθώω) *a letting for hire. II. (μισθόμαι) a hiring.*

III. = μισθώμα, *rent.*

μισθωτής, *ου, ὁ*, (μισθώω) *one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώω) *mercenary.*

μισθωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώω) *hired or to be hired*: *as Subst. a hireling, mercenary, of soldiers.*

μισθ-γάμος, *ον*, (μῖσος, γάμος) *marriage-bating.*

μισθ-γέλως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μῖσος, γέλως) *laughterbating.*

μισθ-γόνης, *ον, ὁ*, (μῖσος, γόνης) *bating imposture.*

μισθδημία, ἡ, *hatred of democracy. From*

μισθό-δημος, *ον*, (μῖσος, δημος) *bating the commons, bating democracy.*

μισθό-θεος, *ον*, (μῖσος, θεός) *bating the gods, godless.*

μισθό-θηρος, *ον*, (μῖσος, θήρα) *bating the chase.*

μισθ-καῖσαρ, *αρος, ὁ*, (μῖσος, Καῖσαρ) *bating Caesar.*

μισθ-λάκων, *ωνος, ὁ*, (μῖσος, Λάκων) *a Laconian-bater. [ἀ]*

μισθ-λαμάχος, *ον*, (μῖσος, Λάμαχος) *bating Lama-cbus. [λα]*

μισθολογία, ἡ, *hatred of argument. From*

μισθό-λογος, *ον*, (μῖσος, λόγος) *bating argument.*

μισθό-νοθος, *ον*, (μῖσος, νόθος) *bating bastards.*

μισθό-παις, *παιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μῖσος, παῖς) *bating children.*

μισθό-πίσης, *ου, ὁ*, (μῖσος, Πέρσης) *a Persian bater.*

μισθό-πόλις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μῖσος, πόλις) *bating the state.*

μισθοπονηρέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, *to bate the bad. From*

μισθό-πόνηρος, *ον*, (μῖσος, πονηρός) *bating the bad.*

μισθό-πονία, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόνος) *hatred of work.*

μισθό-πόρταξ, *ακος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μῖσος, πόρταξ) *bating the shield-handle, i. e. bating war: Sup. μισθοπορπᾶκίστατος.*

μισθό-πτωχος, *ον*, (μῖσος, πτωχός) *bating the poor.*

μισθό-ρωμαῖος, *ον*, (μῖσος, Ρωμαῖος) *Roman-bating.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, τό, *bate, hated*: I. *pass. bate borne one.*

2. *act. a bating, a grudge, strong dislike. II. a hateful object, = μισημα.*

μῖσο-σύλλας, *ov, ô*, (μῖσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
 μῖσο-τύραννος, *ov*, (μῖσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
 μῖσο-φίλιππος, *ov*, (μῖσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
 μῖσο-χρηστός, *ov*, (μῖσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
 μῖσο-ψευδής, *és*, (μῖσος, ψευδός) *bating lies*.
 ΜΙΣΤΥ-ΛΑΛΩ, *f. ilw*, to cut up meat before roasting.
 μῖτο-εργός, *ón*, (μῖτος, *ἐργω) *working the thread*.
 μῖτορ-ράφης, *és*, (μῖτος, ράφηναι) *sewn with thread*,
baving meshes of thread.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, *ov, ô*, a thread of the warp, Lat. *tela*:—
 generally, a thread: a web. [Ὶ] Hence
 μῖτῳ, *f. ówa*, to stretch the warp in the loom:—
 Med. to ply the loom; metaph., φθόγγον μῖτώσασθαι
 to let one's voice sound like a harp-string.
 μῖτρα, *Ep. and Ion. μῖτρη, ῆ*, (μῖτος) a linen girdle
 or band, worn below the θώραξ: generally a girdle,
 zone. II. a headband, a snood. 2. a Persian
 cap, like κυρβάσια.

Μῖτρα, *ης, ῆ*, the Persian Aphrodité or Venus.
 μῖτρη-φόρος, *ov*, (μῖτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μῖτρα*,
whether girdle or head-dress.
 μῖτρο-δέτος, *ov*, (μῖτρα, δέω) *bound with a μῖτρα*.
 μῖτροφορέω, *f. ῆσω*, to wear a μῖτρα. From
 μῖτρο-φόρος, *ov*, = μῖτρηφόρος.

ΜΙΤΤΥ-ΛΟΣ or μῖτυλλος, *η, ov*, Lat. *mutilis*, cur-
 tailed, esp. hornless. [Ὶ]
 μῖτ-ώδης, *és*, (μῖτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.
 μῖχθῆναι, *aor. I inf. pass. of μίγνυμι*.
 μίχθῃ, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι*.
 μῖχθόμεναι, *Ep. aor. I pass. inf. of μίγνυμι*.
 ΜΝΑ *Ion. μνά, ῆ*; gen. *μνάς*; nom. pl. *μναί*:—
 the Lat. *MINA*. I. a weight, = 100 drachmae
 = 15 oz. 8½ grs. II. a sum of money, also =
 100 drachmae, = 4*l.* Is. 3*d.*—60 *μναί* made a talent.

μνάμα, μνάμειον, μναοσύνη, *Dor. for μνημ*.
 ΜΝΑ-ΟΜΑΙ (A), contr. *μνώμαι*, used in the contr.
 forms 3 sing., I and 3 pl, *μνάται, μνώμεθα, μνώνται*;
 imperat. 3 sing. *μνάσθω*; inf. *μνάσθαι*; part. *μνώ-
 μενος*; also in *Ep.* resolved forms, 2 sing. *μνά inf.*
μνάσθαι; 3 sing. *Ion. impf. μνάσκειτο for ἐμνάτο*,
Ep. 3 pl. μνώνοντο, part. μνώμενος:—to woo to wife,
 woo, court. II. generally, to court, sue for, solicit,
canvass for, Lat. *ambire*.

ΜΝΑ-ΟΜΑΙ (B), contr. *μνώμαι*, to remember, *Ep.*
 and *Ion.* for *μνησκόμαι*.
 μνάσθαι, *inf. of μνάομαι to woo*.
 μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι to woo.
 μνάσκομαι, *Dor. for μνήσσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσσω*.
 μναστήρ, *ô, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ*.
 μνάστις, *ῆ, Dor. for μνήστις, q. v.*
 μνά, *Ion. for μνά*.
 μνεία, *ῆ, (μνάομαι B) remembrance, memory*. II.
mention; *μνείαν ποιείσθαι τινος*, Lat. *mentionem*
facere.

μνήμα *Dor. μνάμα, atos, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. mo-
 nimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a
 person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monu-
 ment*. II. = μνήμη, memory.

μνημεῖον *Ion. -ήιον Dor. μνάμειον, τό, (μνήμα)*
 Lat. *monumentum, a memorial, remembrance, record*
 of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument.
 μνήμη, *ῆ, (μνάομαι B) remembrance, memory, recol-
 lection*. 2. the faculty of memory; *μνήμης ὕπο from*
memory. 3. a memorial, monument. II.

μνημονεύω, *f. σω, (μνήμων) to remember, call to mind*,
recollect. 2. to call to another's mind, mention,
 say, Lat. *memorare*. II. Pass., with *f. med.*
-έσσομαι and pass. *-εuthήσομαι*: *aor. I ἐμνημονεύθην*:
 —to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned.

μνημονικός, *ῆ, óv, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance*
memory; τὸ μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory. II.
 of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικῶς, *Adv. from or by memory, readily*.
 μνημοσύνη, *ῆ, (μνήμων) remembrance, memory, Lat.*
memoria. II. as prop. n. *Mnemosyné*, the mother of
 the Muses; because before the invention of writing
 memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημοσύνην *Dor. μνάμ-, τό, (μνήμων) a remem-
 brance, memorial, record of a thing: also a reminder*,
refresher. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.

μνήμων, *ô, ῆ, neut. μνήμον, (μνάομαι B) mindful*,
remembering: c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mind-
 ful, unforgetting*.

μνήσαι, *aor. I inf. and aor. I med. imperat. of μι-
 μνήσκει*.

μνησαίτο, *Ion. for μνήσαιτο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt.*
of μμνήσκει.

μνήσασθαι, *aor. I inf. med. of μμνήσκει*.

μνησάσκειτο, *Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med.*
of μμνήσκει.

μνησθῆναι, *aor. I pass. inf. of μμνήσκει*.

μνήσθῃτι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μνησι-δωρέω *Dor. μνάσ-, f. ῆσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)*
to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful.

μνησικακέω, *f. ῆσω, to remember old injuries: to*
bear ill-will or malice; οὐ μνησικακεῖν to bear no
malice, pass an act of amnesty. II. also c. acc.

rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνησικακεῖν to remind of the ills of
age. From

μνησι-κάκος, *ov, (μνάομαι B, κακόν) remembering*
old injuries, bearing malice.

μνησι-πήμων, *ov, gen. onos, (μμνήσκει, πῆμα) re-
 minding of misery*.

μνήσις *Dor. μνάσις, εως, ῆ, (μνάομαι B) remem-
 brance, memory*.

μνήσομαι, *fut. med. of μμνήσκει*.

μνήστειρα, *ῆ, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) a*
bride. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) *reminding of*.

μνήστευμα, *atos, τό, (μνηστειώ) courtship, wooing*:
in plur., espousals.

μνηστειώ, *f. σω: aor. I ἐμνήστευσα: (μνάομαι B):*
 —Pass., *aor. I ἐμνηστεύθην*:—to woo, court, seek in
 marriage: to espouse: Pass. to be courted. II.
 to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (μνάομαι A) a wooer, suitor; later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάομαι B) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρη, dat. pl. of foreg.

μνήστis Dor. μνάστis, ios, ἦ, (μνάομαι B) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἦ, ὄν, (μνάομαι) wooed, wedded.

μνηστύς, υός, ἦ, Ion. for μνηστία, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage.

μνήστωρ, ὀπος, δ, (μνάομαι) mindful of.

μνήσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.

μνιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, soft as moss. From ΜΝΙΪΟΝ, τό, moss, sea-weed.

μνός contr. μνούς, δ, fine down.

μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνῶνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι to woo.

μνωόμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.

μνώοντι, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B.

μογερός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μογέω, f. ἦσω, (μόςγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μογέων=μόςγος, with trouble, hardly; μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, hardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μογι-λάλος, ὄν, (μόςγος, λαλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μόςγis, Adv. (μόςγος, μόγος) with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence

ΜΟΤΟΣ, ου, δ, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow.

μογοσ-τόκος, ὄν, (μόςγος, τεκεῖν) helping women in hard travail.

μόδιος, δ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, = $\frac{1}{8}$ of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΨΟΣ, δ, battle, the battle-din; μόθος ἵππων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, ὄν, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of ἑγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ἦς, ἦ: (μείρομαι) :—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μόρος, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατά μοῖραν εἶπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμειν τινί to give one his due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοίρῃ ἄγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοιράω, f. ἄσω [ā] Ion. ἦσω: (μοῖρα) :—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοιρό-κραντος, ὄν, (μοῖρα, κρᾶνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἦ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοισᾶν, Aeol. for Μουσᾶν, pl. gen.

Μοισαῖος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for Μοῦσείος.

μοιχ-ἄγρια, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρια) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχᾶλις, ἴδος, ἦ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress.

μοιχῶ, f. ἦσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to hold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχίδιος, α, ὄν, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοιχίος, α, ὄν, adulterous. From

ΜΟΙΧΟΨ, οὔ, δ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκράθαι μοιχὸν μὲν μαχαίρα to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΙΝ, aor. 2 inf. of βλάσκει.

μολιτ-αχθός, ἐς, (μόλις, ἀχθος) loaded with lead.

μόλιβος, ου, δ, poet. for μόλυβδος, lead.

μόλις, Adv., later form for μόγος, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλις not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οὔ, δ, a glutton, greedy beggar.

μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολούσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, ὄν, Molossian; κύνων Μολοσσικός the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. δ μολοσσός (sub. ποῦς), in Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. πρυμνήτης.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλάσκει.

μολπάζω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence

μολπαστής, οὔ, δ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ἦ, (μολπῆ) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II. generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπητίς Dor. -ατίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (μολπή) a songstress.

μολυβδαῖνα, ἦ, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολυβδίνος, η, ὄν, (μόλυβδος) leaden, of lead.

μολυβδῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, (μόλυβδος) like μολυβδαῖνα, the leaden weight on a net. II. a leaden ball or bullet.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ου, δ, lead. II. plumbago, black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χέω, f. ἦσω, (μόλυβδος, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολίνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολίνω, πρᾶγμα) :—to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.

ΜΟΛΥΝΩ [v] : f. ὕνω : pf. pass. μεμόλυνμαι :—
to stain, sully, defile, corrupt; also to seduce a wo-
man :—Pass. to be or become vile, wallow.

μολυσμός, δ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution.

μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of βλώσκαο.

μομφή, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint :—
a cause of complaint.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) to be alone, live in solitude.

μοναμπύκλια, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, a race-horse that
runs single.

μον-άμπυξ, ὕκος, δ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἀμπυξ ἢ) having one
forelimb; μονάμπυκες πᾶλοι horses that run single,
race-horses : also a bull, having no yokefellow.

μοναρχέω Ion. μουν- : f. ἦσω (μόναρχος) :—to be
monarch or sovereign; ἐπὶ τούτου μοναρχέοντος in
this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ἡ, absolute rule, sovereignty,
monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ἀρχω) ruling
alone, sovereign.

μονάς Ion. μονάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem.
Adj., solitary, single : also masc. of a man, alone, by
oneself. II. as Subst., μονάς, ἡ, a unit.

μονάχῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of μοναχός, in one
way only : singly or alone.

μοναχός, ὁ, ὄν, (μόνος) solitary :—as Subst. μονα-
χός, ὁ, a monk.

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) one
who rows singly, a sculler.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying. 2.
a place to stay in, mansion.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day.

μον-ήρης, es, (μόνος, ἀράρειν) single; ναῦς μονήρης
a ship without one bank of oars.

μόνιμος, ον, or ἡ, ον, (μονή) staying, fixed : of per-
sons, steadfast, constant. 2. of conditions, abiding,
lasting, Lat. stabilis.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) with one horse, a
horseman, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking
alone : of metre, consisting of one foot. [Bā]

μονό-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife.

μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνογ-, ἡ, pecul. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. μουνογ-, ἐς, (μόνος, γένος)
only-begotten : born from one and the same mother.

μονό-γληνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) one-eyed.

μονο-δάκτυλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) one-fingered.

μονο-δέκτρης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, δέκρομαι) one-eyed.

μονό-δουπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) of unvaried sound,
monotonous.

μόνο-δδους, -όδοντας, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, δδοίς) one-toothed.

μονό-δροπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) plucked from one
stem : cut or carved from one block.

μονο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μόνος, εἶδος) of one kind, simple.

μονο-ξυγής, ἐς, and μονόξυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, συ-
γῆναι) having one horse yoked : generally, single, alone.

μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-κλής Ion. μουνο-κ-, ἡτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) a
single horse.

μονό-κερως, ὢν, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μόνος,
κέρας) one-horned : as Subst. a unicorn.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner.

μονό-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνω) a bed for one only,
a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἦσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone.

μονο-κρηπῖς, ἱδός, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπῖς) with but one
sandal.

μονό-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) with one bank of
oars.

μονό-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) with but
one limb : of buildings, with but one room : περίδοος
μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause.

μονό-κοπος, ον, (μόνος, κοπή) with a single oar :
with a single ship.

μονό-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) made out
of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, ορος, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [ā]

μονομάχῃω Ion. μουν-, f. ἦσω, (μονομάχος) to fight
in single combat : of the Athenians at Marathon,
μοῦνοι μονομαχῆσαντες τῷ Πέρσῃ having fought
single-handed with the Persian. Hence

μονομάχια Ion. μονομαχίη, ἡ, single combat.

μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single
combat : wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) left alone by
one's mother, deprived of one's mother.

μονο-νυχί Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) in a single
night.

μονό-ξύλος, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) made from a single
log. II. made of wood only.

μονό-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) act. having
but one child. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, an only child.

μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) one
who conquers alone in wrestling. [ā]

μονό-πελμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) with but one sole.

μονό-πεπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) left without a robe,
clad in a tunic only : v. ἀπεπλος.

μονό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος,
πούς) one-footed.

μονό-πῶλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) with one horse.

μονο-ορύχης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ὀρυγῆναι) digging with
one point. [v]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. μούνος, ἡ, ον, Dor. μῶνος, α, ον, alone,
left alone, forsaken : c. gen. μόνος σοῦ left of, de-
prived of thee. II. alone, only : often with gen.

added, μούνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων alone of all
men.

III. like Lat. unus for unicus, standing
alone, single in its kind, unique.

IV. Sup. μονώ-
τατος, the one only person, one above all others, cf.
αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only,
merely; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh.

μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only.

μονο-σίτῃω, f. ἦσω, to eat but once in the day. From
μονό-σίτος, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) eating but once a day.

μονό-σκηπτος, *ον*, (μόνος, σκήπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

μονο-στιβείν, *ές*, (μόνος, στιβείν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

μονό-στίχος, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

μονό-στολος, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

μονο-στόρθυξ, *ον*, (μόνος, στόρθυξ) *carved out of a single block.*

μονο-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

μονό-τεκνος, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

μονο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

μονό-τροπος, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

μον-ούτος, *ον*, (μόνος, οὗς) *one-eyed: with one band.*

μονό-φάγος, *ον*, (μόνος, φάγειν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

μον-όφθαλμος *Ion. μουν-*, *ον*, (μόνος, ὀφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

μονό-φρουρος, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

μονό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

μονο-φύς *Ion. μουν-*, *ές*, (μόνος, φύς) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

μονό-χηλος *Dor. -χαλος*, *ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-boofed.*

μονό-ψηφος *Dor. -ψαφος*, *ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

μονός *Ion. μουν-*: *f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐμόνωσα Ep. μούνωσα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I ἐμονώην*, *Ion. μουνώμαι*: (μόνος):—*to make single or solitary: μουνούν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation*:—*Pass.* *to be left alone, to be forsaken*: also *to be taken apart, without winnances*: *c. gen.*, *μεμουνωμένοι συμμάχων* *deserted by allies.*

μονωδέω, *f. ἴσω*, (μονωδός) *to sing alone, to sing a monody.* Hence

μονωδία, *ἡ*, *a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.*

μονωδός, *όν*, (μόνος, ᾠδή) *singing alone.*

μονωθεός, *aor. I pass. part. of μόνω.*

μόνος, *Adv.* *of μόνος, only.*

μον-ώψ *poët. μούν-*, *ᾠπος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (μόνος, ὤψ) *one-eyed.*

μόρα, *ἡ*, (μέρομαι) = μοῖρα. 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

μοῖαι (*sc. ἐλαῖαι*), *αἱ*, *the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορμέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis.*

Hence *Zeus Μόριος as the guardian of these sacred olives.*

II. μοῖα [*ῖ*], = μοῖρα, *folly.*

μόριμος, *ον*, *poët.* *for μόριμος.*

μόριον, *τό*, *Dim.* *of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

μόριος, *α, ον*, *poët.* *for μέριμος.*—*For Zeus Μόριος, see μοῖαι.*

μορμολύκειον, *τό*, *a bugbear, bogoblin.* From μορμολύττωμαι, *Dep.* (μορμά) *to fright, scare.*

μορμω-ώπός, *όν*, (μορμά, ὤψ) *bideous to behold.*

μορμύρ [ω], formed from μύρω, as πορφύρω from φύρω, *of water, to roar, boil.* *Lat. murmur.*

ΜΟΡΜΩ', *gen. ὄος*, *contr. οὖς*, *ἡ*, *a hideous she-monster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, bogoblin.* II. in Aristophanes, *a mere exclamation, μορμά τοῦ θράσους a fig for his courage!*

μορμαίς, *εσσα, εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining.* (*Deriv. unknown.*)

ΜΟΡΟΝ, *τό*, *the black mulberry.*

μόρος, *ὁ*, (μέρομαι) *like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate.*

2. *esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death.*

μόρσιμος, *ον*, (μόρος) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die:*

hence *μόρσιμον ἦμαρ the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.*

ΜΟΡΤ'ΣΣΩ, *to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορνημένος, soiled, defiled.*

μορφά, μορφάν, *Dor.* *for μορφή, μορφήν.*

μορφάω, (μορφή) *to make gestulations.*

μορφάω, *f. ἴσω*, (μορφή) *to shape, fashion, mould.*

Μορφεύς, *ἑως*, *ὁ*, *Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper.*

From ΜΟΡΦΗ', *ἡ*, *form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma.*

2. *generally, form, fashion, appearance.*

3. *a form, kind, sort.*

Hence μορφήεις, *εσσα, εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

μόρφος, *ον*, (*epith.* *of the eagle*) *of colour, dusky, dark, = ὀρφνός (from ὀρφνη), Lat. furvus.*

μορφός, *f. ὥσω*, (μορφή) *to form, give shape to.*

Hence μόρφωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, *form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

μόρφωσις, *ἡ*, (μορφώ) *a shaping: form, semblance.*

μορφώτης, *ἦρος*, *ὁ*, (μορφώ) *one who shapes:—fem. μορφώτρια; σὺν μορφώτρια changing men into swine.*

μόσσυν or μόσυν, *ἔνος*, *ὁ*, *a wooden house or tower.*

Μοσσύν-οικοι or Μοσύν-οικοι, *οἱ*, (μόσσυν or μόσυν, οἰκῶν) *an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

μόσχειος, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *of a calf; μόσχειος κυνοῦχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

μοσχεύω, *f. σω*, (μόσχος) *to plant a sucker, propagate.*

μοσχίδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* *of μόσχος, a young sucker.* [*ῖ*]

μόσχιος, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

μόσχο-ποιέω, *f. ἴσω*, (μόσχος, ποιέω) *to make a calf.*

μόσχος, *ὁ*, also *ἡ*, *the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion.*

II. *metaph. of the young of ani-*

mals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer. 2. a boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. *juvenca*. 3. any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μουνός) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for *μοναρχέω*.
μούνος, Ion. for *μόνος*. For all Ion. forms beginning with *μουν-*, see under *μουν-*.

Μουνύχια, ἡ, *Munychia*, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνύχιαζε, Adv. to *Munychia*: and

Μουνύχιασι, Adv. at *Munychia*.

Μουνύχων, ἄνος, ὁ, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of *μονόω*.

μουν-ῶψ, Ion. for *μονάψ*.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ης, Aeol. **Μοῖσα** Dor. **Μῶσα** Lacon.

Μῶσα, ας, ἡ, the *Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses, — Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpoméné, Terpsichoré, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliope. II. later, *music*, song: also *eloquence*; and in pl. arts, *accomplishments*.

Μουνο-ἀγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. for *Μουσηγ-* (*Μοῦσα*, ἡγήμαι), the leader of the Muses, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσεῖον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or haunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., *μουσεῖα* θρηνημασι ξυνωδά halls resounding with lamentations; *μουσεῖα* χελιδόνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of *Μούσειος*.

Μούσειος Dor. **Μοισαῖος**, α, ου, also ος, ου, (μῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (μῦσα) to sing or play.

μουσικός, ἡ, ὅν, (μῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, ὁ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to *ἀμουσος*. 2. *μουσική* (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music, — one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being

γράμματα, *γυμναστική*: — generally, arts, letters, accomplishments. III. Adv. — *κῶς*, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. — *κῶτατα*.

μουσισδάω, Dor. for *μουσιζέω*.

μουσδ-δομος, ου, (μῦσα, δέω) built by song.

μουσομανέω, f. ἴσω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From

(*μουσο-μάνης*, ἑς, (μῦσα, μανῆναι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσδ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦσα, μαντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, οπος, ἡ, (μῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, to write poetry about. From

μουσο-ποιός, ὅν, (μῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: *μουσσοποιός*, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ου, (μῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., *μουσσοπόλος*, ὁ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ου, (μῦσα, πρόσωπον) musical-looking.

μουσουργία, ἡ, a making poetry, singing. From

μουσο-ουργός, ὅν, contr. for *μουσο-εργός*, (μῦσα, ἔργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing: — as Subst., *μουσουργός*, ἡ, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φίλης, ου, ὁ, and **μουσδ-φίλος**, ου, (μῦσα, φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρης, ἑς, (μῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσώω, f. ὥσω, (μῦσα) to devote to the Muses: — Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of *μοχθέω*.

μοχθέω, f. ἴσω, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, *μοχθεῖν μόχθους*, πόνους to undergo hardship, toils; *μοχθεῖν μαθήματα* to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardship.

μοχθηρία, ἡ, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, ὁ, ὅν, (μοχθέω) in sore distress, wretched. 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish,

villainous, rascally, Lat. *pravus*. Hence

μοχθηρῶς, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of *μοχθέω*, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, f. σῶ, = *μοχθέω*, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος, ὁ, (μογέω) toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, hardships: — *μόχθος* differs from *πόνος*, in that *μόχθος* always implies distress, bardship, Lat. *aerumna*, while *πόνος* is merely work, labour, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, ου, ὁ, one who heaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης *μοχλευτής* he who makes the sea to heave; *καὶνῶν ἑπὶν μοχλευτής* one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σῶ, (μοχλός) to prise up, to heave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for *μοχλεύω*.

μοχλῖον, τό, Dim. of *μοχλός*.

ΜΟΧΛΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a lever or bar for prising or heaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake: — the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΥ' or **ΜΥ'**, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-άγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, ἄγρα) a mouse-trap.

μῦάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, γαλή) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, ου, ὁ, (μύζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυδαλέος, α, *ov, wet, dripping, soaked.*

damp, mouldy. From

μυδάω, *f. ἤσω, (μύδος) to be damp, wet, dripping.* II. *to be damp or clammy from decay.*

ΜΥ'ΔΟΣ, *δ, damp; clamminess, decay, Lat. situs.* [ῥ] μυδροκτύπεω, *f. ἤσω, to forge red-hot iron.* From μυδρο-κτύπος, *ov, (μύδρος, κτύπεω) forging or welding red-hot iron.*

ΜΥ'ΔΡΟΣ [ῥ], *δ, any red-hot mass; μύδρους αἶρεν χερσὶν to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as an ordeal; also any lump or mass of metal.*

μυέλινος, *η, ov, (μυελός) = μυελός.*

μυελείας, *εσσα, εν, (μυελός) full of marrow.*

ΜΥΕΛΑΟΣ, *οῦ, δ, Lat. MEDULLA, marrow; metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελός ἀνθρώπων.* 2. *the marrow of the skull, the brain.* 3. *generally, the inmost part, core.* [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

μύεω, *f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐμύησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμύηθην: pf. μῆμῆμαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries:—Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὄργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυεῖσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries.* 2. *generally, to instruct.*

μύζω, *f. μύζω, (μῦ) to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter.* II. *to drink with closed lips, to suck in.*

μυθέομαι, *Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one ε, μυθεῖαι; 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσονται: aor. I ἐμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσαςτο: Dep.: (μῦθος):—to say, speak, tell, name.* II. *to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider.*

μυθεύω, *Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθέομαι.*

μυθεύμαι, *Dor. for μυθεόμαι.*

μυθεύω = μυθεόμαι:—Pass., *to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.*

μυθησαίμην, *aor. I med. opt. of μυθεόμαι.*

μυθιάζωμαι, *Dep. = μυθεόμαι.*

μυθίδιον, *τό, Dim. of μύθος, a short tale or fable.*

μυθίζω *Dor. —ισδω, later form for μυθεόμαι.*

μυθικός, *ή, ov, (μύθος) mythic, legendary.*

μυθίσδω, *Dor. for μυθίζω.*

μῦθο-λογεύω, *(μύθος, λέγω) to tell word for word.* μῦθο-λόγιω, *f. ἤσω, (μυθολόγος) to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythical.* 2. *to tell tales, talk.* Hence

μυθολογητέον, *verb. Adj. one must tell legends.*

μυθολογία, *ή, (μυθολογία) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology.* Hence

μυθολογικός, *ή, ov, versed in mythology.*

μῦθο-λόγος, *ov, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, δ, a teller of legends.*

μῦθο-πλόκος, *ov, (μύθος, πλέκω) weaving tales.*

ΜΥ'ΘΟΣ, *δ, anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without the deed: a speech.* II. *talk, conversation: also,*

the subject of conversation, the matter itself. III.

advice, a command, order. IV. *a purpose, design,*

plan. V. *a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical account.* 2. *a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables.*

μῦθ-ώδης, *ες, (μῦθος, εἶδος) like a fable, legendary, fabulous.*

ΜΥΤ'Α Att. *μῦα, ή, a fly, Lat. musca.*

μυιο-σόβη, *ή, (μῦια, σοβέω) a fly-flap.*

μυιο-σόβος, *ov, (μῦια, σοβέω) flapping away flies.*

ΜΥΤ'ΚΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, *f. —ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἐμύκον:*

Ep. pf. μέμικα (so βέβρυχα, μέμικα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as Βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μηκάομαι.*

μύκηθμός, *δ, (μυκάομαι) a bellowing: and*

μύκημα, *ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder.* [ῥ]

Μύκηναϊος, *ov, of or from Mycenae.* From

Μύκηνη, *and Μύκηναι, αἱ, Mycené, Mycenae, an ancient Pelagiac city, superseded by the Doric Argos:—Adv. Μυκηνήθεν, from Mycenae.*

Μύκηνις, *ιδος, ή, peculiar fem. of Μυκηναῖος.*

ΜΥ'ΚΗΣ, *ητος, δ, also μύκης, ov, δ, a mushroom, Lat. fungus.* II. *any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as,*

I. *the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard.* 2. *the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concreverunt fungos.*

μύκητινος, *η, ov, (μύκης) made of mushrooms.*

μυκτήρ, *ηρος, δ, (μύζω) the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils.* Hence

μυκτηρίζω, *f. ἴσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.*

μυκτηρόθεν, *Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the nose.*

μυκτηρό-κομπος, *ov, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) sounding from the nostril.*

μύλαϊος, *ov, (μύλη) working in a mill.*

μύλακρίς, *ιδος, δ, (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρίς λίας a millstone.*

μύλαξ, *άκος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large round stone.*

μύλ-εργάτης, *ov, δ, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) one who works in a mill, a miller.* [α]

μύλη [ῥ], *ή, a mill, Lat. mōla, a hand-mill.* II. *the nether millstone.*

μύλη-φάτος, *ov, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of *φένω) bruised or crushed in a mill.*

μύλιός, *(μύλη) to gnash or grind the teeth.*

μυλίκος, *ή, ov, (μύλη) of or for a mill; λίθος μυλίκος a millstone.*

μύλλω, *(μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molère.*

μύλο-ειδής, *ές, (μύλος, εἶδος) like a millstone.*

μῦλος, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. *ὄνικος*. [ῥ]
 μύλῳρος, ὁ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.
 μύλων, ὄνος, ὁ, a mill-house, mill, Lat. *pistrinum*;
βάλλειν εἰς μύλωνα, Lat. *detrudere in pistrinum*, to
 condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνα) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]
 μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνῃ) to make excuses: to put off.
 μύζα, ἡ, (μύζω, μύζω) the discharge from the nose,
mucus, *phlegm*.

μύζωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = *μυκτηῖρ*, a nose, nostril.
 μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.
 μύραινα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, a sea-eel or lam-
 prey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μυρίος) ten thousand times.
 μυρί-άμφορος, ον, (μυρίος ἀμφορέως) holding ten
 thousand measures (ἀμφορέως).

μυρί-άρχης, ον, ὁ, and μυρί-αρχος, ὁ, (μυρίος, ἄρ-
 χω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μυριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. *μυριαδῶν*, (μυρίος)
 the number 10,000, a *myriad*:—when *μυριάς*, *μυρι-
 άδες* are used alone of money, *δραχμῶν* must be sup-
 plied; when of corn, *μεδίμων*.

μυρί-ετής, ἑς, gen. ἑος, (μυρίος, ἔτος) lasting ten
 thousand years: of countless years.

μυρίζω, f. ἴω: pf. pass. *μεμύρισμαι*: (μύρον):—to
 anoint.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῖ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, the tamarisk. Hence
 μυρικήνεος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and
 μυρικός, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [ῖ]
 μυρίο-βίος, ον, (μυρίος, βίος) with ten thousand
 oxen.

μυρί-όδους, ὄδοντες, ὁ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ὁδός) having
 immense teeth.

μυρίο-καρπος, ον, (μυρίος, καρπός) bearing count-
 less fruit.

μυρίο-κράνος, ον, (μυρίος, κράνον) with numberless
 beads, many-beaded.

μυρίο-λεκτος, ον, (μυρίος, λέγω) said ten thousand
 times.

μυρίο-μορφος, ον, (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless shapes.

μυρίο-μοχθος, ος, (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toil.

μυρίο-ναυς, αος, ὁ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless
 ships.

μυρίοντ-αρχος, ον, = *μυρίαρχος*.

μυρίο-πάλαι, Adv. (μυρίος, πάλαι) time out of mind.

μυρίο-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (μυρίος) ten thousand
 fold: infinitely more than.

μυρίο-πληθής, ἑς, (μυρίος, πλήθος) of infinite num-
 ber, countless.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number
 mostly in pl., but often in sing., as *μύριον αἶμα*, *χαλ-
 κός*, etc. 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite;
ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless,
 infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., *μύριοι*,
αἱ, a, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be
 used, as, *ἵππος μυρίη* 10,000 horse. [ῥ]

μυριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύριος) the 10,000th.
 μυριστός, υός, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μύριο-τευχής, ἑς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand
 armed men.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand
 talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, = *μυριοφόρος*.

μυρίο-φάνος, ον, (μυρίος, φανή) with countless voices.

μυρί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguents or essence.

μυρί-ωπός, ὄν, (μυρίος, ὤψ) with countless eyes.

μυρμηκία, ἄς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.

μυρμηκίας, ον, ὁ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.

ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ἦκος, ὁ, the ant, Lat. *FORMICA*. II.
 a beast of prey in India.

III. a sunken rock on
 the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.

Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of
 Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with per-
 fumed locks.

μύροεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω. [ῥ]

ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants:
 generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, bal-
 sam.

II. the place where unguents were sold,
 the perfume-market.

III. metaph. anything sweet
 or charming.

μύρο-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. -πώλις, ἱδος, ἡ, (μύρον,
 πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μύρορ-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ραίνω) wet with unguent.

μύρορ-φειγής, ἑς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with un-
 guent.

μύρορ-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with
 sweet oil.

μύρώ, f. ὶωω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.

ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat.
myrrha, *murra*.

μυρρίνη [ῖ], ἡ, later Att. for *μυρσ*-, a myrtle twig
 or wreath.

II. *μυρρίνα*, αἱ, the myrtle-market.

μυρρίνος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. *myrteus*.

μυρρίνων, ὰνος, ὁ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.
myrtetum.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῖ] later Att. *μυρρίνη*, ἡ, the myr-
 tle.

II. a myrtle-branch. [ῖ]
μυρσίνο-ειδής, ἑς, (μυρρίνη, εἶδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ον, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the
 myrtle-berry, Lat. *myrtum*.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.

ΜΥΡΩ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow,
 run, trickle, stream.

II. Med. *μύρομαι*, to melt
 into tears: to shed tears, weep.

2. trans. to weep
 for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μύρώ) plaster.

ΜΥΣ, ὁ, gen. *μύδος*, acc. *μύν*, voc. *μύ*, a mouse, Lat.
MUS: *μύς ἀρουραῖος*, a field-mouse.

II. a muscle
 of the body, Lat. *musculus*.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττωμαι) = *μύσος*.

μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *μύω*.

μῦσῆρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μῦσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. *impurus* : τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

μῦσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθήσομαι : aor. ἰ ἐμύσάχθην : Dep. : (μῦσος) :—to loathe, abominate.

μῦσος [ῥ], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust : metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. *piaculum*.

Μῦσός, ὁ, a Mysian.

μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

μυστηρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, for mysteries, mystical. From

μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite : mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τὰ, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing : a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίως, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρίκος.

μυστηρίως, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μυνέω) one initiated. Hence

μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the mysteries : secret, mystical.

μυστίλομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From

ΜΥΣΤΙΛΙΑ [ῥ], ἡ, a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστί-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

μυτίλος [ῥ], ὁ, (μῦς) the fish muscle, Lat. *mytilus*.

μυττωέω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΟΣ, ὁ, ἄ mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχαιτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μύχος, as μέσαιτος from μέσος. [ῥ]

μυχιζέω, f. σω, Dor. μυχισόω, (μύζω) to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion.

2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχισμός, ὁ, a snorting : sneering.

μύχιος, ἄ, ον, (μύχος) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. *intimus* : irreg. Sup. μύχοιτατος.

μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

μύχθεν, Adv. (μύχος) from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers.

μύχοιτατος, η, ον, (μύχος) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος ; μυχοίτατος ἴκε he sat in the farthest corner.

μύχονδε, Adv. (μύχος) to the far corner.

μύχος, οὔ, ὁ, (μύω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. *sinus* : the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. *penetratilia*. 2. a bay or creek running far inland.

ΜΥΨ, f. μύσω : aor. ἐμύσα : pf. μέμυκα : I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes ; but also of wounds ; οὐδ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμυκεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut : absol., μύσας with one's eyes shut. 3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to shut, close.

μῦων, ἄνος, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.

μῦων, gen. plur. of μῦς.

μῦωπάζω, (μῦω) to be purblind, to see dimly.

μῦωπίζω, (μῦω) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

μῦ-ωπός, ὄν, (μῦω, ὥψ) = μῦωψ 1.

μῦ-ῶψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦω, ὥψ) closing the eyes, short-sighted. II. as Subst., μῦωψ, ὥπος, ὁ, the horse-fly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [ῥ]

Μῦα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μούσα.

μῦλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war : battle, war : a struggle, contest : generally, a quarrel, broil.

ΜΩΛΤ, ὅς, το, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

ΜΩΛΩΨ, ὥπος, ὁ, the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.

μωμάομαι, Ion. -έομαι : f. -ήσομαι : aor. ἐμωμήσαμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο : Dep. : (μῶμος) :—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc. :—aor. pass. ἐμωμήθην in pass. sense, to be blamed.

μωμέω, f. σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.

μῶμος, ου, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μῇ οἶν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. *num?* e.g. μῶν ἐστι . . ; Answ. οὐ ὄητα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.

μῶνος, ἄ, ον, Dor. for μῶνους, μόνος.

μῶ-νύς, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, unclown hoof, Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.

μῶνυχος, ον = μῶνυξ.

μωπαῖνω, f. ἄνω : aor. ἰ ἐμῶπαῖνα : (μωπός) :—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool : c. acc., πείραν μωπαῖνεν to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convict of folly. 2. to make tasteless : Pass. to become so.

μωρανθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of μωπαῖνω.

μωρία, ἡ, (μῶπος) silliness, folly, absurdity.

μωρολογία, ἡ, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ον, (μωπός, λέγω) speaking foolishly.

ΜΩΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dull, heavy : generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μῶπος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

μῶρως, Adv. of μωπός, foolishly.

Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μούσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. *μῶα c.

N

N, ν, νύ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν:

I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καιρος, ἐγ-χώριος, ἐγ-ξίω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φύης, ἐμ-μανής, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συμ-ράπτω.

V. into σ before σ, as σύσ-σιτος. VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνθην from ἰδρύω.

The νύ ἐφελευστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δεικνύναι, for ἔκτανε δεικνύει: with the locat. termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as ὀσπεύοφιν; with the numeral εἴκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Adv. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν, νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νάες, νάας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς.

ναετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ναέτης, ου, ὁ, (ναῶν) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, ὁ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς.

Ναῖακός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ναῖάς) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖάς, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖάδες Ion Νηϊάδες, (νῶα) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναῖσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῶν.

ναιετάσκει, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάεσκον: (ναῶν): I. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖον, Ep. impf. ναῖω β.

νάϊος, α, ον, Dor. for νήϊος.

ναλοῖσα, Dor. for ναλοῖσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω.

Ναῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νῆϊς, (νῶα) = Ναῖας. [Ὶ]

ναίχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΪΩ (Α): I. intr. in pres. and impf., I. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to lie, be situated. II.

Causal, in Ep. aor. I ἐνάσσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσσα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in: καί κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home. 2. to make a person dwell in

a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell: πατήρ ἐμὸς Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄγχ' Ἑλικῶνος he settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (Β), = νῶα, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [ᾱ]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [ᾱ]

νάμα, ατος, τό, (νῶα) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring: ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence νᾱμᾱτῖαιος, α, ον, flowing, running.

ναμερτής, ναμερτεῖα, Dor. for νημ-.

νάν, Dor. for ναῦν, acc. of ναῦς.

ΝΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, a dwarf, Lat. nāpus.

νάνο-φύης, ἐς, (νῶας, φύῃ) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξιος, α, ον, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos:

Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Ναξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξί-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

νᾱο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναός, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὁ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

ναός Ion. νηός Att. νεώς, ὁ, (ναῶν) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

ναός, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῦς.

ναπαῖος, α, ον, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΨΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [ᾱ]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑΨΤ, vos, τό, = σῖναπι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. II.

nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυροφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑΡΘΗΞ, ἡκος, ὁ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed.

The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκῶν, f. ἦσσι: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

ΝΑΨΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

ναρκισσος, ὁ, the narcissus. (From ναρκῶν, because of its narcotic properties.)

νᾱρός, α, ὄν, (νῶα) flowing, liquid.

νάς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῦς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναῖω; ν. ναῖω II. 2. νᾱσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτας.

νασμός, ὁ, (νῶα) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νᾱσός, Dor. for νῆσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσσα, aor. I of ναῖω.

νάσσατο, Dor. for νῆσσα, νῆπτα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ναῖω: ν. ναῖω II. 2.

ΝΑ΄ΣΣΩ, f. νᾱζώ: aor. I ἐνάφα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

Q 5

οι νέναγμαι:—to press or squeeze close, stamp down, compress: to pile up.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-kneaded. II. as Subst., ναστός, ὁ, a well-kneaded cake.

νάττω, Att. for νάσσω.

ναυᾶγέω Ion. ναυηγ—: f. ἦσω: (ναναγός):—to suffer shipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

ναυᾶγία Ion. ναυηγίη, ἡ, shipwreck, wreck.

ναυᾶγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck; ναυᾶγια ἐπικία the wreck of a chariot. From ναυ-ἄγος Ion. ναυηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, ἄγνυμι) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined, wrecked.

ναυαρχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the command of a fleet, office of admiral. 2. the period of his command.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναῦς, ἄρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

ναύατης, οὐ, ὁ, poet. for ναύτης. [ᾶ]

ναυ-βάτης [ᾶ], οὐ, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a ship, a seaman. II. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

ναύ-δετον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυᾶγ—

ναυκληρέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύκληρος) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II. metaph. to manage, govern. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the life and calling of a master of a ship, a seafaring life. 2. poet. a voyage: generally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

ναυκληρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναύκληρος) of or for the master of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναῦς, κληρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. 2. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράτος, ὁ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (ναυκραρία) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναυκραροί belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκρατέω, f. ἦσω, to have the mastery at sea, to command the sea:—Pass. to be mastered at sea. From

ναυ-κράτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) having the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) commanding the sea. II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [ᾶ]

ναῦλος, ὁ, or ναῦλον, τό, (ναῦς) passage-money, fare, Lat. nautum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυλοχος) to lie in a harbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to tally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) affording safe anchorage, having a good roadstead. II. as Subst.,

ναυλοχος, ὁ, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an anchorage, Lat. statio navium.

ναυμάχεω, f. ἦσω, (ναυμάχος) to fight in a ship, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. Hence

ναυμάχια, ἡ, a sea-fight.

ναυ-μάχος, ον, (ναῦς, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; ξυστά ναύμαχα boarding pikes.

ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυπηγός) to build ships:—Med., ναῦς ναυπηγέσθαι to build oneself ships:—Pass. of the ships, to be built.

ναυπηγήσιμος, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for ship-building.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

ναυπηγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dock-yard. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., ναυπηγός, ὁ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πορος) traversed by ships, naval. II. parox. ναυπόρος, ον, propelling a ship.

ΝΑΥΨ, ἡ, Lat. NAV-IS, a ship; ναῦς μακρά, a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., ναῦς, νεώς, νηί, ναῦν; dual gen. νεοῖν; pl. νῆες, νεῶν or νηῶν, ναυσί, ναῦς:—Ion., νηῖς, νεός, νηί, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νησί, νέας:—Ep. νηῖς, νηός, νηί, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, νησιό or νήεσι, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεός, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νέεσι, νέας):—Dor. ναῦς, νᾶος, νᾶί, ναῖν, pl. νᾶες, νᾶων, ναυσί or νάεσι, νᾶας.

ναυσθλῶω, contr. for ναυστολέω, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to go by sea.

ναυσία Att. ναυτία, ἡ, (ναῦς) sea-sickness, qualmsickness, retching, Lat. nausea. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to be qualmsick, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

ναυσί-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

ναυσί-κλιτός, ὄν, = ναυσικλειτός.

ναυσί-πέδη, ἡ, (ναῦς, πέδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσί-πέρυτος Ion. νηυσιπέρητος, ον, (ναῦς, περῶν) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable.

ναυσί-πόμος, ον, (ναῦς, πέμω) ship-wafting; ναυσιπόμος αἶρα a fair breeze. [Υ]

ναυσί-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πορος) = ναύπορος, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. parox. ναυσιπόρος, ον, act. going in ships, sea-faring. 2. propelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσί-στονος, ον, (ναῦς, στένω) lamentable to the ship.

ναυσί-φόρητος, ον, (ναῦς, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναυ-σταθιον, τό, (ναῦς, σταθμός) a harbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυστόλος) trans. to carry or convey by sea:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. intr.,

like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, *a voyage*.
 ναυστολία, ἡ, (ναυστολέω) *a going by ship*.
 ναυ-στόλος, ον, (ναύς, στέλλω) *sending by ship*. II.
voyaging, sailing.
 ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (ναύς) Lat. *nauta, a seaman, sailor*. II.
one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιά, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.
 ναυτικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ναύς, ναύτης) *of or for a ship*;
ναυτικός στρατός *a sea-force*, opp. to πεζός: also,
ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, *naval affairs, naval power*. 2. *of persons, skilled in seamanship, nautical*.
 ναυτίλια, ἡ, (ναυτίλος) *sailing, seamanship*: in pl. *voyages*. Hence
 ναυτιλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. *to go by sea, make a voyage, sail*.
 ναυτίλος [ῥ], ὁ, (ναύτης) *a seaman, sailor*. 2.
 Adj. *of a ship, nautical*. II. *the nautilus, a shellfish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail*.
 ναυτο-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) *to enlist seamen, take on board*: generally, *to receive*.
 ναυφορία, ἡ, *shipwreck, loss of ships*. From
 ναυ-φθορος, ον, (ναύς, φθείρω) *shipwrecked*; ναυφθο-
 ρος πολλή *the garb of shipwrecked men*.
 ναυφή, ναυφήν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναυ-φρακτος Att. ναυ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναύς, φράσσω)
ship-fenced, ship-girt; ναυφρακτον βλέπειν *to look like a ship of war*.
 ΝΑΩ, only found in pres. and impf. *to flow*.
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) *newly told*.
 νεα-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, *γένω) *newly born*.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος, intr. *to be young or new*: *to be the younger of two*). 2. *to act or think like a youth*. 3. *to grow young, grow young again*.
 νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αἰρέω) *newly caught*.
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ἄκονητος, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) *newly-betted, keen-edged*.
 νεάλης, ἐς, (νέος) *fresh with youth*: generally, *fresh, vigorous*.
 νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) *newly caught*. [ᾶ]
 νε-ανθής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀνθῶ) *new-budding, blooming*.
 νεανίας, ον, Ep. and Ion. νεηνίης, εω, ὁ, (νέος) *a young man, youth*: often with another Subst., as, ἀνδρες νεηνία, παῖς νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj. *youthful*: *fresh, vigorous, impetuous*.
 νεανιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) *to be a youth*: *to act like a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youthful boasts*.
 νεανικός, ὁ, ὄν, (νεανίας) *youthful*: *fresh, impetuous, vigorous*. 2. *high-spirited, noble*. 3. in bad sense, *basty, wanton, insolent*. 4. generally, *great, mighty, strong*.
 νεανικῶς, Adv. *of νεανικός, vigorously*.

νεάνις Ion. νεήνις, gen. ἰδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν, fem. of νεανίας, *a young woman, girl, maiden*. II.
 as Adj. *youthful*: *new*.
 νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) *to be in one's youth, be a stripling*.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ὁ, (νεανίας) *a youth, young man*.
 νε-αυδός, ὄν, (νέος, αὐδός) *singing youthfully*.
 νεάρος, ὁ, ὄν, (νέος) *young, youthful*: *fresh, new, recent, late*.
 νεάρο-φάης, ἐς, (νεαρός, φαός) *coming fresh to light, new-appearing*.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.
 νεάτος Ion. νελάτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as μέστος from μέσος, *the last, uttermost, lowest, extreme*; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου *a city lying on the border of Pylos*. II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.
 νεάτος, ὁ, *the ploughing up of fallow land*. From νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) *to plough up fallow land, to till anew*: νεωμένη (sc. γῆ), ἡ, *land ploughed anew*.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) *clad in a fawn-skin*.
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, *to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at the feast of Bacchus*. From
 νεβρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νεβρός) *a fawn-skin, worn at the feasts of Bacchus*.
 NEBPO'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, *the young of the deer, a fawn*.
 νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.
 νέμαι, Ion. for νέρ, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ἐς, (νέος, γένος) *new-born, just born*.
 νεη-θάλής, ἐς, (νέος, θαλεῖν) *fresh-shooting, fresh-blown*.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεῦκής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀκή) *newly whetted or sharpened*.
 νε-ηκονής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀκονῆ) = νεηκής.
 νε-ηλάτος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαίνω) *newly pounded, fresh ground*: as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, *cakes of fresh flour*.
 νε-ηλὺς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, ἡλυσίς) *one newly come, a new-comer*, Lat. advena.
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεη-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημί) *fresh-uttered, new-sounding*.
 νεί, Boeot. for νή.
 νεΐαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νεΐαιρᾶ Ion. νεΐαιρη, ἡ, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as νεάτος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νεΐαιρη ἐν γαστρὶ in the lower part of the belly.
 νελάτος, η, ον, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεκεία, νεκείησσι, νεκείεσκον, v. νικέω.
 νεικεστήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, (νικέω) *a wrangler, disputer, brawler*: c. gen. *one who wrangles with*.
 νεικεῦσι, Aeol. for νεικουσί, 3 pl. of νικέω.
 νικέω, Ion. and Ep. νικέειν, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νει-
 κεῖται, Ion. impf. νικεῖον and νικεῖσκον: Ep. fut. νικέεσσω, Ep. aor. I νικέεσσα: (νέικος):—*to quarrel,*

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκω* *νεικεῖν*: part. *νεικέων*, *bolding out obstinately, contentiously*. II. trans. to vex, annoy, esp. by word, to taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate.

νείκη, ἡ, = *νίκος*.

ΝΕΙ ΚΟΣ, τό, a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a taunt, reproach. 2. a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge. 3. also, battle, fight. II. the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel.

Νεῖλαυός, ὁ, (*Νεῖλος*) a native of the Nile.

Νεῖλαιος, α, ον, (*Νεῖλος*) of or from the Nile.

Νεῖλο-γενής, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος*, *γενέσθαι*) Nile-born.

Νεῖλο-θερής, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος*, *θέρω*) fostered by the Nile.

Νεῖλор-ρῦτος poet. *Νεῖλο-ρῦτος*, ον, (*Νεῖλος*, *ρέω*) watered by the Nile.

Νεῖλος, ὁ, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer *Αἴγυπτος*.

Νεῖλωτός, ἰδος, ἡ, (*Νεῖλος*) built on or by the Nile.

Νεῖλωτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτης, ἰδος, (*Νεῖλος*) living in or on the Nile; *χωὶν Νεῖλωτης* the land of Nile.

νεῖμας, aor. I part. of *νέμω*.

νεῖμεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *νέμω*: *νεῖμαν*, 3 pl.: *νεῖμον* 2 sing. imperat.

νεῖσθεν, Ion. for *νεύσθεν*, Adv. (*νέος*) from the bottom: *νεῖσθεν ἐκ κραδῆς* from the bottom of his heart. II. anew.

νεῖσθι, Ion. for *νεῖσθι*, Adv. (*νέος*) at the bottom, in the inmost part.

νεῖο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for *νεωκόρος*.

νεῖομαι, Ion. for *νέομαι*.

νεῖο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (*νεῖός*, *ποιέω*) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

νεῖός, οὗ, ἡ, (*νέος*) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. *novāle*.

νέος, Ion. for *νέος*: Sup. *νεῖότατος*, ἡ, ον.

νεῖο-τομέυς, ὁ, (*νεῖός*, *τεμείν*) one who breaks up a fallow.

νεῖρα or *νεῖρα*, ἡ, contr. for *νεῖαιρα*, the belly, stomach.

νεῖται, contr. for *νέεται*, 3 sing. of *νέομαι*.

νεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*νέκος*) a heap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκάδεσσι*.

νεκρ-ἄγγελος, ον, (*νεκρός*, *ἄγγελος*) messenger to the dead.

νεκρᾶγωγέω, f. ἤσω, to conduct the dead. From

νεκρ-ἄγωγός, ον, (*νεκρός*, *ἄγω*) conducting the dead.

νεκρ-ἄκαδημεια, ἡ, (*νεκρός*, *Ἀκαδημία*) a school of the dead.

νεκρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*νεκρός*) of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βάρης, ἐς, (*νεκρός*, *βάρος*) laden with corpses.

νεκρο-δέχμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*νεκρός*, *δέχομαι*) receiving the dead.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -δόχος, ον, (*νεκρός*, *δέχομαι*) receiving the dead. Hence

νεκρο-δοχεῖον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery.

νεκρο-θήκη, ἡ, (*νεκρός*, *θήκη*) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, ὄν, (*νεκρός*, *πέμπω*) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

νεκρός, οὗ, ὁ, (*νέκος*) a dead body, carcase, corpse, corse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj., *νεκρός*, α, ὄν, dead.

νεκρο-στολέω, (*νεκρός*, *στέλλω*) to ferry over the dead.

νεκρώω, f. ὥσω, (*νεκρός*) to make dead:—Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. to deaden, mortify.

νεκρώω, ἄνος, ὁ, (*νεκρός*) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νεκρώσις, ἡ, (*νεκρώω*) a making dead. II. pass. a becoming dead, death: deadness.

ΝΕΚΤΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, *nectar*, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the *nectar* is red (*ἐρυθρόν*), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρεις, a Ion. η, ον, like *nectar*, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [α]

νεκῦ-ηγός, ὄν, (*νέκος*, *ἄγω*) = *νεκροπομπός*, conducting, guiding the dead.

νεκῦο-μαντεῖον Ion. -ἡμον, τό, (*νέκος*, *μαντεῖον*) an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned.

νεκῦο-στόλος, ον, (*νέκος*, *στέλλω*) ferrying the dead.

ΝΕΚΥΤΣ, ὅς, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. *νέκυι*: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκύεσσι* contr. *νέκυσσι*: acc. pl. *νέκυας* contr. *νέκυς*:

—a dead body, a corpse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj. dead, lifeless. [ῥ]

Νεμέα Ion. -ἔη, ἡ, *Nemea*, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. *Νέμεα*, τά.

Νέμεα poet. *Νέμεια*, τά, the *Nemean games*, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Νέμεος or *Νέμειος*, α, ον, of or from *Nemea*.

νέμεω, poet. for *νέμω*, in 3 pl. impf. med. *νέμε-θοντο*, Ep. for *ἐνέμοντο*, they grazed, fed.

νέμεσάω, Ion. impf. *νέμεσασκον*: fut. ἤσω: Ep. aor. I *νέμεσῃσα*:—Ep. pres. *νέμεσάω*, f. *νέμεσῃσάω*, etc.: (*νέμεσις*):—to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed.

II. Med. and Pass., *νέμεσῶμαι*: f. -ῃσομαι: aor. I pass. *ἐνέμεσῆσθην* Ep. *νέμεσῆσθην*; Ep. aor. I med. opt. *νέμεσῆσθαιτο*:—to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with shame. 2. c. acc. rei, *νέμεσῶμαι κακὰ ἔργα* he shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.

Νεμέσια, (sub. *ἐπὰ*), τά, the feast of *Nemesis*.

νεμεσητός Ep. *νέμεσσητός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*νέμεσάω*) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; οὔτοι *νέμεσητόν* it is not a thing fit to raise indignation. II. to be regarded with awe, awful.

νεμεσιζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised. II. like *νέμεσάωμαι*, to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc.,

θεοὺς *νέμεσιζετο* he stood in awe of the gods. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, εως, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment.

2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment: οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation.

III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσάτα, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμέσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f. ἦσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for νεμεσσητός.

νεμέσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νεμέτωρ, opos, ὁ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, εος, τῷ, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

ΝΕΜΩ: fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἐνεῖμα Ep. νεῖμα: pf. νεμένηκα:—Med. Νέμομαι: f. νεμῶμαι, later νεμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf. νενέμμαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use.

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy. III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited.

2. to sway, manage, wield, control.

3. like νομίζω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πῦρὶ χθὺν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὅρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πῦρὶ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νέμασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

νενέσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to hear.

νεμένηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

νένιμμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενόμμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενώμενος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι,

νενώμενος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, ov, (νέος, ἀλῶμαι) = νεάλωτος.

νεο-ἀρδής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀρδω) newly watered.

νεό-γάμος, ov, (νέος, γαμέω) newly married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεογίλος, ἡ, ὄν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, ἐς, = νεογνός.

νεο-γνός, ὄν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ov, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεο-γράφος, ov, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεό-γυιός, ov, (νέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.

νεο-δαυδάδης, ἐς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δαῖμος = δῆμος), newly enfranchised: hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμώδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεό-δαρτος, ov, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-διδάκτος, ov, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and νεό-δμητος, ov, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεό-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ov, (νέος, δέμα) newly-built.

νεό-δρεπτος, ov, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ov, (νέος, δρᾶμην) just having run.

νεό-δροπος, ov, = νεόδρεπος.

νεό-ζευκτος, ov, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.

νεο-ζυγής, ἐς, and νεό-ζυγος, ov, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεό-ζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, = νεοζυγής.

νεο-θάλής, ἐς, Dor. for νεοθηλής.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ἐς, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεό-θηλος, ov, = νεοθηλής.

νεο-θήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θαλίβης, ἐς, (νέος, θαλίβηναι) newly pressed.

νεοτή, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νέ-οικος, ov, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ov, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ἐς, (νέος, κηδός) having a fresh grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, ov, having lately inherited.

νεό-κλωστος, ov, (νέος, κλώω) newly spun or woven.

νεο-κόνητος, ov, (νέος, κἀνω) newly shed: νεοκόνη-τον αἷμα χερσὶν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νέο-κόπτος, ov, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-ciselled.

νεόκοτος, ov, (νέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

νέο-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: νεόκρας φίλος a newly made friend.

νέο-κτιστος, ov, also ἡ, ov, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νέο-κτονος, ov, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.

νέο-λαΐα, ἡ, (νέος, λαΐς) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenitus.

νέο-λουτος poet. νεόλλουτος, ov, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεύμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νείται, νεύται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νείσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf.:—to go or come: commonly with a part. sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μῆν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-παθής, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) suffering from a late calamity.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

νεό-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαιοπλουτος.

νεό-πλῆτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly washed.

νεό-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly sown.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεό-πολις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) newly founded.

νεόρ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, βάινω) newly sprinkled: fresh-reeking.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) fresh-flowing.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βύω) just drawn.

νέ-ορτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

ΝΕΟΣ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also os, ον: Ion. νέος, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denovo: hence νέον Ion. νεῖον, as Adv., newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ἔνη καὶ νέα, see ἔνη.

III. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεώτατος, v. νεῖος. Hence νεός (sub. γῆ), ἡ, fresh land, fallow, Lat. novula. νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σίγαλεις) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκέλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκῆλεύω) newly plundered.

νεό-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) newly cleaned.

νεο-σπαδής, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

νεό-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσύνω Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω: f. σω: (νεοσ-σός):—to hatch; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσσιά Ion. —ιῇ Att. νεοττιά, ἡ, (νεοσσός) a nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεόσσιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσός, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσσίς Att. νοττίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσσός, a chicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ—, ον, (νεοσσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, ὁ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

ling, chicken. 2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσός.

νεό-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted.

νεο-σφάγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγῆναι) newly slaughtered.

νεότας, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νεό-τεκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νεό-τμητος Dor. —τματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut.

νεό-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκείν) new-born. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) fresh cut or ploughed;

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II.

fresh cut off, plucked.

νεο-τρέφης, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young.

νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός, Att. for νεοσσ—.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds.

νεοουργός, f. ἦσω, to make new, renew. From

νεο-ουργός, ὄν, (νέος, *ἐργω) making new, renewing.

νεο-ούατος, ον, (νέος, ούαω) lately wounded.

νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

νεό-φονος, ον, (νέος, *φένω) lately killed: fresh-shed.

νεό-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planted. II.

a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, ὄν, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμούω, f. ὥσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νεό-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνός) with the first down.

νεώω, f. ὥσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change.

νέποδες, ον, ὄν, children: an old Epic word.

νέρεε and νέρθεν, Adv., =ἐνερθε, under, beneath:

also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερέτριος, α, ον, (νέρετος) underground, Lat. inferus.

νερετρο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρετος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρετος, α, ον, =ἐνέρετος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also

as a Posit. =νερέτριος, nether, infernal, underground;

οἱ νέρετροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΨΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bird of prey.

νεύμα, atos, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command.

νεύμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέωμαι.

ΝΕΥΡΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, a sinew, tendon. II. a

string or cord of sinew; I. a bow-string. 2.

a musical string or chord.

νευρεΐν, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, λαλέω) *with sounding strings.*

NEY'PON, τό, *Lat. nervus, a sinew, tendon*; esp. in pl. νεύρα, *the tendons of the feet*; νεύρα τέμνειν *to hamstring, disable.* 2. metaph. *strength, vigour, nerve.*

II. *a string, cord, lace made of sinew*: hence 2. *a bowstring*: also *cord of a sling.* 3. *a musical string or chord.*

νευρο-πλεκής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) *plaited with sinews.*

νευρορραφείω, *ῥ. ἴσω*, *to stitch with sinews*: *to mend shoes.* From

νευρο-ράφος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ῥάπτω) *stitching with sinews*: as *Subst. a cobbler.*

νευρο-σπᾶδής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn or strained back with a sinew or string*; νευροσπαδῆς ἄτρακτος *the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.*

νευρό-σπαστος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn by strings*; ἀγάλματα νευρόσπαστα *puppets moved by strings.*

νευρο-τενής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, τένω) *stretched by sinews.*

νευρο-χαρής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the bowstring.*

νεύσομαι or νευσοῦμαι, *fut. of νέω β.*

νευστάζω, (νεύω) *to nod*, *Lat. nūto*; νευστάζειν κόρυθι *to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest*; νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ *to nod with the head*, of one fainting; νευστάζειν ὀφύσει *to make signs with the eyebrows.*

NEY'Ω, *f. νεύσω*, *to nod, beckon*, as *a sigh or command.* 2. in token of assent, *to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod.* 3. generally, *to nod, bend forward*; νεύειν κάτω *to stoop*; νεύειν κεφαλὰς *to bow down, droop the head*; νεύειν εἰς τι *to incline towards a thing.* 4. metaph. *to decline, fall away.*

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) *a cloud, mass of clouds*, *Lat. nebula*: metaph. *the cloud of death*; ἄχρους νεφέλη *a cloud of sorrow.* II. *a fine bird-net.*

νεφέλ-ηγερέτα, *Ep. for -της, ὁ*, *only used in nom.* and *gen.* νεφέλεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, ἡγεῖρω) *cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller.*

Νεφέλο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) *a cloud-centaur.*

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-toun*, built by the birds in *Aristoph. Aves.* Hence

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγιεύς, ὁ, *citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-toun.*

νεφελοῦς, *ῥ. ὥσω*, (νεφέλη) *to make cloudy.* Hence νεφελοτός, ἡ, ὅν, *made of clouds.*

νεφο-ειδής, ἐς, (νέφος, εἶδος) *like a cloud.*

ΝΕ'ΦΟΣ, *εος, τό*, *a cloud, mass of clouds*, *Lat. nebula*: metaph. *the cloud of death*, θανάτων μέλαν νεφός; so, νέφος ὀφρίων *a cloud upon the brow.* 2. metaph. also, *a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.*

νεφρίτις, *ιδος*, (νεφρός) *fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys*; ἡ νεφρίτις (*sc. νόσος*), *a disease in the kidneys.*

ΝΕΦΡΟΣ, *οὔ, ὁ*, *mostly in pl. the kidneys.*

ΝΕ'Ω (A), *to go*, *v. sub νέομαι.*

ΝΕ'Ω (B), *impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἐνεον*: *fut. νέσομαι and νευσοῦμαι*: *aor. I ἐνευσα*:—*to swim, Lat. nāre.* 2. of shoes that are too large; νεῖν ἐν ἐμβάσιν *to swim or slip about in one's shoes.*

ΝΕ'Ω (C), *fut. νήσω*: *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. νήσαντο*; *aor. I pass. ἐνήθην*:—*to spin*, *Lat. nēre.*

ΝΕ'Ω (D), *fut. νήσω*: *Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηνέω*: *pf. pass. νένηκα or νένηκαμαι*:—*to pile, heap, bear up*. νεωκορέω, *ῥ. ἴσω*, (νεωκόρος) *to be a bedel, to have charge of a temple.* II. metaph. *to keep clean and pure.* Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, *the office of a bedel.*

νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νεώς, κορέω) *properly one who sweeps a temple*: hence *one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger*, *Lat. aedituus.* II. *a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god*: hence Ephesus was called νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος.

νέως, *gen. pl. of νέος*: but νεῶν, *gen. pl. of ναῦς.*

νεῶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (ναῦς) *a dock or basin for ships.*

νε-ώνητος, *ον*, (νέος, ἀνέομαι) *newly bought.*

νε-ωρής, ἐς, (νέος, ὥρα) *new, fresh, late.*

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεαρός) *a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.*

νεώς, ὦ, ὁ, *Att. for ναός, a temple*, like λέως for λαός.

νεώς, *Att. gen. of ναῦς.*

νεῶσ-οικος, ὁ, (νεῶς *gen. of ναῦς*, οἶκος) *literally a ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired*: *a store-house, being a part of the νεώριον.*

νεωστή, *Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.*

νέωτα, *Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωτε, νέωτε, next year, for next year*; also, εἰς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, *ῥ. on*, *Sup. of νέος*: *Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.*

νεωτερίζω, *ῥ. ἴσω Att. ἰώ*, (νεώτερος) *to make changes or alterations*: *to make innovations or revolutionary movements.* II. *trans. to change entirely*; νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν *to revolutionise the state.*

νεωτερικός, ἡ, ὅν, (νέος) *natural to a youth, youthful.*

νεωτερισμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (νεωτερίζω) *innovation.*

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, *innovation, revolution.* From

νεωτερο-ποιός, ὅν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) *innovating, revolutionary.*

νεώτερος, *α, on*, *Comp. of νέος, younger*: *newer, fresher*: in *bad sense, strange, unusual*; τὰ νεώτερα or νεώτερα πράγματα, *revolutionary movements*, *Lat. res novae.* *Adv. νεωτέρας, more recently.*

νη-, *insep. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in νη-πενθής*; cf. *Lat. ne- in nefas, etc.*

ΝΗ', *Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked*; νῆ Δία or νῆ τὸν Δία, also νῆ μὰ τὸν Δία, *yea by Zeus!*

νῆα, νῆας, *Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.*

νηγάτερος, ἡ, *ον*, (for νηγάτος by transposition of *e* and *h*, from νέος, γέγνας.) *new-made.*

νή-γρετος, *ον*, (νη-, ἐγείρω) *unwaking*; νήγρετος ὕπνος *a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep*: later also of death: *neut. as Adv., νήγρετον without waking.*

νῆδυσ, *ων, τά, (νῆδύς) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νῆδυόφιν, for νῆδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νῆδύς.

νῆδυος, *ον, Homeric epith. of ὕπνος: either like νῆγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ῥήδύς, sweet, delightful, as if for ῥήδυμος.*

ΝΗΔΥΨ, *ύος, ῆ, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the bowels, entrails; ἐξελεῖν τὴν νῆδύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νῆσον, Ep. impf. of νῆω.

νῆες, *nom. pl. of ναῖς.*

νῆεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναῖς.

νῆω, *fut. νῆσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to bear or pile up.*

II. to pile, load.

νῆσαν, Ep. 3. pl. aor. I of νῆω:—νηγάσθω, 3. sing. aor. I imper. med.

νῆθω, (*νέω c*) to spin.

νῆϊ, Ion. dat. sing. of ναῖς.

Νηϊάς, *άδος, ῆ, Ion. for Ναϊάς.*

νηϊος, *η, ον, Dor. ναϊός, α, ον, also ος, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ νῆϊον ship-timber.*

Νῆϊς, *ίδος, ῆ, Ion. for Ναϊς.*

νηῖς, *ίδος, ὁ, ῆ, (νη-, ιδεῖν) unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.*

νηϊτης, *ου, ὁ, (ναῖς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [ῆ]*

νη-κερδής, *ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.*

νή-κερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ῆ, Ep. νή-κερος, ον, (νη-, κέρας) not borned, without horns.*

νή-κεστος, *ον, (νη-, ἀκούμαι) incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, *(νη-, ἀκούω) to give no heed to, disobey: Ep. aor. I νηκούστησα.*

νη-λεής, *ές, dat. and acc. νηλεῖ, νηλεά, as if from νηλῆς, (νη-, ἔλεος) without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλεές ἡμῶν the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.*

II. unpitied.

νηλειῖς, *ές, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλειώς.*

νηλεό-θυμος, *ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινος, *ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing ruthlessly.*

νηλεώς, *Adv. of νηλεής, without pity.*

νηλής, *ές, see νηλεής.*

νηλίπους, *ὁ, ῆ, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, = ἀν-ηλίπους, unshod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [ῆ]*

νη-λίτης, *ές, (νη-, ἀλίτεῖν) guileless, barmless, unoffending.*

νήμα, *ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.*

νη-μερτής, *ές, (νη-, ἀμαρτεῖν) unfailing, unerring, infallible; νημερτὲς ἐνισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.*

νημελία Ion. —*ῆ, ῆ, stillness in the air, a calm:—γαλήνη ἐπλετο νημελίη there was a calm and perfect stillness. From*

νή-νεμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀνεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νῆνῆς, = νῆέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to bear.

νῆνις, *ως, ῆ, contr. for νεάνις, a girl, maiden.*

νῆξίς, *εως, ῆ, (νῆχαι) a swimming.*

νῆξομαι, *fut. of νῆχομαι.*

νηο-βάτης, *ον, ὁ, Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [ᾱ]*

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, *ον, (νηός = ναός, πολέω) busyng oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπόλος, ὁ, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πορέω, *f. ῆσω, (ναῖς, πόρος) to go in a ship.*

νηός, *ου, ὁ, Ion. for ναός, a temple.*

νηός, Ion. gen. of ναός.

νηό-σοος poet. νηόσ-σοος, *ον, (ναῖς, σάωω) protecting ships.*

νηο-φόρος, *ον, (ναῖς, φέρω) bearing ships.*

νη-όχος, *ον, (ναῖς, ἔχω) holding ships.*

νη-πενθής, *ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow. II. act. soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία Ep. νηπίαα and νηπιέη, *ῆ, (νήπιος) childhood, infancy: in plur. childisbness, folly.*

νηπιάζω, *f. ῆσω, = νηπιαχέω.*

νηπιάχευω, *to be childish, play like a child. From*

νηπιάχος, *ον, poet. for νήπιος, childish.*

νηπιέη, *ῆ, Ion. for νηπία.*

νήπιος, *a Ion. η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (νη-, ἔπος) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νήπια τέκνα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.*

II. metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.

νηπιότης, *ητος, ῆ, = νηπία.*

νή-πλεκτος, *ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraided hair.*

νη-ποινεῖ or -ί, *Adv. of νήπιονος, Lat. impune, with impunity.*

νή-ποινος, *ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτῶν νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπιτύεσθαι, *Dep. to behave childishly. From νη-πίτιος, α, ον, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine; and as Subst. a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρεῖς Ion. Νηρηῖς, *ίδος, ῆ, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηίδες: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναϊάς.*

Νηρεῖς, *gen. εως Ion. ῆος, ὁ, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence*

Νηρηῖς, *poet. for Νηρηῖς.*

Νηρηῖς, *ίδος, ῆ, Ion. for Νηρεῖς.*

νή-ριθμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀριθμός) countless, numberless.*

νή-ρίτος, *ον, poet. form of νήριθμος.*

νήσαι, *aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) to spin, and νέω (d) to pile up.*

νησαῖος, *a Ion. η, ον, (νῆσος) of or for an island, insular.*

νήσαντο, *Ep. 3. pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) to spin.*

νησιδιον, *τό, Dim. of νῆσος, an islet.*

νησιόν, *τό, Dim. of νῆσος, an islet.*

νησίς, *ίδος, ῆ, Dim. of νῆσος, an islet.*

νησίτης, ου, ό, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ιδος, ή, [Ὶ]

νησιώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ώτις, ιδος, ή, (νήσος) an islander. II, as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence

νησιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for an island or an islander; τó νησιωτικόν insular situation.

νησο-μάχη, ή, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.

ΝΗΣΟΣ Dor. νᾱσος, ου, ή, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νήσσα Att. νήττα, ή, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.

νησοάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ή, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing.

νήστις, ιος or έως, ό, and ή: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, έσθίω)—not eating, fasting. 2. act. causing hunger, starving.

νησίδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.

νή-τις, ου, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.

νητός, ή, όν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up.

νητός, ή, όν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.

νήττα, ή, νηττάριον, τό, Att. for νησο-.

νήψ, ή, Ion. for ναῦς.

νησιτί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νησι-πέρηςτος, ου, ν. ναυσι-πέρατος.

νή-υμος, ου, (νη-, δύσμη) breathless.

νηφάλιεύς, ό, = νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine;

νηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [ᾱ]

νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήφω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.

νή-χυτος, ου, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ένηξάμην.

νήων, Ion. gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νήος, Dor. for ναός, acc. pl. of ναός.

νιγλάρος, ό, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.

ΝΙΖΩ, f. νίζω; aor. I ένιψα:—Med., f. νίζομαι: aor. I ένιψάμην: pf. νένιμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι αλός to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify. II. to wash off.—νίζω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικᾶσθαι, Dor. for νικῆσαι, fut. of νικάω.

νικᾶσθαι, Dor. for νικῆσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, ό, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, opos, ό, Dor. for νικητωρ.

νικάω, f. ήσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερσίονα νικά the worse prevails; τó εὖ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τινι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ή νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νικῆν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.

νίκαιος, ου, (νίκος) victorious.

ΝΙΚΗ [Ὶ], ή, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ένικά, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.

νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.

νικηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [Ὶ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νικητήρ, ήρος, ό, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ου, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ᾄθλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2. νικητήρια (sub. ιερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον εστίαν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, ου, ό, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικηταίος, ή, όν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducting to victory.

νικήτωρ, opos, ό, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.

νίκηφορέω, f. ήσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence

νίκηφορία, ή, a conquering, victory.

νίκη-φόρος, ου, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ου, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νικο-μάχης, ου, ό, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, eos, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοειν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.

νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπτήρ, ήρος, ό, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.

νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur.

νίπτω, later form for νίζω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [Ὶ] = νέομαι, to go, to go away.

ΝΙΤΡΟΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίψ.

νιφάς, ᾄδος, ή, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφάεις, snowy, snow-capt.

νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.

νιφετός, ου, ό, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νιφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα; εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.
νιφο-στιβίς, ἐς, (νίφα, στιβεῖν) thick with snow.
ΝΙΦΩ (ἱ), f. νίφω, intrans. to snow; ὁ θεὸς νίφει,
or νίφει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with
snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf.
ἰω, ὅμαι.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίζω.
νίψω, fut. of νίζω, and also of νίφα.
νοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.
νόεω, f. νοήσω: Ion. νώσω: aor. I ἐνόησα Ion.
ἐνώσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep, 3 sing.
aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νοώμενος:—Pass., aor. I
ἐνόηθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐνόηθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion.
νένωμαι: Ion. plupf. ἐνενώμην: (νόος):—to see so
as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely
seeing, as, τὸν δὲ ἰδὼν ἐνόησε when he saw him be
perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to
think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, in-
tend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοέων,
discreet, thoughtful. 2. of words or expressions, to
mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think
out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that
a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a
thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III.
generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence
νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in
one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.

νόησις, εως, ἡ, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.
νοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοέω) intelligent.
νοητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.
νοθα-γενής, ἐς, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέ-
σθαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ἡ, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.
ΝΟΨΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born
out of wedlock; νόθος νόος a natural son, opp. to
γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious,
counterfeit, adulterated.

νοήδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a
notion.

νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.
νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ
νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.
νομ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (νομός, ἄρχω) the chief of an
Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.
νομιάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νόμος) roaming, ranging, wan-
dering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οἱ, pas-
toral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads;
and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II.
grazing, feeding.

νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to
graze, a flock or herd.

νομεύς, εως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (νέμα, νομός) a shepherd or
herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III.
plur. νομεῖς = ἐγκοιλία, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεῦσι, dat. pl. of νομεύς.
νομευσά, Dor. for νομεῖσά, fut. of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεύς) to pasture, feed, drive afield; Βουαῖ

νομοῖς νομεῖν to feed down the pastures with oxen,
Lat. depascere.

νομή, ἡ, (νέμα) a pasture, pasturage: fodder,
food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, dis-
tribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήες, Ep. for νομεῖς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.

νομίζω: fut. νομήσω Ion. νομέω Att. νομῶ:
pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενό-
μισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom
or usage: said of things recognised by convention or
prescriptive right; νομίζειν τοὺς θεοὺς to recognise
the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν
θεοὺς to recognise the existence of the gods gene-
rally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the cus-
tom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα
or νενομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. insti-
tuta. 2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage;
“Ἐλλήνες ἀπ’ Αἰγυπτίων ταῦτα νενομίκασι the Greeks
have adopted these customs from the Egyptians. 3.
to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρη-
στοὺς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεοῦ νομίζεται; to
which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to
be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old
laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to
be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make
common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current
coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing
will be.

νομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting
on the authority of law. II. learned in the law:
as Subst., νομικός, ὁ, a lawyer.

νομίμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:
hence 1. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful,
legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs;

νόμιμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary
offices, Lat. iusta facere. II. of persons, observant
of law. Hence

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώ-
τερον.

νόμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging
to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμις, ἡ, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a
mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by
established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a
state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an estab-
lished weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any
institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as
Subst., νομογράφος, ὁ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δέκτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, δέκνυμι) an explainer
of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher
of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ον, ὁ.

νομοθεσία, ἡ, law-giving, legislation. From
νομοθεσία, f. ἦσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver,
make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to
make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, a law, ordinance.

νομο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.

νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) to the pasture.

νομός, οὔ, ὁ, (νέμα) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλης a woodland pasture. 2. pasturage, herbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., ἐπέων πολλὸν νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.

II. an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, ὁ, (νέμα) anything assigned or apportioned, viz., I. an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum;

νόμος, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί. 2. χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δικτῶν νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διαφθεῖραι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows.

II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοὶ war-songs.

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) a guardian of the laws. [ῥ]

νοό-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind, mind-distracting.

ΝΟΨ, νόου, contr. νοῦς, νοῦ, ὁ; later also gen. νοῦς, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόες:—mind, Lat. mens; νόος or σὺν νόῳ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind.

II. a thought, purpose, resolve. III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

νοσέρως, ἄ, ὄν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.

νοσέω, f. ἦσω, (νόσος) to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ἡ, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, malady. 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.

νοσηματ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσημα, εἶδος) sickly.

νοσηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νοσέω) unhealty, unwholesome, of places.

ΝΟΣΨ Ion. νοῦσος, ἡ, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment.

II. metaph. distress, affliction, evil. 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοστο-φόρος Ion. νουστ-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing sickness or disease.

νοσσεύω, contr. for νοσσεύω, to hatch.

νοσσία, ἡ, and νοσσίον, τό, Att. contr. for νοσσι-. νοσσίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of νοσσίς, Att. contr. for νοσσίς, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νοσσοτροφέω.

νοστέω, f. ἦσω, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after danger.

3. generally, to go, come, travel.

νοστήσειε, Aesl. 3 sing. opt. aor. I. of νοστέω.

νοστήσμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ου, (νόστος) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ἡμάρ the day of return. 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

νόστος, ου, ὁ, (νέομαι) a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place. 2. generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβῆς a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπὸ, c. gen., like νόσφι η, aloof from. II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν Ἀχαιῶν apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them.

3. besides, except. νοσφιδίος, ἄ, ου, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted. νοσφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. νοσφίω, (νόσφι) to put away, remove, part.

II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med ἐνοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφίσθην:—to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon.

2. metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated.

III. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc., to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, despatch.

νοσφιοθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω. νοσφισάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφίζω.

νοσ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσος, εἶδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased.

II. act. unwholesome, unhealthy.

νοτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νότρος) wet, damp, moist; νοτερὸς χειμῶν a storm of rain.

νοτρία, ἡ, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτρία ελαίναί spring rains.

νοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νότιος) to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.

νότιος, ἄ, ου, also os, ου, (νότρος) wet, damp, rainy; ὕψου δ' ἐν νοτίᾳ τὴν γ' ὥρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach.

II. southern, southerly.

νοτῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νότρος) moisture, damp, wet.

ΝΟΨΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus.

II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοττεῖω, νοττεῖον, etc., contr. for νοττ-.

νου-βυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοῦς, βύω) choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κῶς, cleverly.

νουθεσία, ἡ, warning, admonishing: reproof. From νουθετέω, f. ἦσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence

νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

νουθετήτος, ἄ, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

νουθετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νουθετέω) admonitory.

νου-μηνία, ἡ, Att. contr. for νουμηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.

νουν-έχης, ἐς, (νοῦς, ἔχω) having understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. -χῶς, discreetly, prudently.

νοῦς, δ, contr. for νόος, *mind*.

νοῦστος, ἡ, Ion. for νόστος.

νοῦσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, *now*.

νύγην, Adv. (νύσσω) *by pricking*, Lat. *punctim*.

νύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

νυκτερίσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.

νυκτ-ερέτης, ον, δ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who roams by night*.

νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From

νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.

νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.

νυκτερίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night*, Lat. *nocturnus*.

νυκτερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat*, Lat. *vespertilio*.

νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὤψ) *night-faced, dusky*.

νυκτ-ηγورέω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγορέομαι, (νύξ, ἄγορά) *to assemble by night*. Hence

νυκτ-ηγορία, ἡ, *a nightly assembly or discourse*.

νυκτ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *shrouded by night, gloomy*.

νυκτ-ήρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) *roaring by night*.

νυκτ-ήγαμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.

νυκτ-κλέπτης, ον, δ, = νυκτοκλέπτης.

νυκτ-ήκόραξ, ἄκος, δ, (νύξ, κόραξ) *the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl*.

νυκτ-ήλαθρανο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.

νυκτ-ήλαλος, ον, (νύξ, λαλέω) *nightly-sounding, serenading*.

νυκτ-ήλαμπής, ἐς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.

νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτ-ήπᾱται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [ἀ]

νυκτ-ήπлагτος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass. νυκτ-ήπлагτος εἰνῇ a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.

νυκτ-ήπλάνης, ἐς, and νυκτ-ήπλᾱνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανῶ) *wandering, rambling about by night*.

νυκτ-ήπόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.

νυκτ-ήσεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνός) *seemingly by night*.

νυκτ-ήφανής, ἐς, (νύξ, φανῆναι) *shining or appearing by night*.

νυκτ-ήφαινος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night: nightly*.

νυκτ-ήφρουρήτος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.

νυκτο-θήρας, ον, δ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.

νυκτο-κλέπτης, ον, δ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.

νυκτο-μάχῳ, f. ἦσω, (νύξ, μάχῃ) *to fight by night*.

Hence

νυκτομαχία, ἡ, *a night battle, a battle in the dark*.
νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλᾶνῶ) *rambling about at night*.

νυκτοπορέω, f. ἦσω, *to go or travel by night*. From

νυκτο-πόρος, ον, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.

νυκτο-φάης, ἐς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.

νυκτοφύλακέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.

νυκτῶον, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὤψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. *noctu*.

νύμφᾱ, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.

νύμφᾱ, Dor. for νύμφη.

νύμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.

νύμφαιον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. *Nymphaeum*. From

νύμφαιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.

νύμφᾱν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.

νύμφεος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*.

νύμφῃ, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.

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φάληπτοι, Lat. *Lymphaei*.

pupa of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride: *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφίος, ό, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II. as Adj., νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: *bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) *deplored by brides or wives*.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II. to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) *dressing or taking care of a bride: bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) *possessed by Nymphs*, i. e. *rap't, entranced*, Lat. *lymphatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) *honouring the bride; μέλος νυμφότιμον* the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφών, όνος, ός, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat. *nunc*; οί νύν άνθρωποι men of the present day; ό νυν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the Article, τό νυν or τά νυν, τονών or τανών, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of νύν. II. νύν also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, thereupon. 2. also an Inference, then, therefore; μη νύν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me. 3. in enclit. form νυν, used to strengthen a command, as, δευρό, νυν quick then! φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come then.

νύνι Att. νύν, strengthd. like ούτοσί for ούτος, now, at this moment.

νύν ότε, = έστιν ότε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. noctu; νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also with preps., άνά or διά νύκτα all night long; διά νυκτός in the course of the night; έκ νυκτός just after night-fall; so also υπό νύκτα; πόρρω της νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murkiness. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3. the nether world. III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl. νύκτες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσai νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξε, Ep. for ένυξε, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΨ'ΟΨ, ού, ή, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a man connected by marriage. II. generally, a bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ης, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-course, viz., I. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, έν νύσση έγχομφθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3. generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΨ'ΞΣΣ Att. νύττω: f. νύξω: aor. I έννυξαι:—Pass., aor. 2 έννυγην, inf. νύγηναι:—to prick, spur, pierce, puncture.

νυστάζω, fut. άσω and άξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. *dormito*: also to hang down the head. Hence

νυστακτής, ού, ό, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχᾶ, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκτωρ, by night. [´]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*.

[´] From

νύχεω, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through.

νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμερα) a day and night.

νύχιος [´], α, ον, also os, ον, (νύξ): I. act. doing a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night, murky.

νώ, for νῶι, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two.

νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, δδούς) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ή, ease or relief from pain. From

νώδυνος, ον, (νη-, δδύνη) = άνώδυνος, without pain, pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νώε, poet. for νῶι.

ΝΩΘΗΣ, ές, gen. έος, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νώθητι, Ion. contr. for νοθήτι, aor. I pass. imperat. of νοέω.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, sluggish, lazy, dull.

ΝΩΤ', nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two, us two, Att. νό: poet. νῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶων, of us two, to us two; Att. νῶν. Hence

νώτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [´]

νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμέως, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νώμα, τό, Ion. for νόμα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dispense. II. to direct, guide, control: I. of weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νών, Att. for νῶν; see νῶι.

νώνυμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νάνυμος, like διδνυμος for διδνυμος, άπάλνυμος for άπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νη-, όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) without name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νώροψ, σπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νῶροπι χαλκῷ, νῶροπα χαλκόν flashing, gleaming brass.

νωσάμενος, νώσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and inf. of νοέω.

νωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on the back.

νων-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτίαῖος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαία ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίξω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πύντον νωτίσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάττω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩ ΤΟΝ, τό, τὰ, the back, Lat. *tergum*; the pl. νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εἰρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back.

νωχελής, ἐς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -λή, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Η

Η, ξ, ζι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ', 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ.

In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see Η, η); before this it was represented by χσ.

II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κληξῶ for κλήσω, παίζαι for παῖσαι, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισός, τρισός Ion. διξός, τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect.

[Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξάω: aor. I ξηνα:—Pass., aor. I ξέ-
άνθη: pf. ξεμα:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning.

2. of cloth, to full, clean.

II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξανθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γῆσος, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

ξανθός, ὁ, ὅν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. *flavus*; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθός ἵππος

chestnut mare.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyst., as prop. n., 1. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, ἐς, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

ξανθο-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

ξάντης, ον, ὁ, fem. ξάντριά, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder.

ξαν-ἁπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξείνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξενη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

ξενημιον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξεινέον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

ξείνη, ξενικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνισαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

ξείνισσεν, Ep. for ξέξενισεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίζω.

ξείνο-δόκος, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινοδ-.

ξενο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξεινοκτονέω.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένοςσύνη.

ξενόω, Ion. for ξενόω.

ξεν-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξενάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-ἄγος, ὄν, (ξένος, ἡγήμαι) conducting strangers or guests.

II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἁπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξεν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ᾱ]

ξεν-αρκής, ἐς, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman. II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενιλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ῆλατῶ, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξένιη Ion. ξένη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment. 2. a friendly relation between two princes or states.

II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξενίζω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξενίσσω: aor. I ξέξενισα Ep. ξέξενισσα or ξέξενισσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ὁ, ὄν, also ὁς, ὄν, Ion. ξενικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign. 2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries. II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

ξένιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, Ion. ξένιος (ξένος, ξένω) :—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality.

II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τά, a guest's gifts : friendly gifts.

ξένισις, ἡ, (ξενίζω) the entertainment of a guest.

ξενισμός, οὐ, δ, = ξένισις.

ξενίτευς, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner : to be a mercenary in foreign service.

ξενό-δαίκτης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δαίξω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενό-δαίτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξενό-δοκεῖον and -χείον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn : from

ξενοδοχέω Ion. ξενοδοκέω, (ξενოდόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger.

ξενό-δόχος, ον, Ion. ξενό-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers : as Subst., ξενό-δόκος, δ, the host, opp. to ξένιος, the guest.

ξενό-δότης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

ξενόεις, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

ξενокτονέω Ion. ξενιοκτ-, f. ἴσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξενό-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers.

ΞΕΝΟΣ Ion. ξένιος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes : either as

I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality : in this sense both parties are ξένιος, and the relation was hereditary.

II. in Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality. 3. later, ὦ ξένε, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger ξένος came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. os, ον, Ion. ξένιος, η, ον, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενό-στάσις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵστημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοδοσύνη Ion. ξεν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξείνος) hospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξενό-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμάω) honouring guests or strangers.

ξενотροφέω, f. ἴσω, to entertain or maintain guests : esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests : esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

ξενό-φόνος, ον, (ξένος, *φένω) murdering strangers.

ξενόω Ion. ξενώνω, f. ὤσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest : to entertain. II. Pass., with fut.

med. ξενώσομαι : aor. I ξενώσθην : to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad : to go into banishment.

ξενών, ἄνος, δ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely : ξένως ἔχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξενώω) estrangement : innovation.

ΞΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ον, Ion. for ξηρός, dry ; ποτὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished : hence = ξόανον, a statue or image.

ξερμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσε, Ep. for ξέσεε, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέσσης, ον, δ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕΨΩ : f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσσω : aor. I ξέσεα Ep. ξέσσα : —to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. II.

to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξηῖνας, part. aor. I of ξαίνω.

ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω : aor. I ξήρανα :—Pass., aor. I ξηράνθην : pf. ξήρασμαι or ξήραμαι : (ξηρός) :—to parch up, dry up :—Pass. to become or be dry, parched. 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

ξηρ-αλοιφέω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, ἀλειφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water : a term used by wrestlers.

ξηρ-αμπέλινος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἄμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΣ, ἄ, ον, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air : of persons, withered, haggard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, harsh. III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV.

as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά ; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηρο-φάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, φαγεῖν) to eat dry food.

ξίφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀρπάζειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

ξίφη-φόρος, οτ, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword : sword in hand.

ξίφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [Υ]

ξίφο-δύλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword : of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφο-κτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφώκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, because of a straight sword and sabre : cf. sq. [ἄ]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, eos, τό, a sword : in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged : later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [Υ]

ξιφ-ουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword*.
 ξιφ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords*.
 ξόανον, τό, (ξέω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god*.

ξοάνο-ποιία, ἡ, (ξόανον, ποιέω) *a carving of images*.

ξοίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ξέω) *a sculptor's chisel*.

ξουθό-πτερος, ὄν, (ξουθός, πτερόν) *having dusky wings*.

ΞΟΥΘΟΥΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between faunous and purpúrs, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, shrill, thrilling; τέττις ξουθα λαλῶν the cicada with its shrill note*.

ΞΥΓΓ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.

ξύγκλησις, εὐς, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλησις.

ξύγκληω, f. ἦσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξύλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp*. II. *a curved dagger, used by the Spartans*.

ξύληγος, f. ἦσω, *to carry wood or timber*. From

ξύλ-ηγός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood*.

ξύλιζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood*, Lat. *lignari*.

ξύλινος, η, ὄν, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden*. [ῥ]

ξύλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.

ξύλο-κόπος, ὄν, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beewing, felling wood*. 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ὁ, *a wood-cutter*.

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber, etc.: in pl., ξύλα ἡμία ship-timber*. II. *a sick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel*. 2. *a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him*, δῖσαι τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: *the πεντεσφύργιον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs*.

3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table*. 4. *πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors*. III. later, *a tree; cp. εἶριον*.

ξύλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ξύλον, τεμνέω) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter*.

ξύλουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood*. Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood*.

ξύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, a joiner, carver of images*.

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχισδομαι, Dep. *to gather wood*. From

ξύλ-οχος, ἡ, (ξύλον, ἔχω) *a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast*.

ξύλῳ, f. ὦσω, (ξύλον) *to make of wood*. Hence

ξύλωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house*.

ξύμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνει.

ξύμβληται, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. cf. συμβάλλω;

ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξύμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμ-.

ΞΥ'Ν, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of ξυν-, v. sub συν-.

ξυνᾱγείρατο, Ep. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ξυνάων, ξυνήων, q. v.

ξυνάων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ᾱ]

ξυνάξα, aor. I of συναγνῆμι.

ξύν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for ξυνεἰκοσι, συνεἰκοσι, (ξύν, εἰ-κασι) *twenty at a time, twenty together*.

ξυνήκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξυνέκληρον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ξυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνελαύνω.

ξύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνήμι.

ξυνεῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ξυνήων.

ξυνῆ, Adv., = κοινῇ, *in common*, properly dat. fem. of ξυνός.

ξυνήκοις, η, ὄν, Ep. for ξύνεικος, (ξυνός) *public, common: as Subst., ξυνήκια, τά, public property*.

ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξυνήων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. ξυνάων [ᾱ], Ion. ξυνεῶν Dor.

ξυνάν: (ξυνός) *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ἄλς ξυνάων, the salt on the common table*.

ξυνίε, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from *ξυνίω.

ξυνίει, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from *ξυνίω. [ῥ]

ξύντιον, Ep. for ξυνίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνήμι. [ῥ]

ξύνος, ἡ, ὄν, (ξύν) = κοινός, from which it only differs in dialect, *common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνά λέγειν to speak for the common good: dat. fem. ξυνῆ as Adv. = κοινῇ, in common; so too neut. pl. ξυνά. Hence*

ξυνό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξυνός, φρήν) *like-minded*.

ξύν-χαρής, ἐς, (ξυνός, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing with all alike*.

ξυνωνία, ἡ, = κοινωνία, *partnership, fellowship*.

ξύον, Ep. for ξέϋον, impf. of ξύνω.

ξύρω or -έω, f. ἦσω: (ξύρόν):—*to shave; proverb, ξυρεῖν ἐν χρῶ to shave to the quick*.—Med., with pf. pass. ἐξέρωμαι: *to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ξυρεῖσθαι κεφαλῇν to shave one's head or get it shaved*.

ξύρ-ήκης, ἐς, (ξύρον, ἀκή) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge*. II. *close-shaven*.

ξύρο-δόκη and ξυρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) *a razor-case*.

ξύρόν, τό, (ξύω) *a razor: proverb, of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἵσταται ἀκμῆς... ὁλεθρος ἢ ἐ βιάνται death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα our affairs rest on a razor's edge*.

ξύρο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (ξύρον, φέρω) *to carry a razor*.

ξύρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ξύρω, = ξυράω: aor. I med. ξυράμην.

ξύσαι, aor. I inf. of ξύω.

ξύσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ξύω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings*.

ξύστηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool, Lat. scalprum*.

ξυστίς, ἰδος, Att. ξύστις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a robe with a sweeping train*.

ἔυστο-βόλος, *ον*, (ἔυστόν, βαλεῖν) *spear-darting, hurling the javelin.*

ἔυστόν, τό, (ξύω) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, *a spear, dart, javelin*:* generally, *a pole, shaft*. (Properly neut. of the Adj. *ευστός*.)

ἔυστός, ὁ, (ξύω) *a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor.* II. in Roman villas, *a terrace with a colonnade, also xystum.* (Properly masc. of the Adj. *ευστός*, sub. *δρόμος*.)

ἔυστός, ὄν, (ξύω) *scraped, polished, Lat. rarus.*

ἔυστο-φόρος, ὄν, (ευστόν, φέρω) *carrying a spear.*

ἔυστρα, ἡ, = *ευστρίς*.

ἔυστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing.*

Εὔψα: impf. ἔψων Ep. *εὔσω*: f. *εὔσω*: aor. I *εὔψα*: —Pass., aor. I *εὔψην*: pf. *εὔψμαι*:—to *scrape, plane, smooth or polish*. 2. generally, to *make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately*. 3.

εὔσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοῖν to rub away, get rid of sad old age.

O

Ο, ο, ὁ *μικρόν*, *little*, i. e. *short ο*, (in opp. to ὁ *μέγα* *great*, i. e. *long and double ο*, ω being for oo) fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral ο' 17, 70, but ρο, 70,000.

Ο comes very near to diphth. ου, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βοῦλομαι, and Ion. μούνος νοῦσος for μόνος νόσος.

Aeol. ο is often changed into υ, as ὄνομα μύγης for ὄνομα μόγης.

II. Dor. often for ου, as ἀγνοῖέω πτοίεω πνοῖα for ἀγνοέω πτοέω πνοά.

III. like α, ο is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω ὑκέλλω, δύρομαι ὀδύρομαι.

IV. in compds., asor. Adjectives, ο, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η, as θεογενής θεοδόκος ξιφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεάγενής) θεηδόκος ξιφηφόρος.

Ο, Η, ΤΟ', is, A. *demonstr. Pronoun*: B. *the definite Article*: C. accented in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ὁ, ἡ, τό, *relative Pronoun* for ὅς, ἥ, ὅ.

Gen. τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῇ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, τό:—dual nom. and acc. τά, τᾶ, τᾶ: gen. and dat. τοῖν, ταῖν, τοῖν:—plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τὰ: gen. τῶν: dat. τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς: acc. τοὺς, τὰς, τὰ. Homer has also gen. sing. τοῖο for τοῦ, nom. pl. τοῖ, ταί, gen. pl. fem. τᾶν [ᾶ], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τῇς and τῆσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. ὁ, ἡ, τό, *DEMONSTR. PRONOUN*, for ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst.

not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille*, ὁ Τυδείδης *the*

famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον Nestor, *that aged man*.

II. without a Subst., *be, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε for he came.*

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: 1. before relat. Pronouns ὅς, ὅσος, οἷος, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐξάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἐμμεναι ἄλλαν, τῶν, ὅσους Διὶ κρινεῖται νοῦν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, *namely those who*, etc. 2. ὁ μὲν... ὁ δέ... from Homer downwards a very common phrase, *sometimes in opposition* (where ὁ μὲν refers to *the former*, ὁ δέ to *the latter*), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one... the other...*, Lat. *hic... ille...* in neut. τὸ μὲν... τὸ δέ... in adverbial sense, *partly... partly...* also τὰ μὲν... τὰ δέ.—Ο δέ... often occurs without ὁ μὲν... before. On the other hand οἱ μὲν... is often answered by some similar word, as ἀλλά, or by ἕτερος δέ... ἐνιοι δέ... etc.

B. ὁ, ἡ, τό, *THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, the, the indefin.* Pron. being τὸς, τῇ. The use of ὁ, ἡ, τό, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as τὸν ἀριστον, *him that was bravest*, came to mean simply *the bravest*; φίλους ποιέσθαι to make friends, but τοὺς φίλους ποιέσθαι to make *the friends one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as ὁ Σωκράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σωκράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, τὸ εἶναι *the being*, τοῦ εἶναι, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as, τὸ νῦν *the present*; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc. ἡμέρα) *the morrow*. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gen., as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος *the word or notion man*; τὸ λέγω *the word λέγω*, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζώντων ὄλβιον *the fact or statement that no living man is happy*. 5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as τὰ νῦν *now*, τὸ πρὶν *formerly*. 6. before the interrog. Pron., τίς or ποῖος, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τί; τὸ ποῖον; to make the question more precise.

II. in elliptic expressions: 1. before gen. of a prop. name, ὁ Διὸς *the son of Jupiter*, ἡ Λητοῦς *the daughter of Latona*, where υἱὸς or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *brother, wife*, etc. 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆς πόλεως *that which belongs to the state*, nearly the same as ἡ πόλις; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, *τὰ τῶν Περσῶν the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.*; τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν to hold *the sentiments of the Athenians*, i. e. be on their side: so with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμὸν, τὸ σὸν

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῇ of Place, *there, that way, here, this way*, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, *thither*. 3. of Manner, *thence* in *this way*, *thus*.

4. repeated τῇ μὲν . . . , τῇ δέ . . . , of Place, *here . . . , there . . .*: also on the one part . . . , on the other . . . 5. relative, *where*, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῷ, dat. neut., *therefore, on this account*. 2. *thus, so, in this wise*, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὁ neut. from ὅς), *wherefore*. IV. τοῖ, gen. neut. *wherefore*. V. with Prepositions, of Time, ἐκ τοῦ *ever since*, ἐν τῷ *whilst*.

C. ὅ, ἧ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὅς, ἧ, ὅ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. του, τῶ, are used for τινός, τινί, from the INDEFINITE PRONOUN τις τί. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τῶ: gen. and dat. pl. τῶων, τοῖς τοῖσι:—but τοῦ; Ion. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., *wherefore?* dat. τῶ for τινί; pl. gen. τῶων; dat. τέοις, τοῖσι.

ῶ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὅς; v. ὅ, ἧ, τό c. ὅ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

ὁά, woe! Lat. *vae!* [ὁά]

*ΟΑΡ, ὁάρος, ἧ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὁάρων: contr. nom. ὦρ, with dat. pl. ὥρεσσι. Hence

ὁαρίζω contr. ὠρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, hold converse with. Hence

ὁαρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, familiar converse, fond discourse. ὁαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὁαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

ὁαριστός, ὅς, ἧ, Ion. for ὁαρισμα, (ὁαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

*ΟΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, = ὁαρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

*ΟΑΙΣ, ἧ, Oáisis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὀβελίσκος, ὁ, Dipn. of ὀβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὀβελός Aeol. and Dor. ὀδελός, οὔ, ὁ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὀβελός, = βέλός with ο prefixed.)

ὀβολός, οὔ, ὁ, collat. form of ὀβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὀβολοστατίω, f. ἥσω, to practise petty usury. From ὀβολο-στατής, ου, ὁ, (ὀβολός, ἴσθημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ἀ]

*ΟΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὀβρίκαλα, τά, = ὀβρια. [Ὶ]

ὀβρίμο-εργός, ὅν, (ὀβριμος, ἔργον) doing deeds of violence or wrong.

ὀβρίμό-θυμός, ὅν, (ὀβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὀβρίμο-πάτηρ, ἧ, (ὀβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

*ΟΒΡΙΜΟΣ, ὅν, also ἧ, ὅν, strong, mighty.

ὀγδοάς, ἁδός, ἧ, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

ὀγδοάτος, ἧ, ὅν, poet. for ὀγδοός (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἧ ὀγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

ὀγδοηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἑς, or ὀγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, (ὀγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὀγδοηκοστός, ἧ, ὅν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ὀγδοός, ἧ, ὅν, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus.

ὀγδῶκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

ὀγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἑς, contr. for ὀγδοηκονταετής, eighty years old.

ὀ-γε, ἧ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἧ, τό, made more emphatic by the addition of γε, Lat. *hicce, haecce, bocce, be, she, it*. 2. fem. dat. τῇγε, used as Adv. of place, *here, on this spot*. 3. acc. neut. τόγε on this account, for this very reason.

*ΟΓΚᾶ poet. *Ογκαίη, ἧ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her *Ογκαίοι or *Ογκαῖδης.

ὀγκάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὀγκηθμός, ὁ, a braying.

ὀγκηρός, ἁ, ὅν, (ὀγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. molestus.

ὀγκητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὀγκάομαι) a brayer, i.e. an ass.

ὀγκων, τό, (ὀγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (A), (ἄγκος) a bend, curve, hence a

hook, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (B), bulk, mass; ὀγκος φρυγάνων a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὀγκῶν, f. ὥσα: aor. I ὠγκωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὠγκώην: pf. ὠγκωμαι: (ὀγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen. II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elated.

ὀγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὀγκόμαι.

ὀγκ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὀγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

ὀγκωτός, ἧ, ὅν, (ὀγκῶν) heaped up.

ὀγκεύω, f. -εύσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ὀγκευον αὐτῶν they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὀγκευειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man. From

ὀγκος, ὁ, (ἀγῶ) anything traced in a straight line; a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.

“ΟΤΧΝΗ, ἡ, a pear-tree.

II. a pear.

δδ-αγός, ὁ, Dor. for δδηγός.

δδαίος, α, ον, (δδός) belonging to a way or journey. II. δδαία, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

δδάξ, Adv. (δδανω with ο euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, Lat. mordicus. Hence

δδάξω or as Dep. δδάξομαι: impf. ᾤδαζον: pf. pass. ᾤδαγμαi:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. II. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

δδάω, f. ἤσω, (δδός) to export and sell, traffic in:—Pass. to be carried away and sold.

δδ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἡ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. ὀδί, ἡδί, τοδί, etc. [?] —δδε, ἡδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, this, but is more emphatic, *this one here*, Lat. *hicce*, *baecce*, *boecce*: as opposed to οὗτος, ὅδε marks *what is to follow*, while οὗτος refers to *what has been before mentioned*.

II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. *hic*, as Adv. of Place, *here*, *there*, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἔγχος μὲν τόδε κείται ἐπὶ χθονός *here lies the lance upon the ground*; Ἀχιλλεύς ἔγγυς ὅδε κλονέων *here is Achilles nigh at hand routing*.

2. with a pers. Pron., ὅδ' ἐμὶ, ὅδ' ἐγὼ ἤλυθον *here am I*. 3. with τίς, τίς ὅδε Νausικάα ἔπειτα; who is *here* following Nausicaa? 4. also with Verbs of motion, like δεῦρο, *hither*.

III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, *just, very*; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ δήμῳ *here amid this very people*.

IV. ὅδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, *the very same, this very*; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος *this very year*.

V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, ὅδ' ἀνὴρ, or ὅδε alone, *this man here, the man before you*, i.e. myself, emphatic for ἐγώ.

VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνου *to this point of time*.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τῇδε of Place, *here, on the spot*, Lat. *hac*.

2. of the Way or Manner, *thus*. II. acc. neut. τόδε, *hither, to this spot*.

2. before, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, *on this account*.

2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. ὡς τοῖσδε, *on this wise, after this fashion*;

also, with these words.

δδελός, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for δβελός and δβολός.

δδευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From

δδευω, f. σω, (δδός) to go, journey, travel.

δδηγέω, f. ἤσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew

the way, guide, act as guide. From

δδ-ηγός Dor. δδ-αγός, ὁ, (δδός, ἄγω) a guide.

δδί, ἡδί, τοδί, Att. for δδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [?]

δδιος, ον, (δδός) belonging to a way or journey: *uspicious for the journey*.

δδιδμα, ατος, τό, (δδός) a means of passing, way.

δδότης, ου, ὁ, (δδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dor.

cc. δδιδαν. [?]

ὀδμή Ion. ὀσμή, ἡ, (ὄζω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

ὀδοιπλάνειω, f. ἤσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

ὀδοι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ὀδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

ὀδοιπορέω: impf. ᾠδοιπόρου: f. ἤσω: pf. ᾠδοι-πόρηκα: (ὀδοιπόρος)—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

ὀδοιπορία, ἡ, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

ὀδοιπορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a journey. Adv. —κῶς, like a traveller.

ὀδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From

ὀδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὀδός, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὀδοιπόρος, ὁ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

ὀδόντα, ὀδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of ὀδοῦς.

ὀδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὀδοῦς, φέρω) bearing teeth; κόσμος ὀδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.

ὀδοντο-φύής, ἐς, (ὀδοῦς, φύω) sprung from teeth.

ὀδοντώω, f. ἴσω, (ὀδοῦς) to furnish with teeth. Hence

ὀδοντωτός, ἡ, ὄν, furnished with teeth.

ὀδοποιέω: impf. ᾠδοποιούν: f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ᾠδο-ποίημαι: (ὀδοποιός):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself.—Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or passable. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. *progredi*.

ὀδοποιῶ, ἡ, road-making, the duty of a pioneer. From

ὀδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὀδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst., ὀδοποιός, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.

ὀδός, οὐ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a threshold.

‘ΟΔΟ΄Σ Aeol. οὐδός, οὐ, ἡ, a way, path, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὁδοῦ *further on the way*; κατ’ ὁδόν *by the way*.

II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὁδοί *the flight of birds*; λογίων ὁδός *the way*, i.e. meaning, of the oracles.

III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

ὀδ-οῦρος, ον, (δδός, οὔρος) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., ὀδοῦρος, ἡ, a conductress.

‘ΟΔΟΥ΄Σ, in Ion. Prose δδών, ὁ, gen. δδόντος: dat. pl. ὀδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. *dens*; ἔρκος δδόντων, see ἔρκος.

ὀδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [ῥ]

δδῶω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ᾠδωσα: (ὀδός):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ᾠδωσθε πο- τοὺς φρονεῖν *be guided mortals to be wise*; also to

bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

ὀδυνάσαι, for ὀδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of ὀδυνάω.

ὀδυνάω, f. ἦσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—

Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

*ΟΔΥΝΗ, ἡ, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, 2.

of mind, grief, distress. [ῥ]

ὀδύνη Dor. —ἀρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀδύνη) painful. 2.

grievous: distressing. Adv. —ρῶς.

ὀδύνῃ φάτος, ὄν, (ὀδύνῃ, πέφασται, 3 sing. pf. of φέω) killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

ὀδυρα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and

ὀδυρμός, ὄ, a wailing, lamenting. From

*ΟΔΥΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing.

impf. ὀδυρόμετο: fut. ὀδυρούμαι: aor. I ὠδυράμην,

part. ὀδυράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c.

acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c.

dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absol.

to wail, mourn. [ῥ] Hence

ὀδυρτός, ὄ, ὄν, mourned for, lamentable: ὀδυρά,

as Adv., lamentably.

ὀδύσαντο, Ep. for ὠδύσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀδύ-

σμαι.

*ΟΔΥΣΣΕΙΑ, ἡ, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey.

From

*Οδυσσεύς, ἔως, ὄ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of

Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the

subject of the Odyssey: Ep. declens., *Οδυσσεύς, —ῆος,

—ῆι, —ῆα: Ep. nom. also *Οδύσεύς: Aeol. gen. *Οδυ-

σεύς.

*ΟΔΥ΄ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med.

ὠδυσάμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὠδυσασο, ὠδύσατο, Ep. 3

pl. ὠδύσαντο, part. ὠδυσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass.

ὠδῶδυσται (redupl. for ὠδυσσται):—to be grieved or

worsh at, c. dat.

ὀδῶδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδη, ῆ, (ὀζω) smell, scent, odour, also the sense of

smell.

ὀδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀδύ-

σμαι.

ὀδών, ὄντος, ὄ, Ion. for ὀδούς, a tooth.

ὀδωτός, ῆ, ὄν, (ὀδῶ) passable: practicable.

ὀεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ὄεις, οἷς.

ὀϊάλειος, α, ὄν, (ὀζος) branching.

ὀζήσω, fut. of ὀζω.

*Οζόλαι, οἰ, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.

*ΟΖΟΣ, ὄν, ὄ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II.

metaph. an offshoot, scion; ὀζος *Appos scion of Mars:

cf. ἔρνος, θάλος.

ὀζο-στομος, ὄν, (ὀζω, στόμα) with bad breath.

*ΟΖΩ, fut. ὀζήσω: pf. with pres. sense ὀδῶδα: plqpf.

with impf. sense ὠδῶδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὠδῶδει:—to smell,

to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to

smell of a thing, ὀζειν ἰῶν to smell of violets: metaph.

to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid;

Κρονίων ὀζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen.,

τῆς κεφαλῆς ὀζω μύρον I smell of ointment from the

head.

II. often used impers., ὀζει ἡδὺ τῆς χροᾶς there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἱματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ὅθεν, Adv. (ὅς) whence, from whence, Lat. unde:

also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like

οὗ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, where, but only

as relative to a word implying motion from. II.

in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ὅτι, relat. Adv., poet. for οὗ, where, Lat. ubi.

ὀθνεῖος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (ὀθνος) strange, foreign.

*ΟΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to

have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part.,

οὐκ ὅθετο βέζων he recked not that he was doing: c.

gen. pers., οὐδ' ὅθουμι κοτέοντος I do not heed him

when he is angry.

*ΟΘΟΝΗ, ῆ, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a

fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a

sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

ὀθόνιον, ῆ, ὄν, made of linen.

ὀθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀθόνῃ, a piece of fine linen, in

pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ὀθ-οὔνεκα, for ὄθου, ἔνεκα, because: sometime also

for ὅτι, that, Lat. quod.

ὀ-θριξ, gen. ὀθρίχως, poet. for ὀμό-θριξ, ὄ, ῆ, (δμοῦ,

θρίξ) with like hair.

Οἶ, exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ob!

ab! Lat. heu or vae: sometimes c. nom., οἶ ἔγω:

mostly c. dat., οἶ μοι.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὁ.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

οἶ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem.,

for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, to him, to her: more rarely used in

the reflexive sense himself, as the Ep. εἰς is always

used; often also οἶ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is

wanting, gen. οἷ, acc. ἔ.

οἶ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὅς,

whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen., οἶ κακῶν

to what a height of miseries.

οἰακίω Ion. οἰη-, f. σω, (οἶα) to steer, manage.

οἰάκισμα, τό, (οἰακίω) the act of steering or go-

verning. [α]

οἰάκο-νόμος, ὄν, (οἶαξ, νέμω) holding the helm,

steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰάκοστροφέω, f. ἦσω, to turn the helm, steer. From

οἰάκο-στροφός, ὄν, (οἶαξ, στρέφω) guiding the helm,

steering.

ΟΪΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. οἷηξ, ἦκος, ὄ, the tiller, handle

of the rudder, the helm. 2. pl. οἷηκες, the rings of

the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding

the oxen.

Οἰάτις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.

οἷγγυμ or -ύμ, lengthd. from ΟἷΤΩ: f. οἷγω: aor.

ἰ ὤγα Ep. ὤγα, part. οἷγας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf.

ὠίγνυντο: aor. ἰ ὤχηθην:—to open, unlock: of a cask

to broach.

οἶδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of *εἶδω, v. εἶδω

οἰδάνω [α] or οἰδαίνω, (οἰδέω) to make to swell

swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσθα.

οἰδέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I φῖδσα: pf. φῖδκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδᾶν τῷ πόδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδόντα, unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδήμα, τό, a swelling, tumour.

Οἰδί-πόδης, ου, δ, properly patronym. of Οἰδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδίπους, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδί-πους, πόδος, δ: acc. —ποδα and —πουν: voc. —πους, more rarely —πον: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδίπους, ου, δ. [Υ]

οἰδμα, ατος, τό, (οἰδῶ) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

ΟΓΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἶος, α, οἶς (οἶς) of or from a sheep: ἡ οἶή (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

οἶεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.

οἶ-της, ες, (ὁμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμοῦτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὁρίψ.

οἶζυος, ου, = οἶζυρος.

οἶζυρος Att. οἶζυρός, á, óν, (ὀζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἶζυρώτερος, —ώτατος, for —δρεπος, —ότατος.

οἶζυς Att. οἶζύς, νός, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἶζυι for οἶζυι: (οἶ):—woe, misery, distress, hardships. [Υ] Hence in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. [ῶ] Hence

οἶζυα Att. οἶζυα (as trisyll.): f. ύω [ῶ]: aor. I διζύσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἰθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἰομαι.

οἰήιον, τό, = οἶηξ, οἶαξ, a rudder, helm. [Υ]

οἰηκίω, Ion. for οἰακίω.

οἶηξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἶαξ, ἄκος.

οἶησομαι, fut. of οἶομαι.

οἶς, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶκα, ας, ε, Ion. for ἔοικα.

οἰκάδε Dor. οἰκάδς, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἰκονδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκᾶται Ion. for οἰκῆνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω.

οἰκέος, α, ου, also ος, ου: Ion. οἰκήιος, η, ου, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκεία household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions: Ion. Sup., οἰ οἰκηιώτατοί τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκεία ἡ οἰκή (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκεῖότης Ion. οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, relationshp: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖον Ion. οἰκηῖον: f. ὥσω: (οἰκέος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκέως, Adv. of οἰκέος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκέως ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκέω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκέωσις, ἡ, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκερέα, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκερεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέρης, ου, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέρης, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέρης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῦντες, Dor. for οἰκούντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκέως, ἔως Ion. ἦος, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. φέκων contr. —ούν Ion. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I φέκσα: pf. φέκκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I φέκθην: pf. φέκμαι Ion. οἰκῆμαι: (οἶκος): I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίζω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. φέκμαι Ion. οἰκῆμαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern.

II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακῶς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήας, Ep. for οἰκέας, acc. pl. of οἰκέως.

οἰκήος, η, ου, Ion. for οἰκέος.

οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκηῖον, Ion. for οἰκεῖον.

οἰκμα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκῆν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιμος, ου, habitable. From

οἰκήσω, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦρος, = οἰκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, οῦ, δ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἡ, ὅν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκῆτωρ, ορος, δ, = οἰκητήρ, —τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia. III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκῖακός, ἡ, ὄν, of one's own house, domestic.

οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house.

οἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὤκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—Med., fut. οἰκοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤκισθην: pf. ὤκισμαι Ion. οἰκισμαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τὰ, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίσ, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὅ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for ὤκισταί, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστήρ, ἦρος, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκο-δεσπότης, ου, ὅ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι generally to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκο-δόμος, ου, (οἶκος, δέμω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself: οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθεῖ, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἰκοί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἰκοί one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονομέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὄν, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy: also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κάς. From

οἰκο-νόμος, ου, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκο-πέδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ἐς, (οἶκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ου, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

Οἶκος, ου, ὅ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in: κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἰκοῦς at home. 2.

part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἶκος, Ion. for ἑοῖκος, part. neut. of ἑοικα.

οἰκό-σιτος, ου, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τριβής, ἐς, (οἶκος, τρίβηαι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἱβος, ὅ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκο-τύραννος, ὅ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for ἑοικότως, Adv. of ἑοικώς (part. of ἑοικα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκονυμέη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκῶ.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward: οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at-home: inactivity.

οἰκουρίος, ου, belonging to housekeeping: hence τὰ οἰκουρία (sub. δῶρα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: εἰραῖαι οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκούρ-) female house-mates. From

οἰκο-οὔρος, ὄν, (οἶκος, οὔρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθόρεω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ου, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard

οἰκτερίζω, τό, and οἰκτερίζω, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτεῖρω: impf. ὤκτειρον Ion. οἰκτερον: fut. οἰκτερώ

aor. I ὤκτειρα, (οἶκος) to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὤκτισα: (οἰκτος):—to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτιρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτεῖω) pity, compassion.

οἰκτιρῶν, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτεῖω) merciful.

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτιστός, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχύος, αἰσχυστός; but the Comp. is οἰκρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.

Οἰκτός, ου, ὁ, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

οἰκτρόβιος, ον, (οἰκτός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκρότερος, οἰκρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος.

οἰκτρο-χῶς, (οἰκτός, χῶς) to pour forth piteously,

οἰκτρῶς, Adv. of οἰκτός, piteously: Sup. οἰκρότατα.

οἰκώς, νία, ὅς, Ion. for εοικώς, part. of εοικα.

οἰκ-ωφελής, ἐς, (οἰκος, ὠφελῶ) profitable to a house.

οἰκωφέλια Ion. -λή, ἡ, (οἰκωφελής) profit to a house:

hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἰμα, ατος, τό, (*οἰω=φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οἰμαι, Att. contr. from οἰομαι.

οἰμάω, f. ἤσω, (οἰμα)=δρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

Οἰμή, ὅς, =οἶμος, a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οἰμοί, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οἰμοί is used with a nom., as, οἰμοί ἐγὼ αβ me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οἰμοί τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

Οἶμος, ου, ὁ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph.

like οἶμη, οἶμος αὐδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οἰμωγή, ἡ, (οἰμῶζω) properly a crying οἰμοί, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οἰμωγμα, ατος, τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and οἰμωγμός, ὁ, a lamenting. From

οἰμῶζω, fut. οἰμῶξομαι later οἰμῶω: aor. I ὤμωξα: (οἰμοί):—to cry οἰμοί, (as αἰάω to cry αἶ, αἶ), to wail, lament: οἰμῶξε, as a curse, go howl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμώξεται; shall he not have to cry out? i.e. shall he not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.

οἰμωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰμῶζω) to be pitied or bewailed.

οἰμώξει, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οἰμῶζω.

οἰν-άνθη, ἡ, (οἶνη, ἄνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine. 2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

οἰν-άνθις, ἴδος, ἡ, =οἰνάνθη.

οἰνάρειον, τό, =οἰναρον.

οἰνᾶριζω, f. ὶω, (οἰναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἰνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οἰνᾶρον, τό, (οἶνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

Οἶ'NH, ἡ, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2.=οἶνος, wine.

οἶνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. vinosus. II. containing wine. III. of countries, rich in wine.

οἶν-ήρυστις, ἡ, (οἶνος, ἄρῡω) a vessel for drawing wine.

οἶνίζω, (οἶνος) to smell of wine.

II. Med. to

procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἶνο-βᾶρειον, ὁ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρεῖν)=οἶνοβαρής. From

οἶνο-βαρής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρύς) heavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis.

οἶνο-βρεχής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i.e. drunken.

οἶνο-δόκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) receiving or holding wine.

οἶνο-δότης, ου, Dor. -δῶτας, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.

οἰνόεις, -οεσσα, -οεν, contr. οἰνούς, -οῦσσα Att.

-οὔττα, -οῦν, (οἶνος) made of or with wine. II.

as Subst., οἰνούττα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οἰνό-μελι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) honey mixed with wine, mead.

οἶνο-πέδι, ἡ, and οἶνό-πέδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οἶνό-πεδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπαίνω) ripe for making wine.

οἶνο-πίλνις [ι], ου, ὁ, (οἶνος, ὀπιπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric παρθενοπίτης.

οἶνο-πληθής, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i.e. drunk.

οἶνοποτάζω and οἶνοποτέω, (οἶνοπότης) to drink wine.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶνο-πότης, ου, ὁ, fem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος, (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

Οἶ'NOS, ου, ὁ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἶνῳ, ἐπ' οἶνῳ, παρ' οἶνῳ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palm-wine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλανος).

οἶνο-τρόφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) producing wine.

οἰνώδης, οἰνούσσα Att. -οὔττα, -οῦν, contr. for οἰνόεις, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φάγια, ἡ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine. οἶνοφύγια, ἡ, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From

οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drinking, drunken.

οἶνο-φόρος, *ov*, (οἶνος, φέρω) *carrying, holding wine*, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, *δ*, Lat. *oenophorus*, a wine-cask.
οἶνο-χαρής, *ēs*, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing in wine*.
οἶνο-χάρων, *ovtos*, *δ*, (οἶνος, Χάρων) *the Wine-Charon*, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἶνοχοεῶ, Ep. form of οἶνοχέω, *to pour out wine*.
οἶνοχοεῶ: 3 sing. impf. φῶνοχέει Ep. φῶνοχέει; f. ἦσω: aor. I inf. οἶνοχοῆσαι: (οἶνοχοῖος):—*to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νέκταρ φῶνοχέει she was pouring out nectar for wine*.

οἶνο-χότη, *ῆ*, (οἶνος, χέω) *a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups*.

οἶνο-χόος, *ov*, (οἶνος, χέω) *pouring out wine to drink*: as Subst., οἶνοχόος, *δ*, a cup-bearer.

οἶνό-χυτος, *ov*, (οἶνος, χέω) *poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἶνόχυτον a draught of wine*.

οἶνο-ψ, *ovtos*, *δ*, = οἶνοψ, *wine-coloured, wine-dark*.

οἶνόω, f. ὥσω:—Pass., aor. I φῶνωθην: pf. φῶνωμαι
ἴον. οἶνωμαι: (οἶνος):—*to make drunk with wine*:—Pass. *to get drunk, be drunken*.

οἶνων, *ovtos*, *δ*, (οἶνος) *a wine-cellar, wine-shop*.

οἶν-ωπός, *ῆ*, *ov*, or *ovs*, *ov*, and οἶν-ώψ, ὥπος, *δ*, *ῆ*, (οἶνος, ὥψ) *wine-coloured*.

οἶξας, aor. I part. of οἶγγυμι.

οἶο, Ep. for οἷο, gen. of possess. Pron. *ovs*, *his*, *her*.

οἶο-βάτος, *ov*, (οἶος, βαίνειν) *walking alone: lonesome*.

οἶο-βουκόλος, *ov*, (οἶος, βουκόλος) *herdsman of a single cow*.

οἶο-βώτας, *δ*, (οἶος, βόσκει) *one who feeds alone; φρενός οἶοβώτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed*.

οἶο-γάμος, *ov*, (οἶος, γαμέω) *married only to one*.

οἶο-ζώνος, *ov*, (οἶος, ζώνη) *with one girdle, i.e. single-banded, alone*.

οἶθεν, Adv. (οἶος) *from one side alone*, hence generally, *alone*; οἶθεν οἶος *all alone*.

ΟἶΐΟΜΑΙ Ep. ὀτομαι: impf. φῶμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὀτομαι: fut. οἶήσομαι: aor. I Ep. οἶσθην part. οἶσθεις, Att. φήσθην inf. οἶσθῆναι part. οἶσθεις: Ep. aor. I med. οἶσάμην, 3 sing. οἶσατο part. οἶσάμενος. The Act. οἶω or οἶω is also found: Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. φῶμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.: of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol., αἰεὶ οἶσθαι *thou art ever suspecting*; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμὸς οἶσατό μοι *my heart foreboded it*: it is also once found impersonal, οἶεται μοι ἀνὰ θυμὸν *there comes a boding into my heart*.

2. *to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing*. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοιςιν (οἶω) *κείσεται among the first (metinks) will he be lying*: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. φῶμην, *I think, I suppose, I believe*, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πῶς οἶει; πῶς οἶσθε; *how think you?*

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the *ι* is long in all tenses, οἶω, οἶσατο, etc.: only the act,

pres. οἶω has sometimes *υ* in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἰ, for οἶον εἰ, as *if*: Dor. οἶον αἰ.

οἶο-νόμος, *ov*, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding alone: lonely*.

οἶο-νόμος, *ov*, (οἶς, νέμω) *feeding sheep*: as Subst. a shepherd.

οἶόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III.

οἶό-ποκος, *ov*, (οἶς, πέκω) *born from a sheep*.

οἶοπολλόω, f. ἦσω, *to roam or bawl alone*. From

οἶο-πόλος, *ov*, (οἶος, πέλωμαι) *being alone: lonely*,

solitary. B. (οἶς, πολέω) *tending sheep*.

οἶορ, Scyth. for ἀνῶρ. Hence

οἶορ-πάτα, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνοι.

ΟἶΐΟΣ, οἶη, οἶον, *alone, by oneself, lone, lonely*: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., *alone, only*: strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἶη *one alone, one only*: also in dual, δύο οἶω, and in pl., δύο οἶους. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος *left alone by them*; οἶος θεῶν *alone of all the gods*; οἶος Ἀτρεϊδῶν *apart from the sons of Atreus*. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, οἶα Ion. οἶη, οἶον, (ὅς) *such as, of such sort, manner or kind as* . . . Lat. *qualis*; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonst. τοῖος; ὅστος οἶος τε, Lat. *qualis quantisque*: c. acc., οἶος ἀρετῇ *what a man for virtue*: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεισι πόλεμον *how he rushes into war*.

Οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δή, οἶον δή *τὸν μῦθον ἔειπας what a word hast thou spoken!*—the neut. οἶον is often used as an Adv., οἶον δή *νυ θεὸς βροτοὶ αἰτιῶνται how do men now find fault with gods!*

II. implying a Comparison, the anteced. τοῖος or τοῖοδε being often omitted; οἶος ἀστὴρ εἰσι *like as a star wanders*; and so as an exclam., οἶ' ἀγορεύεις *what art thou saying!* οἶά μ' ἔργας *what hast thou done to me!* 2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δή being sometimes added to express certainty; οἶος δή. οἶον δή, *such as all know*.

3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶος τε, *in some such way as*, οἶος τε πλώριος ἔρχεται Ἀρης *some such one as Ares*; so, οἶος τις *the sort of person*.

4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὅτε is used, *like as when*.

5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου *there's nothing like, i.e. so good as, hearing the law itself*:—it adds force to the Superl., χαρίον οἶον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶον ἔστι χαρίον, *ground the most difficult possible*.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἔην τελέσαι ἔργον *te ἔπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word*; οἶος ἔην βουλευμένον ἡδέ μάχεσθαι *how able was he to counsel and to fight*: in this sense οἶος τε is more usual, οἶος τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν *I am such a man as to do it, i.e. I am able to do it*: in neut. sing. and pl., οἶον τέ ἐστι and οἶά τέ ἐστι, it is possible. 2. absol.

in neut., *οἶον τε ἐστὶ* it is possible; *οὐχ οἶον τε ἐστὶ* it is impossible.

IV. *οἶος* is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, *οἷ' ἔργα δράσας οἷα λαγχάνει κακὰ* having done *what kind* of actions, *what kind* of sufferings he receives! *οἷαν ἀνθ' οἷαν θυμάτων χάριν* *what* thanks, *for what* offerings!

V. as Adv. in neut. *οἶον*, also in pl. *οἷα*, *how*; also with Adj. *οἶον ἐρεσθήεις* *how* fresh. 2. in Comparisons, as, *like* as, *just* as: *οἶον ὅτε* as *when*.

3. as, *like*, *for instance*. 4. *about*, *hard upon*, Lat. *quasi*, *οἶον δέκα σταδίων* *about* ten stades.

οἶος, οἷός, gen. of *οἷς οἷς*.

οἶό-φρων, *ovos, ó, ἦ, (οἶος, φρήν)* *single in one's opinion*: generally, *lonely*.

οἶο-χίτων, *ωνος, ó, ἦ, (οἶος, χιτών)* *with nothing but a tunic on*, *lightly clad*.

οἶω, (*οἶος*) *to leave alone*: Pass. *οἶομαι*, Ep. aor. I *οἶώην*, *to be forsaken*.

**ΟἶΣ*, *ó* and *ἦ*, gen. *οἷος* acc. *οἷν*; plur., nom. *οἷες* gen. *οἷων*, dat. *οἷσι* Ep. *οἷεσι* shortened *οἷεσι*; acc. *οἷας*; contr. nom. and acc. pl. *οἷς*:—Att. nom. *οἷος*, dat. *οἷ* acc. *οἷν*: pl. nom. *οἷες* gen. *οἷων*, dat. *οἷσι* acc. *οἷας*; nom. and acc. pl. also *οἷς*. Lat. *OVIS*, a *sheep*, whether *ram* or *ewe*; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, *οἷς ἀρνέεις* or *ἀρσῆν* a *ram*; *οἷς θήλυσ* a *ewe*.

οἷσατο, οἷσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of *οἶομαι*. [*ῖ*]

οἷσε—έτω, —ετε, fut. imperat. of *φέρω*.

οἷσμεναι, οἷσμεναι, Ep. for *οἷσμεν*, fut. inf. of *φέρω*.

οἷσεύμεν, Dor. for *οἷσμεν*, I pl. fut. of *φέρω*.

οἷσθα, *thou knowest*, 2 sing. of *οἶδα*.

οἷσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of *οἶομαι*.

οἷσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of *φέρω*.

οἷσμαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of *φέρω*.

ΟἷΣΠΗ, *ἦ*, the *grease in unwashed wool*, *greasy wool*.

οἷο-πώτη, *ἦ, (οἷς, οἷς, πάτος)* the *dirt on the binder part of a sheep*.

οἷστέος, *á*, on, verb. Adj. of *φέρω*, *to be borne*. 2. neut. *οἷστέον* *one must bear*.

οἷστευτήρ, *ἦρος, ó, and οἷστευτής*, *οὔ, ó, (οἷστεύω)* a *bowman*, an *archer*.

οἷστεύω, f. *σω, (οἷστός)* *to shoot arrows*: aor. I part. *οἷστεύσας*. II. trans. *to shoot with an arrow*.

οἷστο-δέγμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος, (οἷστός, δέχομαι)* *holding arrows*.

οἷστός, ἦ, óν, (οἷω) *that must be borne, enduring*.

οἷστός Att. *οἷστός*, *οὔ, ó, (οἷω, fut. of φέρω)* an *arrow*, Lat. *sagitta*.

οἷστρον or *οἷστρον*: f. *ἦσω*: aor. I act. *ῥστρον* inf. *οἷστρον*:—Pass., aor. I *ῥστρον* inf. *οἷστρον* *ῥστρον*:—properly of a gadfly, *to torment by stinging*: generally, *to sting* or *goad* *to madness*: Pass. *to be driven mad*. II. intr. *to go mad, run wild, rage*.

οἷστρο-ῥλάτος, *ον*, (*οἷστρος, ἐλαύνω*) *driven by the gadfly, driven mad*.

οἷστρον, *ατος, τό, (οἷστρον)* the *smart of a gadfly's sting*: a *fit of madness, raving*.

οἷστρο-βολέω, f. *ἦσω, (οἷστρος, βαλεῖν)* *to strike with a sting*, esp. of *love*.

οἷστρο-δίνητος, *ον*, (*οἷστρος, δινέω*) *driven round and round by the gadfly*: *driven wild*.

οἷστρο-δόνητος, *ον*, and *-δονος*, *ον*, (*οἷστρος, δονέω*) *driven by the gadfly*: *driven wild*.

οἷστρο-πλής, *ἦγος, ó, ἦ, (οἷστρος, πλήσσω)* *stung by a gadfly, driven mad*.

ΟἷΣΤΡΟΣ, *ου, ó*, the *gadfly, breeze*, Lat. *asilus*, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. a *sting, goad, anything that torments*: the *smart of pain, agony*. 2. any vehement passion: *madness, frenzy*.

οἷστρο-φόρος, *ον*, (*οἷστρος, φέρω*) *maddening*.

ΟἷΣΤ'Α, *ἦ*, a tree of the osier kind. Hence *οἷσύννος*, *ἦ, on*, of *osier, made of wicker-work*.

οἷσύντη, *ἦ, =οἷσπη*.

οἷσύνηρος, *ά, óν, (οἷσυνος)* *greasy, dirty*, esp. of *unwashed wool*, Lat. *lana succida*.

οἷσύνος, *ó, (οἷς) =οἷσπη, οἷσύντη*.

οἷσω Dor. *οἷσῶ*, fut. of *φέρω*, from Root **οἷω*; whence is formed Ep. imperat. *οἷσε*, inf. *οἷσέμεν, οἷσειν*.

ΟἶΤΟΣ, *ου, ó*, *fate, lot, doom*: in Homer *ill fate, doom, ruin, death*; *κακόν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι* *to die a sad death*.

Οἷτόσυρος, *ó*, the Scyth. name of *Apollo*.

οἷχόμενος, = *οἷχομαι*, q. v.

οἷχνέω, Ion. impf. *οἷχνεσκον*, = *οἷχομαι, to go, come*; of birds, *to fly*:—generally, *to walk, live*.

ΟἷΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. *οἷχόμεναι*: fut. *οἷχήσομαι*: pf. *οἷχημαι* Ion. *οἷχημαι*: also pf. med. *οἷχωκα* Ion. *οἷχωκα*: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. *οἷχώκεε*. The pres. *οἷχέω* Ion. *οἷχέωμαι* also occurs: I. of persons, *to be gone, to have gone*, and so opp. *to ἦκω to have come*: c. part., *οἷχεται* *φεύγων* he has fled and gone; *οἷχεται* *θανών* he is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato, *οἷδόν οἷχθῆναι* *to be gone on a journey*: c. acc. pers. *to have escaped from*. 2. for *οἷθήσκα, to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased*; Att. part. *οἷχόμενος* the departed. 3. pf. *οἷχωκα*, like *οἷαλα*, *to be undone, ruined*. II. of things, as of darts, etc., *to rush, sweep along*. 2. of strength, *to be gone, lost, vanished*.

οἷω and *οἷω*, used by Ep. Poets for *οἶομαι*.

**οἷω*, see *φέρω*.

οἷώην, aor. I pass. of *οἶω*.

οἷωνίζομαι, Att. fut. *οἷωμαι*: Dep.: (*οἷωνός*):—*to take omens from the flight and screams of birds*, Lat. *augurium capere*. II. *to look upon as an omen, forebode*, Lat. *augurari*.

οἷωνισμα, *ατος, τό, (οἷωνίζομαι)* *divination by the flight or cries of birds*, Lat. *augurium*.

οἷωνιστήριον, *τό, (οἷωνίζομαι)* a *place for watching the flight of birds*, Lat. *templum augurale*. II. *the omen or augury itself*.

οἰωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰανίζομαι) *one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.*

οἰωνο-θέτης, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰανός, τίθημι) *an interpreter of auguries, an augur.*

οἰωνό-θροος, οὐ, (οἰανός, θρόος) *of the cry of birds.*

οἰωνο-κτόνος, οὐ, (οἰανός, κτείνω) *killing birds.*

οἰωνό-μαντις, εὐς, ὁ, and ἡ, (οἰανός, μάντις) *an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.*

οἰωνο-πόλος, οὐ, (οἰανός, πολέω) *observing the flight and cries of birds:* as Subst., οἰανοπόλος, ὁ, *an augur.*
οἰωνός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶος) *a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.*

III. *a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὄρνιθες.* III. *an omen, presage, Lat. auspicius or augurium; εἰς οἰανός ἀρίστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάσης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰανοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.*

οἰωνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, *to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury.* From

οἰωνο-σκοπέω, οὐ, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) *watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries:* as Subst., οἰωνοσκοπός, ὁ, *an augur, soothsayer.*

οἶσος, Att. Adv. of οἶος, οἶος ἂν οἶσος ἔχεις; *being such a man in what a state art thou!*

ὄκα ποῖτ. ὄκακ, Dor. for ὅτε, *when.*

ὄΚΕ'ΑΛΩ, aor. I ὤκειλα, inf. ὀκέλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. *trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it.* II. *intr. of the ship, to run aground.*

ὀκη, Ion. for ὀπη.

ὄκακ ποῖτ. for ὄκα.

ὀκ-κα or ὀκ κα, for ὅτε κεν, like κακ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὀκλάδῖας (sub. δίφρος), οὐ, ὁ, (ὀκλάζω) *a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.*

ὀΚΛΑ'ΖΩ, f. ὦ: aor. I ὤκλασα:—*to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.*

2. *to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.* II. c. acc. *to let sink, to bend, lower.*

ὀκνάλεός, α, ον, (ὀκνός) ποῖτ. for ὀκνηρός.

ὀκνεῖω, ποῖτ. for ὀκνέω.

ὀκνέω ποῖτ. ὀκνεῖω: impf. ὀκνεῖον: f. ἦσω: (ὀκνος):—*to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.*

ὀκνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀκνος) *shrinking, hesitating, unready.*

II. *of things, grievous, troublesome.*

ὀΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

ὀκόθεν, ὀκοῖος, ὀκόσος, ὀκότε, ὀκότερος, ὀκου, Ion. for ὀπόθεν, ὀποῖος, etc.

ὀκρίω, (ὀκρίς) *to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.*

ὀκρίβεις, εἶσα, εν, (ὀκρίς) *rough, jagged, of unhewn stone.*

ὀκρίωντο, Ep. for ὀκρίωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκρίαι.

ὀκρίς, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρίς, ἄκρα, *a jagged point, a crag.* II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, *rough, jagged.*

ὀκρύβεις, εἶσα, εν, (κρυβείς, with ο euphon.) = κρυερός, *cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.*

ὀκτά-βλαμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, βλωμός) *consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.*

ὀκτά-δάκτυλος, ον, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) *eight-fingered.*

ὀκτά-ἡμέρος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ἡμέρα) *for eight days: on the eighth day.*

ὀκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) *eight times.* [ἄ]

ὀκτάκις-μύριοι, αι, α, *eighty thousand.*

ὀκτάκις-χίλιοι, αι, α, *eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὀκτακισχίλι = ὀκτακισχίλιοι ἵπποις, '8000 horse.'*

ὀκτά-κνήμιος, ον, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) *with eight spokes.*

ὀκτάκόσιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) *eight hundred.*

ὀκτά-μηνος, ον, (ὀκτώ, μήν) *eight months old, in the eighth month.* [ἄ]

ὀκτά-πεδος, ον, Dor. for ὀκτάπους.

ὀκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and ὀκταπλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὀκτώ) *eightfold, Lat. octuplus.*

ὀκτά-πδης, ον, ὁ, (ὀκτώ, πῖς) *eight feet long.*

ὀκτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ὀκτώ, πούς) *eight-footed.* II. *eight feet long.*

ὀκτάρ-ρυζος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρίζα) *with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.*

ὀκτάρ-ρῦμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρῦμός) *drawn by eight pairs.*

ὀκτά-τενος, ον, (ὀκτώ, τένω) *eight-stretched; ἑλικες ὀκτάνοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.*

ὀΚΤΩ, οἰ, αἰ, τᾶ, indecl. *eight, Lat. OCTO.*

ὀκτω-δάκτυλος, ον, *with eight fingers.*

ὀκτω-καί-δεκα, οἰ, αἰ, τᾶ, indecl. *eighteen.*

ὀκτωκαίδεκά-δραχμος, ον, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) *weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.*

ὀκτωκαδέκατος, η, ον, the eighteenth: ὀκτωκαδέκατη (sub. ἡμέρα), *the eighteenth day.*

ὀκτωκαδέκα-ἔτης, ον, ὁ, (ὀκτωκαδέκα, ἔτος) *eighteen years old:—fem. ὀκτωκαδέκα-ἔτις, ἴδος.*

ὀκχέω, ποῖτ. form of ὀχέω, *to bear, convey, carry.*

ὀκχος, ὁ, ποῖτ. form of ὄχος, *a chariot.*

ὀκως, Ion. for ὀπως.

ὀκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωῖετε.

ὀλβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὤλβισα:—Pass., aor. I ὤλβισθη: pf. ὤλβισμαι: (ὀλβος):—*to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.*

ὀλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλβιος, δαίμων) *of blessed lot or fortune.*

ὀλβιό-δωρος, ον, (ὀλβιος, δῶρον) *bestowing bliss, bounteous.*

ὀλβιο-δότης or -δότης, ον, ὁ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὀλβιος, δίδωμι) *bestower of bliss.*

ὀλβιο-εργός, ὄν, (ὀλβιος, ἔργον) *making happy.*

ὀλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὀλβιος, μοῖρα) *of happy fate.*

ὀλβιος, *ov*, or *a*, *ov*, (ὀλβος) *happ̄y, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happ̄y, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλβια δοῦναι to bestow *rich* gifts; δῶρα ὀλβια ποιεῖν to make gifts *blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλβια ζῶμεν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, formed directly from ὀλβος, as αἰσχιστος, κέρβιστος from αἰσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιάτατος also occurs. Adv. —*ias*.

ὀλβιό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλβιος.

ὀλβίως, Adv. of ὀλβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλβο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ, and ὀλβο-δότης, ου, ὁ*, fem.

ὀλβο-δότειρα, (ὀλβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

*ΟΛΒΟΣ, *ου, ὁ*, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλβο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὀλβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέσθαι, Ion. for ὀλείσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ον*, also *a*, *ον*, (ὀλεος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἡμαρ the day of destruction: c.

gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends.

II. pass. lost, *undone*.

ὀλεθρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i. e. *ruin* seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; II. like Lat. *perniciēs*,

that which causes destruction, a *bane, plague, pest*.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλείται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέκρᾶνον, τό, = ὠλέκρανον.

*ΟΛΕ'Κ'Ν, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to *ruin, destroy, kill*:—Pass. to *perish, die*.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ήνωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσι-θήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσίμ-βροτος, *ον*, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ον*, ποβί. ὀλεσιτυ-, (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλέσσε, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσει, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, *ἡ, fem.* of ὀλετήρ, *a murderess*.

ὀλετήρ, *ἦρος, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι) *a destroyer, murderer*.

ὀλέτης, *ιδος, ἡ*, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀληαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλιγάκις, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *but few times, seldom*. [ᾗ]

ὀλιγ-άμπελος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ἄμπελος) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρός, (ὀλιγάνδρος) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, *ἡ, fewness of men*.

ὀλίγ-ανδρος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ἀνὴρ) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, *ἡ, scantiness of people*. From ὀλίγ-άνθρωπος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ἄνθρωπος) *scant of people*. ὀλίγ-αρχεῖται, Pass. (ὀλίγος, ἀρχῶ) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχία, *ἡ, an oligarchy, government by a few families or persons*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχικός, *ἡ, ὁν*, *oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy*.

ὀλίγ-αῦλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, αἶλας) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγᾶχθέν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *from few parts or places*; c. gen., ὀλιγαχθέν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγηπελύν, *εουσα*, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελέω), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγη-πελής, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγηπελία *Ion. -ιη, ἡ, feebleness*.

ὀλιγη-προς, *ον*, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγ-ηροσίη, *ἡ*, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγ-η-σίπιος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, σίπυα) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλίγιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, *ἡ, scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγό-γονος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, *γίνω) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανῶν, *εουσα*, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδράνω, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δρανής, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, δραίνω) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, *ἡ, feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-έτης, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence

ὀλιγοετία, *ἡ, fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγο-ξύλος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγό-πιστος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

*ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, ov*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολὺς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλίγοι, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. c.

inf. *too few* to do a thing. II. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγῳ. III. special phrases: ὀλίγου δεῖ there wants *but little*, i. e. *almost*; c. inf., ὀλίγου ἐδέησε καταλαβεῖν it wanted *but little* to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλίγον alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλίγον, *at a short distance*; or of Time, *after a short space, shortly after*:—but δι' ὀλίγον *in few words*. 3. ἐν ὀλίγῳ, *in a small compass*; and of Time, *in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλίγον, *almost*. 4. ἐς ὀλίγον, = παρ' ὀλίγον. 5. κατ' ὀλίγον *by little and little*: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὗτοι κατ' ὀλίγους γιγνόμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into *small parties*. 6. παρ' ὀλίγον, *within a little, all but, almost*. IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μέλιον, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, also ἐλάσσων,

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. ὀλίγιστος, η, ον :

ὀλίγιστον, genit. used Adv. (see ὀλίγος III) very nearly.

ὀλιγοσυχία, ἡ, the consisting of few lines. From ὀλιγό-στίχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, στίχος) consisting of few lines or verses.

ὀλιγοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλίγος) one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός.

ὀλιγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀλίγος) fewness, smallness.

ὀλιγοτροφέω, to give little nourishment. From ὀλιγο-τρέφω, ον, (ὀλίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourishment.

ὀλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, φίλος) fewness of friends.

ὀλιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλίγος, χρόνος) lasting but little time, of short duration.

ὀλιγοψυχέω (ὀλιγόψυχος), to be faint-hearted.

Hence

ὀλιγοψυχία, ἡ, faint-heartedness.

ὀλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ψυχή) faint-hearted.

ὀλίγ-ῶλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὀλιγαῦλας.

ὀλιγώρως, ἡ, ἴσως, (ὀλιγώρος) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

ὀλιγῶρλα, ἡ, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt.

ὀλιγῶρος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ὥρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptuous. Hence ὀλιγῶρος, Adv. carelessly; ὀλιγῶρος ἔχειν or διακείσθαι to be careless, heedless. [Ὶ]

ὀλίγως, Adv. of ὀλίγος, a little.

ὀλισθάνω and later -αῖνω: fut. ὀλισθήσω: aor. I ὤλισθησα: pf. ὤλισθηκα: aor. 2 ὤλισθον, part. ὀλισθών, inf. ὀλισθεῖν: (ὀλισθος):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηὸς ὀλισθάνων having slipped from the ship.

ὀλισθε, Ep. for ὤλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.

ὀλισθημα, ματος, τό, (ὀλισθεῖν) a slip, fall.

ὀλισθηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ὀλισθεῖν) slippery, sliding.

ὀλισθο-γνώμονέω (ὀλισθεῖν, γνώμη), to make a slip or error in judgment.

*ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ὁ, slipperiness: a slip.

ὀλκάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἔλκω, ὀλκή) a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel.

ὀλκή, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. II. a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

ὀλκός, ὅς, ὄν, (ἔλκω) attractive.

ὀλκός, οὗ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; ὀλκοὶ machines for hauling ships on land.

2. a strap or trace for drawing. II. a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent.

III. periphr., ὀλκοὶ δῖφνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

*ΟΛΛΓΜΙ and ὀλλύω: impf. ὄλλυν: f. ὀλέσω Ep. ὀλέσω Ion. ὀλέω Att. ὀλῶ: aor. I ὤλεσα Ep. ὤλεσσα, ὄλεσα: pf. ὀλόλεκα:—Med. ὀλλῦμαι, Ion. fut. ὀλέομαι Att. ὀλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὥλομην: pf. 2 ὥλεα: plqpf. ὥλῳλεν:—ὀλόμενος, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ὀλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce. I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. *perdere*.

II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: ὀλοιο, ὄλοιο, ὄλοισθε, etc., may 'st thou, may he, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined.

2. so pf. 2 ὥλεα, I am undone, ruined; οἱ ὀδαλότες the dead.

ὄλλυς, ὅσα, ὄν, pres. part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὄλλος, ὁ, (εἶλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller.

2. a mortar. 3. a kneading-trough.

ὄλλεις, εσσα, εν, = ὄλοος, destructive.

ὄλοερευτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὄλοερέω) a destroyer.

ὄλοερέω, f. εὔσω, (ὄλεθρος) to destroy.

ὄλοῖος, ον, poet. for sq., like ὁμοῖος for ὁμοιος.

ὄλοῖος, ὄν, poet. for ὄλοός, destructive.

ὄλοῖ-τροχος or ὄλοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, Ep. ὄλοοῖ-τροχος, (prob. from εἶλω volvo, τρήχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

ὄλοκαύτω, f. ἴσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From

ὄλό-καυτος, ον, (ὄλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst., ὄλόκαντον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

ὄλοκαυτός, f. ὥσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence

ὄλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

ὄλοκληρία, ἡ, soundness in all parts. From

ὄλό-κληρος, ον, (ὄλος, κληρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

ὄλολυγή, ἡ, (ὀλολύω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

ὄλόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀλολύω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

ὄλολυγμός, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀλολύω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

ὄλολγών, ὄνος, ἡ, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

ὀλολύω, f. -έξομαι: aor. ὤλολυξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

ὄλόμνη, ὄλοντο, Ep. for ὤλ-, aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὄλοοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, poet. form of ὄλοῖτροχος.

ὄλοός poet. ὄλοῖός, ὄλοῖός, η, ον, (ὀλλυμι) destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; ὀλοὸ φρονεῖν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. ὀλοώτερος, ὀλοώτατος.

II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

ὄλοό-φρων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful.

II. crafty, sagacious.

ὀλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off.

(Akin to λωπός, λέπω.)

*ΟΛΟΣ Ep. ὄλος, η, ον, whole, entire, complete,

Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all.

2. entire, utter; ὄλον ἀμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὄλον and τὸ ὄλον altogether.

II. whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

ὄλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον, (ὄλος, σφύρα)

battered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

ὅλο-σχερής, ἐς, (ὅλος, σκερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer.* 2. *relating to the whole, important, considerable.* II. Adv. —ῶς, *completely, entirely.*

ὅλο-τελής, ἐς, (ὅλος, τέλει) *quite complete, perfect.* ὅλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὅλο-φυγδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ὅλος, φύω) *a large pimple, pustule.*

ὀλοφυνδός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλοφύνομαι) *lamenting, wailing*: —neut. pl. ὀλοφυνδά, as Adv., *miserably.*

ὀλοφυντός, οὐ, ὁ, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From ὀλοφύρομαι [ῶ], Dep.: f. ὀλοφύρομαι: aor. ἰ ὀλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὀλοφύραο, ὀλοφύρατο: aor. 1 part. pass. ὀλοφυνθείς, in same sense. I. intr. *to lament, wail, moan, weep.* 2. *to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity*: c. gen. *to have pity upon.* 3. *to beg with tears and lamentations.* II. c. acc. *to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn.* 2. *to pity.* Hence

ὀλόφουρος, ἡ, *lamentation.* ὀλοφῶς, ὄν, lengthd. for ὀλόος, ὀλωός, *destructive, deadly*; ὀλοφῶα εἰδῶς versed in *pernicious arts.*

*ὈΛΠΗ, ἡ, *a leather oil-flask, used in the palaestra.* *ὈΛΠΣ, ιος and ἴδος, ἡ, = ὀληπ.

*Ὀλυμπία, ἡ, *Olympia*, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of Ὀλύμπος (sub. γῆ or χώρα).

*Ὀλύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games*, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of *Olympian Zeus* by the Greeks assembled at *Olympia* in Elis; *Ὀλύμπια νικᾶν to conquer at the *Olympic games*: also, *Ὀλύμπια ἀνελεῖσθαι or ἀναίρῃσθαι to have carried off the prize at the *Olympic games.*

*Ὀλυμπιάζε, Adv. (*Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *to Olympia.* *Ὀλυμπιάθεν, Adv. (*Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *from Olympia.*

*Ὀλυμπιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of Ὀλύμπος, Olympian*, epith. of the Muses: generally, *a dweller on Olympus*, a goddess. 2. *Ὀλυμπιάς ἐλαία the olive-crown of the *Olympic games.* II. as Subst., I. *the Olympic games.* 2. *a victory at Olympia* (sub. νίκη); *Ὀλυμπιάδα ἀναίρῃσθαι, νικᾶν to gain a victory in the *Olympic games.* 3. *an Olympiad*, i.e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the *Olympic games*: the first Olympiad begins 776 B.C.

*Ὀλυμπιάσι, Adv. (*Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *at Olympia*: cf. θύρᾱσι.

*Ὀλυμπιάσι [ᾱ], dat. pl. of *Ὀλυμπιάς.

*Ὀλυμπείον or *Ὀλυμπίειον, τό, (*Ὀλύμπος) *the temple of Olympian Zeus.*

*Ὀλυμπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Ὀλυμπία) *Olympic*; ὁ *Ὀλυμπικός ἄγων the *Olympic games.*

*Ὀλυμπιο-νίκης, οὐ, ὁ, (*Ὀλύμπια, νικᾶω) *a conqueror in the Olympic games.* [νί]

*Ὀλυμπιο-νίκος, ὄν, (*Ὀλύμπια, νικᾶω) *conquering in the Olympic games.*

*Ὀλύμπιος, ὄν, (*Ὀλυμπος) *Olympian, dwelling on Olympus*, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

is called also simply Ὀλύμπος; *Ὀλύμπια δώματα the mansions of *Olympus.*

*Ὀλυμπόνδε Ep. Οὐά-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus.*

*Ὀλυμπος Ep. and Ion. Οὐλύμπος, ὁ, *Olympus*, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

*ὈΛΥΤΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a fig* which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: *an untimely fig*, Lat. grossus.

*ὈΛΥΤΡΑ, ἡ, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt*, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρή); used in Egypt for *making bread.*

ὀλῳός, collat. form of ὀλοός, ὀλοῖός.

ὀλῳα, pf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλῳεκα, pf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλως, Adv. of ὅλος, *wholly, altogether, on the whole*; in short, Lat. denique: οὐχ ὀλως not at all, Lat. omnino non.

ὀμά, Adv. Dor. for ὀμή.

ὀμαῖος, f. ἡσω, (ὀμαδος) *to make a noise or din.*

ὀμαδός, ὁ, (ὀμός) *a noise, din, made by many voices together.* II. *a tumultuous crowd, throng.* III. *the din of battle, the battle-throng.*

ὀμαίμος, ὄν, *related by blood, kindred.* From ὀμ-αἰμος, ὄν, (ὀμός, αἶμα) *of the same blood, related by blood, akin*, Lat. consanguineus: as Subst., ὀμαιμος, ὁ, ἡ, *a brother or sister.* Hence

ὀμαιμοσύνη, ἡ, *relationship by blood.*

ὀμ-αἰμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, = ὀμαιμος:—Comp. ὀμαιμονέστερος, *more nearly akin.*

ὀμαχία, ἡ, *a fighting together*: *a defensive alliance, league.* From

ὀμ-αἰχος, ὄν, (ὀμός, αἰχμή) *fighting together*: as Subst., ὀμαχμος, ὁ, *an ally.*

ὀμαλής, ἐς, (ὀμαλός) *even, level*: τὰ ὀμαλῇ *level ground.*

ὀμαλίζω, f. σω, (ὀμαλός) *to make even or level, to level*: *to equalise.*

ὀμαλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀμός) *even, level*; τὸ ὀμαλόν *level ground.* 2. *of equal, like degree*; ὀμαλὸς γάμος *marriage with one of like degree.* 3. *metaph. middling, average, ordinary.* Hence

ὀμαλότης, ἡτος, ἡ, *evenness, equality.*

ὀμαλῶς (ὀμαλός), Adv. *evenly*; ὀμαλῶς βαίνειν *to march in even line.*

ὀμ-αρτέω: impf. ὀμάρτουν Ion. —εν: f. ὀμαρτήσω: aor. 1 ὀμάρτησα: (δοῦν, ἀρτάω):—*to meet*; I. in hostile sense, *to meet in fight*:—Med. *to attack in fight.* 2. *to walk together, esp. in part., βῆσαν ὀμαρτήσαντες they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed*: c. dat. *to walk beside, accompany.* 3. *to pursue.*

ὀμαρτή or ὀμαρτή, Adv. *together, jointly*, another form of ἀμαρτή, ἀμαρτή.

ὀμάρτη, Dor. for ὀμαρτή, 3 sing. impf. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὀμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ὀμ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὀμαρτήσιεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὁμαρτήτην, Ep. for ὁμ-, 3 dual impf. of ὁμαρτέω.
 ὁμα-ασπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἀσπίς) allied in arms:
 as Subst., ὁμασπις, ὁ, α comrade, fellow-soldier.

ὁμα-αἰλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, αἰλας) with adjoining
 furrows or lands.

ὁμαυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From
 ὁμα-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλή) living together: hence,
 neighbouring.

ὁμα-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

ὁμβρέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to
 rain or shower down upon: to bedew, wet.

ὁμβρῆρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ὄμβρος) rainy, watery.

ὁμβρίμος, ον, = ὄβριμος.

ὁμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὄμβρος) rainy: of or be-
 longing to rain, Lat. pluvialis; ὕδαρ ὁμβριον rain-
 water.

ὁμβρο-δόκος, ον, (ὄμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or re-
 ceiving rain.

ὁμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ὄμβρος, κτύπew) striking with
 rain.

ὄΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.
 metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

ὁμβρο-φόρος, ον, (ὄμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὁμείται, 3 sing. fut. of ὁμνῶ.

ὁμ-έστιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

ὁμ-ευνέτις, ον, ὁ, fem. ὁμ-ευνέτις, ἰδος, = ὁμ-ευνος.

ὁμ-ευνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, εὐνή) sleeping together: as Subst.,
 ὁμ-ευνος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

ὁμ-ἑψιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἑψία) a playmate.

ὁμή or ὁμη, Adv. (ὁμός) poet. for ὁμοῦ.

ὁμ-ηγερίς, ἐς, (ὁμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

ὁμηγυρίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-
 gether. From

ὁμ-ήγυρις Dor. ὁμάγ-, ἰος, ἡ, (ὁμός, ἄγυρις) an as-
 sembly, meeting: a throng, company.

ὁμηλικία, ἡ, ὁμηλῆς, (ὁμηλῆς) equality of age:—
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =
 ὁμηλιξ.

ὁμ-ήλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.
 of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,
 playmate. II. of like stature.

ὁμ-ηρεία, ἡ, (ὁμηρεύω) a giving hostages or securities:
 a security, pledge.

Ὁμήρειος, α, ον, (Ὁμηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

ὁμ-ηρεῦσαι, Ion. for ὁμηρεύσαι, part. fem. pl. of
 ὁμηρεύω.

ὁμ-ηρεύω, f. σω, (ὄμηρος) to be a hostage, serve as a
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,
 pledge or security.

ὁμ-ηρέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄμηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to
 accord, agree.

Ὁμηρίδης, ον, ὁ, mostly in plur. Ὁμηρίδαι, οἱ, the
 Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his
 poems: generally, the admirers of Homer.

ὁμ-ηρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἀραρεῖν) joined together, united,
 wedded. II. as Subst., ὁμηρος, ὁ, a pledge to

preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

ὁμιλᾶδόν, Adv. (ὁμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-
 matim: in crowds.

ὁμιλέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὁμίλησα: (ὁμιλος):—to be
 together or in company with; μετ' Ἀχαιοῖς ὁμιλεῖν
 to associate with the Achaeans; ἐν πρωτοῖσιν ὁμι-
 λεῖν to be in company among the foremost; περὶ νε-
 κρὸν ὁμιλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.

to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to
 meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one an-
 other. III. of social intercourse, to hold converse:

to live familiarly with, associate with: to have deal-
 ings with. 2. absol. to be friends. IV.

of pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged
 in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be
 at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to

haunt, frequent a spot.

ὁμιληδόν, Adv. = ὁμιλαδόν.

ὁμιλήσειν, fut. inf. of ὁμιλέω.

ὁμιλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὁμιλέω) a scholar, bearer.

ὁμιλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὁμιλέω) to be conversed with; οὐχ
 ὁμιλητός unapproachable, savage.

ὁμιλία, ἡ, (ὁμιλος) a being or living together, inter-
 course, converse, dealings with another; ἡ ἐμὴ ὁμιλία
 converse with me; ὁμιλία χθονός intercourse with a
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-
 sembly; ναὺς ὁμιλία ship-mates.

ὁμ-ἴλος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,
 tumult.

ὁμίχλω, f. ἴσω, = ὁμίχλω.

ὉΜΙ'ΧΛΗ Ion. ὁμίχλη Dor. δμίχλα, ἡ, misty air,
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ὁμίχλησις Ion. ὁμίχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.

ὉΜΙ'ΧΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [τ]

ὁμμα, atos, τό, (ἄμμα, pf. pass. of ὀράω) the eye;

ὁμματι λόφ' ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at; opp.
 to ὀρθοῖς ὁμμασιν ὀρᾶν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὁμμάτων, Lat.
 rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; κατ' ὅμμα
 face to face, in full sight; ὡς ἀπ' ὁμμάτων to judge
 by the eye, Lat. ex oculis; ἐν ὁμμασι, Lat. in oculis,
 before one's eyes; so also παρ' ὅμμα, πρὸ ὁμμάτων;
 ἐξ ὁμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy.

ὁμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon; so ὅμμα αἰθέρος, of the
 sun; generally, light; ὅμμα φήης the light of happy
 tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-
 cious. V. periph. of the person, ὅμμα πελείας
 for πελεία, ὅμμα νύμφας for νύμφα; cf. κάρα.

Hence

ὁμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὅμμα, a little eye.

ὁμμάτω-στερής, ἐς, (ὅμμα, στερέω) deprived of
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, canker-
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

ὁμμάτῳ, f. ὥσω: pf. pass. ὠμμάτωμαι: (ὅμμα):—
 to give eyes to:—Pass., φρήν ὠμματομένη a mind

quick of sight.
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

*OMNYMI or ὁμνῶ, imperat. ὁμνυθεῖ or ὁμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύντων; impf. ὤμνουν or ὤμνον; fut. ὁμοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, inf. ὁμείσθαι, later fut. ὁμόςω: aor. I ὠμοσα Ep. ὁμοσα, ὁμοσσα: pf. ὁμώμοκα: plqpf. ὁμωμόκειν:—Pass., aor. I ὠμόσθην or ὠμόθην; pf. ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται or ὁμώμοται:—to swear; ὅρκον ὁμῶσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will . . : ᾗ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὁμόσας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βάμιος, on, (ὁμοῦ, βωμός) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ακτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

ὁμο-γάμος, on, (ὁμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γάστρος, on, (ὁμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγνητος ὁμόγαστρος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, opos, ὁ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ές, (ὁμοῦ, *γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with.

ὁμο-γέρων, onτος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρων) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσῶ Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, on, (ὁμός, γλῶσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, on, contr. for ὁμογένιος, (ὁμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; ὁμό-γνιοι θεοί gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

ὁμογνωμονέω, f. ἴσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, on, gen. onos, (ὁμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνος.

ὁμό-γονος, on, (ὁμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμας, on, (ὁμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δαμος, Dor. for ὁμόδημος.

ὁμό-δέμιος, on, (ὁμοῦ, δέμιον) sharing one's bed.

ὁμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, on, (ὁμός, δῆμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From

ὁμό-δοξος, on, (ὁμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, on, (ὁμοῦ, δούλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-δρομία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθνής, ές, (ὁμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.

ὁμό-ζυγος, on, (ὁμοῦ, ζυγῆναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμο-ήθης, ές, (ὁμοῦ, ἥθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (ὁμός) from the same place, of the same origin: ὁ ὁμόθεν a brother.

II. from near at hand, hand to hand: close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, on, (ὁμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμοθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

ὁμό-θυμος, on, (ὁμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

ὁμοίως, Ep. for ὁμοιος. [I Ep.]

ὁμοιο-κατάληκτος, on, (ὅμοιος, κατάληγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὁμοιοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

ὁμοιο-πάθης, ές, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὁμοιο-πρεπής, ές, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὅμοιος, α, on, Ion. and old Att. ὁμοῖος, η, on, Att. also os, on; Ep. ὁμοῖος, on: (ὁμός):—like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὁμοῖον ἀγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὁμοῖον 'birds of a feather flock together'; τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδιδόναι, Lat. par pari re-

ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agreeing.

5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν δίδοναι, ἀποδιδόναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ ὁμοίᾳ on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι τι to hold a thing in like esteem.

II. of the same rank or station: οἱ ὅμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit.:—also followed by a Relat., ὅμοιος ὥσπερ . . , like as . . ; ὅμοιος καὶ . . , Lat. aequae ac . . , like as . . ; cf. ὁμοίως.

ὁμοιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅμοιος) likeness, similitude.

ὁμοιό-τροπος, on, (ὅμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

ὁμοιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ὁμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., ὁμοίωσμαι and -ωθήσμαι (in same sense): aor. I ὁμοιώθην: (ὅμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθῆναι ἀντὶν to be made like before one.

II. Med. to make a like return. Hence

ὁμοιωθῆναι, Ep. for ὁμοιωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμοιῶ.

ὁμοίωμα, atos, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of ὅμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters ὁμοιον and ὅμοια, Ion. ὁμοῖον, ὁμοῖα, were also common as Adv. —ὁμοίως ᾤω . . , like as . . ; so, ὁμοίως καὶ . . , Lat. aequae ac . . , perinde ac . . ; ὁμοιον ὥστε . . , like as; ὁμοία τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

ὁμοίωσις, ἡ, (ὁμοίω) *a making like, likening.* II. *a becoming like.* 2. *a likeness, image.*

ὁμό-κλαρος, Dor. for ὁμόκληρος.

ὁμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. ὁμόκλα, = ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλέω, f. ἦω: aor. I ὁμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. ὁμοκλήσασκε:—*to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, rebide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do.* From

ὁμο-κλή, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) *a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.*

ὁμό-κληρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλήρος) *having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., ὁμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.*

ὁμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) *one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.*

ὁμό-κλινος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλινῆ) *reclining on the same couch at table.*

ὁμό-λεκτρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) *sharing the same bed.*

ὁμολογέω, f. ἦω: aor. I ὁμολόγησα: pf. ὁμολόγηκα:—Pass., aor. I ὁμολογήθην: pf. ὁμολόγημαι: (ὁλόλογος):—*to speak together, to speak one language.*

2. *to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with.* 3. *to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπὶ τισι on certain terms.* 4. *to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant you.* 5. *to agree, promise to do.* 6. *to be connected with, bear affinity to.* II. Med. *to agree, assent to; much like the Act.* III. Pass. *to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὁμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles.* Hence

ὁμολόγημα, ματος, τό, *a thing agreed on, a postulate; and*

ὁμολογία, ἡ, *agreement.* 2. *an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender.* 3. *an assent, admission, confession.*

ὁμό-λογος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) *assenting, agreeing, admitting.* 2. *of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -ως, confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, *agreeable, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμό-μαστιγίαι, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μάστιξ) *one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.*

ὁμο-μήτριος, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) *born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.*

ὁμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) *companion in death.*

ὁμόνοεω, f. ἦω, (ὁμόνοος) *to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common.* Hence

ὁμόνοητικός, ἡ, ὅν, *conducting to agreement.*

ὁμόνοια, ἡ, *sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia.* From

ὁμό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) *of one*

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. consors. Adv. ὁμόνοως, unanimously.

ὁμο-παθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) *having the same passions.*

ὁμο-πάτριος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) *by the same father.*

ὁμο-πλεκής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέκω) *inter-laced.*

ὁμό-πλους, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πλός) *sailing together or in company.*

ὁμό-πολις ποῖτ. ὁμόπολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) *from the same city or state.*

ὁμό-περος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρον) *with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; vāes ὁμόπεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.*

ὁμό-πολις, ποῖτ. for ὁμόπολις.

ὁμορράζω, = ὁμορρύνω, *to wipe off.*

ὁμορρύνω, Ep. for ὁμορρύνω, 3 sing. impf. of ὈΜΟΡΡΥΝΩ, fut. ὁμάρω:—Med., aor. I ὁμορράζην:—*to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὁμορράσθαι to dry one's tears.*

ὁμορράμενος, aor. I part. med. of ὁμορρύνω.

ὁμορρῆ Ion. ὁμορρῆω, *to have the same boundaries with, to border on.* From

ὁμο-ρος Ion. ὁμορους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄρος) *having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ὁμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὁμορον neighbourhood.*

ὁμορροῦμαι, f. ἦω, *to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together.* And

ὁμορρόβος, ον, *rowing or swimming together.* From ὁμόρ-ροβος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ροβέω) *rowing together: generally, acting together.*

ὈΜΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, *one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis.* (Akin to ἄμα: hence ὁμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὅμως, ὁμοῦ, ὁμῆ, ὁμῶθεν, ὁμῶς.)

ὁμόσας, ὁμόσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) *to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε ἵεναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε ἵεναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.*

ὁμο-σθενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) *of equal might.*

ὁμο-σθένει, f. ἦω, *to eat or live together with.* From ὁμό-σσιτος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σσιτος) *eating together.*

ὁμό-σκευος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκευή) *arrayed in the same way.*

ὁμοσκηνία, ἡ, *a living in the same tent.* From ὁμό-σκηνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) *living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.*

ὁμο-σκηνώ, f. ὥσω, *to live in the same tent with.*

ὁμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνον) *from the same womb, of the same mother.*

ὁμό-σπονδος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) *sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.*

ὁμό-σπορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπείρω) *sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.*

ὁμόσσαι, ὁμόσσας, Ep. for ὁμόσα, ὁμόσας.

ὁμο-στίχαι, (ὁμοῦ, στείχω) *to walk together with.*

ὁμό-στολος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) *sent together with,*

in company with.
of the same kind.

II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike :

ὁμό-τάφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.
ὁμό-τεχνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft : as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, *ὁ*, a fellow-workman.

ὁμό-τιμος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) equally honoured, held in equal honour : of ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τοίχος) having one common wall, separated by a party wall : metaph. hardly different from.

ὁμο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating at the same table with.

ὁμό-τροπος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same habits : δμότροπα ἦθεα like habits :—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, *ὁ*, a comparison.

ὁμό-τροφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with : δμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts brought up with men.

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), together, of Place :—also together, at once : γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον earth and sea together. 2. together with, along with : c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκένεσσι with or among the dead.

3. near, hard by : nearly, almost. 4. ὁμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. aequè ac.

ὁμοῦμαι, pf. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμουρέω, ὁμουρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὁμορος.

ὁμό-φαιτος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φαίτας) going together with : as Subst., ὁμόφαιτος, *ὁ*, a companion.

ὁμοφρονέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, (ὁμόφρων) to be of one mind with : πόλεμος ὁμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously.

ὁμόφροσύνη, *ῖ*, ἀbeing of the same mind, unity. From ὁμό-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ῖ*, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

ὁμο-φύης, *ῖς*, (ὁμοῦ, φύή) of the same age or nature.

ὁμό-φύλος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) of the same race or people : as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, *οἱ*, men of the same race : τὸ ὁμόφυλον sameness of race.

ὁμοφωνέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to speak the same language with. 2. to chime in with. From

ὁμό-φωνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unison with.

ὁμο-χροία, *ῖ*, (ὁμοῦ, χροά) sameness of colour. II. smoothness of surface : the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to keep time with. From

ὁμόχρονος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with.

ὁμό-χρους, *ον*, contr. -χρους, *ονν*, (ὁμοῦ, χροιά) of the same colour.

ὁμό-ψηφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ψήφος) voting with. II. having an equal right to vote with.

ὁμός, *ῖ*, ὦσω, (ὁμός) to join together, unite :—Pass., aor. I ὠμήθην, to be united.

*ΟΜΙΝΗ, *ῖ*, corn, food.

ὁμπνιακός, *ῖ*, *ον*, = ὁμπνιος.

ὁμπνιος, *α, ον*, (ὁμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large :—Ὀμπνιά [ᾱ], *ῖ*, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ὁμφάκίας, *ον, ὁ*, (ὄμφαξ) wine made from unripe grapes.

II. metaph. as masc. Adj. barsb, austere, bitter, crabbed.

ὁμφάκο-ράξ, *ἄγος, ὁ, ῖ*, (ὄμφαξ, ῥάξ) with sour or unripe grapes.

ὁμφάλιος, *ον*, (ὁμφαλός) belonging to the navel : as Subst., ὁμφάλιον, τό, = ὁμφαλός. 2. having a boss, like a boss.

ὁμφάλλεις, *εσσα, εν*, (ὁμφαλός) having a navel or boss : ἀσπίς ὁμφάλλεσσα a shield with a central boss.

*ΟΜΦΑΛΟΣ, *ου, ὁ*, the navel, Lat. umbilicus. II. anything like a navel : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. umbo. 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3. the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὁμφαλὸς θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea : and Delphi was called ὁμφαλός as the navel or centre of Earth.

*ΟΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, *ῖ*, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὁμφή, *ῖ*, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή : a prophecy, oracle, warning voice : any token conveying divine intimation : later, tuneful voice, melody. II. fame, report : σὴ ὁμφή the report about thee.

ὁμωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμός.

ὁμ-ῶλας, *ἄκος, ὁ, ῖ*, = ὁμαύλας.

ὁμώμοκα, pf. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 sing. ὁμώμοται, pf. pass. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμ-ωνύμος, *α, ον*, and ὁμ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὁμός, ἔνομα) having the same name :—as Subst., ὁμώνυμος, *ὁ, ῖ*, a namesake.

II. ambiguous, equivocal.

ὁμ-ωρόφιος, *ον*, and ὁμ-ώροφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ὄροφή) living under the same roof with.

ὁμῶς, Adv. of ὁμός, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. pariter. 2. like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. pariter ac : ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς Ἀἰδαο πύλῃσι hated like the gates of Hell.

ὁμως, Conj. (ὁμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen : ὁμως μὴν or μέντοι but still, for all that :—ὁμως in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quamvis, ἐκδύθι μου νοσῶν ὁμως hear me although thou art diseased.

ὁμ-ωχέτης, *ον, ὁ*, (ὁμός, ἔχω) holding or dwelling together : θεοὶ ὁμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ὀν-ἄγος, *ὁ*, Dor. and Att. for ὀνηγός.

ὀν-ἄγρος, *ὁ*, (ὀνος, ἄγριος) the wild ass.

ὀναίμην, ὄναο, ὄνατο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ὀνύμην.

*ΟΝΑΨ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὑπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὑνερος and ὑνερον being used in the other cases) :—proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκίας ὄναρ the dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep : οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream : often opp. to ὑπαρ, ὄναρ ἢ ὑπαρ ἦν to live in a dream or awake.

ὀνάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀνος, a young ass.

δυναεῖ, Dor. for *δνήσει*, 3 sing. fut. of *δύνημι*.

δυνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. *δύνημι*.

δυνασις, Dor. for *δνησις*.

δυναρ, τό, gen. *δνεάτος*, (*δύνημι*) anything that profits it is *helpful*, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refection: plur. *δνεάτα*, food, victuals.

δνείδεος, ov, (*δνείδος*) reproachful: disgraceful.

δνειδίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιδώ*: aor. I *δνείδα*: pf. *δνείδα*:—Pass., with fut. med. *δνειδιούμαι* (*δνείδος*):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. *obicere*. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

δνειδισμα, τό, (*δνειδίζω*) a reproach.

δνειδισμός, ό, (*δνειδίζω*) a reproaching: reproach.

δνειδιστήρ, ήρος, ό, (*δνειδίζω*) a reproacher, upbraid-er: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

*ΟΝΕΙΔΟΣ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. *fama*: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

δνεος, ov, (*δνος*) of an ass; *δνειον γάλα* ass's milk. *δνεράτα*, τά, used as pl. of *δνειρον*.

δνερείος, α, ov, (*δνειρος*) dreamy, of dreams; *ἐν δνερείσι πύλραι* at the gates of dreams.

δνειρο-κρίτης, ov, ό, (*δνειρος*, *κριτής*) an interpreter of dreams.

δνειρό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (*δνειρος*, *μάντις*) an interpreter of dreams.

δνειρον, τό, collat. form of *δνειρος*, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is *δνεάρα*, -άτων, -αςι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., *δνεάρατος*, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. *δνεαρ*.

δνειροπόλέω, f. ήσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, *ίππους* of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

δνειρο-πόλος, ov, (*δνειρος*, *πολέω*) versed in dreams: as Subst., *δνειροπόλος*, ό, an interpreter of dreams.

*ΟΝΕΙΡΟΣ, ό, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. *δναρ*, *δνειρον*. 2. as prop. n., *Ονειρος, god of dreams.

δνειρο-σκόπος, ov, (*δνειρος*, *σκοπέω*) an interpreter of dreams.

δνειρό-φαντος, ov, (*δνειρος*, *φαίνομαι*) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

δνειρό-φρων, ovos, ό, ή, (*δνειρος*, *φρήν*) understanding dreams.

δνειρώσσω Att. -πτω, (*δνειρος*) to dream.

δνεύω, (*δνος* II) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

δν-ηγός Dor. *δν-αγός*, ό, (*δνος*, *ηγέομαι*) an ass-driver.

δν-ηλάτης [α], ov, ό, (*δνος*, *ελαίνω*) an ass-driver.

δνημενος, aor. 2 part. med. of *δύνημι*; *δνησα*, Ep. for *δνησα*, aor. I; *δνήσει*, 3 sing. fut.

δνησιμος, ov, (*δνησις*) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

δνησις, εως, ή, (*δνήμι*) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

*ΟΝΘΟΣ, ό, dirt, dung.

δνία, ή, Aeol. for *άνια*.

δνιδιον, τό, Dim. of *δνος*, a little ass, donkey.

δνικός, ή, όν, (*δνος*) of or for an ass; *δνικός μύλος* a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

δύνημι, *δνίης*, *δνίησι*, inf. *δνίναναι* [α], part. *δνίνας*: fut. *δνήσω*: aor. I *δνήσα*: as if from *δνολ*.

*ΟΝΕ'Ω:—Med. and Pass. *δνίναμαι*, impf. *δνίναμην*: fut. *δνήσομαι*: aor. 2 *δνήμην*, -ησο, -ητο, or *δνάμην*; imperat. *δνησο*, opt. *δναιμην*, inf. *δνασθαι*, part. *δνήμενος*: aor. I *δνήθην*.

I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support: and, like Lat. *juvo*, to gratify, delight.

II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help; esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing.

2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. *δναιμην*, αιο, αιο, to express good wishes, *οὕτως δναιμην* so may I thrive! *δναιο*, Lat. *sis felix*! mayest thou be happy! also with *χάριον*, *δναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριον* bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase *ἐσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι*, *δνήμενος* (sub. *εἴη* or *εἴτω*), he seems brave, may be be fortunate!—also ironical, *δναιο μένταν εἰ τις ἐκπλυνεῖ σε* you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

δνίς, ίδος, ή, (*δνος*) ass's dung.

δνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of *δνομαι*.

*ΟΝΟΜΑ, άρος, τό, Ion. *ονόμα* Aeol. *δνύμα*:—Lat. *NOMEN*, a name: *ονομα θεῖναι τι* to give one a name; *ονομα φέρεσθαι* to bear a name; *ονομα καλεῖν τινα* to call one by a name.

II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad.

III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to *ἔργον*, like *λόγος*.

2. a false name, pretence, pretext; *ἐπ' δνόματι* under the pretence.

IV. *δνομα* is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like *κάρα*, as *ὦ φιλατατον δνομα Πολυνείκους*.

V. a word, expression: a saying.

VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. *nomen*, opp. to *ῥήμα*, Lat. *verbum*, a verb.

δνομάζω Ion. *ονομαζέω*: fut. *δνομάσω* Aeol. *δνιμάσω*: aor. I *δνώμασα*: pf. *δνώμακα*:—Pass., aor. I *δνωμάσθην*: pf. *δνώσασμαι* (*δνομα*):—to name, speak of, call or address by name.

2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as *δνομα* opp. to *ἔργον*.

3. to call one by a name, *δνομάζειν τινα τι*; also *σοφιστην δνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι* they call the man a sophist by name: *δνομάζειν ἀπό* or *ἐκ τινος* to name or call from or after another; so also *ἐπὶ τινος* or *τινι*:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

*ΟΝΟΜΑΙ, 2 sing. *δνοσαι*, 3 pl. *δνονται*; imperat. *δνοσο*, 3 sing. opt. *δνοιτο*: fut. *δνόσομαι* Ep. *δνόςσομαι*: aor. I *δνοσάμην*, opt. *δνοσάμην*, αιο, αιο, Ep. inf. *δνόσσασθαι*; also aor. I pass. *δνώσθην*: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. *οὐνσθε*, 3 sing. aor. I *ἀνάτο*: Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., *οὐδ' ὥς σε ἔολπα δνόσσεσθαι κακότητος* not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

ὀνομαίνω: fut. *ὀνομαῖνῶ* Ion. *οὐνομανέω*: aor. I *ὠνόμηνα* Ep. *ὀνόμηνα*: (ὀνομα):—poët. for. *ὀνομάζω*, to name, call by name, Lat. *nominō*: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

ὀνομα-κλήθην, Adv. (ὀνομα, καλέω) calling by name, by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὀνομα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ὀνομα, κλυτός) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ὀνομαστί, Adv. (ὀνομάζω) by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὀνομαστός Ion. οὖν-, ὄν, (ὀνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ὀνοματο-λόγος, ὁ, (ὀνομα, λέγω) one who tells people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*.

ὀνόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of *ὀνομαίνω*.

***ΟΝΟΣ**, ὁ and ἡ, an ass, Lat. *asinus*, *asina*: Proverbs: *περὶ ὄνου σκιάς* for an ass's shadow, like Lat. *de lana caprina*, i. e. for a mere trifle: *ὄνου πόκι* ass's wool, like *ὀρνίθαν γάλα*, of something not existing. II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to, 1. a windlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker, *wine-cup*, prob. from its shape.

ὀνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of *ὀνομαι*.

ὀνόσσεσθαι, Ep. for *ὀνόσσεσθαι*, fut. inf. of *ὀνομαι*.

ὀνοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀνομαι) to be blamed or scorned.

ὀνοτάζω, like *ὀνομαι*, to blame, rail at.

ὀνοτός, ὁ, ὄν, for *ὀνοστός*.

ὀνο-φορέβος, ὄν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

ὄντα, τὰ, pl. part. neut. of *εἶμι*, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of *εἶμι* *sum*, really, actually.

ὄνυμα, τό, Aeol. for *ὄνομα*. Hence

ὀνιμάζω, *ὄνυμαίνω*, Aeol. for *ὄνομα*.

ὄνυξ, ὄνυξ, ὁ, dat. pl. *ὄνυξι* Ep. *ὄνυχεσι*: I. in pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*; of cattle, a hoof; *ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἄκρους στήναι* to stand on tiptoe, Lat. *summis digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὄνυχων, Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II.

a gem streaked with veins, an *onyx*: also any vessel made of it.

ὄνυχεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *ὄνυξ*.

ὄξ-άλμη, ἡ, (ὄξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὄξεία, Ion. for *ὄξεῖα*, fem. of *ὄξύς*:—*ὄξέσι*, dat. pl.

ὄξέως, Adv. of *ὄξύς*, sharply.

ὄξηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ὄξος) of or for vinegar; *κέραμος ὄξηρός* a jar for vinegar.

ὄξηνης [χ], ου, ὁ, (ὄξος) sour, of wine. 2. metaph.

sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὄξις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὄξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabulum*.

II. a sort of shrimp.

ὄξος, εος, τό, (ὄξύς) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acetum*.

ΟΞΥ'Α or *ὄξύη*, ἡ, a kind of beech. II. a spear-shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὄξύ-βάφων, τό, (ὄξύς, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat. *acetabulum*: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὄξύ-βελής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, βέλος) sharp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

ὄξύ-βόας and **ὄξύ-βότης**, ου, ὁ, (ὄξύς, βοάω) shrill-screaming: sharp-buzzing.

ὄξύ-γους, ου, (ὄξύς, γόος) shrill-wailing.

ὄξύ-δερκής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, δερκομαι) sharp-sighted, quick-sighted: Sup. *ὄξυερεκτάτος*.

ὄξύ-δουπος, ου, (ὄξύς, δοῦπος) sharp-sounding, shrill-sounding.

ὄξύ-θειρος, ου, (ὄξύς, ἔθειρα) with sharp, pointed hair: irreg. plur. *ὄξυέθειρες*.

ὄξύ-θηκτος, ου, (ὄξύς, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharp-pointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

ὄξύθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

ὄξύθυμία, ἡ, quickness to anger, choleric.

ὄξύ-θυμος, ου, (ὄξύς, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὄξύ-κάρδιος, ου, (ὄξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered.

ὄξύ-κίνητος, ου, (ὄξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [χ]

ὄξύ-κομος, ου, (ὄξύς, κόμη) with pointed hair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

ὄξύ-κωκτός, ου, (ὄξύς, κωκτώ) loudly wailed.

ὄξύ-κλάβης, (ὄξυκλαβής) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

ὄξύ-λαβής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, λαβεῖν) seizing quickly.

ὄξύ-λάλος, ου, (ὄξύς, λαλέω) glib-tongued.

ὄξύ-μελής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, μέλος) clear-singing.

ὄξύ-μέριμνος, ου, (ὄξύς, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

ὄξύ-μήνιτος, ου, (ὄξύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath: φόνος ὄξυμήνιτος murder in hot blood.

ὄξύ-μολπος, ου, (ὄξύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὄξύ-μωρος, ου, (ὄξύς, μῶρος) pointedly foolish:—as Subst., *ὄξύμαρον*, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, *insaniens sapientia* or *concordia discors*.

ὄξυνθείς, aor. I part. pass. of *ὄξύνω*.

ὄξυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a sharpener. From

ὄξύνω, f. ὠνώ, (ὄξύς) to make sharp or pointed, to sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὄξύεις, εσσα, εν, poët. for *ὄξύς*, sharp-pointed: or from *ὄξύα* with beechen shaft.

ὄξύ-ὄστρακος, ου, (ὄξύς, ὄστρακον) with a sharp jagged shell.

ὄξύ-παγής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, παγῆναι) sharp-pointed.

ὄξύ-πυκνός, ἐς, (ὄξύς, πύκναι) sharp-pointed.

ὄξύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, ποδος, (ὄξύς, πούς) swift-footed.

ὄξύ-πρωπος, ου, (ὄξύς, πρῶπα) having a sharp brow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὄξύ-ρεπής, ἐς, poët. for *ὄξυρεπής*, = *ὄξύρροπος*.

ὄξύρ-ροπος, ου, (ὄξύς, ῥέπω) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; *easily swayed*: metaph. easily roused or led on, Lat. *propensus*.

ῥΟΞΥΣ, ὀξεῖα ἰόν. ὀξεῖα, ὀξύ, *sharp, keen, pointed*; λίθος ὀξύς a sharpened stone for a knife; ἐς ὀξύ ἀνγυμένον brought to a point; τὸ ὀξύ the sharp point or vertex of a triangle. II. of impressions on the senses, *sharp, keen, piercing*; of the sun, like *rapidus sol* in Virgil, *dazzling*. 2. of sight, *keen, piercing*; ὀξύτατον δέκασθαι to be most keen of sight; ὀξύ ἀκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, *sharp, shrill*, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, *sharp, pungent*. 5. of pain or grief, *sharp, piercing*. III. quick, *sharp, keen, hasty*, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, *quick, swift*.—Besides Adv. ὀξέως, the neut. ὀξύ, and pl. ὀξέα, are often used as Adv. *sharply*, etc.

ὀξύ-στομος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, στόμα) *sharp-toothed*; of the gad-fly, *sharp-stinging*; of a sword, *keen-edged*. ὀξύ-τενής, ἔς, (ὀξύς, τείνω) = ὀξύτενος. ὀξύτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀξύς) *sharpness, pointedness*. II. of sound, *highness of pitch or tone*. 2. of taste, *pungent*. III. metaph. *sharpness, cleverness*. 2. of action, *quickness, haste*.

ὀξύ-τόμος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, τεμῖν) *sharp-cutting, keen*. ὀξύ-τόνος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, τόνος) *stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent*. II. *having the acute accent*, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

ὀξύ-τόπος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, τεῖνω) *piercing, pointed, prickly*. ὀξύ-φθογγος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, φθόγγος) = ὀξύφωνος. ὀξύ-φρων, *ov*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀξύς, φρήν) *sharp-witted*. ὀξύ-φωνος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, φωνή) *with clear, shrill voice*. ὀξύ-χειρ, *ov*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀξύς, χεῖρ) *quick of hand*. 2. ὀξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of quick-beating with the bands.

ὀξύ-χολος, *ov*, (ὀξύς, χολός) *quick to anger*. ὀξύ-ωπής, ἔς, (ὀξύς, ὦψ) *sharp-sighted*. ὄου, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of οὐς or ὄ. ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη.

ὀπαδέω, ὀπαδός, Dor. for ὀπηδέω: ὀπηδός, an attendant.

ῥΟΠΑΖΩ, f. ὀπάσω Ep. ὀπάσσω: aor. I ὤπασα Ep. ὤπασσα:—Med., Ep. fut. ὀπάσσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὤπασάμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολλὸν λαὸν ὀπάειν τῷ to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:—Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος ὀπάειν τινὶ to give him glory to follow:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀσπίδι ὀπάειν to put a work of art on the shield.

III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χεῖμαρπος ὀπαζόμενος Διὸς ὀμβρῶν a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

ὀπαῖος, α, *ov*, (ὀπή) *with a hole or opening*: as Subst., ὀπαῖον, τό, a hole in the roof.

ὀπανικά, Dor. for ὀπνικά. ὀπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ὀπάω. ὀπάσσε, ὀπάσσαιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med. of ὀπάω.

ὀπάσσειαι, Ep. for ὀπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of ὀπάω.

ὀπα-πατρος, *ov*, for δμῷ-πατρος, (ὀμός, πατήρ) *by the same father*.

ὀπάων [α], *ov*, Ion. ὀπέων, —έανος, ὁ, (ὀπάω) like ὀπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

ῥΟΠΕΑΣ, ἄρος, τό, an awl, Lat. *subula*: Aeol. ὤπεας, which is the usual form.

ὀπερ, Ep. for ὅπερ.

ὀπέων, *ov*, ὁ, Ion. for ὀπάων.

ῥΟΠΗ, ἡς, ἡ, an opening, hole: a hole in the roof, for a chimney.

ὀπη Dor. ὀπη Dor. ὀπῆ Ion. ὀκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. *qua*, and so *where*, like ὅπου, Lat. *ubi*: also like ὅποι, *whither*, Lat. *quo*. 2. c. gen., ὀπη γὰς, Lat. *quo terrarum?* to which part of the land? also like Lat. *ubi terrarum?* where? II. of Manner, in what way? how?

ὀπηδέω, Dor. ὀπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From ὀπηδός, ὁ, Dor. ὀπαδός, (ὀπάω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. ὀπηδός, ὁ, an attendant.

ὀπηνικά, Adv. *when, at what time*. II. since, Lat. *quoniam*.

ὀπίας, *ov*, ὁ, (ὀπός) *cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice* (ὀπός) in full τῶς ὀπίας.

ὀπίζομαι, f. —ίσομαι: Dep.: (ὀπις):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey.

ὀπίθε and ὀπίθεν, Adv., poet. for ὀπισθε, ὀπισθεν. ὀπιθόμυβροτος, *ov*, poet. for ὀπισθόμυβροτος, (ὀπιθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; ὀπιθόμυβροτον αὐχμημα the glory that lives after men.

ῥΟΠΙΚΟΙ, ὁῖς, ὁ, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. ὀπικός, ἡ, ὁ, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

ὀπιπτεύω, f. σω, (*ὀπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

ὀπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. ὀπῖν or ὀπίδα, (ὤψ) regard paid to a person or thing; 1. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; ὀπις θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. *reverentia*.

ὀπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὀπισθε.

ὀπισθε, and before a vowel ὀπισθεν, Ep. ὀπίθε, ὀπίθεν: (ὀπις): Lat. *pone*: 1. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; οἱ ὀπισθε those left behind; οἱ ὀπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ ὀπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; εἰς τοῦτο-σθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., behind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

ὀπισθίος, α, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, (ὀπισθε) binder, Lat. *posticus*: ὀπ. σκέλα the bind-legs.

ὀπισθο-βαῖνον, *ov*, gen. *ov*, (ὀπισθε, βαῖνω) walking backwards. [α]

ὀπισθό-γράφος, *ov*, (ὀπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

ὀπισθό-δετος, ον, (ὀπισθε, δέω) bound behind or backwards.

ὀπισθό-δομος, ὁ, (ὀπισθε, δόμος) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

ὀπισθο-νόμος, ον, (ὀπισθε, νέμω) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.

ὀπισθο-νύγης, ἐς, (ὀπισθε, νυγῆναι) pricking from behind.

ὀπισθό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ὀπισθε, ποῦς) walking behind, following, attendant.

ὀπισθοφυλάκω, f. ἦσω, (ὀπισθοφυλάξ) to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. II. to command the rear-guard. Hence

ὀπισθοφυλάκεια, ἡ, the command of the rear.

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.

ὀπίσω, Adv., Ep. for ὀπίω.

ὀπίστατος, η, ον, (ὀπισθε) bindmost, Lat. postremus.

ὀπίω Ep. ὀπίσω, Adv. (ὀπισ) of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίω, contr. τοῦπίω, also εἰς τοῦπίω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, behind.

II. of Time, afterwards, hereafter. III. over again, again. [Υ]

ὀπλάς, Dor. for ὀπλῆς, gen. of ὀπλή.

ὀπλέω, (ὅπλον) poet. for ὀπλίω, to make ready.

ὀπλή, ἡ, (ὅπλον) a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse: but also the cloven hoof of horned cattle.

ὀπλήεις, εσσα, εν, (ὅπλον) armed.

"Ὀπλητες, οἱ, = ὀπλίται, name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.

ὀπλίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. ὤπλισα Ep. ὤπλισσα: —Med., Ep. aor. I ὤπλισσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ὤπλισθην, Ep. 3 pl. ὤπλισθεν: pf. ὤπλισμαι:—to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ὀπλίεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as ὀπλίται. II.

Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

ὀπλίσαις, ἡ, a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.

ὀπλισμα, ατος, τό, (ὀπλίω) equipment, armour. II. an army, armament.

ὀπλισμός, ὁ, (ὀπλίω) = ὀπλίσαις.

ὀπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of ὀπλίω, one must arm.

ὀπλιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὀπλίω) of a warrior.

ὀπλιτ-ἄγωμος, ὄν, (ὀπλίτης, ἄγω) commanding the heavy-armed.

ὀπλιτεύω, f. σω, to be an ὀπλίτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier. From

ὀπλίτης [Υ], ον, ὁ, (ὅπλον II. 2) heavy-armed, armed in full armour: ὀπλίτης στρατός an armed host. II.

as Subst., ὀπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δέρυ), and a large shield (ὅπλον),

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυνμήτες, γυνμήται. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τὸ ὀπλιτικόν, = οἱ ὀπλίται.

ὀπλομαι, Med. (ὅπλον) poet. for ὀπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself.

ὀπλομάνω, f. ἦσω, to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war. From

ὀπλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ὅπλον, μανῆναι) madly fond of arms.

ὀπλομάχια, ἡ, the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From

ὀπλο-μάχος, ον, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) fighting in heavy arms. II. one who drills soldiers.

"ὈΠΛΑΝ, τό, any tool or implement: I. a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords: ὅπλα χαλκήια a blacksmith's tools: ἀρούρης ὅπλον a sickle: ὅπλον γεροντικόν a staff. II. mostly in plur.

implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour: rarely in sing. a weapon: ἐν ὅπλοις μένειν to remain under arms. 2. in sing. mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλίται. 3. τὰ ὅπλα, = ὀπλίται, heavy-armed soldiers. 4. τὰ ὅπλα also, the camp, quarters.

ὀπλότερος, α, ον, and ὀπλότατος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. without any Posit. in use: poet. for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὅπλα):—those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:—then, generally, of age, ὀπλότερος γενεῇ younger by birth, Lat. minor natu:—also, ἀνδρες ὀπλότεροι men of later days.

ὀπλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier:—Pass. to have a body-guard. From

ὀπλο-φόρος, ον, (ὅπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὀπλοφόρος, ὁ, an armed man, a warrior. II. one of the body-guard.

ὀποδάσις, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδάσις) relat. Adj. what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. civitas.

ὀπόθεν Ep. ὀππόθεν Ion. ὁκόθεν, relat. Adv. whence, from what place.

ὀπόθι Ep. ὀππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.

ὅποι Ion. ὅκοι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where: ὅποι ποτέ whithersoever: μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far. 2. c. gen., ὅποι γῆς whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. II. of Manner, for ὅπως, how, how far.

ὀποίος, α, ον, Ep. ὀπποίος, η, ον, Ion. ὁκοῖος, η, ον: (ποίος) relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis. II. the correlat. of ὀποίος is τοῖος: τοῖος . . ὀποίος such as: ὀπποῦν κ' εἰρησθα ἔπος, τοῦν κ' ἔπακούσας such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again. III. ὀποίος τις refers to a special subject: ὀποίος τις ἦ what manner of man was he. IV. ὀποίος οὖν of what kind soever, Lat. qualisunque. V. Adv. ὀποίως: also in neut. pl. ὀποῖα, like as, Lat. qualiter.

'ΟΠΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., ὁπός ἡβης the juicy freshness of youth.

ὁπός, gen. of ὄψ.

ὁποσάκις, Adv. (ὁπόσος) as many times as . . ., as often as . . . [ἀ].

ὁπουαῖ, Adv. (ὁπόσος) at as many places as . . .

ὁπόσε Ep. ὁππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither.

ὁπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὁππόσος, ὁπόσος, ὁππόσος Ion. ὁκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as . . ., Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as . . ., Lat. quantus.

ὁπότ' ἂν Ep. ὁππότ' ἂν, for ὅπότε ἂν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὁπότε Ep. ὁππότε Ion. ὁκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὁπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὁππότερος, η, ον: (πότερος): —which of two, whither of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὁποτερο-σῶν and ὁπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, uterunque. 3. neut. ὁπότερον and ὁπότερα as Adv., for ὁποτέρως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὁπότερωτε, —whεν Ep. ὁπποτ—, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain.

ὁπότερος, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways.

ὁπότερως, relat. Adv. (ὁπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὅπου Ion. ὅκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2. also c. gen., ὅπου ὅθι where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum.

3. ἔσθ' ὅπου there are places, where. . . i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi . . ., for alicubi.

4. ὅπου ἂν or ὅπουθεν ἂν, wherever:—ὅπουοῦν, ὅπουδῇ, ὅπουδῇποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque.

II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when.

III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. *ὅτος.)

ὅπα, Adv. poet. for ὅπα, Dor. for ὅπη.

ὅπατα, Dor. for ὅματα.

ὅπη, Adv., Ep. for ὅπη.

ὅπῳθεν, ὅπῳθι, Ep. for ὅπουθεν, ὅπουθι.

ὅπῳοις, ὅπῳοσε, Ep. for ὅπουοις, ὅπουοσε.

ὅπῳκά, Dor. for ὅπῳτε.

ὅπῳσος, η, ον, Ep. for ὅπῳσος.

ὅπῳόταν, ὅπῳότ' ἂν, Ep. for ὅπουόταν, ὅπῳότ' ἂν.

ὅπῳότε, Ep. for ὅπῳότε.

ὅπῳότερος, ὅπῳότερωθεν, Ep. for ὅπῳοτ—.

ὅπῳως, Ep. for ὅπῳως.

ὅπῳάλλος, α, ον, (ὅπῳάω) roasted: also baked.

ὅπῳάνιον, τό, (ὅπῳάω) a kitchen.

ὅπῳασία, ἡ, (ὅπῳομαι) a sight, a vision.

ὅπῳατ' ἂν, impf. ὅπῳατ' ἂν: f. ὅπῳήσω:—Pass., aor. ἰ ὅπῳήθη: pf. ὅπῳήθημι: —to roast or broil meat; opp. to ἔψω, to boil.

2. to bake bread; also of pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, harden by

exposure to the sun.

scorch, burn.

ὅπῳεῦμενος, Dor. for ὅπῳάμενος, pres. pass. part. of ὅπῳάω.

ὅπῳεῦω, = ὀράω, to see.

ὅπῳήρ, ἡρος, ὅ, (ὅπῳομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὅπῳήριος, α, ον, (ὅπῳομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὅπῳήρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὅπῳίλος [τ], ὅ, (ὅπῳομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὅπῳίλος.

*ὅπῳομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὀράω are formed: see ὀράω.

ὅπῳός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὅπῳάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὀπῳά boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὅπῳτῶ Att. ὀπῳώ, f. ὀπῳώ [ω]: I. Act. of the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὀπῳόντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡ-θεοί).

II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὀπῳα, Ion. pf. med. of ὀράω: Dor. 3 sing. ὀπῳή.

ὀπῳή, ἡ, (ὀπῳα) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision.

II. sight, power of seeing.

ὀπῳήτήρ, ἡρος, ὅ, (ὀπῳα) a spy, looker out.

ὅπῳα Ion. ὀπῳή, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season.

II. from being the fruit-time, ὀπῳά also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὀπῳριεύντες, Ion. for ὀπῳοῦντες, part. Att. fut. of ὀπῳρίζω.

ὀπῳρίζω, f. ὀπῳώ Att. ὀπῳώ, (ὀπῳά) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὀπῳρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀπῳά) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστὴρ ὀπῳρινός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὀπῳά. [i is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὀπῳροφορέω, f. ἡσώ, to bear fruit.

From

ὀπῳροφόρος, ον, (ὀπῳά II, φέρω) bearing fruit.

ὅπῳως Ep. ὀπῳώς Ion. ὅκως:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2. sometimes put for ὅς, as, τοῖν με ἔθηκεν, ὅπως ἐθέλει, for ὅς ὅν ἐθέλει, he has made me such as he wills.

3. ὅπως ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot.

4. c. gen., σούσθε ὅπως ποδῶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for feet, i. e. as quick as you can.

5. ὀπῳωδῇ, ὀπῳοῦν, ὀπῳωδητοῦν, ὀπῳωσιτοῦν, howsoever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὀπῳωσιτοῦν, not in any way whatever, not in the least.

6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως it is not (i. e. cannot be) that . . .; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin . . ., it cannot but be that. . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρῶες ἐπρίγγσαν, ὅπως ἰδὼν αἰόλον ὅφιν the Trojans shuddered when they saw.

III. like ὡς and ὅτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὥπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerrime*; ὥπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὥπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that, Lat. quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteced. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὁρᾷ ὥπως γένηται he is looking that he may be; πείρα, ὥπως κεν ἴκηαι keep trying that thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὅρα, ὅρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὥπως τοῦτο γε μὴ ποιήσῃς, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὥπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see that ye be men!

II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὥπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) that it might be done.

III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλειν ὥπως Ἰθακῆς ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him with the view that he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δὲ σ' ὥπως δειξέις.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὥπως, ἀλλὰ or ἀλλὰ καί . . not only not so, but . . , οὐχ ὥπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τούτῳ πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὥπως I do not say that, etc.; so, οὐχ ὥπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all.

V. ὥπως μή, = the Conjunction μή: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὁράας, Ep. for ὁράς, 2 sing. of ὁράω.

ὁράμα, τό, (ὁράω) that which is seen, a view, sight.

ὁραμνος, ὁ, later form of ὁροδαμνος.

ὁράσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ὁράω) seeing, the sense of sight.

ὁράσιος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὁράω) to be seen, visible; τὰ ὁρατά visible objects.

'ΟΡΑΩ, imperf. Att. ἔωρων: Ion. ὁρέω imperf. ὤρεον: Ep. also ὁρόω: pf. ἑώρακα later ἑώρακα, pass. ἑώραμαι later ἑώραμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΡΠ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὀρομαι, with a rare aor. I ὤφραμαι: Pass. fut. ὀφρήσομαι: aor. I ὤφθην inf. ὀφθῆναι: pf. ὤφμαι, ὤφαι, ὤφται, inf. ὤφασθαι there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὤφασα, plupf. ὤφασπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 c. εἶδον inf. ἰδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἶδόμεν, inf. ἰδεσθαι: pf. with pres. sense οἶδα, οἶστα, ἰ know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see οἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν ὅρα (3 Ep. imperf.) he kept looking continually at them. 2. to have sight, like βλέπειν, opp. to μὴ ὁρᾶν to be blind; ὅσ' ἂν λέγομαι, πάνθ' ὀρᾶντα λέξομαι my words shall have eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότῳ ὀφθαίω may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be blind.

3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὅρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, ὁρᾶν ἁλῆαν to look prowess, look like a warrior. 5.

trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὁρᾶν φάος Ἡελίοιο (Hom.), and φᾶς ὁρᾶν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive.

II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὥφθημεν ὄντες ἄλλοιοι we were

seen to be wretched; τὰ ὀρώμενα things visible. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὀργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ὀργασα: pf. pass. ὀργασμαι: (ὀργάω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subigo.

ὀργαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὀργάνα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry.

ὀργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

ὀργάνον, τό, (ἔργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαῖνεα Ἀμφίπονος ὀργανα, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV.

the work, product itself.

ὀργάνος, ὡς, (ἔργον) working, fashioning.

ὀργάς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀργάω) a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow.

ὀργάω, (ὀργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὀργᾷ ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting.

II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὀργάνω, ὡς, Ep. ὀργείων, ὡς, ὁ, (ὀργία) a priest. ὀργή, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., ὀργαὶ ἀστυνόμοι social dispositions.

II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὀργῇ χρᾶσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὀργῇν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: ὀργῇ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὀργῆς, κατ' ὀργῇν, μετ' ὀργῆς, πρὸς ὀργῇν. 2. Πανὸς ὀργαὶ panic passions, terrors.

ὀργία, ἰων, τά, (ἔργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacrifice.

2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὀργιάζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὀργίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὀργισα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ὀργιούμαι, but also pass. ὀργισθήσομαι: aor. I ὀργίσθην: pf. ὀργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wrath.

ὀργίλος [Ὶ], ἡ, ὄν, (ὀργή) prone to anger, passionate. ὀργιο-φάντης, ον, ὁ, (ὀργία, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

ὀργυιᾶ or ὀργυιᾶ, ἡ, (formed from ὀρέγω, as ἀγυιᾶ from ἀγω) the length of the outstretched arms. 2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 ὀργυιᾶ make one stadium.

Hence

ὀργυιαῖος, α, ὄν, a fathom long or large.

ὀρεγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρέγω) a stretching out: a holding out, offering.

ὀρεγνυμι, = ὀρέγω, whence ὀρεγνύς (part. pres.)

'ΟΡΕΓΩ, fut. ὀρέξω: aor. I ὤρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in' entreaty: 2. *to reach out, hand, offer, give.*

II. Med. ὀρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ὤρεξάμην, and pass. ὤρεχθην: pf. pass. ὤρεψεμαι:—*to stretch oneself out, reach out; χερσὶ ὀρέεσθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέεσθαι ἔγχεῖ to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσὶν ὤρεψαται (pf.) πολέμειν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ὀρέεσθ' ἰὼν be stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride.* 2. c. gen. *to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire.* 3. c. acc. *to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.*

ὄρει-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρος, ἄρχω) lord of the mountains. ὄρειᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) pecul. fem. of ὄρειος, of or belonging to mountains. II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

ὄρει-βάτης, *to roam the mountains.* From ὄρει-βάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρος, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. ὄρειδρομία, ἡ, a running wild over the hills. From ὄρει-δρόμος, ὄν, (ὄρος, δρομεῖν) running on the hills. ὄρει-νόμος, ὄν, (ὄρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

ὄρεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy. II. ὄν or of a mountain: as Subst., ὄρεινός, ὁ, a mountaineer.

ὄρει-νόμος, ὄν, = ὄρεινός. ὄρειος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, Ion. οὔρειος, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains. ὄρει-χαρής, ἔς, (ὄρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the hills.

ὄρει-πλαγκτός, see ὄριπλαγκτός. ὄρει-τύπος, ὄν, (ὄρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone. ὄρει-φοίτης, ὄν, (ὄρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging. ὄρει-χαλκος, ὁ, (ὄρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass. ὄρειωτής, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρος) a mountaineer. ὄρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

ὀρέζαμενος, ὀρέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ὀρέγω.

ὀρέξis, εως, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

ὀρέο-κομος, ὄν, incorrect form of ὀρεωκόμος. ὀρέοντον, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι. ὀρεοπόλεω, *to haunt the mountains.* From ὀρεο-πόλεος, ὄν, (ὄρος, πολέω) mountain-haunting. ὀρεσί-τροφος, ὄν, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

ὀρέ-σκίος, ὄν, (ὄρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains. ὀρέσ-κοος Ep. ὀρεσ-κῶος, ὄν, (ὄρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild. ὀρέσσω-αυλος, ὄν, (ὄρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεσι, Ep. for ὄρεσι, dat. pl. of ὄρος. ὄρεσι-βάτης, ὄν, ὁ, = ὄρειβάτης. [ᾶ]

ὄρεσι-γενής, ἔς, and ὄρεσι-γονός, ὄν, (ὄρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

ὄρεσι-νόμος, ὄν, (ὄρος, νέμω) Ep. for ὄρεινός, feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.

Ὀρεστία, ἡ, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

ὄρεστέρος, α, ὄν, (ὄρος) poet. for ὄρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) = Ὀρεάς; Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

ὄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. ὄρος.

ὄρευσ Ion. οὔρευσ, εως, ὁ, (ὄρος a mountain) a mule. ὄρευς, Dor. for ὄρεος, gen. of ὄρος.

ὄρεχθέω, f. ἴσω, = ὀρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βόες ὄρεχθεον σφαζόμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: θάλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χέρσον ὄρεχθῆν (Dor. inf. for ὄρεχθεῖν) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

ὄρέω pl. ὀρέομεν, Ion. for ὄράω, ὀράομεν.

ὄρηαι or ὄρηαι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὄράω.

ὄρηαι, Aeol. for ὄράω, inf. ὄρηῖν, part. ὀρεῖς.

ὄρητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὄρατός.

ὄρθαι, inf. of ὄρμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὄρνημι.

ὄρθωω, f. σω, (ὄρθω) = ὀρθώω, to set upright: set straight.

Ὀρθία, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ὄρθια, neut. pl. of ὄρθιος: used also as Adv. aloud.

ὄρθιάδε, Adv. (ὄρθιος) straight up, upwards.

ὄρθιάζω, f. ὄσω (ὄρθιος) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud. II. to set upright.

ὄρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὄρθιάζω) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ὄρθιος, α, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (ὄρθος) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ὄρθιον πορεύεσθαι or πρὸς ὄρθιον ἵεναι to march up hill; τὰ ὄρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right. II. of the voice, high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος ὄρθιος, a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., ὄρθια ἤυσε she cried aloud.

III. ὄρθιοι λόχοι, Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγξ the men stood in line; ὄρθιους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν to bring the companies up in column. IV. generally, like ὄρθος, straight, opp. to crooked.

ὄρθο-βάτέω, (ὄρθός, βαίνω) to go straight on or upright.

ὄρθό-βουλος, ὄν, (ὄρθός, βουλή) right-counselling. ὄρθο-δᾶής, ἔς, (ὄρθός, δαῖναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

ὄρθο-δίκαιος, ὄν, (ὄρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

ὄρθο-δίκας, Dor. for ὄρθοδίκης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρθός, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [r]

ὄρθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, δραμεῖν) *running straight forward*.

ὀρθό-ἔπεια, *ή*, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language*.

ὀρθό-θρυξ, τρύχος, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, θρύξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end*.

ὀρθό-κραιπος, *α*, *ov*, (ὀρθός, κραίρα) *with straight or upright horns*, epith. of horned cattle: *with upright beaks*, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κράπων.

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high bead or crown: with a lofty mound*.

ὀρθομαντεία, *ή*, *true prophecy*. From

ὀρθό-μαντις, *ews* Ion *ios*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet*.

ὀρθό-πάλη, *ή*, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright*. [α]

ὀρθό-πλος, *ov*, contr. -πλους, *ov*, (ὀρθός, πλέω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful*.

ὀρθοποδεύω, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly*.

ὀρθό-πολις, *ews*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities*.

ὀρθό-πους, *ὁ*, *ή*, -πουν, *τό*, gen. -πόδος, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright*. II. *uphill, steep*.

ὈΡΘΟΣ, *ή*, *ὁν*, *straight*, Lat. *rectus*: in height, *upright, standing erect*.

III. in line, *straight, straight forward, in a straight line*; ὀρθός ἀντ' ἡελίου τετραμμένος turned straight to front the sun; ὀρθὸν πόδα τίθεναι to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφής when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ὀρθά to see straight or well.

III. metaph. *right, safe, prosperous*. 2. *right, true, exact*; ὀρθ' ἀκούειν to be rightly called: ὀρθῶ λόγῳ in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν to speak true. 3. *true, genuine, real*.

4. *upright, rightness, just*, Lat. *rectus*; κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν to judge righteously. 5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation*, Lat. *erectus animo*.

IV. *ή* ὀρθή (sub. πτώσις) *the nominative*, Lat. *casus rectus*, as opp. to the oblique cases.

ὀρθο-στάδην, Adv. (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture*.

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright*.

II. *an upright shaft, pillar*: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται *upright ladders*. III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations*. [α]

ὀρθότατα, Adv. Sup. of ὀρθός.

ὀρθότης, *ητος*, *ή*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture*. II. metaph. *rightness, fitness: the right sense*.

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: bandle aright*.

ὀρθόω, *f*. ὥσω: aor. I ὤρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὤρθω-θην:—(ὀρθός):—to set straight: I. in height, to set upright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, repair: hence, ὀρθωθείς raised up, set on one's legs again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright. 2. in a line,

to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. II. metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc. 2. to exalt, honour, extol. 3. ὀρθώσω ὑμῶν to raise the lofty song. 4. to guide aright. III. Pass. of actions, to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθοῦμεν success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper. 2. to be right, be true. 3. to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.

ὀρθοεῦσα, Dor. for -εῖονσα, part. fem. of ὀρθεύω, *f*. σω, (ὀρθος) to rise or wake early.

ὀρθοῖδιος, *α*, *ov*, poet. for ὀρθιος. [τ]

ὀρθορίζω, *f*. σω, (ὀρθος) to rise, wake early.

ὀρθρινός [τ], *ή*, *ὁν*, (ὀρθρος) later form for ὀρθριος.

ὀρθριός, *α*, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, (ὀρθρος) at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup. ὀρθραιότερος, -αίτατος:—Neut. τὸ ὀρθριον or ὀρθριον, as Adv. in the morning, early.

ὀρθρο-βόας, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) the early caller, Chanticleer, i. e. the cock.

ὀρθρο-γόη, *ή*, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) early-wailing, of the swallow.

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ov*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) early-twitting.

*ΟΡΘΟΣ, *ὁ*, the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn; τὸν ὀρθρον, absol., in the morning; so, ὀρθρον γενομένου at dawn; and ἅμα ὀρθρῳ, ἐς ὀρθρον, κατ' ὀρθρον, περὶ ὀρθρον; but πρὸς ὀρθρον towards dawn: ὀρθρος βαθύς early morn.

ὀρθρο-φουτο-συκοφαντο-δικο-ταλαίπωρος, *ov*, (ὀρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαίπωρος) ὀρθ. τρόποι early-growing base-informing sad-litigious plaguys ways.

ὀρθωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθώω.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) rightly-named.

ὀρθῶς, Adv. of ὀρθός, rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really.

*Ορθωσία, *ή*, = Ορθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, *ηρος*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθώω) one who sets upright, a restorer.

ὀρθ-βάτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, dub. for ὀρειβατής.

*ΟΡΙΤΑΝΟΝ, *τό*, and ὀρίανος, *ή*, an acrid herb, marjoram: ὀρίανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed. [τ]

ὀριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ὀριγνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out. 2. c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at.

ὀρίζω: fut. ὀρίσω Att. ὀρίω: aor. I ὤρισα Ion. ὤ-ρισσα: pf. ὤρικα:—Med., fut. ὀριοῦμαι: aor. I ὤρισά-μην:—Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤρισθην: pf. ὤρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (ὀρος):—to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποταμὸς οὐρίζει τὴν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris:—Pass., of a country, to be bounded. 2. ὀρίζω τινα ἀπὸ γῆς to part, banish one from the land.

II. to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out: to limit, define:—Med. to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate. III. generally, to deter-

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. *to define a word.* 3. *to assign, ὀρῖναι ψήφον to give a vote.* IV. intr. *to border upon.*

ὀρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρεύς) of or for a mule.

ὀρνεύειν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρίνω: aor. I ὀρίνα Ep. ὀρίνα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὀρίνετο: aor. I ὀρίνην Ep. ὀρίνην: (ὀρνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. *agitare*: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ον, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὐ, ὅ, (ὀρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὄρι-τροφός, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὄρκανη, ἡ, = ἔρκανη, ἔρκος, from ἔργω, εἴργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [ᾶ]

ὄρκ-ᾠπάτης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρκος, ᾠπάτω) an oath-breaker. [ᾶ]

ὀρκίζω, f. ἰσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὄρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὄρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὄρκια πιστὰ ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. *foedus ferire, icisse foedus*: of two parties, in Med., ὄρκια τάνυσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὄρκια δηλῆσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὄρκια δηλῆσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὄρκια συγχεύειν, ὄρκια φεύσασθαι, opp. to ὄρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.

ὄρκιος, ον, more rarely α, ον, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὄρκιοι θεοὶ the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ὄρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

ὈΡΚΟΣ, ον, ὅ, an oath; ὄρκον ὀμόσαι to swear an oath; ὄρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὄρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II.

Ὀρκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as ὀρκούρος to ἔρκουρος.)

ὄρκ-οὔρος, ὅ, = ἔρκουρος.

ὀρκῶ, f. ὠσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὄρκωμα, τό, (ὀρκῶ) an oath.

ὄρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὀρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath.

ὄρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. II. in pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὄρκωμοτέω, f. ἰσω, to take an oath, swear; ὄρκωμοτέω θεοῖς to swear by the gods. From

ὄρκωμότης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρκος, ὀρνυμι) = ὀρκωτής.

ὀρκωτής, οὐ, ὅ, (ὀρκῶ) one who administers an oath.

ὀρμαθεῖν, an aor. 2 form of ὀρμάω, to rush, whence subj. ὀρμαθῶ: but ὀρμαθῆῖ Dor. for ὀρμηθῆῖ, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμαθός, οὐ, ὅ, (ὄρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

ὀρμαινώ: impf. ὀρμαινον: aor. I ὀρμηνα: (ὀρμάω):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II.

later, 1. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

ὀρμάω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὀρμησα: pf. ὀρμηκα: (ὀρμή): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on:

c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen.

III. Pass. with fut. med. ὀρμησσομαι; aor. I med. ὀρμησασθαι and pass. ὀρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. ὀρμηκα:—in same sense as intr. act.: I. to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ὀρμώμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means. 3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go;

ὁ λόγος ὀρμηται the report flies abroad.

ὀρμέατο, Ion. for ὀρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμεῖα, ἡ, = ὀρμά.

ὀρμεῖος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρμέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄρμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δουῖν ἄγκυραῖν ὀρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow': metaph. to anchor one's hopes upon, depend upon.

ὀρμεῖομαι, Ion. part. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμή, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. *impetus*; mostly of things, as, ἔγχυος ὀρμή the force of a spear; πύρος ὀρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὀρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μά ὀρμῇ with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

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ὀρμη, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. *impetus*; mostly of things, as, ἔγχυος ὀρμή the force of a spear; πύρος ὀρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὀρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μά ὀρμῇ with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

2or. I med. ὠρμισάμην and pass. ὠρμισθην: pf. pass. ὠρμισμαι:—to come to anchor, anchor; ὀρμίζουσι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; ὀρμίζεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be dependent on a thing. ὀρμη-βόλος, ον, (ὀρμά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

ὀρμο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὀρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

ὄρμος, ὁ, (εἶρα) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὄρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring.

II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμὴν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

ὀρνᾶπτερον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνεον.

ὄρνεον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. ἄρνεα, the bird-market.

ὀρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (ὄρνεον, φοιτάω) haunted by birds.

ὀρνιθ-αρχος, ὁ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [ε]

ὀρνιθεὺς, α, ον, also os, ον, (ὄρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὀρνιθεία birds' flesh.

ὀρνιθευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From

ὀρνιθεύω, f. σω, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

ὀρνιθίας, ον, (ὄρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of

passage; χειμῶν ὀρνιθία a storm of birds.

ὀρνιθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds.

ὀρνιθιον, τό, Dim. of ὄρνις, a little bird: a nestling,

chicken. [νι]

ὀρνιθο-γόνος, ον, (ὄρνις, *γένω) sprung from a bird.

ὀρνιθο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (ὄρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher,

fowler.

ὀρνιθο-λόχος Dor. ὀρνίχ-, ὁ, (ὄρνις, λοχάω) a bird-

catcher, fowler.

ὀρνιθομάνευ, f. ἦσω, to be mad for birds. From

ὀρνιθο-μάνης, ἐς, (ὄρνις, μανῆναι) mad after birds.

ὀρνιθο-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

ὀρνιθος, gen. of ὄρνις: Ep. dat. pl. ὀρνιθεσσι.

ὀρνιθο-σκόπος, ον, (ὄρνις, σκοπέω) observing the

flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος

ὀρνιθοσκόπος an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

ὀρνιθο-τροφία, ἡ, (ὄρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

ὄρνις, ον, also os, ον, poet. for ὀρνιθείος.

*ΟΡΝΙΣ, ὁ, but also ἡ: gen. ὀρνιθος, etc.: acc. sing.

ὄρνιθα and ἔρην: pl. ὀρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ἔρνεες,

gen. ἔρνεων, acc. ἔρνεες: Dor. forms, gen. ὀρνίχος,

pl. ὀρνίχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὀρνίξ:—a bird:

often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδὼν,

ὄρνις περὶδι, the nightingale, the partridge. II.

also like οἰανός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of

evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the

omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of

birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III.

in Att., ὄρνις, ὁ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἡ, a hen. IV. in

pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνεον. V.

poët. Μουσῶν ἔρνιδες, the birds of the Muses, i.e.

poets. VI. proverb., ὀρνίθαν γάλα 'pigeon's milk,'

i.e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ὄρνιχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. ὀρνίχεςσι.

ὀρνύθι, ὕτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνευμι.

ὀρνύμεν, ὀρνύμεναι, Ep. for ὀρνύναι, pres. inf. of ὄρνευμι.

ὀρνύμενος, ἡ, ον, pres. med. part. of ὄρνευμι.

ὀρνύμι or ὀρνύω [ῥ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝ:

imperat. ὀρνύθι, ὕτω, etc.: impf. ὀρνύμεναι: fut. ἔρσω:

aor. I ᾠρσα, part. ἔρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὄρσασαι: 3

sing. redupl. aor. 2 ἔρρωε:—Med. ὀρνύμαι, imperat.

ὄρνωσθαι, ὕσθαι, ὕσθε, part. ὀρνύμενος: impf. ὀρνύμην,

3 sing. and pl. ᾠρνύτο, ᾠρνυντο: fut. ἔρσομαι, also

ὄροῦμαι, 3 sing. ὀρέται: aor. 2 ᾠρόμην, 3 sing. ᾠρετο

contr. ᾠρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὄροντο also ὀρέοντο;

3 sing. subj. ὀρήται: imperat. ὄρσο or ὄρσοο Ion. contr.

ὄρρευ: inf. ὄρσαι, contr. for ὀρέσθαι: part. ἔρμενος, ἡ,

ον, for ὀρόμενος:—pf. ὄρραα, in intr. sense 3 sing.

subj. ὄρῃ: 3 sing. plpf. ὄρῃται, also ᾠρῃται. I.

Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—

Med., with pf. ὄρραα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε

μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὄρῃ while my limbs have power

to move. 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of

animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to

start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring

up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. 3.

Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass.

and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, in-

flamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause,

excite, Lat. cîere:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat.

oriri.

ὀρνύτο, ὀρνυντο, Ep. for ᾠρνυτο, ᾠρνυντο, 3 sing.

and pl. impf. of ὄρνευμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὁ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὀρόγυναι, ἡ, poet. for ὀργύναι.

ὀροδαμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of ὀρόδαμνος, a sprig.

ὀρόδαμνος, ὁ, a bough, branch.

ὀρο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὄρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries,

boundaries.

ὀρόθυνω: Ep. impf. ὀρόθυνον: also aor. I imperat.

ὀρόθυνον:—like ἔρνευμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὀροί-τυπος, ον, = ὀρείτυπος.

ὀρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch

and ward, be on guard.

ὀρο-μᾶλιδες, αἱ, (ὄρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὀρομηλίδες,

a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΨ or ὀρρός, ὁ, wavy, the watery or serous part

of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, εος, τό, a mountain, bill: a range

or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, ὁ, a boundary, limit, frontier,

border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are

marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions,

tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evi-

dence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit,

measure. III. the definition of a word.

*ΟΡΟΣΑΓΓΑΙ, οἱ, Persian word for the Benefactors of

the King, = εὐεργέται.

ὄρουα, fut. σω: aor. I ὄρουσα: (ἔρνευμι):—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

ὄροφῇ, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) *the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.*

ὄροφῇ-φάγος, ον, (ὄροφῇ, φαγεῖν) *roof-devouring.*

ὄροφῇ-φορός, ον, (ὄροφῇ, φέρω) *bearing a roof.*

ὄροφίας, ου, ὁ, *living under a roof; μὲν ὄροφίας the domestic mouse, opp. to μὲν ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); ὄροφίας ὄφης a tame snake.*

ὄροφος, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) *the reeds used for thatching houses.* II. *a roof: in pl. a house, temple.*

ὄρώω, Ep. for ὀρώω: part. ὀρώων for ὀρώω.

ὀρώωντι, Dor. for ὀρώωσι, 3 pl. of ὀρώω.

ὈΡΠΗΞ Att. **ὄρπηξ, ἡκος, Dor. ὄρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ:** —*a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance.* II. *metaph. a scion, descendant.*

ὀρράνός, ὁ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

ὀρρο-πύγιον, τό, (ὀρρος, πύγῃ) *the tail or tail-feathers of birds.* 2. *the tail-fin of fish.* 3. *the tail or rump of any animal.* [ῥ]

ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, *the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.*

ὈΡΡΟΨ, ὁ, = ὀρός, *why, serum.*

ὀρρῶδέω Ion. **ἀρρῶδ-**: f. ἦσω:—*to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing.* Hence

ὀρρῶδαι, ἡ, *a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.*

ὄρσας, aor. I part. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρσασκε, Ion. for ὄρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρσο, ὄρσειν, Ep. for ὄρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρσέ-κτύπος, ον, (ὀρνυμι, κτύπος) *noise-arousing; Zeus ὄρσέκτυπος the rouser of thunder.*

ὄρσι-νεφής, ἐς, (ὀρνυμι, νέφος) *cloud-raising.*

ὄρσι-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, πούς) *raising the foot, light-footed.*

ὄρσο, Ep. for ὄρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρνυμι, *bestir thee! up! arouse thee!*

ὄρσο-θύρη, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, θύρα) *a raised door approached by steps.* [ῥ]

ὄρσολοπέω and **-έω,** *to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμὸς ὄρσολοπείται my heart is troubled.* From

ὄρσόλοπος, ον, *provoking strife, turbulent.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὄρσός, Lacon. for ὀρθός.

ὄρσο-τρίαινης Dor. -τρίαίνας, α, ὁ; *a poet. nom.*

-τρίαίνα: (ὀρνυμι, τρίαίνα) *—wielder of the trident.*

ὄρσω, fut. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρτάζω, Ion. for ἑορτάζω.

ὀρτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀρνύμι) *the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken.* Hence

ὀρτάλιχεύς and ὀρτάλιχος, ὁ, *a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.*

ὀρτή, ἡ, Ion. for ἑορτή.

Ὀρτύγια, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ) *properly Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos; also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Nāsos or the Island.*

ὀρτύγο-κόπος, ον, (ὀρτυξ, κόπτω) *playing at knocking down quails.*

ὀρτύγο-μήτρα, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ, μήτηρ) *a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὀρτυγία.*

ὈΡΥΤΤΕ, ὕγος, ὁ, *the quail, Lat. coturnix, -icis.*

ὀρύγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρυγμα, τό, (ὀρύσσω) *a place dug out, a pit, ditch, hole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown.* II. = ὀρυξίς.

ὀρυγμαδός, ὁ, *late form for ὀρυμαγδός.*

ὀρυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, (ὀρύσσω) *dug, formed by digging.* II. *dug out, quarried, mined.*

ὀρύμαγδός, ὁ, *a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.*

ὀρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, (ὀρύσσω) *a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed horns.*

ὀρύξαι, aor. I inf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὀρύσσω) *a digging.*

ὄρυς, vos, ὁ, *an unknown wild animal in Lybia.*

ὈΡΥΞΣΩ Att. -τω: fut. ὀρύξω: aor. I ἄρυξα

Ep. ὀρυξα: pf. ὀράρυχα: plqpf. ἄραρυχειν:—Pass.,

aor. I ἄρυχθην: pf. ὀράρυμαι: plqpf. ἄραρυγμην:

—*to dig, Lat. fodio.* 2. *to dig up: Med., λίθους ὀρύσασθαι to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ*

ὀρυσσόμενος χούς the soil that was dug up. 3. *to dig through, make a passage through, burrow.* 4.

to bury.

ὀρφάνευμα, τό, *orphan state.* From

ὀρφάνεω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) *to take care of orphans,*

tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. —εύσομαι, to

be an orphan, be in an orphan state.

ὀρφάνια, ἡ, (ὀρφανός) *orphanhood: generally, be-*

reavement, destitution.

ὀρφάνιζω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan: to be-*

reave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.

ὀρφάνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρφανός) *orphan, fatherless; ἡμερ*

ὀρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.

ὀρφανός, ον, = ὀρφανικός.

ὀρφάνστης, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρφανίζω) *one who takes care of*

orphans, a guardian.

ὈΡΦΑΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, Att. **ὄς, ὄν, Lat. ORBUS,** *left*

orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2.

c. gen. reft or bereft of a thing; ὀρφανὸν γεγεῆς reft

of offspring, childless.

ὀρφανό-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀρφανός, φύλαξ) *the guar-*

dian of an orphan. [ῥ]

ὀρφάνω, f. ὥσω, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan:—Pass.*

to be bereft of a thing.

Ὀρφεύς, α, ον, *of Orpheus.* From

Ὀρφεύς, εως, ὁ, *Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard.*

ὀρφναιός, α, ον, (ὀρφνη) *dark, dusky, murky.* II.

nightly, by night.

ὈΡΦΝΗ Dor. ὀρφνῶ, ἡ, *darkness, night: gloom.*

Hence

ὀρφνίος, η, ον, *dark, dusky; ὀρφνινον χρώμα a*

colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύ-

ρεος and φονίκευος.

ὁρβύντης, ου, δ, (ὁρβυν) dusky. [ἔ]

ὈΡΦΟΣ Att. ὀρφῶς, ὁ, a kind of sea-perch.

ὄρχαμος, ὁ, (ὄρχος) the first of a row, a file-leader, fagle-man: the Corymbæus or leader of the chorus.

ὄρχατος, ὁ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchard, an orchard, garden. (From ὄρχος, like μέσας from μέσος.)

ὀρχέομαι, f. ὄχομαι: aor. ἰ ὄρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὄρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχεῖσθαι Κύκλωτα, Lat. Cyclopa moveri, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.

ὀρχηδόν, Adv. (ὄρχος) one after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. virutim.

ὀρχηθμός Ion. ὀρχησμός, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancing, the dance.

ὄρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.

ὄρχησις, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing.

ὄρχησμός, ὁ, Att. for ὀρχηθμός.

ὄρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὄρχηστὴς, οὐ, δ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancer. Hence

ὄρχηστικός, ὅς, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.

ὄρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) a dancing-master.

ὄρχηστο-μᾶνέω, f. ἴσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανῆναι) to be dancing-mad.

ὄρχηστρα, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced.

II. generally, a place for dancing.

ὄρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὄρχηστής, a dancing girl.

ὄρχηστὴς, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for ὄρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) the dance, dancing; contr. dat. ὄρχηστῇ.

ὈΡΧΥΓΛΩΣ, ὁ, a bird, prob. the wren. [ἔ]

ὀρχίπεδάω, f. ἴσω, (ὀρχίπεδον) to seize the testicles.

ὀρχί-πέδη, ἡ, (ὀρχις, πέδη) impotence.

ὀρχί-πεδον, τό, in pl. ὀρχίπεδα, τά, (ὀρχις, πέδον) the testicles, Lat. testiculi.

ὈΡΧΙΣ, ἰος and εως, ὁ, pl. ὀρχεις or ὀρχῖς Ion. ὀρχιες, a testicle, the testicles.

Ὀρχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was Ὀρχόμενος Μινύειος in Boeotia.

ὈΡΧΟΣ, ὁ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.

ὄρωρα, pf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὀρνυμι, equiv. to ὀρωρε; subj. ὀρώρηται.

ὀρωρέσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὀρωρέχασθαι, Ion. 3 pl. plpf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὀρώρυσθαι, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρώρυχα, pf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὈΣ, ὅς, ὄ; gen. οὗ, ἡς, οὐ, dat. ᾧ, ᾗ, ᾧ; acc. ὅν, ἣν, ὅ: pl., in nom. οἱ, αἱ, ἃ; gen. ὧν; dat. οἷς, αἰς, οἷς; acc. οὓς, ἄς, ἄ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὅου, fem. ἑης; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ᾗς and ᾗσι.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἥς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἣν Ζεὺς δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὁ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὁ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but what is greatest of all, what is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for ἵνα, as in Lat. qui for ut, to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγελον ἦκαν, ὃς ἀγγεῖλαι γυναῖκί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὗ (sub. χρόνου) from the time when, since: also οὗ alone, when; ἔστιν οὗ, sometimes, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. where; ἔστιν οὗ in some places. II. dat. sing.

fem. ᾗ, of Place, Lat. qua, at which place, where:—later, of motion to a place, whither:—in full τῇ, ᾗ. . . there, where . . . thither, whither . . . 2. of the Way or Manner, like ὅπως, as Lat. quomodo; ᾗ θέμῃ ἔστιν as is right: so far as, Lat. qua, quatenus. 3. with Sup. Adv., ᾗ μάλιστα, ᾗ ἄριστον, etc., like ᾧς μάλιστα, etc., Lat. quam maxime, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὅ, for δι' ὅ, that, because, Lat. quod. 2. wherefore, Lat. quapropter.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. qui quidem or quippe qui, gives the Relat. a limiting force, who at least, since it was he who . . . II. ὅς κε or κέν Att. ὃς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. quicumque, whosoever, who if any . . .

B. ὅς is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος or ὅδε, this, that; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or οἱ, sometimes in fem. ἡ and neut. ὅ: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ἡ δ' ὅς said be. II. in opposition, οἱ . . . οἱ . . . these . . . those . . . the one party, the other: Att. δὲ μὲν . . . , ὃς δέ . . . the one . . . , the other: ἃ μὲν . . . , ἃ δέ . . . partly . . . , partly . . . III. ὃς καὶ ὅς such and such a person, so and so.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, mostly of the third person, for ἐός, his, her: Ep. gen. οἶο. II. of the second person, for σός, thy, thine. III. of the first person, for ἐμός, my, mine.

ὄσακι Ep. ὄσασκι, Adv. (ὄσος) as many times as, as often as, Lat. quoties.

ὄσάτιος, α, or, Ion. ὄσάσιος, poet. for ὄσος. [ἄ]

ὄσαχού, Adv. (ὄσος) in as many places as.

ὄσδος, Aeol. for ὄζος.

ὄσσω, Dor. for ὄζω.

ὄσ-ἡμέραι, Adv., for ὅσαι ἡμέραι, as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. quotidie for quot dies.

ὄσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, properly fem. of ὄσιος, divine law, the law of nature, answering to Lat. fas: hence οὐχ ὀσίη Att. οὐχ ὄσια, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλὴν ὄσιαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing.

II. the service of God, rites, offering; ὀσίως ἐπιβῆναι to perform the due rites.

III. proverb., ὄσια ἔνεκα

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοσράκινος, η, ον, (δοσρακον) like earthenware : earthen, made of clay, Lat. *testaceus*.

δοσρακισμός, ό, (δοσρακίω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοσρακό-δερμος, ον, (δοσρακον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοσρακόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δοσράκινος.

δοσρακον, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. *testa* : the earthen tablet used in voting. 2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware.

II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοσρακό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (δοσρακον, χρόα) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

δοσρειο-γραφής, ές, (δοσρειον, γράφω) purple-painted.

δοσρειο-ειον, τό, (δοστέον) an oyster, Lat. *ostrea*.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. *ostrum*.

δοσ-ώδης, ες, (δοστέον, είδος) like bone, bony.

δοσφραίνωμαι, fut. δοσφρήσομαι ; aor. 2 ώσφρήμην, part. δοσφρόμενος : Dep. : (δξω) :—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen. : c. acc. cognato, δοσφραίνεσθαι δέμην. Hence

δοσφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοσφρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of δοσφραίνωμαι.

δοσφρησις, εως, ή, (δοσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοσφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δοσφραίνωμαι.

δοσφρονο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δοσφραίνωμαι.

δοσφρῶς, υος, acc. δοσφών and δοσφύα, ή, the hip, Lat. *coxa*.

δοσφρῶς, ον, ό, = μόσχος I, a sucker, shoot : a vine-branch.

δοτα, Aeol. for ότε, like πότα for πότε.

δῶν, for δῶ' άν, equivalent to Ep. ότε κεν, (ότε, άν) :—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. *quandoocunque*, foll. by subj.

ότε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. *quando* :—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ένθα, or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. *quandoquidem*.

3. ότε μή is used for εί μή, unless, except, save when ; ούτέ τω σπένδεσκε θεών, ότε μη Διι πατρί nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρίν γ' ότε ere the time when, before that. 2. είς ότε κεν against the time when.

IV. έσθ' ότε or έστιν ότε, like Lat. *est ubi*, there are times when, sometimes.

V. ές is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, ότε μέν . . , ότε δέ . . , now . . , now . . ; sometimes . . , sometimes . . ; at one time . . , at another time . . ; but

in II. often answered by άλλοτε, as, ότε μέν κακός, άλλοτε δ' έσθλός.

ότε, neut. of όστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of όστε.

δότεισιν, Ep. for οίστιν, dat. pl. of όστις.

ότεν, Ion. for ούντος, gen. of όστις.

όττω, Ep. for όττινι, dat. of όστις.

ότων, Ep. for όντινων, gen. pl. of όστις.

ότι Ep. όττι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of όστις, as Lat. *quod*, *that*, of *qui*. II. Att.

ότι is used like our *that* in quoting another's words : and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English.

III. ότι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οιδ' ότι (sub. ούτως έχει) I know *that* it is so ; so οισθ' ότι, ισθ' ότι : so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον ότι ούτως έχει.

IV. ότι μη, unless, except, *that*, Lat. *nisi*, *nisi quod*, like εί μή.

V. μη ότι . . , αλλά . . , like μη όπως and μη ύνα, not *that* so and *so* is the case . . . but . . ; not only so, but . . , Lat. *non modo non . . , sed ne quidem . .*

VI. μη ότι alone, without an answering αλλά, Lat. *ne dicam*, not to mention *that* . . , not to say *that* . .

B. ότι, as a Causal Particle, for *that*, because, Lat. *quod*.

2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. ότι τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerime*. 2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ότι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible ; ότι πλείστοι, Lat. *quam plurimi*, as many as possible.

3. with a Subst. only in phrase ότι τάχος for ότι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ό τι, neut. of όστις, anything which ; often written ό, τι, to distinguish it from ότι, *that*.

όττι, Conjunction, (ότι) because.

ότινα, Ep. for όντινα and άτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of όστις.

ότινας, Ep. for ούστινας, άστινας, acc. pl. of όστις.

ό-τις, Ep. for όστις.

ότλεύω, f. -εύσω, or ότλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure.

From

δ-τλος, ό, suffering, distress. (δτλος is formed from τλήμι, with ο euphon.)

δοτοβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From δότοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle : the rattling of chariots : also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

δοτοτοί, an exclamation of pain and grief, *ab ! woe !* also lengthd. δοτοτοτοί, δοτοτοτοτοί.

δοτοτύζω, (from δοτοτοί, as αιάω from αιάι) to cry δοτοτοί, to wail, lament :—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

δοτοτύζιοι, οί, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

δοτου, ότω, gen. and dat. sing., ότων, ότοις, gen. and dat. pl. of όστις.

δοτραλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. δοτραλέος = δτηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

δοτηρός, ά, ύν, (δοτηρών) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

δοτηρος, nom. pl. of όβρις.

ὀτρύναι, aor. i inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνειν, Ep. aor. i opt. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυντός, vos, ἡ, Ion. for ὀτρυνται, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

ΟΪΤΡΥΝΩ [v] : impf. ὀτρύνων Ion. ὀτρύνεσκον : fut. ὀτρυνέω Ep. and Ion. ὀτρυνάω : aor. i ὀτρύνω.—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage : to rouse from sleep, wake up.—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

ὄττα, ἡ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὅτι, that.

ὄ τι, Ep. for ὅ τι, neut. of ὄστις.

ὀττοβέω, ὀττοβος, wrong forms for ὀτοβέω, ὀτοβος.

ὀττομαι, Att. for ὀσσομαι.

ὄτω, Att. for ὄτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

ΟΥ', before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ : in Att. also οὐχί [χ] Ep. οὐκί [κ] : negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent ; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι it is not good ; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems not. II. οὐ may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative ὅς, after the Conjunctions ὅτι because, ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγω ; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγω. 3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνν not by any means, οὐχ ἥκιστος not the least, i.e. the greatest.

III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by *any, even, anywhere*, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e.g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμῶς οὐδέις no one ever did it. IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον no, by Olympus.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι ; are there not others too? implying *that there are*. II. the fut. with οὐ is used interrog. instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσεις ; wilt thou not do it? i.e. *do it*.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὰς μέν, μέγας δ' οὐ.

II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοὶς τέθνηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνισιν, οὐ ἡ ἐστὶν τοῖς θεοῖς, not to them, no.

III. when οὐ is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody :—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἡ οὐ, μὴ οὐ : so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. ὅς, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. *sui*, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. *vah!*

οὐά, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. *vae, ab! woe!*

οὐᾶς, atos, τό, poet. for οὖς, the ear. Hence

οὐᾶρόεις, ἑσσα, ev, with ears, long-eared. 2. with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, for not.

II. in answers, to express a strong negative ; οὐ γάρ, *no—why should you?*

οὐ γάρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μὴ σκώπτέ μ' : οὐ γάρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μὴ σκώπτέ με' : οὐ γάρ σκωπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

οὐ γάρ οὖν, a negat. answer, *why no, certainly not*.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for never.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for in no manner.

οὐγώ, Att. crasis for δ' ἐγώ.

οὐδαμὰ and οὐδαμῇ, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere, in no place ; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

οὐδαμῶθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) from no place, from no side.

οὐδαμῶθι, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμῶς, nowhere, in no place : c. gen., οὐδαμῶθι τῆς Εὐρώπης in no part of Europe.

οὐδ' ἄμῶς, ἡ, ὄν, for οὐδὲ ἄμῶς, not even one, i.e. none.

οὐδαμῶσε, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) to no place, no way.

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere : c. gen., οὐδαμῶς γῆς in no part of the earth ; οὐδαμῶς λέγειν, or οὐδαμῶς ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem as naught, Lat. *nullo loco babere*. II. of manner, in no way, not at all.

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) in no wise.

ΟΥ' ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ :—the surface of the earth, ground ; οὐδας ὁδὰς ἔλειν to bite the dust ; οὐδάσδε to the ground, to earth. 2. the floor or pavement in houses.—Proverb, ἐπ' οὐδὲ καθίζειν τινά to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

οὐδ' ἄν, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδὲ . . , οὐδὲ . . at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . . , nor yet . . ; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτελείαις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing :—οὐδὲ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἔμπεδον οὐδὲ τίς ἀλήχῃ.

II. strengthening the negat., not even ; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase ; Homer joins it with Adv., as οὐδ' ἡβαῖον, οὐδὲ τυτθόν, οὐδὲ μίνυθα, etc. not even a little, not even for a short space.

οὐδ-εἰς, οὐδὲ-μία, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμῆς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἰς, μία, ἓν : (οὐδὲ εἰς) :—and not one, i.e. no one, none, no, as Lat. *nullus* for *ne ullus* : the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., in nothing,

by no means, *in no wise*. 2. in plur. οὐδέεις, gen. οὐδέανον, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, *none*. 3. *οὐδ* and *ἡ οὐδέν* (sub. ἄν, οὐσα), a *good-for-nothing, worthless person*: so in masc. οὐδεῖς, a *nobody, one who goes for nothing*. 4. οὐδέν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. *nihil non, every, all*; so in masc. οὐδεῖς ὅστις οὐ, Lat. *nemo non, every one*.

οὐδέ-κοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.
οὐδένος-ωρος, *ov*, (οὐδεῖς, ἄρα) *not worth notice or regard, contemptible*.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. *in no wise, by no means*.
οὐδέ-ποτε Ion. οὐδέ-κοτε, Adv. *and not ever, not at any time, never*.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. *and not yet, nor as yet, not yet*.
οὐδέ-πό-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.
οὐδ-έτερος, *a, ov*, (οὐδέ, ἕτερον) *neither of the two*, Lat. *neuter*. II. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. *genus neutrum, the neuter gender*.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. *of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways*.
οὐδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. *to or towards neither of two sides, nowither*.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. *and no more, no longer*.
οὐ δὴ, Adv. *certainly not, Lat. non sane*.

οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δὴπου, *no I surely imagine not*.
οὐδός, *δ*, Ion. for ὀδός (*δ*), *the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door*: metaph., ἐπὶ γῆρας οὐδῶ *on the threshold or verge of old age*.

οὐδός, *ἡ*, Aeol. for ὀδός (*ἡ*), *a way*.
ΟΥ'ΘΑΡ, ἄρος, *τό*, properly of animals, *the UDDER*: later of women, *the breast*. II. metaph. *fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance*; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης *the most fertile land*, Lat. *uber arvi*.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.
οὐθάτος, *a, ov*, (οὐθα) *of the udder*.
οὐθ-είς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεῖς, οὐδέν.

οὐ θην, *surely not, certainly not*.
οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crasis of *ὁ ἐκ*.
οὐκ ἄρα, *so not, not then*: *surely not*.
οὐκ-έτι, Adv. *no more, no longer, no further*.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκ. [r]
οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. *not therefore, so not*, Lat. *non ergo*.

2. in interrog., *not therefore? not then? and so not?* like Lat. *nonne ergo? is it not?*

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. *therefore, then, accordingly*, Lat. *ergo*.
When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὐν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, *not yet*.
οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.

οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπας, *by no means*.
οὐλαί Att. ὀλαί, *ai*, *bruised or coarsely-ground barley*, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, *like the mola salsa of the Romans*. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὅλος, as if ὀλαί or ὀλαί were the *whole, unground barley-corns*.)

οὐλαμός, οὐ, *δ*, (εἰλέω) *a band or throng of warriors*.

ΟΥ'ΔΗ', *ἡ*, *a wound healed or scarred over, a scar*, Lat. *cicatrix*.

οὐλος, *a, ov*, (οὐλος, ὀλεῖν) *baneful, deadly*.
οὐλό-θριξ, -τρίχος, *δ, ἡ*, (οὐλος, θρίξ) *with curly hair*.
οὐλο-κάρηνος, *ov*, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) *with thick, curling hair*.

οὐλόμενος, *η, ov*, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὀλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. *destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal*.

ΟΥ'ΑΟΝ, *τό*, mostly in plur. οὐλα, *the gums*.

οὐλοός, *η, ὅν*, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ'ΑΟΣ, *η, ov*, for *ov* and Ion. form of ὅλος, *whole, entire, perfect, complete*, Lat. *integer*; οὐλος ἄρτος *a whole loaf*. 2. *of full force, able, substantial*. 3. *of sound, continuous, incessant*; οὐλον κεκληγόντες *screaming incessantly*. 4. *of sight or touch, fine, thick, sleeky*; οὐλαι κόμαι *a thick head of hair*: later, *twined, crooked*. II. Ep. Adj. of ὀλλυμι, = οὐλόμενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), *destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal*.

οὐλό-χῦται, *ai*, (οὐλαί, χέω) *bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice*; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι *to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley*.

Οὐλυμπος, *δ*, Ion. for Ὀλυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for Ὀλυμπόνδε, to Olympos.

οὐλω, (οὐλος) *to be whole or sound, to be hale or well*: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, *health to thee, hail*, Lat. *salvé*.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, *in truth not, assuredly not*.

οὐ μέν, *no truly, nay verily*; old form for οὐ μήν.

οὐ μέν δὴ, *in truth not, nay verily*.

οὐ-μεν-οὐν, for οὐ μέν οὐν, *then not*.

οὐ μέν πως, like οὐπως, *by no means, in nowise*.

οὐ μέν-τοι, *not however*.

οὐ μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II.

with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν *ἔστι* or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ *I shall not be taken*, i. e. *οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μὴ ληφθῶ* *there is no danger lest I be taken*.

οὐ μήν, *indeed not, surely not*.

οὐ μήν ἀλλά, also οὐ μήν ἀλλά καί, *nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still*.

οὐ μήν γε, after a negat., *no nor even yet*, Lat. *nequum*.

οὐ μήν οὐδέ, *nay not even*.

οὐμός, by Att. crasis for *ὁ ἐμός*.

ΟΥ'Ν Ion. ὦν, Adv. *then*, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. *therefore, accordingly, consequently*, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech.

2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὐν serves to *resume*. 3. in repetitions οὐν implies the truth of what is repeated, *surely, of a truth*, as, εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὐν ἔστι, θεός *if he is, as he surely*

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, certainly, but . . . , but still . . . 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις whoever, ὅστισιν whosoever; ὅπως how, ὅπως οὖν howsoever.

οὔνεκα, before a vowel οὔνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, on which account, wherefore. 2. the anteced. οὔνεκα being omitted, therefore since, for that, because. 3. after certain Verbs, so far as, how or so that. 4. that, like ὅτι.

II. οὔνεκα (in this sense never οὔνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, on account of, mostly following its case.

οὔνεσθε, Ion. for ἐνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομαι.

οὔνομα, οὔνομάζω, οὔνομαίνω, οὔνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὔξ, contr. for ὁ ξί.

οὔξων, by crasis for ὁ ξιῶν, part. of ξίειμι exibo.

οὔπα, Dor. for οὔπα.

οὔ περ or οὔ περ, Adv. by no means.

οὔ πη, Adv. nowhere, in no wise.

οὔ ποθι, Adv. nowhere.

οὔποτε Dor. οὔποκα, Adv. not ever, never.

οὔποψ, by crasis for ὁ ἐποψ.

οὔπω, Adv. not yet, Lat. nondum.

οὔπώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

οὔπως, Adv. no how, in no wise, by no means.

ΟΥΡΑ' Ion. οὔρη, ἡ, the tail, Lat. cauda. II.

generally, the binder parts, the after part of anything; of a ship, the stern. 2. of an army, the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank; κατ' οὐράν in rear, behind; ὁ κατ' οὐράν the rear-rank-man; ἐπὶ or κατ' οὐράν to the rear, backwards.

οὔρα, τά, for οὔροι, ὅροι, boundaries: see οὔρον.

οὔρ-ἀγός, ὄν, (οὔρα, ἡγεομαι) leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὔραγός, ὁ, leader of the rear-guard.

οὔραιος, α, ον, (οὔρα) in or of the tail; τρίχες οὔραιαι the hairs of the tail. 2. generally, bindward, hindmost, οὔραιον πόδες the hind feet; τὰ οὔραία the binder parts.

Οὔρανία, ἡ, (οὔρανός) Urania, i. e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy. II. epith. of Aphroditē or Venus, the heavenly.

Οὔρανίος, ον, ὁ, (οὔρανός) son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in heaven, Lat. coelicola, like Οὔρανιον.

οὔρανίος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (οὔρανός) heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven; θεοὶ οὔρανιοι, or οὔρανιοι alone, like Οὔρανιῶνες, Οὔρανίδαι, Lat. coelites, coelicolae, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings. II. coming from heaven, of rain. III. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὔρανιον ὄσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, Lat. immane quantum:—neut. pl. οὔρανία, as Adv., vehemently, tremendously.

Οὔρανιον, ἄνος, ὁ, (οὔρανός) like Οὔρανίδης, the heavenly one: in plur. Οὔρανιῶνες θεοὶ or Οὔρανιῶνες, the gods, Lat. coelites: fem. Οὔρανιῶνα.

οὔρανιο-γνώμων, ον, (οὔρανός, γνώμων) skilled in the heavens.

οὔρανό-δεικτος, ον, (οὔρανός, δείκνυμι) shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven.

οὔρανόθεν, Adv. of οὔρανός, from heaven, down from heaven: properly an old gen. of οὔρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὔρανόθεν, ἐξ οὔρανόθεν.

οὔρανόθι, Adv. of οὔρανός, in heaven, in the heavens: but οὔρανόθι πρό is for πρό οὔρανοῦ, where οὔρανός is gen. for οὔρανοῦ, as ὄρεσφι for ὄρεος.

οὔρανό-μήκης, ἐς, (οὔρανός, μήκος) as high as heaven, reaching to heaven. 2. enormous, stupendous.

οὔρανό-νικος, ον, (οὔρανός, νικάω) conquering heaven.

ΟΥΡΑΝΟΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὁ, heaven, Lat. coelum: in Homer the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὔρανός ἀστεροῖς the starry firmament. 2. heaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πύλαι οὔρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down. II. as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὔραν-οὔχος, ον, (οὔρανός, ἔχω) holding heaven.

οὔρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, a mountain.

οὔρε-θρεπτος, v. l. for οὔρι-θρεπτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) of the mountain; Νύμφη οὔρειη a mountain-nymph.

οὔρεό-φοιτος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, φοιτάω) mountain-roaming:—fem. οὔρεο-φοιτάς, ἄδος.

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ον, ὁ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκειν) poet. for ὄρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains.

οὔρεσι-οικος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκέω) mountain-dwelling.

οὔρεσι-φοίτης, ον, ὁ, and -φοίτος, ον, = οὔρεοφοίτος.

οὔρεῖς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεῖς, a mule.

οὔρέω, impf. εὐρέουν: f. οὔρησθαι or -ήσομαι: aor. ἰ εὐήρησα: (οὔρον):—to make water.

οὔρηξ, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεῖς: οὔρηξων, gen. pl.

οὔρησεω, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, to want to make water.

οὔρητιῶν, = οὔρησεῶν.

οὔριᾶχος, ὁ, (οὔρα) the hindmost part, lowest part; ἔγχεος οὔριᾶχος the butt-end of a spear.

οὔρι-βάτας, ον, ὁ, poet. for ὄρειβάτης, mountain-walking.

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὀρίζω, to bound, limit.

οὔριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (οὔρος) to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously.

II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage.

οὔρι-θρεπτος, ἡ, ον, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) poet. for ὄρειθρεπτος, mountain-bred.

οὔριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (οὔρος) with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—

neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν to run before the wind: but ἐξ οὔριον ὁρμεῖν (sub. πνεύματι), to run with a fair breeze.

II. prospering, favouring, propitiating. 2. οὔρια (sub. πνοῇ), ἡ, = οὔρος, a fair wind.

οὐριο-στάτης, ου, ὁ, (οὔριος, ἴσθημι) *standing prosperous or secure*. [ᾶ]

οὐριάω, (οὔριος) *to give to the winds, let flow*.

οὐρισμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line*.

οὔριος, by crasis for ὁ ὄριος.

ΟΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. URINA, *urine*.

οὔρον, τό, poet. for οὔρος, ὄρος, ὁ, *a boundary*; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκον οὔρα πέλονται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of *a quoit's throw*; (2) ὅσων τ' ἐν κείῳ οὔρον πέλει ἡμιόνοιν τόσσον ὑπεκπροθέαν . . ἴκετο; and (3) ὅσων τ' ἐπὶ οὔρα πέλονται ἡμιόνοιν; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὔρον ἡμιόνοιν and οὔρα ἡμιόνων, and the distance meant is *that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time*.

οὔρος, οὐ, ὁ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a fair wind*, right astern; πέμπειν κατ' οὔρον *to send down* (i. e. *with*) *the wind*, to speed on its way: metaph., οὔρος [ἔστι], like καίρος [ἔστι], *it is a fair time*.

ΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a watcher, warder, guard*.

οὔρος, ου, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary*.

οὔρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain*.

ΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a wild bull*, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥΣ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠτων, dat. ὠσίν: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor. ὠς, ὠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear*: eis οὐς, eis ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. *secretly*. II. *an ear or handle*, of pitchers, urns, etc.

οὐσία, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί *sum*) *that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition*; τὰς ἀπαίδας ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὐσίας *her childless state for the future*, i. e. *her bearing no children for the future*. II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing*.

οὐτά, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὐτά, 3 sing. impf., of οὐτάω.

οὐτάε, imperat. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάω, f. οὐτάσω: aor. I οὐτάσα: pf. pass. οὐτασμαι:—like οὐτάω, *to wound*; οὐτάζον σάκος *they hit, shattered the shield*; c. acc. cognato, ἔλαος, ὁ με βορρὸς οὐτασεν ἀνὴρ *the wound which a man struck me withal*.

οὐτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὐτάω.

οὐτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάω, imperat. οὐτάε: Ion. impf. οὐτασκον: fut. οὐτήσω: aor. I οὐτήσα Ion. οὐτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὐτήθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. οὐτά (as if from οὔτημι), inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενος [ᾶ]:—*to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν* (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὐταμένη ὠτειλή *the wound inflicted*.

οὔ-τε, Adv., and not.

οὔτε, neither . . , nor . . , Lat. *neque . . , neque . .*: but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὔτε in the first, both not . . , and . .

οὔτερος, Ion. for ὁ ἕτερος: neut. τοὔτερον.

οὐτήθεις, aor. I pass. part. of οὐτάω.

οὐτήσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὐτάω.

οὐτήτερα, ἡ, fem. of οὐτήτηρ.

οὐτήτηρ, ῥος, (οὐτάω) *one who wounds*.

οὔ-τι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ἑς, ὄν, (οὔτις) *useless, worthless, good for naught*.

οὔ-τι-πω, Adv., for οὔ τι πω, like οὔπω, *not at all yet*.

οὔ-τις, gen. οὔτινος, *no one, nobody*, Lat. *ne ullus, nullus*; neut. οὔ-τι, *nothing*, Lat. *nihil*:—neut. also as Adv. *by no means, not at all*: hence . . II. with changed accent, Οὔτις, ὁ, acc. Οὔτιν, *Noman, Nobody*, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

οὔ-τοί, Adv. (οὔ, τοί) *indeed not*, Lat. *non sane*.

οὔτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο, gen. τοῦτον, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron., *this*, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, *the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote*, like Lat. *hic* opp. to *ille*. II. when opp. to ὅδε, οὔτος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.

III. οὔτος, αὕτη are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. *heus!* *you there!* *hollo you!* also οὔτος σὺ, *heus tu!* but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὦ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδῖπός! IV. τοῦτο μὲν . . , τοῦτο δέ . . , or ταῦτα μὲν . . , ταῦτα δέ . . , stronger than μὲν . . , δέ . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; partly . . , partly . .*

V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, and *that too, and more than that*, often without a Verb, as καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος and *that too being such an one*; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; *for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one?* VI. καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα, like εἰεν, *so much for this*, Lat. *haec bactenus*.

VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. *for this reason*, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν *for this reason then, accordingly*.

2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', ᾧ δεσπότης *yes, master*. VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτη was also used as Adv., I. of Place (sub. χώρα), *in this spot, here*.

2. of Manner, *in this way, so*.

3. *in this respect, so far, for the matter of that*.

IX. οὔτος is often strengthd. in Att. by the demonstr. ἰ, οὔτοσι, αὐτῇ, τοῦτῇ, gen. τουτοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοι, neut. ταυτί, etc., *this man here*, Lat. *hicce*:—before a vowel *i* becomes *iv*, as οὔτοσιν: neut. τουτοσί, ταυτασί.

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, *in this way or manner, so thus*, Lat. *sic*.

II. with a qualifying power, *so, only so, simply, no more than*.

III. *in wishes*, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὔτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἶην *would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as . .*

2. *in 'protestations*, as, ἐγὼ γ' οὔ-τως δαίμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρα *I, so help me my children, hate the man*.

IV. οὔτω μὲν . . , οὔτω δέ . . , *partly . . , partly . . , on the one hand . . , on the other . .*; cf. οὔτος IV. V. in beginning a

story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μὴς καὶ γαλῇ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὕτωςι, οὕτωςιν, = οὕτως. [Ὶ]

οὐχί, Adv. for οὐ, *not*. [Ὶ]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for ὁ ἐχίνος.

ὀφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) *a debtor*.

ὀφειλή, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) *a debt: one's due*.

ὀφειλήμα, τό, (ὀφείλω) *that which is owed, a debt*.

ὀΦΕΙΛΩ, impf. ὤφελον: fut. ὀφειλήσω: aor. 1 ὤφειλῃσα: aor. 2 ὤφελον Ion. ὤφελον Ep. ὤφελον, ὤφελον: pf. ὤφειλκα:—to owe, be indebted for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:—Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενος, δουνδεν, *due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due*. 2. ζημίαν ὀφείλειν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.: of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινὶ to owe one an ill turn. II. to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὤφελον, I ought..., of what one has *not* done; ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχέσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, τὴν ὄφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν Ἀρτεμις would that Diana had slain her! Lat. *utinam eam interfecisset!* properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε Ep. αἶθε, as, αἶθ' ὄφελος ἄγονος ἔμεναι O that thou hadst been unborn! εἴθ' ὄφελ' Ἀργεὺς μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped through: also with ὥς, ὥς ὀφελον or ὤφελον O that I had...! also with negat., μὴ ὄφελος would thou hadst *not*...!

III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν παθεῖν ὀφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

ὀΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, Ep. for ὀφείλω, impf. ὤφελον or ὤφελον, to owe: Pass., χρεῖός μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt is due to me. II. to be obliged, bound.

ὀΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. 1 ὤφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλειν:—poet. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; ὀφέλλειν τινα τιμῇ to raise one in honour, Lat. *honore augere*: generally, to help, make to thrive:—Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

ὀφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὀφέλος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) *advantage, help, profit, usance*; c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i.e. who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὀφέλος στρατεύματος was what was really serviceable of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός) *a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia*.

ὀφθαλμιάω, (ὀφθαλμία) *to have the ophthalmia, to have sore eyes*.

ὀφθαλμιδίων, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [Ὶ]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) *eye-service*.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) *the eye*; ἐς ὀφθαλμούς τινας before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face. II. like ὄμμα and ἄνθος, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός στρατιάς the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye.

III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέως, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμο-τεγκτος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) *wetting the eyes*.

ὀφθαλμ-ῶρυχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ὀρύσσω) *tearing out the eyes*.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμοῖς.

ὀφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆσθαι, fut. pass. of ὄραω.

ὀφίσσει, Ep. for ὀφισι, dat. pl. of ὀφισ.

ὀφίο-βόλος, ον, (ὀφισ, βαλεῖν) *serpent-slaying*.

ὀφίο-πους, ποδος, (ὀφισ, ποῦς) *with snakes for legs*.

ὀΦΙ'Σ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, a serpent, snake.

ὀφί-ῶδης, ἐς, (ὀφισ, εἶδος) of serpent shape, snakey.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλημα, atos, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) *a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages*.

ὀφλήσω, fut. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὤφληκα: aor. 2 ὤφλον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλάν:—to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῖν or ὀφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; as, ὀφλῶν ἀπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην ὀφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀσπρατίας (sub. δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving: absol. to be cast, be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν ὀφλεῖν to incur a penalty.

II. generally, of anything one brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν ὀφλισκάνειν to incur the charge of cowardice; μαρίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινὶ to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀΦΡΑ', Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. ut. II. Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

ὀφρύν, ἡ, Ion. for ὀφρύς, the brow or edge of a bill. [Ὶ]

ὀφρῦδες, ἐσσα, ἐν, (ὀφρύς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

ὀΦΡΥ'Σ, ὄς, ἡ; acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύς; acc. pl. ὀφρύας, ὀφρύς:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τὰς ὀφρύς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρύς συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύνειν and μεθιέναι τὰς ὀφρύς to smoothe or unknot the brow. 2. ὀφρύς, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity; scorn,

pride, II. *metaph. the brow of a hill, the edge of a cliff, a beelling or overhanging crag.*

δῆρῦς, contr. for δῆρῦας, acc. pl. of δῆρῦς.

δῆα, (ἐξω) Ep. Adv. by far, eminently, always with Sup. ἀριστος: later ἐξοχα.

δῆανη, ἡ, and δῆανον, τό, (δῆαω, ἐξω) *the handle of a shield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.*

δῆέσκον, Ion. impf. of δῆέω.

δῆέουσι, Ep. for δῆεσι, dat. pl. of δῆος.

δῆεία, ἡ, (δῆέω) *a covering, of the horse.*

δῆεσφι, -iv, Ep. for δῆεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ δῆος.

δῆετεύω, f. σω, (δῆετός) *to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:—Pass., ἵδωρ δῆετευόμενον water carried off by a canal.*

δῆετ-ηγός, ὄν, (δῆετός, ἀγω) *drawing off water by a conduit or canal.*

δῆετός, οὐ, ὁ, (δῆέω) *a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river.* 2. *metaph. a channel or means of escape.*

δῆεύς, gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἐξω) *any fastening: 1. the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin. 2. in pl. the clasps of the belt. 3. a bolt which fastened the door within.*

δῆευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (δῆέω) *a stallion: a lewd person.*

δῆέω, f. σω, (δῆέω) *to ride: of male animals, to cover.*

δῆέω, f. ἴσω, (δῆος, ὁ) *collat. form of ἐξω, as φορέω of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, hold; φρουρὰν δῆεῖν to keep watch. 2. to let ride, mount. II. in Pass., with fut. med. δῆξομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσὶν, ἵπποισιν δῆεῖσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.: to drive without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi, to drive, ride, sail; ἐπ' ἀγκύρας δῆεῖσθαι to ride at anchor.**

δῆῆα, Ep. acc. of δῆεύς: δῆῆες, nom. pl.

δῆημα, τό, (δῆέω) *that which bears or supports, a support, stay. II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. *vehiculum*: also a vessel, ship.*

δῆθῶ, f. ἴσω, *to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ὠχθησαν they were heavy at heart. (From ἄχθομαι, as ὀχέω from ἐξω.)*

*ΟΧΘΗ, ἡ, older form of ὄχθος, *any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.: also, crags by a river. Hence*

ὄχθηρός, ἁ, ὄν, *raised, billy.*

ὄχθος, ὁ, later form of ὄχθη, *rising ground, a bill.*

ὄχλῶ, = μοχλεῖω, *to heave or move by a lever:—Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες ἅπασαι δῆλῶνται (Aeol. for δῆλῶνται) all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.*

ὄχλῶ, f. ἴσω, (ὄχλος) *to disturb by a mob or tumult: generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: absolutely to be troublesome.*

ὄχληρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ὄχλῶ) *troublesome, importunate.*

ὄχλῳ, f. ἴσω, = δῆλῶ, δῆλῶ, *to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.*

ὄχλῳσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of δῆλῳ.

ὄχλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) *to make a riot; ὄχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.*

*ΟΧΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δῆμος (the people in a constitutional sense). II. noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. *turba*:—generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity.*

ὄχλ-ώδης, ἑς, contr. for ὄχλο-ειδής, (ὄχλος, εἶδος) *like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ ὄχλῳδες troublesome, turbulence.*

ὄχμα, ατος, τό, (ἐξω) *a hold, fastening. Hence ὀχμάζω, f. ἴσω, to grip, hold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.*

ὄχνη, ἡ, *a wild pear, late form of ὄγχνη.*

ὄχος, εος, τό, (ἐξω) *a chariot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὄχεσφι, ὄχεσφιν, for ὄχεσι.*

ὄχος poet. ὄκχος, ου, ὁ, (ἐξω) *that which holds; νηὸν ὄχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads. II. that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνης bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.*

ὄχυρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ἐξω) *like ἐχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp. of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like.*

ὄχυρώω, f. ὥσω, (ὄχυρός) *to make fast, fortify. Hence*

ὄχυρωμα, ατος, τό, *a stronghold, fortress.*

ὄχυρῶς, Adv. of ὄχυρός, *firmly, strongly.*

ὄχωκα, by metaph. for ὄκχα, perf. of ἐξω.

ὄψ, ἡ, gen. ὄπος, dat. ὄπι, acc. ὄπα (εἰπεῖν, ἔπος) *a voice. II. a discourse, word.*

ὄψ-ἀμάτης [μᾶ], ου, ὁ, voc. ὄψᾶματα, (ὄψέ, ἀμάω) *one who mows till late at even; cf. ὀψαρότης.*

ὄψανον, τό, (ὄψομαι) = ὄψις, *a sight, vision.*

ὄψαριον, τό, Dim. of ὄψον, esp. fish: *a small fish.*

ὄψ-ἀρότης, ου, ὁ, (ὄψέ, ἀρώω) *one who ploughs late; cf. ὄψαρότης.*

*ΟΨΕ', Adv. *after a long time, at length, late, Lat. *sero*; ὄψέ μανθάνειν to learn too late. 2. late in the day, at even, opp. to πρῶι: late in the season;*

ὄψέ ἦν it was late: c. gen., ὄψέ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day, Lat. *serum diei*: also, ὄψέ τῶν Τρωικῶν long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὄψιαίτερον later; Sup. ὄψιαίτατα, latest.

ὄψιέω, Desiderat. of ὄρᾶω, formed from fut. ὄψομαι, *to wish to see.*

ὄψεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὄρᾶω.

ὄψι, Aeol. for ὄψέ.

ὄψία (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly fem. of ὄψιος, *the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δειλῇ. Opp. to ὄρθρος: see δειλῇ.*

ὄψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὄψιος: *see ὄψέ.*

ὀψί-γονος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in one's old age.

3. later-born, i. e. younger. [τ]

ὀψιέστερος, -τάτος, Comp. and Sup. of ὀσιος.

ὀψίζω, *f. loiw*, (ὀψέ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

ὀψι-κοῖτος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.

ὀψιμαθῶ, *f. hōw*, to learn late or too late. From ὀψι-μαθής, *ēs*, (ὀψέ, μαθεῖν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. *serus studiorum*: too late or too old to learn, *c. gen.*

ὀψιμος, *ov*, (ὀψέ) poet. for ὀσιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας ὀψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.

ὀψι-voos, *ov*, (ὀψέ, vōos) late of thought, inobservant.

ὀψιος, *a, ov*, (ὀψέ) late, Lat. *serus*, opp. to πρῶιος. —Att. Comp. ὀψιαίτερος, *a, ov*, Sup. ὀψιαίτατος, *η, ov*: Neut. ὀψιαίτερον, -τάτα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of ὀψέ. The forms ὀψιέστερος and ὀψιέστατος also occur.

ὀψις, *gen. eōs* Ion. *ios*, *ῆ*, (ὀψομαι) a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition:—ὀψις οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings. 2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage. II. the power of sight or seeing, eyesight.

2. a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. *conspectus*; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὀψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

ὀψι-τέλεστος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, τέλειω) late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.

ὀψομαι, *fut. of ὄραω*, formed from *ὄπτομαι.

ὀψον, τό, (ἔψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh. II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὀψον ποτῶ, a zest or relish to drink.

III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οἱ πόνοι ὀψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς labour is a sauce to good things. IV. any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties. V. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians. 2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market.

ὀψοποιέω, *Dep. (ὀψοποιός)* to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence

ὀψοποιία, *ῆ*, the art of cookery: and

ὀψοποιικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, of or for delicate cookery.

ὀψο-ποιός, *όν*, (ὀψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὀψοποιός, *ὁ*, a cook.

ὀψο-πόνος, *ov*, (ὀψον, πονέω) dressing food elaborately.

ὀψοφάγῳ, *f. ῆσιω*, (ὀψοφάγος) to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence

ὀψοφάγια, *ῆ*, dainty living: eating delicacies.

ὀψο-φάγος, *ov*, (ὀψον, φάγειν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὀψοφάγος, *ὁ*, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. ὀψοφαγίστερος, ὀψοφαγίστατος.

ὀψ-ώνω, *f. ῆσιω*, (ὀψον, ὠνέομαι) to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

ὀψώνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

Π

Π, π, πī, indecl.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀφηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the Ion., e. g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ὑπ' ἡμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ἡμῶν. II. in Ion. Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κῶς ὅκως κοῖος ὀκοῖος κῶσος ὀκῶσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποῖος ὅσος ὀπόσος. III. in Aeol. π is used for μ, as ὀππα for ὀμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in Aeol. and Dor. π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὀππη, ὀππως, ὀπποῖος, ὀππόσος for ὀπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πόλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, Dor. for πῆ, πῆ. πᾶα, Lacon. for πᾶσα.

πᾶγά, Dor. for πῆγῆ.

παγγενέιρα, *ῆ*, mother of all. From

παγ-γενήτης, *ov, ὁ*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) father of all.

παγ-γλυκερός, *ὁ, ὄν*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) sweetest of all.

παγ-γλωσσία, *ῆ*, (πᾶς, γλῶσσα) wordiness.

πάγιος, *εῖσα, ἐν*, aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.

πάγην [ᾱ], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγετος, *ὁ*, (πάγος) frost, ice.

πάγετ-ώλης, *ēs*, (παγετός, εἶδος) frosty, icy-cold.

πάγη [ᾱ], 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγη [ᾱ], *ῆ*, (παγήναι) anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the coils used in fowling: a fowling-net: 2. metaph. a snare, stratagem.

παγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγιδενω, *f. σω*, (παγίσ) to lay a snare for, entrap.

πάγιος, *a, ov*, (παγήναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.

Adv. -ῶς, firmly, steadily.

πάγλις, *ιδος, ῆ*, (παγήναι) like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγλις νεῶν the anchor which holds ships like a trap.

παγ-καίνιστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καίνος) all new or fresh.

πάγ-κάκος, *ov*, (πᾶς, κακός) quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.

πάγ-κάλλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) all-beautiful, all-good.

παγκαρπία, *ῆ*, an offering of all kinds of fruit. From

πάγ-καρπος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καρπός) of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.

παγ-κάτάρτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καταράμοι) all-accursed.

παγ-κευθής, *ēs*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) all concealed. II. act. all-concealing.

πάγκλαυστος and -κλαυτός, *ον*, (πάσ, κλαίω) *all-lamented, most woeful.* II. act. *all-tearful.*

παγκληρία, ἡ, *a sole inheritance, full possession.*
From

πάγκληρος, *ον*, (πάσ, κληρός) *held in full possession.*

πάγκοινος, *ον*, (πάσ, κοινός) *common to all.*

παγκοίτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πάσ, κοίτη) *giving rest to all; θάλαμα παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i.e. the grave.*

παγκόνιτος, *ον*, (πάσ, κονίω) *covered all over with dust; ἀέθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.*

παγκράτης, ἔς, (πάσ, κράτος) *all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.*

παγκρατιάξω, *φ. σω*, *to perform the exercises of the pancratium.*

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) *a complete contest, i.e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.*

παγκρότος, Adv. (πάσ, κρότος) *sounding all at once, of rowers who keep good time.*

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) *a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens.* [ἄ]

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) *anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost.* [ἄ]

πάγ-ουρος, ὁ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) *a kind of crab.*

παγ-χάλεπος, *ον*, (πάσ, χαλεπός) *very difficult and dangerous.* Adv. —πας.

παγ-χάκεος and πάγ-χαλκος, *ον*, (πάσ, χαλκός) *all-brass, all of brass.*

πάγ-χρηστος, *ον*, (πάσ, χρηστός) *good for all work.*

πάγ-χριστος, *ον*, (πάσ, χριστός) *all-anointed; πάγ-χριστον πειθούς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.*

παγ-χρύσεος, *ον*, and πάγ-χρῦσος, *ον*, (πάσ, χρυ-σός) *all gold, of solid gold.* [ῥ]

πάγχι, Adv. (πάσ, πάν) *Ion. for πάνν, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.*

πάγῳ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of πηγήννυμι.

πάδω, Dor. for πηδάω.

πάθε [ἄ], Ep. for ἐπάθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω.

πάθειν Ep. πάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω. Hence πάθη [ἄ], ἡ, *anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune.*

πάθημα, ατος, τό, = πάθος, *a suffering, misfortune; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.*

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.

πάθητός, ἡ, ὅν, (παθεῖν) *having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.*

πάθος, εος, τό, (παθεῖν) *anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity.* 2. *a passive condition: a passion, affection.* 3. *an incident.*

πάθω [ἄ], aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω.

παθών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of πάσχω.

παῖ, Ep. παῖ, vocat. of παῖς.

Παιάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. Παιήων, ονός, later Παιών, ὄνος, Paëon or Paëan, the physician of the gods; Παήονος γενέθλη the race of Paëon, i.e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἱέη Παιάν; also to his son Aesculapius.

3. a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer.

II. as appellat. παιάν *Ion. παιήων, a paean, i.e. a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖ-δν.*

2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song.

3. any solemn song or chant.

4. in pl. παιήνες paean-singers. Hence

παιῶνίζω, *φ. σω*, *to chant the paean, sing a song of triumph.*

Παῖδων, ονος, ὁ, Dor. for Παῖδων. [ᾱ]

παῖμα, ατος, τό, (παῖω) *play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing.*

παῖγνιν, ἡ, (παῖω) *play, sport, a game, pastime.* II. a feast, festival.

παῖγνια-γράφος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά, γράφω) *writing sportive poetry.*

παῖγνιήμων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (παῖγνιά) *fond of a joke.*

παῖγνιον, τό, (παῖω) *a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling.* II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακά παῖγνια, *roguish cheats.*

III. a sportive poem: merry noise.

παῖγνιος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά) *sportive, droll, done in play.*

παῖγνι-ώδης, *ες*, (παῖγνιά, εἶδος) *playful, sportive, merry; τὸ παῖγνιώδες playfulness.*

παῖδ-αγωγέον, τό, (παῖδαγωγός) *a school-room.*

παῖδ-αγωγέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (παῖδαγωγός) *to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate.* Hence

παῖδ-αγωγία, ἡ, *an attending boys, education:—at-tendance.*

παῖδ-αγωγός, ὅν, (παῖς, ἄγω) *attending or training boys: as Subst., παιδαγωγός, ὁ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.*

παιδάριον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, *a young child, a little boy or girl.* II. a young slave.

παῖδιω, παιδοῶν, Lacon. for παῖω, παῖζειν.

παῖδεα, ἡ, (παῖδω) *the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction.* II. youth, childhood.

III. handiwork.

παῖδεος, *ον*, (παῖς) *childish, concerning or suited to children; ὕμνοι παῖδεοι hymns sung by the boys.*

παιδεραστέω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to love boys.* From

παιδ-εραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) *a lover of boys.*

παιδεραστία, ἡ, (παιδεραστέω) *love of boys.*

παῖδεσσι, Ep. for παῖσι, dat. pl. of παῖς.

παιδεύμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) *that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil.* II. *that which is taught, lesson.*

παίδευσις, ἡ, (παιδεύω) *a rearing, training, education.* II. *a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα*

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδεύσεις our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτόν, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an educator, instructor. II.

a corrector, chabstiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίδεύθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς):

—to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach,

educate, instruct; ὁ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education,

opp. to ἀπαιδευτός:—Med. to have any one taught

or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or

inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδής, η, ον, Ion. for παῖδιος.

παιδιά, ᾱς, ἡ, (παῖς) child's play, sport, pastime:

a game.

παιδιά, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ὧν, τὰ, a darling, love, relating to a single

person, Lat. *deliciae*. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη),

songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὧν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish,

boyish, Lat. *puerilis*. 2. playful, sportive. II.

belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From

παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II.

a young slave.

παιδικάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden,

damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὧν, also ὅς, ὧν, (παῖς) childish, silly,

playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὁ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy,

lad: παιδνῆ, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένω) begetting chil-

dren. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδο-κτόνός, ον, (παῖς, κτείνω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολετήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, ορος, ὁ,

(παῖς, ἀλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολέ-

τειρα and παιδολετις, ἰδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying chil-

dren. [v]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as

Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended

the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (παιδοποιός) of men, to beget

children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med.,

with pf. pass. πεπαδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὧν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing

children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πείρω) through which a child

passes.

παιδοσπορίω, f. ἦσω, to beget children. From

παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to

train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τριβής, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a training-

master for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτριβῶν

in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a

teacher, master. [x] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὧν, of or fit for a training-master

or his art. Adv. —κῶς, like a gymnastic master.

παιδο-τριψ, ἴδος, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a slave that

attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἦσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children.

Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς,τρέφω) feeding or rearing

children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τρωτός, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by

children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω.

Hence

παιδοουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife

herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἦσω, to be fond of boys. From

παιδο-φίλης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, *φένω) killing children:

συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a

son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παίζω: f. παίξομαι or παιζοῦμαι, rarely παίζω: aor.

I ἐπαίσα and ἐπαῖξα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I

ἐπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμα: (παῖς):—to

play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be

merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3.

to play at a game; σφαῖρην or σφαῖραν παίζειν to play

at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to

make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6.

transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιηονίς, ἰδος, (Παιήων)

healing.

παιήσω, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιών, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιών, Παιών, Paeon, the

physician of the gods. II. παιήων as appellat.

for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παιήνιος.

παῖκτης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς) a dancer or player.

παίξομαι or παιζοῦμαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλη, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest

flour or meal, Lat. *pollen*: any fine dust: metaph.

a subtle rogue. [α] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλεις, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy,

rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΣ, παῖδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παίδων Dor. παι-

δῶν; dat. pl. παῖσι, παῖδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the

dissyll. nom. παῖς, vocat. πᾶϊ: I. of Descent, a

child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παῖδός a child's

child, grandchild. 2. periph., Ἀνδῶν παῖδες sons

of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II.

of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παίδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. puer, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσате, 2 pl. aor. I. imperat. of παῖζω.

παῖσδα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παῖζω.

παῖφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαίνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palpitare.

ΠΑΙΩ, fut. παίσω and παῖσω: aor. I. ἔπαισα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I. ἔπαισθην: pf. πέπαισαι:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἔπαισατο τὸν μηρόν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away. 4. to bit hard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. illido.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, Paeon, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer.

II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a paeon, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — — — —, — — — —, — — — — and — — — —.

Παιωνίαν, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f. ὦω, = παιανίζω, to raise the Paeon.

Παιώνιος, α, ὄν, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιωνία a festival of Paeon.

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιανισμός, a chanting of the paeon. πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc.

πακτώ, f. ὦσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑ'ΔΑ'ΘΗ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [λᾷ]

ΠΑ'ΔΑΙ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ πάλαι.

πάλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαι-γονος, ὄν, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής.

παλαιμονέω, f. ἡσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ὄν, = παλαιόγονος.

παλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) ancient mother.

παλαιο-πλουτος, ὄν, (παλαιός, πλούτος) = ἀρχαῖο-πλουτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νέοπλουτος.

παλαιο-ρίθος, ὄν, (παλαιός, ρίξα) with aged roots.

πάλαιός, ἄ, ὄν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time: οἱ παλαιοὶ the ancients; παλαιὸς χρόνος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιέτερος, παλαιάτος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιέτερον from the older time. Hence

παλαιότης, ἡτος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

παλαιό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

παλαιῶν, f. ὦσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. antiquare:—Pass. to become obsolete.

παλάισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

παλαιομοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

παλαίστη, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

παλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

παλαιστιάς, α, ὄν, (παλαίστη) a palm long or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαίστης) of or for wrestling. παλαίστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [Γ], ὄν, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra.

παλαιέτερος and παλαιάτος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαίω, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαι-φάτος, ὄν, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary.

III. primitive, ancient, olden.

πάλαι-χθων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαιχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. indigena.

παλαίω, f. αἰσω: aor. I. ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. luctare. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. laborare.

παλᾶμομαι, f. ἡσμαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑ'ΔΑ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμῃ, παλάμῃν:—the Lat. PALMA, the palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

παλαμναῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμεν, Ep. for παλάζειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

παλάσσω, τό, = παλάθη.

παλάσσω, f. ἔω: pf. pass. πεπάλαμαι: (πάλλω):—to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 pl. pf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots

in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

παλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαῖος.

ΠΑΛΑΕΤ'Ω, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. *pollen*: hence παιπαλῆ.

πάληνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησει, 3 sing. Aeor. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾱ]

παλιν-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιν-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλῶσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλικᾶπλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιν-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλικοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescent*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλικοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλικοτοὶ adversaries.

παλιν-κραινος, ον, (πάλιν, κραινός) very swift.

παλλολόγω, f. ἦσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλῖλ-λόγος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλιν-βάμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards.

παλιν-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστῆν) shooting up again.

παλινβολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλιν-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλιν-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλιν-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλιν-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΙΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλινπετῆς as Adv. back, back again.

παλινπλαγκτος, ον, to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλιν-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλινπλαγχεῖς: to wander back.

παλιν-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλιν-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares.

παλιν-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποιμή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλινποινον requital, retribution.

παλιν-πους, ποδός, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, ποῦς) going back, returning.

παλιν-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

παλιν-φημος Dor. -φᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissonant, discordant.

παλιν-φύης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑΛΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγάτηρ ἥς she went back from her daughter. 2.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν εἶρην to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποιῆσε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man.

II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

πάλιν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; ἔπος οὐ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word.

πάλιν-αὔξης, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) growing again.

παλιν-αυτόμολος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλιν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ᾱ]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἦσω, (παλινδρόμος) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards. παλιν-δρομος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλιν-νημεῖα, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήμεος) a returning calm. παλιν-ὄρμενος, ον, rushing back: cf. sq.

παλιν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὀρνυμαι) hastening or darting back. II. recurring, inveterate.

παλιν-σκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλιν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλιν-στορέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again. παλιν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλιν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλίντονα τόξα. 1. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force. 2.

of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος.

παλιν-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβήνα) rubbed again and again: hardened, obdurate, villainous.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. *retortus*. II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

παλιν-ωδέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, ᾠδῇ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινωδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΟΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, *rbamnus palinurus*.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) with a bundle of palinurus-wood.

παλιρ-ρόθος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλir-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλirροια, ή, (παλirροος) *the reflux of water, backward water, ebb*.

παλir-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλirροος.
παλir-ροος, ον, contr. παλirρρους, ον, (πάλιν, ρέω) *flowing backwards, refluxent: ebbing and flowing*. II. metaph. *returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλir-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, ρέπω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλir-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλir-σύτος, ον, (πάλιν, σέω) *rushing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλirσσοντα a backward course*.

παλir-ώεις, ή, (πάλιν, ιωκή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

παλλάγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) *concubinage*.
Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.
παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλλάκη, ή, (πάλλαξ) *a concubine*.
παλλάκis, ιδος, ή, = πάλαξ, *a concubine*.

ΠΑ'ΔΔΑΞ, άκος, ή, *a concubine*, Lat. *pellex*, opp. to the lawful wife (άκοιτις, άλοχος).

Παλλάς, άδος [ά], ή, (πάλλω) *Pallas, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς Ἀθήνη or Παλλάς Ἀθηναία, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη*.

Πάλλας, αντος, ό, *Pallas, masc. prop. n*.
πάλir-λευκος, ον, (πάν, λευκός) *all white*.

ΠΑ'ΔΔΩ: aor. ι έπηλα Ep. ηήλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπάλων (in compd. άμπεπαλών):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πάλτω:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—

Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself.

2. κλήρους πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leap forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots.

II. πάλλω, intr. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.

παλμός, ό, (πάλλω) intr. *a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse*.

πάλος, ό, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; άρχάς πάλω άρχειν to hold public offices by lot*.

πάλτω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.

παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerreed: properly neut. from παλτός.

παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) *brandished, buried*.

παλίνος, aor. I part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, f. ύνω: aor. I έπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—to strew or scatter upon.

II. to bestrew, besprinkle.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) *property*.

παμ-βάσileia, ή, (πάς, βασίλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.

παμ-βδελύρος, ά, όν, (πάς, βδελυρός) *all-loathsome or abominable*.

παμ-βίας, ον, ό, (πάς, βία) *all-subduing*.
πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πάς, βόσκω) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βώτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πάς, βώτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πάς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.

πάμ-μάχος, ον, (πάς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumphant*. II. = παγκρατιαστής.

παμ-μέγας, —μεγάλη, —μεγα, (πάς, μέγας) *very great*.

παμ-μεγέθης, ές, (πάς, μεγεθος) *of enormous size*.

παμ-μέλας, αινα, άν, (πάς, μέλας) *all black*.

παμ-μήκης, ές, (πάς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.

πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πάς, μην) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτερα, ή, = παμμήτωρ.

παμμήτις, ιδος, ό, ή, (πάς, μήτις) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτηρ, ορος, ή, (πάς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. altogether a mother, a very mother.

παμ-μίάρος, ον, (πάς, μιάρος) *all-abominable*.

παμ-μίγής, ές, (πάς, μιγηναι) *all-blended, all-founded, promiscuous*.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πάς, μικρός) *very small*.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμίγης.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πάς, μύρος) *all-barless*.

παμ-μυσάρος, ά, όν, (πάς, μύσος) *παμμίαιος*.

πάμπάν, Adv. (πάς) *like πάνν, quite, wholly, altogether; ού πάμπαν not at all, by no means*.

παμ-πειθής, ές, (πάς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.

παμ-πήδηρ, Adv. (πάς) *like πάμπαν, entirely, totally*.

παμ-πησία, ή, (πάς, πέπαμαι) *entire possession*.

παμ-πληθελ, Adv. *with the whole multitude*. From:

παμ-πληθής, ές, (πάς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. very numerous.

III. neut. παμπληθές as Adv. entirely.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πάς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποίκιλος, ον, also η, ον, (πάς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ό, ή, (πάς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, —πόλλη, —πολυ, (πάς, πολύς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many:—neut. πάμπουλυ as Adv. very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πάς, πονήρός) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πορφύρος, ον, (πάς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.

παμ-πότνια, ή, (πάς, πότνια) *all-venerable*.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πάς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, resplendent*.

παμ-πρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

παμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πάς, πρώτος) *the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all*.

παμ-φάής, ές, (πάς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent*. Adv. —ως.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, to shine or beam brightly: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι; πρώτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμφανών, fem. —ώσα, gen. —ώντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφανών) *all-shining, brightly-beaming, glistening*.

παμ-φάρμακος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμ-φεγγής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς; φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

πάμ-φθαρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

πάμ-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-blazing.*

πάμ-φορβος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμ-φόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.*

II. *bearing all things with it.*

πάμ-φύλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*

πάμ-φωνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμ-ψηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψήφος) *with all the votes.*

πάμ-ψυχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut.* of πᾶς.

Πάν, *gen.* Πᾶνός, *ὁ*, *Pan*, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur.* Πᾶννης, = *Lat.* Fauni.

πᾶν-αβρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀβρός) *quite or very soft.*

πᾶν-αῖγος, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, αἶγος) *all-ballowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

πᾶν-αγρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *all-catching.*

πᾶν-αγρεύς, *ἑως, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *one who catches everything.*

πᾶν-αγρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρα) *catching all.*

πᾶν-αγρυπνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνος) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

πᾶν-αγυρίς, *Dor.* for πανήγυρις.

Πᾶν-Ἀθηναία (sub. ἐπερὰ), *τά*, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, *τά μεγάλα* and *τά μικρά*, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence ΠᾶνἈθηναϊκός, *ὅς, ἡν, ὁ* or *for the Panathenaea, Panathenaeic.*

πᾶν-άθλιος, *α, ον*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶν-αἰγλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πᾶς, αἴγλη) *all-shining.*

πᾶν-αἶθος, *η, ον*, (πᾶς, αἶθω) *all-blazing.*

πᾶν-αἰόλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.*

II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶν-αισχρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰσχροῦς) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παναίσχιστος.*

πᾶν-αἷτιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἷτια) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

παν-ἄκεια, *η, ον*, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacæa, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ἥ.*

πᾶν-ἀλάστωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἀληθής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θῶς, all truly.*

πᾶν-ἀλκῆς, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἄλωτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing. [ᾶ]*

πᾶν-ἄμερος, -αμέριος, *Dor.* for παν-ήμερος, -ημέριος.

πᾶν-ἄμμορος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμμορος) *without any share in.*

II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἄμωμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blaameless.*

παν-ᾄοιδμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ᾄοιδμος) *sung by all.*

παν-ἄπαλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἄπενθής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, α privat., πένθος) *wholly without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἄπτημων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) *all-barmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶν-ἄποτμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀποτμος) *all-bapless.*

πᾶν-ἄργυρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀργυρος) *all of silver.*

πᾶν-ἄρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἄριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρίστας, *gen. fem.* of πανάρκτος, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-αρμόνιος, *α, ον*, (πᾶς, ἁρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass. 2. harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πᾶν-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ατρεκής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἄφῆλις, *ἱκος, ὁ, ἥ*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἥλις) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἀφθίτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφθίτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυλλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-ἄχαιοί, *οἱ*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaians.*

πᾶν-ἄχραντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ἄωρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δαισία, *ἥ*, (πᾶς, δαΐς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

πᾶν-δάκρυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δακρύω) *all in tears, all-tearful.*

II. *all-bewept, most lamentable.*

παν-δῆμάτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, δαμάω) *all-subduer. [ᾶ]*

πᾶν-δαμεί, *Dor.* for πανδημεί.

πᾶν-δεινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτειος, *α, ον*, (Πανδέλετος) *knaveish like Pandeleus.*

παν-δερκτής, *ον*, *masc. Adj.* and πανδερκής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, δέркоμαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημεί and -δημί, *Adv.* of πάνδημος, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ἥ*, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημία as Adv., altogether. From*

παν-δήμιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶν-δημιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all: πάνδημος πόλις the whole body of the city.*

Πᾶν-δία (sub. ἐπερὰ), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίς *gen.* Δίος) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶν-δίκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv. πανδίκως, all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, *ἰδος, ἥ*, *fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.*

II. (sub. φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκεῖον, *τό*, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn. From*

παν-δοκεύς, *ἑός, ὁ*, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem.*

παν-δοκεῦτρια, *ἥ*, *a hostess.*

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From

πάν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχεῖον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ—.

πάν-δυρτος, ον, ποῖθ. for πανόδυρτος, (πᾶς, ὄδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δυσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star.

παν-δῶρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth.

II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πᾶν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ελεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-έλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πᾶν-επὶήρατος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπὶήρατος) all-lovely.

παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πᾶν-επὶ-ὄρφνιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπὶ, ὄρφνη) all night long.

πᾶν-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔρημος) all-desolate.

πᾶν-ἐσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἐστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household.

πᾶν-έτης, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάνετες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εὐτονος, ον, (πᾶς, εὐτονος) much-strained, very active.

πᾶν-εφθός, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πᾶν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πᾶν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὅν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. —κῶς, pompously. From

πᾶν-ηγυρίς Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πᾶν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πᾶν-ήμερος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηὺς πανημερὴ a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πᾶν-ήμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θελήτωρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. —κτερω, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλω) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthera.

παν-θυμᾶδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πᾶν-θύτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πανικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δέμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πᾶν-ἕμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἕμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [Ὶ]

πανίσδομαι, Dor. for πηνίζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν Ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycalé, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια

(sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

(παν-ἄλβητος, ον, (πᾶς, λαβάομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννύχιζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the live-long night; παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the live-long night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὅν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηὺς πείρε κέλευσθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νύχis, ἴδος, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πᾶν νύχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχια as Adv., the livelong night.

πᾶν-ὀδυρτος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οἰζύς, ὁ, gen. ὄος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and —οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

πᾶν-οικία Ion. —ίη, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, household and all.

παν-οἶμοι, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμοι) oh utter woe!

πᾶν-ὀλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πᾶν-οπιλεί, Adv. (πᾶς, ὀμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀματός, ον, (πᾶς, ὀμμα) all eyes.

πᾶν-ὀμοιος Ep. —ομοίος [Ὶ], ον, (πᾶς, ὅμοιος) exactly like.

πᾶν-ομφαίος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πᾶν-οπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence

πᾶν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [Ὶ]

πάν-οπλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὅπλον) *in full armour*, 'with all his harness *on*.'

πάν-όπτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄφθαι) *the all-seeing*.

πάν-ορμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) *always fit for landing*.

πᾶνός, ὁ, Acol. for φᾶνός, (φαίνω) *a torch, beacon*.

πανουργέω, *φ. ἥσω*, (πανουργός) *to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue*; ὅσα πανουργεῖν *to do a holy deed in an unholy way*. Hence

πανουργημα, *ατος, τό*, *a knavish, roguish act*.

πανουργία, *ἡ*, (πανουργέω) *villany, knavery, trickery*; *in plur. knavish tricks*.

πανουργ-ὑπαρχίδας, *ου, ὁ*, (πανουργός, ὑπαρχος) *a captain of rascals*: *or* = πανούργος Ἱππαρχίδης, *knave Hipparchides*.

πᾶν-ούργος, *ον*, (πᾶν, ἔργον) *ready to do anything*; *mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous*: as Subst., πανούργος, ὁ, *ἡ*, *a knave, villain, rogue*; πανούργον, *τό*, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, *most rascally*.—Adv. πανούργως, *villainously*; Sup. -ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄψις) *seen by all*, *epith. of a spear*.

παν-σᾶγία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: *dat. as Adv. πασάγῃ*, *like πανοπλίᾳ, in full armour*.

παν-σέληνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σελήνη) *of the moon, at the full*; ὥρα πανσέληνος *the time of full moon*: ἡ πανσέληνος (*sub. νύξ*), *the time of full moon*; *the full moon*; ἡ αὔριον πανσέληνος *to-morrow's full moon*.

πάν-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *very stately*.

πάν-σκοπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) *all-surveying*.

πάν-σοφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σοφός) *all-wise, very wise*.

πάν-στερμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, στέμμα) *composed of all sorts of seeds*.

παν-στρατιῶ *Ion.* -ιῆ, (πᾶς, στρατός) *dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατίας occurs), with the whole army*.

πανσυσία *Ion.* -ίη, (πᾶς, σείω) *dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυσία in use, with all speed*.

πάν-συρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σύρω) *swept together from every side, accumulated*.

παντά, *Adv., Dor. for πάντη*.

πάντακῆ, *Adv., Ion. for πανταχῇ*.

παν-τάλας, *ανα, ᾶν*, (πᾶς, τάλας) *all-wretched*.

παντάπασι, *before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) entirely, wholly, altogether*: *in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly*.

παντάρβη, *ἡ*, *name of a precious stone*.

παντ-αρκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) *all-prevailing*.

παντ-άρχας, *Dor. for παντάρχης, ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) *ruler of all*.

πάντ-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) *all-ruling, absolute*.

παντάχῃ, *Ion. παντακῇ, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way*. II. of Manner, *by all means, absolutely: in all respects*.

παντάχθεν, *Adv. (πᾶς) from all places or sides*.

παντάχου, *Adv. (πᾶς) in all directions, every way*.

παντάχόσε, *Adv. (πᾶς) to all places, every way*.

παντάχου, *Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere*.

παντάχως, *Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways*.

παν-τελής, *ές*, (πᾶς, τέλος) *all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute*. 2. *fully accomplished*. 3. *com-*

prising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act. *all-accomplishing*. Hence

παντελῶς *Ion.* -ῶς, *Adv., also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright*.

πάντεσσι, *Ep. for πᾶσι, dat. pl. of πᾶς*.

παν-τευχία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, τεύχος) = παν-οπλία, *complete armour*; ξὺν *or* ἐν παντευχίᾳ *in full armour*.

πάν-τεχνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τέχνη) *assisting all the arts*.

πάντη *Dor. παντά, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way*. II. *in every way, by all means*; οὐ πάντη *not quite*.

πᾶν-τίμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τίμη) *all-honourable*.

παντό-γηρως, *ου, gen. ου*, (πᾶς, γῆρας) *making all old, enfeebling all*.

παντο-δᾶής, *ές*, (πᾶς, *δάω) *all-knowing*.

παντοδᾶπός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (πᾶς) *of every kind, of all sorts, manifold*. Adv. -πῶς, *in all kinds of ways*.

πάντοθεν, *Adv. (πᾶς) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique*.

πάντοθι, *Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere*.

παντοίως, *α, ου*, (πᾶς) *of all sorts or kinds, manifold*; παντοίως γενέσθαι *to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object*. Hence

παντοίως, *Adv. in every kind of way*.

παντο-κράτωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, κράτew) *all-mighty*.

παντ-ολίγοχρονίος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) *utterly short-lived*.

πᾶν-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring, shameless*.

παντο-μίσής, *ές*, (πᾶς, μῖσος) *all-bateful*.

παντο-πάθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) *all-suffering*.

παντο-πόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, πόρος) *all-inventive*.

παντ-όπτως, *Dor. for παντόπτης, ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ὄφθαι) *all-seeing*.

πάντοσε, *Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways, every way*.

παντό-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *all-reverend, august*.

πάντοτε, *Adv. at all times, always*.

παντό-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring*.

παντ-ουργός, *όν*, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) *all-devouring*.

παντό-φυρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φύρω) *all-confused, commingled*.

πᾶν-τροπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέπω) *utterly routed*.

παν-τρόφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέφω) *all-nourishing*.

πάντως, *Adv. (πᾶς) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in no wise, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non*. II. *in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means*.

πάνυ, *Adv. (πᾶς) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino*. 2. *very, very much, exceedingly*. 3.

ὁ πάνυ *with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; οἱ πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνυ Περικλῆς the famous Pericles*. II. *in answers, yes by all means, certainly*. [δ]

παν-υπέροχος, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέροχος) *eminent above all*.

πάν-υπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέρτατος) *uppermost; highest of all*.

παν-υστάτος, ον, and πάν-ύστατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὕστατος) *last of all*.

πάνωλεθρία, ἡ, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From πάν-ώλεθος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔλεθος, ἄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*.

2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πάν-ώλης, ες, (πᾶς, ἄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πάν-ωφεις, εσσα, εν, (πᾶς, ὤψ) *visible to all*.

πάν-ωρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὥρα) *in every season*.

πάξ, Lat. *rax!* *bush! still!*

πάξι, πάξαιμι, Dor. for πῆξαι, πῆξαιμι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆγνυμι.

ΠΑΨΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπάσάμην: pf. πέπασμαι, inf. πεπάσθαι: Dep.:—to get, acquire, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to have in possession.

παπαί, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae! oh! alas!* II. of surprise, *ah!*

παπαϊάς, lengthd. for παπαί.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαί, an exclam. of surprise.

παππαίζω, (πάππας) to call *para*, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling *para*.

ΠΑΨΙΑΞ, ον, ὁ, *para*, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, *manma*, of μήτηρ.

παππαῖας, ον, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, *dear little para*.

παππιδιον, τό, = παππίας. [ῖ]

παππίζω, = παππαίζω.

ΠΑΨΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶος, α, ον, (πάππος) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him.

πόπραξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasias. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νονσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΨΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάπυρος, ὁ and ἡ, the *papyrus*, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for *para* in sense of *παρεστί*.

ΠΑΡΑ' Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.: Radical sense, *beside*:

I, WITH GENIT. from *beside, from alongside of*, whether of Place or Person: metaph. *issuing, derived, proceeding from*; παρ' ἐαυτοῦ δίδοναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, παρά

is used like ὑπό, Lat. *a* or *ab*, by, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθῆναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; παρ' ἐμοί, Lat. *me* *judice*, before me; παρὰ Δαρείῳ κριθῆ before Darius as judge; παρ' ἐαυτῷ at one's home, Lat. *apud* se.

III. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, *running along, beside*. 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of persons. 3. going by, leaving on one side; παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα παρίεναι to go past Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; παρὰ δύναμιν beyond one's strength; contrary to, against; παρὰ μοῖραν contrary to destiny; παρὰ δόξαν contrary to opinion.

4. beside, beyond, except; οὐκ ἐστὶ παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, παρὰ ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν Ὀλυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost; παρὰ πολὺ by much; παρὰ τοσούτον by so much; παρ' ὅσον by how much, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν he came within a little of dying; παρὰ τοσούτον κινδύνου ἔλθεῖν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little. 5. in comparison with; αὐτὸς παρ' ἐαυτὸν himself compared with himself; παρ' οὐδέν ἐστι it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδέν ἡγήσασθαι to consider as nothing:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day; παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ἥσα ὥσπερ θεοὶ οἱ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσιν men as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρὰ τοὺς ἄλλους πονεῖν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest. II. of Time, during; παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written *πάρα*: so also when it stands for *πάρεμι* or *πάρεστι*.

Παρά absol., AS ADV., near, together, at once.

IN COMPOS., παρά retains its chief usages as Prep., I. alongside of, beside, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-έζομαι.

II. from one to another, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-έχω.

III. passing by, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. *swerving aside*, i. e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, contrary to, against, as in παρ-αίσιος.

IV. of alteration or change, as in παρ-άφημι, παρα-πέθω.

ΠΑΡΑΒΑΘΝΗΑΙ, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω.

ΠΑΡΑ-ΒΑΙΝΩ, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβᾶς Ep. παραβεβᾶς: aor. 2 παρῆβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat.

II. to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress; ὁ παραβάς the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I πᾶρεβᾶθην [ᾱ], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed or offended against.

III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: οὐ με παρέβα it escaped me not.

IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ἐς or πρὸς τὸ θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτρος, *ον*, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, *ον*, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal.

παρ-βάλλω, *φ*. -βάλλω: *αορ.* 2 *παρέβαλον*: *πρ.* -βέβληκα:—*Pass.*, *αορ.* I -εβλήθην: *πρ.* -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, *Lat. objicere, projicere*: to bold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, *Lat. objicere*.

II. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—*Med.* to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβαλλόμενος πολέμειν setting my life upon a cast in war: so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—*Med.*, παραβαλλόμενοι *tying with one another*: *Pass.*, ἀπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another.

III. to bring to the side of; *esp.* in *Med.*, παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἅκτον to bring the boat alongside; and *absol.* in *αορ.* 2 *imperf.* παραβαλοῦ, put to land.

IV. to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, *i. e.* to squint.

V. to deposit with one, entrust to him.

VI. to deceive, betray. *VII.* *intr.* in *Act.* to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like *Lat. trajicio*.

παρὰβάς, *ἄσα, ἄν*, *αορ.* 2 *part.* of παραβαίνω.

παράβασις *Ερ.* *παραίβασις*, *εως, ἡ*, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. *II.* the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παρὰβάτης (*ᾶ*), *ον, ὁ*, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer.

II. a transgressor, in poet. form παρβάτης.

παρὰβάτος *poët.* *παρβατός, ἡ, ὄν*, (παραβαίνω) transgressed. *II.* to be gone beyond, surpassed.

παρὰβῆσθαι, *πρ.* *pass.* of παραβαίνω.

παρὰβασθαι, *πρ.* *inf.* *pass.* of παραβαίνω.

παρὰβῆναι, *αορ.* 2 *inf.* of παραβαίνω.

παρὰβιάσθαι, *φ*. ἄσσομαι: *Dep.*:—to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρὰβλέπω, *φ*. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρῳ to wink with one eye. 2. to see wrong.

παρὰβλήθην, *Adv.* (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήθην ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, *i. e.* maliciously, invidiously.

παρὰβλημα, *ατος, τό*, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or skreen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρὰβλώσκω: *φ*. -μολοῦμαι: *αορ.* 2 *παρέμολον*: *πρ.* *παρήμεβλωκα* *Ερ.* *παρήμεβλωκα*:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητός, *α, ον*, and **παραβλητός, ἡ, ὄν, *verb.* *Adj.* of παραβάλλω, comparable.**

παραβλῶψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοάω, *φ*. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to.

παρα-βοηθεύω, *φ*. ἴσσω, to come to help another: *absol.* come to the rescue.

παραβολεύομαι, *Dep.* (παραβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run hazard.

παραβολή, ἡ, (παραβάλλω) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, *ον*, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: *bazarding*: of persons, venturesome, reckless. 2. of things, hazardous, perilous.

παρα-βουλεύομαι, *Dep.* to shew disregard.

παράβυστος, *ον*, (παραβύω) stuffed in.

παρα-βύω, *φ*. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῥ]

παραγαγείν, *αορ.* 2 *inf.* of παράγω.

παραγγελία, ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's partisans.

3. instruction, doctrine. From

παρ-αγγέλλω, *φ*. -αγγεῶ: *αορ.* I *παρήγγειλα*: *πρ.* *παρήγγειλα*: *pass.* *παρήγγεμαι*:—to pass an announcement from one to another.

II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, *Lat. imperium per manus tradere*:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then 2. generally, to recommend, charge, exhort.

3. *c. acc. rei*, to order; παραγγέλλειν σῖτα to order provisions, like *Lat. imperare frumentum*: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given.

III. also to encourage, cheer on. *IV.* to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another. *II.* an order, word of command.

III. instruction.

παραγγέλλω, *φ*, (παραγγέλω) an announcing. *II.* in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.

παρ-γεύω, *φ*. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—*Med.* to taste slightly of a thing.

παρ-γηρώω, *φ*. ἄσσομαι, to be the worse for old age.

παρ-γίνομαι later **-γίνομαι** (*ῥ*), *fut.* -γενήσομαι: *αορ.* 2 *παρεγενόμην*:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support. 2. of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to. *II.* to come to, arrive at: *absol.* to arrive at one's destination. 2. to come to maturity.

παρ-γινώσκω later **-γινώσκω**: *fut.* -γνώσομαι: *αορ.* 2 *παρέγνων*:—to decide beside the right, *i. e.* to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκάλη) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.

παρ-αγκονίζομαι, *Dep.* (παρά, ἀγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

παρ-αγνῶς, παρ-αγνῶναι, *αορ.* 2 *part.* and *inf.* of παραγινῶσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῇ).

παρα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παρα-γέγραμμαι, to have a thing written by the side: to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment (γραφῇ); absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφῇ.

παρα-γυμνῶ, f. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph. to lay open, disclose.

παρ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line. II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert. III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness, etc. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παρ-άγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (πίτυλος) in coming out of the water. II. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρῶ, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with. παρα-δαρθάνα, f. -δαρθήσονται: aor. 2 παρέρθων Ep. παρέρθων, inf. παραδραβέν:—to sleep beside or by.

παράδειγμα, τό, (παράδεικνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example; ἐπὶ παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματῶδης, es, (παράδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, pourtray. 3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δειπνόν) to go without one's dinner.

παράδεισος, ὁ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεκαμι: Dep.:—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλώ, f. ὦσω, to disclose by a side hint.

παρα-διακονέω, f. ἡσώ, to attend and serve.

παρα-διατρίβῃ, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to hand over to justice: also to betray. 3. to hand down, transmit to posterity.

II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παράδοξος, ἡς, ἡ, aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ov, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως.

παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτός, α, ov, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, give:—neut. παραδοτόν or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδραβέν Ep. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδραβάνω.

παραδραβέν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

παρα-δράω Ep. παρα-δράω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμείν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter.

παράδρομος, ov, (παραδραμείν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρῶω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυστος, ἡ, a slinking in beside. From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέρδν, inf. παραδύναι Ep. παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσείω, Desiderat. of παραδίδωμι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρ-αείρω contr. παραίρω (παρά, αείρω contr. αἶρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to hang on one side; Ep. aor. I pass. παρήρην Att. παρήρην.

παρα-ξύννυμι and -ύω, f. -ξεύω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ξηλώ, f. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ζύννυμι and -ύω, f. -ξύω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θαλασσιδίας Att. -ττιδίας, ov, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seashore.

παρ-θάλλω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.
 παρ-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.
 παραθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.
 παραθεῖς, παράθες, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.
 παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.
 παρα-θερμαίνω, to heat or inflame to excess.
 παραθέσθαι, εως, ἡ, (παράτιθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice.
 παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσονται, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.
 παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἡσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.
 παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to wet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.
 παραθήκη, ἡ, (παράτιθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.
 παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.
 πᾶρα, poet. for παρά.
 παραβασίη, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, transgression.
 παραι-βάτεω, παραι-βάτης, poet. for παραβ-.
 παραιβόλος, ov, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήθην.
 παρ-αἰθύσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.
 παραινεσις, ἡ, (παραινέω) advice, counsel.
 παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρήνεν: pf. παρήνημαι: to advise, recommend, counsel.
 παραιπετίθησιν, παραιπετιούσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραιπέω.
 παραιρεσις, ἡ, a taking away from beside, a withholding of, curtailing. From
 παρ-αίρω, f. ἡσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρήρην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to: παραιρεῖν ἄνδρ ἐς παῖδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence
 παραιρήμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvaige of cloth: generally, a band, strip.
 παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αίρω.
 παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to hear of by the way.
 παρ-αἰστος, ov, (παρά, αἶστος) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.
 παρ-αἰσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξα:—to dart past.
 παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to beg of or from another: I. c. acc. rei, to obtain by prayer or entreaty. 2. c. acc. pers. to move by entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do.
 Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence
 παραιτήσις, ἡ, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.
 παρ-αἰτος, ov, also α, ov, (παρά, αἰτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.
 παραι-φάμενος, η, ov, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exhorting, encouraging.
 παραι-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις, (παράφημι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.
 παραι-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.
 παρ-αιώρην, f. ἡσω, to hang up beside:—Pass. to be hung or hang beside.
 παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακατάβαλλω.
 παρακαθέζεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.
 παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθήσθαι, Dep. to sit beside or near.
 παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθίζω Att. -καθίω, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I ἐκαθίσάμην:—to sit down beside.
 παρα-καθίμι, f. -καθήσω, to let down by the side: so also in Med. παρακαθίεμαι.
 παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.
 παρα-καιρός and παρά-καιρος, ov, (παρά, καιρός) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.
 παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.
 παρα-κάλω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call to one, i. e., I, to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence
 παρακαταβολή, ἡ, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.
 παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρκατατίθημι) anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust.
 παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανούμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.
 παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.
 παρα-κατακλίνω, f. ἱνῶ, to lay down beside.

παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. ξομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρακατέλεκτο.

παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's bands.

παρα-καταπύγνυμι, f. -καταπύξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττώ, Att. for παρα-κασύω, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεκέσκετο: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακέλευμα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμεσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plqpf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακέλευσις, ἡ, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακέλευσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ὁ, = παρακέλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κινεῖξω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδυνεύεις, ἡ, a desperate venture. From

παρα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or hazard a thing: c. inf. to have the hardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard: in Pass., ἔπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a hardy, venturous phrase.

παρα-κινέω, f. ἴσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter.

2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad.

3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:—to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κλήω, to bar or shut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληῖω, Ion. for παρακαλείω.

παράκλησις, ἡ, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3. exhortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέος, α, ὄν, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

παράκλητος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ὁ, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper; hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίδόν, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίνω, ὀρος, ὁ, = παρακλίτης. From παρα-κλίνω [ῥ], f. -κλινῶ, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνων τὴν θύραν to set the gate ajar. 2.

metaph. to make to swerve, distort; ἄλλα παρακλίνουσι δίκας they turn righteous judgments aside. II.

Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθην [ῥ]: pf. παραέκλμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere. III. intr. in Act., to turn

aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ὄν, ὁ, one who lies beside at meals. [ῥ]

παρα-κλίνω, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong.

παρ-ακμάζω, f. άσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρ-ακοάω, Ion. for παρ-ανοάω.

παρᾱκοή, ἡ, (παρᾱκούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρᾱ-κουνόμαι, Med. (παρᾱ, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρᾱ-κοίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (παρᾱ, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, husband.

παρᾱ-ἀκοίτης, ὄν, ἡ, acc. ἴν: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρᾱ, ἀκοίτης) a wife, consort.

παρᾱ-ἀκολουθέω, f. ἴσω, to follow close or hard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to hold good throughout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρᾱκομιδή, ἡ, (παρᾱκομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρᾱ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρᾱ-ἀκονάω, f. ἴσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρᾱ-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρᾱκοπή, ἡ, (παρᾱκώπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παρᾱκόπος, ὄν, (παρᾱκόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρᾱ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ἀνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρᾱ-ἀκούω, f. -ἀκούσομαι, (παρᾱ, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. II. to bear or learn underhand. III. to bear wrong, misunderstand.

παρᾱ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμῶ:—to let hang on the side.

παρᾱκρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρᾱκρεμάννυμι.

παρα-κρίνω [ῖ], f. -κρίνω: aor. 1. παρέκρινα: pf. παραικρίκα: Pass., aor. 1. παρεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. παραικρίμαι:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρα-κροτέω, f. ἥσω, to pat, touch on the side. παράκρουσις, ἡ, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρα-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παραικρούκα: Pass., aor. 1. παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραικρούσμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραικτέκημαι, to have over and above.

παρ-ακτίδιος, on, and παρ-άκτιος, α, on, (παρά, ἀκτὴ) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρ-ακύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1. παρέκνυφα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectedly. 2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρ-ακωχέω, see παρ-ακωχέω.

παρ-αλαμβάνω: f. -λήφωμαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2. -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -εἰληφα, pass. -εἰλημμαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, hear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παρ-αλέγω, f. ξω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέξομαι: aor. 1. παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2. παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παρ-αλεπτέον, verb. Adv. one must omit. From παρ-αλείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining: 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment. παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω. παρ-αλεύσσω, = παροράω. παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted. παρ-αληρέω, f. ἥσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare. παραληφθήσομαι, παρ-αλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-αλήψις, εως, ἡ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession. παρ-αλία (sub. χώρα), ἡ, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, ἄλς) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παρ-αλλάγῃ, ἡ, (παρ-αλλάσσω) a passing from hand to hand, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παρ-αλλάγμα, ματος, τό, (παρ-αλλάσσω) an exchange. παρ-αλλάξ, Adv. (παρ-αλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1. παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. 1. -ηλλάχθην: aor. 2. -ηλλάγην [ᾱ]: pf. -ήλλαγμα:—to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, on, (παρά, ἄλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρ-αλογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παρ-αλογισμός, ό, false reckoning: a fallacy.

παρ-α-λογος, on, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρ-α-λογος, ό, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

παρ-άλος, on, (παρά, ἄλς) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. of Πάροι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία): opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos.

III. ἡ Πάροις (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμνία.

παρ-αλύπew, f. ἥσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυπoύντες, the refractory.

παρ-αλυτικός, ἡ, όν, (παρ-αλύω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρ-α-λύω, f. -λύω [ῶ]: aor. 1. παρέλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. 1. παρελύθην [ῶ]: pf. -ελέλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off; detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part.

παρ-αλελυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-αμέλω, f. ψω: aor. 1. παρήμειψα: (παρά, ἀμέλω):—to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-αμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-ημελήκει: (παρά, ἀμελέω):—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παρὰμένημαι, pf. of παραμνήσκειμαι.
παρὰ-μένο, f. -μενός: aor. I παρήμενα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast. 2. to stay at a place, stay beside.
3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-ήμερος, ov, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ἀ]
παρὰ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.

παρ-ήμεύω, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med. παραμεύεσθαι τινος μορφήν to surpass one in beauty.

παρὰ-μυρίαδης, ov, (παρά, μυριάς) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμυρίαδία armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρὰ-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμικμαι:—to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2. to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ov, (παρά, ἀμιλλα) vying or racing with.
παρὰ-μνηνέσκειμαι, fut. -μνήσσομαι: pf. -μένημαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρὰ-μύνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.
παρὰ-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίννυμι.

παρὰ-μνάομαι, Ion. for παραμνήσκειμαι.
παρὰ-μολέιν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσκειν.

παρὰμόνιος, ov, also η, ov, (παράμηνω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιον, as Adv., steadfastly.

παρὰ-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ov, (παράμηνω) lasting.
παρὰ-μουσος, ov, (παρά, Μοῦσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence harsh, horrid.

παρ-αμπέχω or -αμπίσχω: f. παραμφέω: aor. 2 παρήμισχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-αμπυκίζω Lacon. -πυκίδω: (παρά, ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or head-band.

παρὰ-μυθεόμαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθησάμην: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παρὰμυθία, ή, encouragement: also persuasion.
παρὰμυθιον, τό, (παρὰμυθεόμαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρὰ-μυκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρ-αναγινώσκω later -αναγινώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγινώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρὰ-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.
παρὰ-ναύλις, f. -ναύλω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavish.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρὰ-νέω, f. -νέωσομαι and -νευσόμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρὰνέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to hear) to hear or pile up beside: Ion. παρὰ-νήω and -νήνω.

παρὰ-νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρὰ-νικάω, f. ήσω, to corrupt by conquest.
παρὰ-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρὰνέομαι, to pass beside or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer: II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρὰ-νόω, f. ήσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοιά, ή, derangement, madness, folly.

παρὰ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρὰ-νομέω: impf. παρηνόμουν: aor. I παρηνόμυσα: pf. παρηνόμικα: Pass., aor. παρηνόμησθην: pf. παρηνόμημαι: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence

παρὰνόημα, ατος, τό, an illegal act, transgression.
παρὰνομία, ής, (παρὰνόμεν) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.

παρὰ-νομος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρὰνόμων γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρὰ-νοος, ov, contr. παρὰ-vous, ov, (παρά, νόος) distraught, frenzied.

παρ-άντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίος) sideways, sideways.

παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρὰντέλλω.

παρὰ-νύμφος, ή, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

παρὰ-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

παρὰ-ξενος, ov, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρὰ-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ov, (παρά, άξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρὰ-ξύω, f. -ξύω[ν], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρὰ-παίω, f. -παήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. excidere; παρὰπαίειν φρενών to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρὰ-πάλλω, to hurl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρὰ-παν, Adv., for παρὰ πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ διηκόσια τὸ παρὰ παν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ᾤπάτῳ, f. ήσω, to mislead, cajole.

παρ-ᾤπάφισκω: fut. -απαφήσω: aor. 2 παρήπαφον:—poet. for παρὰπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρὰ-πέιθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παρὰπειθήσει; part. παρὰπειθών, παρὰπειθοῦσα, παρὰπειθύντες.

παραιορδομαι, f. αδομαι [α], Dep. to make trial of. παραιορμω, f. ψω: aor. I παραιορμω:—to send by or beyond, make pass through: of sound, to send or echo back. 2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships. II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παραιορδων, aor. 2 part. of παραιορπω. παραιορπταμαι, = παραιορτομαι. παραιορπταννυμι and -ων, f. -πτασω: pf. -πτετασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence παραιορπτασμαι, atos, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παραιορπτομαι: f. -πτησσομαι, syncop. -πτησσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παραιορπηγνυμι and -ων, f. -πηξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -ππηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παραιορπηδω, f. ήσσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παραιορπικρανω, to embitter, provoke. Hence παραιορπικρασμος, ό, provocation: contumacy.

παραιορπτηρημι, f. -πρησω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παραιορπιπτω, f. -πποσσομαι: aor. 2 -έπποσιν: pf. -πέπποκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer itself. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παραιορπλαγας, aor. I part. of παραιορπλαζω. παραιορπλαζω, f. -πλαζω: aor. I παραιορπλαξα: Pass., aor. I παραιορπλαγην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παραιορπλευριδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-horses.

παραιορπλεω Ion. -πλωω: f. -πλευσσομαι and -πλευσσομαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παραιορπλω (as if from a Verb in -μυ):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραιορπληγας, acc. pl. of παραιορπληξ. παραιορπληκτος, on, (παραιορπλησσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραιορπληξ, ήγος, ό, ή, (παραιορπλησσω) struck side-ways: ήγος παραιορπληγας a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff).

II. metaph. = παραιορπληκτος, mad.

παραιορπλησιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, πλησιος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παραιορπλησιον, παραιορπλησια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραιορπλησιως, nearly, almost: παραιορπλησιως αγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παραιορπλησσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραιορπλόμενος, η, on, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραιορπλέομαι.

παραιορπλος contr. -πλους, ό, (παραιορπλώ) a sailing beside. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. *trajectus*.

παραιορπλώω, Ion. for παραιορπλέω.

παραιορπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -μυ.

παραιορπνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραιορπνέω.

παραιορπνέω, f. -πνεύσσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παραιορπόδιος, ποët. παραιορπόδιος, on, (παρά, ποús) at the feet, close by, present.

παραιορποιέω, f. ήσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παραιορπολλυμι, f. -απολλέω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf., -απόλωκα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παραιορπομπή, ή, (παραιορπέμω) a conveying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παραιορπόντιος, on, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea. παραιορπορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παραιορποτάμιος, α, on, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river: οι παραιορποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παραιορπράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purpose. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παραιορπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassy. From

παραιορπρεσβέω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faithfully or dishonestly.

παραιορπρισμα, atos, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παραιορπρίω, f. -πριομαι, to saw beside or gently. [i] παραιορπρίω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:—Pass., παραιορπριμένα χερσὶ πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παραιορπτωμαι, atos, τό, (παραιορπιπτω) a fall beside: metaph. a transgression.

παραιορπύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παραιορραθύνομ, παραιορραίνω, etc., v. παραιορρ-.

παραιορρος Ion. πάρηρος, on, like παρηρος, (παρά, αίρω) deranged in mind.

παραιορρος, on, Dor. and ποët. for παρηρος, distraught.

παραιορραξάω, fut. άσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, file.

παραιορράπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραιορρέω, f. -ρεύσσομαι: pf. παραιορρήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form παραιορρηνν: (παρά, ρέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραιορρηνν τινι to slip off it.

II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory. III. to slip in unawares.

παραιορρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I παραιορρηξα: (παρά, ρήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παραιορρρωγα, to break or burst out beside

α from; παρέρρωγεν ποδὸς φλέψ a vein has burst out from his foot.

παρρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ῥητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παρρηγίω, (παρά, ῥιγώ) to freeze beside or near.

παρρηπίτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παρρηπύην, aor. 2 opt. of παρρηπύω.

παρρηρύθμος poet. παρρηρύθμος, ὄν, (παρά, ῥυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παρρηρύμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παρρηρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ῥύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρρηρύω Ion. -έω: f. ῥσω: pf. pass. παρρηρύμαι: —to hang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παρρηρύομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρρηρύημα, τό, anything hanging at the side.

παρρηρύης, ὄν, ὁ, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρρηρύος, ὄν, (παρά, ῥεύω) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παρρηρύος ἵππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to swing beside one.

παρρηρύω, f. ἄνω, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρρηρύον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παρρηρύος.

παρρηρύος, ὄν, (παρά, ῥημα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, (παρρηρύος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρρηρύος, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: as Subst., παρρηρύος, ὁ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω: aor. I. παρρηρύωσα: Pass., pf. παρρηρύωμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plpf. παρρηρύωσαν: —to get ready, prepare: to hold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρρηρύωμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς παρρηρύωσαν when preparations had been made; παρρηρύωσαν τοῖς Ἕλλησι preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρρηρύωσα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρρηρύω, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπό or ἐκ παρρηρύω, of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' ὀλίγης παρρηρύω with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II. that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρρηρύω, τὰ, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρρηρύω, f. ὥσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to light or fall beside or near.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to leap beside or near.

παρρηρύω, f. -σέφωμαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly.

παρρηρύω, f. ἄνω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρρηρύω, f. ἴω, (παρά, ἄσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence παρρηρύω, οὗ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρρηρύω, ὄν, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρρηρύω, Adv. (παρρηρύω) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρρηρύω, παρρηρύω, ἄν, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρρηρύω.

παρρηρύω, ἄν, ἡ, (παρρηρύω) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παρρηρύω, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παρρηρύω.

παρρηρύω, εως, ἡ, (παρρηρύω) a putting aside, banishing. II. (παρρηρύω) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρρηρύω, f. ῥω, to stand by or near. From παρρηρύω, ὄν, ὁ, (παρρηρύω) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστᾶτης is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστᾶτης one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρρηρύω, ἴδω, ἡ, a helper, assistant, ally.

παρρηρύω, aor. 2 παρρηρύω, to go by, past or beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and 1 inf. of παρίστημι.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέω Att. -στορῶ:—to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away, bury along, as a flood. 2. παρασύρειν ἔπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλλω: aor. 1 παρέσφηλα:—to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παράσχεθαι, poet. aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρασχεῖν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρα-σχιζώ, f. -σχιζώ, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol., see παρέχω iv.

παράταξις, ἡ, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 παρέταξα: Pass., pf. παρατάσμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. παρατετάχατο:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τένω, fut. -τενώ: aor. 1 παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass., aor. 1 παρτάθην: pf. παρατέτακα:—to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; παρατείνων τάφρον to draw a long trench. 2. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3. to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολιорκία παρατείνεσθαι to hold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, τειχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. 1 παρετεκτηνάμην: Med.:—to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τάμῶ:—to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τρέω, f. ἦσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ἡ, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθω, with 3 sing. pres. παρτίθει, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρτίθεις, -ει (as if from παρτίθω): fut. -θήσω: aor. 1 παρτίθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρτίθει: Pass., pf. παρτίθειμαι:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege.

3. to place side by side, compare. II. Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, hazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλλω, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part. παρατετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, ον, (παρτείνω) stretched out beside or along, hanging down by the side.

πατραρᾶγειν, aor. 2 inf. of πατραρῶω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμὸν πατραρῶω to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι: aor. 2 παρέρδραμον:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear. παρα-τρέβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; παπαρτίβειν χρυσὸν ἀεήρατον ἄλλω χρυσῷ (sc. εἰς βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave; Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [ῖ]

παρα-τροπέω, = παρτρέπω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

πατραροπή, ἡ, (παρτρέπω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, ον, (παρτρέπω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for πατραρέχω.

παρα-τρώω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 πατράτρωον:—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet. for πατρατρέπω, to turn away, divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 παρτύχων:—to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesto esse. 2. ὁ πατυγῶν whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ πατυγῶχανον or τὸ πατυγῶχόν, whatever happens. 3. πατυγῶχόν, absol. like παρόν, πασχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ον, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρτύχων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πατυγῶχανω.

παρ-αυδᾶω, f. ἦσω, to speak to, address. 2. to make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παρὰυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

παρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

παρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

παρ-αὐτᾶ, Adv. for παρ' αὐτᾶ (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρῆμα, immediately, on the spot. II. in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αὐτικᾶ, Adv. (παρά, αὐτικά) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αἱ παρὰυτικά ἡδοναὶ present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παρὰφθαιν, aor. 2 inf. of παρὰεσθαι.

παρὰφάνω poet. παρφ-: f. -φᾶνῶ; to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παρὰφαινεῖν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παρὰφασις poet. παρὰίφασις and πᾶρφασις, ἡ, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρὰ-φέρω, f. παρ-οίσω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παρὰφέρειν νόμον to propose a law.

3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4. to carry away: Pass. to be carried away. II. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

III. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρὰ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρὰ-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παρὰφθαίν, aor. 2 opt. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφθάνω [ᾶ], f. -φθάσω [ᾶ] and -φθήσομαι, aor. 2 παρὲφθην part. παρὰφθάς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.

παρὰ-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέξομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρὰ-φθῆησι, Ep. for παρὰφθῆ, aor. 2 subj. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφορά, ἡ, (παρὰφέρωμαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παρὰφορέω, = παρὰφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παράφορος, ον, (παρὰφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παράφραγμα, atos, τό, (παρὰφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρὰφράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρὰφρονέω, f. ἴσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παρὰφρόνησις, εως, ἡ, παραφρονία, ἡ, and παραφροσύνη, ἡ, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρὰφρόνιμος, ον, = παράφρων.

παρὰφρυκτωρεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρὰφρων, ον, gen. ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρὰφύλασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρὰφυσάω, f. ἴσω, to puff up.

παρὰφύω, f. -φύσω [ῶ], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυκα, aor. 2 παρὲφύν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρὰ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παρὰ-χειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρὰ-χειμάδια, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

παρὰ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I παρὲχαι: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to heap up beside.

παρὰ-χορδίζω, f. σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρὰ-χράομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in Ion. part. παρὰχρέμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρὰ-χρήμα, Adv. for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway; ἡ παρὰχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ παρὰχρήμα off-hand, on the spur of the moment.

παρὰ-χρως, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (παρά, χρῶα) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρὰ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρὰ-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παρὰχωρητέον, verb. Adj. one must give way.

παρὰψύχῃ, ἡ, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρὰ-ψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [ῶ]

παρ-βάτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for παραβάτης. [βᾶ]

παρβεβάσ, poet. for παραβεβᾶς, pf. part. of παραβαίνω.

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], ον, wet, damp.

παρδαλή Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a leopard-skin. From

πάρδαλις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρδαλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard. παρδῆν, παρδησομαι, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω.

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, like πάρδαλις, πᾶνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρδω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρεῖσι, Ep. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of παρείμι (εἰμί sum).

παρεβᾶθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of παραβαίνω.

παρεβάλλον, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρεβῆν, aor. 2 of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφεις, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγνάω, f. ἦσω, to hand on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυῶν τὸ ξύνημα to pass on the watchword or word of command.

2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage.

3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to hand over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ἦ, and παρ-εγγύησις, ἦ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρεδράβην, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραδράβην.

παρεδράμω, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. ὦ, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidere. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ἦ, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II.

the office or dignity of assessor.

παρ-εδρος, ὦν, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος,

ὅ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδωκον, aor. I and 2 of παραδίδωμι.

παρ-έζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρ-έξω, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίσω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρεθήκα, aor. I of παρατίθημι.

παρεία, ἦ, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

παρείας, ὦν, ὅ, = παρώας.

παρ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρεῖθην, aor. I pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἴκω, f. ἔω: poet. aor. 2 παρείκαθον, inf. -αθεῖν:—to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρ-εἰκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπῃ παρείκει wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ αἰεὶ παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρεῖμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρεῖναι: impf. παρήν: f. παρ-έσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum):—to be by, to be present.

2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at.

3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. adesse.

4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρόν Ion. παρ-έον, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit.

6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρ-εἶναι: impf. παρήν: (παρά, εἰμί ἴδω):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside.

2. to pass by, overtake, surpass.

3. of Time, to pass on, pass.

II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach.

III.

generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρεῖναι, inf. of παρ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-άφημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part.

παρ-εἰπών, παρ-εἰπούσα, metri grat.]

παρ-εἰρῶν, Ion. for παρ-εἰρῶν.

παρ-εἶρω, (παρά, εἶρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους παρ-εἰρῶν seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

παρείς, 2 sing. of παρ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum).

παρείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰσάγω, f. ἔω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit.

II. to introduce secretly.

Hence

παρ-εἰσακτος, ὦν, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εἰσδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εἰσθούμαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -έδυν pf. -δέδωκα, and plqpf. -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ἦλθον, pf.

-ελήλυθα:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εἰσφέρω, to bring in beside; παρ-εἰσφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρεῖται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel παρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of.

2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρ-έκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρ-έξ Ἀχίλλῃα without the knowledge of Achilles.

II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly.

3. beside, except, παρ-έκ ἢ ὅσον., except so long as.

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. -εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol.

to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρ-εκβάσις, ἦ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away.

παρ-εκίσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παρ-έκειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ἔω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; προεκπροφύγῃσι, Ep. for -φύγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκτάνω, f. ὦσω, = παρ-εκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τενώ, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτέλω, f. ἔσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρ-έχω, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρ-ελάβον, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ᾱ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or past. II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρελεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω.
παρελύντα, Dor. for παρελύντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.
παρελύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρεμι (εἰμι ἰβο) being so used in Att.
παρ-έλω: f. παρέλω or παρελκύσω [ῶ]: aor. I παρελκύσα: pf. pass. παρελκυσμαι: (παρά, ἔλω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.
παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance.
παρ-εμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβαλεῖν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.
παρ-εμβύω, f. ὑσώ [ῶ], to push or stuff in.
παρ-εμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).
παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of.
παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ἥσω, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.
παρ-εμπόρευμα, atos, τό, an article of small value.
From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.
παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, hang upon.
παρ-ενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.
παρ-ενεῖδον, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.
παρ-ενήνεον, impf. of παρανήνέω (see παρανέω).
παρ-ενθῖν, παρ-ενθῶ, Dor. for παρελθῖν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.
παρ-ενθήκη, ἡ, (παρ-εντίθημι) something put in beside, an appendix; παρ-ενθήκη λόγου a digression.
παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἥσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρ-ενόχλημαι, to be troubled besides.
παρ-ενοῤαλέω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.
παρ-έξ or παρ-έξ, v. παρ-έξ.
παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξανλέω, f. ἥσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηλημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρ-εξέβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαίνω,
παρ-εξεῖμι, inf. παρεξίνα, (παρά, ξεῖμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππον, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.
παρ-εξεληδόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.
παρ-εξέλεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 παρεξήλθον pf. παρεξελήλυθα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσώ, to search out by comparison.

παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρ-εξίστημι [ῆ], Ep. inf. of παρέξειμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρ-εῖσις, Dor. fem. part. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εῖπεισα, aor. I of παραπέτω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παραφέλλομαι.

παρ-επιδεικνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επιδημῶ, ov, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέφομαι, to inspect beside.

παρ-επιστροφή, ἡ, (παρ-επιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρ-επιδάγχεθην, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρ-επέλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-επόμαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρ-εργάτης, ov, ὁ, (παρ-εργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ᾱ]

παρ-εργος, ov, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., παρ-εργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν παρ-εργῳ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ παρ-εργου ποιεῖσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρ-εργως, Adv. of παρ-εργος, incidentally.

παρ-ερίτω, f. παρ-ερίσσω [ῶ]: aor. I παρ-ερίψα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερίω Ion. παρ-ερίω, f. ὑσώ, (παρά, ἔρίω) to draw along the side. [ῶ]

παρ-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρεμι (εἰμι ἰβο): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλυθον pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, *to pass*; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος *time past*; τὸ παρελθόν *and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past, of old.* II. *to pass by, outstrip, surpass*: metaph. *to outwit, overreach, circumvent.*

III. *to pass by without beeding, pass over, slight*: also of things, *to escape one's notice, be passed over.* 2. also *to transgress.* IV. *pass on and to come to a place, arrive at*: esp. *to pass into a house.* V. *to come forward, esp. to speak in public.*

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάριμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φάγειν: —*to eat besides.* II. *to eat a piece of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.*

παρεσις, ἡ, (παρίημι) *a letting pass, a letting go*: also *remission, forgiveness.*

παρεσκευάσθαι, παρσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of παρσκευάζω.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρεστήκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. παρεστώς:—neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ον, (παρά, ἐστία) *by or at the hearth.*

παρέσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρετήρουν, impf. of παρατηρέω.

πάρετος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρίημι, *relaxed, palsied.*

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of παρατρέω.

παρ-ευδοκίμω, f. ἤσω, *to surpass in reputation.*

παρ-ευθύνω, *to guide one from the right way, to constrain.* [ῥ]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ἤσω, (παρά, εὐκηλος) *to calm, soothe.*

παρ-ευιάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. *to lie or sleep beside.*

παρ-ευνος, ον, (παρά, εὐνή) *lying beside or with.*

παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω: aor. 2 -εῦρον:—*to find out or discover besides*: *to invent.*

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ἴσω, *to put in order, arrange.* 2. *to arrange amiss, neglect.*

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω iv.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω. II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω: f. παρέξω or παρὰσχῶ: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον poet. παρέσχεθον:—*to hold beside, hold in readiness*: *to furnish, supply.* II. of things, *to afford, grant, cause, render.*

III. *to offer or present for a purpose*: also *to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal*: also *to make or render so and so*: *to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement.* IV. *to allow, grant.*

V. impers., *παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet*: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρὰσχόν (used absol. like παρὸν, ἐξόν, etc.), *it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or*

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat., *πάρεχ' ἐπιποδὼν get yourself out of the way.*

B. Med. *παρέχομαι, f. παρέχομαι or παρὰσχῶμαι*: pf. παρέσχημαι:—*to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means*: *to produce or display on one's own part*: *παρέσθαι τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a witness.*

II. generally, *to have as one's own, produce as one's own*: *παρέσθαι τινα ἀρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general*; of an ambassador, *παρέσθαι πόλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest city.*

III. *to make or render so and so.* IV. of Numbers, *to make up, amount to, give the sum of.* παρ-ηβάω, f. ἤσω, *to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.*

πάρ-ηβας, ον, (παρά, ἥβη) *past one's prime.*

παρήγγεila, aor. 1 of παραγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγόρεω, impf. παρηγόρουν, rarely ἐπαρηγόρουν: f. ἤσω: aor. 1 παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος):—*to address, exhort, encourage*: *to advise, exhort.* II.

to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορέομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion.

2. a consolation.

παρ-ήγορος, ον, (παρά, ἀγορεύω) *addressing, encouraging, cheering.* 2. *consoling.*

παρηγήρθην, aor. 1 pass. of παραιρέω.

πάρηιον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρειά (which he only uses in plur.), *the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast.*

II. *the cheek-ornament of a bridle.*

πάρης, -ῆδος, contr. Απάρης, -ῆδος, ἡ, = παρήιον, *the cheek.*

παρήκα, aor. 1 of παρίημι.

παρ-ήκω, f. ἔω, *to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along.* 2. *to reach or extend to or towards.*

II. *to come forth, appear.* III. of Time, *to be gone by, past.*

παρήλασα, aor. 1 of παρελαύνω.

παρήλθον, aor. 2 of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ήλις, ἔκος, ὁ, ἡ, like πάρηλος, *past one's prime.*

πάρ-ημαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίω, *to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.*: *to sit by one*: *to dwell with one*: *to be present at or near.*

παρ-ήμερος Dor. παράμερος, ον, (παρά, ἡμέρα) *coming day by day, daily.*

παρηγνουν, impf. of παραινέω.

παρήξει, aor. 1 of παρὰίσσω.

πάρηξις, ἡ, (παρήκω) *arrival alongside, coming to shore.*

παρ-ηνίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ἡνών) *lying on the shore.* [ῥ]

παρηγορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) *the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.*

παρ-ήγορος Dor. παρ-άρος, ον, (παρά, ἀείρω) *hanging beside*: παρήγορος (sub. ἵππος) *a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ἑνωρίς) an outrigger, also called παρὰσειπος or σεραφόρος. opp. to ζυγίτης*

or ζύγιος.

II. *lying along, sprawling, helpless* :—also *beside oneself, distraught, silly*.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαφίσκω.

παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρῆς, -ῆδος.

παρήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).

παρήσθην, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρήστημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτώ.

παρθέμενος, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παρτίθημι.

παρθενεία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενεύω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένεια, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθένιος Ion. -ῆιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθενεῦμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition : in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) to bring up a virgin :—Pass. παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθενία, ἡ, = παρθενεία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing :—properly neut. from παρθένιος.

παρθενική (sub. κόρη), ἡ, poet. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid : strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένης, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. 2. παρθένιος, δ, as Subst., the name of an unmarried woman. II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθενό-οπτις [ῖ], ον, (παρθένος, ὀπιτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. *virgo* :—sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. 2. Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφαγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγῆναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρος, ωτος, δ, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθεών, ὡτος, δ, (παρθένος) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθενό-ωπός, ὄν, (παρθένος, ὤψ) of virgin aspect.

παρθέσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρτίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρτίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-ταύω, (παρά, ταύω) to sleep beside or with.

παριδέειν, inf. of παριέδω.

παρ-ιδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside :—so also in Med.

παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans. to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμεν, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ίζημι, fut. παρήσω : aor. I παρήκα : pf. παρέκα : Med., aor. 2 παρέμην : Pass., aor. I παρέβην, inf.

παρεβήναι : pf. παρέμαι, part. παρεμένος :—to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, pass, through.

2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. *praetermittere*. 3. of Time, to let pass.

III. to unloose, relax, Lat. *remittere*. 2. c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παριέναι to let go one's hold of, slack away the sheet : metaph. to yield, give way :—Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρεμένος, exhausted, Lat. *remissus*.

2. to remit, Lat. *condonare* : hence to forgive, pardon.

IV. to yield, give up, Lat. *concedere* : to allow, permit : hence to admit, let in. V. Med. παρίσθαι, to win a person over : to beg off a thing, beg to be excused : to ask pardon.

παρ-ίω, old. poet. form of παρήκω. [ῖ]

παρ-ίπνευω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ίσος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ίσω, f. ὥσω, to make just like :—Pass., aor. I παρίσων, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παριστάσο, pres. med. imperat. of

παρ-ίστημι, f. παρστήσω : I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one.

2. to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest :—to prove, shew.

3. the Med., esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I -έστησαμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce :—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue : also to win over, persuade : hence also to dispose for one's own views.

II. intrans. in Pass. -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκεν, to stand by, beside, or near : hence to stand by, to help or defend.

2. of events, to be near, be close at hand : τὸ παρισταμένον present circumstances : so too, τὸ παρῆστος or παρῆστος, contr. pf. part. for παρῆστος.

3. to come to the side of another : metaph. to come over to his opinion : absol. to come to terms, surrender, submit.

4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to one.

5. of events, to take place, occur, happen : so too in fut. med. -στήσομαι.

6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρῆστος, = παρόν, ἔξόν, it being in one's power to do, Lat. *quum liceat*.

παρ-ιστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ἰστός) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, hold in readiness : to present, offer.

παρ-ιτήθειν and -έα, verb. Adj. of πόρειμι (εἰμι ibo), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατελέγην.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παρῆκμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύντω, Ep. for παρακύντω ; Dor. part. fem. παρκύντοισα, for παρακύντοισα.

παρμέμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλώσκει.

παρ-μένω, Ep. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poet. for παραμόνιμος.

πάρ-μονος, *ον*, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ᾱ], *α, ον*, Ion. Περνήσιος, *η, ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, *of or from Parnassus*: Ion. fem. Παρνησιᾶς, ἄδος, and Παρνησίς, ἴδος. From

Παρναῖος Ion. Παρνησός, *δ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

Περνήσιος, *α, ον*, *of or from Parnes*. From

Πάρνης, ἧδος, *ῆ* or *δ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica. Παρνησός, *δ*, Ion. for Παρναῖος.

ΠΑΨΝΟΥ, σπος, *δ*, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, *φ*, *ω*, to journey by.

παροδίτης [ῆ], *ον, δ*, voc. -ῖρα: fem. παροδίτις, ἴδος: (πάποδος):—*a passer by, traveller, wayfarer*.

πάρ-οδος, *ῆ*, (παρά, δδός) *a way past, passage*. 2. *a going by or past, passing*; ἐν παρόδῳ in passing.

II. *a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach*.

III. *a coming forward to speak before the assembly*. 2. *the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side*.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω: *φ*. -οίξω: aor. I -ἔωξα:—*to open at the side or a little, set ajar*: c. gen., παροίξας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the door.

πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάπος) Prep. with gen. *before, in the presence of*, Lat. ante, coram. 2. *of Time, before*.

II. Adv. of Place, *before, in front*. 2. *of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore*; πάροιθε πρὶν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικέω, *φ*, ἡσώ, *to dwell by, beside, or near*. II. *to sojourn*. Hence

παρoικησία and παρoικήσις, *ῆ*, *a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood*.

παρoικία, *ῆ*, (πάροικος) *a dwelling in a place as πάροικος, sojourning*.

παρoικίζω, *φ*, ἰσώ, (πάροικος) *to place or settle near another*:—Pass. *to settle or live near*.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *φ*, ἡσώ, *to build beside or near, build a wall along or across*. II. *to keep off by a wall or bank*.

πάρ-οικος, *ον*, (παρά, οίκω) *dwelling beside or near, neighbouring*. II. as Subst., πάροικος, *δ*, *a neighbour*:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παρoιμία, *ῆ*, (πάρομιος) *a by-word, proverb, adage, saw*. 2. *a parable*, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παρoιμιακός, *ῆ*, ὄν, *proverbial*:—as metrical term, παρoιμιακός (sub. στίχος), *δ*, *a paroemia*, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-ομιος, *ον*, (παρά, ὀμιος) *by the way-side*.

παρ-οιμέω: impf. ἐπαρῶνουν and aor. I ἐπαρῶνῃσα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρῶνῃκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρῶνῃθη: pf. πεπαρῶνῃμαι: (παρoιμος):—*to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks*.

II. trans. *to maltreat one in drunkenness*: generally, *to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man*.

παρoινία, *ῆ*, (πάροινος) *drunken violence: a drunken frolic*.

παρoινικός, *ῆ*, ὄν, *disposed to drunkenness*. From παρ-οίνος, *ον*, and πάρ-οινος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶνος) *drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups*.

πάρoιτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάπος, of Place, *the foremost*.

πάρoιτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of πάροιθε, πάπος, *the one before or in front*.

παρ-οίχομαι, *φ*, -οιχῆσμαι: pf. παρῶχηκα Ion. παρoίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρῶχημαι: Dep.: *to have past by, pass on*. 2. *of Time, to be gone by, spent*; ἡ παρoιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; ἄνδρες παρoιχόμενοι men of bygone times. II. *to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι*. III. c. gen. *to shrink from*. 2. *to wander, depart from*; ὅσον μοίρας παρoίχῃ how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παρoκωχῆ, *ῆ*, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παρoχῆ, *a furnishing*.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—*to slip in secretly*.

παρ-ομοιάω, *φ*, ἄσώ, *to be like, to resemble*.

παρ-όμοιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (παρά, ὅμοιος) *nearly like, much alike*: nearly equal.

παρῶν, ὄντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum), used absol., see πάρεμι 5.

παρoζνυτικός, *ῆ*, ὄν, *fit for inciting, provoking*. From παρ-οζνω, *φ*, ὕνῶ: aor. I παρῶζνω:—*to make keen for a thing*: metaph. *to urge, prick, or spur on*: *to provoke, irritate, excite*. Hence

παρoζνυμός, *δ*, *irritation*: *a provoking, inciting*.

παρῶρσις, *ῆ*, (παρῶρῶ) *an overlooking*: *carelessness*.

παρ-οράω, *φ*, παρῶρομαι: aor. 2 παρῶιδον (v. sub ὀράω):—*to look at by the way, notice, remark*. II. *to look past, overlook*: *to slight, make light of*. III. *to look sideways*.

παρ-οργίζω, *φ*, ἰσώ, *to provoke to anger*:—Pass. *to be or be made angry at*. Hence

παρoργισμός, *δ*, *provocation to anger*.

παρ-ορίζω, *φ*, ἰσώ, *to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour*. Hence

παρoριστής, *οὔ, δ*, *an encroacher*.

παρ-ορμάω, *φ*, ἡσώ, *to put in motion, urge on*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, *to pass rapidly, rush at*.

παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰσώ Att. -ιῶ, *to bring to anchor side by side*.

πάρ-ορνυς, ἴδος, *δ*, ῆ, *ill-omened, with evil auspices*.

παρ-ορύσσειω Att. -ττω: *φ*, ξω: aor. I παρῶρυξα:—*to dig beside or along*. II. *to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games*.

παρ-ορχέομαι, *φ*, -ήσομαι, Dep. *to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance*.

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. *of Time, before, erst, formerly*: also with the Att., τὸ πάπος or τοῦπάπος, *formerly*.

2. with inf., like πρὶν, Lat. priusquam, πάπος ἢν γαίαν ἰκέσθαι *before he should reach his*

own land. 3. *παρός*, followed by *πρὶν* γὰρ as relat., Lat. *prius* .., *quam*, rather .., *than*. 4. *too soon*. 5. *rather, sooner*. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poet. for *πρό*, before, both of Time and Place. II. before, rather than: also for, instead of.

Πάριος, α, *ov*, of the island of Paros, Parian; **Πάριος λίθος** Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ἡ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. *ὑνῶ*, to urge or excite to mischief. **παρ-ουσία**, ἡ, (*παρών*, *παρούσα*) a being present, presence; *ἀνδρῶν παρούσα* = *ἄνδρες οἱ παρόντες*; *παρουσίαν ἔχειν* = *παρεῖναι*. 2. arrival. II. like *τὰ παρόντα*, present circumstances.

παρ-οχετεύω, f. *σω*, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἡσώ, (*παρά*, ὄχέω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ἡ, (*παρέχω*) a supplying, furnishing.

παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἰσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, δ, (*παρά*, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*παρά*, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish.

παρόψομαι, fut. of *παροράω*, formed from *οψομαι*.

παρ-οψωνέω, f. ἡσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., *παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς* a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπιδῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of *παρπεῖθω*.

παρ-ρησία, ἡ, (*πᾶς*, ῥῆσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to speak freely.

παρσένος, Lacon. for *παρθένος*.

παρσταῖν, **παρστάσα**, Ep. for *παρσταῖν*, *παρσῆσται*, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of *παρίστημι*.

παρστήτην, Ep. for *παρστήτην*, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of *παρίστημι*.

παρταμεῖν, poet. for *παρταμεῖν*, aor. 2 of *παρτέμνω*.

παρτέμνω, poet. for *παρτέμνω*.

παρτίθει, poet. for *παρτιθεῖ*, = *παρτίθησιν*.

παρ-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνῶ; pf. pass. *παρύφασμαι*:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., *ὄπλα παρυφασμένα* armed men bemming in a crowd.

πάρφαive, poet. pres. imperat. of *παρφαίνω*.

παρφάμενος, **παρφάσθαι**, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of *παράφηναι*.

παρ-φάσθαι, ἡ, poet. for *παρφασία*.

παρ-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for *παράφασις*.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for *παρφέρομαι*.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for *παρφυγεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *παρφεύγω*.

παρφυκτος, *ov*, poet. for *παράφυκτος*, verb. Adj. of *παρφεύγω*, to be avoided.

πᾶρώας, *ov*, δ, (*παρώς*) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρῳδία, ἡ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ῳδός, *ov*, (*ῳδή*) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ῳθέω, fut. -ῳσω and -ῳθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, *ov*, δ, part. of *πάρεμι* (*εἰμί* sum).

παρ-ῶνυμος, *ov*, (*πάρα*, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

παρώδης, *ov*, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ῳρέτης, *ov*, δ, (*παρά*, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

πάρ-ῳρος, *ov*, (*παρά*, ὥρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. *παρώρα* as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ῳροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*παρά*, ὄροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῳχέτω, 3 sing. impf. of *παρῳχομαι*.

παρῳχημαι, pf. of *παρῳχομαι*; part. *παρῳχημένος*.

ΠΙΑΣ, *pāsa*, *pān*; gen. *παντός*, *πάσης*, *παντός*; gen. pl. masc. and neut. *πάντων*, fem. *πᾶσων* Ion. *πᾶσεων*, Ep. also *πᾶσων*; dat. pl. masc. and neut. *πᾶσι* poet.

πάντεσι, fem. *πάσαις*:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ *πᾶσα* *βλάβη* she who is all mischief; *ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ* to the uttermost of evil:—ὅσοι, not οἱ, properly follows *πάντας* as relat., *πάντες*, ὅσοι .., Lat. *omnes quicunque* .., all whosoever!

πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: *παντός* μάλλον more than anything, above everything.

II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; *τὰ πάντα δέκα* ten in all.

III. in dat. pl. masc. *πᾶσι*, in the judgment of all; *δὲ πᾶσι* *κλεινός* the renowned in the judgment of all.

2. *πᾶσι* as neut., in all things, altogether.

IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—*πάντα γίγνεσθαι*, like *παντοῖος γίγνεσθαι*, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, *πάντα εἶναι* *τινι* to be everything to one.

2. *τὸ πᾶν* the whole, and as an Adv. altogether; *οὐ τὸ πᾶν*, not at all; so also *εἰς τὸ πᾶν*, ἐπὶ *πᾶν*, on the whole; *ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ* to every extremity of evil; *περὶ παντός* *ποιεῖσθαι* *τινα* to esteem one above all.

3. *πάντα* as Adv. for *πάντως*, entirely, utterly, wholly; but, *τὰ πάντα* in every way, by all means.

4. *διὰ παντός* continually, always.

πᾶσᾶν, Dor. for *πᾶσων*, gen. pl. fem. of *πᾶς*.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of *πάσχομαι*.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of *πάσχομαι*.

πᾶσι-μέλουσα, ἡ, (*πᾶς*, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of *πάσχομαι*.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of *πάσχομαι*.

πασπάλη [ᾶ], ἡ, = *πάππη*, the finest meal: a

morsel, scrap; ὕπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσαλεύτός, ἡ, ὄν, *pinned down*. From πασσαλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to pin to. 2. to drive in like a bolt.

πάσσαλος Att. πάπταλος, ὁ, (πήγνυμι) a peg, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a peg; κρεμάσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a peg: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a gag.

πασσάλοφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασαι, Ep. for πᾶσάμενος, πᾶσασθαι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος.

πάσσε, Ep. for ἐπάσσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω.

πᾶσ-σοφός, ον, for πάνσοφος.

πᾶσ-συδεῖ, πᾶσ-συδῆν, Adv. for πανσυδεῖ, etc.

ΠΑΨΣΩ Att. πᾶπσω: f. πᾶσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπάσθη: pf. πέπασμαι:—to sprinkle upon:—metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interweave, work in embroidery. II. to besprinkle with a thing.

πάσσων, ον, gen. ονος, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτερος and παχύν, like γλίσσων from γλυκύν: thicker, broader, stouter.

παστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. porticus. II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber.

παστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be besprinkled.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a bridal chamber or bridal bed: a shrine.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or feast of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΨΧΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπονθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπάθῃα, Ep. for πεπονθῃα:—to suffer or be affected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εἰ τι πάθοιμι or ἦν τι πάθω if aught were to happen to me, Lat. si quid mihi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχει; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. τί παθόν; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος ἀλκῆς; what ails us that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν, to be ill off, in evil plight; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be well off; in good case; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be well used, well treated by... receive kindness from a person. III. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ἵνα μὴ ταυτὸ πάθῃτε τῷ ἵππῳ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταυτὸν ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει ταυτὸ καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν.

πατάγῳ, f. ἴσω, (πάταγος) to clatter, clasp, crash, of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to dash, splash: hence to chatter, scream, as birds.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a clattering, clashing, any sharp noise made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὀδόντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the splash of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάτακοι or Παταίκοι, οἱ, Phœnician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phœnician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf. and part. of πατάσσω, f. ἴω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:—intr. to beat, knock, throb; "Εκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. 2. to clasp the hands.

II. trans. to strike, wound, beat, smite.

ΠΑΤΕΥΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσῃην, Ep. part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to feed on, eat, taste.

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πατερίζω, f. ἴσω, (πατήρ) to say, call father.

πατέω, f. ἴσω, (πάτος) to tread, walk, step. II. trans. to tread on, tread; πορφύρας πατεῖν to walk on purple carpets. 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph., like Lat. terere, to thumb with using, as, πατεῖν Αἰσῶντων to be always thumbing Aesop.

3. to tread under foot, trample on.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατρί contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. εἰ is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατρῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾶ]:—a father; πατρός πατήρ a grandfather. II. among the gods Jove is emphat. called πατήρ.

III. πατήρ is used like ἀπφα, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person. IV. in plur., forefathers, ancestors.

πατήσεῖς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω.

πάτηνμος, ὁ, (πατέω) a treading on.

πάντην, ἡ, Dor. for φάντην.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a trodden or beaten way, path. [ᾶ]

πάτρά, ἄς Ion. πάτρη, ἡ, ὅ: (πατήρ) one's fatherland, native land, country, like πατρίς.

II. a body of persons claiming the same race or descent, a house, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, poet. for πατρ-ἀδελφος.

πατρ-ἀδελφος, ὁ, = πατρός ἀδελφός, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

πάτραπε, Adv., Dor. for πατρηε.

πατρ-ἀλοῖας, gen. α and ον, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, ἀλοῖα) one who strikes or slays his father, a parricide.

πάτρη, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πάτραπε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, from one's native land.

II. from a race or lineage.

πατριά, ἄς Ion. πατρή, ἡ, ὅ, (πατήρ) lineage, descent.

II. a house, clan.

πατρι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (πατριά, ἀρχή) the father or chief of a family, a patriarch.

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, παρὰ.
πατρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριώτης, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριώτης γῆ, = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριώτης στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ὄν, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κάσιγγητος, ὁ, = πατρός κασίγγητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλήος, acc. Πατροκλήα, voc. Πατρόκλειος occur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλέος.

πατροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder one's father.

πατρο-κτόνος, ὄν, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ὄν, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ὄν, ὁ, = πατρός πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερέω) reft of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οὔχος, ὄν, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατρώχος (sub. παθῆνος), ἡ, a sole-heiress, opp. to a coheirress.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἕως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ὄν, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ὄν, ὁ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, ἡ Dor. α, ὄν, poet. form of πατρός.

πατρ-ωνύμιος, ὄν, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρός, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, poet. πατρώιος, ἡ Dor. α, ὄν: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατρώα hereditary feud.

πάτρω, ὁ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. φ, acc. ωα and αν: (πατήρ): = πατροκασίγγητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρω, one by the mother's side.

παττάλω, παττάλος, Att. for πασσο-.

παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παυέσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills.

II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ὄν, poet. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ἐς, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ὄν, little, small: of Time, short, brief.

2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦρος λαός few people:—

Comp. παυρότερος, fewer.

3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυρ-άνεμος, ὄν, (παύω, ἀνέμιος) calming the wind.

παύσειν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσί-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νοσος, ὄν, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονός, ὄν, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to.

II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (παύω) one who slays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ὄν, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥΩ: f. παύσω: aor. I ἐπαύσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—

to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2.

of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay.

II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! have done!

Παφλαγόν, ὄνος, ὁ, a Paphlagonian.

παφλάζω, f. ἀώω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster.

II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc.

II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ὄν, ἡ, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχτος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχτος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχῶν, Dor. for παχῶν, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πήγνυμι.

πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχνη, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) *boar-frost, rime*, Lat. *pruina*. 2. metaph. *clotted blood*. Hence

παχνόω, f. ὥσω, *to cover with boar frost or rime*:—Pass. *to be so covered*. II. metaph. *to strike chill, to freeze*: ἐπαχυνσεν φίλον ἦτορ *he made his heart's blood run cold*:—Pass. *to be struck with chill, to be frozen*.

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) *thickness*: acc. πάχος is used absol., *in thickness*, as μήκος *in length*, εἶδος *in breadth*, etc. [ᾶ]

παχύ-κνήμιος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) *with stout calves*.

παχύνω [ῶ], f. ὥνω: aor. I ἐπαχύνω: pf. pass. πεπαχυνμαι:—*to thicken, to fatten*: also *to make dull or gross of understanding*:—Pass. *to become thick: to grow fat, to be swollen*: also *to look large*, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ἄλβος ἄγαν παχυνθεὶς *wealth 'when it has waxed fat'*.

πάχυν, Dor. for πήχυν.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, *thick, large, stout*: παχύς λᾶς *a large heavy stone*: of linen, etc., *thick, coarse*. 2.

of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clot- ted*. 3. later, *stout, fat*, Lat. *pinguis*. 4. generally, *great, large, considerable*. II. οἱ παχείες, opp. to ὄημος, *the men of substance, the wealthy*. III.

thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. *pinguis*. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also παχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. παχίστος: later the regul. παχύτερος (Ep. πάχετος) and παχύτατος.

παχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) *thickness*, of the skin, etc.: *the sediment or lees of liquor*. [ῶ]

πεδά, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αίρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίμιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίμιος.

πεδ-αμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άορος, ον, Aeol. for μετήορος. [ᾶ]

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάω, Aeol. for μεταυγάω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late*.

πεδάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. aor. I πέδησα: (πέδη) :—*to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast*: generally, *to shackle, trammel, constrain*.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέζα) *a fetter*, Lat. *pedica, compes*: ξεύγος πεδῶν *a pair of fetters*. II. *a mode of breaking in a horse*.

πεδητής, οὔ, ὁ, (πεδάω) *one who fetters: a binder*.

πεδιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πέδιον) *flat, even, level*: ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country*. II. *on a*

plain or level country: λόγχη πεδιάς *the spear* (i. e. battle) *on a fair field*.

πεδιεύς, εως, ὁ, (πέδιον) *a man of the plain*.

πεδι-ήρης, es, (πέδιον, ἀραρεῖν) *abounding in plains*.

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. *sandals, a pair of sandals*. II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers*: also *boots, brogues*. III. *a tie for cows at milking time*. IV. metaph., Δωρίῳ πεδίῳ φωνᾶν ἐναρμόζειν *to suit one's voice to the Dorian march*, i. e. *to write in Doric rhythm*.

πεδινός, ἡ, ὅν, (πέδιον) *flat, level, even*. II. *of, from the plain, living in or on the plain*.

πέδιον, τό, (πέδον) *a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field*, Lat. *campus*: πεδία πόντου *the fields of the sea*, Lat. *Neptunia arva*. Hence

πεδινόνδε, Adv. *to the plain*.

πεδιτο-νόμος, ον, (πέδιον, νέμωμαι) *haunting the fields*.

πεδο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαῖνω) *walking upon earth, of the earth*.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) *from the ground*: metaph. *from the ground or bottom of the heart*.

πέδοι, Adv. (πέδον) *on the ground, on earth*.

πέδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος.

πέδο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground*.

ΠΕΔΟΝ, ου, τό, *the ground, earth*: generally, *land, soil*. Hence

πεδονδε, Adv. *to the ground, earthwards*.

πεδόσε, Adv. = πέδονδε.

πεδο-στίβης, ἐς, (πέδον, στείβω) *treading, pacing the earth*. 2. *on foot, opp. to ἱππηλάτης*.

πεδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves*.

πεδ-ώρυχος, ον, (πέδον, ὀρύσσω) *digging the soil*.

πέζα, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) *the foot*: metaph. *the bottom of anything*: ἐπὶ θυμῷ πέζῃ ἐπὶ πρώτῃ *on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment*.

πέζ-αρχος, ον, (πέζος, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or a land-army*: as Subst., πέζαρχος, ὁ, *a leader of foot*.

πέζ-ἑταίροι, οἱ, (πέζος, ἑταῖρος) *the foot-guards in the Macedonian army*.

πεζεύω, f. σω, (πεζός) *to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving*: 2. *to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea*: Pass. *to be traversed by travellers*.

πεζῆς, v. sub πεζός.

πεζήκος, ἡ, ὅν, (πεζός) *on foot or by land*: πεζικὸς λέως *foot-soldiers, infantry* as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βόας, α, ὁ, Dor. for -βόης, (πεζός, βοή) *one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier*.

πεζομαχέω, f. ἥσω, *to fight by land*. From

πεζο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) *fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry*. 2. *fighting on land, as opp. to sea*. Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, *a battle by land, opp. to ναυμαχία*.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμω) *commanding by land*.

πεζοπορέω, *to go on foot*. 2. *to go by land*. From

πεζο-πόρος, *ον*, (πεζός, πορεύω) *going on foot, walking*. 2. *going by land*.

πεζός, ἡ, *όν*, (πέζα) *on foot, walking*; πεζοὶ *foot-soldiers*, *opp.* to ἱππεῖς; *so*, πεζὸς στρατός *is sometimes foot-soldiery*, *opp.* to cavalry; but also a *land-army*, *opp.* to a sea-force; ὁ πεζός, and τὸ πεζόν *are also so used*. II. *on land, going or travelling by land*; *Dat. fem. πεζῇ* as *Adv.* (sub. δδῶ), *on foot or by land*; πεζῇ ἐπείθαι *to follow by land*.

πεῖ, *Dor.* for πῇ, ποῦ.

πειθ-άνωρ *Ion.* πειθῆνωρ, *ος*, ὁ, ἡ, (πειθόμεαι, ἀνήρ) *obeying men, obedient*.

πειθαρχέω, *f. ἴσω*, also *Med.* -έομαι, (πειθαρχος) *to obey one in authority, be obedient*. Hence πειθαρχία, ἡ, *obedience*.

πειθ-αρχος, *ον*, (πειθόμεαι, ἀρχή) *obeying one in authority, obedient*.

πειθῆμι, *Aeol.* for πείθω.

πειθός, ἡ, *όν*, (πειθω) = πειθανός, *persuasive*.

ΠΕΙΘΩ, *fut. πείσω*: *aor. I. ἐπεισα*: *aor. 2. ἐπὶθον* *Ep. redupl. πείθων*, *1 pl. subj. πειθώμεν*, *opt. πειθώμεν*, *inf. πειθῶν*, *part. πειθών*: *pf. πέπεικα*: *Med. and Pass. πείθομαι*: *fut. πέποιμαι*: *aor. 2. ἐπὶθον* *Ep. πθόμην*, *imperat. πίθου*, *Ep. redupl. opt. πειθόιτο*, *inf. πίθεσθαι*: *pf. med. πέποιθα*; *plqpf. πηποίθεα*, *contr. I pl. ἐπέπειθα*: *pf. pass. πέπεισμαι*. Homer has also a *fut. πιθήσας* and *aor. I. aor. πιθήσας*, *intr.* as if from *πιθέω*: but the *redupl. aor. I. subj. πειθήσας* *is transit.*: I. *Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade*: *in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat*. 2. *to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate*: πείθειν τινά χρήμασι *to bribe one*. 3. *to impel, stir up*. 4. *c. dupl. acc., πείθειν τινά τι to persuade one of a thing*. 5. *c. acc. rei only, to argue a point*. II. *Med. and Pass. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply*. 2. *πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with*; γῆραι πείθεσθαι *to yield to old age*. 3. *πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing*; also *c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' ἐγὼ σοι οὐ πειθόμαι I do not take this on your word*; *c. acc. et inf. to believe that* . . . III. *pf. med. πέποιθα, inf. πειποθέσθαι, to trust, rely, have confidence in*. IV. *pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust*: *of things, to be believed*. Hence

Πειθώ, ὅς *contr. οὗς*, ἡ, *Persuasion personified as a goddess*, *Lat. Suada, Suadela*. II. *the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness*. 2. *a persuasion in the mind*. 3. *a means of persuasion, inducement*; *dat. πειθοῖ by fair means*, *opp. to βία by force*. 4. *obedience*.

ΠΕΙΝΑ or πεινῶ, *hunger, famine*, *Lat. fames*. 2. *metaph. hunger or longing for a thing*. Hence

πεινάλεος, *α, ον*, *hungry, empty*. [ἀ]

πεινώμενος, *Aeol.* for πεινώμεν, *1 pl. of πεινάω*.

πεινᾶντι, *Dor.* for πεινῶντι, *dat. pres. part. of πεινάω*; also for πεινώσι *3 pl. pres.*

πεινώω *contr. πεινώ*, ἥς, ἡ; *inf. πεινῶν* *Ep. πεινή-*

μεναι; *fut. πεινήσω*, later *πεινώσω* [ἀ]: (πεινά) *aor. I. ἐπείνησα*, later -ᾶσα: *pf. πεπένηκα*: *—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished*. II. *c. gen. to hunger after*: *metaph. to hunger after or for, crave after*.

πεινώ, *Ion.* for πεινάω.

πεινῶ, = *πεινά*.

πεινήν, *inf. of πεινάω*; *Ep. πεινήμεναι*.

ΠΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, *a trial, attempt, essay, experiment*: hence *experience*; *πειραν ἔχειν to have experience, to make proof of*; ἐπὶ πείρᾳ *by way of test or trial*. II. *an attempt, plot or design against one*. III. *generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise*.

πείρα, *Ep. for ἔπειρα*, *aor. I. of πείρω*.

πείρα, ἡ, (πείρω) *a point, edge*.

πειράζω, *f. ἄσω*: *Pass., aor. I. ἐπειράσθην*: *pf. πεπειράσμαι*: *—like πειράω, to make proof or trial of one*: *—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce*. II. *to attempt a thing*.

Πειραιεύς or Πειρᾶεύς, ὁ, *Peiræus*, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: *gen. Πειραιεύς* or -αῖος; *dat. -αίε*; *acc. -αῖα*.

Πειραιοῖ, *Adv. at or in Peiræus*.

πειραίνω, *f. ἄνω*: *aor. I. ἐπείρηναι*: (πείρα) *—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot*; σπειρὴν ἐξ αὐτοῦ πειρήναντε *tying a rope from or to it*. II. *lengthd. for περαίνω, to end, complete, finish*; *in Pass., πάντα πεπείρανται* (*3 sing. pf.*) *all has been completed*.

πείρω, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I. of πείρω*.

ΠΕΙΡΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, *poët. for πέρας, an end*; *in plur., πείρατα γαῖης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes*. II. *the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge: the chief or most important object*. III. *act. that which finishes*; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, *the finishers of art*.

πειράσους, ἡ, (πειράω) *a trying: an attempt*.

πειρασμός, ὁ, (πειράζω) *a tempting, temptation*.

πειρᾶτέον, or *in plur. -έα*, *verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt*.

πειρᾶτης, ἥρος, ὁ, *collat. form of πειρατής*.

πειρατήριον *Ion.* πειρητή, τό, (πειράω) *a means of trying or proving, ordeal*; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, *i.e. torture*. II. *a pirate's nest*.

πειρατής, οὗ, ὁ, (πειράω) *one who attempts: a pirate*, *Lat. pirata*.

πειρατικός, ἡ, *όν*, *piratical*.

πείρω, *f. ἄσω* *Ion. ἴσω*: *more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι*, with *fut. med. πειράσομαι*, *Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείσθε*: *aor. I. med. ἐπειράσασμην* *Ion. ἐπειρησάμην*; *pass. ἐπειράσθην* [ἀ] *Ion. ἐπείρηθην*: *pf. pass. πεπειράσμαι* *Ion. πεπείρημαι*: (πείρα) *—to attempt, undertake, try*. 2. *c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person*; *to try to persuade him*; also *to make an attempt on, attack*: also *c. acc. to make an attempt on*. 3. *absol. to try one's skill or luck in a thing*. II. *the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial*

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him.

2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of. 3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπειρημαι μύθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθεῖν, περηθῆναι, aor. i opt. and inf. pass. of πείρω, πείρομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρᾶτήριον.

πειρητίζω, f. ἴσω, = πείρω, to attempt, try, prove.

II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πείρινυς, ὅς, acc. πείρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. περῶ aor. i ἔπειρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπάρην [ᾶ] pf. πέπαρμαι: (πέπας):—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., ἡλοισι πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὀδύνῃσι πεπαρμένον pierced with pain.

II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν to cleave the waves; πείρε κέλευθον cleave her way (through the waves).

πείσα, ης, ἡ, (πείθω) poet. for πειθῶ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

πείσεις, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. i opt. of πείθω.

πεισιβροτος, ον, (πείθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισέμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πείσμα, ατος, τό, (πείθω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope.

II. that on which one may trust.

πειμονή, ἡ, (πείθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation.

πείσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πᾶσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. II. (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. ἀρκεῖν.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πείθω) fit for persuading, persuasive.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πείθω) persuasive.

πείσω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

πектёω, f. ἴσω, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

ΠΕΚΩ Ep. πέκω: f. πέκω: aor. i med. ἐπέξῃην, part. ἐπέξῃμενος; aor. i pass. ἐπέχθην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χείρας πεξαμένην having combed her hair.

2. to shear, clip.

πelaγίω, f. ἴσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded, swamped.

II. to be out at sea.

πelaγίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πelaγίτης [ι], ου, ὅ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—the sea, the big sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles.'

πelaζω: f. πελάω Att. πελῶ: aor. i ἐπέλασα Ep. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor. i med. ἐπελάσῃην: Pass., aor. i ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάθην [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτω, πλήντω and ἐπλήντω: pf. pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πelaζω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point: absol. to come near, draw near or nigh.

II. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh: πελάξεν νευρὴν μαζῶν to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάξεν τινα δδύνῃσι to bring him near to anguish; so, ἔπος ἐρέω, ἀδάμαντι πέλασσας I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; φωνᾷ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτε (sc. ὑμῶν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships.

III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσπίδες ἐπλην' ἀλλήλῃσι the shields were brought close to each other; πλῆτο χθονὶ be came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελάσθησαν ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god.

2. to approach or wed a woman.

πelaθῶ [ᾶ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr.

πelaνός, ὅ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood.

II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πelaργιδεύς, ὅ, (πelaργός) a young stork.

πelaργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork.

From πelaργός, ὅ, (πέλος, ἀργός) the stork.

ΠEΛAΣΣ, Adv. near, hard by, close, nigh to,

mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum.

II. absol. near, nigh at hand: οἱ πέλας one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας one's neighbour.

πelaσαίατο, Ep. for πελάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. i opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πelaσγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πelaσγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens.

From Πelaσγός, ὅ, a Pelasgian; Πelaσγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πelaτῆς [ᾶ], ου, ὅ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (πelaζω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accola: also an invader, intruder.

II. a client.

πelaώ, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., 1. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πηλός) *ordure, dung*.
 πέλεθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of the
 prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

πελειάς, ἀδός, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πηλεάδες, αἱ, = Πηλιάδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πηλεΐα, ἀδός, ἡ, a *Pleiad*.

πελειο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feeding*.

πελεκάν, ἄνος, οἱ πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,
 ὁ, (πελεκᾶ) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

πελεκᾶω, f. ἥσω, (πέλεκυς) *to bew or shave with an*
axe, to rough-beat, Lat. *dolare*.

πελεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to*
behead, Lat. *securi percutere*.

πελεκίνος, ὁ, = πελεκάν II, a water-bird of the *pelican*
kind.

πελέκκησε, for ἐπελέκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελεκᾶω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-handle*.

πέλεκυς, εὼς Ion. εὼς, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-
 λέκεσσι:—*a double-edged axe, an axe*; οὐ δύρασι
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεσι *to fight not with spears*
only, but also with axes, i. e. *not soldiers only, but*
every man.

πελεμίζω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμιξα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμήχην: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to*
shake, quiver or tremble:—Pass. *to be shaken, to*
tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.

πελεμήχην, Ep. for ἐπελεμήχην, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίζω.

πελέσκεο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.
 πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πεληϊάς, ἀδός, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιντός, ἡ, ὅν, (πελιδός) *livid*.

πελιδός, ἡ, ὅν, (πελιδός) of the body, *discoloured by a*
bruise, livid.

ΠΕ/ΛΛΑ Ion. πέλλη, ἡς, ἡ, a wooden bowl, milk-
 pail, Lat. *miletra*. II. a *drinking-cup*.

ΠΕΛΛΟΣ or πελός, ἡ, ὅν, Lat. *PULLUS*, dark-
 coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομος, Dor. for πέλομος, I pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, *the Peloponnesians*.

Πελοποννησιῶτι, Adv. *in the Peloponnesian* (i. e.
Dorian) *dialect*. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, *the Pelopon-*
nesus, now the *Morea*.

πελός, ἡ, ὅν, v. πελλός.

Πέλοψ, ὁπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὄψ) *Pelops*, i. e. *dark-face*,
 son of *Tantalus*, said to have migrated from *Lydia*,
 and to have given his name to the *Peloponnesus*.

πελτάω, f. σω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.

πελταστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πελτάω) *one who bears a target*
or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield
 (ὄπλον), a *targeteer*, Lat. *cetratus*: they held a place

between the ὄπλιται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 ψιλοὶ or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ἡ, ὅν, *skilled in the use of the target*:
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.

ΠΕ/ΑΤΗ, ἡ, a small light shield without a rim
 (ῥιγος), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. a body of
 targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἀπίσι for ἀπιστοί, ὄπλον
 for ὄπλιται. II. a shaft, pole. III. a horse's
 ornament.

πελτο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.

ΠΕ/ΛΩ, more common as Dep. πέλωμαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf., act. ἐπλεν for ἐπελεν; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἐπλεο, ἐπλεν, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἐπλετο
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πελέσκεο, πελέσκετο: imperat. πέλεν: the
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in*
motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανόθι
πρὸ the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος
ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon
 men. II. to be, implying continuance, *to be used*
or wont to be: to become.

ΠΕ/ΛΩΡ, τό, undeclined, a monster, of anything
 huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, = πελώριος, monstrous,
 huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones of*
old.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a monster; πέλωρα θεῶν *por-*
terents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) monstrous, prodigious, huge,
 portentous; and so, terrible: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
 λωρα, hugely, portentously.

πέμμα, atos, τό, (πέπεμαι) any kind of dressed
 food: esp. in plur. cakes, sweetmeats.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) a pastry-cook.

πεμπαδ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἄρχω) a commander of
 a body of five.

πεμπαζώ, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count*
by fives; generally, *to count*. From

πεμπάς, ἀδός, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, *the number five*:
 a body of five.

πεμπαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πεμπαζώ) one who counts by fives:
 generally, one who counts, μύρια πεμπαστής reviewing
 by tens of thousands.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, five.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

πεμπταῖος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) in five days, on the
 fifth day.

πεμπτ-ήμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
 ἡμερος, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send.

πέμπτος, η, ον, (πέντε) the fifth; ἡ πέμπτη (sub.
 ἡμέρα) the fifth day.

πεμπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, sent.

ΠΕ/ΜΠΩ fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψα Ep. πέμψα:
 pf. πέπομψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

3 sing. πέπεμπται:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; *χρή ξείνον παρεόντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν* 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge.

III. to convey, attend, escort, conduct; *ὁ πέμπων the conductor*, of Mercury; *πομπὴν πέμπειν to conduct a procession.* 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey.

IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπεσθαι τινα, to send for one. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπ-άβολον, τό, (πέμπε, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψεας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω.

πέμψέμεναι, Ep. for πέμψειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω.

πέμψις, εως, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission.

πεμψῖς, πεμψέ, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πένης. πενέστης, ον, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσταί were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἰλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ἦτος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II.

as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατος.

πενθη-κόμος, ον, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor.

πενθάλως, α, ον, (πένθος) sad, mourning.

πένθεια, ἡ, collat. form of πένθος.

πενθείετον, Ep. for πενθείτον, 3 dual of πενθέω.

πενθερά, ἡ, fem. of πενθερός, a mother-in-law, Lat. *socrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also *ἐκυρός*. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθῆ, f. ἦσω: Ep. 3 dual πενθείετον for πενθείετον, πενθείτον: pres. inf. πενθόμεναι for πενθεῖν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθῆω) lamentation, mourning.

πενθήμεναι, Ep. inf. pres. of πενθέω.

πενθ-ἡμερος, ον, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ἡμίμερης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμίμερης) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, τομή πενθιμήμερης the caesura after two feet and a half, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τομή ἐφθιμήμερης the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ἡμιποδιαίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ἡμιπόδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθήμερον, ον, gen. ονος, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) lamenting, mourning.

πενθητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer.

πενθητήριος, α, ον, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning.

πενθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of πενθητήρ.

πενθικός, ἡ, ον, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ον, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕΝΘΟΣ, εως, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενιχράλως, α, ον, collat. form of πενιχρός, poor.

πενιχρός, α, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy.

ΠΕΝΘΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From

πεντά-δραχμος, ον, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-ἀέθλιον, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον.

πεντ-ἀεθλος, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον.

πεντ-ἀεθλος, ὁ, poet. for πεντάθλος.

πενταετηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years. II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντ-έτηρος, ον, poet. for πενταετής, five years old.

πεντ-ετής, ἐς or πεντα-έτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five years old. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence

πενταέτης, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-άθλιον, τό, collat. form of πεντάθλιον.

πέντ-αθλον Ion. πεντ-ἀέθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάεθλον ἄσκειν to practise the five exercises. These were ἄλμα, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή: but for the last the ἀκόντισις or ἄκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδάκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. πεντ-ἀέθλος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πεντάθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ον, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πεντάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000.

πεντάκις-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντάκιστοι Ep. πεντηκῆστοι, αἱ, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ἵππος five hundred horse.

II. at Athens, οἱ πεντακῆσιοι, = ἡ βουλή, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κυάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντακοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class, the other three being the ἱππεῖς, ἑσυγίται, θῆτες.

πεντακοσιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντ-κύμια, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-κμία, δεκακμία*.

πεντᾶ-πάλαστος, *ον*, (πέντε, παλαστή) *five handbreadths wide*.

πεντᾶ-πῆχυς, *υ*, gen. *εος*, (πέντε, πῆχυς) *five cubits long or broad*.

πενταπλάσιος [ᾶ], *α, ον*, (πέντε) *fivefold*.

πενταπλῆσιος, *η, ον*, Ion. for *πενταπλάσιος*.

πεντᾶ-πολις, *ῆς*, (πέντε, πόλις) *a state of five towns*, as *Τρίπολις* was a state of three, *Δεκάπολις* of ten.

πεντάρ-ραγος, *ον*, (πέντε, ράξ) *with five berries*.

πεντα-σπιθάμος, *ον*, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) *five spans long or broad*. [ἔ]

πεντᾶ-στίχος, *ον*, (πέντε, στίχος) *of five lines or verses*.

πεντᾶ-στομος, *ον*, (πέντε, στόμα) *with five mouths or openings*, of the Nile and Danube.

πεντᾶ-τεύχος, *ον*, (πέντε, τεύχος) *consisting of five books in one volume*: as Subst., *πεντάτευχος* (sc. βίβλος), *ῆς*, the five books of Moses, *Pentateuch*.

πεντᾶ-φυῖς, *ἑς*, (πέντε, φυή) *five in nature or number*.

πέντᾱῃ, Adv. (πέντε) *fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions*.

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) *in five places*.

ΠΕΝΤΕ Aeol. πέμπε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. *five*, Lat. *quinque*. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as well as *πεντε-*.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. *fifteen*.

πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, *ῆς*, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) *a squadron of fifteen ships*.

πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, *ον*, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαντον) *of fifteen talents worth or weight*.

πεντε-και-δέκατος, *η, ον*, *fifteenth*.

πεντεκαίδεκ-ῆρης, *ες*, *with fifteen banks of oars*.

πεντε-σύριγγος, *ον*, (πέντε, σύριγξ) *with five pipes or holes*; ξύλον *πεντεσύριγγον* *a wooden machine furnished with five holes*, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of *pillory*.

πεντε-τάλαντος, *ον*, (πέντε, τάλαντον) *worth five talents*: *for the recovery of five talents*, of a law-suit.

πεντ-ετηρίς, *ιδος, ῆς*, *a term or space of five years*; διὰ *πεντετηρίδος* *at intervals of five years, every five years*. II. *a festival celebrated every five years*, such as the *Panathenaea* at Athens. From

πεντ-έτης, *ες*, (πέντε, ἔτος) *of five years, lasting five years*.

πεντε-τριάζω, *to conquer five times*.

πεντήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (πέντε) *fifty*.

πεντηκοντά-ετις, *ιδος, ῆς*, fem. of

πεντηκοντά-ετής, *ἑς* or *-έτης*, *ες*, contr. *-ούτης*, (πεντήκοντα, ἔτος) *of fifty years, lasting for fifty years*.

πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) *fishy-headed*.

πεντηκοντά-κεφάλος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) = *πεντηκοντακάρηνος*.

πεντηκοντά-παις, *-παιδος, ὁ, ῆς*, *consisting of fifty children*.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, *ὁ*, (πεντήκοντα, ἀρχή) *the commander of fifty men*. II. *one who commands a*

πεντηκόντορος, *the captain of a penteconter*.

πεντηκόντερος, *ῆς*, = *πεντηκόντορος*.

πεντηκοντήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (πεντήκοντα) *the commander of fifty men*, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.

πεντηκοντά-γῶσις, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, γῶα) *of fifty acres of corn-land*.

πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, ὄργυια) *fifty fathoms deep, big, etc.*

πεντηκόντορος, *ῆς*, *with and without ναῦς*, (πεντήκοντα) *a ship of burden with fifty oars*.

πεντηκοντ-ούτης, *ες*, contr. for *πεντηκονταέτης*.

πεντηκόσιος, *αι, α, Ερ*, for *πεντᾶκόσιος*.

πεντηκοστῶα, *ῖ, ωα*, (πεντηκοστή) *to collect the tax πεντηκοστή* or *two per cent*:—Pass. *to pay the tax*.

πεντηκοστή, *ῆς*, see *πεντηκοστός*.

πεντηκοστήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, = *πεντηκοντήρ*.

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, *ον*, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) *collecting the tax πεντηκοστή*: as Subst., *πεντηκοστολόγος*, *ὁ*, the collector of the *πεντηκοστή*.

πεντηκοστό-παις, *-παιδος, ὁ, ῆς*, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς) *with fifty children*.

πεντηκοστός, *ῆς, ὁν*, (πεντήκοντα) *fiftieth*. II. as Subst., *πεντηκοστή*, *ῆς*, I. (sub. μερίς), *the fiftieth part*, at Athens, *the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent*, imposed on all exports and imports. 2. (sub. ἡμέρα), *the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost*. Hence

πεντηκοστός-ναῦς, *ὅς, ῆς*, *the number fifty, a number of fifty*, as a division of the Spartan army.

πεντ-ῆρης, *ες*, (πέντε, ἑρέσσω) *with five banks of oars*: as Subst., *πεντήρης* (sub. ναῦς), *ῆς*, *a quinquereme*.

πέντ-ορος, *ον*, (πέντε, ὄζος) *having five branches or points*: Hes. calls the hand *πέντορον*, *the five-pointed*.

πεντ-όργυιος, *ον*, (πέντε, ὄργυια) *of five fathoms*.

πεντ-ὀβολος, *ον*, (πέντε, ὀβολός) *of or worth five obols*: as Subst., *πεντᾶβολον*, *τό*, *a five-obol piece*;

πεντᾶβολον ἡλιάσασθαι *to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day*.

πεξᾶμην, aor. i med. part. fem. of *πέκω*.

πεξῶ, Dor. for *πέξω*, fut. of *πέκω*.

ΠΕ'ΟΣ, *εος, τό*, *membrum virile*, Lat. *penis*.

πεπαθῦναι, Ep. for *πεπονθῦναι*, pf. part. fem. of *πάσχω*.

πεπαίνω, ῖ, ᾶνῶ: aor. i ἐπέπαῖνα: Pass., fut. πεπαυθήσομαι: aor. i ἐπεπαύθην: pf. inf. πεπαῖναι: (πέ-παυ):—*to ripen, make ripe or mellow*: of pain, etc.,

to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. *to become ripe, soft, mellow*: to be softened. II. intr. *to become ripe, mellow*.

πεπαίτερος, **πεπαίτατος**, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of *πέπαυ*.

πεπάλαμμένος, **πεπαλάχθαι**, pf. pass. part. and inf. of *παλάσσω*.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *παλάσσω*.

πεπάλαισμαι, pf. pass. of *παλαίω*.

πέπαλμαι, pf. pass. of *πάλλω*.

πεπαλῶν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2. part. of *πάλλω*.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.
 πέπανος, on, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαρῖν, an old aor. 2 inf. *to display, manifest*.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πέρω: inf. πεπαρθῆαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πέρω.
 πέπασθαι, pf. inf. of παέομαι.
 πεπᾶσθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, *to possess*.
 πέπασμαι, πέπασμην, pf. and plqpf. of παέομαι.
 πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπείθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, on, also fem. πέπειρᾶ, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθί, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πεπέρασμαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πιάζω.
 πεπιθέσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιθήσω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθωμεν 1 pl. subj.; πεπιθοιμεν, πεπιθοιεν 1 and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθέιν, fem. part. πεπιθοῖσα.
 πεπλάνημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανᾶω, *roaming, wandering*.
 πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπληγέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω.
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, ὁ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, *τά*, Lat. *perplum*, *any women cloth used for a covering, a sheet, bawling, curtain*. II. *a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival*. III. also *a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress*.
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλῦσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, atos, τό, (πέπλος) *a flowing robe, garment*.
 πεπνύμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., *to have breath or soul*: metaph. *to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέννῳσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέννῳσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέννυμι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, *to trust, rely on*. Hence
 πεποίθεα, Ep. for ἐπεποίθεα, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποίθησις, ἡ, *trust, reliance, boldness*.
 πεποιοῖην, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίδομεν, Ep. for πεποίθωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίθα, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πολίζω.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πᾶσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πᾶσχω.
 πεποτῆται, Ep. for πεπότηνται, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: *πεποτῆσθαι*, inf. of same.
 πέπρωγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρωκα, πέπρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb πῶρω (from which also comes aor. 2 ἐπόρω):—*it has, had been fated*; part. πεπωμένος, *fated*: ἡ πεπωμένη (sub. μοῖρα), *that which is fated, fate, destiny*, like ἐμαρμένη.
 πέπτᾶμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπταμένος.
 πεπτέεται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτεῶτα, for πεπτῶτα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πέπτω.
 πεπτηώς, Ep. for πεπτηκώς, pf. part. of πτήσσω, *frightened, timid, shy*.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπύθοιτο [ῥ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπύσθαι.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΠΩΝ, on, gen. onos; Comp. and Sup. πεπαίτερος, —τατος:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also *softened, assuaged*: often used in addressing a person, ὦ πέπων, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, κριε πέπων my pet ram: in bad sense, ὦ πέπωνες ye weaklings, ye dastards.
 ΠΕΨ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκές γε μυννθάδιον περ ζῶντα since you have given birth to me all short-lived as I am; also with an Adj. only, κρατερὸς περ strong as he is; or with an Adv., μύννθᾳ περ, for a very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, λιγὸς περ ἔων ἀγορητῆς however loud-tongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδέ περ, *no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne . . quidem*, οὐδέ is divided by one or more words from περ. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet*, as, ἄλλους περ ἔλεαυε pity others at any rate. III. περ is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as ὅσπερ, ἥπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ, etc.
 πέρᾳ, Adv. *beyond, across or over, further*, Lat. *ultra*; μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., πέρα μεσούσης ἡμέρας beyond midday. III. metaph. *beyond measure, excessively*: c. gen., πέρα

díkēs beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; *ἅπαντα καὶ πέρα κλῶν* hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περαῖν, Ep. for *περᾶν*, pres. inf. of *περάω*.
περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of *περάω*.
περάθεν Ion. *πέρηθεν*, Adv. (*πέρα*) from beyond, from the far side.

περαῖνω: aor. I *ἐπεράνω*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπεράνην*: pf. *πεπέρασμαι*, inf. *πεπεράνθαι*: (*πέρας*):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. *περαίνειν λόγον* to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαῖος, α, ον, (*πέραν*) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. *ἡ περαῖα* (sub. *γῆ* or *χώρα*) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαῖός, f. *ώσω*: aor. I *ἐπεραῖωσα*: Pass., f. *περαιωθήσμαι*: aor. I *ἐπεραῖωθην*: pf. *πεπαιράωμαι*:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II.

intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιτέρως, α, ον, Comp. of *πέρα*, beyond, further; *ὁδοὶ περαιτέραι* roads leading further: Adv. *περαιτέρως*: also neut. *περαιτέρον*, further, beyond.

πέρᾶν Ion. and Ep. *πέρην*, Adv. (*πέρα*) on the other side of, across, Lat. *trans*, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; *πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβῆναι* to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, *καλκίδος πέραν*. III. sometimes = *πέρα*, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*περαῖνω*) conclusive.

περ-ᾄπτω, Aeol. for *περιᾄπτω*.

πέρᾶς, ἄτος, τό, (*πέρα*) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. *meta*. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (*περάω*) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [α]

περάσις, ἡ, (*περάω*) a going beyond, passing; *βίον περάσις* passage from life (to death).

περάτος, η, ον, (*πέρα*) on the opposite side, Lat. *ulterior*. II. *ἡ περάτη* (sub. *γῆ* or *χώρα*) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περάτως Ion. *περητός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*περάω*) like *περάσιμος*, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. *περάν* Ep. *περάν*: Ion. impf. *περάσκον*: fut. *περάσω* [α] Ion. *περήσω*, Ep. inf. *περήσμεναι*: aor. I *ἐπεράσα* Ion. *ἐπέρησα*: pf. *πεπέρακα* (*πέρα*):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; *τάφος ἀγαλή περάν* a ditch hard to pass; metaph., *κίνδυνον περάν* to pass through a danger; *περάν ὄρκον* to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 2. to let go through. II.

intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. *περάσω* [α] Ep. *περάσσω* Att. *περῶ*: aor. I *ἐπέρασα* Ep. *ἐπέρασσα*: pf. pass. *πενέρημαι*: (*πέρα*):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; *περάν τινα Λήμνον* to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγαμία, ἡ, = *Πέργαμος*.

Περγάμος, ἡ, *Pergamos*, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. *Πέργαμα*, τά. II. *πέργαμα*, τά, as appellat., like *ἀκρόπολις*, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΑΙΞ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. *perdix*, —*icis*.

ΠΕΡΑΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 *ἐπαρδον*, pf. *πέπορδα*:—to break wind.

περεμμένον, Aeol. for *περιειμένον*, pf. pass. part. of *περιέννυμι*.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for *πέραθεν*.

πέρην, Adv., Ion. for *πέραν*.

περησμέναι, Ep. for *πέρησειν*, fut. inf. of *περάω*.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *περάτος*.

πέρθω, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of *πέρθω*.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. *πέρσω*: pf. *πέπορθα*: aor. I *ἐπερσα*: aor. 2 *ἐπάρθον*, inf. *πάρθειν* Ep. *πράθειν*:—Pass. with fut. med. *πέρσομαι*: Ep. aor. 2 inf. *πέρθαι*, like *δέχθαι* from *δέχομαι*:—to waste, ravage, sack, raze. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ', Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, near.

II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; *περί νόστου ἄκουσα* I have heard of his return; *λέγειν περί τινος* to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; *βουλεύειν περί φόνου* to lay plans for the slaying.

3. of contending for an object; *περί θανόντος* for the dead; *θεῖν περί ψυχῆς* to run for one's life; *μάχεσθαι περί πτόλιος* to fight for the city. 4. of the motive; *περί ἔριδος μάρνασθαι* to fight for very enmity's sake. 5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; *ἀριθμοῦ πέρι* as to number.

III. like Lat. *prae*, before, above, beyond; *περί πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων* to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen.

IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: *περί πολλοῦ ἔστιν ἡμῶν*, it is of much consequence to us; *περί πολλοῦ ποιέσθαι* or *ἡγείσθαι τι*, to reckon a thing worth much; *περί πλείονος*, *περί ὀλίγου*, *περί οὐδενός* ποιεῖσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about: I. of Place, around, round about; *περί χροῖ close* round the skin; *χεῖρ περί ἔγχρῃ* the hand round, grasping the spear; *ἀσπαίρειν περί δουρὶ* to quiver round or on the spear. 2. hard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one.

II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περί οἷσι κτεάρεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*; περί φόβῳ for fear; περί χάριτι for joy.

WITH ACCUS. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, by; ἡ περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidos; περί τὰ ἔλα οἰκεῖνσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῖντες περί ἑνα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons *with* are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἑμφί τινα; τὰ περί τι all that belongs to a thing.

III. of the object *with which* one is occupied, esp. of the place; περί δόρπα πονεῖσθαι to be busy about supper; metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περί ἀληθείαν ἐστὶ philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περί τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus.

IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περί τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περί τρισχιλίους about 3000.

IN POSITION, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. περί.

AS ADV., περί, around, about, also near, by. II. also περί, with account thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, περί κῆρι, περί θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where περί must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Περί sometimes stands for περίεστι.

IN COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περιβάλλω, περι-έχω, περι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περι-γίγνομαι, περι-εργάζομαι.

III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περι-καλλής, περι-δεῖδω, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus*, *per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *i* in περί is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΓΓΕΛΛΩ, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round.

II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάξωσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναὺς to order ships.

ΠΕΡΙ-ἈΓΗΣ, ἐς, (περί, ἔαγα) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for περιηγής.

ΠΕΡΙ-ἈΝΥΜΙ and -ῶν, f. -ἄνω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., ὅψ περιάγνυται the voice is echoed all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ἈΝΩ, f. -ἄνω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round.

II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις to go round the cities. [ᾱ] Hence

ΠΕΡΙᾶΓΕΥΣ, ἑως, ὁ, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

ΠΕΡΙΑΓΩΓΗ, ἡ, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. ΠΕΡΙΑΡΕΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, able to be taken off. From

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΙΡΕΩ, f. περιαίρῃω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελεῖν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one.

II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρεῖσθαι κυνὴν to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρέμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΓΕΩ, f. ἥσω, to be greatly distressed.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΕΙΦΩ, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over.

ΠΕΡΙ-ἌΛΛΩ, ov, (περί, ἄλλω) beyond or before others:—neut. pl. περιᾶλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly.

ΠΕΡΙ-ἈΛΟΥΡΓΟΣ, ὄν, (περί, ἀλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοὶ περιαλουργός double-dyed in villany.

ΠΕΡΙᾶΜΑ, ατος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΜΠΕΧΩ, f. -αμφέχω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on.

II. to cover all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΜΠΙΣΧΩ, impf. -ήμιπσχον, = περιαμπέχω.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΠΤΟΣ, ov, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περιᾶπτον, τό, = περιᾶμμα. From

ΠΕΡΙ-ἈΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΡΜΩΖΩ Att. -όττω, f. ὦω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΣΤΡΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to lighten or flash all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΣΧΟΛΕΩ, f. ἥσω, to be busy about a thing.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΥΧΕΝΙΟΣ, ov, (περί, αὐχὴν) worn round the neck; as Subst., περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace.

ΠΕΡΙᾶΧΩ, Ep. for περιᾶχον, impf. of περιᾶχω.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΒΑΙΝΩ, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιέβληκα:—to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβῆναι ἀδελφείου κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΒΑΛΛΩ, f. -βᾶλῶ: aor. 2 περιέβαλον: pf. περιέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινὰ χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. περιβέβλημαι, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν, to build a wall round a city.

II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc.

4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double.

6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be in

possession of. IV. *to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.*

περι-βαρίδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βαρύς, υ, gen. εος, exceeding heavy.

περιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.

περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περιβη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.

περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περιβλεπτός, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περίβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περιβόητος, ον, (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against.

II. act. with loud cries.

περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφους the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town.

II. a space enclosed, compass.

III. a circumference, circuit. IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling.

II. as Subst., περίβολος, ὁ, =

περιβολή, anything thrown round; οἱ περίβολοι walls thrown round a town. 2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ἡσω, to hum round.

περι-βουνοίς, ον, surrounded by hills.

περι-βραχίονον, τό, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [v]

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβύητος.

περί-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form—γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσονται: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from. 2. of things, to remain over and above. 3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (εἰμί sum).

περι-γλᾶγής, ἐς, (περί, γλᾶγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνόμενος, Dep. (περί, γληνῆ):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλῶσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα, ἄτος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ον, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφῃ, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round. 2. to define, determine. II. to

draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare. III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περιδδεῖσα, Ep. for περιέδδισα, aor. I of περιεῖδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέης, ἐς, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ῶς, in great fear.

περιδείδια, Ep. pf. of περιεῖδω.

περι-δεῖω, f. -δέισμαι: aor. I περιέδδισα Ep. περιδέισα, part. περιδδείςας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδέδεια:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περι-δεῖπνον, τό, (περί, δεῖπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξιον, ον, like ἀμφιδέξιον, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter. II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about.

II. trans. to look earnestly at. περι-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med.

to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήρῑτος, ον, (περί, δηρῑω) fought for, disputed. περι-δίδομι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -δίδοις, -δίδοι: f. -δῶσω:—to give round.

II. Med. περιδίδομαι, fut. -δώσωμαι: aor. 2 -έδομην:—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei; τρίποδος περιδόμενον let us make a wager of a tripod; ἐμέθεν περιδώσωμαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περιδου νῦν ἐμοὶ come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δίνεω, f. ἡσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινηθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

περι-δινής, ἐς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιεῖδω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδω, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περιδράμων, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περιδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit. 2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular. 2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached. II. as Subst., περιδρομος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as I. the string that runs round a net for closing it. 2. a gallery running round a building. 3. the rim of a shield.

περιδρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I περιδρύφθη, be had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδῶμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-εδέετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιέδω.
 περι-έδωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.
 περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω
 being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2.
 to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass,
 allow, suffer. II. pf. περίοδα with pres. sense;
 plqpf. περιήβην with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf.
 περιειδέναι Ep. περιίδμεναι: to know or understand
 better; βουλῇ περιίδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in
 counsel than others.

περιεῖλάν, ἄδος, ἥ, (περιεῖλω) wound round, en-
 circling.

περι-εἰλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιεῖλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-εἶλλω or -εἰλέω, to fold or wrap round:—
 Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
 όντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-
 perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number,
 outnumber. III. over-live, outlive: absol. to sur-
 vive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be
 over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to re-
 main as a result or consequence, come about, ensue:
 cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμι ibo) to go round or about,
 fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;
 περιεῖναι φυλακάς to go the rounds of the guards. II.
 to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνου
 περιεόντος as time came round.

περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round.

περιεκύρβην, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass.
 of περικυρύνω.

περιελάσας, εως, ἥ, a driving or riding round: a
 place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω; aor. I -ἤλασα; pf. -εἰ-
 λᾶκα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to
 drive about, harass, distress. II. (sub. ἔρμα, ἵπ-
 πον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

περι-ελίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ελίσσω:—f. ζω:—to
 roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-έλω, f. -ελκύσω [ῥ], to drag round or about.

περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.

περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω; impf. περιείπον; fut. περιέψω; aor. 2
 περίεσπον, inf. περισπεῖν; fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι;

aor. I pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend
 diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with at-
 tention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but,

τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass.,
 τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι ὑπό τινος to be roughly handled
 by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also,

περιέπειν τινά ὡς or ἅτε πολέμιον to treat one as an
 enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι; pf. -είργασμαι; Dep.:—
 to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκῳ περιειργά-
 σθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their
 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word). 2. to
 meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, ov, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking
 needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2.

meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. over-
 wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. -είργω, f. ζω, to enclose all round,
 encompass.

περι-ερρήν, aor. 2 pass. of περιρῶω.

περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρόμην; f. -ελεύσομαι:
 aor. 2 -ἤλθον; pf. -εἰλήνυθα:—to go round, go
 about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:

c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of
 Time, to come round. II. to go round and re-
 turn to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περιήλθε

τὸν Πανιώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.
 III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come
 round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθῖαι, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περιεσπᾶω.

περι-έσσει, Ep. for περι-ει, 2 sing. of περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum).

περιεστῶς, pf. part. of περιίστημι.

περιέσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έσχατος, η, ov, about the last.

περι-έφθος, ov, (περί, ἐφθός,) thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω; f. περιέχω and περισχέω; aor. 2 περιέ-
 σχον; inf. περισχεῖν; aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf.

περισχέσθαι:—to bold around, encompass, embrace,
 surround: of a city, to beleague or blockade. II.
 like περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass,
 overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III.

Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to pro-
 tect. 2. to bold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.

3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully
 or violently.

περι-ζέω poet. -ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil round about.

περι-ζύγος, ov, also περίζυξ, ζυγος, ὁ, ἥ, (περί, ζυ-
 γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so,

of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, atos, τό, an apron. From

περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω; f. -ζώσω; to gird round:—
 Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.

Hence

περιζωσάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ἥ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about,
 shew the way round. Hence

περιηγής, ἐς, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a
 circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγητος, εως, ἥ, like περιγραφή, a sketch, out-
 line: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περιόδα: see περιείδον.

περι-ήκω, f. ζω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last : c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα *ibat which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.*

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσσις, ἡ, (περιέρχομαι) *a coming round, revolution.*

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat. : c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him.* (The deriv. of ἡμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περιήνεκα, Ion. aor. I of περιφέρω.

περι-ηλξω, f. ἦσω, *to echo or ring all round.*

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θαλπος) *very warm or hot.*

περιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περίθεσις, εὐς, ἡ, (περιτίθημι) *a placing or putting round, putting on.*

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περίθετος, ὄν, (περιτίθημι) *put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.*

περι-θώ, f. -θέσομαι, *to run round.*

περι-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to go round and observe.*

περί-θυμος, ὄν, (περί, θυμός) *very wrathful.* Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν *to be very angry.*

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, *to wound all round.*

περι-ιάχω [ᾶ], *to ring around, re-echo : Ep. 3 sing. impf. περίαχε [ῖ] for περίαχε.*

περιιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιείδον.

περιιδεσθαι, Ep. for περιεἰδέναι, inf. of περιείδω.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. *to sit round about.*

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω : aor. I -έστησα :—*to place or set round a person or thing : metaph. to bring round to a certain state.* 2. aor. I med. περιστήσθην is also trans., *to place round oneself.*

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην : pf. -έστηκα : plqpf. -εστήκειν :—*to stand round about : to encircle, surround, encompass.* 2. *to come round to, devote upon : of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse.*

3. *to go round so as to avoid, to shun.*

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περίεμι (εἶμι)

περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offsecuring, defilement : hence *a polluted wretch.*

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. *to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.*

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτμαι, inf. -ῆσθαι : (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι) :—*to be seated round, to sit round ; περικαθῆσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town : of ships, to blockade : c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.*

περι-καῶ, fut. -καύσω, *to set on fire, burn round about :—Pass. to be scorched all round : metaph. to be inflamed.*

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) *very beautiful.*

περι-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, *to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over.* II. *to cover all round, cover completely.*

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. άξω, *to break all round.*

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, *to embrace all round.* 2. *to overtake.* 3. *to constrain, compel.*

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, *to fall down all round, go to ruin.*

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, *to tear down round about, rend off :—Med. to rend one's own garment.*

περι-κάτμαι, Ion. for περικάθημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾶ]

περί-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι :—*to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace : absol. τείχος περίκειται a wall is round about.* 2. metaph. *to be over and above, profit ; οὐ τι μοι περίκειται there is no advantage for me.* II. *to have round one, to have on one ; περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.*

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, *to shear or clip all round :—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.*

περικεκλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλέω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) *a helmet.*

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. *to be very anxious or concerned about one.*

περι-κῆλος, ὄν, (περί, κῆλον) *exceeding dry, well-dried.*

περι-κίδναμι, Pass. *to spread round about.*

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, *to break around.*

περι-κλείς, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) *far-famed.*

περι-κλειτός, ὄν, *famous all round, far-famed.*

περι-κλείω Ion. -κλήϊω old Att. -κλήϊω : f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω : (περί, κλείω) :—*to sbut in all round, enclose, environ : to surround, of ships.*

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, *to wash all round :—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island.* Hence

περίκλυστος, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν, *washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.*

περι-κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, *beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus : of things, excellent, noble, glorious.*

περι-κνίδιον, τό, *a stalk or sprig.*

περι-κνίζω, f. -ίσω, *to scratch all round :—Med., poet. aor. I περιεκνιζάμην, to gnaw all round.*

περι-κοκκίζω, f. σω, *to cry cuckoo all round.*

περι-κοιῶ, f. -ίσω, *to carry round :—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.*

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικύπτω) *that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings ; περικόμματα ἐκ σου σκενάσω I will make minced meat of you.*

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περι-κομῆμος, ὄν, *very elegant, exquisite.*

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πῶρος, φίλεω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, *exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.*

περικοπή, ἡ, *a cutting all round, mutilation.* From περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, *to cut all round, clip, mutilate.* 2. *to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.*

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) *having full command of.*

περι-κρεμάννυμι : f. -κρεμᾶσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ :—*to hang up all round :—Pass. to be bung about, cling to, c. dat.* Hence

περι-κρεμής, *ἐς*, *tung round with a thing*.
 περι-κρούω, *φ. σω*, to strike or knock all round.
 περι-κρύβω [*ῥ*], late form of περικρύπτω.
 περι-κρύπτω, *φ. ψω*, to cover all round, conceal: to bide oneself.

περι-κτίωνες, *ὄναι*, *οἱ*, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (*περί*, *κτίω*) like ἀμφι-κτίονες, the dwellers around, neighbours.

περι-κτίζεται [*χ*], *ὦν*, *οἱ*, = περικτιόνες.
 περι-κυκλέομαι, *φ. ἡσσομαι*: Dep. to encircle, encompass, enclose.

περι-κυκλώω, *φ. ὤσω*, to encircle, encompass. Hence περικύκλωσις, *ἡ*, an encircling.

περι-κύλινδω: *φ. -κυλίω* [*ι*]:—to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about.

περι-κύμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*περί*, *κύμα*) surrounded by the waves.

περι-κωμάω, *φ. ἄσω*, to go about with a party of revellers (*κῶμος*): to carouse around.

περι-κωνέω, *φ. ἡσω*, (*περί*, *κῶνος*) to smear all over with pitch: περικωνεῖν τὰ ἐμβάνια to black shoes.

περι-λάλέω, *φ. ἡσω*, to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.

περι-λαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι*: aor. 2 περιέλαβον:—to seize around, embrace.

2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:—Pass. to be caught.

II. to comprehend, take in.

III. to constrain, compel.

περι-λάμπω, *φ. ψω*, to shine or beam round about.

περι-λείβομαι, Pass. to be shed all over.

περι-λείπω, *φ. ψω*, to leave remaining:—Pass. to be left remaining, survive.

περι-λείχω, *φ. ξω*, to lick all round: lick clean.

περιλεξίς, *ἡ*, (*περιλέγω*) circumlocution.

περι-λέπω, *φ. ψω*, to strip off all round.

περι-λεσχίνευτος, *ον*, (*περί*, *λεσχινεύω*) talked about on all sides, much discussed.

περι-λιννάω, *φ. ἄσω*, (*περί*, *λίμνη*) to surround with water, insulate.

περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. = περιλείχω.

περι-λοιπός, *ον*, left remaining.

περι-λούω, *φ. σω*, to wash all round, wash carefully.

περι-λύπος, *ον*, (*περί*, *λύπη*) exceeding sorrowful.

περι-μαίμω, to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem.

περιμαίμωσα.

περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. to rage round about.

περι-μακής, *ἐς*, Dor. for περιμηκής.

περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.

περι-μάσσω Att. -ττω: *φ. ξω*:—to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.

περιμάχτης, *ον*, fought about, fought for: and so, to be desired. From

περι-μάχομαι [*α*], Dep. to fight around.

περι-μένω, to wait for one, await, expect.

intr. to wait, abide.

περι-μεστος, *ον*, full all round, very full.

περι-μετρον, τό, (*περί*, *μέτρον*) the circumference.

περί-μετρος, *ον*, (*περί*, *μέτρον*) above measure, very large, immense.

II. measuring round: as Subst.,

περίμετρος (sub. γραμμή), *ἡ*, a circumference.

περι-μήκετος, *ον*, poet. for περιμήκης.

περι-μήκης, *ἐς*, (*περί*, *μήκος*) very tall, big or long.

περι-μηχανάομαι, *φ. ἡσσομαι*: Ep. 3 pl. impf. -μηχανώντο: Dep.:—to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.

περι-μυθῶμαι, Dep. to bellow around.

περι-ναϊετάω, to dwell round about or near. 2. in pass. sense to be inhabited.

περιναϊεύς, *ον*, δ, a neighbour. From

περι-ναίω and Med. -ναίομαι, to dwell round.

περι-νέφελος, *ον*, (*περί*, *νεφέλη*) overclouded.

περι-νέω, *φ. ἡσσομαι*: aor. I inf. περινήσαι Ep. -νήησαι:

(*περί*, *νέω*):—to pile round.

περι-νέως, δ, gen. -νεως, nom. pl. περινεω: (*περί*, *νέας* gen. of *ναός*): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (*πρόσκαμος*).

περινήσας Ep. -νήησας, aor. I part. of περινέω.

περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur.

περι-νοέω *φ. ἡσσομαι*, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.

περίνοιά, *ἡ*, intelligence.

II. over-wiseness. From

περί-νοος, *ον*, (*περί*, *νόος*) exceeding wise.

περι-νοστήω, *φ. ἡσσομαι*, to go round or about.

περίξ, strengthd. for περί.

I. Prep. round about: c. gen., but mostly c. acc.

II. Adv. round about.

περι-ξεστός, *ἡ*, *όν*, polished all round.

περι-ξέω, *φ. -ξέσω*, to polish all round.

περι-ξίρῶ Ion. -έω, *φ. ἡσσομαι*, to shave all round.

περί-οδος, *ἡ*, a going round, the making a circuit round.

II. a way round: a circuit, compass:

τὴν περίοδον absol., in circumference.

III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over:

also a map or chart.

IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time.

2. a course at dinner: περίοδος λόγων table-talk.

3. the orbit of a heavenly body.

4. a fit that recurs at intervals.

V. a well-rounded sentence, period.

περίοιδα, pf. of περιέδω: see περιέδω II.

περι-οικέω, *φ. ἡσσομαι*, to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave.

περι-οικῆς, *ἴδος*, *ἡ*, fem. of περίοικος, dwelling or

lying round about, neighbouring.

II. as Subst.,

περιοικίς (sub. γῆ or χώρα), *ἡ*, the country round:

also the suburbs, outskirts.

περι-οικοδομέω, *φ. ἡσσομαι*: pf. pass. -φικοδόμημαι

Ion. -οικοδόμημαι:—to build round about.

II. to enclose by building round:—Pass. to be built up,

walled in.

περί-οικος, *ον*, (*περί*, *οικέω*) dwelling round about

or near, neighbouring.

II. of περίοικοι were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns,

the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand

to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόνα, part. neut. pl. of περίεμι (εἰμι sum).

περι-οπτός, α, on, verb. Adj. of περιόρα (see περιόρα), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτόν, one must overlook or suffer.

περί-οπτος, ov, (περίφομα) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω: impf. περιέωρον Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεόραμαι:—f. περιόφωμαι, from an obsol. verb περιόπτομαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώφθην, pf. περιώμμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περίοιδα, see περι-είδω):—to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do.

III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from.

2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful:

Adv. -γώς, very wrathfully.

περί-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ὀρθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries.

Hence

περιορισμός, ου, δ, a marking out by boundaries.

περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round

so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:

—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίεμι) that which is over and

above: a surviving.

2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.

3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ov, more than enough, abundant.

2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περίεχω) the full meaning or contents.

II. a section of a book.

περιόφωμαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from

*περιόπτομαι.

περι-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πάτω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to

walk, live. Hence

περιπάτητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp.

while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers

were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περί-πάτος, ό, (περί, πατέω) a walking about,

strolling, Lat. ambulation.

II. a place for walking, a covered walk.

III. a conversation during

a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πείρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλό-

μενος: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or

about.

2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.

περιπεμπτος, ov, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent

round.

περι-πέμπω: f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιεπέμθην:—

to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθεις

cajoled.

περιπεσείν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [α]: pf. pass.

-πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι:—to spread or stretch

around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτεια, ή, (περιπέτης) a sudden change of for-

tune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπέτης, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms

clasped round.

2. enfolded, encompassed; but,

έγχος περιπέτης the sword on which he had fallen.

II. falling in with.

III. changing suddenly,

reversed; περιπετήη πράγματα a sudden reverse of

circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσμαι syncop. -πήσμαι:

Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πίγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to

put as a fence round.

II. to make to congeal

round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be

frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass.

to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3

sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασιν.

περι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf.

-πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace

2. to fall round or upon a sword.

II. to fall in with,

esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked

against.

2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into;

εἰναι περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare.

II. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλανάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to

wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or hover

round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence

περιπλάνιος, ov, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace.

From

περι-πλέκω, f. έω, to twine round about.

2. to

intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf.

-πέπλεγμαι: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c.

dat.; ιστώ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.

περί-πλευρος, ov, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλήχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέκω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I

-έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to

circumnavigate, c. acc.

περί-πλεως, ov, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion.

περί-πλεος, ov:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very

populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπλέωμαι.

περί-πλος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.

περί-πλος, ὁ, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περι-πλύνω [ῥ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνέω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνέσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποτέω, f. ἥσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησις, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ον, or -άρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἄρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ἥσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., I. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περι-πόνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. praeextatus.

περι-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περι-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially,

περι-προχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεια: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμὸν περιπροχύθει ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, atos, τό, a husk, skin. From

περι-πίσσω, to strip off the husk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτυμα, atos, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, av, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περι-πτύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I περιπτύξα:—to enfold, envelop, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτύχῃ, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναυλοχοὶ περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνῳ περιπτυχῇ fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρραγῆς, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περι-ραῖνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρραγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρραγῆναι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περι-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύν:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἀπὸς περιερρύη εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περι-ρρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -εράγγην [ᾶ]: intr. pf. -έρρηγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ ὀδὸν τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδῆς, ἡ, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon.

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρροος, ον, contr. -ρρους, ον, (περιρρέω) like περίρρους, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σεύω poet. περισσεύω, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ἥσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενής, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελῆς, ἡ, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or hardened all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελής, ἴδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέφομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σῶ, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἥσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω : f. -σκέφομαι : aor. I -εσκεψάμην :
 pf. -έσκεμμαι, formed from *περισκέπτομαι :—to look
 round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look
 at from all points : to watch and see : to look about
 one, be circumspect.
 περι-σκύλακισμός, οὐ, δ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice
 in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.
 περι-σφαιράζω, f. ἥσω, to rattle all round.
 περι-σμήνω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [v]
 περι-σοβέω, f. ἥσω, to chafe or push about. II.
 intr. to run round about, c. acc.
 περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.
 περι-σπᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw off from around,
 strip off :—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II.
 to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different
 ways, distracted.
 περισπέννυμι, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπνυμι.
 περισπερχέω, = περισπερχής εἰμι, to be very indig-
 nant. From
 περι-σπερχής, ἑς, (περί, σπέρχω) very hasty or hur-
 ried : περι-σπερχές πάθος an over-hasty death.
 περι-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-
 hearted.
 περισπαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.
 περισσειά, ἡ, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abun-
 dance. II. superiority, preeminence.
 περισσεύω, poet. for περισεύω.
 περισσεύμα, τό, superabundance : that which is left
 or is over, a remnant. From
 περισσεύω later Att. -πτεύω : impf. ἐπερίσσειον :
 (περισσός) :—to be over and above, outnumber, be
 too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough ;
 τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus ;
 τοσούτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσειε such an abundance
 of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be over-
 much or superfluous. III. to have more than
 enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal
 sense, to make to abound.
 περισσο-λογία, ἡ, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking,
 wordiness, verbiage.
 περισσός later Att. περιττός, ἡ, ὄν, (περί) above
 measure, more than the average, above the common :
 uncommon : c. gen. beyond, greater than ; περισσός
 ἄλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange,
 unusual : in bad sense, monstrous ; in good, extraor-
 dinary. II. more than sufficient ; τὸ περισ-
 σόν a surplus, residue ; περισσὰ σκευὰ spare
 tents. III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive ;
 περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy ; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be
 over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over-
 much : artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven,
 Lat. impar, opp. to ἄριτος.
 περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ἡ, (περι-
 σσός) superfluity, excess.
 περισσό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσός, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly : Comp.
 περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσό-
 τερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else ; so, οὐδὲν περισ-
 σότερον ἢ εἰ . . no otherwise than if.
 περι-σταδόν, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round
 about.
 περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.
 περισταῖν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [ᾶ]
 περισταῖν, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.
 περιστατός, -στάσας, -σταν, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.
 περι-στάτος, ον, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired
 by the crowd.
 περι-σταυρώω, f. ὠσω, to fence about with a palisade,
 fortify or fence round :—Med. to fortify oneself with
 a palisade.
 περιστέλλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.
 περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.
 περιστέλλωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περίστημι.
 περι-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ : aor. I -έστελα :—to
 dress, clothe, to wrap round : to lay out a corpse, Lat.
 componere ; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover,
 cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain ;
 περιστέλλειν ἀοιδᾶν to uphold minstrelsy ; περιστέλ-
 λειν ἔργα to attend to agriculture.
 περι-σπενάχίζω, f. ἴσω, to sigh, groan about or over,
 bemoan :—Med. to echo around.
 περι-σπέννω, to cram full all round : Pass. to be
 crammed full. II. to groan around.
 περιστέπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed.
 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ, ἡ, a dove, pigeon.
 περιστερεῖν, ἄνος, ὁ, a dove-cote. From
 περι-στεφάνω, f. ὠσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle,
 surround as with a crown.
 περιστεφής, ἑς, wreathed, crowned ; ἀνθῶν περι-
 στεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining,
 encircling. From
 περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, en-
 wreath.
 περίστησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of
 περίστημι.
 περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I
 med. of περίστημι.
 περιστήσῃσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περίστημι.
 περι-στίζω, f. ξω : aor. I -έστιξα :—to dot at equal
 intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2.
 c. dat. to stick round with things.
 περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.
 περι-στιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.
 περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοίχος) to surround
 with tools or nets :—Med. to hedge in.
 περι-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοίχος) set round in
 rows.
 περι-στονάχίζω, to groan all round.
 περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι : aor. I -εστρατο-
 πεδευσάμην : Dep. :—to encamp about, invest, besiege,
 beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, *f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone*:—Pass. *to be turned round, to spin round*. Hence

περιστροφή, *ἡ, a turning round: an orbit or revolution*.

περι-στρωφάω, *f. ἴσω, to turn round often*:—Pass. *to go round about to; περιστρωφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles*.

περι-στῦλος, *ον, (περί, στῦλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade*:—as Subst., *περί-στυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building*.

περι-σφάλής, *ἐς, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery*.
περι-σφύριος, *ον, (περί, σφῦρον) round the ankle*:—as Subst., *περισφύριον, τό, an ankle*.

περί-σφῦρος, *ον, = περισφύριος*.

περισχέμεν, *Ep. for περισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω*.

περίσχω, *Ep. for περισχου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω*.

περι-σχίζω, *f. ἴσω, to slit all round, cut off*. II. Pass., *of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space*.

περι-σχοινίζω, *f. ἴσω, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people*.

περι-σώζω, *f. σω, to save alive, save from death*:—Pass. *to escape with one's life*.

περι-τάμνω, *Ion. for περιτέμνω*.

περι-ταφρεύω, *f. σω, (περί, τάφος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench*.

περι-τείνω, *f. -τενῶ, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over*.

περι-τεχίζω, *f. ἴσω, to wall all round, fortify*. 2. *to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade*:—Pass. *to be built round*. Hence

περιτείχις, *ἡ, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering*.

περιτείχισμα, *τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall*.

περιτειχισμός, *ὁ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading*.

περι-τελέω, *f. ἔσω, to finish completely*.

περι-τέλλομαι, *Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve*.

περιτεμεῖν, *inf. fut. of περιτέμνω*.

περι-τέμνω *Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον—to cut round, clip round about*:—Med., *περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms*.

II. *to cut off the extremities*: Pass., *περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land*.

III. *to cut off, intercept*; Med. *to intercept for oneself*: Pass. *to be cut off or intercepted*.

περι-τέρμων, *ον, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round*.

περι-τέχνησις, *ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning*.

περι-τήνημι, *f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην, imperat. -θες—to place round about, put round or on*:—Med. *to put round oneself, put on*. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, *to pluck or strip all round*.

περι-τιμήεις, *εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much honoured*.

περιτομή, *ἡ, (περιτέμνω) circumcision*.

περι-τοξεύω, *f. σω, to overshoot, outshoot*.

περι-τραχήλιον, *τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace*.

περι-τρέπω, *f. -τρέψω: aor. I -έτρεψα—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn*. II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, *3 pl. Ep. aor. I of περιτρέω*.

περι-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω: aor. I -έθρεψα—to make to congeal around*:—Pass. *to congeal or stiffen round about*.

περι-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from*

*περι-δρέωμαι, *f. -δράμῳμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: pf. -δέδρομα—to run round, spin or whirl round*. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. *metaph. to come round, overreach*.

περι-τρέω, *f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about*.

περιτριβής, *ἐς, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round*. From

περι-τρίβω, *f. ψω: aor. I -έτριψα:—Pass., aor. 2 -έτριβην [I]: pf. -τέτριμμαι—to wear down all round*. Hence

περίτριμμα, *ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave*.

περι-τρομέω, *(περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs*.

περι-τροπέω, *Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve*. 3. *c. acc. to drive about, barass*.

περιτροπή, *ἡ, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῇ or ἐκ περιτροπῆς by turns*.

περι-τρόχαλος, *ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about*.

περι-τροχάω, *collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about*.

περίτροχος, *ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round*.

περι-τρώγω, *f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτράγον—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin*.

περιττεύω, *περιτύος, etc., later Att. for περισσεύω, περισσός, etc.*

περι-τυγχάνω, *f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτύχον: pf. -τετύχηκα—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall*.

περι-τύμβιος, *ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave*.

περι-υβρίζω, *f. ἴσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated*.

περι-φαίνομαι, *Pass. to be visible all round; ἐν περιφανομένῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around*.

περιφάνεια, ἡ, *a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety.* [ᾱ] From
 περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round: manifest:* Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, —έστατος, *manifest*: *on*, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round, manifest*: also 2. *famous, renowned*, Lat. *illustris*.
 περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφάνης, *manifestly*.
 περι-φείδομαι, Dep. *to spare so that he survives*, c. gen.
 Περιφέρεια, ἡ, *a circumference: a round figure.* From
 περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) *carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding.* 2. *surrounded by*.
 περι-φέρω, f. περιείσω: aor. I περιήνεκα:—*to carry round or about: to carry about with one.* 2. *to move a thing round in a circle: to band round.* II. οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἶδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] *my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things.* III. *to endure, bold out.* IV. Pass. *to move round, revolve*, esp. of time. 2. *to wander or range about.*
 περι-φεύγω, f. —φεύξομαι and —φευξοῦμαι:—*to flee from, avoid, elude*, c. acc. 2. *to escape from illness, get over an attack.*
 περι-φλεύω, pf. pass. περιτέφλευσαι:—*to scorch or burn all round.*
 περί-φλοιος, *on*, (περί, φλοιός) *with bark all round.*
 περι-φλύω [ῥ] = περιφλεῖω.
 περι-φοβέομαι, Pass. *to fear greatly.*
 περί-φοβος, *on*, (περί, φόβος) *in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.*
 περί-φοιτος, *on*, (περί, φοιτάω) *wandering about.*
 περιφορά, ἡ, (περιφέρω) *a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round.* II. (from Pass.) *a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.*
 περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence
 περιφορητός, *on*, *carried about.* II. *going or ranging about.* III. *notorious, infamous.*
 περιφρόδης, ἐς, *very thoughtful, very careful, considerate.* Adv. —δέως, *carefully.* From
 περι-φράσσομαι, Med. *to think over, consider on all sides.*
 περίφρακτος, *on*, *fenced round*:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, *an enclosure.* From
 περι-φράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, *to fence round.*
 περι-φρονέω, f. ἴσω, *to compass in thought, speculate about.* II. *to have thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.*
 περι-φρουρέω, f. ἴσω, *to guard on all sides, blockade.*
 περί-φρων, *onos, ὁ, ἡ*, voc. περίφρον, (περί, φρήν) *very thoughtful, very careful.* II. like ὑπέρφρων, *haughty, overweening*: c. gen. *despising a thing.*
 περιφύγη, ἡ, (περιφυγῆναι) *a place of refuge.*
 περιφύς, ὅσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.
 περι-φύσθητος, *on*, (περί, φύσάω) *blown upon from all sides.*
 περι-φύω, fut. —φύσω [ῥ] : aor. I —ἐφύσα:—trans. *to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or*

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. —φύσομαι [ῥ]: with pf. act. περιτέφικα: aor. 2 περιέφυν, inf. περιφύναι, part. περιφύς [ῥ]:—*to grow round about or upon*, c. dat.: *to cling to, clasp*, c. dat.
 περι-χάρακός, f. ὥσω, (περί, χάραξ) *to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.*
 περι-χάρασσω Att. —ττω, fut. ξω, *to scratch or cut all round.*
 περιχάρεα, ἡ, *exceeding great joy.* From
 περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆναι) *exceeding glad or joyous*—τό περιχάρες = περιχάρεα.
 περι-χειλόω, f. ὥσω, (περί, χεῖλος) *to surround with a rim or border.*
 περι-χέω, f. —χεῶ: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περι-χεύω, aor. I περιχέυα: Pass., aor. I —εχέυην [ῥ]: pf. —εκέχυμαι:—*to pour round about, over or upon*: περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι *to put gold round the horns*:—Pass. *to be poured or spread all about*: of persons, *to pour or round round.*
 περι-χθών, *onos, ὁ, ἡ*, *round about the earth.*
 περι-χορεύω, f. σω, *to dance round or about.*
 περι-χρυσόω, f. ὥσω, *to gild all over.*
 περι-χώρομαι, f. —χώσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχώσαμην:—*to be exceeding angry or wrath.*
 περι-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, *to go round about.* II. *to come round to, come to in succession.*
 περί-χωρος, *on*, (περί, χώρος) *round about a place*: as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *the country round about.*
 περι-ψάω, inf. —ψῆν: fut. —ψήσω:—*to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes.* Hence
 περιψήμα, τό, *anything wiped off, offscouring.*
 περι-ψιλώω, f. ὥσω, (περί, ψιλός) *to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round*: Pass., περιψιλωθήναι τὰς σάρκας *to have the flesh all stripped off.*
 περι-ψδέω, f. ἴσω, (περί, ψδῆ) *to subdue by spells.*
 περιωδύνια, ἡ, *excessive pain.* From
 περι-ώδυνος, *on*, (περί, δύνειν) *exceeding painful.* II. *suffering great pain.*
 περι-ωθέω, f. —ωθήσω and —ώσω, *to push or thrust about*:—Pass. with pf. περιέωμαι, *to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.*
 περι-ωπή, ἡ, (περί, ὤψ) *a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπίας by a bird's-eye view.* II. *circumspection, caution.*
 περι-ώσιος, *on*, Ion. for περιούσιος. *immense, vast*, as Adv. περιώσιον, *exceeding, beyond measure*: also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων *far beyond the rest.*
 περκάζω, f. σω, (περκός) *to turn dark, of grapes ripening.*
 πέρκη, ἡ, *the perch*, Lat. *perca*.
 ΠΕΡΚΝΟΨ, ἡ, *on*, *dark-coloured*, of grapes ripening: *dark, dusky*, name of a kind of eagle.
 πέρκος, ἡ, *on*, = περκνός.
 πέρνα, ἡ, *a ham*, Lat. *perna*.
 πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνᾶσι, part. περνάς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—*to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell*:—Pass. *to be offered for sale.*

πέρ-odos, ἡ, Aeol. for *períodos*.

περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for *περόνημα*, -ητρίς.

περονάω, f. ἦωα, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαῖναι περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ἡ, (πέρω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. *fibula*.

II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. *radius, fibula*.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = *περονητρίς*.

περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (περονάω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ιδος, ἡ, = *περόνη*.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕΡΠΕΡΟΣ, *ov*, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, *ov*, Aeol. for *períochos*.

πέρσα, Ep. for *ἐπερσα*, aor. I of *πέρθω*.

περσέ-πολις *poët.* *περσέπολις*, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πέρθω, πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις)

Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, εως Ep. ἦος later Ion. εός, ὁ, *Perseus*, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, *poët.* *Περσεφόνεια* also *Περσέφασσα*:—*Proserphoné, Proserpina*, Lat. *Proserpina*, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, *ov*, ὁ, acc. Πέρσην or Πέρσεα, *voc.* Πέρσῃ or Πέρση, a *Persian*, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίω, f. *σω*, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Πέρσης) *Persian*: hence 1. αἱ Περσικαὶ a sort of thin shoes or slippers. 2.

Περσικός ὄρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικὸν a Persian dance. 4. ὁ Περσικός or τὸ Περσικὸν (sub. μῆλον), the peach.

Περσίς, ιδος, *poët. fem.* of *Περσιός*, *Persian*. II. as Subst. 1. (sub. γῆ), *Persis, Persia*. 2. (sub. γυνή), a *Persian woman*. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a *Persian cloak*.

Περσιστί, Adv. (Περσίω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, *ov*, ὁ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομέομαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, *ov*, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians.

πέρυσι or -ιν, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ πέρυσι *κομωδία* the comic play of last year. Hence

πέρυσιός, ἡ, ὅν, of last year, last year's.

Πέρφερες, οἱ, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσδᾶ, Adv., Dor. for *πεσῆ*.

πέσε, Ep. for *ἔπεσε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

πεσεῖν Ep. *πεσέειν*, aor. 2 inf. of *πίπτω*.

πέσσμα, ατος, τό, (πεσείν) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = *πέσημα*, πτώμα, a fall, slaughter.

πεσοῖμα, fut. med. of *πίπτω*.

Πεσσεῖα Att. πεττ-, ἡ, the game of draughts. From *Πεσσεύω* Att. πεττ-, (Πεσός) to play at draughts. *Πεσσο-νομέω*, f. ἦωα, (Πεσός, νέμω) to set the *Πεσσοί* in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΣ Att. πεττός, ὁ, pl. *Πεσσοί* and *Πεσσά*, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called *ἱερὰ γραμμή*.

3. *Πεσσοί*, οἱ, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΨΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. *πέψω*: aor. I *ἔπεψα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐπέψην*: pf. *πέπεμμαι*, inf. *πεπέφθαι*:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to ripen. II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med., *πέσσεσθαι μέμματα* to bake oneself cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. *coquere, concoquere*.

2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so *γέρα Πεσσεύμεν* (Ep. for *Πέσσειν*) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; *βέλος Πέσσειν* to nurse or have to heal the wound of a dart.

Πεσών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of *πίπτω*.

Πεταλισμός, ὁ, *petalism*, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the *δοτρακισμός* of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds. From

Πετᾶλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence 2. used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. *ψῆφος*. (Properly neut. from *πέταλος*.)

Πετᾶλος Ion. πέταλος, ἡ, *ov*, (Πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.

Πετᾶμαι, = *πέτομαι*, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΤ' ΜΙ or -ύω: f. *Πετᾶσω* [ᾶ] Att. *Πετᾶω*: aor. I *ἐπέτασα* Ep. *πέτασα* and *Πετασσω*: Pass., aor. *ἐπετάσθην* Ep. *πετάσθην*: pf. *Πεπέτασμαι* Ep. *πέπταμαι*: Ep. plqpf. *ἐπεπτάμην*, *Πεπτάμην*:—to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfold, expand: metaph., *θυμὸν πετάσαι* to open one's heart:—pf. pass. *πέπταμαι*, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. *Πεπταμένος*, ἡ, *ov*, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

Πετασ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *Πετάννυμι*.

Πετασμα, ατος, τό, (Πετάννυμι) anything spread out: in plur. hangings, curtains, carpets.

Πετᾶσας, Ep. aor. I part. of *Πετάννυμι*.

Πέτ-αυρον or Πέτ-ευρον, τό, (Πέδαυρος Aeol. for *μέτ-αυρος*) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

Πετενός, ἡ, ὅν, Ep. *Πετεινός*, Ion. *Πετηνός* and *Πετηνός*, able to fly, winged, flying: *Πετηνὰ* and *Πετηνὰ* winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of young birds, fledged.

Πετεύρον, τό, = *Πεταυρον*.

Πέτηλον, τό, Ion. for *Πεταλον*.

πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτάται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἔπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἔπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πατάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing, 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

ΠΕΤΟΝΤΕΣ, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρη, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λέϊος πετρώων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: δίοτομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

πετραῖος, α, ov, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρήεις, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky.

πετρη-ρεφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [Υ]

πέτρινος, η, ov, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ov, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones.

πετρό-κοιτος, ov, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock.

πετρορ-ριφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ριφῆναι) buried from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα.

πετρο-τόμος, ov, (πέτρα, τεμῆν) cutting or hewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter.

πετρώω, f. ἴσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned.

πετρ-ώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πετρώμα, atos, τό, (πετρώω) a piece of stone or rock.

II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεία, πεττεῦω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-.

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΤ'ΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπενθόμην. Hence

πενθός, οὗς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκήεις.

πευκάλιμος [ᾱ], η, ov, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγάλεος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνος, ἡ, ov, (πενήν) keen, piercing.

ΠΕΥΚΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything

made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πευκήεις Dor. πευκαῖεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πέυκεν σκάφος, a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sharp, keen, piercing.

πεύκινος, η, ov, (πέυκη) of or made of fir-wood; πεύκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πεύσομαι Dor. πεισοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πενστήριος, α, ov, of or for enquiry: ἡ πευστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πεφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of *φένω.

πέφαργμα, Att. for πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πεφασμένος, η, ov, brought to light, made manifest.

πεφενγώς, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πέφηναι, pf. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πέφησσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of *φένω.

πεφιδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδίσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδόμην, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πεφιλάμενος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πέφιμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φιμώω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub *φένω.

πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ov, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πεφοβημένος, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf.

πεφραδέειν and πεφραδέμεν.

πέφριζα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.

πέφύασι, Ep. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πεφυγμένος, η, ov, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πεφυζότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. *φύω, = φεύγω.

πέφυκα, pf. of φύω.

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφυκα: Ep. impf. πέφύκων.

πεφυλαγμένος, η, ov, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:—Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφύτιαι, Ep. for πεφυκίαι, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πεφύωτες, Ep. for πεφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.
πη Ion. κη Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῃ μὲν .., πῇ δὲ .. now one way, now another; partly .., partly ...

II. πῇ; Ion. κῇ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: I. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. bow? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάω, f. ἴσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth.

II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγαῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΓΑΝΟΝ, τό, rue, Lat. ruta: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίνοι οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i.e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ᾶ]

Πηγάσις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγασίς κρήνη = Ἴππου κρήνη: see Πηγάσος.

Πηγάσος, δ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαί) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Belerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Híppocrene (ἵππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεσί-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

ΠΗΓΗ Dor. παγά, ἡ, a spring, well, Lat. fons; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαὶ ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαὶ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i.e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i.e. the ear; πηγαὶ γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πηγάμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΓΝΥ ΜΙ or -ύω: fut. πήξω: aor. I ἐπηξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. πήξομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπηγμαί, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνὴν πηγνυναι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηνὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon.

II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἄμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon.

III. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen.

IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. pangere; ὄρκος παγείσιν a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ἡ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεύγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called οἶαξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾶ]

ΠΗΔΑΨ, ὄν, Ion. inf. πηδεῖν: fut. ἦσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πηδήμα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μέλιστα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πηδήμα, ατος, τό, (πηδᾶω) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΨ, ὄ, or ΠΗΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάδις. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτή a sort of cage to catch birds.

3. τὰ πηκτά (Dor. πακτά) τῶν θαμνάτων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτή Dor. πακτά, cream-cheese.

πηλαιο, πήλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλλω.

πήλε, Ep. for ἐπήλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, ον Ep. εω and ao, ὄ, patronymic of Πηλεῖος, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλείων, ανος, ὄ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλείωνάδε, to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεῖος, εως Ep. ἦος, ὄ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληϊάδης, εω, ὄ, Ep. for Πηλείδης.

Πηληϊός, η, ον, Ep. Adj. (Πηληϊος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεῖος) of or belonging to Peleus.

πηληξ, ηκος, ἡ, (πηλαιο) a helmet, casque.

Πηληϊάκος, ἡ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion.

πηλίκος [ῖ], η, ον, interrog. of τηλίκος, ἥλικος, how great? how much? how old? Lat. quantum?

πηλίνος, η, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. luteus.

Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ὄ, fem. -ώτις, ἰδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὄ, (πηλός, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build of clay. From

πηλό-δομος, ον, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάσθος [ᾶ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὄ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΨ, ὄ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. lutum: also mud, Lat. coenum.

πηλο-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλοουργός, ὄ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry clay. From

πηλό-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλό-ωδης, es, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πημά τινα a bane or sorrow to . . . Hence

πημαῖνος: f. ἀνώ Ion. ἀνέω: aor. I ἐπημηνα: Med., fut. πημᾶνθαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. I ἐπη-

μάνθην Ep. πημανθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, α, ον, possible to be injured.

πημανθίαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πημαίνω.

πημαυή, ή, poet. for πημα, suffering.

πημασύνη, ή, = πημαυή, πημα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ep. Πηνελόπεια, ή, Penelopé, daughter of Icarus, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, πήνη).

πηνέλοψ, οπος, ό, a kind of duck.

ΠΗ'ΝΗ, ή, like πήνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηνίξομαι Dor. πανίσδομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙΚΑ [r], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? πηνίξ' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what hour of day is it?

πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πήνος or πήνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πηνίσμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πῆξαι, aor. I inf. of πήγνυμι.

πῆξε, Ep. for ἔπηξε, 3 sing. aor. I of πήγνυμι.

πῆος Dor. παός, οὔ, ό, (παομαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

ΠΗ'ΡΑ Ion. πήρη, ή, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πήρα, a little wallet.

πηνρό-δετος, ον, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus.

πηνρόω, f. ώσω, (πήρος) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πηνχάιος, α, ον, a cubit long.

πηνχόμεαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

ΠΗ'ΧΤΣ, εως, ό: gen. pl. πήχεων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm.

II. the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow. III. in pl., πήχες are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγόν the bridge. IV.

as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πήχυν βασιλῆος was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches. V. a cubit-rule.

πιάω, f. άω and άώω: aor. I part. πιάξας: Dor. form of πιάω, to press: to lay hold of, apprehend.

πιάνω, f. άνω: aor. I ἐπιάνα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf. pass. πεπιάσμαι (πιάω):—to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge. 2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάξας, Dor. aor. I part. of πιάω.

πίαρ, τό, indecl. (πιάω) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιάρός, ά, όν, (πίαρ) fat, rich.

πιάσμα, τό, (πιάνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδάκτις, ιδος, ή, (πίδαξ) of the spring or fountain.

πιδάκκοις, εσσα, εν, (πίδαξ) gushing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, ες, (πίδαξ, έιδος) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

ΠΙ'ΔΑΞ, άκος, ή, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδῆεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πίε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for έπיע, 3 sing. indic.

πιένω, Ep. for πείνω, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πιέξω, = πιέζω: and hence Ep. impf. πιέξεν and Ion. part. pass. πιεζέμενος.

ΠΙ'Ε'Ω, f. πείσω: aor. I έπίεσα: Pass., aor. I έπίεσθην or έπίεχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι or πεπίεγμαi:—to press, squeeze, crush, press hard upon. II. to lay hold of.

πείν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πείρα [r], ή, pecul. fem. of πίων, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαίς πείρα a plentiful meal:—of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πείμεν, Ep. for πείν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδες, αλ, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πιερήθεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πείσαι, for πείε, 2 sing. fut. of πίνω.

πεισθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of πιάω.

πίτης, εσσα, εν, poet. for πίων, fat, rich.

πίσθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πιθάκη Att. φιδάκη, ή, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πιθάκος, Dor. for πίσθος, an ape.

πιθανολογέω, f. ήσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πιθανολογία, ή, the use of probable arguments.

πιθανό-λόγος, ον, (πιθανός, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πιθανός, ή, όν, (πείθω) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural. II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πιθάνως, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πιθέσθαι, αor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.

πιθέων, ώνος, ό, (πίθος) a place for casks, a cellar.

πιθηκίζω, f. ίσω, (πίθηκος) to play the ape. Hence

πιθηκισμός, ό, a playing the ape, aping.

πίθηκος Dor. πίθακος, ό, (πείθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes.

πίθηκο-φάγέω, (πίθηκος, φαγείν) to eat ape's flesh.

πίθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes.

πιθήσας, aor. I part. of πείθω, as if from πείθω.

πίθι, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω.

πιθ-ογία, ή, (πίθος, οίγνυμι) an opening of casks.

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) *the cash-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πιθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην; aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [ῖ]

πίθων, ὁ, = πίθηκος, an ape. [ῖ]

πιθών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνῳ, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger*—Pass. *to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.*

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρός; γάμος) *embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλῶσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙΚΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, shrill.* 2. *of persons, words, acts, etc., bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe: also hateful, hostile.*

II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, *never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος.* Hence

πικρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *bitterness: harshness, cruelty.*

πικρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall: splenetic.*

πικρός, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πιλέω, = πιλώω:—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πίλιδον, τό, Dim. of πῖλος, *a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus.* [λῖ]

πι-λίπης, ἐς, (πί, λιπεῖν) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πιλνάω, = πελάζω, *to bring near to*:—Pass. *πιλναι-μαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.* II. *a felt-cap, bat; πῖλος χαλκοῦς* a

brass bat, i. e. helmet: also *a felt cuirass.*

πιλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-bat.* From

πίλο-φόρος, ον, (πίλος, φέρω) *wearing a felt-bat.*

πίλω, f. ὠσω, (πίλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.*

πιμελή, ἡ, (πίων, πίωρ) *fat, Lat. adeps.* Hence

πιμελής, ἐς, *fat, Lat. pinguis.*

πιμπλάντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πιμπλάνω, poet. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. *πιμπλάνεται* for πίμπλησται.

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. *πιμπλεῖσαι.*

ΠΙΜΠΛΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπλάναι* [ᾶ]: 3 pl. impf. *ἐπιμπλᾶσαν*: (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. *πλήσω*: aor. I *ἐπλήσα*, med. *ἐπλησάμην*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπλήσθην*: pf. *πέπλησμαι*:—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. *ἐπλήμην*, 3 sing. and pl. *πλήτο, πλῆντο*, imperat. *πλήσω*, opt. *πληρῶν* or *πλείμην*:—*to fill, fill up, fill full* of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; *or to fill with* a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, *to fill full, satisfy, glut.* 3. *to fulfil, discharge an office.* II. Med. *to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.* III.

Pass. *to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, have enough of a thing.*

ΠΙΨΗΡΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπράναι* [ᾶ]: (tenses formed from πρήθω): fut. *πρήσω*: aor. I *ἐπρησα*: Pass., aor. *ἐπρήσθην*: pf. *πέπρησμαι*:—*to kindle, burn, set on fire*:—Pass. *πέπρημαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.*

πῖν, poet. inf. of ἐπινω, aor. 2 of πίνω.

πῖναικιδόν, Adv. (πῖναξ) *like planks.*

πῖνάκιον, τό, Dim. of πῖναξ, *a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.*

πῖνᾶκίσκος, ὁ, = πῖνάκιον.

πῖνᾶκο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πῖναξ, πωλέω) *one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.*

ΠΙΨΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a board, plank: a writing-tablet: a votive tablet.* 2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula.* 4. *a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices: a register, list.*

πῖνᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πῖνος) *dirty, squalid.*

πῖνάω, (πῖνος) *to be dirty.*

πῖνέμεν, πῖνέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πίνω.

πῖνεσκον [ῖ], Ion. impf. of πίνω.

πῖνηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πῖναρός.

ΠΙΨΝΑ and Πῖννῃ, ἡ, *a kind of muscle, the pinna. πῖννο-τήρης; οὐγὸδ, (πῖννα, τῆρέω) a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite.*

πῖνῶεις, εσσα, εν = πῖναρός.

ΠΙΨΝΟΣ, ὁ, *dirt, filth, Lat. squalor.* [ῖ]

πῖνύσκω: aor. I *ἐπίνυσσα*; pass. *ἐπινύσθην*: (πέ-πνῶμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω):—*to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform.* Hence

πῖνύτῃ, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πῖνύτης, ἦτος Dor. ἄτος, ἡ, = πῖνυτή.

πῖνύτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῖνύσσω) *wise, understanding.*

πῖνύτό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πῖνυτός, φρήν) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠΙΨΝΩ [ῖ]: fut. *πῖνῶμαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπῖνω*, imperat. *πῖε*, also *πῖθι*, inf. *πῖεῖν*: from Root ΠΟ- come pf. *πέπωκα*, aor. I pass. *ἐπῶθην*: pf. pass. inf. *πεπόσθαι*:—*to drink, Lat. bibo*; c. gen. *to drink of* a thing: metaph. *to drink up, absorb*: pf. *πέπωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.*

πῖν-ώδης, ἐς, (πῖνος, εἶδος) *dirty, squalid.*

πῖομαι, aor. 2 opt. of πίνω.

πῖομαι, fut. of πίνω; but also used as pres. med.

πῖον, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πῖος, α, ον, poet. for πῖων.

πῖότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (πῖος, πῖων) *fatness, richness.*

πῖτίσχω, f. πῖσω [ῖ]: aor. I *ἐπίσα*: Causal of πίνω, *to give to drink*, c. dupl. acc.; *πῖσω σφε Δῖρκας ὕδωρ* I will give them the water of Dirce to drink.

πῖπλω, poet. for πίμπλημι, impf. *ἐπιπλον*, *to fill.*

πῖπρίζω, f. ῖσω, *to chirp like young birds.* (Formed from the sound.)

πῖπράσκω Ion. πῖπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω:

pf. *πέπρακα*: Pass., fut. I *πράθῃσομαι*, paullo-p. fut. *πεπράσομαι* [ᾶ]: aor. I pass. *ἐπράθην* [ᾶ]: pf. *πέπραμαι* Ion. -*μαι*: (*περάω*):—to sell beyond seas; like *περάω*: generally, to sell:—Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for *πι-πέτω*, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. *πίπτον*: fut. *πεσοῦμαι* Ion. *πεσέομαι*: aor. 2 *ἔπεσον*, inf. *πεσεῖν*: pf. *πέπηκα*, Ep. part. *πεπηγώς* and *πεπηγός*, -*εῶτος* Att. *πεπτός*, -*ῶτος*, syncop. from *πεπτωκός*:—to fall, fall down; c. acc. cognato, *πίπτειν πτώματα*, *πесήματα*: absol. in pf. *πέπηκα*, to be fallen, lie low.

II. Special usages: *πίπτειν ἐν τινι* to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. 2. *πίπτειν ἐκ τινος* to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. *decidere de*...; *ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί* to fall out of or lose one's favour.

3. *πίπτειν μετὰ ποσὶ γυναικός* to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born.

4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off; *ἄνεμος πέσε* the wind fell.

6. *πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος* to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome; *ὁ στρατός αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐαυτοῦ ἔπεσε* the army failed of itself, Lat. *mole sua corrui*.

7. to fall short, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. *cadere*. 8. of the dice, to fall in a certain position; *τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι* I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, *εὖ or καλῶς πίπτειν*, to be lucky:—so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρωμι, an Egypt. word = *καλὸς κἀγαθός*, noble. *πίσινος*, η, *ον*, (*πίσος*) made of peas, *έντος πίσινον* pea-soup.

ΠΙΨΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. *pisum*. [ῖ] *πίσος*, τό, (*πίσω* fut. of *πιτίσκω*) only in nom. and acc. pl. *πίσσα*, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΨΣΑ Att. *πίττᾶ*, ἡ, *pitch*, Lat. *pix*: proverb, *μελάντερον ἢ τε πίσσα* blacker than pitch.

πιστήρης, *ες*, (*πίσσα*) of or like pitch, *pitchy*. *πίσιστος* Att. *πίττινος*, η, *ον*, (*πίσσα*) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσῶδ Att. *πιττ-*, f. *ώσω*, to pitch, cover with pitch. *πίστευμα*, τό, (*πίστεύω*) a pledge of good faith.

πιστευτικός, ἡ, *όν*, disposed to trust, confiding. From *πίστευω*, f. *σω*, (*πίστις*) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., *χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν* hard to believe; *πιστεύειν εἰς τινα* to believe on a person:—Pass. to be believed or trusted. 2. to believe, comply, obey.

II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so. III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστός, ἡ, *όν*, (*πίνω*) drinkable, liquid. *πιστικός*, ἡ, *όν*, (*πίστις*) trusty, faithful. 2. persuasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, *εὖς*, ἡ, (*πίθω*, *πίθομαι*) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. *fides*, *fiducia*; *πίστις θεῶν* faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. *fides*. 3. credit, trust; *εἰς πίστιν δίδουαι* to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; *πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιεῖσθαι* to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ἡ, *όν*, (*πίνω*) drinkable, liquid; *τὰ πιστά* liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ἡ, *όν*, (*πίθω*) of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia *οἱ πιστοὶ* or *τὰ πιστά* were confidential officers about the court, *privy-councillors*; *πιστά πιστῶν*, like *ἐσχάρ' ἐσχάρων*, = *πιστότατοι*, most trusty. 2. believed, trusted.

II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible. 2.

τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant; *πιστὸν or πιστὰ δούναι καὶ λαβεῖν* to give and receive pledges: also *τὸ πιστόν* = *πίστις*, good faith. III. act. believing, relying on. 2.

obedient. Hence

πιστότης, *ητος*, ἡ, good faith, honour, faithfulness.

πιστόω, f. *ώσω*, (*πιστός*) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. II. Pass.

to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; *ὅρκω πιστωθῆναι* to pledge oneself by oath. 2. to feel trust, to be persuaded; *πιστωθεὶς*, trusting, confiding.

III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. *πιστοῦσθαι τινα ὑφ' ὅρκου* to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ἡ, (*πίνω*) a drinking-trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (*πίνω*) = *πίστρα*.

πίστωμα, *ατος*, τό, (*πιστός*) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. *γυπαλέα πιστώματα* = *πιστοὶ γέροντες*, as *πιστὰ Περσῶν* is used for *πιστοὶ Περσῶν*.

πιστῶς, Adv. of *πιστός*, faithfully: persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of *πιστός*.

πισῦνος, η, *ον*, (*πίθω*) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πίσυρες, οἱ, αἱ, *πίσυρα*, τά, Aeol. for *τέσσαρες*, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [ῖ], fut. of *πιπίσκω*.

πίτνα, Ep. for *ἐπίτνα*, 3 sing. impf. of *πίτνημι*.

πίτνας, *αα*, *αν*, part. of *πίτνημι*.

πίτνημι, collat. form of *πέταννυμι*, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω, = *πετάννυμι*, to spread out: impf. *ἐπίτνων*.

πίτνω [ῖ], poet. form of *πίττω*, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as *μῦμνω* is used for *μένω*, when the penult. is to be long.

πίττᾶ, ἡ, Att. for *πίσσα*.

πίττινος, η, *ον*, Att. for *πίσιστος*.

πίττω, Att. for *πισσῶω*.

πίττω-κάμπτω, *ον*, ὁ, = *πιτνω-κάμπτω*.

πίτῦλευω, f. *σω*, (*πίτυλος*) to ply the plashing oar.

ΠΙΤΤῶΟΣ [ῖ], ὁ, the measured splash of oars; *ἐνὶ πῖτῳ* with one stroke. II. the splash of falling drops; *πίτυλος σκύφον* the splash of wine poured into a cup.

2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, ὁ, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ου, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίτσω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, *Lat. furfur, fursura*; mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, ποët. dat. pl. πίτυσιν: *the pine-tree*, *Lat. pinus*: proverb., *πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεισθαι* to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυ-στεπτος, ου, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφαύσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to *let be seen, shew, reveal by a token*: mostly, to *shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal*. 2. *πιφαύσκομαι* as Dep. to *make manifest, make known, declare*.

πίω, aor. 2 subj. of πίνω.

ΠΙΩΝ [ῖ], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πῖον, gen. πίνος:—*Lat. PIN-GUIS*, *fat, plump, sleek*, of animals: *oily, rich*. II. of soil, *fat, rich, fertile*: also *wealthy*. III. Comp. and Sup. *πιότερος, πιότατος* (as if from πῖος).

πῖων, οἷσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πλῆγη.

πλάγιαίω, f. ἄσω, (πλάγιος) to *turn sideways or slanting, turn aside*: to *tack to and fro*.

πλάγι-αυλός, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, α, on, also os, on, placed sideways, *slanting, oblique*; *eis πλάγιον* sideways; *τὰ πλάγια* the sides, in military sense, *the flanks of an army*; *eis τὰ πλάγια* right and left; *κατὰ πλάγια* in flank; *ἐκ πλάγιου* on the flank; *παιγίους λαβεῖν τοὺς πολεμίους* to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιόω, (πλάγιος) to *turn or move sideways*.

πлагιός, Adv. of πλάγιος, *aslant*.

πлагιτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) act. *he that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. *a wanderer, rover*.

πлагιτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*. II. metaph. *wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled*. Hence

πлагιτοσύνη, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

πлагίεσμαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πлагιθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδᾶρός, ἁ, ὄν, *wet, moist*. From

ΠΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, *moisture*.

ΠΛΑΖΩ: Ep. impf. πλάζον: f. πλάγξω: aor. I *ἐπλάξα*—to *make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away*: metaph. to *lead astray*: generally, to *mislead, seduce*. II. Pass., with fut. med. *πλάξομαι*, aor. I pass. *ἐπλάγχην* Ep. *πλάγ-χην*, to *wander, go astray*: to *glance or slide off*.

πλάθᾶν, ἡ, (πλάσσω) *a platter or mould to bake in*. **πλάθᾶνον**, τό, *πλάθανος*, ὁ, = *πλάθᾶν*.

πλάθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. to *approach, draw near, come nigh*. [ἀ]

ΠΛΑΤΨΙΟΝ, τό, *an oblong figure or body*; *ισό-πλευρον πλάσιον* a square: of an army, *ἐν πλαισίῳ τετάχθαι* to be drawn up in square, *Lat. agmine quad-*

rat, as opp. to *marching order, agmine longo*.

πλακεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλέκω.

πλάκερός, ἁ, ὄν, (πλάξ) = *πλατύς*, broad.

πλάκιος, ἡ, ὄν, (πλάξ) *made of a board or plank, wooden*. [ἀ]

πλάκοῦς, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. from *πλακοῖς*, (πλάξ) *a flat cake*.

πλάκτωρ, opor, ὁ, Dor. for *πλήκτωρ*.

πλάν, Dor. for *πλήν*.

πλάνῳ Ion. -έω, f. ἡσῶ, (πλάνη) to *lead astray, lead wandering about*: of ships, to *drive from their course*: generally, to *mislead, lead into error*. II.

Pass. *πλανόμαι*, with fut. med. *πλανήσομαι*, aor. I pass. *ἐπλανήθην*, pf. *πεπλάνημαι*:—to *wander, roam about, stray*: c. acc., *πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα* to *wander over a land*, *Lat. oberrare*: *πλανᾶσθαι ἐν λόγῳ* to be at a loss in one's story: to *wander in mind, be at a loss*.

ΠΛΑΝῆ, ἡ, *a wandering or roaming about, straying*: *erring, error*. [ἀ]

πλάνημα, atos, τό, (πλανάω) *a wandering, going astray*.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) *a wanderer, roamer, rover*, *Lat. erro*; *πλάνητες ἀστέρες* wandering stars, *planets*.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανάω) *a leading astray: a dispersing*. [ἀ]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of *πλανάομαι*, *one must wander*.

πλάνητης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (πλανάω) = *πλάνης*, *a wanderer*. 2. *a planet*.

πλάνιος, α, on, ποët. for *πλάνος*.

πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) *a wrong way, by-way*. [πλᾶ—metri gr.]

ΠΛΑΝΟΣ [ᾶ], η, on, ὁ, also os, on, act. *leading astray, deceiving*: as Subst., *πλάνος*, ὁ, *a deceiver*. 2.

pass. *wandering, roaming*.

ΠΛΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, = *πλάνη*, *a wandering about, roaming, straying*: *φροντίδος πλάνοι* wanderings of thought.

πλάνο-στιβίς, ἐς, (πλάνος, στείβω) *trodden by wanderers*.

πλάννττω, = *πλανάομαι*, to *wander about*.

ΠΛΑΨ, ἡ, gen. *πλάξ*, *anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain*; *πόντου πλάξ* the ocean plain: the flat top of a bill, *table-land*:—also *a flat stone, tombstone*.

πλάξεν, Dor. for *ἐπληξεν*, 3 sing. aor. I of *πλήσσω*.

πλάξ-ιππος, on, Dor. for *πλήξ-ιππος*.

πλάσμα, atos, τό, (πλάσσω) *anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure*; *πλάσματα πηλοῦ* vessels of clay. II. *ibat* which is imitated, *a forgery*.

ΠΛΑΨΣΩ Att. -τω: f. *πλάσω* [ᾶ]: aor. I *ἐπλάσσα* Ep. *ἐπλάσσα*, *πλάσσα*: pf. *πέπλάκα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπλάσθην*: pf. *πέπλασμαι*:—to *form, mould*,

shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. *to be moulded, made, fashioned*.

II. generally, *to mould, shape, of the mind and body*:—Med., *πλασάμενος τῇ ὄψει* *having formed himself in face*, i. e. having composed his countenance.

III. metaph. *to make up, fabricate, forge*, absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος* no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἰγγος, ἡ, (πλήσσω) *the tongue or scale of a balance*. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for horses. III. a whip.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὅν, doubtful form of *πελαστός*.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (πλάσσω) *formed, moulded, modelled*. II. metaph. *made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal*; *πλαστός πατρί* a supposititious son.

πλάταγέω, f. ἥσω, *to clap the hands loudly*: *to clasp, crack*. II. *to beat*, so as to make a loud noise. From

πλάταγῃ, ἡ, (πλατάσσω) *a rattle*.

πλάταγγημ, ατος, τό, (πλαταγέω) *a clapping*.

πλάταγών, ὠνος, ὁ, (πλαταγέω) *anything that rattles or cracks*.

πλάταγώνιον, τό, Dim. of *πλαταγών*, *the broad petal of the poppy*, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; *to a good omen if it burst with a loud crack*.

Πλάταια, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ὧν, αἱ, *Plataea*, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιαῖσι* at Plataea. Hence

Πλαταιαῖς Ion. —έες Att. —ῆς, οἱ, *the Plataeans*.

πλάτῳ, ὠνος, ὁ, (πλατός) *any broad flat body*: *a flat stone, a flat beach*.

πλάτανιστος, ἡ, = *πλάτανος*. Hence

πλάταnistους, ὄντος, ὁ, contr. for *πλατανιστοῖς*, *a plane-tree grove*.

πλάτανος, ἡ, (πλάτύς) *the oriental plane, the plane-tree*, Lat. *platanus*, so called from its broad, flat leaf.

πλάτειά, ἡ, see *πλατός*.

πλάτειάζω Dor. —άσδω: f. άσω: (πλατός):—*to speak or pronounce broadly, esp. with a Doric accent*.

πλατέως, Adv. of *πλατός*, broadly.

πλάτη Dor. *πλάτα*, ἡ, (πλάτύς) *the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar*, Lat. *palmula remi*: *the whole oar*. 2. *a sheet of paper*.

πλάτιον, Adv., Dor. for *πλησίον*.

πλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (πελάζω) poet. for *πελάτις*, *a wife*.

πλάτος, εος, τό, (πλάτύς) *breadth, width*: absol. in acc., *τὸ πλάτος* or *πλάτος* in breadth.

πλάτος, ἡ, ὅν, (πελάζω) = *πλαστός*, *πελαστός*.

πλάτω, f. ὦσω, (πλάτη) *to form the flat of oars*.

πλάτυγίξω, f. σω, (πλατός) *to beat the water with the blade of an oar*: *to splash about*: metaph. *to make a splash, splutter, swagger*.

πλάτῤ-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, (πλατός, λέσχη) *a babbler*.

πλατυντέον, verb. Adj. of *πλατύνω*, *one must widen*.

πλάτύνω, f. ὕνω, (πλατός) *to make broad, widen, extend*:—Med., *πλατύνεσθαι τὴν γῆν* *to widen one's territory*. 2. *to open wide*: 3 sing. pf. pass. *πεπλάτυνται* has been opened.

πλάτύ-νωτος, ον, (πλατός, νῶτος) *broad-backed*.

πλάτῤ-ροος, ον, contr. —ρους, ουν, (πλατός, ῥέω) *broad-flowing*.

ΠΛΑΤῤῥ, εἰά, ὕ, Ion. fem. *πλατεῖα*:—*flat, wide, broad*:—metaph., *πλατὺς κατάγειος* *flat mockery*. 2. as Subst., ἡ *πλατεῖα* (sub. ὁδός), *a street*: also (sub. χεῖρ), *the flat of the hand*. II. *salt, brackish*, because *πλατὺ ὕδωρ* was originally used of the sea.

III. Comp. and Sup., *πλάτύτερος*, *πλάτῤτατος*.

πλάτῤτης, ητος, ἡ, (πλατός) *breadth, width*: generally, *size, bulk*. [ῥ]

πλέας, acc. of *πλέες*, q. v.

πλέγδην, Adv. (πλέκω) *in plaits or braids*.

πλέγμα, ατος, τό, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, a net*: in pl. wreaths, chaplets.

πλέες, οἱ, acc. *πλέας*, Ep. for *πλείονες*, Comp. of *πολύς*, *more*: Dor. contr. *πλεῖς*.

πλεθρίαῖος, α, ον, of the size of a *πλέθρον*.

ΠΛΕΘΡΟΝ Ep. *πέλεθρον*, τό, as measure of length, a *plethron*, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. *a race-course or race of this length*. II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πλειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, in plur. *Πλειάδες* Ion. *Πληιάδες*, αἱ, *the Pleiads*, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

πλείμην, εἰο, εἶτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of *πέμπλημι*.

πλείν, Att. for *πλέον*, like *δεῖν* for *δεόν*, *more*. 2. inf. of *πλεῖν* to sail.

πλείος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for *πλέος*, *full*.

πλειότερος, ον, Comp. of *πλείος*, *fuller*.

πλειστάκις, Adv. (*πλείστος*) *most times, mostly, very often*.

πλειστήρης, es, (*πλείστος*) *manifest*; ἅπας *πλειστήρης χρόνος* the whole extent of time. Hence

πλειστηρίζομαι, Dep. *to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing*.

πλειστο-βόλος, ον, (*πλείστος*, βαλεῖν) *throwing the most, throwing the highest*.

πλειστόμ-βροτος, ον, (*πλείστος*, βροτός) *thronged with people, crowded*.

πλείστος, η, ον, Sup. of *πολύς*, *most*, Lat. plurimus: *very much*; also, *very great*:—οἱ *πλείστοι* *the greatest number*; *τὸ πλείστον* *the greatest part*; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ *πλείστος τοῦ βίου* *the most part of life*:—ἡ *πλείστη γνώμη* ἦν *his opinion was mostly*;

πλείστοις εἰμι *τῇ γνώμῃ* I am mostly of opinion; ὅσοι *πλείστοι* *the most possible*; ἐν τοῖς *πλείστοι* *about the most*, like ἐν τοῖς πρώτοι:—neut. *πλείστον* as Adv. *most*: τὸ *πλείστον* *for the most part*:—with Preps., διὰ *πλείστον* *at the greatest distance*; ἐπὶ *πλείστον* *to the greatest extent*; περὶ *πλείστον* *of the greatest importance or value*.

πλείω, Ep. pres. for πλέω, to sail.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ονος; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς; πλεῦν, πλεύων, πλεύεις etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέων, πλέονος, etc.: πλεῖν Att. for πλέον, like δεῖν for δέον: Ep. dat. pl. πλέονεσσι: Comp. of πλεόν:—more: also greater, larger, of size as well as number: —οἱ πλέωνες Ion. and Dor. οἱ πλείυνες, the greater number, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, the many, the people, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον the greater part; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ the greater part of night.

II. the neut. πλέων has various usages, more of a thing, Lat. plus; τὸ πλέων, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλεῖν, as Adv. mostly; οὐ τὸ πλέων not so much; πλέον ἢ.. more than.; but the ἢ may be omitted, πλείω ἐβδομήκοντα more than seventy:—πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη his opinion rather tended; πλέον ἔχειν to have the best of it, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν to be beaten:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. more, further; ἐς πλέον more; περὶ πλείονος of more importance, of higher value.

πλείων, ὥνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) a full space of time, a year.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, wickerwork.

πλεκτάνω, f. ἦσω, to twist into wreaths, coil. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ a wreath of smoke. [ᾶ]

πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, a coil, wreath. 2. a twisted rope, cord, string.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) of or for plaiting.

πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twined; πλεκτά στέγα wicker coverings, i.e. cars; τὰ πλεκτά any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. ἔω; aor. I ἐπλέξα: pf. πέπλεξα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλέχθην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπλεγμαι—to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, Lat. plico, plecto: also to knit; Med., πλέσασθαι πείσμα to twist oneself a rope. 2. metaph. to plan, devise, contrive.

II. Pass. to be plaited or woven. 2. to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

πλέων, neut. of πλέων, more: also neut. of πλέος, full.

πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλέονάκα: (πλέων):—to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, c. dat. II. to exaggerate, overstate.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) more frequently, oftener: too often. [ᾶ]

πλεονέκτης, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, = πλέων ἔχω to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to gain some advantage. 2. c. gen. to have or gain the advantage over another:—Pass. to be overreached, defrauded.

3. c. gen. rei, to have a greater share of a thing; πλεονεκτεῖν ψύχους to bear more cold. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, atos, τό, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

πλεονέκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλέων ἔχων, one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping, overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to take more than one's share. From

πλεονεξία Ion. —ῆ, ἡ, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. 2. advantage, superiority; πλεονεξία τινός advantage over another; ἐπὶ πλεονεξία for one's advantage or gain.

πλέωνος, Adv. of πλέων, too much.

ΠΛΕΩΣ, α, ον, Ion. πλείος, η, ον, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέω, πλέα (for πλεία), πλέα:—full, filled, c. gen.: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, complete. Comp. πλείοτερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πέλομαι. πλεῦν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέων: so πλεύνος, πλεῦνες, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλεύωνος, Adv. Ion. for πλέωνος, too much.

ΠΛΕΤΡΑ', ᾶς, ἡ, a rib, Lat. costa: in pl. the ribs, the side or sides.

II. later, the page of a book.

πλευρίτης, ιδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) pain in the side, pleurisy.

πλευρόθεν, Adv. (πλευρά) from the side.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f. ἦσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) to smite the ribs.

ΠΛΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a rib, an older poet. form of πλευρά: in pl. the ribs, the side.

πλευρο-τύπτης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) striking the sides.

πλευρώμα, atos, τό, like πλευρόν, the side.

πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευστοῦν, verb. Adj. of πλέω, one must sail.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.

ΠΛΕΩ Ep. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἐπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., aor. I ἐπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευκα: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:—to sail, go by sea; c. acc. cognato, ὑγρά κέλευθα πλύν to sail the watery ways:—to swim, float;—metaph., πλεῖν κατ' ὀρθόν to go on prosperously.

πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, more.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλέως, πλεία, πλείων, pl. πλέω, πλέα (for πλεία), πλεία, full, Att. for πλέος.

πληγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also a wound, Lat. plāga: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

πλήγμα, atos, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πύμπλημι) a great number, a mass, throng, crowd: the greater part, the mass, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government of the people, democracy.

II. number or quantity: also magnitude, size, bulk.

III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [ῡ], f. ὑνῶ, (πληθύς) to make full: to increase, multiply: Pass. to increase (intr.), to be completed; of persons, to be fully resolved. II. intr. = πληθύω.

πληθούς, ὅς, ἡ, Ep. dat. πληθού, Ion. for πληθος, a throng, crowd.

πληθῶα, (πληθούς) to be or become full : ἀγορῆς πληθούσης when the market-place becomes full : of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound : to increase in number : to spread, prevail ; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα : (πλέος) :—to be or become full ; πληθούσα σελήνη the moon at the full : of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ἡ, (πλήθω) fulness : satiety.

πληκτής, ον, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. III. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πλήκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτηρ, οπος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ἡ, (πλημμελής) a mistake in music, false note : generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ἥσω, (πλημμελής) to make a false note in music : to err, offend :—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλήν-μελής, ἐς, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note : generally, erring, faulty, offending : of things, unpleasant, harsh. Adv. -λῶς.

πλήμμη, ἡ, = πλήσμη.

πλήμυρα, ἡ, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide : a flood. Hence

πλημμυρέω, f. ἥσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide ; πλημμυρίς ἐκ πόντοιο the flood setting in towards land : generally, a flood, deluge. [ῥ Ep., ῥ Att.]

πλήμνη, ἡ, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond : I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II.

as Adv. besides, unless, save, except : πλήν ὅσον except so far as : it is often followed by some conjunct ; πλήν ὅταν save when ; πλήν ὅτι except that ; πλήν εἰ ἢ ἐάν, Lat. nisi st, only if ; etc. ; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλήν ἔν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπλήξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-ἑπιπος, ον, (πλήσσω, ἵπος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεύντες, -εὔμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληροῦν.

πλήρης, ἐς, gen. εὖς contr. οὖς, (πλέος) full of, c.

gen. ; rarely c. dat. filled with : absol. full, filled to the brim.

2. generally, full, complete ; sufficient.

3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ἥσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil :—Pass. to be fully assured : of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ἡ, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, f. ὠσω : pf. πεπλήρωκα : fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense : fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι : (πλήρης) :—to fill, make full : πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship : πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. 2.

to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληροῦν τὴν χρεῖαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty : generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV.

intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement : of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew : of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ἡ, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling : the completing a number : the manning a ship.

πλησαίαιτο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλήσθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, f. ᾶσω : pf. πεπλησίακα : (πλησίος) :—to bring near :—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near : to approach : c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαιτερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος : Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος, α, ον, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, hard by, close to. II. as Subst., πλῆσιος, ὁ, a neighbour.

III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, hard by ; ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὦν) one's neighbour : so Dor. ὁ πλάσιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαιτερος, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus : as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πληρο-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, ἰστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety : generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗ'ΣΣΩ Att. -τω : f. ξω : aor. I ἐπλήξα Ep. πλήξα : pf. πέπληγα : Pass. fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι : aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλάγην [ῥ] : pf. πέπληγμαι :—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγόμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν :—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λεῖν (to strike with a missile) : of Jove, to strike with lightning : to strike back, drive away :—Med., πλήξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief :—Pass. to be struck, stricken, smitten : also to be beaten : to be stricken by misfortune : but, πλήσσεσθαι δάροισι to be touched by bribes.

II. metaph. of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun ; πληγείς ἔρωτι smitten with love.

πλήστιγξ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλήγτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάω, be came near.

πλινθεύω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) to make into bricks.

absol. to make bricks.

II. to build of brick.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick.

πλινθίνος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.

πλινθίον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, a small brick.

πλινθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος : a whetstone.

πλινθο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (πλίνθος, ποίω) to make bricks.

πλίνθος, ἡ, a brick, Lat. later ; πλίνθοι ὄπται baked bricks ; πλίνθος ἐλκύσαι or εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere late-

res, to make bricks : δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick.

2. anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal.

3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθοურγέω, f. ἴσω, to make bricks. From

πλινθ-ουργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, *ἔργω) making bricks :

as Subst., πλινθοურγός, ὁ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry bricks. From

πλινθ-φόρος, ον, (πλίνθος, φέρω) carrying bricks.

πλινθώω, f. ὠσω, (πλίνθος) to make of brick : Med.

to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ῤφής, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὤφαινω) brick-built.

ΠΑΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλέρομαι : pf. πέπλεγμαι : Dep. :

—to cross one's legs in walking : to walk briskly, trot.

πλοηγ-τόκος, ον, (πλόος, τεκεῖν) producing navigation.

tion.

πλοῦριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a ship of any

kind ; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft ; πλοῖα ἱππαγωγὰ

transport-vessels ; πλοῖα μακρά ships of war, Lat.

longae naues ; πλοῖα στοργγύλα ships of burthen,

Lat. naues onerariae :—as distinguished from ναῦς (a

ship of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or trans-

port.

πλοκάμης, ἰδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl

of hair : also curly hair. [ῥ]

πλόκαμος, ὁ, (πλέω) a braid, lock or curl of hair :

in pl. the locks, the hair.

II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) anything plaited or woven, a

web : metaph. a web of deceit.

πλόκος, ὁ, (πλέω) a lock or curl of hair.

II. a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὁ, plur. πλοῖ, πλών, etc. :

(πλέω) :—a sailing voyage : time or tide for sailing :

—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλουθ-ύγεια, ἡ, (πλούτος, ὑγίεια) health and wealth,

πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, α, ον, (πλούτος) rich, wealthy : c. gen.

rei, rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum.

II. ample,

abundant.

III. Adv. —ως, like a rich man.

Πλουτεύς, ἔως, ἡ, ποῖτ. for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ἴσω, (πλούτος) to be rich, wealthy : c.

gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουττήρως, ἄ, ὄν, enriching.

πλουτιζέω, f. ἴσω, (πλούτος) to enrich, make wealthy.

πλουτο-γᾶθής, ἐς, Dor. for πλουτογηθής, (πλούτος,

γᾶθῶ) delighting by or in riches.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and πλουτο-δότης, ον, ὁ,

(πλούτος, δίδωμι) giver of riches.

πλουτο-κρατία, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy

of wealth.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, wealth, riches.

II. as masc.

prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτο-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθών) rich in

the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ανος, ὁ, Pluto, god of the nether world :

a name of Ἄιδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn,

the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the

earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὁ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. locks, hair.

πλύναν, Ep. for ἔπλυναν, 3 pl. aor. I of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [ῥ], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλύνος, ὁ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes

in : a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing : τὰ

Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) a festival at Athens, in which

the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΑΥΝΩ [ῥ] : fut. πᾶνῶ Ion. πλυνέω : aor. I

ἐπλῶνα Ep. πλῶνα : Pass., aor. I ἐπλύνην : pf. πέ-

πλῶμαι :—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούομαι

(to bathe), or νίω (to wash the hands or feet).

2. to wash off dirt.

II. metaph., πλύνειν τινά to

give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

πλῦσις, εως, ἡ, a washing. [ῥ]

πλωάς, ἀδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. floating.

πλωίζω, f. σω, (πλώω) to sail on the sea, use ships,

practise navigation.

πλωίμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing : of a ship, fit

for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable.

2. of the sea, to

be sailed over, navigable : in neut., πλωμώτερον γε-

νομένον or ὄνταν as circumstances became or were

more favourable to navigation.

πλωσίμος, ον, = πλωίμος, to be sailed over.

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλώω) a seaman, sailor.

II. a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swim-

ming.

II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ὠσω : aor. I ἐπλωσα : pf. πέπλωκα : Ep.

and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float : there is also (as if

from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἐπλωα, ως, ω, part.

πλώω, gen. πλώωτος.

πνεύω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεῦμα, ατος, το, (πνέω) wind, air.

II. breath,

πνεῦμα βίου the breath of life ; πνεῦμα ἀφίναί to give

up the ghost :—spend one's spirit, life.

2. spirit,

inspiration.

III. a Spirit, spiritual Being :—

Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα *the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost*.
Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath*. II. *of the spirit, spiritual*: Adv. —κώς, *spiritually*.

πνευματώω, f. ὥσω, (πνεῦμα) *to turn into wind or air*: *to inflate*. 2. *to agitate with wind*.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνέμα) *used both in living and in pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs*.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΙΝΕ'Ω Ep. πνέω. f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσούμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθην: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι): *to blow, breathe, of the wind*. II. *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale*: c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of*; rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it*.

III. *of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp*. IV. *to draw breath, breathe*: *to live*. V. *metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνέοντες breathing spirit*: Ἀρεα πνέιν, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνέιν *to be of a high spirit*. VI. *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui*.

πνίγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling*: or 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame*.

πνιγρός, ὁ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat*.

πνιγίξω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking*.

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling heat*.

πνιγόμεναι, εσσα, εν, *choking, stifling*. From πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat*.

ΠΝΙΤΩ [τ]: fut. πνίξω or med. πνίσομαι: aor. I ἐπνιξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [τ]: *to stifle, choke*: *to seize by the throat, throttle*:—Pass. *to be stifled or choked*: also *to be drowned*. II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew*.

πνικώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling*.

πνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled*.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοαί: (πνέω): *a wind, blast, air*: ἅμα πνοαῖς ἀνέμοιο *along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind*: πυρὸς πνοαί *blasts of fire*: metaph., πνοαί Ἀρεος *blasts of Ares*. II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath*. III. *a breathing odour, fragrance*: *a vapour, exhalation*.

IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument*.

ΠΝΥ'Ξ, gen. πυκνός (not πνυκός), ἡ, the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟ'Α, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποή Dor. ποία:—grass: ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne.

II. *a grassy place, meadow*. III. *grass-time, summer*.

ποδ-αβρός, ὄν, (πούς, ἄβρός) *soft of foot*.

ποδ-ἄγος, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, *guiding the foot*: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὁ, *a guide, an attendant*.

ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet*.

II. *gout in the feet*, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγρῶω, *to have gout in the feet*.

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *liable to gout, gouty*.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *gouty*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίξω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίξω) *water for washing the feet in*.

ποδάπιος, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἄπο; *from what country?* Lat. cujus?

ποδ-αργος, ὄν, (πούς, ἀργός) *swift- or white-footed*.
ποδ-ἄρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) *able of foot, swift-footed*.

ποδ-ἐνδύτος, ὄν, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn upon the foot*. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet*.

ποδεών, ὥως, ὁ, (πούς) in plur. *the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals*; δέρμα λέοντος ἀφημμένον ἀκρῶν ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends*. II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up*. III. *any similar extremity*: ποδεών στενὸς *a narrow strip of land*. 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet*.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-ἄγος.

ποδ-ηκεῖς, ἐς, (πούς, *ἐνέγκω) *reaching down to the feet*.

ποδ-ήνεμος, ὄν, (πούς, ἀνεμος) *swift as the wind*.

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀράρειν) *reaching down to the feet*; πέπλος ποδήρης *a robe that falls over the feet*: hence, ποδῆρης στῖλος *a tall straight pillar*; ποδῆρης ἀσπίς *the large shield which quite covered the body*:—τὰ ποδῆρη, *the feet*.

ποδιαῖος, α, ὄν, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high*.

ποδίξω, f. ὥσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether*:—Pass., *of horses, to have the feet tied, be tethered*.

ποδι-κροτος, ὄν, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet*.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ποδίξω) *reaching over the feet*; πέπλος ποδιστήρ *a long garment that entangles the feet in it*.

ποδιστρα, ἡ, (ποδίξω) *a strap or snare for the feet*.

ποδοῦν, Ep. gen. and dat. dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτύπέω) *a dancing-girl*.

ποδορ-ᾄγης, ἐς, (πούς, βράγηναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot*.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet*.

ποδο-ψιστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat*.

ποδωκεία, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness*. From

ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ὠκός) *swift-footed, fleet of foot*: generally *swift, quick*.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, grass.

ποθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποτέω.

ποθεινός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (ποθέω) *longed for, desired, missed, regretted*: hence *mourned for*.

πόθεν Ion. κόθεν, interrog. Adv. *whence?* from *what place?* Lat. unde? τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; who, whence art thou of men? πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίας; from *what part* of Phrygia? II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθέν, enclit. Adv. *from some place or other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ὄν, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθεύντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω.

ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. ποιήσω or ποθέσσομαι: aor. I act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθεσα Ep. πόθεσα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—*to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for*; and so *to miss, regret*, Lat. desiderare: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's desiring, one's desire. 2. c. inf. *to long or be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φῆν the *longing soul*.

ποθή, ἦ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for*; ἡ ποθή *a longing after thee*.

ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*. ποθί, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *where?* II.

for ποῦ, *whither?*

ποθί, enclit. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: at length.

ποθό-βλητος, ὄν, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

πόθ-οδος, ἦ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορέωσα, for προσορέωσα, part. fem. of προσορεύω.

ΠΟ'ΘΟΣ, ὅ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for*, Lat. desiderium; ὅς πόθος *a yearning after thee*: *love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. quo? c. gen. ποῖ χθονός: *to what spot of earth?* 2. for ποῦ; Lat. ubi? *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. quorsum?

ποι, enclitic Adv. *somewhither*.

ποῖα, ἦ, Dor. for πῶα, *grass*.

ποιεῦμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποιεῖω.

ποιεῦμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποιεῖω.

ποιεῦντα, Dor. for ποιούντα, pres. part. acc. of

ΠΟΙΕ'Ω, ἦ, ὡσ: I. *to make, produce, execute*, esp. of works of art:—Med. *to make for oneself*, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι *to make themselves houses*: also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass*:

bring about, cause, effect; ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. sacra facere, *to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*; ποιεῖν ἱσθμια *to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3.

to make, shape, create: *to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: also *to make or render so and so*:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med. *to make so and so for oneself*, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἑταῖρον *to make him one's friend*: ποιεῖσθαι τινα νῖόν *to make*

a person one's son, i. e. *to adopt him as son*; ἐωντοῦ ποιεῖσθαι *τι to make a thing one's own*: generally *to hold, reckon, esteem a thing as . . .*, συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι *τι to take, reckon a thing for a visitation*; δευδὸν ποιεῖσθαι *τι to esteem it a grievous thing*; περὶ πολ-
λου ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. magni facere, *to esteem a thing of great moment*. 4. *to compose, write*, esp. in verse, *to make*: also *to invent*:—also *to make, represent in poetry* (whence ποιητής a poet): periphr. in Med., ὄρηγν ποιεῖσθαι for ὀργίξασθαι, θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέ-
λειν. II. *to do*; Σπαρτιητικὰ ποιεῖν *to act like a Spartan*: c. acc. dupl. *to do something to another*, κακά or ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα *to do one good or evil*. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*;

ποιεῖν ἡ παθεῖν *to do or have done to one*. 2. there is also a pecul. usage, ἡ εἰνoια παρὰ πολλὸν ἐποίη-
εν τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους, *good-will made greatly for* or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποι-]

ποίη, ἦ, Ion. for πῶα, *grass*. ποιήεις, εἰσα, εν, (ποιῖν) *grassy, rich in grass*. ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποιῖω) *anything made or done*: 1. a work, piece of workmanship. 2. a poetical work, poem. 3. an act, deed.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποίημα, a little poem.

ποιηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ποιῖν) *grassy*.

ποιήσσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποιεῖω.

ποιήσις, εως, ἡ, (ποιῖω) *a making: a forming, creat-*

ing. II. the art of poetry. 2. a poem.

ποιητέος, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ποιεῖω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. ποιητέον *one must make or do*.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιῖω) *one who makes, a maker*. II.

a maker, i. e. a poet.

ποιητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ποιῖω) *capable of making, productive*: poetical:—ἡ ποιητικὴ (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv.—κῶς.

ποιητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ποιῖω) *made, fabricated, worked*. II. made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φάγῳ, (ποιῖν, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ὄν, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ἵνῃα) *with broidered reins*.

ποικιλ-εῖμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb*.

ποικιλία, ἦ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery*: a piece of embroidery: metaph. *cunning*.

ποικίλλω, f. ἰλῶ: ἐποικίλα: Pass., pf. πεποίκιλμαι: (ποικίλος):—*to broider, work in embroidery*.

II. *to embroider*: *to diversify, vary*: metaph. *to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence ποικίλμα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *broidered work, broidery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γῆρυς Dor. -γάρυς, vos, ὁ, ἦ, (ποικίλος, γῆρυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δαιρος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, δαῖρα) *with variegated neck*.

ποικίλο-δέρμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) of varied work.

ποικίλο-θρίξ, *-τρίχος*, *ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.

ποικίλο-μήτις, *ου, ὁ, and ποικίλο-μητις*, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχανος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated form, variegated.

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) of various discourse.

ποικίλο-νώτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) with back of varied hues.

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) with wing of changeful hue.

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΟΣ, *η, ον*, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled.

II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; **τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ** arms inwrought with brass.

III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος *Aeol.* **-σάμβαλος**, *ον*, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) with brodered sandals.

ποικίλο-στολος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, στολή) with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ές*, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλο-τεκτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τέχχω) curiously wrought.

ποικίλο-τραυλός, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ) accompanied by the various notes of the harp.

ποικίλο-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτήης, *οὔ, ὁ, fem.* **ποικιλτρία**, *ἡ*, (ποικίλλω) one who embroiders: a brooder.

ποικίλ-φδός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, φῶδι) of riddling song.

ποικίλως, *Adv.* of ποικίλος, variously; **ποικίλως** ἔχειν *to be different.*

ποιμαίνω, *f. ἄνω*, (ποιμήν) *to feed, tend*, *Lat. pascere*: absol. *to keep flocks, be a shepherd.* 2. metaph. *to tend, cherish, foster*:—*to guide, lead, govern*:

—also *to soothe, lull, beguile*, like *Lat. pascere*: hence *to deceive.* II. *Pass.* *to graze, Lat. pasci*: *to range over in grazing, to stray*; *pās pepoiμανται*

τόπος every place has been ranged over, traversed.

ποιμάν, *ὁ*, *Dor.* for *ποιμήν*.

ποιμᾶνῶριον, *τό*, (ποιμάνωρ) *a herd*: metaph. *an army under its leader.*

ποιμανῶ, *fut.* of *ποιμαίνα*.

ποιμάνωρ [ᾶ], *οπος, ὁ*, (ποιμαίνω) = *ποιμήν*, *a herdsman, shepherd*: *a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.*

ποιμήν, *ένος, ὁ*, (ποιά) *a herdsman, a shepherd*; **ποιμήν λαῶν** *a shepherd of the people, i.e. a prince, chief.*

ποιμήν, *ἡ*, (ποιμήν) *a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.*

ποιμνών, *ον*, (ποιμνῶν) *of or for a flock or herd.*

ποιμνιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *ποιμήν*, *a little flock.*

ποιναῖος, *α, ον*, (ποινή) *punishing, avenging.*

ποιναῖωρ, *οπος, ὁ, ἡ*, *an avenger, punisher.* [ᾶ]

ποινάω, *f. ἄω* [ᾶ] *Ion.* ἡσώ. *to avenge, punish*:—

Med. *to avenge oneself on one.* From

ποινή, *ἡ*, *a ransom paid for the shedding of blood*; generally, *a price paid, redemption, requital*: also *the price exacted, vengeance, penalty*, *Lat. poena*; **ἀνελεῖσθαι ποινὴν τῆς ψυχῆς** *to take vengeance for his life*;

ποινὴν τίσαι **Ξέρξῃ τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομένων** *to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds*; often in phrase, **ποιναὶς δοῦναι**, like **δικὴν δοῦναι**, *to suffer punishment*, *Lat. dare poenas*; **ποινας λαμβάνειν** *to inflict it*, *Lat. sumere poenas.* 2. in good sense, *recompense, reward.* II. personified, **Ποινή**, *ἡ*,

the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.

ποινήτης, *ου, ὁ, fem.* **-ήτις**, *ιδος*, *one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.*

ποινῖμος, *ον*, (ποινή) *avenging, punishing.*

ποιολογέω, *f. ἡσώ*, *to gather herbs*: also *to put up corn in sheaves.* From

ποιω-λόγος, *ον*, (ποιά, λέγω) *gathering herbs.*

ποιω-νόμος, *ον*, (ποιά, νέμω) *feeding on grass or herbs.* II. **ποιό-νομος**, *ον*, (ποιά, νομή) *with grassy pastures.*

ΠΟΙΟΣ *α, ον* *Ion.* **κοῖος**, *η, ον*, *interrog. Adj.* *of what nature? of what sort?* *Lat. qualis?* in Homer expressing surprise and anger; **ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπες!** *what manner of speech hast thou spoken!* II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, *ὁ ποῖος*;

III. *fem. dat.* **ποιά** *Ion.* **κοῖῃ** (*sub. δδῶ*); as *Adv.* = *πῶς*; *Lat. quomodo?* *how?* in *what manner?*

ποιός, *α, ὄν*, *indef. Adj.* *of a certain nature, kind or quality.*

ποιότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ποιός) *quality.*

ποιπνύω, *f. ὥσω* [ῶ], (*redupl.* from *πνέω*), *to be out of breath*; hence generally, *to hasten, hurry, bustle*: also *to work hard, be busy.*

ποιφύσσω, *ατος, τό*, *a blowing, snorting.* From **ποῖφύσσω**, *f. ξῶ*, (*redupl.* from *φύσσω*) *to blow, puff, snort.* II. *to blow out, puff up.*

ποι-ώδης, *ες*, (ποιά, εἶδος) *like grass, grassy.*

πόκά *or ποκά*, *πόκα*, *for ποτέ or ποτέ.*

ποκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (πόκος) *wool, hair.*

ποκίζω, *f. ἴσω* *Dor.* **ἰζω**, (πόκος) *to shear wool*:—

Med. *to shear or clip for oneself.*

πόκος, *ὁ*, (πέκος) *wool uncombed, a fleece*: also *a flock or tuft of wool.* II. *a sheep-shearing.* III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb **εἰς ὄνου πόκας**, *to an ass-shearing*, i.e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκόω, *f. ὥσω*, *to cover with wool*: *Pass.* *to be covered or clothed in wool.*

πόκως, *Dor.* for **πόκους**, *acc. pl.* of **πόκος**.

πολέες, *ἑων, ἑεσσι, ἑας*, *Ep. plur.* of **πολύς**.

πολεμᾶδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.
 πολεμαρχέον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and
 πολεμαρχός, f. ἦσω, to be Polemarch. From
 πολεμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἀρχω) one who begins or
 leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens
 the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally
 commanded in battle; he was present at the battle
 of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which
 the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta
 the commander of a division or μόρα. 3. at Thebes
 it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the
 Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλε-
 μος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight,
 give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with
 one.

II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an
 enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one;
 so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in
 Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὅσα
 ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος,
 δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήμιος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμιος, (πόλεμος)
 warlike. II. hostile.

πολεμησείω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war.

πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go
 to war.

πολεμίζω poet. πτολ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἰζω: (πόλε-
 μος):—poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or
 against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another:
 later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute. II. trans. to
 make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike;
 τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the
 art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of
 war, war. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle.

II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence
 πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν
 to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belong-
 ing to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war. 2.

rarely like πολεμικός, warlike. II. hostile:—as
 Subst., πολέμιοι, οἱ, the enemy. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub.
 γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολέμιον,
 hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.

πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to
 a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἄρματα war-chariots. II.

τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ep. πτολ-, οὐδ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a war-
 rior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταὶ war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλονος) raising the
 din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war.

πολεμο-λαμ-ἀχαιός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος,
 Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.

πολεμόνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war,
 into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up
 war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: gen-
 erally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεσθαί τινι to levy war
 against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by
 war.

πολεμῶν, f. ὥσω, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make
 an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεῶν, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat.
 versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II.

trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to
 plough.

πολέων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for
 πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πόλις.

πόληες, ον, as, Ion. for πόλεες, πόλεις, plur. of πό-
 λις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληος, πόληι.

πολιάνομαι, Pass. (πολίος) to grow gray or white.

πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιόχοχος, πολιούχοχος, q. v.
 πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἀρχω) prince of a city or state.

Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith.
 of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the
 Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηνᾶ
 Παρθένος and Ἀθηνᾶ Πρόμαχος.

πόλιες, πολίεσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of πόλις.

πολιζέω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass.,
 pf. πόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city:
 generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II.
 to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιόχοχος=πολιούχοχος.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a
 fellow-citizen, countryman.

πολιήτις, ιδος, fem. of πολίτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρότάφος, ον, (πολίος, κρόταφος) with gray
 hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολιο-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρησα: Pass., fut.
 πολιορηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι:
 aor. I ἐπολιόρηθην: (πόλις, εἶργω, or ἔρκος):—to hem
 in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to
 besiege, importune. Hence

πολιο-ορκητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. that must or can be
 taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieg-
 ing a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν:—gray, white; of
 hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray or
 white hair: ἅμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσας as the gray
 hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and
 temples to the beard): πολίος absol. a gray-headed
 man. II. metaph. bright, serene. III.

metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολιο-οὔχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιο-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολίος, χρώς) with white
 skin: white.

πολιο-πόρθης, ον, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Ep. πόληος, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόληι: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:—Plur., nom. πόλεες Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιων: dat. πόλισι Ep. πολίεσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλεις Ion. πόλεις:—a city: πόλις ἄκρη, = ἀκροπόλις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστυ.

II. a whole country, state. III. when πόλις and ἄστυ are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστυ their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σός, ον, (πόλις, σώζω) guarding a city.

πολις-ούχος, ον, poët. for πολιοῦχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πολίτης, ἄρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολίτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or freeman, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. i med. ἐπολιτεύσασθην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήτης, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολίτης [ῑ], ου, Ion. πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολῖται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city. πολιτικός, ὁ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ἡ πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά, state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικός, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχνιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town.

πολλάκι poët. πολλάκι [ᾱ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perbaps, perchance, Lat. si forte; μὴ πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by ἡ . . , ἥπερ . . , or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ίωνας.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλαχόθι, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλαχόσε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλαχού, Adv. = πολλαχῇ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [ᾱ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολύς.

πολλοστός, ὁ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II.

of Time, πολλοστῷ ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστῷ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. -τως, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλω, πόλῳ) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρα) catching much game.

πολύ-ᾄθλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ᾄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶξ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἵματος, ον, and πολύ-αἶνος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-ἄγξ, ἱκος [ῑ], (πολύς, ἄισσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολυαἶξ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυάνδρεω, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολύ-άνδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-άνθης, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming.

πολυάνθρωπια, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ā], opor, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, άνήρ) = πολυάνωρ: much frequented. II. of many husband.

πολύ-άργυρος, ον, (πολύς, άργυρος) rich in silver.
πολύ-άρτος Att. -άρτος, ον, (πολύς, άράομαι) much prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-αρκής, ές, (πολύς, άρκέω) much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant.

πολυ-άρματος, ον, (πολύς, άρμα) with many chariots.

πολύ-αρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, άρμονία) many-toned.

πολύ-αρνος, ον, iteg. dat. πολίαρμι: (πολύς, άρνός): with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολύαρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, άρχω) the government of many.

πολύ-αστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, άστράγαλος) with many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, άστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολύ-άσχολος, ον, (πολύς, άσχολος) much-busied.

πολύ-αῖλαξ, άκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, αῖλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύς, αύχήν) with many necks.

πολύ-βάφής, ές, (πολύς, βάφηναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, ές, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βότερα Ep. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκει) fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκει) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτρυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ον, ὁ, (πολύς, βοῦς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses.

πολύ-γᾶθής, ές, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γᾶθής, ές, (πολύς, γηθέω) much-beeering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γήρως, ον, (πολύς, γήρας) exceeding old.

πολύ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεύκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύς, γλώσσα) many-tongued: barmonious.

πολύ-γναμπος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) well-known.

πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφος) fastened with many nails, well-bolted.

πολύγονόμαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many, prolific.

πολύ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly dight. II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολύ-δακρῦς, gen. vos, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-weep, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

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πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

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πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δειράς, άδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύς, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεστι, ποῖετ. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρης.

πολύ-δερκής, ές, (πολύς, δέρομαι) much-seeing.

πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands, strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, ές, (πολύς, δεύκος = γλεύκος) very sweet.

II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ὁ, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-watered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμείν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δρόσος, ον, (πολύς, δρόσος) very dewy.

πολύ-δωρία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δῶρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολύ-ειδής, ές, (πολύς, είδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολύ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, έλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολύ-έλικτος, ον, (πολύς, έλισσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολύ-επαίνετος, ον, (πολύς, επαινέω) much-praised.

πολύ-επής, ές, (πολύς, έπος) of many words, wordy.

πολύ-έρastos, ον, (πολύς, έράω) much-loved.

πολύ-εργής, ές, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, εργον) much-working, bard-working.

πολύ-ετής, ές, (πολύς, έτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολύ-εύχετος, ον, (πολύς, εύχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλώω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, άγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, έράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολύ-ηχής, ές, (πολύς, ηχος) many-toned: much-resounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύς, ήχέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρηής, ές, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ-θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.

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πολυθρέμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, θρέμων) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters.

πολύθρεπτος, ον, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing.

πολυθρήνητος, ον, (πολύς, θρηνέω) much-bewailed.

πολύθρηνος, ον, (πολύς, θρηνος) much-wailing.

πολύθριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much hair.

πολύθροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (πολύς, θρόος) with much noise, clamorous.

πολυθρύλητος, ον, (πολύς, θρῦλέω) much talked of, notorious.

πολύθυρος, ον, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. metaph. with many leaves.

πολύθυτος, ον, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.

πολυίδμων, ον, gen. ονος, = πολυίδρις.

πολυϊδρεία, ἡ, (πολυίδρις) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.

πολύιδρις, Ion. gen. ιος Att. εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἰδρις) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.

πολύϊππος, ον, (πολύς, ἵππος) having many horses, rich in horses.

πολυϊστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἴσχω) = πολυίδρις.

πολύιχθιος, ον, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) abounding in fish.

πολύκαγκής, ἑς, (πολύς, *κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.

πολύκάης, ἑς, (πολύς, καίω) much-burning.

πολύκάμμος, ον, (πολύς, κάμμος) very ill-fated or miserable.

πολύκάμπης, ἑς, (πολύς, κάμπω) with many twists and turns.

πολύκάνης, ἑς, (πολύς, καίνω) much-slaughtering.

πολύκαπνος, ον, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.

πολυκάρηνος, ον, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-beaded.

πολύκαρπία, ἡ, abundance of fruit. From

πολύκαρπος, ον, (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful.

πολύκέλαδος, ον, (πολύς, κέλαδος) much-sounding.

πολύκέρδεια, ἡ, great craft or cunning. From

πολύκερδής, ἑς, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.

πολύκερωσ, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, κέρας) many-borned; π. φόνος the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολύκεστος, ον, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched.

πολύκηδής, ἑς, (πολύς, κήδος) full of care, grievous.

πολυκήριος, ον, (πολύς, κήρ) very deadly.

πολύκήτης, ἑς, (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.

πολύκλαυστος ὁ -κλαυτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.

πολυκλής, ἑς, (πολύς, κλέος) far-famed.

πολύκλειτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλειτός) far-famed, of great renown.

πολυκλήεις, εσσα, εν, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.

πολυκλήις, ιδος [ἱ], ἡ, (πολύς, κλέις) with many benches of rowers, with many banks of oars.

πολύκληρος, ον, (πολύς, κλήρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολύκλητος, ον, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many a land.

πολύκλυστος, ον, (πολύς, κλύζω) much dasbing or swelling. II. pass. washed by many a wave.

πολύκμητος, ον, (πολύς, κάμνω) much-wrought. 2. later, laborious.

πολύκνημος, ον, (πολύς, κνημός) with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous.

πολύκοινος, ον, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.

πολύκοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the rule of many. From

πολύκοίρανος, ον, (πολύς, κοίρανος) wide-ruling.

πολύκολυμβος, ον, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving.

πολύκράνος, ον, (πολύς, κράνον) many-headed.

πολυκράτης, ἑς, (πολύς, κράτος) very mighty.

πολύκροτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κροτέω) ringing loud or clearly.

πολύκρουνος, ον, (πολύς, κρουνός) with many springs.

πολυκτεάνος, ον, (πολύς, κτεάνον) = πολυκτήμαν.

πολυκτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κτῆμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύκτητος, ον, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτήμαν.

πολυκτόνος, ον, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.

πολύκύνιστος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κύδιστος) held in highest honour, most glorious.

πολύκύμαν, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κύμα) swelling with many waves.

πολύκωκίως, ον, (πολύς, κωκίω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.

πολύκωμος, ον, (πολύς, κῶμος) much-revelling.

πολύκωπος, ον, (πολύς, κοπή) of many oars.

πολύκωτίλος, ον, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-chattering, much-warbling.

πολύλήιος, ον, (πολύς, λήιον) with many corn-fields.

πολύλ-λίθος, ον, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony.

πολύλ-λυστος, ον, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; νηὸς πολύλλιστος a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολύλ-λίτος, ον, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολυλλιστος.

πολύλογος, ἡ, much speaking, much talk. From

πολύλογος, ον, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, talkative. 2. much talked of.

πολύμάθης, ἑς, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) having learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -θῶς, in a very learned way.

πολυμανής, ἑς, (πολύς, μανῆναι) very furious.

πολύμάχητος, ον, (πολύς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [ἀ]

πολύμεθής, ἑς, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.

πολύμελής, ἑς, (πολύς, μέλος) with many limbs or members. II. many-toned, musical.

πολύμερής, ἑς, (πολύς, μέρος) consisting of many parts. Adv. -ρῶς, in many ways.

πολύμετρος, ον, (πολύς, μέτρον) holding many measures: generally, abundant.

πολύμηκάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) much-bleating.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἤλων) *with many sheep : rich in flocks.*

πολύ-μηνις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, μηνίς) *very wrathful.*
πολύ-μητις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, μήτις) *of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.*

πολύμηχάνια Ion. -ίη, *ἡ*, fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness. From

πολύ-μήχανος, *ον*, (πολύς, μηχανή) *fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.*

πολύ-μίγής, *ές*, (πολύς, μιγῆναι) *mixed of many parts, motley.*

πολύ-μίσής, *ές*, (πολύς, μίσος) *much-bated.*

πολύ-μισθος, *ον*, (πολύς, μισθός) *receiving much pay, hired at a high rate.*

πολύ-μίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, μίτος) *consisting of many threads ; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded robes.*

πολυ-μνήστη, *ἡ*, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many.*

πολύ-μνηστος, *ον*, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *much-remembering, mindful, grateful.* II. pass. *much-remembered, never to be forgotten.*

πολυ-μνήστωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *remembering much, mindful.*

Πολύμνια, *ἡ*, contr. from Πολυύμνια, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *Polymnia, i. e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.*

πολύ-μουσος, *ον*, (πολύς, Μούσα) *with many arts or accomplishments.*

πολύ-μοχθος, *ον*, (πολύς, μόχθος) *much-labouring, much-enduring.* II. pass. *won by much toil.*

πολύ-μῦθος, *ον*, (πολύς, μῦθος) *of many words, wordy, talkative.* II. pass. *much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.*

πολύ-ναός, *ον*, (πολύς, ναός) *with many temples.*

πολύ-ναύτης, *ον, ὁ*, (πολύς, ναύτης) *with many sailors.*

πολύ-νείκης, *ον, ὁ*, (πολύς, νείκος) *much-wrangling : often as a prop. n. Polynices.*

πολύ-νέφελος, *ον*, (πολύς, νεφέλη) *overcast with clouds, very cloudy : there is also a Dor. form πολυνεφέλας, gen. a.*

πολύ-νίκης, *ον, ὁ*, (πολύς, νικάω) *a frequent conqueror.*

πολύ-νιφής, *ές*, (πολύς, νίφω) *deep with snow.*

πολύ-ξεινος, *ον*, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξεινος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, ξένος, ξείνος) :—of persons, entertaining many guests, very hospitable. II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, ξέω) *much-polished.*

πολυοινώ, *to be rich, abound in wine.* From

πολύ-οινος, *ον*, (πολύς, οἶνος) *abounding in wine.*

πολύ-ολβος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὀλβος) *very wealthy : rich in blessings : abundant.*

πολύ-ομβρος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) *very rainy.*

πολύ-ὀμμάτος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὄμμα) *many-eyed.*

πολύ-ὀρνίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὄρνις) *abounding in birds.*

πολύοψία, *ἡ*, abundance of dainties : abundance of food. From

πολύ-οψος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὄψον) *abounding in dainties : luxurious.*

πολυ-πάθης, *ές*, (πολύς, παθεῖν) *much-suffering.*

πολύπαιδια, *ἡ*, (πολύταις) *abundance of children.*

πολύ-παίπαλος, *ον*, (πολύς, παιπάλῃ) *exceeding crafty.*

πολύ-παις, -παιδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, παῖς) *with many children.*

πολύ-πάμ-φαιος, *ον*, (πολύς, πᾶς, φάος) *very bright.*

πολύ-πάμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πέπαι) *with great possessions, very wealthy.*

πολύ-πειρία, *ἡ*, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολυ-πειρος, *ον*, (πολύς, πείρα) *much-experienced.*

πολύ-πείρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πείρας) *with many boundaries : of or from many countries.*

πολύ-πενθής, *ές*, (πολύς, πένθος) *much-mourning, very mournful.* II. pass. *much-mourned.*

πολύ-πένθιμος, *ον*, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπηνονίδης, *ον, ὁ*, son of Polypemon, in allusion to the meaning of the word ; v. πολυπήμων.

πολύ-πήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πῆμα) *causing manifold woe, baneful.*

πολύ-πηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, πῆνη) *close-woven.*

πολύ-πίδαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, πίδαξ) *with many springs or fountains.*

πολύ-πικρός, *ον*, (πολύς, πικρός) *very keen or bitter ; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.*

πολύ-πίνης, *ές*, (πολύς, πίνος) *very dirty.*

πολύ-πλαγκτος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) *much-wandering, roaming far a-field : much-erring.* II. act. (πολύς, πλάζω) *leading far astray : metaph. beguiling, delusive.*

πολυ-πλάνης, *ές*, (πολύς, πλανάομαι) *roaming far or long ; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy.* 2. *much-erring.*

πολυ-πλάνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλανάομαι) *far- or off-wandering : of blows, showered from all sides.*

πολύ-πλάνος, *ον*, = πολυπλανής.

πολυ-πλάσιος, *α, ον*, = πλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλέθρον) *many πλέθρα in size : generally far-extending.*

πολύ-πλεκτος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλέκω) *closely-twined.*

πολυ-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) *with many locks : of the polyppus, with many feelers.*

πολυπλοκία, *ἡ*, intricacy, cunning, craft. From

πολύ-πλοκος, *ον*, (πολύς, πλέκω) *much-tangled, thick-wreathed.* 2. metaph. *tangled, intricate, complex.* II. act. *entangling intriguing.*

πολύ-πόδης, *ον, ὁ*, ποδῖ. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολύ-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πολύς, ποικίλος) *much-variegated.*

πολύ-πονος, *ον*, (πολύς, πόνος) *much-labouring, much-suffering ; also causing much pain, painful.*

πολύπος, *ον, ὁ*, see πολύπους.

πολύ-πόταμος, ον, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers.*

πολύ-πόντια, ἡ, (πολύς, πόντια) *very venerable.*

πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed.* II. as Subst. πολύπους or more commonly (even in Att.) πολυῦπος, ον, ὁ, *the many-footed one, the sea-polyrpus*; gen. πολυῦποδος; acc. πολύπουν or πολυῦποδα; plur. nom. πολυῦποδες, etc.; roét. nom. πολυῦπος, ου; Dor. πάλυτος; Lat. *polyrpus*.

πολυπραγμονέω Ion. -πρηγμονέω, f. ἦσω, (πολυπράγμα) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡ (πολυπράγμαν) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.* From

πολυ-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*

πολυ-πρᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυ-πρόβατος, ον, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*: Sup. πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυ-πρώτιστος, η, ον, = πολὺν πρώτιστος.

πολυ-πρώτητος Ion. -πτοιήτος, ον, (πολύς, πτοέω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύ-πτύχος, ον, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys.*

πολύ-πυργος, ον, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*

πολύ-πῦρος, ον, (πολύς, πῦρος) *rich in corn.*

πολύρ-ραπτος, ον, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρ-ρίφος, ον, (πολύς, ῥάπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

*πολύρ-ρην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, *ῥήν = ἄμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.*

πολύρ-ρηνος, ον, = *πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ρίζος, ον, (πολύς, ῥίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρ-ροδος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*

πολύρ-ροθος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dasbing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.*

πολυρ-ροιβδητος, ον, (πολύς, βοιβδέω) *much-wibzzing.*

πολύρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, and πολύρ-ρύτος, ον, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing: of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, ἡς, οὔ; dat. πολλῷ, ῃ, ᾧ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύν:—Ion. nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut.

The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολεῖς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσι, πολέεσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολεῖς; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾱ]:—πουλός, neut. πουλός, are also Ep. forms.

I. Of Number, many, opp. to ὀλίγος few: also of anything often repeated; πολλόν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated.

2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολλὴν υφερῶς a heavy storm of snow; πολύς ὕπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολλός great and large; πολλήν κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλὸς λόγος a far-spread report; πολλή ἀνάγκη strong necessity.

3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence.

4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρώες; πολλὸν σαρκής for πολλή σάρξ.

5. πολύς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἔσθλοι many men and good.

6. in Att. with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολύ; ὥς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ for the most part.

7. πολύς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος he was urgent in his entreaties.

II. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλή ὁδός a long way.

III. of Time, long.

As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολύ Ion. πολλόν, πολλά, much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much.

2. πολύ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺν or πολλόν ἀμείναι much better: with Comp. Adv., πολὺ μάλλον much more: with Sup., as πολὺ πρῶτος much the first.

3. πολλά many times, often: τὰ πολλά mostly, usually.

4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολὺ for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείον Att. πλέων; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-σαθρος, ον, (πολύς, σαθρός) *very rotten.*

πολύ-σαρκία, ἡ, (πολύς, σὰρξ) *fleshy, plumpness.*

πολύ-σεβαστος, ον, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*

πολύ-σεμνος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*

πολύ-σημάντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many.*

πολύ-σίνης, ἡς, (πολύς, σίνομαι) *very hurtful, baneful, mischievous.*

πολύσιτία, ἡ, *abundance of corn or food.* From

πολύ-σιτος, ον, (πολύς, σίτος) *abounding in corn.* II. *high-fed, full of meat.*

πολύ-σκαλμός, ον, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared.*

πολύ-σκαρμός, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift: bounding.*

πολύ-σκηπτρος, ον, (πολύς, σκῆπτρον) *wide-ruling.*

πολύ-σκιος, ον, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυ-σκόπελος, ον, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*

πολυ-σπαθής, ἐς, (πολύς, σπάθη) *thick-woven.*

πολυ-σπέρως, ἐς, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.*

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύ-σπορος, ον, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυ-στάφυλος, ον, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύ-στάχυς, υ, gen. vos, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops.*

πολυ-στéλεχος, ον, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύς, στενάζω) *deeper-sighing, miserable*.

πολυ-στέφανος, ον, *with many wreaths*.

πολυ-στεφής, ἐς, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel*.

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς, στίζω) *much-spotted, dappled*.

πολυστιχία, ἡ, *a number of lines*. From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines*.

πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στοίχος) *with many rows*.

πολυστομέω, *to speak much*. From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed*.

πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy*.

πολυ-στροφία, ἡ, *a turning oneself to and fro*. From

πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted; pliant, versatile*.

πολύ-συλλαβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables*.

πολυ-σφόνδυλος, ον, *many-jointed*.

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) *split into many parts, branching*.

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded*.

πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large ears of corn*.

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents*.

πολυ-ταρβής, ἐς, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened*.

πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children*.

πολυτέλεια, ἡ, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness*.

πολύ-τελής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly*:—of persons, *sumptuous, extravagant*:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.

πολυτελῶς, Adv. of πολυτελής, *expensively*:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, *in the costliest manner*.

πολύ-τερπής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέρπω) *much-delighting*.

πολύ-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, or πολυ-τεχνος, ον, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts*.

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τιμάω) *highly honoured or revered*. II. of *high value, costly*.

πολύ-τίμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered*. II. of *high value, costly*.

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύς, τίω) *held in high honour*: also *worthy of high honour*. [i metri grat.]

πολύ-τλας, αντος, ὁ, (πολύς, τλήναι) *much-enduring*.

πολυ-τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient*.

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλήναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate*.

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated*.

πολυ-τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in doves*.

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous*.

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods*.

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *variety of resources, versatility, craft*. From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering*. II. *turning many ways, versatile, ingenious; changeful*. 2. *manifest*. Hence

πολυτρόπως, Adv. *in divers manners*.

πολυ-τρέχᾶλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling*.

πολύ-ὑμνητος, ον, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) *much-famed in song, much-renowned*.

πολύ-ὑμνος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns*.

πολύ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms*.

πολύ-φᾶτος, ον, (πολύς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain*.

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φαιμος, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries*. II. *wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολύφημος, as Subst., = ἄγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἔς*

πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious*. II. *pass., πολύφθορος, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined*.

πολύ-φίλος, ον, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved*.

πολύ-φίλτρον, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick*.

πολύ-φλοῖστος, ον, (πολύς, φλοῖστος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea*.

πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, *φένω) *killing many, murderous*.

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful*.

πολυφορία, ἡ, *productiveness*. From

πολύ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος οἶνος wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering*.

πολυ-φραδής, ἐς, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious*.

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care*.

πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίζω) *much-thinking, thoughtful*.

πολυφροσύνη, ἡ, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding*. From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive*.

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money*.

II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brassen*.

πολυ-χανδής, ἐς, (πολύς, χανδάνω) *wide- yawning*.

πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike*.

πολύ-χειρ, -χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-banded, with many bands: also with many hands or men*. Hence

πολύ-χειρία, ἡ, a multitude of hands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχηματία, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From

πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy.

πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρυσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) high-beared.

πολυ-ψάμαθος, ον, (πολύς, ψάματος), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And

πολυ-ψηφίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψηφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding.

πολύ-ώδινος, ον, (πολύς, ὀδύνη) very painful. II.

pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ὄνυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. II.

of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ωπής, ἑς, and πολυ-ωπός, ὄν, (πολύς, ὦπη) with many holes or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ωρέω, (πολύς, ὦρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem highly.

πολύ-ωφελής, ἑς, (πολύς, ὄφελες) very, highly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος.

Adv. -ᾶως, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ὥψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυωπός.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πένομαι) a drink, draught.

πομπάιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάιος, πομπᾶς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπής.

πομπεία, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπεῖον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ὥς Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύσκον: f. σω: (πομπή) —to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending home to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an intervention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπής, ἡς, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύς.

πομπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: showy, stately.

πόμπιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent, brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (πέμπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plur. πομποῖ attendant, guards. 2. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading: πῖρ πομπῆν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet or ship.

πομφόλυγ-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφόλυξ, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟ Σ, οὔ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονέμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med. of πονέω.

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πονέομαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. ἐπονήσαμην and pass. ἐπονήσθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: I. absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὑσμίνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2. metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., f. -πονήσω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπονήσθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονηρέυμαι, Dep. (πονήρός) to be evil or wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονήρός) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitās: also cowardice.

πονηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (πόνος) causing pain or hardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition: πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρῶς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρῶς ἔχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, hard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind, suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, ἁδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὅν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνους or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ὅς, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

παντο-θήρης, ου, ὁ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

παντο-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεα, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

παντοπορεύω and -πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-Ποσειδῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εὐξείνους. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πόπανον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πόπανον.

ποποί, the cry of the βοορροε.

ποποί, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ὦ ποποί.

ποποπό, cry of the βοορροε.

ποπυύω Dor. ποπυύδω: fut. ποπυύσω: aor. I ἐποπύσα: Pass., aor. ἐποπύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence

ποπυύλιός Dor. -άσω, = ποπυύζω.

ποπυύσω, Dor. for ποπυύζω.

ποππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ποπυύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πορδάλις, ὁ, ἡ, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see *πόρω.

πορεῖα, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὅν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. -εύω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημα:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορθμεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πορθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, εως Ion. ἥος, ὁ, (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *poritor*: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *transicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμεῖον.

πορθμός, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὁ, (πείρω) a ferry: a strait, firth. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. πορίζομαι: Pass., f. πορισθῆσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do...

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὁ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 3. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, *ον*, fit for purveying: able to procure. ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, *ου, δ*, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεῖα, ἡ, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.

πορνεῖον, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.

πορνεύω, *φ. σω*, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a harlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a harlot.

πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [ν]

πορνικός, ἡ, *ον*, (πόρνη) of or for harlots.

πορνοβοσκία, *φ. ἡσω*, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.

πορνο-βοσκός, ὁ, (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper.

πόρνος, ὁ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, ὁ, (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frith. 2. πόροι ἅλεις the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving: πόρος ὁδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the bandle.

πόρπαμα, *ατος, τό*, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πόρπη) the bandle of a shield.

πορπάω: *φ. ἄσω* [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πέρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, *ατος, τό*, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρώτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [ῥ]: Ep. fut. πορσύνέω contr. —ῥνω: (*πόρω) :—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide: —Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πόρτις, a calf.

πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young heifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτί-τρόφος, *ον*, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. —ύρη [ῥ], ἡ, (πορφύρα) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, *η, ον*, Att. contr. πορφύρεος, ἂ, οὖν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρευς, ἔως, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, *ον*, of or for a purple-dyer.

πορφύρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριον, *ανος, ὁ*, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-εἶδής, ἔς, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark.

πορφύρο-πώλης, *ου, ὁ*, fem. —πώλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πωλέω) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφύρο-στρωτος, *ον*, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύρεος, ἂ, οὖν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.

πορφύρα [ῥ], a redupl. form of φύρα, (as μορμύρα of μύρα), to grow dark, esp. of the sea: ὡς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κωφῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλή ἄλς): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΨ, absol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part. πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant: εὖχος πορεῖν to fulfil a wish. II. pf. pass. πέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπωται, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπωτο, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπωμένος, *η, ον*, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πεπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τό πεπωμένον.

*ΠΟΨ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ, ποῖ, πῇ, πῶ, also, πούθεν, πούθι, πότε, and the Adj. πότερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσάκι [ᾶ], ἂν, (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδάν and Ποτειδάν, *ανος, ὁ*, Dor. for Ποσειδών.

Ποσειδάνιος and —άνιος, *α, ον*, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδειος, *α, ον*, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεών, *ανος*, Poseideon, ὁ, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδών, *ανος, ὁ*: acc. Ποσειδῶν: voc. Ποσειδόν: Homeric form Ποσειδάν [ᾶ], *ανος*, acc. *ἄνα*, voc. Ποσειδῶν: Dor. Ποτειδάν or Ποτιδάν, *ανος*: Ion. Ποσειδών, *ανος*:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, membrum virile.

Πόσθων, ανος, ὁ, (πόσθη) a little boy.

Πόσι, dat. pl. of ποῖς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσί, ὁ, ἰον, for Ποσειδεον.

Ποσιδήιος, η, ον, ἰον, for Ποσειδεος, sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟΣΙΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσις or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσις, Ep. acc. πόσις: husband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσις was a lawful husband, ἀνήρ a paramour.

Πόσις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. inter pocula, over their cups.

Πόσος ἰον. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—how great? how much? of what value? Lat. quantus? II. πόσός, ἡ, ὄν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: ἐπὶ πόσῳ to a certain degree.

Ποσσ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) in how many days? within how many days?

Ποσσί or -ίν, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of ποῖς.

Ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (ποῖς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

Πόσσις, εως, ὁ, ποῖτ, for πόσις, a husband.

Ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) in how many days? on which day?

Πόστος, η, ον, (πόστος) which of a number? Lat. quotus? πόστων δὲ ἔτος ἐστὶν ὅτε . . ; how many years is it since . . ? II. how small? Lat. quantulus.

Πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρὸς, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τόν, πὸτ τό, etc.

Πότα, Aeol. for πότε.

Πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγω.

Ποτ-αἰσμομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαιδω.

Ποτ-αῖνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ποτί=πρὸς, αἶνιος) like πρόσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, Lat. recens: metaph. unwaited, unheard-of.

Ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποταμός. [ᾶ]

Ποτάμειψατο, Dor. and ποῖτ. for προσημίψατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαμβιβω.

Ποτάμειζομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμβιβω.

Ποταμήδον, Adv. (ποταμός) like a river.

Ποταμήιος, η, ον, ἰον, and ποῖτ. for ποτάμειος.

Ποταμήις, ἰδος, ποῖτ. fem. of ποτάμειος.

Ποταμ-πρῦτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἀρύτω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

Ποταμπος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ποταμός) of or from a river, on a river.

Ποταμόνδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποτάμπος, οὐ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) a river, stream. II. personified, Ποταμός, ὁ, a river-god.

Ποτάμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) carried away by a river.

Ποτανός, α, ὄν, (ποτάμοι) Dor. for ποτηνός, winged, flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, ποῖτ. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθην Dor. -άθην: pf. πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήσονται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεπότητο:—to be upon the wing, hover, flit about.

Ποτάπός, η, ὄν, = ποταπός. Adv. -πῶς.

Ποτ-αυλώ, Dor. for προσαυλώ.

Ποτ-ᾠσος, α, ον, Dor. for προσῆσος.

Πότε ἰον. κότε, (*πος) interrog. Particle, when? at what time? II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses, ποτέ μὲν . . , ποτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another . . ; sometimes . . sometimes; Lat. modo . . modo . . :—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; how ever? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ανος, Dor. for Ποσειδών.

Ποτεμάξωτο, Dor. for προσεμάξωτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσάσω.

Ποτέομαι, Ep. for ποτάομαι, to fly.

Ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, to be drunk, drinkable. II. ποτέον, neut. one must drink.

Ποτ-ερίξω, Dor. for προσερίξω.

Πότερος, α, ον ἰον. κότερος, η, ον, (*πος, ἔτερος) whether or which of the two? Lat. uter? 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον . . , ἤ . . ; like Lat. utrum . . , an . . ? whether . . , or . . ? II. without interrog., like ὁπότερος, either of the two, Lat. alteruter.

Ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

Ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) on whether of the two sides . . ? on which of two sides? at which of two places?

Ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, in which of two ways? Lat. utro modo?

Ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

Ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

Ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) flight.

Ποτ-ήμεν, Dor. for προσείμι, inf. of πρόσκειμι.

Πότημα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) flight.

Ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτώμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

Ποτηνός, ἡ, ὄν, v. ποτάνος.

Ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

Ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

Ποτής, ἡτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) drink.

Πότης, ον, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἰδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πότις λύχνος a tipping lamp:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη a hard drinker.

Ποτητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητά, τά, fowls, birds.

Ποτί, Dor. for πρὸς.

Ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτῖ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

Ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.
 ποτ-ιδεῖν, Dor. for προσιδεῖν.
 ποτῖ-δέρομαι, -δεύομαι, -δέρπιοι, Dor. for προσδ-.
 ποτῖ-εἰλέω, Dor. for προσεἰλέω.
 ποτῖ-εἰλω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.
 ποτῖ-θει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.
 ποτῖ-κέλλεται, Dor. for προσκέλλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.
 ποτῖ-λέξω, Dor. for προσελέξω, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσλέγω.
 πότιμος, ov, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.
 ποτῖ-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.
 ποτῖ-πεπτηνία, Ep. pf. part. fem. I, of προσπηγ-σω. 2. of προσπίπτω.
 ποτῖ-πτύσσω, Dor. for προσπύσσω.
 ποτίσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω.
 ποτῖ-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.
 ποτίσματος, Comic Sup. of πότις.
 ποτῖ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.
 ποτῖ-τρόπαιοι, ov, Dor. for προστρόπαιοι.
 ποτῖ-φωνής, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνής.
 πότιμος, ός, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny, one's evil destiny; death.
 πότνια, ή, Ep. for πότνια.
 πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνια is used of Ceres and Proserpine.
 ποτνιαδες, αἱ, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchantals. 2. also as pl. to πότνια, awful, used of the Erinyes.
 ποτνιαόμαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.
 ποτ-όδω, Lacon. for προσόδω.
 ποτόν, τώ, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖρα καὶ ποτὸν meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.
 ποτ-οπαζώ, Dor. for προσ-οπαζώ.
 ποτός, ή, όν, verb, Adj. from Root ΠΟ—(v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.
 πότος, ός, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.
 ποτ-όσδω, Dor. for προσόδω.
 ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τούς, πρὸς τήν, etc.
 ποτ-έκει, Dor. for προσ-έκει.
 ποῦ; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., ποῦ γῆς; ποῦ χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. ποῦ as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.
 πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.
 πολυ-πους, πολυπότος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

πολύς, neut. πολυῦ, Ep. for πολύς, πολῦ.
 πολυ-βότερα, ή, Ion. for πολυβότερα.
 πολυ-πάθης, ές, Ion. for πολυπαθής.
 πολυ-πλάνητος, ov, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος.
 ΠΟΥ'Σ, ός, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, πόδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδῶν:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος ποδός a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πῦξ . ήδὲ πόδεσσιν in boxing and in the foot-race; ποσὶν ἐρίζειν to race on foot: but, ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot. 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδος or ποδῶν, προπαρόντε ποδῶν just before one's feet, i. e. before one:—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδί, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδῶν what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ή κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδῶν ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἕξ τινός ποδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἕξ ἐνός ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἕξ ἡσύχου ποδός quietly. II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πῶδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν ποδα, opp. to τείνειν ποδα to haul it tight. III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.
 πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα; atos, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πράγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἦν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκρήδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job. II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οἱ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers. 3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing: πράγματα παρέχειν τινὶ to cause one trouble.
 πραγματεία, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ—: Dep. with fut. med. —ένσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματεύσασθην, pass. ἐπρηγματεύσθην: pf. pass. πεπραγμάτευμαι: (πράγμα):—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεῖσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business. II. pf. πεπραγμάτευμαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγματίον, τό, Dim. of πρᾶγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγματο-δίφης, ου, ὁ (πράγματα, διφῶ) one who bunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger.

πρᾶγος, εως, τό, poet. for πρᾶγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

πρᾶως, Adv. of πρᾶς, mildly, gently.

πρᾶθῆναι, Ep. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω.

πρᾶθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκω.

πρᾶτῆριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρᾶτος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ον, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πρακτωρ, οπος, ὁ, poet. for πρηκτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker.

II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., ὅν δοτι καὶ χεὶρ πρακτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνεος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, ὅ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramnē in the island of Icaria.

πράν, Doric Adv., = πρὶν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [ἀ]

πρᾶνῆς, ἐς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πρᾶξις, εως Ion. πρήξις, ιος, ἡ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρήξιν on business, for purposes of traffic.

2. the progress or result of a business; οὐ τίς πρήξις πέλεται γόδιο no good comes of weeping; πρήξις χρησῶν the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πρᾶόνως, Adv. of πρᾶος, formed from obsol. πρᾶαν, temperately.

ΠΡΑΨ, neut. πρᾶον: the fem. in use is πρᾶεία, from πρᾶψ (Ion. πρηψ), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρᾶοι and πρᾶεῖς in nom., πρᾶοις and πρᾶεῖσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πρᾶεα, rarely πρᾶα:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. soothing, taming.—Comp. πρᾶότερος or πρᾶτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πρᾶότερος, ἦτος, ἡ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly used in pl. πρᾶπιδες, αἶ, = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding,

2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [ῖ]

πρᾶσιᾶ, ἡ, (πράσων) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: πρᾶσιαι πρᾶσιαι by companies.

πράσιμος, ον, (πράσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πράσις, εως Ion. πρήσις, ιος, ἡ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

ΠΡΑΨΩΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ἀ]

πρᾶσσο-κουρον, τό, (πράσων, κείρω) a leek-slice.

Πρᾶσσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πρᾶσο-φάγος, (πράσων, φάγείν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

Πρᾶσσαιος, ὁ, poet. for πρᾶσαιος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομεν, Dor. for πρᾶσσομεν.

ΠΡΑΨΩ Ion. πρήσσω Att. πρᾶττω: fut. πρᾶξω Ion. πρήξω: aor. I ἐπράξα Ion. ἐπρηξα: pf. πέπρᾶχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπρᾶγα:—

Pass., fut. παρᾶχθήσομαι, paulo-post f. πεπράξομαι: aor. I ἐπράχθην: pf. πέπραγμα:—properly, to pass through, like περάω; ἅλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; ὅδον πρήσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πρᾶσσειν κλέος, to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing.

II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πρᾶττειν τὰ ἴδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πρᾶττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol., ἱκανὸς πρᾶττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πρᾶττειν Ὀρθαίους τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans.

III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent.

IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶς πρᾶττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπρᾶγα.

2. εὖ and κακῶς πρᾶττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards.

V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πρᾶττειν τινά τι to do something to one.

VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πρᾶττειν τινὰ ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πρᾶττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πεπραγμένος τὸν φόρον having the tribute exacted:—Med., πρᾶσθαι to exact or extort for oneself.

VII. c. acc. pers., πρᾶττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πράσω, fut. of πιπράσκω. [ἀ]

πρατήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (πέ-πράμει) a seller, dealer.

πράτηριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πράμει) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράπιστος, Dor. for πρῶτιστος. [α]

πράτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πράτος, α, ον, Dor. for πρῶτος.

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πραῦ-γέλως Ion. πρηγῆ-, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πραῦ-μυτις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, μῆτις) of gentle counsel.

πραῦνσις, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From πρᾶνω Ion. πρηῖνω [ῶ]: fut. πρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐπράνα: Pass. aor. I ἐπραίνθη: pf. πεπράνυσμαι: (πραῦς):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down: of passion, to abate.

πραῦ-πάθεια, ἡ, (πραῦς, πάθος) gentleness.

πραῦς, πρᾶεία, πραῦ, Ion. πρηῖς,=πρᾶος. Hence

πραῦτης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness.

πρᾶος, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕ'ΜΝΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, befittingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ: fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρεψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III.

to become, beseeem, suit: c. dat. pers., θνατὰ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things beseeem mortal men. 2. impers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it befits, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὗτω, ὡς ἐκείνων [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them:

rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ μου τόδε this was well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, ες, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβᾱ, ἡ, ὅν, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρεσβεία, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority: κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity.

III. as ambassadors were usually old men,

an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβεῖον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder: mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβεῖος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβειρα, ἡ,=πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβέω, f. εὔσω: pf. πεπρεσβευκα: (πρέσβυς):—intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take place of

others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best.

II. trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse.

III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass. pf. part. τὰ πεπρεσβεύμενα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβῃ, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβεῖος.

πρεσβής, ἴδος, ἡ,=πρέσβα; πρεσβής τιμή the highest or most valued honour.

πρέσβυς, ἡ, ποэт. for πρέσβια, age.

πρέσβυστος, η, ον, ποэт. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβύγεια, ἡ, seniority of birth. From

πρεσβυ-γενής, ἐς, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born.

ΠΡΕ'ΣΒΥΣ, vos and εως, ὁ, an old man, ποэт. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβιστος.

II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, higher, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιεῖσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτερος [ῶ], ον, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβύτις, ἴδος, an old woman. Hence

πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρεμύθεια, ἡ, kindliness, graciousness. From πρεμ-μενής, ἐς, (πρηῖς, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious.

II. propitiating.

πρᾶν, ὄνος, ὁ,=πρᾶν.

πρηγῆμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορεύω or πρηγορών, ὄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθῆναι, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκει.

ΠΡΗΘΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἐπρησεν δ' ἄνεμος μέσον ἱστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail. 2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρηκάλω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow hard.

ΠΡΗΝΗΣ Dor. πρᾶνής, ἑς, gen. ἑος contr. οὖς, Lat. pronus, bent forward, bead-foremost, opp. to ὕπιος. 2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ὀρθίος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:—to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πρᾶξαι, aor. I inf. of πράσσω.

πρήξις, ιος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρήσεν, Ep. for ἐπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a hurricane.

πρήστις, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμπρημι to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, a market.

πρητύνομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶτυνομος, (πρητύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [ῥ]

πρητύω, Ion. for πρᾶτύω: [ῥ] From

πρητύς, εἰα, ῥ, Ion. for πρᾶτύς. [ῥ]

πρητύων, οντος, ὁ, (πρητύς, τέων) with tamed neck. [ῥ]

πρηῶν, ὄνος Ep. ονος, ὁ, = πρῶν, a jutting rock, forehead, headland, promontory.

πριαμέως, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

πριαμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριαμικός, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμης, ἴδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, ὁ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from περί or πρίν).

Πριάπιζω Ion. Πριηπιζώ, f. ἴω, to be like Priapus. From

Πριάπιος Ion. Πρίηπιος, ὁ, Priāpius, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνέομαι.

πρίασο, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίατο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, to saw.

Πρίηπιος, ὁ, Ion. for Πριάπιος. [ῥ]

ΠΡΙΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius: also with the Art., τὸ πρίν or τοπρίν, formerly. 2. before that, first, sooner; πρίν δέ κεν οὔτι δέχοιμην beforetime, I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρίν ποτέ once on a time; πρὶν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρίν Αἰγέως (sc. ὁ πρίν ὦν), ancient Aegeus; ἡ πρίν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρίν οὔσα), the day before. II.

πρίν is often followed by ἢ, so that πρίν ἢ is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that., followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἢ, πρίν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρίν τλαίῃ, πρίν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους:—πᾶρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteceded clause instead of the first πρίν:—but πρίν is also very often used alone for πρίν ἢ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like priusquam.

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνις, ἡ, ον, (πρίνος) made from the holm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus: metaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρίνινοι hearts of oak.

ΠΡΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ον, the holm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex. II. the scarlet oak.

πρίν-ώδης, ες, (πρίνος, εἶδος) like holm-oak, tough as oak.

πρίων-ώδης, ες, (πρίων, εἶδος) like a saw, jagged.

πρισθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

πρίσις, εως, ἡ, (πρίω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίαω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

πρίω, = πρίασο, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίαμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙΩ, imperat. πρίε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. II. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage; generally, to bite. III. to seize

as with the teeth, grip, bold fast, Lat. stringere. [ῥ]

πρίων, ονος, ὁ, (πρίω) a saw. [ῥ]

πρίων, ονος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer. [ῥ]

ΠΡΟ΄, before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT., I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων, in front of the house, hence outside. 2. of persons, going before another. 3. in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 3. πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i.e. forwards.

II. of Time, before, opp. to μετὰ c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τούτου and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other. III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; αἰρεῖσθαι τι πρὸ τίνος to choose one thing before another. IV. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many. V. of Cause, Lat. prae, for, because of; πρὸ φόβοιο for fear; πρὸ τῶνδε therefore.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, Ἰλιόθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό.

πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforehand, sooner.

In Compos., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κινδυνεύω. II. of Time, before, beforehand, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω. III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αίρεομαι. IV. strengthening, as in προ-πάς, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforehand. προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforehand: as Subst., προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, baringer.

προαγγέλλεις, ἦ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ἠγόρευσα pf. -ἠγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προερά, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforehand: c. inf. to tell beforehand that . . : to forewarn. 2. to foretell, prophesy. II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-άγω, f. ἄγω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα: Pass., aor. I προήχην: pf. προήχημαι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear. 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase. II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγεα, ἦ, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγέω, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-ἄγων, ὄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest.

προ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. ἵσσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ἥσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-ᾄδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med.:—έσομαι, aor. I pass. προήδεσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προήδεατο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αίρεομαι, v. sub προαίρω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ἦ, (προαίρεομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αίρετον, verb. Adj. of προαίρεομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαίρετικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαίρετός, ἦ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αίρω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. προαίρεομαι: f. -ἥσομαι: aor. 2 προείλομην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρηκα:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. 2. absol. to choose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αἰσθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ἠσθήμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforehand. 2. to learn before.

προ-αἰτιάομαι, f. -ἄσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforehand.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin beforehand:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ἤκηκα:—to bear beforehand.

προ-ἄλῃς, ἐς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλῶσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -εἰλῶν, -εἰλῶκα:—to be taken or convicted beforehand.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -ἄμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ἠμάρτηκα:—to fail or sin before.

προ-ἄμυνομαι, f. -αμύνουμαι, Med. to ward off or repel beforehand: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἄναγω, f. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναίρεω, f. ἥσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀναιστέμω, f. ὦσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναιστωμένους for προαναιστωμένους), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακινέω, f. ἥσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανάλισκω, fut. -ανᾶλῶσω: aor. I -ανάλωσα:—to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. ἄσομαι, to arrest beforehand.

προ-αναχωρέω, f. ἥσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ἦ, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to hold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἄνυτω [ῦ] and -ἄνω: f. -ανύσω [ῦ]:—to accomplish or complete first.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforehand.

προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to remove beforehand:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντῶ, f. ἥσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforehand, be beforehand with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απείπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω): pf. προαπείρηκα: Med., aor. 1 προαπειπάμην:—to renounce first.

προαπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον: Dep.:—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:—to be hated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first.

προ-αποθνήσκειν, f. -θάνομαι, to die before or first: of a coward, to die beforehand.

προ-αποθρήνέω, f. ἤσω, to bewail beforehand.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. ὥσω, to assign away beforehand.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill beforehand.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforehand.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforehand. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απώλλυμι, to destroy first:—Pass., with fut. med. -ολοῦμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστέλλω, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἀποστέλλω.

προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστελῶ, to send away or despatch in advance:—Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. φω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand:—Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάγω, f. ἄξω and ἄσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-άστειον Ion. -ἦιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. pomerium.

προ-άστιον, τό, = προάστιον.

προ-ανδᾶω, inf. πρωδᾶν, contr. for προανδᾶν, f. ἤσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αῦλιον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ-: f. -ῆσομαι: Dep.:—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -απείστην, -αφέστηκα:—to revolt beforehand. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for προβήνι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along: going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 προ-έβην contr. προῦβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάς:

Ep. pres. part. προβιβάς, ἅσα, ἄν (as if from προβιβήμι), and προβιβάν -ἄντος (as if from προβιβῶ):—to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; ἄστρα πρόβηκε the stars are far gone; προβήναι πόρρω μοχθηρίας to be far gone in knavery: of Time, to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to go before, hence to be before, be superior to another.

II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. 1 -έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote.

III. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχίης, ὁ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρό, βάκχειος) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: aor. 2 προῦβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond.

II. to throw forward, throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing; προβάλλειν ἑαυτὸν to give oneself up for lost.

IV. to put forward, put in the foreground: to propose:—also bazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to throw beyond, beat in throwing: hence, to surpass, excel.

III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself.

IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretext.

V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. in Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part. πρόβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield; προβεβλημένος, η, ον, defensive.

VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing:—Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλλοιμι [ᾶ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, ἅσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βάσανίζω, f. ἴσω, to try or torture before.

πρόβασις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτεια, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβάτηντικτός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of cattle: ἡ -κή (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep: ἡ προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβατίον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep: προβατίον βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβατο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of character.

πρόβατον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβάτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πωλέω) a sheep-dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι.
 πρόβημα, atos, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward.
 προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι; Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιβάω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προβιβών, ὄντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, atos, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 προβλής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 προβλήτος, ov, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, east out, Lat. projectus.
 προ-βλώσκω: aor. 2 προύμολον, inf. προμολεῖν; pf. προμέμλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.
 προβόλαιος, ov, ὁ, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ἡ, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ov, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, ὁ, (πρό, βόσκειν) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, atos, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλευμάτων, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (Βουλῇ) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ἡ, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice pre-pense.
 προ-βούλομαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ἡ, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προβουλόπαις Ἀτῆς, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἀτῆς, the crazy child of Atē.
 πρό-βουλος, ov, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforehand or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύω [ῥ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχων to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βωθῶ, Ion. for προβοθῶ.
 προ-βώμιος, ov, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as πρoστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γαστήρ, opos, ὁ, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένεος, ov, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, ov, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ov, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ov, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γεννίτωρ, opos, ὁ, a forefather, ancestor.
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [ῥ]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προυγενόμην; pf. 2 act. προγένεον and pass. προγενήμην: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγεννημένα things that occurred of old.
 προ-γινώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγναικα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforehand: to fore-know. II. to judge or decide beforehand.
 πρόγνωσις, ἡ, (προγινώσκω) a perceiving beforehand, foreknowledge.
 πρό-γονος, ov, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ὁ, an ancestor; οἱ πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσαι.
 πρό-γραμμα, atos, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.
 προγραφή, ἡ, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. proscription.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.
 προ-πυλῶν, f. άω, to exercise beforehand.
 προδαῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root προδάω: see προδαῖναι.
 προδαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προῦδάην with act. signf., from the root *δάω, to know beforehand.

προεδέωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δεῖδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέιλος, on, (πρό, δέιλος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δεῖκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to show beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to forebew. II. to point before one: σκήπτρῳ προδεικνύειν to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδεικνύειν to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *praeludere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δεμιαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, opor, ὅ, Ion. for προδέκτωρ, (προδείκνυμι) one who foresees: a foresbewer.

προ-δέρκομαι, f. -έρομαι, Dep. to see beforehand.

πρό-δηλος, on, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforehand: ἐκ πρόδηλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλόω, f. ὥσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to raise prejudices against beforehand.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαίταω, f. ήσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ή, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass.

-διελέχθην:—speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασώρω, to jeer or ridicule beforehand. [ὑ]

προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act. -έφθακα, pass. -έφθακα:—to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἄσω, to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—to give beforehand, pay in advance. II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo*. 2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor: ή χάρις προδοῦν' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor.

3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. *deficere*. 4. to give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ήσω, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οὔ, ὅ, one sent out to march beforehand.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2 -ήλθον: Dep.:—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforehand, premise. Hence

προδιήγησις, ή, a detailing beforehand.

πρό-δικος, ὅ, (πρό, δίκη) an advocate, defender; an avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διόικω, f. ήσω, to regulate, order, manage beforehand.

προ-διώκω, f. έω, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδέδογμα, 3 sing. plupf. προϋδέδοκτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προϋδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion: τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ή, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush: πέτρης ἐν προδοκῇσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.

πρό-δομος, ὅ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the hall, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, on, being before the house.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforehand.

προδοσία Ion. -λη, ή, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσις, ή, (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II. a giving up, betrayal.

προδότης, on, ὅ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ιδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ή, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, on, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, on, serving for a slave.

προδούναι, προδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδράμειν, προδράμῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμα.

προδρομή, ή, (προδραμείν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, on, (προδραμείν) running before, speeding forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unhappy beforehand.

προεδράμω, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν.

προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) to be president: προεδρεύειν της βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -λη, ή, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, on, (πρό, έδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ὅ, a president: in the assembly (έκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called: see πρύτανις.

προ-εέργω, Ep. for προείργω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προείηκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προΐημι.

προ-εθίζω, f. ίσω, to accustom or inure beforehand.

προ-εῖδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προιδών, inf. προιδέν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαιρέω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, είμι ιδο) serving in Att. as fut. of

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προϊ-
όντος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προίναμι εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or
bid beforehand, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω.
προ-εἰσάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ἔω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προεισενεγκώ, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρω.
προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.
προεισισώ, fut. of προεισφέρω.
προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.
προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θέσσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforehand.
προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξειλεγμαι:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξειλεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand.
προ-εκπλήω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforehand.
προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ἔω, to terrify beforehand.
προ-εκπονέω, f. ἥσω, to work out or finish before.
προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἥσω, to terrify before. Hence
προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.
προέλαισις, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From
προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελή-
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προελήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθίν, προελθάν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.
προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.
προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of προῆμι.
προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προῆμι.
προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before.
προενεγκέω, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προϋννέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell in before. Hence
προενοικίσις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.

προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. εἰω, to announce beforehand.
προ-εξάγω, f. ἔω, to bring out beforehand or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass. to go out first. [ἀ]

προ-εξαίσω Att. -άσω, f. ἔω,—to dart out before.
προ-εἰμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εἰανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανίστην,
pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go
out before; προεἰανίστασαι εἰς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.
προ-εξεῖμι, (πρό, ἐξ, εἰμι ibo) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπιστάμαι contr. προῦξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. I pass. προῦξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερευνάω contr. προῦξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προῦξ-, οὗ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον: pf. -εξελή-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.
προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προῦξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
hand.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἥσω, to set out or start beforehand.
προ-επαγγέλλω, f. εἰω, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforehand, or in' the
presence of others.

προ-επανασταίω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.
προεπιπλήτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand.
προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιξενόω) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass.
προῦπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
hand.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἥσω, to undertake or attack before.
προ-εργάζομαι, f. -ίσσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground,
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερίσσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.
προ-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνάμενοι ἵπποις the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to
προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-εἴρηκα, pass. -εἴρημαι;
aor. I pass. προεῤῥήθην contr. προῦρρήθην:—to fore-
tell. II. to order beforehand or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-εῖν, f. ἵσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-εῖναι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχονται, f. -ελεύσονται (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προελθὼς ἡλικία, Lat. *proventus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προΐημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προΐημι.

προεστέατε or προεστᾶτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προΐστημι.

προεστῶς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of προΐστημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

προέτιον, verb. Adj. of προΐημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προΐημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἴσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλάβηθην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforeband.

προεφθάσα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέχω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχουμαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχουμην, to hold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforeband. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὁδῷ προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προέχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught awaits.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγμένων, ὄνος, ὅ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ἦρος, and προηγητής, οὐ, ὅ, one who goes before to shew the way.

προηγόρευ, f. ἴσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ήγορος, ὅ, (πρό, ἄγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγούμενος, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προΐημι.

προ-ήκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκρί) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ξῶ, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θάλής, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots; προθέλυμους ἔλκετο χάϊτας he tore his hair out by the roots; θέλυμα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμῳ φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσιμος, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσιμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέεσκον: pf. -θεύσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II.

c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦνεκά οἱ προθέουσιν εὐεῖδεια μνησασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θήσκω, f. -θᾶνῶμαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθρώσω, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθυλῆω, f. ἴσω, to bruil abroad beforeband.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the barbing of another.

πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι: Att. impf. προθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθυμήθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμῆτεον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθυμία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάσῃ προθυμίᾳ with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θύμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. II.

bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. πρόθυμος, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύριος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρια the space before a door.

πρό-θρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.
πρό-θω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.
προθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.
προῖ, Adv. (πρό) = *proit*.
προ-ἵαλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.
προ-ἵαπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 προῖαψα:—to send forward, send before the time.
προΐδαν, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προείδον.
προΐειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προίημι.
προΐεις, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of προίημι.
προΐω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.
προ-ῖημι, 3 sing. προΐει and opt. προΐοι (as if from προ-ῖω): Att. impf. προΐειν, εις, ει: fut. προΐσω: aor. 1 προῖκα Ep. προῖκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. πρόσσαν, imper. πρόσσε, προῖτω, inf. προῖμεν, Ep. for προῖναι:—Med., aor. 2 προῖκαμην: aor. 2 opt. προῖμην or προοῖμην:—Pass., pf. προείμαι: plqpf. προείμην:—to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip; ἔπος προῖεκε he let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αἰετῶ προῖεκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προῖεκεν οὐρον ἀθῆναι he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προῖέσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.
προῖητι, Dor. for προῖησι.
προῖκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προῖξ.
προῖκτης, ov, δ, (προῖξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.
προῖξ Att. προῖξ, ἡ, gen. προῖκός, dat. προῖκί, acc. προῖκα:—a gift, present; προῖκός γεγεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προῖκός is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προῖκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From
ΠΡΟΨΕΣΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προῖξομαι Att. προῖξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.
προ-ῖστημι, f. προσήσω: aor. 1 προῖστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προσήσας: aor. 2 προῖστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. 1 pass. προσεσάθην, προσεσάθην, part. προστάθεις, εἶσα, ἐν: pf. προῖστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προσεστέατε, part. προσεστικώς Ion. προσεστέως or προσεστώς. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προῖσται, aor. 1 προσεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: of προεστώτες Ion. —εἰσες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.
προ-ῖσχω, = προέχω, to hold before, hold out. II. Med. προῖσχομαι, to hold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.
προῖων, οὔσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of πρόειμι (εἶμι ibo).
προ-ῖωξίς, ἡ, (πρό, ἰώκω = διώκω) a driving before or on wards, opp. to παλῶξίς.
πρόκᾱ or **πρόκατε**, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.
προ-καθεύδω, f. —καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.
προ-κάθημαι Ion. **προ-κάτῃμαι**, properly perf. of προκαθίζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρό τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκατήσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.
προ-καθίζω Ion. **προ-κατίζω**, f. ἴσω; also Med. **προκαθίζομαι**:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.
προ-καθίμι, f. —καθήσω, to let down beforehand: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.
προ-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην; pf. —καθέστηκα; plqpf. —εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.
προ-καθοράω, f. —κατόψομαι, to view or examine beforehand.
προ-καίω, f. —καύσω, to burn before.
προ-κακοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to suffer ills before.
πρό-κακος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.
προ-καλέω, f. ἴσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provooco. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.
προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.
προ-καλινδένω, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.
προκαλυμμα, ατος, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From
προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to hang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τε] παρη-

Idos putting no veil over her face.

II. *to cover over, veil.*

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμουμαι: aor. 2 προύκαμον: pf. -έκεμυκα—*to work or toil before.* II. *to work for another.*

III. *to grow weary, faint too soon.*

IV. *to have a previous illness: to be distressed beforeband.*

προκαμνών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προκαμνω.

προ-κάρινος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) *head-foremost.*

προκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, *to announce or declare beforeband.*

προ-κατάγειν, ἰδος, ἡ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) *a woman who goes before, a female leader.*

προ-καταγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα—*to vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: πρ. φόνον*

τινός to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudice against one that...

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, *to bring to land before.*

προ-καταθίω, f. -θέσσομαι, *to run down beforeband.*

προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, *to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.*

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. *to lie down in front.*

προ-κατακλίνω, *to make to recline at table before.*

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—*to seize upon or occupy beforeband: to take possession of before another: metaph. to prevent, anticipate.*

προ-καταλέγω, *to detail or describe beforeband.*

προ-καταλύω, *to break up or annul beforeband:—Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύεσθαι την ἔχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.*

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. *to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.*

προ-κατασκευάζω, *to make ready beforeband.*

προ-καταφεύγω, *to escape to a place of refuge before: προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.*

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. *to use up beforeband.*

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, *to eat up beforeband.*

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2—κατέσχον:—*to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy:—Med. to hold before for oneself.*

προ-κατηγορέω, *to accuse beforeband.* Hence

προκατηγορία, ἡ, *previous accusation.*

προ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for προκάθημαι.

προ-κατίξω, Ion. for προκαθίξω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθίσω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προύκειμαι, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κέσσομαι:—*used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.*

II. *to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted: πρόκειται περί σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety: ἀέθλος προκείμενος a task proposed: τὸ προκείμενον πῆγμα the matter in debate.*

III. *to lie before one, lie exposed: to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος the corpse.*

IV. *to be held out, set forth.*

προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) *forerunning.*

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) *a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.*

προ-κενώ, f. ὥσω, *to empty beforeband.*

προ-κήδω, Dep. *to take care of, take thought for.*

προ-κρίαινω, (πρό, κήρ) *to be anxious for one.*

προ-κρυτεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. *to have proclaimed by herald, to give public notice.*

προ-κρύπτω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, *to proclaim by herald, proclaim publicly.*

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, *to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.*

προ-κινώ, f. ἤσω, *to move forward: to urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.*

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, *to weep beforeband or openly.* II. *trans. to bewail beforeband.*

προκληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ios, ἡ, (προκαλέω) *a calling forth:—a challenging to combat: ἐκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge.* II. *an invitation, proposal.*

III. *as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.*

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, *to lean forward.*

πρόκλυτος, ον, *heard formerly: legendary.* From

προ-κλύω, *to hear or learn beforeband.*

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) *a robe falling over the breast.*

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, *to bring forward.* II. *to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.*

προ-κόμην, τό, (πρό, κόμη) *the front hair: the forelock of a horse.*

προκοπή, ἡ, *progress on a journey.* II. *metaph. progress, advancement, improvement.* From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον: f. ψω, *to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.*

II. *intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.*

πρόκριμα, atos, τό, *preference, partiality.* From

προ-κρίνω [ῥ], f. -κρινῶ: *to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others.* II. *to judge beforeband, decide.*

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) *preferred.*

πρό-κροσσοι, η, ον or os, ον, (πρό, κροσσαί) *with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ ὀκτώ, ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, περίε αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλῶν πρόκροσσοι ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.*

προ-κύλινδω, f. -κυλίω [ῥ]:—*to roll forth, set rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλινδεσθαι τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.*

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, *to stoop forward and peer out.*

προ-κῦρώ, f. ὥσω, to confirm or ratify before.
 προ-κύνω, -κύνος, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.
 προ-κῶμος, ov, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel: τὸ προκῶμιον ὕμνον the prelude of a hymn.
 προ-κωπος, ov, (πρό, κῶπη) grasping the hilt, sword-in-hand. II. pass. grasped by the hilt.
 προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.
 προ-λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.
 προ-λάλέω, f. ἥσω, to prate before.
 προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 προῦλᾶβον: pf. -εἶληφα, pass. -εἶλημμαι:—to take beforeband: to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another: to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of; προλαμβάνειν τῆς οδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time: hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.
 προ-λέγω, f. ἔω:—pf. pass. προλέγεμαι:—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say beforeband: to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim: to warn: to profess, declare: to order.
 προ-λείπω, f. ῥω: pf. προλέλοιπα:—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake; μήτις σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee: also to quit beforeband; χώραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband: absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.
 προ-λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.
 προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.
 προ-λεσχηνέομαι, pf. pass. προλεσχήνευμαι: Dep.:—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.
 προ-λεσχω, ov, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.
 προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.
 προλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.
 προλιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.
 πρόλογος, ὁ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech: in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus: after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.
 προ-λοχίζω, f. ἴω: pf. pass. προλελόχισμαι:—to lay an ambush before:—Pass., αἱ προλελοχισμένα ἐνέδρα the ambush that had before been laid. II. to beset with an ambuscade.
 προμαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.
 προ-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to soften beforeband.
 προ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθω: aor. 2 προῦμάθον:—to ascertain or find out beforeband.
 προ-μαντεία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, the right of consulting the oracle first. From
 προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.
 προ-μαντήρη, ἡ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, a prophet or prophess: ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.
 προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [v]
 προ-μάτωρ, opos, ἡ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.
 προ-μαχέω, = προμαχίζω.
 προμαχέων, ὄνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.
 προμαχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in front of: also to fight with another as champion.
 προ-μάχομαι: f. -μάχισομαι Att. -μάχομαι: Dep.:—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.
 πρό-μαχος, ov, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front: as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.
 προ-μελετάω, f. ἥσω, to practise beforeband.
 Προμείνεια, ἡ, name of a prophess of Dodona.
 προ-μεριμνάω, f. ἥσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.
 προ-μετωπίδιος, ov, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn on being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.
 προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [ā], ἡ, (προμηθής) foresight, forebought: consideration.
 Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.
 Προμήθειος, α, ov, of or from Prometheus.
 προμηθέομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. προῦμηθήθη: Dep.: (προμηθής):—to take care beforeband, to provide for: to shew forebought for, Lat. cavere: c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.
 Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Forebought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought: inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἔντεχον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forebought, caution.
 προ-μηθής Dor. προμαθής, ἐς, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary: caring about a thing.
 προμηθία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, = προμήθεια.
 προμηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προμηθής) inclined to forebought, wary. Adv. -κώς, warily.
 προ-μηνύω, f. ὕσω [v], to inform of or denounce beforeband.
 προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, opos, ἡ, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.
 προμήγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμήγνυμι.
 προ-μήγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband:—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμήγναι, to have intercourse with beforeband.
 προ-μισθώω, f. ὥσω, to hire beforeband.
 προ-μνᾶομαι, Dep. to woo for another: generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit: to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μησῖνοι, αι, α, one by one, one after the other. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμηστρία and προμηστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (προμῆσ-μαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολαίν, αορ. 2 inf. of προβλάσκει. Hence

προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, αορ. 2 part. of προβλάσκει.

πρόμος, ὁ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἥσω, to work beforehand.

πρό-ναός or προ-νάιος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήιος, η, ον, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as Subst.,

I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple.

II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo.

III. πρόναος, ὁ, the hall or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἥσω, to fight at sea for or in defence of, τινός.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforehand: to hold forth, present.

II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νεύω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναιος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ἥσω, to gain a victory beforehand.

προ-νοέω, f. ἥσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προνοήσῃμην, προ-νοήθην:—to perceive or observe beforehand.

II. to plan or devise beforehand: to provide.

2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for.

3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary.

II. of things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κῶς, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νολή, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforehand.

II. foresight, forethought, forecast; ἔκ προνοίας with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex consulto, and of crimes, with malice prepense.

2. the providence of the gods.

προνομαία, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομεία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering.

From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νοος, ον, (πρό, νόος) ibi-king beforehand, wary:—Comp. προνούστερος.

προ-νωπής, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking.

2. metaph. inclined, ready.

προ-νώπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπια) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place.

II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a ball or court.

ΠΡΟΞ, gen. προκός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, ὁ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξένω, impf. προξένουν: f. ἥσω: aor. I προ-ξένησα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be one's protector or patron.

II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant.

2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive for one that . . : also to advise, give directions.

3. to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium.

II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador.

From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, ὁ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i.e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual

of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied;

the relation usually passed on from father to son.

II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent.

III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian.

2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ἥσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάζω, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἥσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way.

II. metaph. to prepare beforehand.

προ-οδοπορέω, f. ἥσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst., πρόοδοι, οἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προείδεν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforehand.

Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. πεφρομίμασμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble.

From

προ-οίμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning.

2. a hymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχέσθαι: Dep.:—to have gone on before.

προ-ὀνύμι and -ὄνω, to swear before or beforehand: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράω, one must look beforehand, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόσπος Att. contr. προῦπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of προοράω (as if from *προόπτωμαι), foreseen: manifest.

προορατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-οράω, f. προόψομαι: aor. 2 προείδον: pf. προ-εώρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing. II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προ-ορίζω, f. ὠω, to mark out beforeband, to pre-determine. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, to drive forward or onward:—Pass. to rush or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω, to moor before or in front. προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προούφειλω: f. -οφειλήσω:—to owe beforeband:—Pass. to be due beforeband or before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὤψις) a foreseeing. II. a seeing before one.

πρό-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from *προόψομαι).

προ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (πρό, πάγηναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. ὠω, to teach beforeband.

πρό-πᾶλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-πᾶρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforeband.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to prepare beforeband:—Pass. to be prepared beforeband.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforeband: to offer before.

προ-πάροικε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of: προπάροικε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροικε θυράων before the door. II. Adv., 1. of Place, in front, forward, before. 2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, πᾶσαν ἡμῶν all day long; νῆας προπάσας all the ships together: neut. πᾶσαν as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to suffer before or beforeband: to be ill-treated before.

προ-πάτωρ, opos, ὁ, (πρό, πᾶτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πείθω, f. ὠω, to persuade beforeband.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforeband: also as Dep. προ-πειράομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προπειρά-θην [ᾶ], προπειράμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I προὔπεμψα:—to send before or beforeband: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν ἰούς to shoot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish. II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue.

προπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτᾶσω [ᾶ], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. procidius, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death. II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετώς, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong haste.

προπέφονται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένους, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πιδράω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (πρό, πηλός):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλακισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [ῖ], impf. προὔπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προὔπιον: pf. act. προπέτωκα, pass. προπέτομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged. 2. as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππῳ, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέτοται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προὔπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέτωκα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. ὠω, to trust or believe beforeband.

προ-πίττω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίττω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

πρό-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence πρό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ονν, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, πούς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to do beforeband, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλευμα, atos, τό, service rendered. From προσπολεύω, f. ὠω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one, an attendant, minister: a rower. 2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant.

II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμπω) *a sending on before.*
II. *an attending, escorting, conducting.*

προπομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) *the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.*

προπομπός, ὁ, (προπέμπω) *escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπὸς χάρις carrying drink-offerings in procession.* II. *as Subst. a conductor, escort.*

προπονέω, f. ἴσω, *to work or take pains beforehand.* II. *to labour for or instead of another.*

III. *c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it.*

IV. *c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποιημένα things formerly pursued with zeal.*

V. *Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.*

πρόπονος, ον, *very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.*
Προποντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) *the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.*

προπορεύω, f. σω, *to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med.—πορεύεσθαι, and pass.—πορευθήσθαι, to go before or forward.*

προπορίζω, f. ἴσω, *to provide beforehand:—Pass. to be provided beforehand.*

πρόποσις, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) *a drinking before or to one: a pledging.* II. *a drink.*

προπότις, ὁ, (προπίνω) *one who drinks healths.*

πρόπος, -ποδος, ὁ, *the projecting foot of a mountain.*

προπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω *to do before.* II. *to exact beforehand.*

προπρέω, ἄνω, ὁ, *inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.*

προπρηνής, ἐς, *inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηνές as Adv., forward.*

προπρό, strengthened form of πρό, *right before.*

προπροκλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκλίνδομαι, *to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.*

πρόπρυμα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμα) *stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.*

προπταίω, f. σω, *to stumble before.*

προπύλαιος [ῥ], ον, (πρό, πύλη) *before the gate.* II. *neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.*

πρόπυλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) *a portico, vestibule.*

προπυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 προπυθόμην: Dep. *—to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforehand.*

πρόπυργος, ον, *before or for towers: θυσίαι πρόπυργοι offerings made for the city.*

προρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, *to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profluere.*

πρόρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥῆσις) *a foretelling.* 2. *previous instructions or orders.*

II. *a proclamation, public notice.*

πρόρητος, ον, (πρό, ῥητός) *foretold.* II. *proclaimed, commanded.*

πρόρριζος, ον, (πρό, ῥίζα) *by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.*

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen., implying motion *from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [ϗ], contrd. πότη.*

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, *from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθίοπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἀβδηρα ἰδρυταὶ πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μάλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it.* 2. metaph., *πρὸς πατέρα on the father's side: also on the part of, at the hand of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὸς εἰσι ξενοὶ τε πτωχοὶ τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove.*

3. *in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert σέ between the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro.* II. with a passive Verb=ὕπο, as, διδάσκεισθαι πρὸς τινας to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one.

III. *from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δίκης agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικὸς ἐστί it is like a woman.*

WITH DAT., generally, *hard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαίῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἔχεσθαι to cling close to each other.* II. *in addition to, besides; πρὸς τοῦτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils.* III. *of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.*

WITH Accus., it expresses motion, I. of Place, *towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡῷ towards the East; κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven.* 2. in hostile sense, *against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., Lat. in.*

3. *without hostile sense, εἰπεῖν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one.* II. of Time, *towards, near, hard upon.*

III. generally, of Relation, *with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς our relations to the gods.* 2. *according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the news; so, πρὸς τί; to what end?*

3. *in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-*

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρὸς* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρὸς βίαν*, *πρὸς ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρὸς καιρὸν* in season; *πρὸς χάριν* *τινὶ* to please one; *πρὸς τὸ βίαν* = *βιαιώς*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., besides, over and above.

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, besides, as in *προσκέτασμαι*.

III. a being by or besides: *α* remaining beside, as in *πρόσ-εμι* (*εἰμι* sum).

προσάββατος, *ον*, (*πρό*, *σάββατα*) before the Sabbath: as Subst., *προσάββατον*, *τό*, the eve of the Sabbath.

προσ-αγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, to announce: to denounce.

προσαγορεύεις, *εως*, *ἡ*, an addressing. From

προσαγορευτός, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. to be called or named. From

προσ-ἀγορεύω, *φ. σω*: aor. *-ηγόρευσα*: pf. *-ηγόρευκα*: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are *προσερῶ*, *προσεῖπον*, *προσεῖρηκα*:—to address, accost. II. to name, call by name.

προσ-άγω, *φ. ξω*: aor. 2 *προσῆγάγον*, rarely aor. I. *προσῆγα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάξομαι*:—to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to, add. 3. to bring to, move towards, apply, employ.

4. to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce.

II. intr. to draw near, approach: *πρόσασθε*, come on!

III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import:

hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα* imports. Hence

προσάγωγός, *εως*, *ὁ*, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσάγωγή, *ἡ*, (*πρόσγω*) a bringing to or towards: acquisition.

II. (from the intr. sense of *πρόσγω*) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance.

προσαγωγός, *όν*, (*πρόσγω*) bringing to, attractive, persuasive.

προσ-αῖδω, Dor. *φ. ποτ-αἰσόμεαι*:—to sing to; *τιν ποταῖσόμεαι*, Dor. for *σοὶ* *προσάσκειν* to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music.

II. to harmonise or combine in with, Lat. *concinnare*.

προσαΐξας, aor. I part. of *προσαΐσσω*.

προσ-αἶρομαι, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself. II. to choose or elect in addition to.

προσ-αἶσσω Att. *-αῖσσω*, *φ. ξω*, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αἰτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to ask besides: to demand in addition. II. to continue asking, to beg of one: absol. to beg hard. Hence

προσ-ακοντιζώ, *φ. σω*, to shoot like a javelin.

προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *πρόσγω*, one must bring to.

προσαΐτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, a beggar.

προσ-ακούω, *φ. ακούσομαι*, to hear besides.

προσ-αλείφω, *φ. ψω*, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-αἰσκόμαι, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast in a lawsuit besides.

προσ-άλλομαι, *φ. -αλοῦμαι*: aor. I *-ηλάμην*: Dep.:—to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αἰέβομαι, Dor. poet. aor. I *ποταμαιψάμην*, to answer.

προσ-ἀμέλω, *φ. ξω*, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) *ποταμέλεται* will yield milk besides.

προσ-αμπέχομαι, (*πρός*, *ἀμπεχω*), Pass. to be held fast in a thing.

προσ-αἰνῶ [*ῶ*], *φ. ἦνῶ*, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. *-αμφιά*, to put on over.

προσ-αναβαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*, to climb up to: of riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poet. *προσάμβ-*, *ἡ*, a going up to, approach: *κλίμακος* *προσανάβασις* approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of *προσαναβαίνω*.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-ἀναγκάζω, *φ. άσω*, to force or constrain besides. 2. to bring under command, discipline.

II. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-αναγορεύω, to announce besides.

προσ-αναγράφω, *φ. ψω*, to write or note down besides.

προσ-αναείρω, *φ. ἦσω*, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides. II. of an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-ἀνακλιόμην, *φ. ώσω*, to spend or consume besides.

προσανακλίω, *τό*, that on which one leans. From

προσ-ανακλινόμαι, Pass. to lean on. [*ῖ*] Hence

προσανάκλις, *ἡ*, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι* to take up or receive besides. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresh besides.

προσ-ἀνάλισκω, *φ. -ανᾶλῶ*, to spend or consume besides:—aor. I part. *προσανᾶλῶσας*.

προσ-αναπληρῶ, *φ. ώσω*, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτάω, *φ. ἦσω*, to hang up besides or upon.

προσ-αναστέλλω, to hold in check besides.

προσ-ανατέλλω poet. *προσαντ-*, to rise up towards.

προσ-ανατίθημι, *φ. -θήσω*:—to offer or dedicate besides:—Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides: also II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδράποδίζω, *φ. ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to enslave besides.

προσ-ἀνέμι (*ἀνά*, *εἰμι* *ίβο*), to go up to.

προσ-ανέπειν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-αναγορεύω* being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ἀνής, *ἑς*, Dor. for *προσηνής*.

προσ-άντης, *ἑς*, gen. *εὖς*, (*πρός*, *άντην*) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-hill, Lat. *arduus*.

II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful.

III. of persons, adverse, hostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, to report besides.

προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides.

προσ-απαιτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to demand besides.

προσ-ἀπειλέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to threaten besides.

προσ-απέπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απολλάττω, f. ῶω, to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides:—Med., with pf. 2 act. προσάπολω, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ῆσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ῆσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides: to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III. Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with.

προσ-απαρίσσω, f. -άρσω: aor. 2 -ῆραρον:—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσάρπα Ion. -άρπα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσάρηται:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαρίσκω.

προσᾶρτρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαρίσκω.

προσ-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω: f. ὄσω: pf. pass. -ἤρμοσμαι:—to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ῆσω, to fasten or attach to:—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to.

προσ-ᾄσσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-ἀτιμῶ, f. ὥσω, to dishonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αναίνομαι, Pass. (πρός, ἀναίνω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδῶ, f. ῆσω: impf. προσηύδαν, 3 sing. -ῆυδα, 3 dual -ῆυδιτην:—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αυλείων, ὄν, (πρός, αὐλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.

προσ-αυλῆ, f. ῆσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides:—Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αῖω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ῆσω, to take away besides:—Med. to take away for oneself besides:—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβήσασθην:—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, ἀρούρα προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. 3. metaph., προσβάλλειν τι to lay a thing to heart, attend to it:—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack. II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

πρόσβασις, ἡ, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.

προσβατός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσβιασθῆναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έμολον:—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to:—Med., Ion. aor. I προσεβασάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. -βοθέω, f. ῆσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ἡ, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon; applying.

προσβολή Ion. an attack, assault: προσβολή Ἀχαιῶν an attack of the Achaeans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.

πρός-γειος, ὄν, (πρός, γέα=γῆ) near the earth: near land.

πρός-βορρος, ὄν, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελᾶω, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [ῖ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσ-γυμνάζω, f. ὄσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to:—Med. with pf. pass. προσδάνεισμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.

προσ-δᾶπᾶνᾶω, f. ἤσω, to spend besides.
 πρόσδεγμα, atos, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.
 προσ-δέχομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. poet. ποτι-δέομαι: f. -δέσω: aor. I pass. -εδέθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.
 προσ-δέρομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρομαι: fut. med. -δέρομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέρχην: and in same sense aor. 2 act. -ἐδράκον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.
 πρόσδετος, ov, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δένομαι, poet. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτι-δέ-νομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέσομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δέσω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλόμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.
 προσ-διαρίεμαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέχην, Dep. to converse besides with.
 προσ-διαμαρτυρέω, f. ἤσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 προσ-διαπασσάλλω, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [ᾱ]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.
 προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.
 προσ-δικάζω, f. ᾶσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.
 προσ-διορθόω, f. ᾶσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.
 προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἤσω: aor. I -εδόκησα:—to expect, look for: to await.
 προσ-δόκεω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.
 προσδόκητος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected.
 προσδοκία, ἡ, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad: πρὸς προσδοκίαν according to expectation.
 προσδόκιμος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδόκιμος expected to come against Miletus.
 προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, ov, (πρὸς, δόρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.
 προσ-δράκναι, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρομαι.
 προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμῶν, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.
 προσ-εᾶω, f. ᾶσω [ᾱ], to suffer to go further.
 προσέβην, aor. 2 of προσβαίνα.
 προσεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσβαίνα.
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.
 προσ-εγγυᾶμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.
 προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.
 προσεδρεύω or -λα, ἡ, a setting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρὸς, εἶδος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.
 προσεδρία, ἡ, = προσεδρεύω.
 πρόσ-εδος, ov, (πρὸς, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρόσεδος λιγυρὴ the surrounding smoke.
 προσέειπε, Ep. for προσέειπε: see προσείπον.
 προσέθηκα, aor. I of προστίθημι.
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.
 προσ-ειδέναι, -δώς, inf. and part. of πρόσσιδα.
 προσ-εἶδον, inf. προσιδέω, part. προσιδών: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon. II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.
 προσείκα, Att. for προσέοικα, q. v.
 προσ-εἰκάω, f. σω: aor. I -ἥκασα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.
 προσ-εἰκελός, ἡ, ov, also os, ov, somewhat like.
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προτι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.
 προσεἰλήφα, -εἰλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.
 πρόσ-εἰλος, ov, (πρὸς, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.
 πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσίναμι: impf. προσ-ἦεν Ion. -ἦια Att. -ῆα: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρὸς, εἰμι ἰδο):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on. III. to come in: τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσόντα alone, *the public income, revenue*, Lat. *reditus*.

πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσεῖναι: impf. προσῆν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εἶπον, inf. προσεῖπναι: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εἰσπράσσω, f. ξω, to exact payment of besides. προσ-εἰω, f. σω, to hold out and shake; προσεῖεν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to hold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρρω, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides. προσ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must *at-tend*: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκυρσα, aor. I of προσκυπέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Att. -ελάω: aor. I -ἤλα-ᾶσα:—to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἵππον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. *adequitate*.

2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προσελέω.

προσελθῆναι, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω [ῶ]: aor. I -εἰλ-κύσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβάινω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -εμβῆν:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικρινομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανοῦμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, ἑς, resembling.

προσ-ἐνῶχε, Dor. for προσ-ἐνήχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχῶράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-ενέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννοέω, f. ῶσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσ-εντείνω, f. -τενῶ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command be-sides.

προσ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξήμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξέργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-εἴকা, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf. προσεῖκάναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήγ-μαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit. III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαίνω, f. ἔσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαυτιόμαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to accuse be-sides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, =προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλῶ, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επιτίκειναι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or ac-quire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιρκέω, f. ῶσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. ῶσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ηπιστήθην: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπεύω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ῶσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify be-sides.

προσ-επιτάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ὄν, (πρός, ἔργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύγομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: me-taph., κύματα προσερεύγεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. **προσερέω**, fut. to **προσεῖπον**; —to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. **αω**, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. **-ερίσσομαι**; aor. **-ηρύμην**, inf. **-ερέσθαι**; Dep. :—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. **ποθέρω**; f. **ψω**; aor. I **προσείρ-πύσα**:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; δ **προσέρπων χρόνος** the coming time; τὸ **πρόσερπον** the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of **προσρήγνυμι**.

προσ-εργυγάνω, = **προσεργύνομαι**.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. **-ηρχόμην**, f. **-ελεύσομαι** (but the Att. impf. and fut. are **προσθῆναι**, **πρόσειμι**): Dep. with act. aor. 2 **-ήλθον**, pf. **-έληθα**:—to come or go to; to come forward: absol. to approach, draw nigh; to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, associate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. *redire*.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. **ήσω**, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. **ποθ-έσπερος**, **ον**, verging towards evening: neut. pl. τὰ **ποθέσπερα** as Adv., towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence

προσεταιριστός, **όν**, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσενεαι, aor. I imperat. of **προσείχομαι**.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. **ήσω**, to procure or supply besides: be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσχω, f. **-ευρήσω**, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, **ή**, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From **προσ-εύχομαι**, f. **-έξομαι**, Dep. to offer prayers or vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, **ης**, **η**, aor. 2 of **πρόσφημι**.

προσέχης, **ές**, (**προσέχω**) of place, adjoining, bordering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. **έω**; aor. 2 **προσέσχον**; pf. **προσέσχηκα**:—to have besides or in addition. II. to hold to, bring to or near: **προσέχειν ναῦν** to bring a ship to port or to land; and without **ναῦν**, to put in or touch at a place; **προσέχειν τῇ γῇ**, **τῇ νήσῳ** to touch at: to land: sometimes also **ναυαί προσέχειν**.

III. **προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν**, to turn one's mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. *animum advertere*: also without **τὸν νοῦν**, to attend; **προσέχειν ἑαυτῷ** to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.

Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V. Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-εφως, **ον**, (**πρός**, **έως**) towards dawn or morning.

προσ-ξεύγνυμι, f. **-ξεύσω**, to yoke or fasten to:—Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, **ον**, (**πρός**, **ήβη**) near manhood.

προσῆγᾶγον, aor. 2 of **προσάγω**.

προσηγόρεω, f. **ήσω**, (**προσήγορος**) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, **ατος**, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, **ή**, (**προσηγορέω**) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, **ον**, (**πρός**, **ἀγορεύω**) addressing, accosting; αἱ **προσηγοροὶ ὄρυες** the speaking oaks: c. gen., **εὐγμάτων Παλλάδος προσηγορος** addressing prayers to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted:—as Subst. **προσήγορος**, δ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of **προσεδάφίζω**.

προσήμει, 2 sing. pf. pass. of **προσείμαι**.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of **προσήμι**.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of **προσῆκα**, suitably, fittingly, becomingly.

προσῆκον, part. neut. of **προσῆκα** used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. *quum conveniat* or *conveniret*.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to belong to.

II. impers., **προσῆκει πρὸς τινα** it concerns, has reference to one; c. dat., **προσῆκει μοι** it is my business. 2. it belongs to, beseems, befits: see **προσῆκον**.

III. the Partic. **προσῆκων**, **ουσα**, **ον**, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beeming; and of persons, related, akin: οἱ **προσῆκοντες** (in full οἱ **προσῆκοντες γένει**), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ **προσῆκον** or τὰ **προσῆκοντα** that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν **προσῆκουσαν σωτηρίαν** ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τὰ **προσῆκοντα** what is fit or seemly, one's duties.

προσ-ήλιος, **ον**, (**πρός**, **ήλιος**) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. **ώσω**, to nail, pin, or affix to. II. to nail up, shut close up.

προσῆλϋθον, aor. 2 of **προσέρχομαι**.

προσ-ήλϋτος, **ον**, (**προσῆλϋθον**) come to, arrived at:—as Subst., **προσῆλϋτος**, δ, a new comer, stranger, Lat. *advena*: hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of **προσέδομαι**: Pass.:—to sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προσ-σημαίνω, f. **ανῶ**; aor. I **προεσήμηνα**:—to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announce.

II. to proclaim, publish.

προσηνεγκα, used as aor. I of **προσφέρω**.

προσ-ήνεμος, **ον**, (**πρός**, **άνεμος**) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of **προσφέρω**.

προσ-ηνής Dor. **προσ-ανής**, **ές**, (**πρός**, **ένς**) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. **προσηνῶς**.

προσηρτήμαι, pf. pass. of **προσαρτάω**.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of **προσανύδαω**.

προσ-ήως, **ον**, (**πρός**, **ήως**) Ion. for **προσεφως**, towards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ **ποτ-αφον**, towards morning.

προσ-θακῶ, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.
 προσθῆναι, προσθεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθμι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).
 As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly. III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἢ . . . to die sooner than . . .

προσθῆναι, Ion. for προσθεῖτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθμι.

πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθμι.
 πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθμι) a putting to, application.
 II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθμι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ov, or η, ov, verb. Adj. of προστίθμι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθμι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident. II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, atos, τό, (προστίθμι) an addition.

προσ-θγγάνω, f. -θίγω: aor. 2 προσέθιγον, inf. προσθιγεῖν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ov, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; οἱ πρόσθιοι πόδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, δ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.

προσθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθμι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ov, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσθδεῖν, προσθδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσθιδον.

προσ-ζιάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ζῶ, f. -ζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ίημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. I προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεται, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3. to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ινέομαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσικτωρ, opos, δ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near. II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —έστην, pf. —έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2. metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ίσχω, = προσέχω, to hold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ἰδο), approachable.

προσιών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

προσ-καθέζομαι, f. —καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 —καθεζόμεν: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. —κάττημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near; to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. I —καθείλυσσα, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognate, θάκον προσκαθίζειν, to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ov, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. —καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—Pass., pf. προσέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεύη προσκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κἀλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας

προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against . . . but commonly without δίκην; προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀνδρός (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., δ προσκληθεῖς the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ov, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτέρω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. —βαλῶ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, atos, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. —γνώσομαι, to condemn besides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-κατασχύνω, f. ἔνω, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. —νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides.

προσκαταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.

προσκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.

προσκατασύρω [ῥ], to pull down besides.

προσκατατίθημι, f. καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.

προσκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.

προσκάτμαι, Ion. for προσκάτμαι.

πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. πρόσ-κέομαι, f. -κέισομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story; to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.

προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.

προσκερδαίνω, f. δῆσω, to gain besides.

προσκεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.

προσκηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.

προσκηρύκεσθαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.

προσκηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.

προσκιγλίζω, (πρός, κίγκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὐ ποτεκιγλίσθην (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγλίσθην) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.

προσ-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to shatter or shiver against.

προσκληρώω, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.

πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.

προσκλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκέκλιμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence

πρόσκλησις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.

προσκλύω, f. ὠσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.

προσκνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.

προσκοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.

προσκοινώνω, f. ὠσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.

προσκολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.

προσκομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.

πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.

προσκοπέω fut. προσκέφωμαι and aor. I προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence

προσκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.

προσκοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω)=πρόσκομμα.

πρόσκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II.

as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οἱ, outposts, scouts.

προσκόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τὸν ποῖν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2.

to take offence, be angry at.

προσκορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.

πρόσ-κράνος, ον, (πρός, κράνος) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.

προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.

προσ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. -έκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.

προσ-κύλιω, f. -κυλίω [ῥ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.

προσ-κύνω, f. ἦσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα ποῖτ. προσέκυσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence

προσκύνησις, οὗ, ὁ, a worshipper.

προσ-κύττω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.

προσ-κῦρέω, f. ἦσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκυρίσω, aor. I προσέκυρα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat. 1. to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.

προσκύνω, πρόσκύσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκύνω.

πρόσ-κυπος, ον, (πρός, κύπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκυπος, ὁ, a rower.

προσλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσλαμβάνω, πρόσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -έλαχον: pf. -είληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.

προσ-λάζυμαι, Dep.=προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λάλω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.

προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -είληχα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take hold of: to take part in:—to take hold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.

προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέ-
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to
meditate.

προσ-λεύσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπάρῃ, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere in. II.
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.
Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides,
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I
προσμασάχην: pf. -μέμαγμαi:—to knead or plaster
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-
ραιᾶ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the ci-
ty:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-
χθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.
sense, ποτιμαζάμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ]: f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι:
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμεῖναι, προσμείνας, aor. I inf. and part. of
προσ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to abide or wait still longer;
προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II.
trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand
one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Med. to contrive be-
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-
tened to.

προσ-μίννυμι and -ύω: fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come
into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,
arrive at. 2. of persons, to hold intercourse with,
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in
battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling
with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an
attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μιτσω, f. ἦσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μισθόω, f. ὤσω, to let out for hire or interest
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολέιν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσκει.

πρόσ-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μύθομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [v]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.
προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot,
assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-
votely, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νέσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτι-ν-, Dep. to come or go
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-
συν-.

προσ-ῥδιος, ov, (πρός, ῥδιος) belonging to a solemn
procession, processional: τὸ προσῥδιον (sub. μέλος) a
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-
ward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent,
esp. the public revenue: mostly in plur. revenues, re-
turns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)
to know besides. 2. προσοιδέναι χάριν to owe
thanks beside.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ὤσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near: of towns,
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.

πρόσ-οικος, ov, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of προσφέρειν, to be
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρειν.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ᾠκεῖλα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to hold intercourse or converse
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain
at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with,
be engaged with a thing.

προσ-ὀμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-ὀμοιος, ov, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοίω, f. ὤσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant be-
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to
terms. Hence

προσ-ὀμουρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν
θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπατάζω Dor. ποτι-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσοράω, f. ὄψομαι : aor. 2 -εἶδον :—to look at :—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρος, ov, (πρός, ὀρθρος) towards morning : neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ' ὀρθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to mark out for oneself besides : προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμούμαι, aor. I -ωρμιάμην and -ωρμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσ-ορμῖσις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσ-ουδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὔδας) to dash to earth.

προσ-ουρέω, f. ἤσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, ov, Ion. for πρόσ-ορος, (πρός, ὕρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent : τὰ πρόσ-ορα the adjacent parts : ἐν αὐτοῖς ἦν πρόσ-ορος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφείλω, f. ἤσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλισκάνω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ῶφλον, inf. -οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt : generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with : to be offended at. πρόσ-οψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look : σὴ πρόσ-οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι : aor. I -έπαισα :—to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παῖος, ov, (πρός, παῖω) striking upon : sudden, new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-πᾶλαιω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσ-παρακαλέω, f. ἔσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσ-παρδύω, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσ-πασσάλευ Att. -παττάλευ, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or hang upon a peg.

προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected besides.

II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ov, (πρός, πείνα) hungry, a-hungered.

προσ-πελάζω, f. ἄσω, to bring near to, drive against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come nigh to.

προσ-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send to : conduct or convey to.

προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον, oppedere.

προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσ-πενόω, f. ἤσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσ-πесών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι : aor. 2 -επτάμην [ᾱ], for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πύθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγγνυμι and -ῶω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on : affix to the cross.

προσ-πίξω, f. ἔσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πίνάμμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to : to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one : to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσ-πίνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon : to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come near, draw nigh, approach.

προσ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. -πλάσσω [ᾱ] : pf. pass. -πέπλασμαι :—to form or mould upon.

πρόσπλᾶτος, ov, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :—to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρόω, f. ῶσω, to fill up or complete a number : to man ships besides, man more ships : and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνεύω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνέει μοι κρεῶν there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself : of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect : c. inf. to pretend to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δεῖ μὴ προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητός, ὄν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to carry on war against, be at war with : also to attack or harass in war.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ῶσω, to make hostile besides :—Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, *f. ἦσω*, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From

πρόσ-πολος, *ov*, (*πρός*, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, *o* and *ἡ*, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνων minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, *f. εὔσομαι*, Dep. to go to, approach.

προσ-πορίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to procure besides.

προσ-πορπάτός, *ἡ, ov*, (*πρός*, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, *f. -πράξομαι*: aor. I -επραξάμην: Med.: (*πρός*, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, *ατος, τό*, a stumble. From

προσ-πταίω, *f. σω*, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, halt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.

προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσ-πέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, *f. ξω*, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆναι (Ep. and Dor. for προσ-πεπτηνῆναι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπτυγμα, *ατος, τό*, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, *f. ξω*, aor. I -έπτυσα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: *f. -πτύξομαι*: pf. -έπτυγμα:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, *f. -πτύσω* [ϋ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, *f. -πύσομαι*: aor. 2 -επύθμην:—to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-πρίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσπραπτεόν, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From προσ-ράπτω, *f. ψω*, to sew on.

προσ-ρέω, *f. -ρεύσομαι*: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερέην:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήννυμι, *f. -ρήξω*: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, *ατος, τό*, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, *ἡ*, an addressing, accosting: a name.

προσ-ρήσσω, = προσήρηνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, *f. ψω*, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.

προσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards.

προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάρω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρώ, *f. ὤσω*, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στίχω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, *f. -στέλω*, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.

προσ-σκόφαντέω, *f. ἦσω*, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, *f. -συστήσω*, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, *f. ἦσω*, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to heap up besides.

προστακέεις, προστακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστήκω.

προσταδείς, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθηναι.

προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, *f. ξω*, to slay at or near.

πρόσταγμα, *ατος, τό*, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προσταγματος by command.

προσ-τᾷθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προστείνω.

προστακτεόν, verb. Adj. of προστασσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπυρέω, *f. ἦσω*, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; προσταξιν ποιέσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στυσία, ἡ, (προίστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. partisanshp, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετέταχτο the Indians had been assigned to ... 3. to appoint as commander.

II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστατεία, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-στατεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὄψω ..., to provide or take care that ...

προ-στατέω, *f. ἦσω*, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατὴν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian.

III. ὁ προστατῶν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence

προστατήριος, *a, ov*, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.

προστάτης [ᾱ], *ov, ὁ*, (προίσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler, leader: the leader of a party.

III. one who stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman *cliens* to his *patronus*; γράψασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἴδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προ-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along. προ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθημι. προ-τευχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-τείχω, to advance, go before. προ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προ-τελέω, f. ἐσώ, to pay or spend besides. προ-τέλλω, f. -στελώ, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προὔσταλιν [ᾱ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start. προ-σθενᾶω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before the breast: as Subst., προσστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before or on the breast. προ-στέρω Dor. ποτι-τέρω, to delight beside. προσταγαμένος, pf. pass. part. of προτάσσω. προ-σχεναύομαι, Dep. to devise besides. προ-στίκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II. intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [ᾱ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προστήμι. προ-στίθημι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to put to, add.

3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to hand over, to deliver over, consign to. II. Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -εθέμην, imperat. -θού, subj. -θώμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προ-στίδω, f. ἤσω, to befall with dung. προ-στίδω, f. ἤσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμημα, atos, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river. προ-στρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προ-στρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in. προ-στρέφω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -εδράμουν:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προσ-τρίβω [ῖ]: f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ῖ]: pf. -τέτριμμι:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόποιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ov, (προστροπή): I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λαταί suppliant prayers. 2. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόποιον αἷμα, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόποιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ἡ, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπήν ἔχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ov, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρόποιος, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυγχάνων, ὁ προστυχὼν the first person one meets, anybody; τὰ προστυχόντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share. προσ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίγνομαι Att. προ-εγγ-, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμίσγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ἤσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προσ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προσ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προσ-φάγω, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρό-σφαγμα, atos, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προσ-σάδω later -τω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ov, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατος as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. προσφάτως, lately.

προσφερέης, ἐς, (προσφέρειν) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέγχθην Ion. -ενείχθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to *set before* one, *offer* meat or drink: and in Med. to *take* meat or drink to oneself.
3. to *give besides*, to *add*. 4. to *bring forward*, produce as authority. 5. to *contribute* to, to *bring in*, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσίσσεται, to be borne or carried towards: of ships, to put in.

2. to *rush against* or *upon*, attack, make an onset:—to *rush*. 3. to *approach*, converse with, to have dealings with. 4. absol. to *behave* or *bear* oneself. 5. to *come near*, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερής, ἐμπερής. 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φύγω, f. -φύξομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence
προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φύγω iv.

πρόσ-φηνι, to speak to, address: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγγομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call. Hence

προσ-φθειρόμαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθαίρεις.

προσφθεγκτός, ὄν, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθημα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθηγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ἥσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφιλία, ἡ, (προσφιλέω) kindness, good will.

προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσ-φιλῶς.

προσ-φιλῆς, ἐς, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ἥσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλῶς, Adv. of προσφιλέω, kindly; προσφιλῶς ἔχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτῶ, f. ἥσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ἡ, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεω, Ion. Adv. of προσφύω: see προσφύω.

προσφύῃς, ἐς, (προσφύω) growing upon, hanging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor. 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφύσις, ἡ, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφύσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to hang upon, fasten to. II.

Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ὄσα, ὄν; pf. προσπέφυκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύω, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φωνέω, f. ἥσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of.

3. to address or dedicate a thing to another. προσφωνήεις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφωνήμα, ατος, τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις, εως, ἡ, (προσφωνέω) an addressing, 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχάνον: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέκχηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inhiare.

προ-σχεθεῖν, poet. for προσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., προεσχεθόμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. χεῶ, to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τό, (προέχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretense; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; so

Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχάννυμι, to dam up.

προσ-χρῖζω, f. ἥσω: Ion. προσχρηρίζω, f. ἥσω:—to require or desire besides; προσχρηρίζω ὑμῶν πέθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχυσις, ἡ, (προσχέω) a pouring upon.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χάσω (from προσχόω): aor. I προσέχουσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχαννύναι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ἥσω or ἥσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρός, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ἡ, (προσχάννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψάω Dor. ποτιψάω, to touch upon, touch. προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιθύρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to.

πρόσω ποῖτ. πρόσω Dor. and Att. πρόσω later πόρρω, like Lat. *porro*, Adv.: (πρό, πρὸς): I. as Adv., 1. of Space, *forwards, onward, further on*; opp. to ἐγγύς, *far off, afar*: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω *forward*. 2. of Time, *forward, before*. II. c. gen. *far towards or to*; πρόσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ *far into the river*; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας *to be far gone in wickedness*; *far from, οὐ πρόσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont*. 2. of Time, πρόσω τῆς νυκτός *far into the night*.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, -άτω.
προσ-φῶδι, ἡ, (πρὸς, φῶδή) *a song sung to or accompanied by music*. II. *the tone or accent of a syllable*.

προσ-φῶδός, ὄν, (πρὸς, φῶδή) *singing or sounding to, in harmony with*.

πρόρωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν (πρῶσω) *from afar*. II. *from long ago*.

προσ-ωνέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. *to buy besides*.

προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of προσῶπον.

προσωπεῖον, τό, (πρόσωπον) *a mask*.

προσωποληπτή, *to be a respecter of persons*. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ου, ὅ, (πρόσωπον, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) *a respecter of persons*.

προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτή) *respect of persons*.

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπασσι: (πρὸς, ὤψ): *a face, visage, countenance*; κατὰ πρόσωπον *in front, face to face*. II. *also one's look, countenance*, Lat. *vultus*; τὸ σὺν πρόσωπον, periph. for σὺ.

III. = προσωπεῖον, *a mask*, Lat. *persona*:—hence like πρόσχημα, *show, outward appearance*.

IV. later, *a person*.

προσ-ωρεῖν, f. σω, *to pile or heap up before*.

προσώτατος, η, ου, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, *furthest*:—hence Adv., προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσωτάτα as Adv., *furthest*.

προσώτερος, α, ου, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, *further off*: hence Adv., προσωτέρω or τὸ προσωτέρω, *further*.

προσ-ωφελῶ, f. ἤσω, *to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to*: absol. *to be of use or assistance*. Hence

προσωφάλημα, ατος, τό, *assistance in a thing*: and

προσωφέλησις, ἡ, *a helping, aiding, advantage*.

προσωφέλητόν, verb. Adj. of προσωφελῶ, *one must assist*.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, *one must place or post in front*. 2. *one must prefer*.

προ-τάμννω, (πρό, ταμίας) *to lay in beforeband*.

προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

προτάμοιμν, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω.

προτάμῶν, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ἤσω, *to fear beforeband*. II. *to fear or be anxious for one*.

προ-ταρῖχύνω, f. σω, *to salt or pickle beforeband*: generally, *to preserve or prepare for keeping*.

πρότάσις, ἡ, (προτάσσει, 2 sing. pf. pass. of τείνω)

a stretching forward.

II. *that which is put forward*: in Logic, *a proposition assumed, a premiss*. 2. in Gramm., *the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις*.

προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔσω: aor. I. -έταξα: pf. -τέταχα: Pass., aor. I. -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—*to place or post in front*: Med., προτάξατο τῆς φάλαγγος τοὺς ἱππείας *he posted his horse in front of the phalanx*:—Pass. *to be stationed first, take the lead*; τὸ προταχθέν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, *the front ranks, van*. II. generally, *to determine or arrange beforeband*.

προ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I. -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass., aor. I. -ετάθην [ᾱ]: pf. -τέταμαι:—*to stretch out, put forward*: *to expose to danger*. 2. metaph. *to bold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse*. II. *to stretch forwards or forth, bold out, as a suppliant*.

2. *to offer, tender, proffer*: also *to bold out, show at a distance*, Lat. *ostentare*. III.

Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι *to claim or demand as a reward*.

IV. intr. *to stretch or project forward*.

προ-τευχίζω, f. σω, *to protect by a wall*. Hence

προτευχισμα, τό, *an advanced work, outwork*.

προ-τέλειος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) *before a solemnity or religious rite*.

II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερά), τά, *sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity*: προτέλεια γάμων *the sacrifice before the marriage-rite*; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια *to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of*. 2. προτέλεια, generally, *a beginning, outset*.

προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, *to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband*.

προ-τελίζω, f. ἰσω, (πρό, τέλος) *to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage*.

προ-τεμνίσμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμνω) *the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place*.

προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 προῦτάμω:—*to cut up beforeband*.

II. *to cut off in front, cut short*, Lat. *praecidere*.

III. *to cut forward or in front of one*: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ὥκα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην *if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me*.

προτενθεῖν, f. σω, *to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to help oneself first to anything*. From.

προ-τένθης, ου, ὅ, *one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προτεραιός, α, ον, (πρότερος) *on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.*: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), *the day before*; τῇ προτεραιᾷ, Lat. *pridie, on the day before*; c. gen., τῇ προτεραιᾷ τῆς καταστάσιος *on the day before the audience*.

προτεραιότερος, α, ον, Comp. of προτεραιός, *for πρότερος, very long before, much earlier*.

προτερῆω, f. ἤσω, (πρότερος) *to be before, in front, at the head*; προτερῆν τῆς ὁδοῦ *to be forward on the way*. 2. of Time, *to be beforeband, get the start*.

πρότερος, η, ου, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πρῶτος), answering to Lat. *prior*: of

Place, before, in front, forward; πῶδες πρότεροι the fore-feet. II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῇ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῇ προτέρῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ), on the day before, like προτεραίᾳ. 2. as Comp. c. gen., ἔμειο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I. 3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ or ἤπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον; πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king. III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

πρότέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

πρότερως, Adv. (πρότέρω) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make or do beforehand: pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to have been done beforehand, to be past.

πρότι, old Ep. form for πρόσ. [Ὶ]

προτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

προτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

προτιελεῖν, Dor. of προσεῖλέω.

προτιέποι, Dor. for προσείποι, opt. of προσεῖπον.

πρότιθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I προέθηκα Att. προύθηκα: aor. 2 προέθηκν contr. προύθηκν, inf. προθεῖναι:—to place or set before, set out: to hand to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one. 2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger. 3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix. II. Med. put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεῖναι νεκρὸν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view. IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender. 2. to hold out as a pretext. V. to put before or over. VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τίμαω, f. ἴσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another. 2. to prefer in honour: to hold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours. 3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for. 4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

προτίμησις, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference. προτιμητιεύς, α, ov, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ov, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μύθεομαι, Dor. for προσ-μύθεομαι.

προτι-μωρέω, f. ἴσω, to help beforehand or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

προτί-οπτος, ov, Dor. for πρόσ-οπτος.

προτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (προτί Dor. for πρόσ, όσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold. II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [Ὶ], to honour before another, prefer; προτίειν τιὰ τάφον to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρότμησις, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

προ-τολμάω, f. ἴσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes. From πρότονος, ὁ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast. 2. a halyard.

προ-τοῦ, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τραπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικός, ἡ, ov, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κῶς, persuasively. From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προτρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus. III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προὔτρε- πόμην in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἀχρεὶ προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 προὔδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth. II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards, head-forward, headlong, with headlong speed. [ᾱ]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to happen before or beforehand: also to meet with first; τὸ προτύχων the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προὔτυψαν the Trojans burst forward. II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προὔτυπες, driven, urged on.

προτύχων, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προτυγχάνω.

προὔβαλον, προὔβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προὔγραφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω.

προὔδιδάξατο, προὔδωκα, προὔθετο, for προεδ-,

προὔθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of προτίθημι.

προὔθυμῆθην, for προεθυ-, aor. I of προθυμέομαι.

προὔθυμίουμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προὔκαμον, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προκάμνω.

προὔλαβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προὔκειτο, προὔκινδύνευε, for προεκ-,
 προὔμαθον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προὔμηθήθην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμνησθαι.
 προὔμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλάσκειν.
 προὔνοησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προὔνενω, v. sub προενν-.
 προὔξηνσθαι, for προξ-, aor. 1 of προξενέω.
 προὔξ-επισταμαι, προὔξ-ερευνάω, for προξ-.
 προὔξερυνάω, for προξερυνάω.
 προὔξφιέμαι, for προξεφίεμαι.
 προ-ὑπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to
 reduce first under one's power.
 προ-ὑπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προὔπηργμαι: (πρό,
 ὑπάρχω):—to be before and in a thing, begin with:
 c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to
 exist before; προὔπαργατα things that happened be-
 fore, past events; τὰ προὔπηργμένα a man's antece-
 dents.
 προὔπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμπω.
 προὔπεσ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before.
 προὔπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.
 προ-ὑπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προὔπαρχω.
 προὔπινον, προὔπιον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2
 of προπίνα.
 προὔπιστήθην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.
 προ-ὑπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προ-ὑποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προ-ὑποκείμει, f. -κείσθαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προ-ὑπολαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to assume before and.
 προὔπτος, ov, contr. for πρόστος.
 προὔπιτόμην, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπυνάγομαι.
 προὔργιαίτερος, α, ov, see προὔργου.
 προὔργου, contr. for πρό ἔργου, for a work or ob-
 ject: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for
 anything; προὔργου τι ὄραν to do something of use:
 also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προὔρ-
 γιαίτερος, α, ov, more serviceable, useful, important;
 προὔργιατερον ποιέσθαι to deem of more conse-
 quence:—Sup. προὔργιατάτος, η, ov, most service-
 able, etc.
 προὔρρηθην, aor. 1 pass. of προερέω.
 προὔσελῶ, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προὔστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προὔστησα, προὔστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2
 of προίστημι.
 προὔτιθει, προὔτυπα, for προετ-.
 προὔφαινε, for προέφαινε.
 προ-υφαίρω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προὔφειλω, for προοφείλω.
 προὔχω, προὔχουσιν, προὔχοντο, for προέχ-.
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηναι:—to bring forth
 to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew
 forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προὔφάνην
 [α], part. προφανείς, είσα, εν, to be shewn forth, come
 forth and appear, come into sight, come to light;
 προὔφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II.
 to shew before and, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a
 prospect before and, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III.
 intr. to shine forth: hold a light before.
 προφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.
 προφάνης, ές, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from
 afar: quite plain or clear; από or εκ του προφανούς
 openly.
 προφάντος, ov, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar,
 far-famed. II. foreshew, disclosed before and.
 προφάσιζομαι, impf. προφασίζομην: f. ίσομαι Att.
 ιούμαι: aor. 1 προφασίσάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις):
 —to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c.
 acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. προφα-
 σισθῆναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made
 a pretence.
 προφάσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (προφαίνω) an ap-
 parent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad
 sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion:
 absol. in acc. προφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly:
 also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a
 show or pretence; επί προφάσεως and επί προφάσει
 by way of excuse; πρόσθεν προτείνειν or παρέχειν
 to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι προφα-
 σιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος έχεσθαι to lay
 hold of a pretext.
 πρόσφατος, ov, (προφαίνωμαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φάτεω, προ-φάτης [α], Dor. for προφήτ-.
 προφερής, ές, placed before or in front, preferred,
 excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, α, ov, προ-
 φερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also
 signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also
 a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρειν.
 προ-φέρω, f. προοίω: aor. 1 πρόφηγκα: aor. 2
 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, pre-
 sent. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring
 forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also
 simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward,
 quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, com-
 mand. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον
 προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away,
 to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put for-
 ward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προ-
 φέρειν τινά οδού to further one on the road. V.
 intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προὔφυγον:—to
 flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee
 from; sbm, avoid.
 πρό-φημι, to say before and, foretell.
 προφήτεία, ή, (προφήτειν) the gift of interpreting
 the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of
 scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφήτεω Dor. προφάτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 έπροφή-
 τευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the
 gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to ex-
 pound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, δ, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι) one
 who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will
 of a god, Διός προφήτης έστι Δοξίας πατρός Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφῆται, interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular.
προ-φήτις, ἴδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess.
προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προύφθην:—to outrun, anticipate, be beforehand with.
προφθᾶς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.
προ-φθίμενος, ἡ, ὄν, dead or killed before. [Ὶ]
προ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten beforehand:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforehand.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro.
προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέρασθαι: to foretell.
πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, having forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγῃν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,
προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφυλάκι, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ outposts, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφυλάκις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναὺς προφυλακῆς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an advanced guard. [Ὶ]
προ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφυλάσσειν, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.

προ-φύραω, f. ἴσω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:—to knead beforehand. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυνκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, to utter or declare beforehand. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαρέτω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαίρέτω, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforehand.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to put into the hand, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προκειχειρισμένος, to be taken in hand, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforehand.

II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιού-

μαι, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ὄν, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common. 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to elect before.

προχείρω, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offband, readily: Comp. -ότερας.

προ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I προέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα: Pass., aor. I προεχύθην [Ὶ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχνη, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχνη δλέσθαι, to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχοή, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χούς, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχουσι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl.

προ-χρίω, f. ἴσω [Ὶ], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ὄν, previous, prior.

πρόχυστος, ἡ (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; πρόχυσιν ποιέσθαι οὐλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰς κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχύτος, the barley cakes ibrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ὄν, δ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or pitcher: an urn, vase. [Ὶ]

προχύτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χωλος, ὄν, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὖ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ὥς οἱ δόλω οὐ προεχώρει when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ώθω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, ἐς, (πρό, ἄλλυμι) ruined beforehand.

προώρισα, aor. I of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρος, ὄν, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφελόμεν, impf. pass. of προοφέλω.

πυλῆες, ὄν, οἱ, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρύμνος (sub. ναῦς), the *bindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop*, Lat. *ruppis*: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἀνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνῃν the wind impels us *right astern*: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λῦσαι mean to loose the cable.

II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως the *Acropolis*; πρύμνα Ὀσσεας the *foot of Mount Ossa*.

πρύμναος, α, ov, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern.

πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern: generally, from behind.

πρύμνησιος, α, ov, (πρύμνη) of or from a ship's stern:—as Subst., πρύμνησια (sub. σχοινία), τὰ, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρύμνητης, ov, δ, (πρύμνη) the *steersman, helmsman*: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρύμνοθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. II. from the lowest part, Lat. *funditus*: utterly, root and branch.

πρύμνον, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρύμνος.

πρύμνος, ἡ, ὅν, the *bindmost, undermost, endmost*: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end *next the body*, as, πρύμνός βραχίον the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρύμνῃν ὕλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.—Sup. πρύμνοτατος, at the lowest end.

πρύμν-οὔχος, ov, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) holding the ship's stern. II. detaining the fleet.

πρύμν-ώρεα, ἡ, (πρύμνος, ὄρος) the bottom or foot of a mountain.

πρυτάνεια Ion. -ῆγη, ἡ, (πρυτανεῖω) the *prytaneia* or *presidency*, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the *prytanes* of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλὴ or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανεῖαν by *presidencies*, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρης the chief command for the day.

πρυτάνειον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (πρυτάνεις) the *presidents' hall, town-hall*, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to *Vesta*, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the *Prytaneion* of the mother-city: the *Prytanes* for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at Athens.

III. pl. *prytaneia*, a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. *sacramentum*; τιθέναι πρυτανεῖά τινα to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρυτάνεω, f. σω, (πρυτάνεις) to be πρυτάνεις or pre-

sident, hold sway.

II. at Athens, to hold office as *Prytanis*, to put to the vote as *Prytanis*, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταὶ were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλὴ πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρυτάνεις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεῖσας be ubo put a question to the vote. III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνη, -ῆιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, -εῖον.

πρυτάνης, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότερος) a prince, ruler, lord. II. a *Prytanis* or *President*: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming $\frac{1}{10}$ part of the βουλὴ or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as *chief-president* (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the *Præsidency* (πρυτανεία). The φυλὴ which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῇ] ἐπρυτάνευσεν, Φαίνιππος ἐγραμμάτευσεν, Νικιάδης ἐπεστάτης, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phacippus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶ, Adv., Att. for πρῶ.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶ) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. *nuper*. II. the day before yesterday; proverb., μέχρι οὐ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately.

πρωθ-ῆβης, ov, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρωθ-ῆβος, ov, also η, ov, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶ [Ὶ], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶ ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρης still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶ the early part of the day; ἅμα πρῶ at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶ from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. *mature, tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶαιτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶαιτατα, earliest, formed from πρῶιος.

πρῶια (sub. ἡρα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶιος, morning. [Ὶ] πρῶιατερον, πρῶιατατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶι. πρῶιζος, ov, = πρῶιος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶιζα, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶμος, ov, (πρῶ) early.

πρῶνός, ἡ, ὅν, = πρῶιος. [Ὶ]

πρῶος Att. πρῶος, α, ov, (πρῶ): early, early in day, at morn; δέλη πρῶια the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δέλη ὕψια, the latter part; πρῶιας, absol. as Adv., early. II. early in the season; πρῶα τῶν καρπῶν early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (πρόγω) the anus, the binder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρηνῶν, πρηνότος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶων:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρως κοινὸς αἰἰας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶτος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶτος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρὸ) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶπος) νηὶς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὶς πρυμνὴ; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶπας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶρᾱθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρᾱτεύω, f, σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, ἑως, ἡ, (πρῶρα) = περᾶτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶρᾱθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προ-ῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προωθέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ἀγός, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ἄγρια, τά, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἄγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarum partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρῶτ-αρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτεύων, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεία the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f, σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ηρότης, ου, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄρτης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρωτίστος, η, ον, also ος, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρωτίστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτῶ-βολος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. parox. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύψης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved. πρωτῶ-γονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτῶ-ζυξ, ὅγος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married. πρωτῶ-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat: irreg. pl. πρωτῶθρονες (as if from πρωτῶθρον).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσια, ἡ, (πρωτός, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύνων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτῶ-λεια, τὰ, (πρῶτος, λείω) the first spoils in war, the first-fruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτῶ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτῶ-μορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πῆμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πῆμα) hurting first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτῶ-πλως, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ουν, (πρῶτος, πλός) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτῶρ-ρίζος, ον, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρόστος, Dor. πρᾶτος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐνὶ πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἄλλα) the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὰν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν Ἐρετριῶν being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρῶτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρῶτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρῶτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρῶτον means once, once for all, as, ὅντινα πρῶτον λάβωσιν ἄελλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρώτοις, first among the first. II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρῶτον ἡ., = πρὶν ἡ., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτῶ-σπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, οἱ πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [ᾱ]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτόκια, ον, τὰ, the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκεῖν) bearing her firstborn. II. proparox. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. first-born.

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρώτος, τεμεῖν) *first cut or cut off*.
πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, φύω) *firstborn*.
πρωτό-χνοος, *ον* contr. -χνους, *ον*, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.
προϋδῶν, contr. for προ-αυδῶν, *inf. of προαυδῶν*.
πρώναιον, *ονος*, *δ*, Ep. lengthd. form for πρῶν.
πταισις, Dor. pres. part. fem. of πταίω.
ΠΤΑΙΨΩ, f. πτάρω: aor. I ἐπτάρα: aor. 2 ἐπτάρον:—*to sneeze*; μέγ' ἐπτάρε *be sneezed aloud*, which was taken for a good omen:—metaph. of a lamp, *to sputter*.

πταῖσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step*: metaph. *a mistake, blunder*. II. *a failure, misfortune*.

ΠΤΑΙΩ, f. πταίω: aor. I ἐπταισα: Pass., aor. I ἐπταίσθην: pf. ἐπταισμαι:—*to make to stumble*, Lat. *offendere*. II. intrans. (sub. πῶδα), *to strike the foot, stumble*; πταίειν πρὸς τινι *to stumble against*; also, *περί τινι*, as, *μη περί Μαρδονίῳ πταίσῃ ἡ Ἑλλάς* *lest Hellas should get a fall over him*. 2. metaph. *to make a false step or mistake, to fail*.

πτάμενος, *η*, *ον*, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ᾶ]
πτανός, Dor. for πτηνός.

πτάξ, gen. πτάκος, *δ*, ἡ, (πτήσσω) *the covering animal, i. e. the hare*.

πταρμός, *δ*, (πταίω) *a sneezing, sneeze*.
πτάρνυμαι, Dep. = πταίρω, *to sneeze*.

πτάς, part. of ἔπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.
πτᾶσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.

πτάνο, Ep. for ἔπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.
ΠΤΕΛΕΑ Ἰον. -ἐη, ἡ, *the elm*, Lat. *ulmus*.

πτερίνος, *η*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πτερόν) *made of feathers*; πτερίνος κύκλος *a fan of feathers*. II. *feathered, winged*.

πτερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πτερόν) *a kind of fern*, so called *from its leaves being like feathers*.

ΠΤΕΡΝΑ Ἰον. -νῃ, ἡ, *the beel*. II. = πέρνα, *a ham*.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, *δ*, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper*.
name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, *ον*, *δ*, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) *Ham-nibbler*, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-φάγος, *δ*, (πτέρνα, φάγειν) *Ham-eater*, name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόντης, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flapping wings*: metaph. *high-soaring, high-flown*.

πτεροῦς, *εσσα*, *εν*, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen. πτερούσσης: (πτερόν):—*feathered, winged*: also *light as a feather*: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεα πτερόεντα, *winged words*.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather*, mostly in plur. *feathers*. 2. *wings*; ὑπὸ πτεροῖς εἶναι *to be under their mother's wings*. II. *a winged creature*. 2. for οἰανός, *an augury, omen*. III. of anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἑρετμά, τά τε πτερὰ νηυσὶ πέλονται which are the wings of ships. 2. ἀέθλων πτερὰ *the prize which wafts the Poet as it were to heaven*. 3. *the leafage of trees*,

like κύμη. 4. in Architecture, *the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples*, whence the terms ἀπτερος, δῖπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *motley-feathered, of pied plumage*.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, ποῦς) *wing-footed*.

πτερορ-ροέω and -ρῦέω, f. ῥήσω: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—*to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult*: metaph. *to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned*.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged*; πτεροφόρα φύλα *the feathered tribes*.

πτερο-φύειν, (πτερόν, φύω) *to grow feathers or wings*.

πτερώ, f. ὥσω, (πτερόν) *to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather*; πτεροῦν βιβλίον *to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off*:—Pass. *to be feathered*. 2. of ships, *to furnish with oars*.

πτερύγεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, f. ἴσω, (πτέρυξ) *to flutter or flap the wings*.

πτερυγίον [ῶ], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, *a little wing*. II. anything like a wing, as, *a turret or battlement*; or, *a pointed roof, a pinnacle*.

πτερύγ-ωκῆς, *ές*, (πτέρυξ, ὥκῆς) *swift of wing*.

πτερίγ-ωτός, *ή*, *όν*, (πτερυγίω) *fledged, winged, wing-shaped*.

πτέρυξ, ὄγος, ἡ, (πτερόν) *a wing*. II. anything like a wing, as 1. *a rudder*. 2. in plur. *the skirts of a coat of mail*. 2. *the wing of a building*.

III. anything that covers or protects like wings, *a fold, flap or cape*. IV. metaph., πτέρυγες γούνα *the wings*, i. e. *the flight or flow*, of grief.

πτερύσσομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. = πτερυγίζω.

πτέρωμα, ατος, τό, (πτερώ) *that which is feathered, a feathered arrow*.

πτερώσις, ἡ, (πτερώ) *a feathering, plumage*.

πτερωτός, *ή*, *όν*, also *ος*, *όν*, (πτερώ) *feathered: winged*.

πτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, inf. of ἔπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτης, ἴδος, ἡ, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) *bird-killing*.

πτηνός, *ή*, *όν* Dor. πτανός, *δ*, *όν*, (πτήναι) *feathered, winged*: πτηνά, τά, *fowls, birds*. II. of young birds, *fledged*. III. metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι, *like ἔπεα πτερόεντα, winged, passing words*; πτηναὶ ἐλπίδες *fleeting hopes*.

πτήξαι, aor. I inf. of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, ἡ, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight*.

πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗΨΩ, fut. πτήξω: aor. I ἔπτηξα Ep. πτήξα: aor. 2 ἐπτάκον, only found in compd. καταπτάκων: pf. ἔπτηχα, Ep. part. πεπτηώς, ὥτος:—*to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify*, Lat. *terrere*. II. intr. *to crouch down or cower for fear*; πτήσσειν βωμόν *to flee cowering to the altar*. 2. c. acc. *to crouch for fear of a thing*.

πτήται, Ion. for πτᾶται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΙΛΟΝ [ῖ], τό, *a feather: plumage: esp. of the under feathers, down*. II. *a wing*.

πτύλδ-νωτος, *ον*, (πτύλον, νῶτον) *with feathered back.*

πτύσανή [d], ἡ, (πτύσσω) *peeled barley.* II. *a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.*

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, fut. πτύσω: aor. I ἐπύσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπύσθην: pf. ἐπύσμαι: *to husk, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.*

πτῶα Ion. πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοῶ) *fear, terror.*

ΠΤΟΕΩ: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα ποῖτ. ἐπτόησα: —Pass., aor. I ἐπτόηθην ποῖτ. ἐπτόηθην: pf. ἐπτόημαι ποῖτ. ἐπτόημαι: *to frighten, scare away:—Pass. to be scared or dismayed.* II. metaph. *to flutter, excite, agitate:—Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν distraction.* Hence

πτόησις *or* πτοήσις, *εως, ἡ, terror: any vehement passion, excitement.*

πτοίεω, πτοίησις, πτοιητός, *v. sub πτοῶ.*

πολεμίζω, πολεμιστής, etc., *Ep. for πολεμ-.*

πόλεμος, ὁ, *Ep. for πόλεμος, war.*

πολι-αρχος, *ον*, *Ep. for πολίαρχος.*

πολιέβρον, τό, *Dim. of πόλις, but used like πόλις, a city.*

πολί-πορθος *and* ποτι-πόρθιος, *ον*, (πόλις, πέρθω) *sacking or wasting cities: also ποτι-πόρθης, ον, ὁ.*

πόλις, *Ep. for πόλις.*

πόλισμα, *Ep. for πόλισμα.*

πρόρθος, ὁ, *a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling.* II. *a sprouting, shooting, budding.*

πτύγμα, ατος, τό, (πτύσσω) *anything folded, a fold.* πτυκτός, ἡ, *όν*, (πτύσσω) *folded; πτυκτός πίναξ, folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood, one folding upon the other.*

πτύξ, πτύχος, ἡ, later πτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω): *—anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες σάκεος plates forming a shield.* II. *of the clefts or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky, folds or clouds.*

III. *in form πτυχή, a folding tablet.* IV. *in Comedy, wrinkles.*

πτύον, τό, *Ep. gen. πτύφον, (πτύω) a winnowing-sieve or fan, Lat. vannus.*

ΠΤΥΡΩ [v], f. πτύρῳ: *to frighten, scare, terrify:—Pass. πτύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐπύρην [v]: to be frightened.*

πτύσμα, ατος, τό, (πτύω) *spittle.*

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπύσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπύσθην: pf. πέπτυγμα: *—to fold or double up, fold and lay by.* II. *Pass. to be folded or doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent back.* 2. *to fold or cling round or to.* III. *Med. to fold round oneself.* Hence

πτύχη, ἡ, *see πτύξ.*

ΠΤΥΩ, f. πτύω [v]: aor. I ἐπύσσα: pf. pass. ἐπύσμαι: *—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo.* II. *to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth.* III. *metaph., πτύσας having spat, with an expression of disgust; πτύσας προσώπων with loathing in his face.*

πτωκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) *shy, timorous, fearful.*

πτῶμα, ατος, τό, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus.* II. *that which has fallen, a corpse, carcase.*

πτῶξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκέως, (πτῶσσω) *the cowering animal, i. e. the hare.*

πτῶσιμος, *ον*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *fallen, slain.*

πτῶσις, *εως, ἡ*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a falling, fall.*

πτωσκάξω, ποῖτ. *for* πτώσσω, *to crouch for fear.*

ΠΤΩΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, *intr. to crouch or cower from fear: also to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar.* 2. *to flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.*

πτωχεία Ion. -ήρη, ἡ, (πταχεύω) *begging, beggary.*

πταχεύω, Ion. *impf. πταχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πταχός):—to be a beggar, beg.* II. *trans., I. c. acc. rei, to get by begging.* 2. *c. acc. pers. to beg or ask an alms of.*

πταχήρη, Ion. *for* πτωχεία.

πταχικός, ἡ, *όν*, (πταχός) *of or for a beggar, beggary.*

πταχίστερος, *irreg. Comp. of* πταχός.

πταχο-ποιός, *όν*, (πταχός, ποιέω) *drawing beggarly characters, of a poet.*

πταχός, ἡ, *όν*, also *ός, ὄν*, (πτῶσσω) *one who crouches or cringes: as Subst., πταχός, ὁ, a beggar: also πταχός ἄνθρωπος a beggarman.* II. *as Adj. beggarly, mean, sorry:—later also poor.—Comp. and Sup. πταχότερος, -ότατος; irreg. Comp. πταχίστερος.*

Πυᾶνεψια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ἔψω) *the Pyanepsia, an Athenian festival in the month πνανεψιών, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten.* Hence

Πυᾶνεψιών, ἄνος, ὁ, *the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυᾶνεψια: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.*

ΠΥ'ΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bean.*

πυγαίως, α, *ον*, (πυγή) *of or on the rump: τὸ πυγαῖον ἄκρον the tip of the rump.*

πύγ-αργος, *ον*, (πύγή, ἀργός) *white-rump, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.*

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, *the rump, buttocks.* Hence

πυγίδιον, τό, *Dim. a thin, narrow rump.* [r]

πυγμαῖος, α, *ον*, (πυγμή) *about a foot long or tall.* II. *Πυγμαῖοι, the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes.*

πυγμαῖεω, f. ἦσω, *to practise boxing, be a boxer.* And

πυγμαῖα, ἡ, *boxing, Lat. pugilatus.* From

πυγ-μάχος, *ον*, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) *fighting with the fist: as Subst., πύγματος, ὁ, a boxer, Lat. pugil.*

πυγμή, ἡ, (πύξ) *a fist, Lat. pugnus: also a battle with fists, boxing-match; πυγμὴν νικᾶν to be conqueror in the contest of boxing.* II. *a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles,*

= 18 δάκτυλοι, *about 1 ft. 1½ inches.* III.

πυγμή, dat. used as Adv., either = πύκα, often, frequently; or up to the elbow.

πύγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) with sweeping train, with trailing robe.

πύθγοσιος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πυθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to hop, jump, dance.
ΠΥΤΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ον Dor. α, δ, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

Πυθαγορίζω, f. ἴσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras.
Πυθαγοριστής, οὔ, Dor. -κτάς, α, δ, (πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.
Πυθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυθάνομαι.
Πύθευ, Dor. for πύθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ἱέρεια), ἡ, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πύθιος, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Ὀλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, ἡ, ὄν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πύθιο-νίκης, ον, δ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πύθιο-νίκος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ον, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οἱ, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

Πυθμήν, ἑνος, δ, (βυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοῖ, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθοῖατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.

Πυθόειδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, δ, ἡ, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet;

Πυθόμαντις ἐστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθo-χρήστης, ον, Dor. -τάς, α, δ, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [ῶ]: fut. πύσω: aor. 1 ἐπύσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθώ, gen. οὔς, dat. οἰ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ὄνος, ἡ, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκινός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

ΠΥΚΑΨΩ old Dor. -άσσω: f. άσσω: aor. 1 ἐπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα)—to make thick or close, cover up closely, enwrap; πυκάζειν στεφάνοις to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. 1 and pf. pass. part. πυκασθεῖς and πεπυκασμένοι, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

Πυκάσσω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

ΠΥΚΤΙ-ΜΗΔΗΣ, ἑς, (πυκινός, μήδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

ΠΥΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκνόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: shrewdly.

ΠΥΚΤΙΝΟ-ΦΡΩΝ, ὄνος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wise-minded.

ΠΥΚΝΩΣ, Adv. of πυκινός; see πυκινός v.

ΠΥΚΝΑ, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκινός; see πυκινός v.

ΠΥΚΝΙΤΗΣ, ον, δ, = πυκνίτης, (Πυθί) assembling in the Πηχ. [ῆ]

ΠΥΚΝΟΝ, neut. used as Adv. of πυκινός: see πυκινός v.

ΠΥΚΝΟ-ΠΤΕΡΟΣ, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered.

ΠΥΚΝΟΡ-ΡΑΞ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or ΠΥΚΝΟ-ΡΩΞ, -ρωγος, ὁ, ἡ, (πυκνός, ράξ) thick with berries.

ΠΥΚΝΟΣ Ep. lengthd. ΠΥΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, (ΠΥΞ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. crebre, frequens; πυκνὰ βέλα a thick shower of darts. II. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive.

IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence shrewd, discreet, wise. V. besides the regular Adverbs ΠΥΚΝΩΣ and ΠΥΚΙΝΩΣ, Homer also uses neuters ΠΥΚΝΟΝ and ΠΥΚΝΑ, ΠΥΚΝΟΝ and ΠΥΚΙΝΑ as Adv.,

I. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, shrewdly.

ΠΥΚΝΟΣ, gen. of ΠΥΞ.

ΠΥΚΝΟ-ΣΤΥΚΤΟΣ, ον, (πυκνός, στίξω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

ΠΥΚΝΟΤΗΣ, ητος, ἡ, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

denseness. II. frequency.

III. metaph.

wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

πυκνός, f. ὥω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πυκνώμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνῶς, Adv. of πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλιζω, f. σω, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πύσσω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-Ἀγόρας or Πύλ-ἄγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλᾱγορεύ, f. ἦσω, to be a Πυλαγός, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-Ἀγόρος, see Πυλαγός.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνοδος), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαί-μάχος, ου, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos.

πυλαῖος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2.

(Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-ἄρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀρτάρικω) he that keeps the gate of bell : Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλᾱ-υρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὥρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate : as Subst., πυλᾱυρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠύλᾱΗ, ἡ, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains

from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγήρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πυλαγός.

Πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλᾱθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πύλᾱνδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὥρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλω, f. ὥω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλων, ἄνω, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πυλωρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὥρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύμᾱτος, η, ου, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last : πύματος and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδᾱς, ακος, ὁ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι : f. πείσομαι

Dor. πυνθοῖμαι : aor. 2 ἐπύθοναι, imperat. πυθῶ

Dor. πύθου, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπύθοιτο :

pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσσαι Ep. πέπυσσαι : plqpf.

ἐπεπύσσην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην :

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking

or inquiry : to bear, learn, understand : c. gen. to

bear of, bear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about :

c. inf. to bear or learn that ...

ΠΥΨ, Adv. with clenched fist : πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πύξινοις, α, ου, and πύξινοις, η, ου, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΨΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΨΟΣ or πύσος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo !

ΠΥΨ, πύρος, τό, fire ; πύρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish

bores. III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσον ἀμαμακτέου πυρός stronger than invincible fire ; διὰ πυρός λέναι to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρά, ὧν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρά, ας, Ion. πύρη, ἥς, ἡ, the place where fire is

kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2.

an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (πύρ, ἀγρίω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγρα.

πύρ-αἶθω, (πυρά, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ἦσω, (πύρ, ἄγω) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

πυράμνις, η, ου, (πύρος) = πύριμος, of wheat, wheaten.

πυράμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian word.

πυράμοις, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. for πυραμοίς, (πύρος) a

cake of roasted wheat and boney ; given as a prize

to him who kept awake best during a night-watch :

generally, the meed or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ἐς, (πύρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πύργος) like a tower. II. of

soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἦσω, to shut up in a tower :—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργίρης, ες, (πύργος, ἀρᾶν) *shot up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, η, ον, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πυργο-δαύκτος, ον, (πύργος, δαίω) *destroying towers.* [ᾶ]

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, δ, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργος θανάτου a bulwark against death.

3. the highest part of any building. III. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργδόν.

πυργο-φόρος, ον, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a tower-guard, warder. [ῥ]

πυργόω, ῥ ὥσω, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.*

II. to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργῶσαι ῥήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: ' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.

πυργόωδης, ες, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργόω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.

πυργώτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργόω) *towering.*

πυρ-δαής, ἐς, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πυρεῖον Ion. πυρήιον, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρήια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πυρεσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. ἱ ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετός):—to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πυρετός, οὔ, δ, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. feverish heat, a fever; πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος a tertian, quartan fever.

πυρεῦς, ἑως, δ, (πύρ) a fire-proof vessel.

πυρή, ῆς, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πυρήιον, τό, Ion. for πυρεῖον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ἡνος, δ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ἡμεος, ον, (πύρ, ἄνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πύρη-τόκος, ον, (πυρός, τεκείν) *wheat-producing.*

πύρη-φάτος, ον, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *wheat-slaving, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρη-φόρος, ον, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρια, ῆς, (πύρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πυριάτη [ᾶ], ἡ, (πύος) a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

πυριάτριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πυριάω, (πυριά) to put into a vapour-bath.

πύρι-βάλλος, ον, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρι-γενέτης, ου, δ, = πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, ἐς, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, ον, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, ον, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πύριδον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ῖκης, ες, (πύρ, ἀκή) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praeustus.*

πύρι-κάης, ἐς, = πυρίκαυστος.

πύρι-καυστος, ον, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κοίτης, ες, (πύρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πύρι-λαμπής, ἐς, (πύρ, λάμπω) *bright with fire.*

πύρινος [ῥ], η, ον, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινος [ῥ], η, ον, (πυρός) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνέων, ονσα, ον, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, ον contr. -πνους, ουν, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, ον, (πύρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπέρητος, ον, (πύρ, σπείρω) *swathed in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, ον, (πύρ, στάω) *streaming with fire.*

πύριλτης [Ὶ], ου, δ, fem. πύριλτις, ιδος, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, ον, (πύρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέθων, οντος, δ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλεγής, ἐς, and πύρι-φλέγων, οντος, δ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτός, ον, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρίχη, ῆς, poet. for πυρρίχη.

πύρ-καεύς, ἑως, δ, (πύρ, καίω) *a fire-kindler.*

πυρκαῖα Ion. -ιή, ῆς, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. II.

an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναῖος, α, ον, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρνονον (sub. στίον), neut. of πύρνος (πυρός), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, ἐς, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύροεις, εσσα, εν, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. ὁ πυροεὶς the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πύροκλοπία, ῆς, the fire-theft. From

πύρο-κλόπος, ον, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, ον, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροτωλέω, ῥ ἥσω, to deal in wheat. From

πύρο-πώλης, ου, δ, (πυρός, πωλέω) *a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.*

πύρορ-ῥαγής, ἐς, (πύρ, ραγῆναι) *bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυρορραγές, cracked.*

πυρός, δ, wheat: in plur. grains of wheat. (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρώω, ῥ ὥσω, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-παλάμαω, f. ἴσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks. πυρ-πάλαμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πυρ-πνός, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρ-πολέω, f. ἴσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοὺς ἀνθρακας to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, atos, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ου, δ, (πύρρος) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [ῥ]

πυρρίχαιός, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίχιζω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance.

II. ποὺς πυρρίχος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μερά, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, ου, δ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένεος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρ-οπίτης [ῥ], ου, δ, (πυρρός, ὀπιτεύω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-οπίτης ogling wheat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τριχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαῖνο, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red. πυρσεύω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires.

II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting.

πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσό-νυτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῦτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, ου, δ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ) a fire-brand, torch.

II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσο-ώδης, es, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρσο-ώρος, δ, (πυρσός, ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἴσω, ὁ, ἡ, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἱστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεός

πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἶδε μὴδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὤψ) fiery-eyed.

πῦρσις, εως, ἡ, (πυρσός) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτιζω, f. ἴσω, (πῦν) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτιναῖος, α, ον, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [ῖ]

πῦτισμα, atos, τό, (πνίζω) that which one spits out.

πῶ Ion. κῶ, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, hitherto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian for πού; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, the beard; πώγων πυρός a beard or tail of fire. Hence

παγωνίας, ου, δ, bearded; ἀστήρ παγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

παγωνιον, τό, Dim. of πώγων, a little beard.

παγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard.

πῶεα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶῦ.

πῶλεια, ἡ, (πῶλεύω) a breeding of foals.

πῶλεια Ion. πῶλεῖμαι, whence part. πῶλεῖμενος, impf. πῶλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πῶλέσκετο: fut. πῶλήσομαι: Dep. —Frequent. of πῶλεω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., ἀγγελλίης πῶλεῖσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πῶλεύμην, Ep. for ἐπῶλούμην, impf. of πῶλεομαι.

πῶλευσς, ἡ, (πῶλεύω) horse-breaking.

πῶλῆω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πῶλέω, Ion. impf. πῶλέεσκον: f. ἴσω; (*πολάω, which occurs in ἐμ-πολάομαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνείσθαι πῶλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πῶλεῖν τέλη, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πιπράσκω.

πῶλης, ον, δ, (πῶλέω) a seller, dealer.

πῶλησις, ἡ, (πῶλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, ου, δ, (πῶλέω) a seller, dealer. II. at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπῶλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for horses; ἀπὴν πωλική a chariot drawn by horses.

II. poet. virgin, maidenly.

πῶλιον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.

πωλοδαμένω, f. ἦσω, to break young horses. 2.

metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ον, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.

πωλο-μάχος, ον, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-back or in a chariot. [ἀ]

Πῶλος, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a

young girl, maiden, like μόσχος, πόρτις, Lat. juvenca: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πῶλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύνπος.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μᾶλ᾽, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not the least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πα, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.

πῶρίνος, η, ον, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone.

πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. torbis, Ital. tufa, friable and porous.

παρώω, f. ὠσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into stone.

II. generally, to barden, make callous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded or callous, of the heart.

πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (παρώω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. παρώομαι, bardness of heart, callousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πῶς ἀγῶνος ἦκομεν; how are we come off in the contest? II. at the beginning of a speech, *How now?*

πῶς γάρ . . ; as if something had gone before, *How should that be, for it cannot be that . . ?* so also πῶς δὴ; πῶς γὰρ δὴ; III. πῶς ἂν with the opt. expresses a wish, *O how might I . . ? would that I could!* πῶς ἂν ὀλοίμην; would that I could perish!

IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet how can that be? but how? V. πῶς οὖ; Lat. quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πῶς; quis? whence ποῦ, πῶ, ποῖ, etc.)

πῶτόμαι, f. -ῆσμαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάμαι, to fly. Hence

πῶτῃμα, ατος, τό, flight.

Πῶ'τ', εος, τό, pl. πῶσα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οἰῶν, opp. to βῶν ἀγέλαι.

P

P, ρ, ρῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words ρ passed into ρ, as, οὗτορ μάρτυρ for οὗτος μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, honor honos. II.

in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρηρ θάρρος, for ἄρρηρ θάρσος. III. Att., ρ

was often put for λ, as κρίζανος ναύκαρος σιγηρός, for κλίζανος ναύκληρος σιγηρός. IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσος.

V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat., and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρρωστός, ἔρριψε. VI. ρ at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg.

word long by position, as, ψυχρὴ ὑπὸ ῥιπῆς, σπένδειν ἀπὸ ῥυτῆρος. VII. ρ was used by the ancients

littera canina, —irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat, Lucil.

ῥά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ἀ]

ῥΑ or ῥῆ, Adv. easily: see ῥέα, ῥεῖα.

ῥαββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i. e. my master: —so also ῥαββονί or ῥαββουνί, ὁ, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ῥαβδίω, f. σω, (ῥάβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ῥαβδίον, τό, Dim. of ῥάβδος, a small wand.

ῥαβδονομέω, f. ἦσω, to sit as umpire. From

ῥαβδο-νόμος, ον, (ῥάβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ῥαβδονόμος, ὁ, = ῥαβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

ῥΑΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes. 3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. ῥάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ῥαβδουχέω, f. ἦσω, (ῥαβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor: —Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ῥαβδουχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ῥαβδ-ούχος, ον, (ῥάβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod: —as Subst., ῥαβδοῦχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle: —at Rome, a lictor.

ῥαβδο-φόρος, ον, = ῥαβδοῦχος.

ῥαβδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥάβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. virgatus.

ῥαγάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ῥαγῆναι) a rent, cink.

ῥαγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥαγνναι.

ῥαγδαίος, α, ον, (ῥάσσω) tearing, furious.

ῥαγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάξ) to gather grapes.

ῥαγο-λόγος, ον, (ῥάξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ῥαδιανάκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ῥΑΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδινός, ὁ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ῥάδιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ov, Ion. ῥηίδιος, η, ον [ῥ], or ῥηίδιος, η, ον (ῥῆ, ῥέα, ῥεῖα), easy, easy to make or do; οἶμος ῥηίδιη an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος ῥηίδιη περήσθαι a trench easy to cross: —also ligbt,

simple, little-headed. II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. *facilis, commodus*.

2. in bad sense, heedless, reckless.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root *ῥα*:—Comp. *ῥάων*, neut. *ῥάων* Ion. *ῥήων*, *ῥήιον* Ep. *ῥήιτερος* contr. *ῥάτερος*:—Sup. *ῥάστος*, *ῥιον* Ion. *ῥήιστος* Dor. *ῥάιστος* Ep. *ῥήιτατος*.

ῥαδιουργέω, f. ἴσω, (*ῥαδιουργός*) to do with ease. II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life. Hence

ῥαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and *ῥαδιουργία*, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility. II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, ὄν, (*ῥάδιος*, ἔργον) doing things easily, ready. II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥαδίως Ep. and Ion. *ῥηδίως*, Adv. of *ῥάδιος*, easily, lightly, readily: *ῥαδίως φέρειν* to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ῥαθιμίγξ, ἱγρός, ἡ, (*ῥαίνω*) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ῥαθι-πυγίζω, (*ῥάσσω*, *πυγή*) to slap one on the back.

ῥαθιμέω, f. ἴσω, (*ῥάθυμος*) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle. Hence

ῥαθιμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness. II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ῥά-θυμος, ὄν, (*ῥάδιος*, *θυμός*) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence

ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly: *ῥαθύμως φέρειν* to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνος, ὄν, (*ῥαιβός*, *κράνιον*) crook-headed.

ΡΑΙΒΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελῆς, ἔς, (*ῥαιβός*, *σκελός*) crook-legged.

ῥαίζω Ion. *ῥήζω*, f. ἴσω, (*ῥάδιος*) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. *ῥανῶ*: aor. I *ἔρρανα*, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. *ῥάσσετε* (as if from **ῥά(ω)*): pf. pass. *ἔρρασμαι* (also from **ῥά(ω)*), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. *ἔρραδται*, -ατο:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ῥαισμέναι, Ep. for *ῥαλσείν*, fut. inf. of *ῥαίω*.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *ῥαίω*.

ῥαιστήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, (*ῥαίω*) a breaker, crusher: a dammer.

ΡΑΙΩ, f. *σω*: aor. I *ἔρρασα*:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed. II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ῥακά, ὁ, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκιον, τό, Dim. of *ῥάκος*, a rag, shred, patch: in plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκιο-συρραπτῆς, ὄν, ὁ, (*ῥάκιον*, *συρράπτω*) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥακό-δύτος, ὄν, (*ῥάκος*, *δύω*) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥακέως, εσσα, ἐν, ragged, tattered. II. wrinkled. From

ΡΑΚΩ [ᾶ], εος, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. *ῥάκεια*, *ῥάκη*, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or shred of cloth. 2. in plur. wrinkles. 3. metaph., *σώματος ῥάκος* a shred of life, of an old man.

ῥακῶ, f. ὥσω, (*ῥάκος*) to tear in strips. Hence

ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = *ῥάκος*, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ΡΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

Ῥαμνούς, ούντος, ὁ, *Rhamnús*, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from *ῥαμνούς*, εσσα, ἐν, thorny. Hence

Ῥαμνούσιος, α, ὄν, of *Rhamnús*: ἡ *Ῥαμνουσία*, the *Rhamnusian* goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at *Rhamnús*.

ΡΑΜΦΟΣ, εος, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥάνις, ἰδος, ἡ, (*ῥαίνω*) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, ὄν, (*ῥαίνω*) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. *σω*, (*ῥαίνω*) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ὁ, (*ῥαντίζω*) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. *ῥάγος*, ἡ, a grape: cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ῥῶν, neut. of *ῥάων*, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ῥάωνος, Adv. of *ῥάων*, more easily.

ῥαπίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. *ῥεπάσμαι*: (*ῥαπίς*):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥαπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*ῥάβδος*) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥαπίζω*) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥάπτω*) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered: *ῥαπτῇ σφαίρα* a ball patched of divers colours.

ΡΑΠΤΩ, f. *ράψω*: aor. I *ἔρραψα* Ep. *ράψα*: Pass., aor. 2 *ἔρραφην* [ᾶ]: pf. *ἔρραμμαι*:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself. II. later, to work with the needle, embroider. III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., *τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψας μὲν σὺ, ὑπέδησάτο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης* this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

Ῥάριος, α, ὄν, from *Raros*, *Rarian*: *Ῥάριον* (sub. *πέδιον*), τό, the *Rarian* plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called *Ῥαρία*. From

Ῥάρος, ὄν, ὁ, *Raros*, father of Triptolemus.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of *ῥαίνω* (as if from **ῥά(ω)*).

‘ΠΑ’ΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ῥήσσω, ῥήγνυμι. ῥάστα, neut. pl. of ῥάστος, as Adv., most easily. ῥάστος, ἡ, ov, irreg. Sup. of ῥάδιος, contr. of ῥάιστος, most easy.

ῥαστανεύω, = ῥαθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ῥαστώνη Ion. ῥηστώνη, ἡ, (ῥάστος) easiness of doing anything, facility.

II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. *facilitas*; ἐκ ῥηστώνης τῆς Δημοκρίδους from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ῥάτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥαφαίνω, (ραφανίς) to punish as an adulterer.

ῥαφανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, the radish, Lat. *raphanus*. From ‘ΠΑ’ΦΑ’ΝΟΣ, ἡ, cabbage. [πᾶ]

ῥάφης, ἑως, ὁ, (ῥάπτω) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.

ῥάφή, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a seam; ῥαφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ῥάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ῥάπτω. ῥαφιδεύς, ἑως, ἡ, = ῥαφεύς.

ῥάχις Dor. ῥαπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a needle, pin.

ῥάχια Ion. ῥηχίη, ἡ, (ῥάσσω) like ῥηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to ἀμπωτίς the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχιζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάχis) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

ῥάχis [ᾱ], gen. ιος Att. ἑως, ἡ, the back of men or animals, the spine: also the backbone, Lat. *spina dorsi*: ἵπδ ῥάχιν παγήναι to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ῥαχός Ion. ῥηχός, ov, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

ῥάψαι, aor. I inf. of ῥάπτω.

ῥαψωδέω, f. ἴσω: (ῥαψωδός):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that ... II. c. acc. pers., to sing of one. Hence

ῥαψωδία, ἡ, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ῥαψωδός, ὁ, (ῥάπτω, ὠδή) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist: sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called *rhapsodies*, i.e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called ῥαψωδὸς κίων, from proposing her riddle.

ῥάων, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy.

ῥέα, Ep. Adv. for ῥᾶ (whence ῥάδιος), easily, lightly. [υ υ, but also contr. as one long syll.]

‘Ρέα, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. ‘Ρείη or ‘Ρέη, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from ῥεα, *Earth*?)

‘ΡΕΤΚΩ, f. ῥέγξω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

‘ΡΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, = ῥήγος, a rug, coverlet.

ῥέγγω, = ῥέγκω, q. v.

ῥέθη, ἡ, a wagon, from the Lat. *rbeda*.

ῥέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ῥεῖθρον, a stream.

‘ΡΕΖΩ, Ion. impf. ῥέζεσκον: fut. ῥέξω: aor. I ἐρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only aor. I ῥεχθῆναι is used:—like ἔρδο, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶς ῥέζειν τινά to maltreat one. II. ἐπὰρ ῥέζειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. *sacra facere*: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. *operari, facere*.

‘ΡΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

ῥεία, another Ep. form of ῥέα, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, carelessly.

‘Ρείη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ‘Ρέα.

ῥεῖθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. ῥέεθρον, (ῥέω) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ῥέκτειρα, ἡ, fem. of ῥεκτήρ.

ῥεκτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ῥέξω) a doer, agent.

ῥέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

ῥέξαι, ῥέξας, aor. I inf. and part. of ῥέξω.

ῥέος, τό, (ῥέω) a stream.

‘ΡΕΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. *vergere, inclinare*: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards ... II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., ἴσως ῥέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ῥερῦπομένος, pf. pass. part. of ῥυνόω.

ῥεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ῥέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ῥεύσομαι, fut. of ῥέω, to flow.

ῥεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ῥέξω.

*‘ΡΕΩ, to say, root of some tenses given under ἔρεω, εἶπον.

‘ΡΕΩ, f. ρεύσομαι: Att. fut. ῥνήσομαι and aor. 2 ἔρρηην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἔρρηκα—to flow, run, stream, gush; ῥέειν αἵματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, ῥεῖτω χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; ῥέειν ἀπὸ χιύνος to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away. II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ρήγμα, ατος, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

ρήγνιν or **-μιν**, gen. ἴνος, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. metaphor. the verge or edge of a thing.

ΡΗΤΝΤ' ΜΙ or **-ω**: 3 sing. impf. **ρήγνυσκε**, Ion. for **ἐρήγνυ**: fut. **ρήξω**: aor. I **ἐρρηξα**: pf. 2 **ἔρρωγα** (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. **ρήξομαι**: Ep. aor. I **ρήξάμην**:—Pass.: fut. 2 **ῥάγξομαι**: aor. I **ἐρρήχην**, more usu. aor. 2 **ἔρραγην** [ᾶ]: pf. **ἔρρηγα**:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief. 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον **ρήξαι** to break through the centre:—also in Med., **ρήξασθαι** **στρίχας** to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., **ρήξαι**, **ρήξασθαι**, to break or force one's way through. 3. to let break loose, to uncabin, let loose; **ρήξαι** **φωνήν** to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's *rumpere vocem*: so, **ρήξαι** **βροντήν** to let loose the thunder; **ρήξαι** **δάκρυα** to burst into tears. 4. in form **ρήσσω**, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down.

II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. **ῥάργα**, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for **ἐρήγνυ**, 3 sing. impf. of **ρήγνυμι**.

ΡΗΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ρήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from **ρηίδιος**, easy. **ρηθείς**, aor. I part. pass. of **ἐρέω**, **ἐρῶ**: **ρηθῆναι** inf. **ρηίδιος**, η, ον, Ion. for **ράδιος**, easy.

ρήστος, η, ον, Ion. for **ῥάστος**, Sup. of **ράδιος**. **ρήττατος**, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of **ράδιος**. **ρήτερος**, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of **ράδιος**.

ρηκτός, η, ὄν, (ρήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ῥήμα, ατος, τό, (***ῥέω** = **ἔρῶ**) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to **ὄνομα** (a noun).

ρημᾶτιον, τό, Dim. of **ῥήμα**, a little word, a pet phrase.

ΡΗΝ, ῆ, gen. **ρηνός**, acc. **ῥῆνα**, a sheep, lamb. **ῥηνο-φορέων**, ὁ, (ῥῆν, φέρω) wearing sheepskin. **ῥήξαι**, **ῥήξας**, aor. I inf. and part. of **ρήγνυμι**.

ῥήξηνορία, ῆ, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ῥήξ-ῆνωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι, ἄνῆρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ῥήξι-κέλευθος, ον, (ρήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ῥήξι-voos, ον, (ρήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit. **ῥήξις**, εως, ῆ, (bursting) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ῥῆσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ῆ, (***ῥέω** = **ἐρῶ**) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; **καταπλέξει τὴν ῥῆσιν** to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend.

III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

ῥήσσω, rarer collat. form of **ρήγνυμι**; **ῥήσσειν τύμπα** to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. *tripudiare*.

ῥηστῶν, ῆ, Ion. for **ῥαστῶν**.

ῥητέον, verb. Adj. of ***ῥέω**, one must say.

ῥήτωρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (***ῥέω** = **ἐρῶ**) like **ῥήτωρ**, a speaker.

ῥητορεῖω, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ῥητορικός, ῆ, ὄν, (ῥήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—ῆ **ῥητορικῇ** (sub. **τέχνῃ**), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ῥητός, ῆ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ***ῥέω** = **ἐρῶ**, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. *ratus*; **ἐπὶ ῥητοῖς γέ- πασι** with specified prerogatives; **ἐπὶ ῥητοῖσι** on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ῥήτρα Ion. **ῥήτρι**, ῆ, (***ῥέω** = **ἐρῶ**) a word, saying, maxim.

2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called **ῥήτραι**. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ῥήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (***ῥέω** = **ἐρῶ**) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator. II. a rhetorician, Lat. *rhetor*.

ῥητός, Adv. of **ῥητός**, in express terms.

ῥηχλή, ῆ, Ion. for **ῥαχία**. **ῥηχός**, ῆ, Ion. for **ῥάχος**.

ῥηγεδανός, ῆ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling; **ῥηγεδανῇ** **Ἑλένῃ** Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ῥιγέω, f. ῥσω: aor. I **ἐρρίγησα** Ep. **ῥίγησα**: pf. **ἔρριγα**, Dor. 3 pl. **ἐρρίγαντι** (for **-αντι**), Ep. 3 sing. subj. **ἐρρίγῃσι**, Ep. dat. part. **ἐρρίγοντι**, in pres. sense: (**ῥίγος**):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal.

II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ῥιγνλός, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling.

ῥίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from **ῥίγος**, more chillily. II. metaph. more horribly.

ῥίγιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. **ῥίγιον**) from **ῥίγος**, most chillily. II. metaph. most horrible.

ῥιγο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (**ῥίγος**, **μάχομαι**) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾶ]

ΡΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. **FRIGUS**, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. *horror*.

ῥιγῶ, f. ῥωσ, (**ῥίγος**) like **ῥιγέω**, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

ροδόχρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ρόδον, χρῶς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ροδωνία, ἡ, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. rosarium.

ροή Dor. ροά, ἡ, (ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμτέλου ροή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ροαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ρόθω, f. ἤσω, (ρόθος) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound boarse or loud.

ροθιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ρόθιος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ροθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ρόθιος, roaring, dashing. ῥόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ῥόθιος, ον, also α, ον, (ῥόθος) rusbing, roaring, dashing.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἐνός ῥόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a boarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rusbing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροῖά or ρόα Ion. ροῖα, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ροῖβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ροῖβδος) to swallow greedily down: also to make ruslie.

ροῖβδησιεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ροῖβδέω.

ροῖβδης, ἡ, (ροῖβδέω) a whistling, piping.

ροῖβδος, ὁ, any rusbing noise or motion, the whirling or flapping of wings, the rusbing of the wind.

ροῖβασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ροῖβέω.

ροῖζέω, f. ἤσω, (ροῖζος) to make a whistling or rusbing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. stridere. Hence

ροῖζήδον, Adv. with a rusbing noise or motion.

ροῖζημα, ατος, τό, (ροῖζέω) a rusbing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ΡΟΙΖΟΣ, ὁ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rusbing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ΡΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ρομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ρομβος, ὁ, (ρέμω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. rhombi rota. II. a spinning, whirling motion;

ρόμβος αἰετοῦ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβώ, f. ὦσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ρομβωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβώ) panelled in lozenge.

ρομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scymitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ῥόος Att. contr. ροῦς, ον, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ῥόον, Ep. κατὰ ῥόον, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ῥόον up stream, against stream.

ρόπαλον, τό, (ρέω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass. II. a knocker on a door.

ροπή, ἡ, (ρέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ροπῆς μᾶς ἐστι it is just on the turning-point; ροπή βίου the turning-point, verge of the life. II. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρὰ παλαιὰ σώματ' εὐνάξει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ροπτήν, τό, (ρέμω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ροῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for ῥόος.

ροφέω, f. ἤσομαι, (ρόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a swallowing or gulping down. 2. that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f. ἤσω, to roar, of the waves. From

ΡΟΧΘΟΣ, ὁ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ρο-ώδης, ες, (ῥόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

ρύαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swoll by rains: a stream of lava.

ῥῦατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ῥυγξ-ελέφας, ατος, ὁ, (ῥύγχος, ἐλέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ῥύγχιον, τό, Dim. of ῥύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ῥύγχος, εος, τό, (ῥύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ῥύδην and ῥῦδόν, Adv. (ρέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ῥυεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ῥέω.

ῥύησομαι, Att. fut. of ῥέω.

ΡΥΨΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ρύη, Ep. for ῥρῦη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ῥέω.

ῥυθμίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ῥρῦθμιομαι: (ῥυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time. II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ὧδ' ῥρῦθμιομαι thus have I been controlled.

ῥυθμός Ion. ῥυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. numerus, rhythm, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ῥυθμῷ in time, Lat. in numerum; ῥυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ῥυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything; of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ΡΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. runcina. (ᾶ)

ῥῦμα, ατος, τῶν (*ῥύω = ἐρύω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξον ῥῦμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης ισχύς the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ῥύματος within bow-shot. II. (ῥύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ῥύμβος, ον, ὁ, Att. for ῥόμβος.

ῥύμη [ῡ], ἡ, (*ῥύω = ἐρύω) the force, swing, rush of a

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *περίγνων ῥύμη* the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. *ῥύμη* with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicius*; also a lane, alley.

ῥύμμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥύπτω*) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμός, οὔ, ὁ, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) the pole of a car.

ΡΥΨΟΜΑΙ: f. *ῥύσομαι* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἔρρυσάμην* Ep. *ῥύσαμην*: aor. 2, 3 sing. *ἔρρῡτο* Ep. *ἔρῡτο*, 3 pl. *ἔρρυντο* Ep. *ῥύατο*; inf. *ῥύσθαι*: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., *ῥύσθαι τινα θανεῖν* to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, hold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of *ῥύπος*.

ῥύπαινω, f. *αἰνώ*: aor. I *ἔρρῡπάνα*: (*ῥύπος*):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From

ῥύπαρός, ἁ, ὅν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. *-ῤῶς*.

ῥύπάω Ep. *ῥύπώω*: impf. *ἔρρῡπων*: (*ῥύπος*):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥύπῳς, ἐσσα, ἐν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty.

ΡΥΨΙΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. *ῥύπα*, τά, but also regul. *ῥύποι*, οἱ. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπῳ, f. ὥσω, pf. pass. *ἔερῡπώμαι*:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῳ, Ep. for *ῥύπα*.

ῥυπηαῖ, a cry of the Athenian rowers, *yoho*! τοῖ *ῥυπηαῖ* is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. ψω, (*ῥύπος*) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥυσαίνωμαι, Pass. (*ῥυσός*) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of *ῥύσομαι*.

ῥυσιάζω, f. ἄσω, (*ῥύσιον*) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥυσι-βομος, ὄν, (*ῥύομαι*, *βωμός*) defending altars.

ῥυσι-διφρος, ὄν, (*ῥύομαι*, *διφρος*) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle.

II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; *ῥύσια*, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants.

III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. *ῥύσια*, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*.

3. in plur., *ῥύσια*, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσος, ὄν, (*ῥύομαι*) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥυσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥύομαι*, *πόλις*) saving the city.

ῥυσι-πνός, ὄν, (*ῥύομαι*, *πνός*) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ἡ, (*ῥέω*) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσκομαι, collat form of *ῥύομαι*, Dep. to save, rescue: hence *ῥύσκειν*, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for *ῥυσμός*.

ῥυσός, ἡ, ὅν, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, shrivelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of **ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*, to drag along violently, drag to and fro: πολλά *ῥυστάζεσκε* (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σῆμα* be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence

ῥυστακτής, υός, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (*ῥυσός*, *εἶδος*) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἀγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (**ῥύω*, *ἀγωγεύς*) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rein; ἄπο *ῥυτήρος* with loose rein, at full speed. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ῥυτιδ-φλοιος, ὄν, (*ῥυτίς*, *φλοιός*) with shrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὅν, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., *ῥυτά*, τά, poet. for *ῥυτήρ*, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὄν, (*ῥέω*) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτωρ [ῥ], ὀπος, ὁ, (**ῥύω*=*ἔρύω*) one who draws; *ῥύτωρ* τάξω a Bowman, archer. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saver, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (*ῥύπτω*) a cleansing, purifying.

***ΡΥΨΩ**=*ἔρύω*, to draw, not used in Act.; see *ῥύομαι*.

ῥωγάλεος, α, ὄν, (*ῥάγ*) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγός, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥάγ*) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; *ῥωγὰς πέτρα* a cleften rock.

**Ῥωμαϊκός*, ἡ, ὄν and **Ῥωμαῖος*, α, ὄν, (*Ῥώμη*) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. *-κῶς*, in Roman fashion. Hence

**Ῥωμαῖστί*, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ῥωμαῖός, α, ὄν, (*ῥώμη*) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (*ῥύομαι*) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III. *Ῥώμη*, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι or *-ύω*, f. ῥώσω, aor. I *ἔρρωσα*: (*ῥύομαι*):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II. Pass. *ῥώννυμαι*, but the pf. *ἔρρωμαι* is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. *ἔρρωμαι* as impf.: aor. I *ἔρρωσθην*:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. *ἔρρωσο*, fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; and, *φράζω* τινὶ *ἔρρωσθαι*, like Lat. *jubeo valere*:—see *ἔρρωμένος*.

ῥώξ, ἡ, gen. *ῥωγός*, (*ρήγνυμι*) a cleft, narrow passage; *ῥώγης* *μεγάροιο* the narrow entrance of a room.

ΡΩΨΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. *ἔρρῶντο* Ep. *ῥώντο*: 3 pl. aor. I *ἔρρῶσαντο*: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; *ῥώσθαι* *περὶ πυρὴν* to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, *χορὸν ἔρρῶσαντο*

they *plied the lusty dance*; of hair, ἐρρώντο μετὰ πνοιῇ ἀνέμοιο it *streamed on the wind*.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥάψ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπεῖον (which is not used), a *thicket, coppice*: in plur. *busbes, brushwood, underwood*.

ῥωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥώπος) of or like small wares: hence *cheap, worthless*.

ῥΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, any small wares, *frippery, trumpery*. ῥωθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωκμή, ἡ, = ῥακμός.

ῥωκμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ῥώξ) like ῥήγμα, a *cleft*; ῥωκμός γαίης a *gutter or channel* worked out in the earth.

ῥΩΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥωπός, a *low shrub, bush*; in plur. *underwood, brushwood*.

Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final σ was written s. This s must not be confounded with σ, *stau*, which was in fact the digamma, f, *vau*, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence σ' = 6. There was another form, *san* or *sanpi*, Ϻ, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as ὁδμή ἵδμεν for ὁσμή ἵσμεν. II.

Dor. into θ, as σιδῶ ἀγαστός παρσένος for θεός ἀγαθός παρθένος. III. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as in

τῷ τέ φατί for σὺ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τῦλον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦλον:—so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττός for θάλασσα δισός. IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as ὅσσος μέσσος for ὅσος μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομίσω; so ὀπίσσω for ὀπίσω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as, πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω. VI. Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσιξέω for θεσιπέω: so, διξός τριξός for δισός τρισός. 2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν.

VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, ὕs, οὗs sus, ἄs sal, ἔξ sex, ἐπτά septem, ἔρτω serpo. 2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μύραγδος σμύραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρός, τέγος στέγω Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the 1 pers. pl. pass. and med., as, τυπτό-μεθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as, ὅπισθεν for ὅθεν. VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as, ἄρρην χερρός θάρρος for ἄρσρην χερσός θάρσος. IX. σ is added to οὔτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μνή; Σαβάτιος, δ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Bacchus himself.

σαβάκτης, ου, ὁ, (σαβάξω) a *batterer, destroyer*, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σαβαθα-νί, Chaldaean form, *thou-bast-forsaken me*, or *bast-thou-forsaken me?*

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, *bosts, armies*.

Σάββατος, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββατίξω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to *keep the Sabbath*.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a *few*.

Σαββάτισμος, ὁ, (Σαββατίξω) a *keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath*.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. *Rest*: hence the *seventh day* or *day of Rest*:—also in plur., τὰ Σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. Σάββασι, as if from a nom. Σάββας. 2. a *week*.

σάγαρις, ιας, ἡ; pl. σαγάρεις, Ion. -ιs:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a *single-edged axe or bill*.

σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάττω) the *bousings, harness*, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, *furniture, equipment*: esp. *armour, harness*.

σαγνηαῖος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) *belonging to a drag-net*.

σαγνηνός, ἔως, ὁ, = σαγνηνευτήρ.

σαγνηνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who *fishes with a drag-net*: hence a *comb* is called τριχὼν σαγνηνευτήρ.

σαγνηνέω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to *enclose fish in a drag-net*: metaph. of men, to *sweep as with a drag-net*.

ΣΑΤΗΝΗ, ἡ, a *large drag-net* for taking fish, a *seine*.

σαγνηνο-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) *throwing the drag-net*: as Subst. a *fisherman*.

σαγηνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) *attached to a net*.

σάγμα, atos, τό, (σάττω) the *bousings of a horse*, a *saddle, jacksaddle*. II. of persons, a *covering, clothing*, a *large cloak*. III. the *covering* or *case of a shield*. IV. a *heap* or *pile*.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ὁ, ὄν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, *unsound, cracked*. II. metaph. *unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable*.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σᾶνῶ: aor. I ἔσῃνα Dor. ἔσᾶνα:—to *wag the tail, fawn*. II. metaph. to *fawn upon, caress, wheedle*; σαίνειν μόνον to *deprecate, shrink from death*. 2. absol. to *be gentle, kind*: of a summer sea, to *smile*. III. to *cheer, please*.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σᾶρῶ: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσρήσθω Dor. σεσᾶρῶs, ὡs, ὄs, Ep. fem. σεσᾶρῡα:—to *show the teeth, grin* like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to *smile*. II. to *sweep clean*: to *sweep away*.

σᾶκῆσ-πᾶλος, ον, (σᾶκος, πᾶλλω) *welding or brandishing a shield*.

σᾶκῆσ-φόρος, ον, (σᾶκος, φέρω) *shield-bearing*.

σᾶκίον, = σᾶκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου.

σακκῶ, (σᾶκκος) to *strain, filter*.

σακκίον Att. σάκιον, τό, Dim. of σακκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γενεο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκος, γένειον, τρέφω) *cherishing a large beard.*

ΣΑΚΚΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. *cilicium*: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: 1. a sack, bag. 2. a sieve, strainer. III. a baggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σάκος.

σάκος, ὁ, Dor. for σκήος.

σάκος [ᾱ], gen. σάκος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ου, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; Ἰδὼν σάκτω one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-υφάνης, ου, ὁ, (σάκος, υφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ᾱ], υνος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμίν-ἄφετης, ου, ὁ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφίημι) *betrayor of Salamis.*

Σαλαμίνιος [μῖ], α, ον, also ος, ον, (Salaminius, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναὺς or τριήρης), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. πάρα-λος. From

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι: (σάλος).—to cram full, stuff.

σαλένω, f. σω: aor. I ἔσαλεσσα: Pass., aor. I ἔσαλειθην: pf. σεσάλευμαι: (σάλος).—to shake much: to make to totter.—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel.

II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπιγγο-λογχ-ὑπηναδαί, οί, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, ου, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἴγγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίγξ was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -λήξω, aor. I ἔσάλπιγα: later fut. σάλπισω, aor. I ἔσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, ου, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, ου, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ου, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem.

Σαμαρεῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Samē, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμήων, τό, Dor. for σμηείων.

Σάμιος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηκή, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θρηκίος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμο-θραξ Ion. -θρήξ, ικος, ὁ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ᾱ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands: 1. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη. 3.

the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπι, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σάμ-φώρας, ου, ὁ, (σάμ, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα): cf. κοπατίας.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδράκη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. *sandaraca*. [pā] Hence

σανδράκινος, η, ον, of or like σανδράκη, bright-red. σάνδιον, τό, Dim. of σάνις, a panel: a trencher.

σάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοί, 3 sing. of σαῶω.

ΣΑ'ΟΞ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe: Comp. σῶωτερος.

σαο-φρονέω, σαο-φροσύνη, σαῶ-φρων, poet. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

σαῶω Ep. σώω, = σώζω, to save:—3 sing. pres. σαοί, 3 pl. σοοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἔσῳ Ep. σώω: 2 sing. imperat. σῶον or σῶω: fut. σώσω: aor. I act. ἔσῳ-σα, pass. ἔσῳσθην: fut. med. σώσομαι.

σάπειν, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.
 σάπελς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.
 σάπητή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.
 σάπηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.
 σάπρς, á, óν, (σάπηται) rotten, putrid: diseased,
 Lat. *tabidus*: decayed, unsound. II. generally,
 worthless, useless.

III. old, obsolete, musty.
 σάπφειρος, ἡ, the sapphire or the lapis lazuli, a
 precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὖς, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence
 Σαπφῶς, α, ον, of Sappho, Sapphic.
 σαπών, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ἡ, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a
 plait, band. [ᾶ]

σαρδάνιος, α, ον, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc.
 γέλωτα] γέλωτα, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly,
 from anger or secret triumph; μεδίησε δὲ θυμῷ
 σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a
 very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α,
 ον, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ),
 which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εων, Ion. Σάρδεις, ἰων, αἱ, Sardis, the capital
 of Lydia (—hence Adj., Σαρδιάνος Ion. —ἴηνος,
 and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, óν, of or belonging to Sardis;
 βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye,
 hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ῖ], ἡ, or σαρδίνος, ó, the sardine.
 σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardinian stone.
 Σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄνυχος, ó, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonyx, a
 kind of onyx, so called when the different colours
 were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὄος contr. οὖς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence
 Adj., Σαρδῶς, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, óν, Σαρδώνιος
 and Σαρδόνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sardinia,
 Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩ'Ν, ὄνος, ἡ, the upper edge of a hunting-net.
 σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, αἱ, the sarissa, a long
 pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.
 σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ον, ó, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς,
 κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκί-
 ζειν τὸ δέρμα to drain off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, óν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of
 the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκινος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίπτης, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπείν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγίηναι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγος, f. ἥσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγείν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked
 lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins
 were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφά-
 γος, ó, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκώω, f. ὥσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into
 flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἔναι-
 μοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh
 or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2.
 flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάρῳ, f. ὥσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, also ὄντος, ὄντι, ó; voc. Σαρπη-
 δών,—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σαῤῥά, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνας, ᾶ and Σατάν, ó, indecl. Satan; a Hebr.
 word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατήνῃ, ἡ, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

στάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. —ἡτή, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or pro-
 vince of a satrap. From

σατραπεύω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, ον, ó, a satrap, Lat. *satrāpa*, title of a
 Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian
 word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. 1 ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. 1
 ἐσάχην: pf. σέσαγμαi: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσε-
 σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of
 burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour,
 harness: Pass. to be armed or harnessed. 2. to

load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily:

in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένος laden with woe;
 σεσαγμένος πλούτου overloaded with riches. III.
 to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικος, ἡ, óν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύρισκος, ó, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΤΡΟΣ [ῖ], ó, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus,
 represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail:
 later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed
 from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a

lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which

the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόμοι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effemi-
 nate in one's gait.

σαυλο-προκτιδῶ, (σαῦλος, προκτός) to walk in a
 swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, η, ον, conceited, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. *lacerta*.

ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ó, = σάυρα, a lizard, Lat. *lacertus*.

σαυρωτήρ, ἦρος, ó, a spike at the butt-end of a
 spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the
 butt-end.

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σάφᾶ, ποῖτ. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;
 σάφα εἰδώς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

εἰπέναι to tell plainly, speak truth. [σᾶ]

σάφάνης, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνής.

σάφέστερος, —ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σάφως, Ion. for σαφᾶς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἀγορεύω) speak-
 ing truth.

σαφήνεια, ἡ, (σαφηνής) clearness, plainness: the
 truth.

σαφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.

σάφηνής Dor. σάφανής, ές, (σαφής) clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.

σάφηνίζω, f. ὦ, (σαφηνής) to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ΣΑΦΗΣ, ές, gen. έος contr. οὖς, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain: τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of σάττω.

ΣΑΩ, Root. of σήω, to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σῶσι.

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαώω.

σαωθεῖς, -θήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of σαώω.

σαωτέμεν, Ep. for σαώσιν, fut. inf. of σαώω.

σάώσω, fut. of σαώω.

σῶωτερος, Comp. of σῶος.

σῶωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer.

σῶωτης, ου, ὁ, (σαώω) poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour.

σβείναι and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I έσβεσα Ep.

σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put out, put down.

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I έσβέσθην: pf. έσβεσμαι: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβᾶν, opt. σβείναι, inf. σβήναι:

pf. έσβηκα:—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extinguere: to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be exhausted.

3. generally, to become still, lull, cease.

σβέσσαι, Ep. for σβέσαι, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ov, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or put out.

σβίθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial TERMIN., denoting motion towards, as, ἄλλο-σε to some other place, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωυτοῦ, -τῆς, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of thyself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ, σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάσθαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I έσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσατο: also aor. I pass. έσεβάσθην: Dep.: (σεβας):—to feel awe of, to dread.

σίβας, τό, (σεβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe.

II. the object of reverential awe, majesty. 2. an object of wonder, a wonder. III. an honour conferred on one.

σεβάσμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάσθαι) an object of awe or worship.

Σεβαστίς, ἄδος, ἡ, special fem. of Σεβαστός, Augusta, title of the Roman Emperresses.

σεβαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (σεβάσθαι) revered, awful, august.

II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβύω, f. ἰω: aor. I έτέβισα:—to worship, honour.

ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ: aor. I έσέβην: Dep.:—to feel awe

or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid. 2.

to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

ΣΕΒΩ, f. σέβω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, to worship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence

σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.

σέθεν, old poet. form of σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

Σειληνός, ὁ, Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σεῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

σεῖος, σεῖα, σεῖον, Lacon. for θεῖος, α, ov.

σειρά Ion. σερή, ἡ, (είρω) a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain. II. a cord with a noose, a

lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.

σειραῖος, α, ov, (σειρά) joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger; see σειραφόρος.

σειρᾶ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) having a rope attached, led by a rope: ὁ σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἦνος, ἡ, a Siren: in pl. Σειρῆνες, αἱ, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Siren, deceitful woman.

σειριό-καυτος, ov, (σειριος, καίω) scorched by the heat of the dog-star.

σειριος, α, ov, (σειρός) hot, scorching: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σειριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύνων σειριος or Κύνων.

ΣΕΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὅν, hot, scorching, of summer-heat.

σειρο-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σείσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σεισ-ἄχθεω, ἡ, (σειώ, ἄχθος) a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί-χθων, onos, ὁ, (σειώ, χθών) earth-shaker.

σεισμός ὁ, (σειώ) a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.

σειστός, ἡ, ὅν, (σειώ) shaken.

-σεῖω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασεῖω: γελᾶω, γελᾶσω, γελασεῖω.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω: aor. I έσεισα: Pass., aor. I έσεισθην: pf. σείσεσμαι:—to shake, move to and fro, brandish. 2. absol., σείει there is an earthquake (see σεισμός), like υεῖ it rains, etc. 3. Pass. and Med. to be shaken, shake, heave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earthquake.

II. in Att. to harass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλας.

σελαῖγω, f. ἦσαι, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελαῖ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light. σελάννα, σελάννα, Dor. for σελήνη, σελήνα.

ΣΕΛΑΣ, aos, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ου, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.

σελάχος, τό, a shark.

Σελήναϊ, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σελήναϊα:—the Moon.

σεληναῖος, α, ου, lighted by the moon; σελήναϊ νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πληθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτῃ σελήνῃ in the tenth moon.

σεληνίζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελιδ-φάγος, ου, (σελίς, φάγείν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλματα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, οἱ, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, atos, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδάλις, ιος and εως, ἡ, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. simila, similago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ου, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ἦσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech.

σεμνό-λόγος, ου, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

σεμνό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

σεμνομυθεῖν, f. ἦσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ου, (σεμνός, μυθεομαι) talking solemnly.

σεμνοπροσωπῶ, f. ἦσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ου, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called Σεμναὶ θεαί or Σεμναί.

II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ου, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

σεμνότης, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τίμος, ου, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

σεμνώω, f. ὠσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνύνω [ῥ], f. ὠνῶ, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι, aor. 1 ἔσεμνυνάμην, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνῶς, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σέο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.

ΣΕΠΙΣ, εως ου ἰδος, ἡ, endure or succor.

σέρφος, ὁ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέταγμα, pf. pass. of σάττω.

σεσθρῶμένος, pf. pass. part. of σαρώω.

σεσθῶς, ὡς, Dor. for σεσθρῶς, pf. part. of σαίρω:—σεσθῶν, Ep. fem.

σέσεισμαι, pf. pass. of σείω.

σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσπρός, pf. part. of σάιρω.

σεσοφισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. pass. of σῦλάω.

σένυρκα, σένυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σέσωφμαι, pf. pass. of σῶζω.

σεσωφρονισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σεῦ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ.

σεῦδα, Ep. for ἔσσευα, aor. 1 of σεύω: part. σεύας.

σεῦμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3 sing. σεῦται.

σεῦτλον, τό, Ion. for τεῦτλον.

ΣΕΤΩ, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσεον, pass. and med. ἐσσύμεν: aor. 1 ἔσσευα, med. ἔσσεύαμην; also Ep. without augm. σεῦδα, σεῖς, σεῦατο: pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἐσσύμενος: plpf. (in aor. sense) ἐσσύμην [ῥ], 2 sing. ἔσσυτο for ἔσσευο, 3 sing. ἔσσυτο Ep. σύτο; part. σσύμενος: aor. 1 pass. ἐσσύθην [ῥ]. There is also 3 sing. σεῦται from a contr. pres. σεῦμαι: also σούμαι, 3 pl. σούνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σούσθω, 2 pl. σούσθε: inf. σούσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. 4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; αἷμα ἔσσευα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σῦτο blood spouted forth. II. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθείς having started, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὅτε σῦναιτο διώκειν when he hastened to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωυτοῦ, fem. σεωυτῆς, Ion. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, coop up, shut up.

σηκάσθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σηκός) a housekeeper, porteress.

σηκίτης, ου, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σάκταν ἄρνα a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόπος, ον, (σηκός, κοπέω) cleaning a stable or pen: ας Subst., σηκοκόπος, ὁ, a herdsman.

ΣΗΚΟ'Σ Dor. σακός, ὁ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, sbrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκός, f. ὥσω, to weigh, balance. Hence σηκώμα Dor. σάκμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, sbrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σάμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb. 5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal. 7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from σημαίνω: fut. -άνω Ion. -άνειν: aor. I ἐσήμηνα or ἐσήμῃνα, inf. σημῆναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf. σεσημάσμαι, but 3 sing. σεσημάνται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σημα) —to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνω a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτήης), like σαλπίζει, signal is given; τοῖς Ἑλλησι ὡς ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack. III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is. IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημαμένα, things sealed, opp. to ἀσημάντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing. σημαντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίς γῆ clay used for sealing. σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal. σημαντρον, οπος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a herdsman.

σηματίον, τό, Dim. of σῆμα. [ἄ]

σηματόεις, εσσα, εν, (σῆμα) full of tombs.

σηματ-ουργός, ὄν, (σῆμα, *έργω) making devices for shields.

σημιο-γράφος, ον, (σημειον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [ἄ]

σημειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σῆμα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track.

2. a sign from the gods, an omen. 3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle. 4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. 5. a device upon a shield; also on a seal: a seal itself.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειόω, f. ὥσω, (σημειον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημειον.

σήμνηα, Ep. for ἐσήμνηα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημιό-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctum, an apron.

σημιό-θετος, ον, (σῆμα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines.

σηπιδέν, ὄνος, ἡ, (σῆπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠ'Α, ἡ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗ'ΠΩ, f. σήσω: aor. I ἐσησα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass. σήπομαι: aor. 2 ἐσάπην [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήρ, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσπηα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σῆρ, Σηρός, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σῆρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σῆρ, ὁ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σῆραγξ, ἀγγος, ἡ, (σάρα, σέσπηα) a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σῆρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗ'Σ, ὁ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σέες, gen. σέων: later also gen. σηρός:—a moth, Lat. tineæ: a book-worm.

σῆς, Ion. for σῆς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σόν.

σησαμαίος, α, ον, made of sesamé. From σησαμή, ἡ, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ἄ]

σησαμή, ἡ, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with boney, a sesamé-cake.

σησαμίος, ἡ, ον, (σησαμή) made of sesamé; σησαμίον ἔλαιον sesamé-oil. [ἄ]

σησαμοίς, εσσα, εν, (σησαμή) of sesamé; δ σησαμοῦς (sub. ἄρτος) a sesamé-cake.

σησαμον, τό, (σησαμή) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησαμή).

σησαμό-τυρον, τό, (σησαμή, τυρός) sesamé-cheese.

σησαμόεις, οἰντος, contr. from σησαμοίς.

Σηστός, ἡ, also δ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σῆτες Att. τῆτες, (ἔτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σῆς, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ον, (σῆς, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθενᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, eos, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἁέλιου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντὶ σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr., like βίη, ἴς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἑκτορος Hector himself.

σθενόω, f. ὥσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρὶ, ποσί to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΑΤΩΝ Ion. σιγῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, the jaw-bone, jaw. ΣΙΑΔΟΝ Ion. σιέλον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, a fat bog: also with another Subst., σὺς σιάλος, like σὺς κάμπρος, etc. II. fat, grease. Σιβύλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.)

[Ἔ] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline. Σιβυλλία, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner. ΣΙΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, ον, ὁ, a hunting-spear. [ῥ]

σιγά, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα bush! be still!

σιγά, imperat. of σιγάω, bush! be still!

σιγά, Ep. for σίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. αω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγάλειος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγάλευς, εσσα, εν, (σιάλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγάλος, Dor. for σιγηλός.

σιγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω, f. —ήσομαι, later —ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush! be still!

—Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγεῖν, Lacon. for θιγεῖν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σίζω) silence, a being silent; σιγῇ ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγῇ ποιέσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιέσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2.

secretly: also as a Prep., σιγῇ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός, unknown to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἰσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, bushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγηρόν, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or σίκλος, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίζω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σίγνης, ον, ὁ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγῖναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σίδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδῆρ-.

ΣΙΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [Ἔ]

σιδηρεῖα, ἡ, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηροῦς, ἄ, οὐν. Ep. σιδήρεος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ἄ], α, ον: (σίδηρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρεϊ, οἱ, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (σίδηρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδήριον, τό, (σίδηρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης [Ἔ], ον, ὁ, fem. —ίτις, ιδος, Dor. σιδυρί-
τας, α, ὁ, (σίδηρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριθής, ἐς, (σίδηρος, βριθῶ) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-
eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) iron-
fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, shod
with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain by
iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, μήτηρ) mother
of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by
the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σίδηρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for —πληκτος, ον, (σίδηρος,
πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσω) moulded
of iron.

ΣΙΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, ὁ, iron: it was of high
value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given
as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of
the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything
made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword,
spear, axe: also a knife, sickle. III. a place
for selling iron, a culler's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) sown or
produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (σίδηρος, τέκτων) a worker
in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκεῖν) iron producing.

σιδηροτομέω, f. ἥσω, to cleave with iron. From

σιδηρο-τόμος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, *τεμεῖν*) *cutting with iron*.

σιδηροφορέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to wear iron arms, wear arms*: so also as *Dep.* —έομαι. From

σιδηρο-φόρος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, *φέρω*) *wearing iron, bearing arms*.

σιδηρό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (σίδηρος, *φρήν*) *of iron heart*.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, *χαλκός*) *of iron and copper*.

σιδηρο-χάρμης, *ον*, *δ*, (σίδηρος, *χάρμη*) *fighting in iron*, *epith. of mailed war-horses*.

σιδηρώ, *φ. ἄσω*, (σίδηρος) *to make of iron, overlay with iron*:—*impers.* in *plqpf. pass.* ἐσσειδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου *iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood*.

σιδιον, *τό*, (σίδη) *pomegranate-peel*. [*σῖ*]

Σιδωνίην, *Adv.* *from Sidon*. From

Σιδών, *ἄνος*, *ή*, *Sidon*, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. *Adj.* Σιδόνιος *or* Σιδωνίος, *α, ον*, *of or belonging to Sidon*; *fem.* also Σιδωνιάς, *ἄδος*.

Σιδών, *ἄνος*, *δ*, *a man of Sidon*.

ΣΙΖΩ, *impf.* ἐσίζον *Ep.* σίζον: *no fut. in use*:—*to hiss*, *of hot iron plunged into water*; σίζ^α ὀφθαλμὸς ἐλαϊνέφ *poter μοχλῶ* *the eye of the Cyclops bitted when the burnt stake was thrust into it*. II. *to set a dog on*.

Σιθωνία, *ή*, *Sithonia*, *a part of Thrace*, generally for the whole country: *Adj.* Σιθώνιος *and* Σιθόνιος, *α, ον*, *Thracian*: Σιθών, *ἄνος*, *δ*, *a Sithonian*; and Σιθονίς, *ἰδος*, *ή*, *a Sithonian woman*.

Σικανία, *ή*, *Sicania*, properly *a part of Sicily* near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, *οὐ*, *δ*, *a Sicanian* (see Σικανία): *Adj.* Σικανικός, *ή, ὄν*, *Sicanian*.

σικαρίος, *δ*, the *Lat. sicarius, assassin*. [*α*]

Σικελία, *ή*, (Σικελί) *Sicily*: *Adj.* Σικελικός, *ή, ὄν*, *Sicilian*. Hence

Σικελίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to do or speak like the Sicilians*: *to favour the Sicilians*.

Σικελικός, *ή, ὄν*, (Σικελός) *of or like a Sicilian*.

Σικελιώτης, *ον*, *δ*, *a Sicilian Greek*, *a Greek settler in Sicily*, as distinguished from the Σικελοί *or* Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. *Ἰταλιώτης*.

Σικελός, *ή, ὄν*, *Sicilian*, *of or from Sicily*, *Lat. Siculus*: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σικερα [*ῖ*], *τό*, *gen. σικερος*, *a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink*. (Hebr. *shàkar*, *to be intoxicated*.)

σικιννίς *or* σικίννις, *ἰδος*, *ή*, the *Sicinnis*, *a dance of Satyrs* used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, *δ*, = *σίγλος*.

σίκυα *Ion.* σικύη, *ή*, *a fruit like the cucumber or gourd*, but eaten ripe. II. *a cupping glass*, from its shape, *Lat. cucurbita*. [*ῖ*]

σίκυος, *δ*, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικυνών, *ἄνος*, *ή*, *Sicyon*, *a town and district on the*

north of the Peloponnesus: *Adj.* Σικυνώνιος, *α, ον*, *Sicyonian*: *Adv.* Σικυνώθε, *of or from Sicyon*.

σικχαίνω, *to loathe*. From

ΣΙΚΧΟΣ, *δ*, *a squeamish, fastidious person*.

Σιληνός, *δ*, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, *τό*, the *palma Christi*, called also συλλακτύριον.

σίλλαϊνος, (σίλλος) *to insult, mock, jeer*.

συλλακτύριον, *τό*, = *σίλι*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΓΛΟΣ, *δ*, *one who looks askance*: *a satirist*.

II. *a satire, satirical poem*.

ΣΙΓΛΟΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a river-fish*, prob. the *shad*, *Lat. silurus*.

ΣΙΛΨΗ, *ή*, *a kind of grub or beetle*, *Lat. blatta*. II. *a book-worm*.

ΣΙΛΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, *Lat. laserpitium*, *a plant*, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the *asa-foetida*. Hence

συλψιωτός, *ή, ὄν*, *prepared with silpsium*.

συμβλεύω, *φ. σαι*, (σύμβλος) *to form or grow in the hive*, *of honey*.

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, *δ*, *a bee-hive*: *metaph. any store or board*.

σιμι-κίνηον, less correct form of *σμι-κίνηον*.

Σιμοίς, —έντος *contr.* Σιμοῦς, —όντος, *δ*, the *Simois*, a river near Troy:—*Adj.* Σιμοέντιος *contr.* Σιμούντιος, *α, ον*, *of, near the Simois*: *fem.* also Σιμοεντίς, *ἰδος*.

ΣΙΜΟΣ, *ή, ὄν*, *snub-nosed, flat-nosed*:—generally, *flat*. II. of other things, *steep, up-bill*, *Lat. acclivis*: πρὸς τὸ σιμὸν διώκειν *to pursue up hill*. 2.

bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, *ητος*, *ή*, (σιμός) *the shape of a snub-nose*; *flatness*.

Σιμοῦς, —όντος, *δ*, *contr. form of Σιμοίς*.

σίμω, *φ. ὥσω*, (σιμός) *to turn up the nose, bend upwards*. Hence

σίμωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, *anything bent upwards*. From

σινδῶρέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to damage wantonly*: generally, *to handle roughly*. From

σινά-μωρος [*ᾶ*], *ον*, (σίνος, μῶρος) *mischievous, burlful*: c. *gen. rei, τῶν ἑαυτοῦ σινάμωρος* *ruining his own affairs*: *wanton, lewd*.

σινάπτι, *εως*, and σινάπτι, *ὑος*, *τό*, (νάπτι) *mustard*, *Lat. sinapi*: the better *Att.* form was *νάπτι*.

σινδῶ, *οὐς*, *ή*, *Att. for σινδών*.

σινδών, *ἄνος*, *ή*, *sindon*, *a fine Indian cloth, muslin*. II. *a garment or napkin made of this cloth*.

σινέομαι, *Ion.* for σίνομαι.

σίνηπτι, *ιος*, and σίνηπτι, *υος*, *τό*, *Ion. for σίναπτι*, *σινάπτι*. [*σῖ*]

σινιάζω, *φ. σω*, (σίνιον) *to sift, fan, winnow*.

ΣΙΝΙΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, *a sieve*.

σίνις, *ἰδος*, *δ*, *acc. σίνιν*, (σίνομαι) *a destroyer, ravager, robber*: as *Adj.* *destroying, ravaging*. II.

as *prop. n.*, Σίνις, *δ*, *Sinnis*, the *Destroyer*, *a famous robber of early Greece*. [*σ*]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [*ῖ*] *Ion.* σινέομαι: *Ion. impf.* σίνεσκού

μην: aor. 1 ἐσθνάμην: Dep. :—to plunder, spoil, pillage: to harry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to damage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σῖνος [ῥ], εὖ, εὖ, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II. anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, ὁ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring. σίντης, ιος, ὁ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιες, the Sintiæ, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, ὁ, = σίντης.

Σινώπη, ἡ, Sinopé, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea:—Σινωπίτης, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of Sinopé: Adj. Σινωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sinopé.

ΣΙΩΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σίος, Lacon. for θεός.

σιπύη, ἡ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΠΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. defrutum.

σῖρος, ὁ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σισύμβρον, τό, = σισυμβρον.

ΣΙΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σίσυρα [ῥ] or σίσυρνα, ἡ, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ὄν, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ὄν, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σισύφειος, ἰδος. From

Σί-σῖφος [ῥ], ου, ὁ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σῖτος.

σιτάγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σιτάγωγία, ἡ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σιτ-άγωγος, ὄν, (σῖτος, ἄγω) transporting corn to a place: σιταγωγὰ πλοῖα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάβη, Dor. for ἐσθίβη, aor. I pass. of σῖτέω.

σίτευσμος, η, ὄν, (σίτεύω) well-fed, fatted.

σίτευτός, ἡ, ὄν, fatted, stalled, Lat. altit. From σῖτεύω, f. σῶ: Ion. impf. σιτεύσκοι: (σῖτος):—to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σίτέω, f. ἦσω, (σῖτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτεύσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσθίτην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σιτήγέω, f. ἦσω, (σιτήγος) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτήγια, ἡ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σιτ-ηγός, ὄν, (σῖτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σιτηρέσιον, τό, (σιτηρός) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σιτηρός, α, ὄν, (σῖτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ἡ, (σίτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions: σίτησις ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public maintenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σῖτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to feed upon, eat.

σιτίον, τό, (σῖτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread: generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet: σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision: τὰ ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytanæum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fatted: as Subst. a falling.

σιτο-δέια Ion. -δηγή, ἡ, (σῖτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σιτο-δόκος, ὄν, (σῖτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σιτοδοτέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish with corn, victual:—Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σιτο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.

σιτο-μέτριον, (σῖτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σιτο-νόμος, ὄν, (σῖτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or food: σιτονόμος ἐλπῖς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ἡ, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σιτοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for bread-making.

σιτο-ποιός, ὄν, (σῖτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ἡ, a woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σιτο-πομπία, ἡ, (σῖτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe conveyance, an escort, a convoy.

σιτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, irreg. pl. σῖτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions: but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink: σῖτος ἡδὲ ποτὴς meat and drink.

σιτο-φάγος, ὄν, (σῖτος, φάγην) eating corn or bread.

σιτο-φόρος, ὄν, (σῖτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, οἱ, (σῖτος, φυλάτ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σίτῃα and σίτῃε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπὸ follows, to drive them off: when πρὸς follows, to call them on.

σιτ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, ὠνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σίτανια, ἡ, (σιτώνης) a buying of corn, purchase of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limping: of the eyes, blind. Hence

σιφλόω, f. ὥσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. 1 opt.

Σίφνιος, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From Σίφνος, ἡ, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφον, ατος, ὁ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφωνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιώπαω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 εἰσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιωπᾶν τινα to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα *busb!* be still!

II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or sequestered, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ', ἡ, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῇ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιώπηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιώπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπησεῖαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence.

II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑ'ΖΩ, f. ἄσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζω, also χωλάμβος (sub. ποῦς), ὁ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟ'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—ἡ σκαιά (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western, westward, for the Greek *auspex* turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαίαι πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek *auspex*, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιός).

III. metaph. like French *gauche*, left-handed, awkward, clumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, ἡ, = σκαιώτης.

σκαιώτης, ητος, ἡ, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαίονργέω, f. ἤσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙ'ΡΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθυρματιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθύρω, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [ὑ]

σκάλεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκάλλω) one who bores: a boer or a boe.

σκάλέω, = σκάλλω, to stir, bore; σκαλεύειν, ἄνθρακας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ἑς, ὄν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-

ing. II. *uneven*; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ'ΛΛΩ, to stir up, bore, harrow.

σκαλμός, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the *τροπωτήρ*, Lat. *scalpmus*, *raxillus*.

σκάλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὃν Εἰάνθον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκάμάνδριος.

σκανά, Dor. for σικνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ἱστάς ἐπ'ὺν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλιζω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκανόβαλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σκανδix, πωλέω) a dealer in *chervil*.

ΣΚΑ'ΝΔΙΞ, ἱκος, ἡ, *chervil*, Lat. *scandix*.

σκάπάνη, ἡ, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [π]

σκάπετος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs.

σκαπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτή ὕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσκαρμαι:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδᾶ-μύστω Att. -τω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαρίψισμός, ὁ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαριψμοὶ λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκαρίφος, ὁ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing out-lines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτός, genit. of σκάω.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκάτος, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.

σκάφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκαφήναι) a digger, delver, ditcher.

σκάφῃ, ἡ, (σκαφήναι) any thing dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. *scapha*.

σκάφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκαφήρ or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like

a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff.

II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock. σκάφος, εὖς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. *alveus*, and generally a ship, boat.

III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾶ]

σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. *σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ᾶ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾄς, ᾶ: aor. I ἐσκεδάσα Ep. σκεδάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκεδάσμαι: 2. to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II.

Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκεδάσα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεδάσῃς, ἡ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing.

σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκηρός, ἄ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σκεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκείρων, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκείρωνος ἄκται, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκείρωνιδες πέτραι: Σκείρωνικὸν ὄδμα the sea off this coast.

σκελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Att. σκελῖς.

σκελίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg.

ΣΚΕ/ΛΛΩ: fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἐσκελα: 2. to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass.

σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with. intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐσκελην, inf. σκεληναι (as if from *σκελήμι): pf. ἐσκεληκα with pres. signif. 2. to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕ/ΛΟΣ, εὖς, τό, the leg: ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely.

II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἐσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.

σκεπᾶ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.

σκεπάζω, f. ἄσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπᾶνον, τό, (σπέπας) a covering.

σκέπᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕ/ΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕ/ΠΑΣ, αὖς, τό, a covering, shelter: ἐπὶ σπέπας in or under shelter: σπέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, αὖς, τό, (σπέπας) = σπέπας.

σκέπᾶω, Ep. σκεπῶ, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕ/ΠΗ, ἡ, like σπέπας, a covering, shelter: metaph., ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war: ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπώσι, Ep. for σκεπῶσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπάω.

σκεπτεόν, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέψομαι: aor. I ἐσκεψάμην: pf. ἐσκεπτόμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch.

II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕ/ΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπάω.

σκερβόλω and σκερβόλλω, (σκερβόλος) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σκέρβος, like κέρτος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σενάγωνέω, f. ἦσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σενυ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (σενός, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σενάγωγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σενύαζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐσενύασα: Pass., ἐσενύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσενύαδται: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσενύαδαι: (σενύος, σενυή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise.

II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσενύασμένος, dressed up.

σενυάριον, τό, Dim. of σενύος or σενυή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾶ]

σενυαστός, verb. Adj. of σενύαζω, one must prepare.

σενυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σενύαζω) prepared, artificial.

σενυή, ἡ, (σενύος) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. *apparatus*: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σενύος: the tackling of a ship.

σενυο-θήκη, ἡ, (σενύος, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σενυοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σενυοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σενυοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.

σενυοποιός, ὄν, (σενύος, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕ/ΤΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκευή, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. *impedimenta*: the trappings of horses: the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors.

II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σενυοφόρῳ, f. ἦσω, (σενυοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σενυοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage: βάρος σενυοφορικόν the load of a beast of burthen. From

σενυο-φόρος, ὄν, (σενύος, φέρω) carrying baggage: αἱ σενυοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σενυοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels: τὰ σενυοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σενυοφυλακέω, f. ἦσω, to watch the baggage. From σενυο-φύλαξ, ἀκος, ὁ, (σενύος, φύλαξ) a storekeeper, σενυωρόμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, pf. pass.

ἐσκεωρῆμαι, (σκεωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence σκεωρῆμα, atos, τό, a cunning trick.

σκεωρία, ἡ, (σκεωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, ὄν, (σκευός, ὥρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, aor. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion.

σκήλαι, aor. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλει, 3 sing. opt. σκηνάομαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνώ, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗ', ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, bouse: a temple.

II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, atos, τό, (σκηνώ)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νῆ] σκηνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, =σκηνή.

σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [ῆ]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνοπηγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγμια, τά.

σκηνο-πηγος, ου, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent.

σκηνο-ποιός, ὄν, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνορ-ράφος, ου, (σκηνή, ῥάφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εως, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σκήνω) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, atos, τό, (σκηνώ) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, =σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτο-βάμων [ᾱ], ου, gen. onos, (σκήπτων=σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτων, τό, =σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκάπτων, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτο-ούχος, ου, (σκήπτων, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ου, =σκηπτο-φύρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτων, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From

σκηπτο-φόρος, ου, (σκήπτων, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light. II. Pass. and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff; to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', ἄς Ion. σκίῃ, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of a tree; πετραῖη σκίῃ the shade of a rock; ἐν σκιά indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιαγράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιαγράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιαγράβια, ἡ, (σκιαγράφω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιά-γράφος, ου, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γράφ]

σκιάδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιάδισκη, ἡ, =σκιάδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιάζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιάω: aor. I ἐσκιάσα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιά-μύχω, f. ἦσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar.

II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ᾱ], οἱ, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιαρό-κομος, ου, (σκιαρός, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σκιά) any shad^y covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάς) a shadow.

σκιά-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f. ἦσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, sbun beat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιάω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημητρεος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἅμα ἡλιφ σκιδναμένην as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκιά) shady, shaded. σκίη, ἡ, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙΤΑΛΛΑ, ης, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla.

σκιμαλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκιμπος, -ποδος, ὁ, (σκιμπω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σκιμπτω, f. ψω, = σκήπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλαμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόγων ἀκριβῶν σχινδαλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλαμο-φράστης, ου, ὁ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-εἶδης, ἐς, (σκιά, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκοίεος, ἐσσα, εν, (σκιά) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκοίνωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκήπτων, ονος, ὁ, (σκιμπω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [Ὶ]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-house. From

σκιράφος [Ὶ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκίριται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [Ὶ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

σκήρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese parings.

ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκήρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

Σκίρο-φοριῶν, ἡμέρας, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑΪΝ, f. ἦσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκιρτήμα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτῶεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίτᾱλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκιφίζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκήφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [Ὶ]

σκι-ῶδης, ἐς, = σκοιειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκληναι, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἄγωγέω, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy.

σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) hardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληναι) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2.

of sound, boarse, barsb, roughb. 3. of taste and

smell, barsb, roughb. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus:

sturdy, tough. II. metaph., I. of things,

bard, austere. 2. of persons, bard, barsb, stern,

also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ἡ, (σκληρός) hardness, barsbness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [α]

σκληρύνω [Ὶ], f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐσκήρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκήρυνμαι: (σκληρός):—to harden, esp. to harden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in bard or rough fashion.

σκινῆπαος, ἄ, ον, (κνέφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκολιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιῶς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολοπέσσιν, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟΛΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟΛΥΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύνως and πηλαῖες were varieties.

σκοπ-ἄρχης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπός, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκόπελος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπέω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέομαι, aor. I ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἐσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to. σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπία Ion.—ιή, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak.

2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula. II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιὴν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore.

II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπία) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ῥέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπία, ῥα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger.

II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδίνεσθαι Ion.—έομαι: f. ἴσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμῃ, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμῃ) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίξω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσκοροδίσμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένος primed with garlic.

σκορόδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. alium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκεῦτρια, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-bread-selling-house.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ου, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, ὅν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv.—vws.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσϋ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσϋς, πυκνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότος, δίνος) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτειός, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μεινα, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ου, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσσε κάλυψεν of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότῳ κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος,

εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτώω, f. ὥσω, to make dark, darken, to blind.

σκοτώτης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνας βαλεῖν.)

σκυδαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκῦθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκῦθης. [v]

Σκῦθης, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκῦθα:—a Scythian: proverb.,

Σκῦθῶν ἔργμα, a Scythian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scythian.

II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [v] Hence

Σκῦθίζω, f. ἴσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians. 2. to drink like a Scythian.

3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκῦθιστί, Adv. (Σκῦθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκῦθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκῦθος, τοξότης) a Scythian bowman.

σκυθράω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟΣ, α, ὅν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρῶπάζω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρῶπος) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ῶπός, ὅν, also ἡ, ὅν, (σκυθρός, ὦπ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρῶπῶς ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκύλακαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-welp.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a welp, cub. From

σκύλαϊκέω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκύλακ-ᾠδης, ἐς, (σκύλαξ, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλαϊκῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a welp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From

σκύλεω, f. σω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei,

Κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ου, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα ἢ Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who rended her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΤΑΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκυλα:—properly to flay: generally, to rend, mangle, tear: metaph. to trouble, annoy, Lat. *vecare*. Hence

σκύλα, ατος, τό, a piece plucked out.

σκυλμός, ὁ, (σκύλλω) a rending, mangling: metaph. trouble.

σκυλοδεψίω, f. ἤσω, to tan hides. From σκυλοδέψης or -δέψος, ου, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) a tanner of hides.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils, Lat. *spolia*; σκύλα γράφειν to write one's name on arms gained as spoils: rarely in sing. booty, spoil, prey.

σκύλος [ῥ], eos, τό, (σκύλλω) the skin of an animal, a lion's hide.

σκυλοφόρος, ου, (σκύλον, φέρω) receiving the spoil. σκυλοχάρης, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) delighting in spoils or booty.

ΣΚΥΜΝΟΣ, ὅ, like σκύλας, any young animal; but properly a lion's whelp, as σκύλας was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύμνος, Dor. for σκύμνος, acc. pl. of σκύμνος.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the isle of Scyros, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [ᾱ], ἡ, (akin to ξύλον) a stick, staff, cudgel: at Sparta, a staff, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a Spartan despatch, and metaph. a message.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκυτάλη, a cane. [ᾱ]

σκυτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a cudgel, club. [ῥ]

σκυτεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκύτος) a shoemaker, cobbler.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυνεύς) to be a shoemaker.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, the neck.

σκυτίνος, η, ου, (σκύτος) leathern, made of leather; τό σκυτίνον a leathern ornament or appendage.

σκύτος, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. *cutis*) a skin, hide, esp. a dressed or tanned hide, leather. II. anything made of leather, a whip, thong.

σκυτοτομείον, τό, a shoemaker's shop. From

σκυτοτομέω, f. ἤσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a shoemaker. From σκυτοτόμος, ου, (σκύτον, τεμείν) cutting leather: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ὁ, a worker in leather, shoemaker.

σκυτοτραγέω, (σκύτον, τραγείν) to consume leather. σκύφος, ου, ὁ, and σκύφος, ἑως, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a cup, beaker, can, flagon.

σκαληκόβρωτος, ου, (σκάλη, βιβρώσκω) eaten of worms, worm-eaten.

ΣΚΩΛΗΣ, ηκος, ὁ, a worm, Lat. *lumbricus*.

ΣΚΩΛΟΣ, ὁ, a pointed stake: a thorn, prickle. σκώμια, ατος, τό, (σκάπτω) a jest, joke, gibe, scoff. σκωμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκάμμα, a petty joke.

σκαποτήλης, ου, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a mocker, jester.

ΣΚΩΠΤΩ, fut. σκώφομαι: aor. I ἔσκωπα: aor. I pass. ἔσκώφην:—to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at:—absol. to jest, joke, be in fun.

ΣΚΩΡ, τό, gen. σκῶτος, dung.

σκῶψ, ὁ, gen. σκῶπος, nom. pl. σκῶπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλέψω from κλέπτω) a kind of owl.

σκῶμος, Dor. for σμήνος; dat. pl. σμῶνεσι.

σμάραγδίνος, η, ου, of emerald. From ΣΜΑΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, a precious stone of green colour: prob. not the emerald.

ΣΜΑΡΑΓΕΩ, f. ἤσω, to crash: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to scream, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμαράγος, ὁ, (σμαραγέω) a brawling goblin.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μῶω)—to smear, rub: to anoint: Med., σμάσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to anoint one's head. 2. to rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδαῖος, ἑα Ion. ἐν, ἑόν, terrible, fearful, awful:—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. terribly.

σμερνός, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδαῖος.

σμέω, Ion for σμῶω.

σμηνοδόκος, ου, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) holding a swarm of bees.

σμήνος, εος, τό, (from ἔσμός) a bee-bive. II. a swarm of bees: generally, a swarm, crowd, throng.

σμήχω, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἔσμήχθην:—collat. form of σμάω, to rub, wipe off or away. 2. to wipe clean. See σμάω.

σμίχρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμίκρός, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρός. [ῖ]

σμίκρότης, σμικρύνω, v. sub μικρ-.

σμικρός, Adv. of σμικρός, but little.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. μίλαξ, the yew, Lat. *taxus*.

σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλευω) carved work: metaph., σμιλεῦματα ἔργων finely carved works.

σμίλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμίλευω, carved.

σμίλειω, f. σω, to cut out, carve finely. From ΣΜΙΛΗ [ῖ], ἡ, a knife for cutting or carving, Lat. *scalprum*: a graving tool, chisel: generally, a knife.

Σμινθεύς, ἑως, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the Sminthian.

σμίνθη, ἡ, a two-pronged hoe or mattock, Lat. *bidentis*.

σμίγερός, Adv. -ρῶς, poet. for μογερός, -ρῶς.

σμήζα, aor. I inf. of σμύχω.

σμήρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) myrrh, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead, Hence

σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrh. II. Σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.
 σμυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σμίρνα) to flavour with myrrh.
 ΣΜΥΤΧΩ [ϋ], f. ξω: aor. I ἔσμιτξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσμιχθην: pf. ἔσμιγμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

ΣΜΩΔΙΞ, σμώδιγγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.

σμῶχω, f. ξω,=σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σπαρβεύομαι, Dep. (σπαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.

σπαρβο-βλέφαρος, ον, (σπαρός, βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σπαρός, á, óν, (σπεῖω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σπεῖω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (shoo! shoo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σοί, dat. of σὺ.

σοῖο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.

σολοικία, ἡ,=σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (σύλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φανῇ Σκυθικῇ σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, ὁ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σώλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous.

II. metaph. awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

ΣΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σός, ἡ, ον, Ep. form of σῶος, safe and sound in body, whole, unburnt, Lat. *integer*.

σορο-πηγός, ὁ, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

ΣΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σός, ἡ, ὄν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σὺ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σός πόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.

σοῦ, gen. of σὺ; also of σός.

σοῦ, σοῦ, shoo! shoo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σπεῖω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sudarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σοῦμαι, contr. for σόομαι,=σεῖω, σεύομαι.

σοῦνεκα, by crasis for σοῦ ἔνεκα, on thy account.

Σουνι-άρατος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνίαι, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουν-ιέρακος, ὁ, (Σούνιον, ἰέραξ) hawk of Sunium.

Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σοῦσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σοῦσθω, imperat.

Σοῦστ-γενής, ἐς, (Σοῦσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.

σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σοῦσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σοῦσιος, ὁ, a man of Susa: fem. Σοῦσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σοῦσι, by crasis for σοῖ ἐστί.

σοφία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived.

II. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, pf. σοσφίσμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, atos, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ' ὄλον, a trick all over.

σοφιστεῖω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher.

II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, as a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τό σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλῆς contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος) Sophocles, the tragic Poet. σοφό-voos, ov, contr. -voos, ov, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.

ΣΟΦΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφῶς, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, ὄν, (σοφός, *έργω) working skilfully.

σός, Ep. for σώζω.

σπαδίζω, f. ἴζω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ᾱ], ἱκος, ῆ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπάδονισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [ᾱ], ανος and οντος, ὁ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. *spado*.

σπάθῳ, f. ἴσω, (σπάθῃ) to strike down the woof with the σπάθῃ (q. v); λίαν σπαθᾶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money.

II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see ῥάπτω, ὑφαίνω.

ΣΠΑ΄ΘΗ [ᾱ], ῆ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθῃ, a little spatula. [ᾱ]

ΣΠΑΙΡΩ, = σπαίρω.

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπάλεῖς, Aeol. for στεαλεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπάνιζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. σπανίᾳ, as Adv. = σπανίως. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, —ώτατος. Hence

σπανιώτης, ῆτος, ῆ, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ῆ, (σπάνις) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστί], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπάνιστός, ῆ, ὄν, (σπανίω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —ώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΣΠΑ΄ΝΟΣ, ῆ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾱ]

σπάνο-σιτία, ῆ, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food.

σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a shred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπαραγμός, ὁ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —ττω: f. ἴω: aor. I. ἐσπάραξα; (σπάω):—to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμης to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνιζω, f. ἴω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up. From

σπαργάνιτης, ον, ὁ, a child in swaddling-clothes.

σπαργάνον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta*, *crepundia*. Hence

σπαργάνω, f. ὤσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑ΄Ω, f. ἴσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑ΄ΡΓΩ, f. ἴω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

σπαρείς, σπαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

σπαρνός, ῆ, ὄν, poet. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπαρτή, ῆ, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος.

Σπάρτη, ῆ, Sparta in Laconia:—Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ῆ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ῆ, ὄν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sownmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑ΄ΡΤΟΣ, ὁ and ῆ, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσόμενος, Ep. for σπαο-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὁ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπατάλῳ, f. ἴσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ῆ, (σπαθῶ) wantonness, riot.

σπατάληα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλῳ) = σπατάλη.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλος, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλη [ῖ], ῆ, excrement, dung. (From σκατός, gen. of σκάω, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑ΄Ω, f. σπάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I. ἐσπάσα Ep. σπάσα: pf. ἐσπάκα; Med., aor. I. ἐσπασάμην Ep. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσόμενος: Pass., aor. I. ἐσπάσθην: pf. ἐσπασμαι:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc. II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἐσπασε ταύτην γε 'he took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπέω, Ep. for σπέω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔπομαι.

σπέως, τό, Ep. for σπέος.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ῆ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπεῖραι βλώειαι ibongs or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the bow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two centuries: but also a cohort.

σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρωμα.
σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.
σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.
σπείρωμα, Dor. and Att. —αἰα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα)
a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.
σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of
σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about,
a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.
σπειρ-οὔχος, ὁ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral
figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπέρω: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2
ἔσπαρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: 1. to sow
seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπει-
ρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον
σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like
Lat. *serere arenam*. II. metaph. to engender
or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be
born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about:
to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπείσαι, σπείσας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.
σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.
σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.
ΣΠΕΝΔΩ, f. σπείνω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπείσαι:
Pass., aor. I ἔσπεισθην: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:—there are
also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσκε,
σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδῃσθα:—
to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before
drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the
god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοῖς,
Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained,
and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle.

II. Med., f. σπείσμαι: pf. ἔσπεισμαι
(which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations
one with another, and since this was the custom in
making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also
absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην
to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι ἀναίρεσιν
τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking
up the dead.

ΣΠΕ'ΟΞ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπείος, gen. σπεί-
ους, dat. σπῆι, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπέσσι and σπῆ-
εσσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed,
the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2.
also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph.

seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.
σπερμ-ἀγοραῖο-λεκίθο-λαῖχνο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ,
(σπέρμα, ἀγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λάχων, πωλέομαι) a
green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.
σπερμολόγῃ, f. ἴσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up
seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.
σπερμολόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up
seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὁ, a crow that
picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up
scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμo-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.
Σπερχεῖος, ὁ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheus*, a river of
Thessaly, the *Rapīd* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally,
basty, hot, violent.

ΣΠΕ'ΡΧΩ, f. ἴω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχην:—to drive,
hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastically,
to haste; σπέρχεσθαι ἑρμηοῖς to ply rapidly with
oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj.,
basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vehement:—of temper,
to be basty, hot; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry
with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be
driven rapidly.

σπένσαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσποιμα, as σχέσαι of ἔχομαι.
σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

ΣΠΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I ἔσπευσα, Ep. subj.
I pl. σπείσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπευσμαι: I.
trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to
seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealous-
ly, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr.

to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly:
to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to
baste, hurry.

σπείδωμος, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπείδω.

σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπείδω, one must hasten.

σπῆσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

σπῆι, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spe-
laeum*.

σπήλαιον, υγιος, ἡ, (σπέος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-
lunca*.

ΣΠΙ'ΔΗ'Σ, ἔς gen. ἑός, only in Il. II. 754, διὰ σπι-
δέος πεδίου through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠΙ'ΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small
birds, Lat. *pipio*.

ΣΠΙ'ΘΑΜΗ', ἡ, the space one can span between
the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—
as a measure, about $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

ΣΠΙ'ΛΑ'Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which
the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock,
cave.

ΣΠΙ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish.
Hence

σπιλῶ, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἐσπιλῶμαι:—to stain, spot,
contaminate.

σπινθάρηξ, ἡ, γγος, ἡ, and σπινθάρης, ἰδος, ἡ, =
σπινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΟΗ'Ρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίνος [ι], ὁ, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from
its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a
kind of finch.

σπλαγχνέω, f. σω, (σπλαγχνά) to eat the inwards
or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθῆσομαι: aor. I ἔσπλαγχνί-
σθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον)—to feel bowels of pity,
have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ὁ, a feeding the inwards of a vic-
tim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

σπλάγχχον, τό:—mostly in plur. **σπλάγχχα**, τά, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχχον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗΝ, ὁ, gen. **σπληνός**, the milt, spleen.

σπογγιά, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a sponge, Lat. *spongia*.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΤΤΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a sponge.

σποδά, ἡ, Lacon. for σπονδή.

σποδ-ευνής, ἐς, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδοῦμενος νηφάδι pelted by the storm; σποδοῦμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδοῦμενος an army banded roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -νή, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

σποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

ΣΠΟ'ΔΟΣ, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδῶ, f. ὥσω, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For στολάς, from στέλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔπομαι.

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδεῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδεῖος (sub. πούς),

ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τίμηρ, so called because at σπονδαὶ slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονδαί, αἱ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαὶ ἀκηρτοὶ a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδὰς τέμνειν (like ἄρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [ῥ]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II. the seed sown.

2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὺς σπορά the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [ἀ]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νῆσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεῦς, ἔως, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητός.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπου, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάζω, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἔσπουδασα: pf. ἔσπουδάκα: Pass., aor. I ἔσπουδάσθην: pf. ἔσπουδασμαι: (σπουδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδασιολόγῳ, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαῖο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαῖος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαῖος, α, ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαῖος εἰς ὄψιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος. Hence

σπουδαῖως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

σπουδ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (σπονδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπουδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδάσμα, ατος, τό, (σπονδάζω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπονδάζω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (σπονδάζω) a zealous supporter.

σπουδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῇ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῆν.

II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἄξιος worth pains: dat. σπουδῇ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, barely. 2. σπουδαί in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries.

III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῇ, in earnest, seriously.

IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπύριδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίς, a hand-basket. [ῥ]

σπυρίς, ἶδος, ἥ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

στάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα τῆς ἀνθεμονυγοῦ, periphr. for honey.

στάγων, ὄνος, ἥ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδιος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχε σταδία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἵστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ᾶ]

σταδιοδραμεῖν, irreg. fut. of σταδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race.

From

στάδιον-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ᾶ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά;—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὀργυιαί, i.e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ⅓ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος, 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεῖν ἢ σταδίων λαλιώτερος more talkative by a mile and more.

II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race: ἐύλιπον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (ἵστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδὴν ὁσμήν a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΖΩ, fut. στάξω: aor. 1 ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil.

II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κῆρα ἰδρώτι to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e.g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἵστημι;—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ᾶ]

σταθερός, ᾶ Ion. ἥ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῇ), the solid earth.

σταθευτός, ἥ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

σταθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἵστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

σταθμός, f. ἥσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass. with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured.

II. σταθμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἔσταθησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἥ, (ἵστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρά στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἱ: (ἵσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles.

II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμὸν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμὸν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμός, f. ὥσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἔσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταῖν, ἥς, ἡ, aor. 2 opt. of ἵστημι.

σταῖμεν, σταῖτε, σταῖεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταίητε, σταίησαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΣ or σταῖς, τό, gen. σταίως, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

στασίτινος, ἡ, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἥ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἥ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (στάλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σά]

στάλαγμα, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dripping, dripping: also = σταλάγμα, a drop.

σταλάσσω, f. ἔσω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἶδος, ἥ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταῖν or σταῖς, ἶνος, ἥ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσι: (ἵστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱκρία ἀραρὶν θαμέσι σταμίνεσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἥ, (ἵστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσταν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἵστημι.

σταξέμεν, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἥ, (στάζω) a dripping.

στάς, στάσας, στάν, aor. 2 part. of ἵστημι.

σῆσάξω, f. ἄσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τυνᾶ against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

σῆσι-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἄρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στασιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition.
στασιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάζω) seditious.
στάσιμος, ὄν, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.
στάσις [ᾱ], εὼς, ἡ, (ίσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσις τοῦ νότου, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, ἐς, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.
στάσι-ωρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better **στασι-ωρος**, ὁ, (στάσις, ὥρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στασιώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence
στασιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσκε, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.
στασώ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.

στατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετράδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Darics, στατήρες Δαρεικοί, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατίζω, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στάτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing: στατός ἵππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατὸν ὕδωρ standing water.

σταύ, see Σ, σ.
σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνης, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νῶς.

σταυρο-φόρος, ὄν, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.
σταυρώ, f. ὥσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταυρώμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταυρώσις, ἡ, (σταυρώ) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

στάφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΨΤ-ΑΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφυλή, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταφυλὴ ἐπὶ νῶτον ἵσαι horses matched in height by the level.

στάφυλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes.
στάφυλο-κλοπίης, ὄν, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχυ-τόμος, ὄν, (στάχυς, τεμῆν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυ-τρόφος, ὄν, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχυ-φόρος, ὄν, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχῦ-μήτηρ, ὄρος, ἡ, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυό-θριξ, -τρίχως, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυς, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυο-στέφανος, ὄν, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, ὁ: pl nom. and acc. στάχυες, -as, contr. στάχῦς:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [—]

στιάρ, τό, gen. στέαρος [as trochee], contr. **στήρ**, στήρως, (ἵστημι):—bard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾱ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof. II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανῶς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely.

στεγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house.

στεγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστός, verb. Adj. of στεγάζω, one must cover.

στεγαστής, ἰδος, ἡ, (στεγάζω) fem Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στεγαστρον, τό, (στεγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in plur., like Lat. tecta, a bouse, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγας at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, watertight.

στεγνο-φυής, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εὺς, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a bouse. 2. as urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΤΩ, f. ξω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι ships not watertight. 2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med.,

στέγεσθαι ὑβρίους to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret.

III. to hold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΙΒΩ, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 ἐστίβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον ἐν βύθροισιν εἶματα they tread on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορόν στεῖβειν to tread a measure, dance: to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.

στεῖλα, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στελεῖα Ion. -εῖη, ἡ, (στέλλω) the bole for the handle of an axe. Hence

στελεῖόν, τό, the handle or bevel of an axe fitted into the στελεῖα.

στεν-αὔχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός Ion. for στενός, αὔχην) narrow-necked.

στενó-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενó-πορος.

στενός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στενός, εος, τό, (στεῖνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στενός οδοῦ a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στενόνω, (στενός) Ion. for στενόνω, = στείνω.

στείνω, (στενός) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στεν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός.

στεῖομεν, Ep. for στῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στεῖρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στεῖρα, ἡ, pecul. fem. of στεῖρος, barren.

στεῖρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΨΧΩ, f. στείψω: aor. I ἔστειψα: aor. 2 ἔστειπον:—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato,

στείχειν ὁδόν to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στεῖω, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στελεῖα Ion. εἴ, ἡ, = στελεῖη.

στελεόν, τό, = στελεῖόν, a handle. Hence

στελεώω, f. ὥσω, to fit with a handle or haft.

στελεχ-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχος, τεμῖν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχόω, f. ὥσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεῖν.

στεῖλω: fut. στελῶ Ep. στελεῖω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἔσταλμαι: plqpf. ἐστάλην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στείλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στείλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. II. to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel. 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth. III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα to send for one.

IV. as a nautical term, ἱστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στελμωνία, αἱ, (τελωνών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a sbrine decked with chaplets.

στεμματόω, f. ὥσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω=στέβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στέναγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάω) a groan, moaning.

στεναγμός, ἡ, (στενάω) a groaning, moaning.

στενάω, f. ἄω, Frequentat. of στενάω, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αὔχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός, αὔχην) narrow-necked.

στεναχίζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενάχω [ᾱ], lengthd. form for στενάω, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fullness. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχη, ον, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler.

στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait.

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet:—τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στενός, ἡ, ὄν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενόν the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἡ, a narrow strip of land. II.

metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στενίτερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence

στενός Ion. στείνος, εος, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενότερος, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στεν-, ἡτος, ἡ, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ἡσω, (στενός, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ἡ, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph. straits, difficulty, distress.

στενῶν, *ῥ. ὥσω*, (στενός) *to make narrow.*

Στένωρ, *ῥ. ὥσω*, *Stenor*, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, *a Stenor.*

στενυγρός, *ῥ. ὥν*, Ion. for στενός, *narrow.*

στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) *to sigh, groan, moan.* 2. transit. *to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.*

στεν-ωπός Ion. στεν-ωπός, *ὥν*, (στένος, ὥψ) *made narrow, straitened, strait, confined*, Lat. *arctus.* 2. as Subst., στενωπός, *ῥ. ὥν*, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. *angiportus.*

στεπτός, *ῥ. ὥν*, (στέφω) *crowned.*

στεργήθρον, τό, (στεργῶ) *a love-charm.* II. *love, affection, regard.*

στεργήμα, *ἄτος*, τό, (στεργῶ) *a love-charm.*

ΣΤΕΡΓΟΝ, Dor. for στεργονα, part. fem. of

ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, *ῥ. ῥ. ὥν*: aor. I ἔστεργα: pf. 2 *στεργα*: Pass., aor. I ἔστεργχην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—*to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people.* II. *to be fond of, like, be pleased with.* III. *to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc.* IV. *to pray, beg, entreat that . . . c. acc. et inf.*

ΣΤΕΡΕΟΨ, *ἄ, ὥν*, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. *rigidus.* 2. metaph. *stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel.* II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; στερέος ἀριθμός *a cubic number.* Hence

στερεότης, *ῥ. ὥν*, stiffness, firmness.

στερεό-φρων, *ἄτος*, ὥ, ῥ. (στερέω, φρήν) *hard or firm of soul, stubborn-beated.*

στερέω, *ῥ. ὥσω*, (στερέω) *to make firm or strong: to confirm.*

στερέσαι, aor. I inf. of στερέω.

ΣΤΕΡΕΩ, fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: aor. I ἔστερησα, Ep. inf. στερῆσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, στερουμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστερήθην, ἐστερήμαι:—*to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything.* II. *to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.*

στερέωμα, *ἄτος*, τό, (στερέω) *a solid body.* 2. *a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness.* 3. *the firmament of heaven.*

στερεώς, Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.

στέρημα, *ἄτος*, τό, (στερέω) *that which is taken away, plunder, booty.*

στέρησις, *ῥ. ὥν*, (στερέω) *privation, loss.*

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.

στερίσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στερίφος, *ῥ. ὥν*, = στερεός, στερεός, firm, hard, solid.

II. unfruitful: of women, barren.

στερκτός, *ῥ. ὥν*, verb. Adj. of στέργω, *to be loved, lovely.*

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, τό, the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.

στερνο-τύπης, ἑς, (στέρνων, τυπῆναι) *of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast.* Hence

στερνοτύπια, *ῥ. ὥν*, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. *planctus.*

στερν-ούχος, *ὥν*, (στέρνων, ἔχω) *with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.*

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, Pass., aor. 2 ἔστερην:—collat. form of στέρομαι, *to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want*, Lat. *carere.*

στεροπή, *ῥ. ὥν*, = ἀστεροπή, ἀστραπή, *a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.*

στεροπ-ηγερέτα, ὁ, (στεροπή, ἀγέλω) *Aeol. for στεροπηγερέτης, collector of lightning.*

Στερόπη, *ὥν*, ὁ, (στεροπή) *Lightner*, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στεροῦ, *ὥν*, ὁ, ῥ. (στεροπή) *lightning, flashing, dazzling.*

στερρο-γυιος, *ὥν*, (στερρός, γυῖον) *strong-limbed.*

στερρός, *ἄ, ὥν*, also ὅς, ὥν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen.

II. of countries, hard, stony, barren, Lat. *sterilis.* III. stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, τό, *a hide, skin.*

ΣΤΕΡΩ, see στέρομαι.

στερῶς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

στέυμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στέυται, στέυτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στέυνται: (ἔστηται):—*to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.*

στεφανένται, Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.

στεφάνη [ἄ], *ῥ. ὥν*, (στέφω) *anything that encircles, the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet.* II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a head-dress.

III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a hill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφανήπλοκός, *ῥ. ὥν*, (στεφανήπλοκος) *to plait wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφανήπλοκον, τό, the wreath-market. From

στεφανή-πλόκος, *ὥν*, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) *plaiting wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφάνηφόρος, *ῥ. ὥν*, (στεφανήφόρος) *to wear a wreath or chaplet.* Hence

στεφάνηφορία, *ῥ. ὥν*, the wearing a wreath of victory.

II. the right of wearing a crown.

στεφάνη-φόρος, *ὥν*, (στεφάνη, φέρω) *wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; ἄγων στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown.* II.

στεφανηφόροι, *οἱ*, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφάνίζω, *ῥ. ὥν*: Dor. aor. I ἔστεφάνιζα: (στέφανος) *—to crown.*

στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνισκος, ὁ, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνιτης [ῥ], *ὥν*, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (στέφανος) *of*

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ὁ, (στέφω) that which encircles; στεφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war. II. a crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κότινός) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὦσω: pf. act. ἔστεφάνωκα, pass. ἔστεφάναμαι: (στέφανος):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νήσον πόντος ἔστεφάνονται the sea lies round about the island. II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν ἐπαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself, win a crown. 2. to crown, honour. III. in

Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ωδης, ἐς, (στέφανος, εἶδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στέφανω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στέφανως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἔστεφα: Pass., aor. I ἔστη-φθην: pf. ἔστημαι:—to put round as a crown. II. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to honour.

στέμμεν, Ion. for στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στήρης, στήη, Ep. for στῆς, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

στήθο-μελής, ἐς, (στήθος, μέλος) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pectus. II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στέρνον.

στήνω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατὰ τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post: the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta: —Στήλαι Ἡρακλῆϊαι the pillars of Hercules.

στήλιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [?] στήλιεῦ, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στήλιτις [?] ου, ὁ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμενα, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στημορ-ράγιω, f. ἦτω, (στήμων, ραγήναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στητός, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2.=Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στηριγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἵσω: aor. I ἔστηριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἔστηριχθην: pf. ἔστηρικται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἔστηρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήρη or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήσοι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στιβᾶρος, ἁ, ὄν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρότερος. Adv. -πῶς, closely.

στιβάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στιβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στιβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω):—to tread, walk upon; πᾶν ἐστίβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.

στίβη [?] ἡ, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [?] ὁ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; κατὰ

στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματήφορῶ, to bear brand-marks. From στιγματή-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

thematical point, Lat. *punctum*.

join, title: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ΄ΖΩ, f. στίζω. aor. I ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἔστιγμαi, inf. ἔστιγθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: στίγματα στίζειν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίζειν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. 3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίζω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χρους, ὄν, contr. -χρους, οὖν, (στικτός, χρός) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; στίλβειν ἀστράπας to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΛΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στιχός, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, εὖς, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεὺν στίφος the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ὅ, ἄν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχο-αἰδός, ὅ, (στίχος, αἶδω) a verse-maker, poet. στίχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχάω, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἔστιχῶντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἶ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ὄν, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses. στίχος [ῥ], ὅ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχός, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees.

II. a line of writing, a verse. στίχες, ῥῃς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΑΕΓΙ΄Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἵστυμ) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*.

II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn. 2. ἡ βασιλείος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεὺς sat. 3. the Poecilé, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up. II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοιός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχείον, τό, Dim. of στοίχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

2. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχείω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγόρεύω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος, ἄγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὅ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file. II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ὄν, ὅ, (στόλος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body. II. as Subst., στολάς, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδώνω, f. ὥσω, (στολός) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδωμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολιδύω, folded, banded in folds.

στολιζώ, f. ἴσω, (στολός) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολός, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρῶν στολίδες garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολιζώ) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὅ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὅ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ἰδίῳ στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῷ στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey. 3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρόπας στόλος all the people. II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os, oris*; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πτολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory;

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἕξ ἑνὸς στόματος, with one voice, all at once. II. the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a chasm or cleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμα-ργος Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στοματ-ουργός, ὄν, (στόμα, *ἐργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ὁ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt. III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομόω, f. ὥσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaphor. to steel, harden.

στομφάω, f. ἄσω, (στόμφος) to rant, mouth: metaphor. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ὁ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομώω) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ἡ, (στομώω) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much moulting or sharpness of tongue.

στοναῶ, f. ἦσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναχή, ἡ, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στονός) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στονός, ὁ, (στενώ) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στόνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ἡ, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ short. στόρνυμι, by metaphor.

σπρῶννυμι and σπρωννύω: fut. σπορέσω Att. σπορῶ, also σπρώσω: aor. I ἐσπόρεσα, also ἐσπρωσα: pf. pass. ἐσπρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος σπορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, ὁδὸν μωπρήσῃσι σπορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; ὁδὸν σπορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

σπορέσαι, aor. I inf. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορσεύντι, Dor. for σπορέουσι, 3 pl. fut. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορσεύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (σπορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

σπορνύμι, a later form of σπορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, shrewd, sagacious. Adj. -κῶς.

ΣΤΟ ΧΟΣ, ὁ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγεύω, f. σω, (σπράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγίζομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγουρία, ἡ, (σπράγξ, οὔρεω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩ, fut. σπράγξω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

στράγξ, ἡ, gen. στραγγός, (σπράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (στρατός, ἀρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατάω, (στρατός) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατώντο.

στρατεία Ion. -ήνη, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείαις εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἰκοὶ καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείαις, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στρατεία, ἡ, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva.

στρατεύμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στρατεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στρατεύσις, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτόν, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στρατεύω, f. σω, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστρατεύμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στρατηγείον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον.

στρατηγέω, f. ἦσω, (στρατηγός) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στρατήγιμα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στρατηγία Ion. -ία, ἡ, (στρατηγός) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στρατηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στράτηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. *scientia rei militaris*. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. —κώς, like a general.

στράτηγικον, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. *praetorium*: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = **στρατόπεδον**, a camp.

στράτηγίς, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general: πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στράτ-ηγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. At Athens, οἱ στρατηγοὶ were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. **στρατηγός ὑπατος** the Roman Consul: στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

στρατηγή, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.
στρατῆλας Ion. —λη, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From
στρατηλάτεις, f. ἦσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στρατιά Ion. —λη, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: easily bent or twisted, pliant. II. στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = **στρατόρχης**, a general.
στρατίος, ου, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: **στράτιον** as Adv., valiantly.

στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

στράτιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλῆθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικῶς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στράτιωτις, ἰδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτὶς (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ἦσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πεδεία, ἡ, and
στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. **στρατοπεδεύομαι**, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτο-πεδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: **Στρατόπεδα**, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στρατ-ωνίδης, ου, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from **Στρατ-ώνης** (στρατός, ὠνέομαι) a dealer in armies.

στράφεις, **στράφῃναι**, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted.

στρεβλώω, f. ὥσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος, ἡ, ου, (στρέφω, αἶγλη) whirling-bright.

στρεπτήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; **στρεπτός χιτὼν** a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., **στρεπτός** (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. *torques*: **στρεπτά**, τά, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; **στρεπτή γλῶσσα** a glib, pliant tongue. III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ου, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. *torquatus*.

στρενύομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕ΄ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I **ἐστρέφα** Ep. **στρέφα**: pf. **ἔστροφα**:—Pass., aor. I **ἐστρέφθην** Dor. **ἐστράφθην**: aor. 2 **ἐστράφην** [ἄ]: pf. **ἔστραμμα**.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἵππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, *to revolve, circle*.

2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι to twist about*, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, *to shuffle, evade*; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion*.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεσθαι τινος to turn oneself to, attend to*.

II. *to attach oneself, stick close, adhere*.

III. *of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated*.

IV. *to roam about*: of things, *to be rife*.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*.

στρέψας, εως, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning, twisting*.

στρεψο-δικέω, f. ἤσω, (*στρέφω, δίκη*) *to twist or pervert justice*.

στρεψοδικο-πανουργία, ἡ, (*στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία*) *cunning villany in the perversion of justice*.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗ Σ, ἐς, *rough, barsh, grating*.

στρηνιάω, f. ἄσω [*ᾶ*], (*στρήνως*) *to riot, to wax wanton*.

στρήνως, εως, τό, (*στρήνης*) *excess of strengtb : insolence, wantonness*.

στριβιλίγξ, Comic word, *the very least fraction or particle*.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of *τρίζω*, *to cry in a shrill tone, to scream*.

στροβέω, f. ἤσω, (*στρόβος*) *—to spin or whirl about like a top : to make giddy, dizzy* *—Pass.*, with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι*, *to spin round and round*. Hence

στροβητός, ἡ, ὄν, *whirled round or about*.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἴω, (*στρόβιλος*) *to twist about*.

στρόβιλος, ὁ, (*στροβέω*) *anything which whirls round or spins : a top*; hence, from likeness of shape, *a fir-cone, pine-cone*.

2. *a whirlwind*.

3. *a whirling dance, pirouette*.

στροβιλός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στροβέω*) *spinning, whirling*.

στροβιλώδης, ἐς, (*στρόβιλος, εἶδος*) *like a pine-cone*.

στροβός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a whirling round*.

στρογγύλλω, (*στρογγύλος*) *to round off : to twirl*.

στρογγύλος [*ῥ*], ἡ, ον, (*στράγγω*) *round, rounded*;

στρογγύλη ναῦς *a merchant ship, from its round shape*, opp. to the long ship of war (*μακρὰ ναῦς*), *Lat. navis longa*.

II. metaph. *well-rounded, neat, terse*.

στρομβέω, f. ἤσω, (*στρόμβος*) *= στροβέω, to whirl*.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (*στρομβέω*) *spinning like a ball*.

στρομβός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *anything whirled round, a top*.

2. *a spiral shell*.

στρουθείος, α, ον, (*στρουθός*) *of or for small birds : στρουθειον μῆλον a quince*.

στρουθιον, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, *a young sparrow*.

ΣΤΡΟΤΘΩ Σ, ὁ, also ἡ, (*στρουθός*) *any small bird, esp. a sparrow*.

II. *any bird, as an eagle* *—ὁ μέγας στρουθός the large bird, the ostrich, called στρουθός κατάγαιος from its running along the ground : also simply στρουθός (ἡ)*.

στροφαίος, α, ον, (*στροφή*) *cunning, versatile ; also (from στροφεύς) standing at the door-post : —name of Mercury, in both senses*.

στροφάλιγξ, ἰγγος, ἡ, (*στροφάλιζω*) *a whirl, eddy*. [*ᾶ*]

στροφαλίζω, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω*, *to turn quickly*; *ἡλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle*.

στροφάδς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *whirling, circling ; ἀρκετον στροφάδες κέλευθοι the Bear's circling paths*.

στροφεῖον, τό, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted noose, cord*.

2. *a wooden windlass*.

στροφεύς, εως, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *one of the vertebrae*.

II. *the socket in which the pivot of a door moves ; cf. στροφίγξ*.

στροφίγξ, = *στρέφω* : esp. *to have the colic*.

στροφή, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning : a turning round, circling, rolling*.

2. *a twist, a slippery trick*.

3. *in Music, a twist or turn*.

II. *the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα* : hence also *the song sung during this evolution, the strophé*, to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

στροφίγξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *the pivot or axle on which a body turns*.

2. *στροφίγγες were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges ; cf. στροφεύς*.

3. *στροφίγξ γλώττης*, of *a well-hung tongue*.

στροφίον, τό, Dim. of *στροφός*, *a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast*.

στροφίς, ιος, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler*.

στροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = *στροφίον*, *a band, girdle*.

στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (*στροφός, δινέομαι*) *to wheel eddying round*, of birds.

στροφός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted band, a belt : a cord, rope*.

2. *a swaddling-band*.

II. *a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina*.

Στρυμόνιος Ion. —*ἡς*, ὁ, *a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind*.

Στρυμόνιος, α, ον, of the Strymon. From

Στρυμών, ὄνος, ὁ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

στρυφνός, ὄν, (*στρύφω*) *sour, barsh, austere, morose*.

II. metaph. *sour, barsh, austere, morose*.

στρώμα, ατος, τό, (*στρώννυμι*) *anything spread out for lying or sitting upon : in pl. the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula*.

στρωμαῖο-δεσμον, τό, (*στρώμα, δεσμός*) *a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes*.

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (*στρώμα, φύλαξ*) *one who has the care of the bedding*.

στρωμνή, ἡ, *a bed spread out : a bed, mattress, bedding*.

From

στρώννυμι and *στρωννύω*, f. *στρώσω*, formed by metath. from *στρόννυμι, στροέννυμι* : v. *στροέννυμι*.

στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of *στρώννυμι*.

στρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στρώννυμι*) *spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture*.

στρωφάω, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *τρῶπάω* for *τρέπω* *—to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding : —Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place*.

στῦγ-άνωρ [*ᾶ*], ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στυγέω, ἀνῆρ*) *hating the man or men in general*.

στυγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. bearing malice or bated towards a man.

στυγερ-ώπης, es, and **στυγερ-ώπός**, ὄν, (στυγερός, ὦψ) *with hateful look*: *bateful*.

στυγερῶς, Adv. of **στυγερός**, *to one's sorrow, miserably*.

στυγέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I **ἔστύγησα**: also (as if from **στύγω**), aor. I **ἔστυξα**, opt. **στύξαιμι**: aor. 2 **ἔστῳγον**: fut. 2 pass. **στυγήσομαι**: (στύγος):—*to bate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than **μισέω**, *to express abhorrence*. II. *to make hateful or horrid*.

Hence

στυγήμα, atos, τό, *a bated object, abomination*. [ῥ]

στυγήτρός, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, loathed*: *bateful*.

Στύγιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (**Στύξ**) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian*. II. = **στυγητός**. [ῥ]

στυγνάζω, f. ἄσω, (στύγνος) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance*.

στυγνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abhorred, bateful, hostile*. II. *sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis*:—neut., **στυγνόν** as Adv., *gloomily*.

στυγνώω, f. ἄσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*:—Pass. *to be or become gloomy*.

στυγό-δεμνος, ov, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) *bating the marriage-bed*.

στύγος, eos, τό, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror*. II. *an object of hatred, an abomination*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΓΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a pillar*: also, 2. *a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship*.

στυλός, f. ὥσα, (στυλός) *to support with pillars*.

στύμα [ῥ], atos, τό, Aeol. for **στόμα**.

ΣΤΥΓΞ, ἡ, gen. **Στύγός**, *the Styx, i. e. the Hateful*, *Horrible*, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths. II. *that which is bated, an abomination*.

στύξαιμι, aor. I opt. of **στυγέω**.

στυπείον or **στυππιείον**, τό, like **στύπη**, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or balter made of it*.

στυπείο-πώλης or **στυππ-**, ov, ὁ, (στυπείον, πωλέω) *a hemp or rope-seller*.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ἡ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp*. [ῥ]

στύπος, eos, τό, (στύφω) *a stem, stump, Lat. stipes*: also *a stick*. [ῥ]

στυπηρία Ion. -λή (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπητήριος, α, ov, (στύφω) *binding, astringent*.

στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of **στυράξ**. [ᾱ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax*. [ῥ]

στυφελιγμός, ὁ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*; generally, *ill-usage*. From

στυφελίζω, f. ξω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat*.

στυφελός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (στύφω) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid*. 2. metaph. *barb, crabbed, cruel*.

στυφλός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, shortd. from **στυφελός**, *hard, rugged*. 2. *rough, stern*.

στυφό-κόπος, ov, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick*.

στυφώ, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., **χείλεα στυφθεῖς** *having one's lips drawn in*. [ῥ]

στωά, ἡ, Dor. for **στοά**.

στωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico*. II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: **Στωικός**, ὁ, *a Stoic*.

στωμύλλω, = **στωμύλλω**. Hence

στωμύλλα, ἡ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip*.

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ov, ὁ, (στωμύλια, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger*.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. **στωμύλλομαι**, (στωμύλος) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse*.

στωμύλμα, atos, τό, = **στωμύλια**, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer*.

στωμύλος, ov, (στόμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥ Dor. **ΤΥ**, Lat. **TU**, **THOU**; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. **τύνῃ**:—gen. **σοῦ**, dat. **σοί**, acc. **σέ**, enclit. **σου, σοι, σε**. There are also Ep. forms of gen. **σεῦ**, **σέο**, **σεῖο**, **σέθεν**, enclit. **σευ, σεο**: Dor. **τεῦ**, rarely **τέο**, lengthd. **τεοῦ** and **τεοῖο**: Aeol. and Dor. **τεῖς**, **τεοῦς**.—Ion. and Ep. dat. **τοί**; Dor. **τεῖν** and **τίν**.—Dor. acc. **τέ**, enclit. **τυ**.—Dual **σφῶν**, **σφῶ**: gen. and dat. **σφῶνιν**, **σφᾶν**: pl. **ὕμεις**, **ὕμῶν**, **ὕμιν** or **ὕμιν**, **ὕμας**, Ep. **ὕμεας**.

συ-αγρесьα, ἡ, (σὺς, ἄγρα) *a boar-hunt*.

σύ-αγρος, ὁ, (σὺς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars*.

Συβαρίζω, f. ἰσῶ, *to live like a Sybarite, i. e. luxuriously, effeminately*. From

Σύβαρις [ῥ], gen. **εως**, Ion. **ιος**, ἡ, *Sybaris*, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

Συβαρίτης [ῥ], ov, ὁ, (**Σύβαρις**) *a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary*.

Συβαρίτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (**Σύβαρις**) *of or like to Sybaris*.

Συβαρίτις, ἰδος, fem. of **Συβαρίτης**, *a woman of Sybaris*.

σὺβήνη, ἡ, *a flute-case*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σὺ-βόσιον, or rather **σὺ-βοσειον**, τό, (σὺς, βόσχω) *a herd of swine*. II. *a pigsty*.

Σύ-βοτα [ῥ], τά, (σὺς, βόσχω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite; originally, swine-pastures*.

σὺ-βότης and **σὺ-βώτης**, ov, ὁ, (σὺς, βόσχω) *a swineherd*.

σύν-γάμος, ov, (σύν, γαμέω) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst., **σύγγαμος**, ὁ, ἡ, *a bus-*

band or wife. 2. *sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.*

συγγείτων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on.*
συγγελάω, *φ. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.*

συγγένεια, *ἡ, (συγγενής) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin.* 2. *kinsfolk, kin, family.*

συγγενέσθαι, *αορ. 2 inf. of συγγίγνομαι.*
συγγενέτις, *ἡ, a common mother: fem. of*

συγγενέτης, *ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.*
συγγενής, *ἐς, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn.*

II. *of the same stock, descent or family, akin: οἱ συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενές, = συγγένεια, kin, relationship.* 2. *metaph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.*

συγγενικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kinsmen.* Adv. *-κῶς, like kinsfolk.*

συγγέρων, *οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρων) a fellow in old age.*
συγγεωργέω, *φ. ἴσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From*

συγγεωργός, *ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.*

συγγηθῶ, *φ. ἴσω, to rejoice with.*
συγγηράσκω, *φ. -άσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old together with.*

σύν-γηρος, *ον, (σύν, γήρας) growing old together.*
σύν-γίγνομαι later *-γίνομαι [ῖ]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—to be with, hold communication or associate with, live with, hold intercourse with, converse with.*

2. *to come to assist.* 3. *absol. to come together, meet.*

σύν-γινώσκω later *-γινώσκω: f. συγγνώσσομαι: aor. 2 συνέγνω: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree.*

II. *to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, allow.*

III. **συγγινῶναι** *ἐαυτῷ, to be conscious.* IV. *to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.*

σύγγοις, *ἡ, = συγγνώμη.*
συγγνώμη, *ἡ, (συγγινῶναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.*

συγγνωμονικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (συγγινῶναι) inclined to make allowance, indulgent.* II. *of things, pardonable.*

συγγνωμοσύνη, *ἡ, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From*

συγγνώμων, *ον, γεν. ονος, (συγγινῶναι) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent.* II. *pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.*

συγγινῶναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of συγγινώσκω.*
συγγνωστός, *ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of συγγινώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.*

σύν-γονος, *ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn.* 2. *connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.*

σύγγραμμα, *ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) ibat which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.*

συγγραφεύς, *ἔως, ὁ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author.*

II. **συγγραφεῖς**, *οἱ, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.*

συγγραφή, *ἡ, (συγγράφω) a writing or noting down.* II. *that which is written, a book, a history.*

2. *a written contract, a covenant, engagement.*

III. *work done by contract.*

συγγραφικός, *ἡ, ὄν, given to writing history. From*

συγ-γράφω, *φ. ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe.* II. *to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc., πόλεμον συγ-γράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose.*

III. *to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract.*

2. *to draw up a resolution.* IV. *to paint by contract.*

συγ-γυμνάζω, *φ. ᾶσω, to exercise with.*
συγ-καθαίρω *Ion. -καταίρω, φ. ἴσω: aor. 2*

συγκαθελόν:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγ-καθαροῦζω, *φ. σω, to join in arranging or burying.*

συγ-καθέζομαι, *fut. -καθεδούμαι: Med.:—to sit with or together.*

συγ-καθέρω *Ion. συγ-κατείρω, to shut up or enclose with others.*

συγ-καθέλω, *φ. -ελκύω [ῶ]: aor. I -είλκυσσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ἔλκω):—to drag down, destroy with.*

συγ-καθεύδω, *φ. ἴσω, to sleep with.*

συγ-κάθημαι, *properly pf. of συγκαθίζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.*

συγ-καθίζω, *φ. ἴσω, to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation.*

II. *intr. also in Act. to sit with.*

συγ-καθίμι, *φ. -καθήσω, to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.*

συγ-καθίστημι, *φ. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.*

συγ-καίω *Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: fut. -καύσω:—to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.*

συγ-κακοπαθεῶ, *φ. ἴσω, to suffer with or together.* II. *to feel with or for any one in suffering.*

συγ-κακοιουχέωμαι, *Pass. (σύν, κακονυχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.*

συγ-κάλειω, *φ. ἔω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself.*

2. *to call together, invite to a feast.*
συγκαλυπτός, *α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and*

συγκαλυπτός, *ἡ, ὄν, covered, enveloped. From*

συγκάλυπτο, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, shroud:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγκάμνω, f. κάμνυμαι: aor. 2 —ἐκάμην:—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ἡ, (συγκάμπτω) a joint.

συγκάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγκασυγνήτη, ἡ, one's own sister.

συγκάσις, ιος, ὅ, and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγκαβαίνω, f. —καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 —κατέβην: pf. —καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to condescend.

συγκαβάλλω, f. —καταβάλλω: aor. 2 —κατέβαλον:—to pay down together.

συγκατάβασις, ἡ, (συγκαβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation.

συγκαταγρᾶσκω, f. —γρᾶσσομαι [ᾱ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγκάτω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγκαταδάρθάνω, aor. 2 —κατέδαρθον, to sleep with.

συγκαταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγκαταδουλώ, f. ὦσω, to join in enslaving.

συγκαταδύνω and —δύω: aor. 2 —κατέδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγκαταεύνυμι, f. —ξέζω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταξέζαι τινα ἄνθρωπον to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγκαθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγκαταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγκαταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγκαταίθω, to burn all together.

συγκαταίνω, f. ἔσω or ἦσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγκάτινος, ον, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγκαιρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρω.

συγκακαίω Att. —κάω [ᾱ]: f. —καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγκάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγκακαίω Ion. —κλήω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγκακαλίνω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγκακακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγκακακτόμαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγκατακτείνω, f. —κτενῶ, to slay with or together.

συγκαλαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγκαλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγκαλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to help to depose.

συγκαμίνυνμι and —ύω, f. —μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγκαμῶ, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγκαναυμάχew, f. ἦσω, to assist in conquering.

συγκανάνεω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγκαταπλήμην, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγκαταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγκαταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγκαταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγκατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγκατασκεδάννυμι, f. —σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγκατασκηνόω, f. ὦσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγκατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγκατασπάω, f. —σπάω [ᾱ], to pull down together. II. to gulp down together.

συγκαστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγκατάσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκαταθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγκατατίθημι, f. —θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγκατατίθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγκατατρώγω, aor. 2 —έτρωγον, to eat up together.

συγκαταφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγκαταφειδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγκαταψηφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγκάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, ἔμι βο) to go down with.

συγκαιρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρω.

συγκαιεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. —είργασμαι: Dep.:—to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγκατέρχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. —ἦλθον, pf. —εἰλήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγκατεσθίω, f. —έδομαι: aor. 2 —έφαγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγκατεύχομαι, f. —εύσομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to accuse together.

συγκάτημι, Ion. for συγκάθημι.

συγκατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell with or together.

συγκατοικίζω, f. ἴσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγκατοικτίζω, f. ἴσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγκατοῦσσω Att. -πτω, f. ἔω, to bury with.
 συγ-κατῦω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
 συγκέας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.
 σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on; ὁ συγκείμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on; so absol. in neut. gen., συγκείμενον σφι since it had been agreed to by them.
 συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.
 συγκεκλῆμαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγ-κεκλήμαι.
 συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.
 συγκεκράμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.
 συγκεκράμηναι, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράν-νυμι, in a tempered manner.
 συγ-κεκροτημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκρο-τέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.
 συγκεκῦρηκα, pf. of συγκυρέω.
 συγκεκῦφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.
 συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.
 συγ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to pierce or stab together.
 συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέ-κρᾱσα pass. -κέκρᾱμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράθην [ᾶ] Ion. -εκράθη:—to mix together, mingle: to blend to-gether, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-λῶν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.
 συγ-κεραυνόω, f. ὥσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-ounded.
 συγ-κεφαλᾶίω, f. ὥσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.
 συγ-κεχῦμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.
 συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέννυμι.
 συγ-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.
 συγ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move or put in commotion with.
 συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.
 συγ-κλᾶω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμαι:—to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.
 συγκλείσις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From
 συγ-κλείω, f. κλείσω, Ion. συγκλήϊω, f. ἥσω, old Att. ξυγκλήϊω, f. ἥσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion. -κεκλήσμαι or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, en-close. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; συγ-κλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.
 συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
 συγ-κλήϊω, Ion. for συγκλείω.
 συγ-κληρονόμος, ov, a joint-heir.

σύγ-κληρος, ov, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence
 συγ-κληρόω, f. ὥσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.
 σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισις.
 σύγκλητος, ov, (συγκάλω) called together, convened. II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.
 συγκλήϊω, Att. for συγκλείω.
 συγκλινία, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
 συγ-κλίνω [ῖ], f. ἱνῶ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.
 συγ-κλονέω, f. ἥσω, to shake up together, confound.
 σύγ-κλύς, ὅδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.
 συγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence
 συγκοίμημα, atos, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and
 συγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
 συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.
 συγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.
 συγκοινωνέω, f. ἥσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From
 συγ-κοινωνός, ὁ, ὅν, partaking jointly of a thing.
 σύγ-κοιτος, ov, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.
 συγ-κολλάω, f. ἥσω, to glue or stick together. Hence
 συγκολλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.
 σύγ-κολλος, ov, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλας, in accordance with.
 συγκομιδῆ, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, bousing. From
 συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὅργᾳ συγκομίσσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίσσθαι πρὸς ἐαν-τόν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be gained together. II. to help in burying.
 συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncopé, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From
 συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.
 συγ-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to set in order together, ar-range. II. to confer honour on.
 συγ-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.
 σύγκρασις, εως, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing to-gether, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, *ov*, (συγκεράννυμι) *mixed together, blended: closely united.*

συγ-κρίνω [Ὶ], *f.* -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

συγκρίσις, *ῆ*, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συγ-κροτέω, *f.* ἥσω: *pf. pass.* -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands: *absol.* to clap, applaud. II. to beat, hammer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—*Pass.* to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

συγκρούσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, a collision. II. a quarrel. From

συγ-κρούω, *f.* σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγ-κρύπτω, *f.* ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to hide.

συγ-κτάομαι, *f.* -κτῆσθαι, *Dep.* to gain along with, help to acquire.

συγ-κτίζω, *f.* ἴσω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, *ov*, *ὁ*, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκυβευτής, *ov*, *ὁ*, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συγ-κυβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγ-κύκω, *f.* ἥσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συγ-κύλινδεομαι, *Pass.* to roll about or wallow together.

συγ-κύνηγός *Dor.* and *Att.* συγκυνῆγός, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, a fellow-bunter, fellow-buntress.

συγ-κύπτω, *f.* ψω: *pf.* -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay heads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐς-ἐν ἐστί συγκυκνυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγ-κύρνω, *f.* -κυρήσω or -κύρσω: *aor.* I -ἐκύρησα or -έκυρσα: *pf.* -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II. of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: *impers.* συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκυρία, *ῆ*, a coincidence.

συγκυρσίαιαν, 3 pl. *aor.* I opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύγ-κωλος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγ-κωιδῶ, *f.* ἄσω *Dor.* ἄσω, to march together in a κῶμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύγ-κωμος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγ-κωμωδέω, *f.* ἥσω, (σύν, κομωδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συγ-χαίρω, *f.* μέδ. -χαρήσσομαι: *aor.* 2 pass. -ἐχάρην [ᾱ]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχαρήτης, 2 pl. *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω.

συγγέαις, *aor.* I part. of συγχέω.

συγ-χειμάζω, *f.* ἄσω, to winter with or at the same time:—*Pass.* to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, *f.* ἥσω, to bear a hand at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεύαι, *Ep. aor.* I inf. of

συγ-χέω, *f.* -χέω: *aor.* I συνέχεα *Ep.* συνέχεα, inf. συγχέαι: *pf.* -κέχυκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I -εχούην [Ὶ], and 3 sing. *Ep. aor.* 2 pass. σύγχυτο: *pf.* -κέχυμαι: to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συγχορευτής, *ov*, *ὁ*, a partner in a dance. From

συγ-χορεύω, *f.* σω, to dance with.

συγχορηγέω, *f.* ἥσω, to assist in supplying. From

συγ-χορηγός, *ov*, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύγ-χορτος, *ov*, (σύν, χόρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγ-χόω, *Ion.* for συγχάννυμι.

συγ-χράομαι, *f.* -χρήσσομαι, *Dep.* to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύγ-χρως, *ov* contr. -χρως, *ov*, (σύν, χρῶα) of like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [Ὶ], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχυσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (συγχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: a breaking through, violating.

σύγχυτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor.* 2 pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-χωνεύω, *f.* σω, to melt together, to melt down.

συγ-χώννυμι and -ύω: *Ion. pres.* συγχέω, inf. συγχύνω: *f.* συγχύσω: *aor.* I συνέχυσα: *pf. pass.* συνεχύωμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earth, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps, dismantle, demolish.

III. to heap one thing on another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, *f.* ἥσω and ἥσομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. c. acc. rei, to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: *absol.* to agree, acquiesce. 4. *impers.* συγχαρεί, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [Ὶ], Adv. (σέω) with rubbing motion, hurriedly.

σύνειος, *a*, *ov*, (σὺς) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σύνειον hog's lard.

συ-ζάω, inf. συζήην: *f.* -ζήσω;—to live with, live together.

συ-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω: *f.* -ζεύξω *Pass.*, *aor.* 2 συνεζύγη [Ὶ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—*Pass.* to be yoked or coupled with:—*Med.* to yoke for oneself.

συ-ζητέω, *f.* ἥσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

συζήτησις, *ῆ*, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-inquirer: a disputer.
 συ-ζοφῶμαι, Pass. (σύν, ζόφος) to grow dark together.
 συζύγια, ἡ, (συζεύγνυμι) union: a joint. II. a
 yoke or pair of animals.
 συζύγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.
 συζυγίος [ῡ], α, ον, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together,
 joined, united.
 σύζυγος, ον, (συζυγήναι) yoked together, paired,
 united, esp. wedded:—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife:
 but also, σύζυγος, ὁ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.
 σύζυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύζυγος.
 σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together. II. a
 girdle. From
 συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up:—
 Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.
 συ-ζωοπορεύω, f. ἴσω, to quicken at the same time.
 σύθεις, αοι, I pass. part. of σέωω.
 σύθεν, Acol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σέωω.
 σικαῖός, f. ἄσω (συκῆ) to gather ripe figs.
 σικαμίον, τό, the fruit of the σικαμίνος, a mul-
 berry, Lat. morum.
 σικαμίνος, ἡ, the mulberry-tree, Lat. morus.
 σικέα, εἰς, Ion. and Ep. σικῆ, ἔης contr. σικῆ,
 ἡ, ἥ; Ion. gen. pl. σικεῶν: (σύκον):—the fig-tree,
 Lat. ficus.
 σικίδιον, τό, Dim. of σύκον, a small fig.
 σικίλω, f. ἴσω, (σύκον) to fatten with figs.
 σικίνος, η, ον, (σύκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree
 or figs; σύκινον ἔξλον the wood of the fig-tree. II.
 metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σικίνοι
 ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows: also with allu-
 sion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.
 σικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συκῆ) a slip or cutting from a fig-
 tree, a young fig-tree.
 σικόλογος, f. ἴσω, to gather figs. From
 σίκο-λόγος, ον, (σύκον, λέγω) gathering figs.
 σίκο-μορέα, ἡ, = συκομορος.
 σικτό-μορος, ἡ, (σύκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an
 Egyptian kind, called also συκαμνος ἡ Αἰγυπτία.
 ΣΥΓΚΟΝ, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.
 σίκο-πέδιλος, ὁ, (σύκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of
 fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.
 σίκο-τραγέω, f. ἴσω, (σύκον, τραγείν) to eat figs.
 Hence
 συκοτραγίδης, ον, ὁ, a fig-nibbler.
 συκοφαντεύω, f. ἴσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer:
 c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slan-
 der. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a
 thing: but, συκοφαντεῖν τριάκοντα μῶας to extort 30
 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντεῖν τί τινας
 to extort money from another by false informations.
 Hence
 συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,
 misrepresentation.
 συκο-φάντης, ον, ὁ, (σύκον, φαίνω) properly a fig-
 shewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking
 the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed
 against persons exporting figs from Attica: but used

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser,
 slanderer.
 συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a
 sycophant, false accusation, slander. Hence
 συκοφαντίας, ον, ὁ, the Sycophant-wind.
 συκοφαντικός, ὅς, ὅν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycophant,
 slanderous. Adv. -κῶς.
 συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female
 informer.
 συκοφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for συκοφαντία.
 συκοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry figs. From
 συκο-φόρος, ον, (σύκον, φέρω) carrying figs.
 συκῶς, f. ὥσω, to feed with figs.
 σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλλω.
 σῦλ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἴσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) to carry off as
 booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.
 σῦλασκει, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλλω.
 ΣΥΓΛΑΨΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐσύλησα: Pass., aor. I
 ἐσύληθην: pf. σσύλημαι:—to strip off the arms of
 a slain enemy: c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms
 from a person, or to strip him of his arms: so also c.
 acc. pers. et gen. rei:—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed
 or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to
 strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only,
 to strip off: hence to take away, carry off:—Pass.
 to be taken away or carried off as spoil: generally, to be
 taken away.
 συλεύμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part.
 of σῦλλω.
 σῦλεύω and σῦλέω, collat. forms of σῦλλω, to de-
 spoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud: to trick, cheat.
 σῦλη, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σῦλα, αἶ,
 or σῦλα, τά, (συνάω) the right of seizing the ship or
 cargo of a foreign merchant: the right of seizure,
 right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to
 modern letters of marque.
 σῦληθῆς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σῦλλω.
 σῦλητήρ, ἦρος, and σῦλητωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σῦλλω) a
 robber:—fem. σῦλητέρα.
 συλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβῆ, ἡ, (συλλαβεῖν) that which holds toge-
 ther. II. (from pass.) that which is held together,
 esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; ἐν
 γραμματίων ἐνυλλαβαῖς in written words.
 συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables.
 συλ-ῶ, f. ἴσω, to talk or converse with.
 συλ-λαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι: aor. 2 συνέλῳ, inf.
 συλλαβῶ: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημαι: cf. λαμ-
 βάνω:—to bring together or collect into a body, to
 rally troops. II. to put together, close the
 mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take toge-
 ther, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. IV.
 to comprehend, comprise: of the mind, to comprehend,
 understand. V. to receive all together, to en-
 joy. VI. of a woman, to conceive. VII. c.
 dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a
 thing: absol. to assist: so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

νομαι, to help to take hold of a thing, and so to help, assist.

συν-λέγω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνέλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνελέχην, aor. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνέλειγμαι and συλλέγειμαι:—to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere.—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass., of things, to become customary.

συν-λέκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, ὁ, ἡ, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συνλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συν-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease or come to an end together.

συνληπτέον, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay hold of together.

συνλήπτρια, ἡ, fem. of συλλήπτωρ.

συνλήπτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes hold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συνληφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνληψίς, εως, ἡ, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together. II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension. IV. conception in the womb.

συνλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ἡ, (συνλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συν-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογίματος, α, ον, (συνλέγω) collected from different places.

συλλογισμός, ὁ, (συνλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up. II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συνλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly. II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συν-λοῦμαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συν-λοχίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συν-λυτέω, f. ήσω, to hurt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συν-λυσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συν-λύω, f. ύσω [υ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σύνλον, τό, see σύνλγ.

σύν-όνυξ, ύχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνάω, όνυξ) paring the nails.

συνβαίνειν, aor. 2 opt. of συνβαίναω.

συν-βαίναω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβήναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβάσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβάς: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβάθῃ: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίναω):—to

stand with the feet together.

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist. III. to come together, meet: hence, like συμμίσσω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοῖς to fall in with evils. 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on. 3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting. IV. to fall to one's lot. V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that: so, συμβαίνει εἶναι or γίνεσθαι:—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance. 2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ἦν ξυμβῆ ἡ πείρα if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ἡ, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συν-βάλλω: f. -βάλω: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβάlein: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμην in forms ξύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλημένος:—to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect:—συνβάλλειν ἀσπίδας, to lock, join closely their shields; συνβάλλειν βλέφορα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond:—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ξυμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δέματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful. II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; έχθραν, ἐπιν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc. 2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance. III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; τὸ Βαβυλωνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλέμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοικόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboic. 2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand. IV. Med. to agree upon. V. intr. to come together: to meet, join. 2. to engage, encounter.

συμβαίειν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίναω.

συν-βάσειω, Desiderat. of συμβαίναω, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συν-βάσκειν, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμβασις, εως, ἡ, (συνβαίναω) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβατήριος, *ον*, and συμβατικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) *tending to agreement, conciliatory.*

συμβεβαίω, [ᾶ], *Ion.* for συμβεβηκέναι, *perf. inf. of συμβαίω.*

συμβεβάσθαι, *pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίω.*

συμβέβηκα, *pf. of συμβαίω.*

συμβήναι, *aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίω.*

συμ-βιάζω, *f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time.*

συμ-βιβάζω, *f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of συμβαίω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another.*

II. *to compare, contrast.* III. *to prove.* IV. *to teach, instruct.*

συμ-βιτώ, *f. -βιώσωμαι: aor. 2 συνεβίωv, inf. συμβιώναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.*

συμβιώτης, *ον, ό, one who lives with, a companion.*

συμβλητικός, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβληθείς, *Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβλητός, *ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, comparable.*

συμ-βοάω, *f. -βοήσωμαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, τυνί: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.*

συμβοηθείς, *ή, joint aid or assistance. From*

συμ-βοητέω, *f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.*

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom.* II. *plur. συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent.* 2. *intercourse.*

συμβόλαιος, *α, ον, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.*

συμβολέω, *f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.*

συμβολή, *ή, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together.* II.

(from *Pass.*) *a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end.* 2. *a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering.* 3. *a contribution, subscription:—plur. συμβολαί, αί, contributions to provide a common meal; δειπνέιν άπό συμβολών, Lat. de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence*

συμβολικός, *ή, όν, of or for a contribution or common meal.*

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal.* 2. *σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. tesserae hospitalitatis.* 3. *at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence.* II.

σύμβολα, *τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιέσθαι προς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.*

σύμβολος, *ον, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental.* II. *σύμβολος (sub. οίανός), ό, an augury, omen.*

συμβούλευμα, *ατος, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given.* συμβουλευτός, *α, ον, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon.* 2. *to be advised.*

συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative.* συμβουλευός, *f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. consulere alicui; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing.* II. *Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulere aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.*

συμβουλή, *ή, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given.* II. *a taking counsel, consultation.*

συμβουλία, *ή, = συμβουλή I.*

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) *advice, counsel.* II. *a council.*

συμ-βούλομαι, *fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.*

σύμβολος, *ό, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.*

συμ-βύω, *f. ύσω [ῡ], to cram together.*

συμμαθών, *aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.*

συμμαθητής, *οῦ, ό, (συμμαθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.*

συμ-μαίνομαι: *pf. 2 συμμήμνη: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [ᾶ]:—to rave or be mad along with or together.*

συμ-μανθάνω, *f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—to learn along with one:—ό συμμαθών one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.*

συμ-μάρπτω, *f. ψω, to grasp together.*

συμμαρτύρεω, *f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with: to testify to a thing with another. And*

συμμαρτύρομαι [ῡ], *Dep. = συμμαρτύρεω. From συμμαρτύς, ύπος, ό, ή, a fellow-witness.*

συμμαχέω, *f. ήσω, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence*

συμμαχία *Ion. -ίη, ή, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas έπιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, help.* II. = *οί σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force.*

Hence

συμμαχικός, *ή, όν, of or for alliance; θεοί ξυμμαχικοί the gods invoked at the making of an alliance.*

II. *τὸ συμμαχικόν, = οί σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces.* 2. *a treaty of alliance.*

συμ-μάχης, *ιδος, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied: ή ξυμμαχίς (sub. πόλις), an allied state.* II. *the body of allies.*

συμ-μάχομαι, *f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.*

σύμ-μαχος, *ον, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, ό, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.*

συμμεγνυμαι, *pf. pass. of συμμύγνυμι.*

συμ-μεθέπω, *to sway jointly with.*

συμ-μελετάω, *f. ήσω, to practise with or together.*

συμ-μενω, *f. -μενῶ, to stay together, keep together.*

2. *to boid together, abide, continue.*

συμ-μερίζω, f. σῶ, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μετέχω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ον, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

II. Adv., συμμέτρως ἔχειν to be in proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχάνομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγᾶ, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμιγής, ές, (συμμιγῆναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μιγνύμι or -ύνω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμισσω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person.

II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμιξομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, ον, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμῶμαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμήτης, οὐ, δ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μνησκόμαι, pf. -μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μμνήσκω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμιξαι, aor. I inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, εως, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μόλογος, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μόλη) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαί or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: οἱ ξύμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφῶ. From σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφῶ, f. ῶσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω [ū]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθης) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμπάθω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From συμ-πάθης, ές, (σύν, παθεῖν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθως, Adv. of συμπάθης, sympathetically.

συμ-παίννιζω, f. ήσω, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίξων ἑορτήν μετὰ τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ον, δ, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτηρια.

συμ-παίκτηρ, οπος, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίξω.

συμ-παιστίς, οὐ, δ, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, play-fellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμ-παίστωρ, οπος, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. -παίησω: aor. I -έπαισα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβίω, f. ύσω [ū], to cram in along with.

συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθῶ, f. -θείσομαι, to run along with.

συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακθίζω, f. ήσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμ-παρακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παροκμιζώ, f. σω, to conduct alongside together? of ships, to convey along shore.
 συμ-παρὰκύντω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.
 συμ-παρὰλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take along with.
 συμ-παρὰμένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat.
 συμ-παρὰμείγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in together.
 συμ-παρὰνεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.
 συμ-παρὰνήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.
 συμ-παρὰπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.
 συμ-παρὰπύλλωμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.
 συμ-παρὰσκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.
 συμ-παρὰστᾶν, f. ἴσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From
 συμπαρὰστάτης, ου, δ, (συμπαρίσταται) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.
 συμ-παρὰτάσσομαι Att. -ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.
 συμ-παρὰτηρέω, f. ἴσω, to watch alongside of or together.
 συμ-παρὰτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.
 συμ-παρὰφέρω, f. -πορίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.
 συμ-παρὰφρένω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.
 συμ-παρέμει, inf. παρέμει, (εἰμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.
 συμ-παρέμει, inf. παρέμει, (εἰμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.
 συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθοι, pf. -παρῆλθθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.
 συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.
 συμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with.
 συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.
 συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.
 συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.
 συμ-παροξύνω, f. ὕνω, to provoke together with.
 σύμ-πᾶς Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πάσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.
 συμ-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.
 συμ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together.
 συμ-πάτέω, f. ἴσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-countryman.
 συμ-πέδω, f. ἴσω, to bind together, bind band and foot: metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.
 συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.
 σύμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing.
 συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.
 συμ-πενθῶ, f. ἴσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.
 σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.
 συμ-περαίνω, f. ἄνω, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.
 συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.
 συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.
 συμ-περιέμει, inf. -έναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go about along with.
 συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.
 συμ-περινοστέω, f. ἴσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.
 συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.
 συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.
 συμπεφράσμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι.
 συμπεφύρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.
 συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence
 σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.
 συμ-πιέξω, f. ἴσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.
 συμ-πίνω [ε], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμπεῖν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.
 συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere: σῶμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.
 συμ-πίντω, poet. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέω.
 σύμ-πλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.
 συμπλάσας [ᾶ], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.
 συμπλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I συνέπλᾶσα:—to mould or fashion together, γαῖα out of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.
 συμ-πλάττειν, f. ἤσω, to clasp together.
 σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From συμ-πλέκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνέπλεκην [ᾶ]: pf. συνέπλεγγμαι:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II. Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἔχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.
 συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along with or together.
 συμ-πληγός, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or dashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνάεαι νῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδες.
 συμπληγῆδην, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or dashing together.
 συμ-πληθύνω [ῦ], to multiply together.
 συμ-πληθύω, to help to fill, swell, increase.
 συμ-πληρώ, f. ὥσω, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.
 συμπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, (συμπλέω) an intertwining. II. a close struggle.
 σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέω) entwined, interwoven.
 σύμπλοκος, ον contr. -πλους, ον: (συμπλέω):—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους, ὁ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.
 συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.
 συμ-πνέω, f. -πνέσομαι, to blow or breathe together. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare: συμπνέειν ἑμαῖοις τύχαις to blow with, i. e. be carried along with, sudden blasts.
 συμ-πνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιγέομαι, to throttle: to choke up.
 συμ-ποδίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ὦ, to tie the feet together, bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.
 συμ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to help in doing.
 συμ-ποιμαίνωμαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed together: to herd together.
 συμ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to take part in a war with.
 συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ἤσω, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.
 συμπολίτευω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι: οἱ συμπολιτεύομενοι one's fellow-citizens. From
 συμ-πολίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.
 συμ-πομπέω, f. σω, to accompany in a procession.
 συμ-πονέω, f. ἤσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the knave together.
 συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.
 συμ-πορθέω, f. ἤσω, like συμτέρθω, to help to demolish or lay waste.
 συμ-πορίζω, f. ἰσώ, to help in procuring or providing.
 συμποσία, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.
 συμποσιτο-ἄρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendi.
 συμποσίον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.
 συμποσίτης, ον, ὁ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-companion. Hence
 συμποσιτικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποσιτικός, ὁ, a jolly fellow.
 συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a helper, assistant; συμπρακτῶρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From συμ-πράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω: aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.
 συμ-πρεπής, ἐς, (σύν, πρέπω) beseeching, befitting.
 συμπρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending an embassy.
 συμ-πρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.
 συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.
 συμ-πρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.
 συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.
 συμ-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνανέομαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.
 συμ-προθύμειομαι: f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -προθύμηθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share one's eagerness.
 συμ-προξενέω, f. ἤσω, to help in furnishing with means.
 συμ-προπέμω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.
 σύμπυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together. From
 συμ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.
 συμπτωθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω.
 σύμπτωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.
 σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.
 συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.
 συμ-πύρω, f. ὥσω, to burn up or consume along with or together.
 συμ-ψαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.
 σύμφερον, τό, see συμφέρω II. 3. Hence
 συμφερόντως, Adv. profitably, with expediency.

συμφερότος, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίσω: aor. I συνήνεγκα Ion. -ήνεκα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνένηχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute.

2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρειν κακὰ to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse.

II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage.

2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable expedient.

3. part. συμφέρον, οὔσα, ὄν, useful, expedient: neut. συμφέρον, οὔτος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency.

4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to.

5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out.

III. Pass. συμφερόμαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. συνήνεχθην Ion. συνήνεχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:—to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congregari.

2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with.

3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in.

4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

συμ-φνμι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that...

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [r], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθίτο.

συμ-φθογγος, ὄν, sounding together.

συμ-φίλω, f. ἡσώ, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεικῶ, f. ἡσώ, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ἡσώ, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἡσώ, to join in philosophic study.

συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ἡσώ, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτῶ Ion. -έω: fut. ἡσώ:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοίτησις, ἡ, a going to school together. And συμφοιτητής, οὗ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σῶ, to kill along with or together.

συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together. II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεὺς, ὁ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ἡσώ, to bring together, gather, heap up.

συμφορήσις, εως, ἡ, (συμφορέω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

συμφορος, ὄν, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφέρος, Adv. profitably: συμφέρος ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδην, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I συνεφράσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συνεφράσθην: Dep. I:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἡσώ: aor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together.

II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντιζῶ, f. ἡσώ, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ὄν, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i.e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σύμ-φρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

συμφυῆς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφύω.

συμ-φύης, ἔς, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [v]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ἡσώ, to keep guard along with or together.

2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φύλητις, ὄν, ὁ, ὁ, or from the same tribe, Lat. contribulis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φύλος, ὄν, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ὄν, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused.

From

συμ-φύρω [v]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φυσῶ, f. ἡσώ, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare.

II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φύτευω, f. σῶ, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ὄν, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inborn; σύμφυτος αἰὼν one's natural age; ἔς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ὕσσω: aor. I συνέφυσά:—to make to grow together.

II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφυκα, aor. 2 συνέφυε, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφύεις:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνῶ, f. ἡσώ, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison.

II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφωνίσις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἡ, (σύμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony.

II. sympathy or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ὄν, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician.

II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σῶ, to touch one another.

συν-ψάω, inf. -ψήν: f. -ψήσω: aor. I συνέψα:—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent.
συν-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ώ, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύν-ψηφος, ov, voting with another.
σύμ-ψυχος, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. ΣΥΝ old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—along with, in company with, together with.

2. with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endowed with; σύν ὅπλοις with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σὺ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυπεν γαῖαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.
συν- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by twos. II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into συλ-; before σ into συσ-.

σύν, acc. of σῦς.
συνάγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συναῖω.
συνάγαγον, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συναῖω.
συν-άγγελος, ὁ, a fellow-messenger.
συν-αγείρω: f. -αγερά: aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνάγειρα: Pass., aor. I συνηγέρην, Ep. 3 pl. συναγερθεν:—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them; Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for oneself.

III. συναγείρειν ἑαυτὸν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.
συν-αἰνέω, f. ἥσω, to bring together, to collect.
συν-αγκία, ἡ, (σύν, ἄγκος) = μαγαγκία.
συν-ἀνγύμι, f. -άξω: aor. I συνέαξα:—to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἄγρα) to join in the chase.
συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω.
συν-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. I σύναγα: aor. 2 συνήγαγον: Att. pf. σύνηχα, later συναγῆχα: pf. pass. σύνημαι:—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συνάγειν Ἄρηα, πόλεμον to join battle: also

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine;

συνάγειν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγος, ἑως, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter.
συνάγη, ἡ, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to help in a contest. Hence

συνάγωνιότης, οὔ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.
συν-ἀδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister.

συν-ἀδικέω, f. ἥσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.
συν-ᾄω Ion. συν-αείδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αείρω, aor. I -ἔριπα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to yoke together: Med. to yoke together for oneself.
συν-αἴεω, poet. for συναίεω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἥσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ἄθροίζω, f. σω, to gather together, assemble.
συν-ἀντιγνῆν, Adv. (σύν, ἀντίσω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμος strife between kinsmen; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister.

συναίμων, ovos, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.
συν-αινέω, f. ἔσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αἰνῶμαι, defect. Dep. to take hold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναῖντο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἥσω: fut. 2 συνελῶ: aor. 2 συνείλον Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελὼν: (cf. αἰρέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, συνελὼν λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναέρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρει λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, partnered together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also α, ov, (σύν, αἰτία) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to:—as Subst., συναιτίος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινός in a thing.

συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
 σύν-αιχμάλωτος, ov, a fellow-prisoner.
 συν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
 συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
 συν-ακολουθώ, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely : to follow an argument, understand.
 συν-ακοντιζώ, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.
 συν-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to hear along with or at the same time. 2. to hear one another.
 συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.
 συνακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together : τὸ συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συν-αλάλζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.
 συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in : absol. to share in sorrow.
 συν-αλγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief :—in plur. = αι συναλγουσαι, partners in grief.
 συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over : to help to anoint.
 συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλια) = συναλίζω.
 συν-αλιζώ, f. ίσω : aor. 1 Ion. συνάλισα : to gather together, collect, assemble :—Pass. to come together, meet.
 συναλλάγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange; λόγων ξυλλαγαί interchange of words : absole, a making up of strife, reconciliation ; pl. ξυλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition : νόσου ξυλλαγαή by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.
 συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.
 συν-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. ξω : aor. 1 συνήλαξα : —Pass., aor. 1 συναλλάχθην : pf. συνήλλαγμα :—to interchange with : to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with : to reconcile :—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms : make a league or alliance with : make peace.
 συν-αλοάω poet. -αλοιάω : f. ήσω : aor. 1 συνηλοίησα :—to thresh with or together : to dash to pieces, smash.
 συν-άμψ, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.
 συν-άμψιλον, f. med. ήσομαι : aor. 1 pass. -ημι λήθην : Dep. :—to race or contend together.
 συν-αμπέχω : fut. -αμφέω : aor. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμψαχέιν :—to cover up entirely, wrap closely : metaphor. to shroud.
 συν-αμπίσχω, = συναμπέχω.
 συν-αμφοτέρος, α, ov, both together : used both in sing. and plur.
 συν-αναβαίνω : f. -αναβήσομαι : aor. 2 -ανέβην :—to go up with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.
 συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf. :—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.
 συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with :—Pass. to go to sea together.
 συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συν-αναίρω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.
 συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συν-ανακλινομαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [r]
 συν-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.
 συν-αναμίγνυμι, f. -αναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time :—Med. and Pass. to associate with.
 συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.
 συν-αναπειθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.
 συν-αναπέμψω, f. ψω, to send up together.
 συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.
 συν-αναπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.
 συν-αναρριπτέω, f. ήσω, to throw up together.
 συν-ανασσω, to rule as king with another.
 συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together :—Pass. to live along with or among.
 συν-ανστήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.
 συν-αναστρέφω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.
 συν-ανατίθην, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.
 συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
 συν-αναφύρω [φύ], to knead or mix up together :—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.
 συν-αναχρέμπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
 συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.
 συν-αντάω Ion. -έω : f. ήσω : aor. 1 -ήγητσα :—to meet face to face : generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence
 συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting.
 συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.
 συν-αντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.
 συναντιλαμβάνηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with : to take part with, help.
 συν-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together : συναντλέει πόνουν τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exbaurire labores.
 συν-άντρομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with : also to engage in battle.
 συν-ανύτω [ν], to come to an end together with.
 συν-αξιόω, f. άσω, to join in thinking fit : generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αἰδός, ὄν, = συνφδός.
 συν-ἄσπος, ὄν, Dor. for συνῆσπος.
 συν-ἀπάγω, f. ἔω, to lead away with :—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-ἄπῆς, ἄσα, ἄν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.
 συν-ἄπειμι, inf. ἀπέναι, (εἶμι ibo) to go away together.
 συν-ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-ἀπίστωμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.
 συν-ἀποβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to go away along with or together : to disembark along with.
 συν-ἀποδιδράσκω, f. δράσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. 2 ἀπέδραν :—to run away or escape along with.
 συν-ἀποδοκιμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.
 συν-ἀποθνήσκω, f. ἀποθανοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἀπέθανον :—to die together with.
 συν-ἀποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-ἀποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-ἀποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. λήφομαι :—to receive from another with or together : to take or receive in common.
 συν-ἀπολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-ἀπόλλυμι, fut. ἀπολώ :—to destroy with or together ; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin :—Pass. with pf. 2 ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-ἀποοἰσθάνω, to make to wither away together :—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-ἀπονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-ἀποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-ἀπορρήγνυμι, f. ρήζω, to break off together.
 συν-ἀποστελλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-ἀποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip off or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-ἀποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-ἀποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied : continuous. From
 συν-ἄπτω, f. ἄψω : aor. I συνήψα : Pass., pf. συνήμμαι :—to tie or join together, unite ; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet ; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes ; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss ; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan ; ξυνάπτειν τι κακὰ to fasten evil upon him.
 II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action ; συνάπτειν μάχην to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person ; συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινί to enter into conversation with a person ; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc. ; also συνάπτειν λόγους or εἰς λόγους τινί (sub. ἑαυτὸν) ; συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage.
 III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to : to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand.
 IV. Med. to reach, attain to : to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνάρα, aor. I inf. of συναίρω.
 συν-ἄρᾶρισκος, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρρα Att. συνάρρα to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ἄρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to dash together : to dash in pieces, crush, destroy :—Pass. to be dashed in pieces ; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.
 συν-ἄρέσκω, f. ἄρῶ :—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρε, 3 sup. pf. 2 of συναράρισκος.
 σύν-ἄρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together : in accordance with.
 συναριθμῶ, f. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾶ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἀριστάω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἀριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἀριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἀριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἀριστον) breakfasting with. [ᾶ]
 συν-ἀρμόζω Att. -ττω : f. ὅσων Dor. ὅζω : Pass., aor. I συν-ἠρμώσθην : pf. ἠρμώσμαι :—to fit together, close, join exactly ; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids ; εὐχερέεια συναρμόζει βροτοῖς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-ἀρμολόγῶ, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμοστής, οὗ, ὁ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together ; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
 συν-ἀρμώτω, Att. for συναρμόζω.
 συν-ἀρπάξω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι : aor. I συνήρπασα :—to carry off or away with one :—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together :—Med. aor. I ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-ἀρτάω, f. ἴσω : aor. I συνήρτησα :—to bang up with : to fasten on along with, knit together :—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἄρχω, f. ἔω, to rule jointly with : to be a colleague in office ; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσεβῶ, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ἀσκέω, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσοφος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ασπιδῶν, f. ὥσω, (σύν, ἀσπίς) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ασπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ : (σύν, ἀσπίς) :—to hold the shields together : generally, to fight together, be comrades ; συνασπίειν τινί to be his messmate.
 συν-ασπιστής, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ασχάλλω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert: ξυναυλιαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert! 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ἰσομαι: aor. 1 pass. συνηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with: σ. μανία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αὔξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 —έστην pf. —έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναγθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of συναγαγ.

συν-ἄχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίξω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίωμαι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or together: συνδαίμαι γάμος τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate. συν-ἑάκω, f. -δήσομαι, to bite or clamp together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

συν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δεῖπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. convivā.

συν-δεκάω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δέησομαι: aor. 1 pass. -εδήην: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ον, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

συν-δετός, ὄν, (συνδέω) bound together, bound hand and foot, Lat. restrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together: συνδήσαι τινα to bind him hand and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together. σύν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διατάσσομαι, f. -διατήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διατάω):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμῶ, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to endure hardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθω, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατρίβω [ῥ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together: esp. with a master, οἱ τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διώσω, to carry through or over with. II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξιμι, inf. -διεξίεναι (εἴμι ibo) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδίνηνκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. 1 of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδίκη, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δύν) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

διοικεῖν were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδικῶς, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἴσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διοράω, f. -διύβομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώξομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution.

συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοξήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. *placet*, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed:—the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἅπασιν ἡμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree: σύνδοξαν πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συν-δόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, ὁ, ἡ, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, ὁ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing: αἷμα συνδρᾶν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of σύνδρομος: αἱ συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ὁν, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting: σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. II. running along with, following close. Hence

συνδροῶς, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δύαζω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. *bini*.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ἴσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another:—Pass. to rise together.

συνέδραμον, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council:—in N.T. the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. *curia*.

σύν-εδρος, ὁν, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, ὁ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for συνέκοσι.

συν-εέργαδον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνέργω.

συν-εέργω, Ep. for συνέργω.

συνέξευα, aor. I of συζεύγνυμι.

συνήκα, Ion. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμι.

συν-θέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνθέντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual:

—Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέναι, inf. of σύνιδα: v. *συνείδω. Hence συνείδησις, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

*συν-είδω, in aor. 2 συν-είδον, inf. -ἰδέν:—to see together, see in one view, see *fratru*ly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-όβομαι, pf. συν-εόρακα.

II. pf. σύνιδα in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέναι: plqpf. with impf. sense συνῖδεν Att. σιγήῃ, Ion. 2 plur. συνῖδέατε: also fut. συνέσομαι:—to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνεῖδως an accomplice: τὸ συνεῖδος = συνείδησις. 2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another: συνειδέναι ἑαυτῶ οὐδ' ὅτι οὖν σοφὸς ἂν I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise: or in the dat., σύνιδα ἑμαυτῶ οὐδὲν ἔπιστάμεναι I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.

συν-εἰκοσι Ep. συνέκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. *viceni*.

συνελεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-εἰλω, f. ἴσω, to crowd or throng together:—of persons, to bind firmly together:—Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνέληθα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνέληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνεἰλκύσα, aor. I of συνέλκω.

συνέλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-εimi, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, εἰμί *sum*) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with: συνεῖναι νόσῳ = νοσεῖν: συνεῖναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares: συνεῖναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow: οἱ συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-εimi, (σύν, εἰμι *ibo*) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war.

3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet

to deliberate.
come in.

4. of revenue, to come together, to

συν-εἶπον, inf. -εἰπεῖν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-εργήνυμι, = συνεργῶ.

συν-εργῶ Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf.

συνεέργον: Ep. aor. 2 συνεέργαθον: f. συνεέρξω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-εἶρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνεῖς, εἶσα, év, part. aor. 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εισβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.

συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εἰσῆλθον, pf. -εἰσελήλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use; v. *συν-εἶδω II.

συν-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εισπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εἰσφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εἰσφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβῶ, Causal of συνεκβαίνω, to help in bringing out.

συν-εκδημος, ov, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδιδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [v], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνουμαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away; συνεκκλέπτειν γάμους to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. o help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, ov, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμαχέω, f. ήσω; (σύν, εκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπερώ, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [r], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to rush out along

with. II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to help in working out or achieving: to cooperate with.

συν-εκοπρίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [r], f. -τίσω [r], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμω:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εφοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλαλέω.

συν-ελαίνω: f. -ελάσω [ā]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., ἐριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελεῖν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναίρειν.

συν-ελευθερώ, f. άσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλεῦσα (as if from συν-εκλύω):—to draw together or to a point. 2. to draw up, contract. II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναίρω.
συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in.

II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence
συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώτης the regular dip of all the oars together.

συνέμεν, poet. for συνεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of συνίημι.

συνέμξα, aor. I of συμμίγνυμι.

συνέμιχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συν-εμπήρημι, fut. -εμπήρω: aor. I -επέρησα:—to burn along with or together.

συν-έμπορος, ov, travelling with: as Subst., συν-έμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορέας a partner in dancing.

συνεμνήρησαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμνήρημι.

συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω.

συν-ενέκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.

συν-ενθουσιάω, to be inspired together with.

συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.

συν-εξαίρει, f. ἦσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.

συν-εξᾱκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all together.

συν-εξᾱμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.

συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.

συν-εξᾱπάτάω, f. ἦσω, to cheat along with or together.

συν-έξιμι, (ἐίμι ibo) to go out along with or together.

συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.

συν-εξέρω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.

συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξεῆλθθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go or come out with.

συν-εξετάω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.

συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.

συν-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to rally forth together: to shoot up along with.

συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.

συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.

συν-επαῖδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.

συν-επαίνω, f. έσω Ep. ἦσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.

συν-επαίνομ, ov, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.

συν-επαίρω, f. -επαῶ, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνεπαισα, aor. I of συμπάω.
συν-επαίτιομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.

συν-επάκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow together, follow close.

συν-επαῖνυν, f. -αῖνυν, to join in repelling.

συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.

συν-επανορθώω, f. άσω, to join in re-establishing.

συνεπάδα, Dor. aor. I of συμπήγνυμι.

συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι.

συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.

συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἰμι ibo) to go with against, join in attacking.

συν-επεισφέρωμαι, Med. to join in bringing in.

συν-επεικνίω [ῖ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.

συν-επελαφρύνω [ῶ], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.

συν-επερίζω, f. ίσω, to contend with.

συνεπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.

συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.

συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεφίστημι.

συν-επέυχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.

συν-επηχέω, f. ἦσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.

συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.

συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.

συν-επιγράφεις, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.

συν-επιθύμω, f. ἦσω, to desire along with.

συν-επικειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.

συν-επικοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to help to array or adorn.

συν-επισκουρέω, f. ἦσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.

συν-επικουφίζω, f. ίσω, to lighten at the same time.

συν-επικράδαινω, to move backwards and forwards together with.

συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.

συν-επιμαρτύρῶ, f. ἦσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.

συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επεμελήσην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.

συν-επιμελήτης, οὔ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.

συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.

συν-επιπλέω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.

συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.

συν-επιρρύννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengthen.

συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέφομαι: pf. -επέσκεμαι:—to examine along with or together.

συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [ᾱ], to draw on together:—

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπένσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπεύδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στέλω, to send with or together.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω [ν], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:

—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτριβω [ε], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλεσα, aor. I of συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμεν, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμαις συνέπεσθαι to follow the flocks.

II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμενυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, ου, δ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συνεράσθαι τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [α], ου, δ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργαίνις [ι], ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [α], ιδος, ή, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to coöperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ή, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, coöperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, όν, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, ό or ή, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a coöperator, coadjutor.

συνεργών, old form of συνεργών.

συν-έρδω, f. έω, to join in a work, coöperate with.

συν-ερείδω, f. σω: aor. I. συνήρεισα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:

—Pass., aor. I συνήρείσθην: pf. συνήρεισμαι or -εήρισμαι:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερω, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): —I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-έρithos, δ, also ή, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνερκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμα, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf.

-ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together.

II. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in.

3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείας συνελθείν to join in an expedition; συνελθείν λέχος σόν to share thy bed.

III. of things, to be joined in one, be united.

IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the same time.

II. to establish a point by questioning:

—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνίημι) a joining, meeting together.

II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence.

2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπάρασσω.

συνεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνεσπομαι.

συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένους, pf. pass. part. of συσταύρω.

συνεστάλην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστέιλα, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. άσω [α], to entertain in one's house:

—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστιάη, ή, (σύν, έστία) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, ου, (σύν, έστία) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-έστιος, ό, ή, an inmate, guest.

2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχον, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-έταιρος, ό, (σύν, έταίρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνεπαράχθην, aor. I pass. of συνπαράσσω.

συνεπαθήν [α], aor. 2 pass. of συνάπτω.

συνεπαθήθην, aor. I pass. of συνπαράσσω.

συνετίθειντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass of συντίθημι.

συνέτλυν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ξυνίημι.

συνετός, ή, όν, (συνίημι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious.

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. *συνερά* as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [Υ], aor. 2 pass. of *συντρίβω*.

συνετός, Adv. of *συνετός*, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἦσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. σω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ *ξυνεύδων* χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνδίζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, busband, consort: fem. *συνευνέτις*, ἰδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., *σύνευνος* ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, busband or wife.

συν-ευνάσχω, f. —πέισμαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ἦσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. —ξομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευχοίμαι, to feast with or together.

συνεπάγων, used as aor. 2 of *συνεσθίω*.

συν-επάπτομαι Ion. —επάπτομαι: f. —επάλομαι: Dep.:—to lay hold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλκω, f. ξω. aor. 1 —εφέλκσσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 —εφεσπόμην Ion. —επεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-έφηβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. τῶν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —επέστην, pf. —εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφραξα, aor. 1 of *συνφράσσω*.

συνεφάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of *συνχαίρω*.

συνέχεια, aor. 1 of *συνγέω*.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (συνεχής) a continuous series of things, continuity.

II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. 1 of *συνγέω*.

συνεχῶς, Ion. for *συνεχῶς*.

συνεχῶς, ἐς, (συνέχω) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent.

II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. *συνεχές* is used as Adv., = *συνεχῶς*.

συν-εχθαίρω, to hate along with, join in hating.

συν-έχθω, poet. for *συνεχθαίρω*.

συνεχύθην [Υ], aor. 1 pass. of *συνγέω*.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. —έω: aor. 2 *συνέσχον*:—to hold or keep together:—συνέχων τὴν εἰσέτιαν to keep the rowers together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to ὄμ constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., *συνέχεσθαι αἰχμῆσι* to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. —έως, Adv. of *συνεχής*, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, ἐψιάομαι) to play together.

συνανήνμαι, pf. of *συνανέομαι*.

συν-ήβω, f. ἦσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ήβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ήβος, ου, (σύν, ἡβη) young at the same time: as Subst., *σύνήβος*, ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of *συνάγω*.

συνήγγενος, pf. pass. part. of *συνάγω*.

συνήγορέω, f. ἦσω, (συνήγορος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*; *συνήγορέν τῷ κατηγορῷ* to second the accuser. Hence

συνήγορία, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνήγορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *συνήγορος* or advocate; τὸ *συνήγορικόν*, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public *συνήγοροι* while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with.

2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., *συνήγορος*, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*.

συνῆδεν Att. ξυνῆδη, plpf. of *σύννοια*.

συνῆδεατε, Ion. 2. pl. plpf. of **συνεῖδω*.

συν-ῆδομαι, fut. —ἡσθήσομαι: aor. 1 —ἡσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; *συνῆδεσθαι τινι* to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. *consuetudo*.

II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, ἐς, gen. eos contr. ους: gen. pl. *συνηθέν* contr. *συνηθών*: (σύν, ἥθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to; *συνήθης τινι* well-acquainted or intimate with him; *χεῖρὶ συνήθης* = *χειροθήτης*, tame.

II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνήροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συναθροίζω*.

συνήθως, Adv. of *συνήθης*, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. 1 of *συνήμι*.

συν-ήνω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλθσα, aor. 1 of *συνελαύνω*.

συνήλθον, aor. 2 of *συνέρχομαι*.

συν-ἡλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = *συνήλιξ*.

συν-ἡλιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἡλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. *aequalis*: as Subst., *συνήλιξ*, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνῆλσις and *συνήλυσις*, ἡ, (συνέρχομαι, *συνελεύσομαι*) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ἡ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From
συνήμιων, ov, gen. ovos, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ἵορος Dor. and Att. συν-ἄρος, ov, (σύν, αἰώ-
ρῳ) hanging together, linked with, wedded to: as
Subst., συνήρος, ὁ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.

συν-ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to join in cheating or tricking.
συν-ἡρετέω, f. ἥσω, (σύν, ἡρετής) = συνηρετέω.

συν-ἡρετμέω, f. ἥσω, to row with: generally, to
work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηρεφέω, f. ἥσω, to throw a shade over. From
συν-ἡρεφής, ἐς, (σύν, ἑρέφω) thickly shaded, cover-
ed over.

συν-ἡρίμμος, ov, poet. for συνάριμμος.

συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάζω.

συνήρπασα, aor. I of συναρπάζω.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνηλίσθη, aor. I of συναυλίζομαι.

συνήρων, impf. of συνερέω.

συν-ἡσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered
or overcome together.

συν-ἡχέω, f. ἥσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθην, aor. I pass. of συνάγω.

συνήψα, aor. I of συνάπτω.

συνθᾶκεω, f. ἥσω, to sit with or together, to sit in
council with, take counsel with. From

σύν-θᾶκος, ov, sitting with or together. 2. shar-
ing in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.

συν-θάλλω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: metaph.
to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together:—Pass.
to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to view together,
to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together,
examine carefully. Hence

συνθεαῖτης, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.

συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεαίτης.

συνθεῖς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, atos, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of
συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an
arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions,
instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together, com-
pounding, composition: σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a com-
bination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement,
treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ἡ, ὢν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting
together.

σύνθετος, Ep. for συνθέτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of
συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ov, also η, ov, (συντίθημι) put together,
compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged.

III. metaph.
agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement,
Lat. ex pacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run along with, to run
together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly
with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεωρέω, f. ἥσω, to contemplate together: to go
to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II.
an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of
agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, atos, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put
together. II. anything agreed upon, a precon-
certed signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watch-
word, Lat. tessera. 3. an agreement, covenant,
engagement. Hence

συνθηματίας, α, ov, agreed upon: bargained for.
συνθηρᾶτης, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-hunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to hunt with or together:—
Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and
bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, = συνθηρᾶτης. From
συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to hunt together:—Pass.
to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ov, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in com-
pany: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιάσώτης, ov, ὁ, a partner in the θιάσος or
sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. ᾶσω [ᾶ], to crush along with or together.

συν-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θνούμαι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf.
-θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θινάτωρ [ᾶ], opos, ὁ, (σύν, θινάω) a partaker
of the same feast, a fellow-banquet.

συν-θρανών, f. ᾶσω, to break in pieces, shiver.

συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηγος, ov, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, ov, sitting on the same seat or throne
with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ov, sounding with, in harmony with.

συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph.
to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῖ], to offer sacrifice along with.

συνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *συνεῖδω.

συνίει [ῖ], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνίημι.

συνιέμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. pres. of συνίημι.

σύνιεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ἥσω, to join in sacrifice with.

συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, shrink. 2. to
sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to boid a
sitting.

συν-ίημι Att. ξυνίημι [for the quantity, see ἔημι]:
impf. συνιήν or συνιέν: f. συνήσω or συνήσομαι: aor. I
συνήκα: pf. συνεῖκα:—also (as if from συνίει) 3 pl. pres.
συνιοῦσι, inf. συνιέν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέμεν; 3
sing. impf. συνίει, 3 pl. ξυνιέσαν Ep. ξυνιέν; also (as if
from συνίω) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aor. I ξυνέκα: aor. 2

imperat. *ἔνευε*; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. *ἔνευετο*; 3 pl. subj. *συνάμεθα*:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*. II. metaph. to perceive, hear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know. III.

Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for *συνιέναι*, inf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* ibo). [*Ὶ*]

συνισοῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of *συνίμι*, as if from *συνιένω*.

συν-ἱππαρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἵππευς, ἔως, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a

fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* ibo), they went together. II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of *σύνοιδα*,

they shared in the knowledge.

συνισᾶσι, 3 pl. of *σύνοιδα*.

σύνισθι, imperat. of *σύνοιδα*.

σύνισμεν, 1 pl. of *σύνοιδα*.

συν-ίστημι, impf. *συνίστην*: f. *συστήσω*: aor. I

συνέστησα:—to place or set together, to combine,

unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to. 2. to put together, organise, compose,

create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together. 3. to bring together as friends, introduce,

recommend: to advise one to do. 4. to produce,

exhibit, represent to one. 5. to make firm or solid,

harden. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *συνέστην*;

pf. *συνέστηκα*, part. *συνεστηκώς* contr. *συνεστώς*,

ῶσα, *ῶς*, Ion. *συνεστῆς*, *εῶσα*, *εῶς*:—to stand to-

gether, stand in close order: also to stand one's

ground. 2. to meet or come together: in hostile

sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the

battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., *συνεστηκότων*

τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute. 3.

of friends, to form a league or association, to club,

league together; τὸ *ἑνωστέμενον* or τὸ *συνεστηκός*,

a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or al-

lied. 4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a

thing. 5. to be put together, to be composed,

framed: to hold together, endure, continue. 6. to

be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, *ἵ*, knowing also or along with,

conscious of a thing; θεοὶ *συνίστορες* the gods are

witnesses.

συν-ισχναίνω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with

in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to help to strengthen.

συνιῶν, Ion. for *συνιέει*, pres. part. of *συνίμι*.

συν-ναῶν, to dwell along with or together.

συν-νάσσω, f. *ξω*, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, οὐ, ὁ, a shipmate. [*ᾶ*]

συν-ναυκλῆρος, οὐ, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ναυμαχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυστολέω, f. *ἴσω*, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ναυτής, οὐ, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-νεάζω, f. *σω*, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννεύεται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *συννέω*.

συν-νεύω, f. *σω*, to bend together: also, 2. intr.

to incline to the same point, converge. II. to

assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφος, οὐ, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννεφέω, f. *ἴσω*, to collect clouds. II. intr.

to be clouded over: impers. *συννεφεῖ*, it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From

συν-νεφής, ἐς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds,

clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νῆσω: pf. pass. *συννένημαι*, Ion. 3 pl.

συννενέταται:—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέω, f. -νέσσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάω, f. *ἴσω*, to have part in a victory with. II.

transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέω, f. *ἴσω*, to think upon together, to think

over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence

σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious

thought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέω, f. *ἴσω*, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, οὐ, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or herding to-

gether, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. 2.

partaking or sharing in a thing: hence, 3. as

Subst., *σύννομος*, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort;

of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, com-

panion, congener.

σύν-νοος, οὐ Att. contr. -vous, οὐν, thinking deeply,

thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. *ἴσω*, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νους, οὐν, contr. for *σύννοος*.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, οὐ, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδεύω, f. *σω*, to journey along with. Hence

συνοδία, ἡ, a journey in company. II. a party

of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοιπόρεω, f. *ἴσω*, to travel together. And

συνοδοιοπορία, ἡ, a travelling together. From

συν-οδοιπόρος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = *συνοδοιπόρος*.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting;

also an association. 2. in hostile sense, a meeting

of two armies, engagement, Lat. *concursum*. 3. of

things, a coming together; χρημάτων *σύνδοσις* a

coming in of money, income, like πρόσδοσις. 4. a

meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of **συνείδω*, q. v.

συν-οικείω, f. *ώσω*, to bind one to another by ties

of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. *ἴσω*: pf. -έκηκα:—to dwell or live

together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country,

to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to

live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed:

metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. II.

to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country,

to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοίκημα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ.

ἀχαριτῶταρον a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοικήσις, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living to-

gether: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικέω) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. *ξυνοικία*, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. *insula* to *domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοικία (sub. ἑτέρα, τὰ, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilenê.

II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνοικίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξίνοικος ἀλλαγὰ βίου associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., συνοικουρός κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλημι: f. —ολέσω Att. —ολῶ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 —όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλως, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαιῖον, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὅμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαιῖον, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλις, Dor. for συν-ομήλις.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλις Dor. —ομάλις, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνυμι or —ῶα: f. —ομύσω: aor. I —ῶμσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form league or conspiracy. II.

to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομῶσαι θάνατον τινι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὁμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπαδός, ον, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὄπλον) armed together, allied. συν-οράω, f. συνόψομαι (as if from συνόπτομαι): aor. 2 συνέιδον, inf. συνιδεῖν (as if from συν-εἶδω):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. —ίσομαι: aor. I pass. συν-ωργίσθην: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορμος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίων [Ὶ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὅρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὀρμή) clashing together.

συνόρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνυμι.

συν-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὀρνυμι, = συνορίω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συν-ὀρμενος, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνορος, ον, bordering on; κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνορος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφόω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, ὀροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ion. for σύνορος.

συν-ουσία Ion. —της, ἡ, (from συνών, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II.

a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρυδομαι, f. med. ὠσομαι: pf. pass. —ωφρύωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὄφρυς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. ξυνοχή, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph.

straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. συνεοχμός, = συνοχή, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be held together, come together; ὦμα ἐπὶ στήθος συνοχωκότε shouldered contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκῃαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπαρώ, f. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάνω, = συντείνω, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramma.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω: aor. I -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pf. -τετάραγμαi:—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet:—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω [ὑ], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συντεθαμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:—to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τεχνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεικνών, f. ώσω, to help in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελέω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ή, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελείς.

III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally; συντελεῖν εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συντελεῖν εἰς τοὺς ἱππεῖς to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ές, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share; συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέρνω Ion. -τάμνω: fut. -τερῶ: aor. 2 -έτερον:—to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail.

III. intr. (sub. ὀδόν), to make a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνωτος as the time became short.

συν-τερέτιζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, on gen. onos, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on.

συντεταγμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαi, pf. pass. of συντάρασσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντέτῃκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκα.

συν-τετραίνω: f. -τρήσω: aor. I -έτρησα: pf. pass. -τέτρημαι:—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate:—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels. II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μύθον δι' ὧτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετρίφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, ό, ή, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, ό, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήγω, f. ζω: aor. I -έτηξα:—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass.

συντήκομαι, aor. I συνετήχθην: aor. 2 συνετάκην [α]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτῃκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely; to preserve, keep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι: aor. I συνεθηκάμην: aor. 2 συνεθέμην:—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed, 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude: to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμῶω, f. ήσω, to value together:—Med. to fix an estimate:—Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τρίνασσω, f. ζω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to confuse, confound.

συν-τρίνωσکو, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places.

*συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, on, (συντεμνέω) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος ὁδός a short cut; συντομώτατον or τὰ συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short.

Hence

συντόμως, Adv. concisely, shortly : Comp. —ώτερον and —ώτερος : Sup. —ώτατα and —ωτάτως.

σύντονος, *ov*, (συντένω) on the stretch, strained tight. 2. metaph. intense, excessive: of persons, earnest, serious, vehement : neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently. II. (σύν, τόνος) in harmony or union with.

συν-πράγῳδῶ, *f. ἴσω*, to act tragedy together.
συν-τράπεζος, *ov*, (σύν, τράπεζα) eating at the same table : as Subst., συντράπεζος, *ὁ, ἡ*, a messmate.

σύν-τρεῖς, *oi, ai*, σύν-τρια, *τά*, (σύν, τρεῖς) three together, three and three.

συν-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω*, to feed besides, help to feed : —Pass. to grow up together, live together. II.

of liquids, to congeal : —Pass. to be congealed, freeze.

συν-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι*, or more commonly —δράμωμαι : aor. 2 —ἐδράμω : —to run together, gather together : to commingle. 2. of enemies, to rush together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere. 3.

as friends, to come together, agree : generally, to concur, coincide. 4. to meet with. 5. to run or shrivel up.

συντρήσθαι, aor. I inf. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίανῶ, *f. ὥσω*, (σύν, τρίαῖνα) to overthrow with a trident : generally, to overwhelm in ruin.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [*τ*] : *f. ψω* : aor. I —ἐτρίβα : Pass., aor. 2 —ἐτρίβην [*τ*] : pf. —τέτριμμαι : —to rub together. II.

to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat. conterere : συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς to stave the ships in : Pass., συντριβῆναι τῆς κεφαλῆς to have one's head broken. III.

metaph. in Pass. to run against, clash with.

συντριπαρχέω, *f. ἴσω*, to be a συντριπαρχος. From

συν-τριπαρχος, *ὁ*, a partner in fitting out a trireme.

συντρίμμα, *ατος, τό*, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction. II. a stumbling-block, offence.

σύντριψι, *ἴβος, ὁ, ἡ*, (συντρίβω) shattering, smashing : of a lubber-fiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, *ἡ*, a being reared together : a brood. From

σύντροφος, *ov*, (συντρέφω) brought up together with : of the same origin as. 2. generally, living with :

familiar, ordinary, common : of animals, brought up together. 3. natural, usual, common. II.

act., σύντροφος (*ωῖς* helping to preserve life.

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. —τεύξομαι : aor. 2 —ἐτύχον : —to meet with, fall in with : to converse, speak with : *ὁ*

συντυχών, like *ὁ* τυχών, the first that meets one, any one : τὸ συντυχόν the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean. II. of accidents, to happen to, befall : absol. to happen, fall out, chance ;

εἰς συντυχόντων if things should go well : impers., συνετύγχανε, συνέτυχε it happened that ...

συν-τυμβωρύχῳ, *f. ἴσω*, to help in robbing graves.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, *f. ἴσω*, to join in slaying tyrants.

συν-τύρῳ, *f. ὥσω*, (σύν, τυρός) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquere.

συντύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of συντυγχάνω.

συντύχια Ion. —λή, *ἡ*, (συντυχεῖν) an occurrence, incident : a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event : also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with : to help in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθηναι, *f. -θήσω*, to help in putting under : Med. to help in composing.

συν-υποπυργέω, *f. ἴσω*, to join in serving or assisting.

συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. I —ὑφήνα [*υ*] : aor. I pass. —ὑφάνθην : —to weave together : metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cunningly.

συν-ᾠδίνω [*τ*], to be in travail together : to share in any agony.

συν-ᾠδός, *ὄν*, (σύν, ᾠδή) singing or sounding in unison : echoing or responsive to : metaph. according with, in unison with.

συνᾠκήσας, aor. I of συνοικέω.

συνᾠμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνήμι.

συναμοσία, *ἡ*, (συνόμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy, confederacy.

συναμότης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (συνόμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate.

συνᾠμος, *ov*, (συνόμνυμι) leagued or banded by oath : confederate.

συν-ᾠνέομαι, *f. ἴσομαι* : pf. pass. —ᾠνήμαι : Dep. : —to buy together : to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay. II. to buy up, Lat. coëmere : pf. also

in pass. sense, *ὁ* συνᾠνημένος σίτος corn bought up.

συν-ᾠνμος, *ov*, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of like name or meaning.

συναοιαστής, *ov*, *ὁ*, (συναοίς) one who drives a pair-horsed chariot.

συναοίξω, *f. ὡς*, (συναοίς) to yoke together : —Med. to link with oneself.

συναοικέομαι, Dep. to drive a συναοίς. From

συναοίς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, (συνάοπος) a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot. II. generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga. III. that which

binds together, a pair of fetters.

συν-ᾠφελέω, *f. ἴσω*, to join in helping : absol. to be of use, assist together : —Pass. to derive profit together.

συνᾠφρωμένος, pf. part. of συνᾠφρύνωμαι.

συν-ᾠχάδων, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually : continuously.

συν-οκτάσια, *ἡ*, (σὺς, κτείνω) a slaying of swine.

συν-οφόντης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (σὺς, *φένω) a slayer of swine.

συν-οφόντης, *ἴδος, ἡ*, fem. of συνοφόντης.

Σύρα, *ἡ*, fem. of Σύρος, a Syrian woman.

Συράκουσαι [*α*], *ai*, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκοσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Συράκόσιος, *α, ov*, Ion. Συρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συράκόσιος, Syracusan.

σύν-γαστρος, *ὁ*, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly, of a worm or snake.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύω) rushing furiously. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) the land of the Syrians, Syria.
σύριγμα, ατος, τό, (σύριττω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

σύριγμός, ὁ, (σύριττω) the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling.

σύριγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, I. a spear-case. 2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΓ'Ω Att. συρίττω Dor. συρίσσω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἐσύριξα later ἐσύρισα, inf. συρίσαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ). II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. explodere.

Συρία-γενής, ἐς, (Σύρια, γένος) Syrian-born.

σύρικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, Dor. for συριστής, οἷ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) Syrian.

σύρισσος, σύρισδες, Dor. for συρίσω, συρίσεις.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = σύριγμα.

συριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = συριστής.

συριστής, οἷ, ὁ, (συρίσω) a player on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ), a piper.

Σύριστι, Adv. (Σύρος) in the Syrian language.

σύριττω, f. ἴξω, = συρίσω, q. v.

σύριμα, ατος, τό, (σύω) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

συρμαία Ion. -αίη, ἡ, (συρμός) an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called συρμαίη. Hence

συρμαίω, f. σω, to take an emetic or purge.

συρμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύω) anything swept together, refuse, rubbish.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύω) any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σύρουσα, Dor. for σύρουσα, part. fem. of σύρω.

Σύρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called

Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρήν.

Σύρος, ὁ, a Syrian. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φονίς, ἰκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) a Syro-phoenician: fem. Σύροφονίσσα, a Syro-phoenician woman.

συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up.

συρ-ράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ῥω, = συρρήννυμι in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. configere.

συρ-ρέω, f. ῥω, to sacrifice together.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύομαι: pf. -εppήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εppήν:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήννυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. aor. 2 συνεppάγγην [ᾶ]: pf. συνέppήγαμι, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέppωγα:—to break to pieces: συρ-ρήξαι εἰς ἐν to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέppωγα): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out. συρ-ρήξομαι, Pass. (σύν, ρίξω) to have the root, united: to take root together with.

Σύρτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σύρω) a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

σύρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύω) = συρφετός. II. as Adj. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

συρφετός, ὁ, (σύω) anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquilae. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡ'Ω [ῥ]: f. σύρω: aor. I ἐσύρά: pf. σέσυρκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσύρην [ῥ]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, bale: generally, to sweep away.

ΣΥΡ'Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σῦς, acc. σὺν: nom. pl. σῦες, acc. σῦας contr. σὺς, dat. συσί Ep. σύεσαι:—Lat. SUS, =ūs, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow: σὺς κάπριος a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σηδάω, to toss all about.

συ-σκενάζω, f. ἄσω, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare: to contrive, concert. II. Med. to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make ready, provide. 3. to contrive, concert. 4. generally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march.

συ-σκευοφόρεω, f. ἴσω, to carry baggage together. συ-σκευοφόρμαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to contrive, devise, concert.

συ-σκηνώ, f. ἴσω, to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

συσκηνητρία, ἡ, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σῦσκηπος) a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together.

συσκήνιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σῦ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: as Subst., σῦσκηπος, ὁ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis. Hence

συ-σκηνώω, f. ὠσω, = συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιόω, f. ἄσω, to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely.

σῦ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) shaded over, shaded.

συ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with or together.

συ-σκοτάω, f. ἄσω, to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark.

συ-σκυθωπάζω, f. σω, to look sad or gloomy together.

συσπαράσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.
 συσπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or squeeze together :
 of skins, to sew together.

συσπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up
 together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to
 march in close order.

συσπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συσπένδω, f. —σπείω, to join in making a liba-
 tion :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συσπείδω, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting,
 to lend a helping hand.

συσπλαγχνέω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to help to
 the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.

συσπονδος, ov, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation
 with : joining in the same treaty.

συσπουδάω, f. άσω, to make haste along with or
 together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans.
 to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver
 or tremble.

συσσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in
 sealing and signing.

σύσσημος, ov, (σύν, σήμα) marked in common : as
 Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with :
 to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσιτήσις, εως, ή, = συσσιτία : and
 συσσιτία, ή, a messing together or in common. II.

a club or mess.

συσσιτίον, τό, (συσσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common
 meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together accord-
 ing to the institution of Lyncurgus. II. a dining-
 room, hall.

σύσσιτος, ov, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or
 in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.

συσώω, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.

σύσσωμος, ov, (σύν, σώμα) united in one body.

συσωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in tem-
 perance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close toge-
 ther : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. *communis*.

συστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.

συστάλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συστάσιάζω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious
 with. Hence

συστάσιωστής, ov, ό, one who takes part in a sedi-
 tion, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together,
 meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-
 tle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an

union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness,
 harshness, rigour.

συστάσιωτης, ov, ό, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of
 the same party, a partisan.

συστάτικος, ή, ov, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing
 together, introductory, commendatory ; ή συστατική
 έπιστολή a letter of introduction.

συσταυρώ, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συστεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely.

συστέλλω, f. —στελω : aor. I —έστειλα : pf. act. —έστ-
 αλκα, pass. —έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in :
 hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, com-
 press, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ;
 συστέλλεσθαι εις ευτέλειαν to be drawn in towards
 economy, i. e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part.
 συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow com-
 pass, moderate.

3. metaph. to lower, humble,
 abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to
 wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συστέλλεσθαι
 θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συ-
 στέλλεσθαι έαντών to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2
 pass. part. συσταλείς ready for action. III. in
 Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συστενάω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.

συστεφανώ, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together.

σύστημα, atos, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put
 together, a composite whole : a composition : a col-
 lege, assembly.

συστοιχώ, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοιχος) to stand in the
 same row or line with : to be coördinate or in conform-
 ity with, to correspond to.

συστολίζω, f. ίσω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fa-
 bricate. II. to unite.

συστρατέα, ή, a common campaign or expedition.
 From

συστρατεύω, f. —εύσω ; also as Dep. συστρατεύο-
 μαι, f. —εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along
 with or together, to join or share in an expedition.

συστρατήγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of.
 From

συσπράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.

συσπράτιώτης, ov, ό, a fellow-soldier.

συσπράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.

συσπρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεσπρέφην [ά] :
 pf. συνεστραμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll
 into a mass, Lat. *conglobare* ; generally, to collect in
 one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid
 body ; συσπρέφειν έαντών to rally or collect oneself :
 —Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club
 together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress,
 condense, make terse or concise ; συνεσπραμμένη λέ-
 ξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl
 round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all
 together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into
 a ball.

II. any dense or compact mass : a body
 of men, a crowd, Lat. *globus* : a coming together,
 gathering.

συσσφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ά], inf.
 συσφαγίην :—to slay along with or together.

συσσφίγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.

συσχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to
 another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-
 ample.

συσχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or to-
 gether.

σύτο [ῥ], Ep. for ἔσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σέω.

σῦφεός, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σῦφεός, ὁ, (σῦς) a hog-sty; συφεῖνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σῦ-φόρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φορβός, ὁ, (σῦς, φέρβω) = ὑφορβός, a swine-herd.

σύφος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for σοφός.

ΣΥΧΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent. 3. the dat. συχνῷ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῷ, as, συχνῷ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά

as Adv. often, much.

σῶαγεῖον, τό, (σφαγῆναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σῶαγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σῶαγείς, ἔως, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγεὺς ἔστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σῶαγή, ἡ, (σφαγῆναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιάζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act. σφαγιάω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθεὶς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σῶαγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σῶαγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σῶαγια, τά, a victim: δούλα σῶαγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ᾱ]

σῶαγιος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σῶαγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. ἴσω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence σφαδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφαχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφαγγν [ᾱ]: fut. σφάξῃσμαι: pf. ἔσφαγμα:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, as, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρην παίζειν to play at ball; σφαίραν ῥίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαῖρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (σφαῖρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαῖρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, ἔς, (σφαῖρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώω, f. ὥσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαιρώμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαῖρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαιρωτο his chest was round and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button;

ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαιρώω) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφᾶκελίω, f. ὥω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισε τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφᾶκελος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ᾱ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ᾱ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλέας, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλω.

σφάλερός, α, ὄν, (σφάλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. -ρῶς.

σφάλῃναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλω.

σφάλῳντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ: f. σφάλω: aor. I ἐσφῆλα, inf. σφῆλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφάλλῃσμαι, σφάλλομαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἐσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disconcert, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοὶ ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφᾶξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφᾶξας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφᾶρένομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with fullness, be full to bursting.

σφᾶρένίζω, f. ὥω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφᾶρᾱ]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφέις.

σφᾶς [ᾱ], acc. pl. fem. of σφός.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφέις, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. him, her.

σφέᾶ, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφέις.

σφέας, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφᾶς.

σφεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΙΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. σφέα: gen. σφῶν: dat. σφίσι: acc. σφᾶς, neut. σφέα. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. σφεῖς: genit. σφέων Ep. also σφέων: dat. σφῖ and σφῖν, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. σφέεις Ep. also σφεῖας, also σφε (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. σφές, dat. σφῖν and ψῖν, acc. ψε. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας αὐτούς. II. there is a rare usage of σφεῖς for 2nd pers. pl., μετὰ σφίσιν for μεθ' ὑμῖν.

ΣΦΕΛΛΑΣ, atos, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα.

σφενδάμνινος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus*: metaph., ἀνδρες σφενδάμνινοι 'hearts of maple.' From ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, f. ἦσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end.

II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*.

III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφές, Aeol. and Dor. for σφεῖς.

σφετερίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. σφετερίζομαι, whence Dor. aor. I part. σφετερίζαμενος.

σφέτερος, α, ον, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. σφεῖς, *their own*, *their*, *belonging to them*:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., *his*, *hers*.

II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: 1. of the 2nd pers. pl., = ὑμέτερος, *your own*: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = σός, *thy*, *thine own*. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = ἡμέτερος, *our own*: and of the 1st pers. sing., = ἐμός, *my own*, *mine*.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for σφῶν, gen. of σφεῖς.

σφῆ, dat. fem. of σφός.

σφηκία, ἡ, (σφή) a wasp's nest.

σφηκίσκος, ὁ, (σφή) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-ειδής, ἐς, (σφή, εἶδος) = σφηκώδης.

σφηκώω, f. ὥσω, (σφή) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., πλοχμοὶ χρυσῷ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφικωντο (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφή, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκωμα, atos, τό, (σφηκώω) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of σφάλλω.

σφήλα, Ep. for ἐσφάλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΗΝ, σφηγνός, ὁ, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφηνο-πύγων, ανος, ὁ, (σφήν, πύγων) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΨ, σφῆς, ὁ, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφηπτός, ὁ, an Attic deme: Adv. Σφηπτοῦ ἂν *Sphettus*: Adj. Σφήπτιος, α, ον, a *Sphettian*.

σφῖ, σφῖν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of σφεῖς: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΓΤΩ, f. σφίγω: aor. I ἐσφίγη: Pass., aor. I ἐσφίγησθην: pf. ἐσφίγημαι—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφιγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σφίγω, tight-bound: θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

σφιγκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for σφιγκτήρ.

Σφίγξ, ἡ, gen. Σφίγγος, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγω, so the *Sphinx* properly means the Throtter.)

σφῖν, v. σφί.

σφίστι, σφίστιν, dat. of σφεῖς.

σφογγιά, σφόνγγιον, σφόνγγος, Att. for σπογγ-.

σφοδρά, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρός, *very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence*.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *vehement, violent, excessive*. II. of men, *violent, impetuous*: also *active, zealous*.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρός) to make vehement:—Pass. σφοδρύνομαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρύνεσθαι τινι to put overbearing trust in a thing. [v]

σφοδρώς, Adv. of σφοδρός, *violently*: Sup. σφοδρότατον.

σφονδύλη, ἡ, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, ὁ, like σφόνδυλος, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφόνδυλος, δινέω) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, ὁ, Att. for σπόνδυλος, a vertebra, Lat. *vertebra*.

II. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc., *his*, *his own*; fem., *her*, *her own*.

II. (σφεῖς) plur. masc. and fem., *their*, *their own*, like σφέτερος.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of σφραγίς.

σφραγίς-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφραγίς, ὄνυξ, ἄργος, κομέω) Comic name for a cocomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

σφραγίζω Ion. σφρηγ-: f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσφρά-

γισμαι: (σφραγίς):—to seal: to seal up, shut up.

II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring.

II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίς) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφρηγίζω, f. ἥσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere.

II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφρηγῶν μῦθος an over-swelling speech.

σφυγμός, ὁ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ζω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a hammer.

II. an implement of busbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφύρας, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. for σφυράς, σφυράθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφυρ-ῆλατος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαίνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer.

II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle: metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῷ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright.

II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσσω, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶιν.

ΣΦΩΕ, dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶι, of or belonging to you two.

2. as possess.

Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶε, of or belonging to them two or both of them.

II. also used as possess.

Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine.

2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp.

II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein.

II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἱππικὴν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf.

2. to check, stop, master.

3. to let go; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεῖα Ion. —τη, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεῖα διφθερίην a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship.

2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεῖος) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδὴν, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχεῖος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus.

II. at once.

σχεῖος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεῖα μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand: also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen.

2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards.

3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but; σχεδὸν πάντες nearly all; σχεδὸν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχεδόν, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθεῖεν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω: see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχεῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκεῖς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχήμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχενδύλα or σχενδύλη, ἡ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχεό, Ep. for σχοῖ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κύρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, ὁ, used often in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερῶ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίον σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχετλίος) to complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλίος, α, ον, also os, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear:

I. of Persons, hardhearted, merciless, cruel, savage.

2. much-suffering, unflinching, bardy.

3. miserable, unhappy.

II. of Things, cruel, shocking, horrid, abominable.

Hence σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλιώτα.

σχίτο, Ep. for ἔσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person.

2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence.

3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.

gestures. 4. *the fashion, manner, way of a thing*; σχῆμα *στολῆς* *fashion of dress.* 5. *the state, nature, constitution of a thing.* 6. *a figure in dancing*; in plur. *steps.* Hence

σχηματίζω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress her hair, Lat. *figere.* 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. 2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖς εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχηματίον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα in plur. *the figures of a dance*; σχηματία Λακωνικά *Laconian figures.*

σχημάτω-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing:—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχῆσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχιδαῖς, ἄκος, ὁ, (σχιζώ) = σχίζα.

σχιζα Ion. σχίζη, ἡ, (σχιζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, lath, splint, Lat. *scindula*: in plur. wood cleft small, firewood. II. an arrow, spear.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἐσχίσθην: pf. ἐσχισμαι:—to split, cleave, Lat. *scindo*: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide:—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὁδοῦς the Nile branches into three channels; ἐσχιστόντο σφεων αἱ γνώμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σχινδάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, the mastich tree, Lat. *lentiscus.* II. a quill.

σχίνο-τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (σχίνος, τρώγω) one who eats mastich-wood.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσις, εως, ἡ, (σχιζω) a cleaving, parting, division.

σχίσμα, ατος, τό, (σχιζω) that which is cloven or parted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, schism.

σχισμός, ὁ, (σχιζω) a cleaving, splitting, rending.

σχίσσα, poet. for ἐσχισσα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὅν, (σχιζω) split, cloven, parted, divided; σχιστή ὁδός a road that branches off.

σχοῖατο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίνους, η, ου, (σχοῖνος) of rushes, made of rushes.

σχοινίον, τό, (σχοῖνος) a rope twisted of rushes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοινίον.

σχοινίτης [ῖ], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος) made of rushes: fem. schoinítis, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a rope-dancer, Lat. *schoenobutes.*

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, a rush, Lat. *juncus.* 2. a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit. 3. a place where rushes grow, a rush-bed. II. anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοῖνος a wicker basket. III.

in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight. II. twisted or plaited of rushes.

σχολλάω, f. ἄσω, (σχολή) to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to have rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to have leisure or time to do a thing. 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II.

σχολλάειν τινί, Lat. *vacare rei*, to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαῖος, α, ου, (σχολή) at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ἡ, slowness, laziness.

σχολαῖως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, leisurely:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or αἰτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαιότερος.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (σχολλάω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. *otiosus.* II. devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned: hence pedantic.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. *otium*; σχολῆν ἄγειν to be at leisure; σχολῆς ἔργον a work for leisure; ἐπὶ σχολῇ at leisure; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν. II. dat. σχολῇ absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. III. c.

gen. leisure, rest from a thing. IV. idle-ness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. *schola.* VI. the place where such lectures were given, a school.

σχολή, dat. of σχολῇ, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, hardly, not at all.

σχολίον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχω, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχών, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σῶσι.

σώσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σῶζω, lengthd. from ΣΑ'Ω, ΣΑ'Ο'Ω, ΣΩ'Ω: f. σώσω: aor. I ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωκα Att. σέσμαι. From the obsol. σώω we are formed fut. σώσω, aor. I act. ἐσάσω [ᾶ]: fut. med. σάωσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσάσθην. 2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώεσκον.

3. from σώω, subj. σήρ, σήρη, σώωσι:—to save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:—Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώζω, Lat. *salvus sis! vale! God be with you!*

2. of things, to keep safe, preserve.

3. of the laws, to keep, observe. 4. to keep in mind, remember, opp. to διαλλύναι to forget; mostly in Med.

II. σώζω is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to:—Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; ἐς οἶκον σωθῆναι to be brought or get safe home. 2. σώζειν ἐκ πολέμου, to carry off safe, rescue from war;

ἐξῆλθῶν σώσαι χθόνα *to rescue a country from the enemy.*

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σώκω, f. ἦσω, like ἰσχύω, *to have power or bodily strength to be able to do, c. inf.* From

ΣΩΚΟΣ, ὁ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτης, f. ἦσω, *to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc.* From

Σωκράτης, gen. eos contr. ovs: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—*Socrates, the philosopher.* Hence

Σωκράτιδον, τό, Dim. *dear little Socrates.* [τῷ]

Σωκράτικος, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic: ὁ Σωκρατικοί *the philosophers of his school, Socratics.*

ΣΩΛΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body. 2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή): τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα *bodily labours: αὐτοῦ σώματος ἡδοναὶ pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures.* 3. one's bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III. a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) *to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling.* Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, *bodily exercise, training.*

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. *in bodily form.*

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ᾶ]

σωμῆτο-εἰδής, ἑς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωμῆτο-φθορέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) *to corrupt or enervate the body.*

σωμῆτο-φύλακιον, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [ᾶ]

σῶος, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν: v. σῶς.

σῶπᾶω, Dor. for σιωπᾶω, to be silent.

σῶπῆμα, ατος, τό, (σῶπῆω) that which is heard up: a heap, pile.

σῶπῆω, f. σῶ, (σῶπῆς) to pile or heap one thing on another. II. to heap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.

ΣΩΨ, ὁ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος=σός, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σῶωτερος):—safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. salvus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (σῶζω, πόλις) saving the city or state. [ῖ]

σωστῆναι, verb. Adj. of σῶζω, one must save.

σῶστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σῶζω) like ζωῆγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-

offering for deliverance from a danger: σῶστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς *to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance.*

II. the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτειρα, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves. II. epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχη.

σωτήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σῶζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver: c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece: also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτειρα, as epith. of Τύχη. II. poet. as Adj. saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαὶ the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία, ἰον. -ίη, ἡ, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return: ἡ οὐκ ἄδε σωτηρία a safe return home. 3. a keeping safe: ἐπὶ σωτηρίᾳ for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ὄν, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety. 2. σωτήρια (sc. ἱερά), τά, an offering in return for safety. II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶτρον, τό, (σῶζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the fellow: the iron hoop or tire being ξίστρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ἦσω: poet. σωφρονέω: (σώφρων):—to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate. 2. to learn moderation, to recover one's senses. Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and σωφρονήτειον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων) to moderate, control, chasten. 2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κῶς.

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σώφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σώφρονίζω) one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σωφροσύνη, ἡ, the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σώφρων Ep. σάφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ: neut. σῶφρον: (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

σῶχω, Ion. form for ψῶχω, *to rub to pieces.*

σῶω, Ep. for σῶζω.

T

Τ, τ, ταυ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, $\tau' = 300$, but $\tau = 300,000$.

Changes of τ : in Acol. and Dor., τ into σ , as $\tau\upsilon$ (Lat. *tu*), $\tau\omicron\iota$, $\tau\acute{\epsilon}$, $\tau\upsilon\kappa\omicron\nu$, $\tau\alpha\tau\iota$, etc. for $\sigma\upsilon$, $\sigma\omicron\iota$, $\sigma\acute{\epsilon}$, $\sigma\upsilon\kappa\omicron\nu$, $\phi\eta\sigma\iota$, etc. 2. in new Att., $\tau\tau$ for $\sigma\sigma$, as $\pi\rho\alpha\tau\tau\omega$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}\tau\tau\omega$, for $\pi\rho\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$.

3. in Ion., τ for θ , as $\alpha\upsilon\tau\iota\varsigma$ for $\alpha\upsilon\theta\iota\varsigma$: in the substantive termin. — $\tau\rho\omicron\nu$ for — $\theta\rho\omicron\nu$, as in $\kappa\acute{\omicron}\sigma\mu\eta\tau\rho\omicron\nu$, $\phi\acute{\omicron}\beta\eta\tau\rho\omicron\nu$, for $\kappa\acute{\omicron}\sigma\mu\eta\theta\rho\omicron\nu$, $\phi\acute{\omicron}\beta\eta\theta\rho\omicron\nu$. 4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., as $\pi\acute{\omicron}\lambda\iota\varsigma$, $\pi\acute{\omicron}\lambda\epsilon\mu\omicron\varsigma$, for $\pi\acute{\omicron}\lambda\iota\varsigma$, $\pi\acute{\omicron}\lambda\epsilon\mu\omicron\varsigma$. 5. in Dor. and Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\omicron\varsigma$, $\tau\acute{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\omicron\varsigma$, for $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$, $\tau\acute{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$.

τ , apostroph. for $\tau\epsilon$, and. 2. the particle $\tau\omicron\iota$ is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as $\tau\acute{\alpha}\nu$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}\rho\alpha$, $\mu\epsilon\tau\acute{\alpha}\nu$, for $\tau\omicron\iota$ $\acute{\alpha}\nu$, $\tau\omicron\iota$ $\acute{\alpha}\rho\alpha$, $\mu\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omicron\iota$ $\acute{\alpha}\nu$. 3. the Artic. $\tau\acute{\omicron}$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}$, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\acute{\omicron}\nu$ for $\tau\acute{\omicron}$ $\acute{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\acute{\omicron}\nu$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}$, neut. pl. of $\acute{\omicron}$, $\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, and $\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$. $\tau\alpha\beta\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\eta$, $\eta\varsigma$, η , the Lat. *taberna*, a *tavern*, *inn*: $\tau\rho\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\tau\alpha\beta\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\alpha$ the *Three Taverns*, a place on the Appian Road. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\acute{\omicron}$, Att. contr. for $\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\acute{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\acute{\omicron}$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\iota\alpha$, η , ($\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\epsilon}\omega$) the *office* or *rank* of *Tagus*: generally, *command*, *rule*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\iota\varsigma$, $\epsilon\iota\sigma\alpha$, $\acute{\epsilon}\nu$, aor. 2 pass. part. of $\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ $\sigma\omega$, ($\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$) *to be Tagus*: generally, *to command*, *rule*:—Pass. *to be united under one* $\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$. $\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$) *to be commander* or *ruler*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}$, = $\tau\acute{\alpha}\xi\iota\varsigma$, an *ordering*, *arraying*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$) *authority*: as Collective Noun, the *commanders*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\eta\eta\omicron\nu$, $\tau\acute{\omicron}$, like $\tau\acute{\eta}\gamma\alpha\eta\omicron\nu$, a *frying-pan*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\kappa\lambda\eta\mu\alpha$, $\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$, Att. crasis for $\tau\acute{\omicron}$ $\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\kappa\lambda\eta\mu\alpha$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\mu\alpha$, $\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$, $\tau\acute{\omicron}$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$) an *ordinance*, *command*. 2. a *regular body* of *soldiers*, a *corps*, *division*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\omicron}$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$) an *orderer*, *commander*, *ruler*: esp. as title of the *Chief of Thessaly*. $\tau\alpha\gamma\text{---}\omicron\upsilon\chi\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\omicron}$, ($\tau\alpha\gamma\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\omega$) *be that has the command* or *rule*, a *commander*, *ruler*. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\acute{\omicron}\upsilon$, Att. crasis for $\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\acute{\omicron}\upsilon$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\delta\iota\kappa\omicron\nu$, Att. crasis for $\tau\acute{\omicron}$ $\acute{\alpha}\delta\iota\kappa\omicron\nu$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$, $\epsilon\iota\sigma\alpha$, $\acute{\epsilon}\nu$, aor. I pass. part. of $\tau\acute{\epsilon}\iota\omega$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\theta\eta\eta$, Ep. aor. I pass. of $\tau\acute{\epsilon}\iota\omega$. [$\acute{\alpha}$]

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\iota$, Ep. and Ion. for $\alpha\iota$, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. $\acute{\omicron}$. $\tau\acute{\alpha}\iota\nu\alpha\rho\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\omicron}$, $\acute{\eta}$, also $\tau\acute{\alpha}\iota\nu\alpha\rho\acute{\omicron}\nu$, $\tau\acute{\omicron}$, *Taenarus*, a *promontory* and *town* at the southern extremity of *Laconia*.

$\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\tau\acute{\epsilon}\iota\omega$) a *band*, *riband*, *fillet*, Lat. *taenia*: esp. a *riband* or *headband* worn in token of victory. $\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\omicron\text{---}\pi\omega\lambda\iota\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$, $\pi\omega\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\omega$) a *dealer in ribands*.

$\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\omicron\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ $\acute{\omicron}\omega\omega$, ($\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$) *to bind with a taenia* or *head-band*, esp. as conqueror:—Med. $\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$, *to wear a head-band or fillet*.

$\tau\alpha\iota\upsilon\omicron$, crasis for $\tau\acute{\omicron}$ $\acute{\alpha}\iota\upsilon\omicron$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\kappa\epsilon\iota$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}\kappa\epsilon\iota\omega\eta\omicron\nu$, crasis for $\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\acute{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\iota$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\acute{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\iota\omega\eta\omicron\nu$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\kappa\epsilon\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\alpha}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\tau\alpha\kappa\acute{\eta}\nu\alpha\iota$) *fluid*, *melting*, *soft*, *tender*: metaph. *melting*, *languishing*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\kappa\acute{\eta}\nu\alpha\iota$, aor. 2 pass. inf. of $\tau\acute{\eta}\kappa\omega$.

$\tau\alpha\kappa\tau\acute{\omicron}\kappa\iota\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$) *fit for ordering* or *arranging*, or *fit for military tactics*; $\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\tau\alpha\kappa\tau\acute{\omicron}\kappa\iota\alpha$ *military tactics*.

$\tau\alpha\kappa\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, verb. Adj. of $\tau\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$, *ordered*, *arranged*, *fixed*, *stated*; $\tau\alpha\kappa\tau\acute{\omicron}\nu$ $\acute{\alpha}\rho\gamma\acute{\omicron}\rho\iota\omicron\nu$ a *stated sum*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\kappa\omega$, Dor. for $\tau\acute{\eta}\kappa\omega$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\delta\text{---}\acute{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\tau\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$, $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\omicron\nu$) *enduring labour*, *painful*, *drudging*: generally, *much-enduring*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$, fem. of $\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\varsigma$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ $\acute{\eta}\omega\omega$: pf. $\tau\epsilon\tau\alpha\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\eta\kappa\alpha$: also as Dep. $\tau\alpha\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\acute{\omicron}\mu\alpha\iota$, with $\mathfrak{f}$ med. — $\acute{\eta}\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$, aor. pass. $\acute{\epsilon}\tau\alpha\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\acute{\eta}\theta\eta\eta$: ($\tau\alpha\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\omicron\varsigma$):—*to endure hardship*, *do hard work*: *suffer hardship* or *distress*. II.

trans. *to weary*, *wear out*, *annoy grievously*. Hence $\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\acute{\iota}\alpha$ Ion. — $\acute{\iota}\eta$, $\acute{\eta}$, *hard work*, *severe labour*: in pl. *bodily hardships* or *exertions*. 2. *bodily pain*, *suffering*: *affliction*, *misery*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\pi\omega\rho\omicron\varsigma$, $\omicron\nu$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\varsigma$) *enduring toil*, *laborious*. II. *suffering hardship*, *miserable*. Adv. — $\pi\omega\varsigma$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\iota\text{---}\phi\rho\omega\eta\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, $\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, ($\tau\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$, $\phi\rho\acute{\eta}\nu$) *patient of mind*, *wretched*: also *stout-hearted*, *daring*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\text{---}\kappa\acute{\alpha}\rho\delta\iota\omicron\varsigma$, $\omicron\nu$, ($\tau\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$, $\kappa\alpha\rho\delta\iota\alpha$) *patient of heart*, *stout-hearted*. 2. *much-enduring*, *miserable*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\epsilon\rho\omicron\varsigma$, α , $\omicron\nu$, $\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$, η , $\omicron\nu$, Comp. and Sup. of $\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\varsigma$.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\epsilon\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ ω , ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\omicron\nu$) *to balance*: Pass. *to sway to and fro*, *oscillate*. 2. *to weigh out*, *measure out* by weight.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\alpha\iota\omicron\varsigma$, α , $\omicron\nu$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\omicron\nu$) *worth a talent*. 2. *weighing a talent*.

$\tau\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\iota\zeta\omega$, = $\tau\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\epsilon\omega$, $\mathfrak{f}$ ν .

ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [$\tau\acute{\alpha}$ —], $\tau\acute{\omicron}$, $\acute{\alpha}$, *balance*: in plur. a *pair of scales*. II. *anything weighed*: but mostly used of a *fixed weight*, a *talent*: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. *the talent of weight*: the *Euboic* or *old Attic talent* weighed about 57lb. avoird., and the *Aeginetan* 95. 2. *the talent of money*, i.e. a *talent's weight of silver*, or a *sum of money equivalent to this*, which would make the *Euboic* or *old Attic talent* worth in our money 243*l.* 15*s.* The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. *that which is weighed out* or *apportioned to one*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\text{---}\omicron\upsilon\chi\omicron\varsigma$, $\omicron\nu$, ($\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\tau\omicron\nu$, $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\omega$) *holding the scale* or *balance*: metaph. *turning the scale* of battle.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\delta\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\tau\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$) = $\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\varsigma$, *patient*, *enduring*: hence *bard-fated*, *wretched*.

$\tau\acute{\alpha}\lambda\delta\text{---}\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\iota\omicron\varsigma$, $\omicron\nu$, ($\tau\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$, $\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\alpha$) *one who has suffered much*, epith. of *Ulysses*: hence later *rambling*, *vagabond*.

τᾶλᾱ-πενθής, ἐς, (*τῶλᾱ, πένθος) enduring great woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, toilsome.

ΤΑΪΛΑΡΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, a basket, Lat. *qualus*: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρως, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάρος.

-τάλᾱς, τάλαινα (sometimes τάλαν), τάλαν: gen. ἄνος, αἰνής, ἄνος: voc. τάλᾱν or τάλας: (*τῶλᾱ):—suffering, wretched, Lat. *miser*: enduring, patient: also fool-hardy, headstrong: τάλαν O wretch! Comp. τάλαντερος, α, on: Sup. Τάλαντατος, η, on. [τᾶλᾱς: Dor. also τᾶλᾱς.]

ταλάσειος, α, on, Ion. and Ep. τᾶλᾱσῆος, η, on, (ταλασία) of wool-spinning.

ταλᾱσία, ἡ, (τῶλᾱ) wool-spinning.

ταλᾱσιουργέω, f. ἴσω, (ταλασιουργός) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

ταλᾱσιουργικός, ὅν, of or for wool-spinning. From τᾶλᾱσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, *ἔργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ἡ, a wool-spinner.

ταλᾱσί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τῶλᾱ, φρήν) patient of mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit.

ταλάσσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *τῶλᾱ.

ταλαύ-ρινος, on, (*τῶλᾱ, ῥίνος) with shield of tough bull's-hide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

ταλᾱ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

ΤΑΪΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a marriageable maiden, bride.

τάλλα or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [ᾱ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τᾶμεν Ep. τᾶμεν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τᾶμενον, τό, = ταμειον, a chamber, closet.

τᾶμέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τᾶμσί-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, (τάμνω, χρώς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

τᾶμία, Ep. -ῖη, ἡ, fem. of ταμίας, a housekeeper, housewife: also γυνὴ ταμῖη.

ταμίας Ep. ταμῖς, on, ὁ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer.

ταμῖος τοῦ ἱποῦ the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. 2. = Lat. *quaestor*.

ταμειία, ἡ, (ταμειῶν) the office of steward, house-keeping, management.

II. = Lat. *quaestura*, the quaestorship.

ταμειον, τό, (ταμειῶν) a magazine, storehouse, treasury.

ταμειεύω, ατος, τό, (ταμειῶν) management, house-keeping.

ταμειευτικός, ὅν, of or for housekeeping. II. = Lat. *quaestorius*, of the quaestor or the quaestorship. From

ταμειῶν, f. σω, and Dep. τᾶμειόμαι, f. σομαι: (ταμίας):—to be a housekeeper, manager or steward;

οὐκέτι ταμειύσεις μοι ἱβου *shalt* no longer be my steward. 2. to be quaestor.

II. trans. to serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to husband, save, store up: metaph. to turn to good account.

τᾶμίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

ταμῖς, ου, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τῆμος.

τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμπαλιν.

ταμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ᾧ τάν or ᾧ τᾶν, as a form of address, sir, my good friend.

τάν, Att. crasis for τοι ἄν.

τᾶν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, ἡ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence Ταναγραῖος, α, on, of or from Tanagra.

τᾶνᾱ-ηκής, ἐς, (τᾶνᾱός, ἀκή) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

τᾶναι-μυκος, on, (τᾶνᾱός, μυκάομαι) bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾱῶ-δειρος, on, (τᾶνᾱός, δειρή) long-necked.

τᾶνᾱός, ὅν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ταυνύω, τείνω) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τᾶναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for ταυῖπους.

τᾶνδον or τάνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τάνδρῃ, τάνδρῶς, Att. crasis for τῷ ἀνδρῇ, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (τᾶνᾱός, λέγω) stretching one at length, epith. of death.

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνίκα, Dor. for τῆνίκα.

Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλειος, α, on, of or for Tantalus: and

Ταντάλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάνταλος, ου, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντᾶλῶ, f. ὥσω, (τάλαντον) quasi ταλαντώ, to swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, hurled, dashed down.

τᾶνύ-γλωσσος, on, (τανύω, γλώσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τᾶνν-γλωχῖς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, γλωχῖς) with long point or beard.

τᾶνύ-δρομος, on, (τανύω, δρόμος) running at full stretch.

τᾶνύ-θεῖρος, on, (τανύω, θείρα) long-haired, with flowing hair: fem. also τανυθέριρα.

τανύ-ηκής, ἐς, like ταναήκης, (τανύω, ἀκή) with a long point or long edge.

II. far-stretching.

τᾶνύ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ἡλιξ) of extended age.

τᾶνύ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, θρίξ) long-haired, shaggy.

τᾶνύ-κραῖρος, on, (τανύω, κραιῖρα) long-borned.

τάνύμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend.

τᾶνύ-μῆκης, ἐς, (τανύω, μήκος) long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.

τανύν, Adv., = τὰ νύν, now at present.

ταυνύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) with flowing robe.
 ταυνύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) in long plaits.
 ταυνύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) long-sided, enor-
 mous.

ταυνύ-πους Ep. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εναύω, ποῦς) stretching the feet, long-striding, long-sbanded.

ταυνύ-περος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) shorter form for ταυνούσιπερος.

ταυνύ-πτερός, ον and ταυνύ-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, πτέρυξ) = ταυνύπερος, ταυνούσιπερος.

ταυνύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, ῥίζα) with spreading roots.

ταυνύσειον [ῥ], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ταυνύω.

ταυνύσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ταυνύω.

ταυνύσθηεν, Ep. aor. I pass. of ταυνύω: Ep. 3 pl. ταυνύσθεν.

ταυνύσι-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) with extended wings, long-winged.

ταυνύσσα, Ep. aor. I of ταυνύω.

ταυνύστύς, ὅς, ἡ, (τανύω) a stretching, straining: ταυνύστις τόξον a stringing of the bow.

ταυνύ-σφύρος, ον, (τανύω, σφύρον) with taper ankles.

ταυνύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλούς) with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth.

ταυνύ-φύλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) with long-pointed leaves, of the olive. II. with thick foliage, leafy.

ταυνύω [ῥ]: fut. ὕσω, Ep. also -ῡω: aor. I ἐτάνυσσα Ep. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐτανύσθηεν:

pf. τετάνυσμαι:—Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out: τάνυεν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med.,

τόξον τάνυσσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i.e. to string it: ἡμᾶσι τάνυεν to pull or guide with the reins. 2.

to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length. 3. metaph. to strain, make more intense.

II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend:

aor. I pass. part. ταυνύσθεις, stretched on the ground. 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself,

to run at full stretch.

ταξιάρχης, f. ἦσω, to be a taxiarch or commander of a division. From

ταξι-άρχης, ου, ὁ, = ταξιάρχος.

ταξι-άρχος, ὁ, (τάξις, ἄρχω) a taxiarch, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier. II.

at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) commanding a division of an army.

ταξιύω, f. ὥσω, (τάξις) to arrange, set in order.

τάξις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (τάσσω) an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army. 2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies.

3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo. 4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post. 5.

like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort:

generally, a band, company. II. an arranging, ar-

rangement. 2. an assessment of tribute. III. order; ὕστερον τῇ τάξει later in order. IV.

the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἑχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. 2. one's

duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will. V. an order, class of men.

ΤΑ΄ΕΩΣ, ὁ, the yew tree, Lat. taxus.

ΤΑ΄ΠΕΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, low, Lat. bumilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low. 2. of Condition, Rank,

etc., brought down, bumbled, lowly. 3. bumbled, humiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good

sense, lowly, humble. Hence

τᾶπεινότης, ἡτος, ἡ, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement. 3.

lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility.

τᾶπεινοφροσύνη, ἡ, lowliness of mind. From

τᾶπειν-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταπεινός, φρήν) low-minded, base. 2. lowly in mind, humble.

τᾶπεινός, f. ὥσω, (ταπεινός) to make low, lower, humble, abase: also to make light of a thing. 2. to

cast down, discourage. 3. to make lowly or humble.

ταπεινώς, Adv. of ταπεινός, bumbly, poorly.

τᾶπεινώς, ἡ, (ταπεινώω) a lowering, humbling. 2. lowliness, humility.

ΤΑΠΗΣ, ἡτος, ὁ, Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool. [ᾱ]

τάπί, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικῇ, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπικῇ.

τάπλις, ἴδος, ἡ, later form of τάπης.

τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρῶτα, Adv. for τὰ πρῶτα, at first.

τᾶρα, Att. crasis for τοι ἄρα.

τάραγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble.

τάραγμός, ὁ, (ταράσσω) = τάραξις.

τάρакτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) a thing to stir with: a ladle.

τᾶράκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agitator.

Τᾶραντίνδιον, τό, (Τάρας) a fine Tarentine garment.

Τᾶραντίνος, η, ον, (Τάρας) Tarentine.

τᾶραξι-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) heart-troubling, vexing the heart.

τᾶραξ-ἱππό-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) troubling troops of horse.

τᾶραξις, ἡ, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.

Τάρας, αντος, ὁ, also ἡ, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

ΤΑ΄ΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. ταραξώ contr. θράξω: aor. I ἐτάραξα: Pass., fut.

ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταραξομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐταράχθηεν: pf. τετάραγμαi:—to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; ταρασσειν τὸν θῖνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke. 2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—Pass. to be in disorder. 3. of political matters, to

agitate, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy.

II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. pf. *ταρῆχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. *ταρῆχει*: part. *ταρῆχώς*, *vā*, troublous, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάρᾱχῇ, ἡ, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

τάρᾱχος, ὁ, (*ταράσσω*) = *τάρᾱχῇ*.

τάρᾱχ-ῶδης, ἐς, (*ταραχῇ*, εἶδος) troublous, fond of troubling or perplexing.

II. troubled, disordered: confused:—Adv. -*ῶς*, in confusion.

ταρβάλεος, α, ὄν, (*τάρβος*) frightened, fearful.

ταρβέω, ἑ, ἦσω, (*τάρβος*) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: *τὸ ταρβεῖν* the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΟΣ, εὖς, τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for *τάρβος*.

ταρβόσυνος, η, ὄν, (*τάρβος*) affrighted.

τάργα or *τάργα*, Att. crasis for *τὰ ἔργα*.

ταργύριον, Att. crasis for *τὸ ἀργύριον*.

τάρχεια Ion. -*η*, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) a preserving, pickling, salting: *ταριχηαί* were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάρχεισιν, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) = *ταριχεύω*, an embalming.

τάρχειντής, οὔ, ὁ, (*ταριχεύω*) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

ταριχευτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From *ταριχεύω*, ἑ, -*εύσω*, (*τάριχος*) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies.

II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; *τεμάχη* *ταριχευμένα* preserved, pickled meat.

III. metaph. in Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάρichiον, τό, Dim. of *τάριχος*. [π]

τάρichoπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From *τάρicho-πωλέω*, ἑ, ἦσω, (*τάριχος*, *πωλέω*) to sell dried or salt fish.

II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάρichος, οὐ, ὁ, or *τάρichος*, εὖς, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy.

II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπῆναι Ep. -*ῆμεναι*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τέρπω*.

ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for *ταρσός*.

Ταρσεύς, εὖς, ὁ, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρσός Att. *ταρρός*, ὁ, (*τέρσομαι*) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. crates, for drying cheeses on: also a flat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like *τάλαρος*.

II. any broad, flat surface; *ταρσός* *ποδός* the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel.

2. *ταρσός* *καπέως* the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. *palmlula*: generally, an oar.

3. *ταρσός* *πτέρυγος* the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, α, ὄν, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: irreg. pl. *Τάρταρα* (as in Lat., *Tartarus*, *Tartara*):—*Tartarus*, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, *Tartarus* was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, ἑ, ὥσω, to hurl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, οἱ, *ταρφέα*, τά, pl. of *ταρφύς*.

ταρφεύς, ἄ, ὄν, = *ταρφύς*, thick, close, frequent.

ταρφήν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφῃ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

ταρφος, εὖς, τό, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΦΥ΄Σ, εἴα or *ύς*, *ύ*, thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. *ταρφέα* as Adv., oftentimes, often. The Ep. fem. *ταρφεαί* belongs to *ταρφεύς*: if referred to *ταρφύς*, it must be written *ταρφεαί*.

ταρχύω, ἑ, ὥσω, shortened form of *ταριχεύω*, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (*τείνω*) a stretching, straining. [ᾱ]

ΤΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -*ττω* fut. *τάσω*: aor. I *έτασα*: pf.

τέταχα: Pass. fut. *ταχθήσομαι*, and paulo-p. fut.

τετάξομαι: aor. I *έταχην*: aor. 2 *έταγην* [ᾱ]: pf.

τέταγμα:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., *ἐπὶ*

τεσσάρων *ταξάμενοι* *τὰς ναῦς* having drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., *τάξασθαι* to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle.

2. to post, station.

3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—Pass. to be appointed to do, *τοῦτο τετάγμεθα* this we have been charged to do.

4. to order, command, give instructions.

5. to assign to a class.

6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—Med. to agree to pay a sum, *χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι* having covenanted to return the money: absol. in part. *ταξάμενος*, paying at intervals or by instalments.

7. to assign or impose punishments.

8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ *τεταγμένος* *χρόνος* the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for *τητάω*.

τάτιον, Att. crasis for *τὸ αἶτιον*.

τάττω, Att. for *τάσσω*.

ταύρειος, α, ὄν, also εὖς, ὄν, (*ταῦρος*) of bulls, oxen or cows, Lat. *taurinus*: in Homer, of bull's-bide.

ταυρ-ελάτης, οὐ, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *εἰλάνω*) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.

ταῦρος, α, ὄν, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταύριος*.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (*ταῦρος*) like a bull: savagely, Lat. *torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, οὐ, (*ταῦρος*, *βαλεῖν*) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, οὐ, (*ταῦρος*, *βορά*) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γαστρω, ορος, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *γαστήρ*) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls*: fem. ταυρο-δέτις, ἰδος.

ταυρό-κερος, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) *with bull's horns*.

ταυρό-κράνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κράνον) *bull-beaded*.

ταυροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, *to slaughter or sacrifice bulls*; with cognate acc., ταυροκτονέω βούς. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying*. II. proparox. ταυρόκτονος, *slain by a bull*.

ταυρο-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed*.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πᾶτηρ) *sprung from a bull*.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) *hunting bulls*, epith. of Diana.

ταυρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) *bull-footed*.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a bull*: joined with another Subst., ταῦρος βούς, like σὺς κάπρος.

ταυροσφάγειν, f. ἦσω, *to cut a bull's throat*; ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος *to cut its throat* (so that the blood runs) *into a hollow shield*. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*. [ἄ]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) *bull-eating*: *a beef-eater*.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, *φένω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*.

ταυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ταῦρος) *to change into a bull*:—Pass., ταυρόμαι, *to be or become savage as a bull*, *to look savagely at*, *eye savagely*.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same*.

ταῦτη, also ταυτή, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. *in this way or manner*.

ταυτί [τῆ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό. Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, *the same*.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταυτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said*, *tautologous*.

ταυτομάτως, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματос, *what falls out by accident*, *a hap, chance*; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, *for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance*: cf. αὐτόματος.

τάφει, in Pindar for ἐτάφει, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see τέθηπα.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφίος.

τάφεις, ὤς, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead*, *a burial*.

ΤΑΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial*, Lat. *sepultura*: *a mode of burial*: in plur. *a burial-place*.

ταφήριος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) *of a burial or a grave*; φᾶρος ταφήριον *a burial-cloth*, winding-sheet, shroud.

ταφήναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ἄ], α, ον, (τάφος) *of a grave*; τάφιος λίθος *a gravestone*.

τάφόδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφόδια.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ἄ], ὁ, (θάπτω) *a burial*, Lat. *funus*: also *a*

funeral-feast, wake; τάφον τυχεῖν *to obtain the rites of burial*. II. *the grave, tomb*: in plur. *a burial-place*.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ἄ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment, amazement*.

Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρέω, f. σω, (τάφρος) *to make a ditch*.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, *a ditch, trench*; τάφρον ἐλαύνειν *to draw a trench*.

τάφών, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) *quickly, soon*, Lat. *statim*. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, *probably, perhaps*, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

ταχέως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly*.

ταχίνος, ὁ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, *swift, speedy*.

τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of ταχύς, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see ταχύς.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ταχύς, *quickest, swiftest*.

ταχίων, ονος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [ἱ]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness*; τάχος ψυχῆς *quickness of mind*. II.

τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly, with speed*; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅτε τάχος, like ὡς or ὅτε τι τάχιστα, *with all speed*; ὡς εἶχον τάχος as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*.

ταχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) *quick or hasty of counsel*.

ταχύ-δάκρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears*.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running*.

ταχύ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working*.

ταχύ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἐρέσσω) *fast-rowing*.

ταχύ-μηνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger*.

ταχύ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother*.

ταχύ-μυρος, ον, (ταχύς, μύρος) *quick-dying, short-lived*.

ταχύ-ναυτέω, (ταχύς, ναῦτος) *to sail fast*.

ταχύνω [ῶ], f. ὕνω, (ταχύς):—*to make quick, to hasten, to urge on*. II. intr. *to make haste, speed*.

ταχύ-πειθής, ες, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded, credulous*.

ταχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending, quick-sailing*.

ταχύ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πύρος) *quick-passing, quick of motion*.

ταχύ-πότμος, ον, (ταχύς, πότμος) *quick-fated, short-lived*. [ῦ]

ταχύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift beels, swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*,
ταχύ-πῶλος, ον, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet*
borses. [ῥ]

ταχύρ-ροθος, ον, (ταχύς, ῥοθέω) *rustling rapidly*,
ταχύρ-ρωστος, ον, (ταχύς, ῥώομαι) *borne quickly*
along, quick-rustling.

TAXYΣ, εἰα, ὅ, *quick, swift, fast, fleet.* 2. of
events, *quick, speedy.* II. Comparison: 1.
regul. Comp. τάχύτερος, α, *on only in Ion.* 2.
irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θάσσων, gen.
ονος; neut. θάττων, also used as Adv. *more*
quickly. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ῥ], neut. ιον:
Sup., τάχιστος, η, ον; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv.,
most quickly, most speedily; ὅτι τάχιστα as *soon as*
may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, τὴν ταχί-
στην (sub. ὁδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way, i. e.*
most quickly.

ταχύ-σκαρῆμος, ον, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*,
ταχύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*,
ταχύ-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips*
run quickly, of a flute.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.
TAΩΣ, ὁ, gen. ταῶν, acc. ταῶν; nom. pl. ταῶ:
another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl.
ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. *PAVO*, a *peacock*: metaph.
of *coxcombs*.

TE, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as
καί answers to *et*. When it stands before another
τε or before *καί*, it takes the sense of *both*: εἰδὸς *τε*
μέγεθός τε, *both in form and in size*; αὐτοὶ *τε καὶ*
ἵπποι, *both themselves and their horses.* II. in
Ep. and Ion., *τε* is attached to Relatives, without
altering their sense, as, ὅστε, ὅσος *τε*, etc., which is
to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pro-
nouns were originally Demonstratives, and required
to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they
gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained
as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός *τε*, ἐφ' ᾧ *τε*. It
is also joined in like manner with many relat. Adv. as
ἐνθα *τε*, ὅτε *τε*, ὡσεὶ *τε*, ἵνα *τε*, ἀλλὰ *τε*, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.
τέ', apostroph. for τεά, neut. pl. of τεός.

TEΓΓΩ, fut. τέγξω: aor. I ἐτέγξα: aor. I pass.
ἐτέγχην:—to *wet, moisten*, esp. *with tears*: to *bedew*
with tears. 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα
to *shed tears*: Pass., ὄμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was
poured, fell. II. to *soften, melt*: metaph. to
soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III.
to *dye, stain*, Lat. *tingere*: metaph. to *stain or mix*
with anything else.

Τεγέα Ion. -έη, ἡ, Τεγεα, in Arcadia. Hence
Τεγεάτης [α] Ion. -ήτης, ὁ, a man of Tegea, a
Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) *the land of*
Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for a Tegeate.
τέγος, ον, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the*
roof.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, like στέγος, a roof, covering of a

house or room, Lat. *tectum*. II. a room, chamber,
garret: a *brothel*.

τεθᾶλα, τεθᾶλῶς, ὅτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.
τεθᾶλῦα, Ep. for τεθηλῦα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.
τεθάμφαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάμψω.

τεθάμμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.
τεθόφᾳται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθόφομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθείσται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.

τεθεμελίωτο, 3 sing pass. plqpf. of θεμελιώω.

τέθηκα, pf. pass. of θήγω.

τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.

τεθήνη, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τέθηθα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use:
—intr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly
used in part. τεθνήσκας: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf.
ἐτεθήσκα.

II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτά-
φον, with part. ταφών, astonished or amazed.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.

τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, α, ον, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, stated,

regular, Lat. *solenius*: generally, *due, fitting*.

τεθμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, that which is
fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τεθνάθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκει.

τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάμεν, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάμεναι, τεθνάμεναι [α], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήσκον, Att. for τεθνήσκον, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάει, [α], rarely τεθνάναι, pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήσκει, for τεθνήσκει, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνεώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

τεθνεώς, -ῶτος, ὁ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκει; fem.

τεθνεῶσα; neut. τεθνεώς and τεθνεός.

τεθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήσομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήσκον, -ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut.

part. pf. of θνήσκει: Ep. gen. τεθνηστός, acc. -ῶτα:

but the fem. is τεθνηκυῖα formed from the orig.
τεθνηκώς.

τεθνός, poet. for τεθνεώς.

τεθορεῖν, redupl. for θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκει.

τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

τεθρ-ἡμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) a time of four
days.

τεθριππο-βάμων [α], ονος, ὁ, (τέθριππος, βαῖνω)
driving a four-horsed chariot: a driver of four horses.

τεθριππο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (τέθριππος, βαῖνω) driver of
a four-horsed chariot. [βα]

τέθρι-ππος, ον, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four horses
yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό,
a four-horsed chariot; τέθριππον ἵππων a team of
four abreast.

τεθριπποτρόφεω, f. ἴσω, to keep a four-horsed
chariot. From

τεθριππο-τρόφος, ον, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) keeping

a four-horsed chariot; *θεθριπποτρόφος* οἰκία a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθυωμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τέ, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τεῖν, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [*ῖ*]

τεῖδε, Dor. for *ῥῖδε*, *this way, here*.

τεῖνα, Ep. for *ἔτεινα*, aor. I of *τεῖνω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ: f. *τεῖνω*: aor. I *ἔτεινα*: pf. *τέτᾱκα*: Pass.,

aor. I *ἐτάθην* [*ᾱ*]: pf. *τέτᾱκα*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf.

τέτᾱτο, 3 dual *τετάσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch,

strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τεῖναι* to stretch

the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to

the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taught;

ναὸς πόδα τεῖναι to keep the sheet taught; *νύξ τέ-*

ταται *βροτοῖσιν* night is spread over mankind. II.

to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay pro-

strate; *ταθεῖς ἐπὶ γαίῃ* stretched upon the ground. III.

metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:

—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense; also,

to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be

anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2.

to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards ..: absol.

to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach

a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer,

belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* ..: *τείνει ἐς σέ*

it has reference to you.

τεῖος, Adv., Ep. for *τέως*, *τέως*.

τείρεα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *ἔτειρον*; only found in pres. and

impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away,

wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, dis-

tressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τειχεῖσαι-πλήρης, ov, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *πελάω*) *approacher*,

assailer, stormer of walls.

τειχέω, f. ἦσω, (*τείχος*) to build walls: to build. II.

to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τειχ-ήρης, es, (*τείχος*, *ἀραρεῖν*) enclosed by walls, be-

leaguered, besieged.

τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I *ἐτείχισα*: pf. *τετέ-*

χικα: Pass., pf. *τετείχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τε-*

τείχιστο: (*τείχος*):—to build a wall, generally, to

build; *τείχος τεχίσασθαι* to build oneself a wall:

3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετείχιστο*, impers., there were

buildings. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be

walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τειχόεις, es, ev, (*τείχος*) walled.

τειχίον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a wall, mostly of the

walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town

(*τείχος*, *τείχη*).

τειχίστις, ἡ, (*τειχίζω*) the work of walling, building

a wall.

τειχίσμα, ατος, τό, (*τειχίζω*) a wall or fort, a

raised fortification.

τειχισμός, ὁ, (*τειχίζω*)=*τειχίστις*.

τειχοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build a wall or fort. From

τειχο-δόμος, ov, (*τείχος*, *δέμω*) building a wall.

τειχομάχew, f. ἦσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τειχομαχεῖν δυνατόι* skilled in conducting sieges. From

τειχο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *μάχομαι*) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [*ᾱ*]

τειχομαχία Ion. -*ία*, ἡ, (*τειχομαχέω*) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

τειχο-μελής, és, (*τείχος*, *μέλος*) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

τειχο-ποιός, ὄν, (*τείχος*, *ποιέω*) building walls or forts: οἱ *τειχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, εος, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τειχέων* *κιθῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τείχεα ῥήσασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοιχος*, *τείχων*,

as Lat. *murus*, *moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort:

a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *φύλαξ*) one that

guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύριον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τείως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκνέιν, *τεκέσθαι*, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

τεκμαίρομαι: fut. *τεκμαρῶμαι*: aor. I *ἐτεκμηρά-*

μην: Dep.: (*τέκμαρ*):—to fix by a mark or bound-

dary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint:

to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs

and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ*

καινὰ τοῖς πάλαι to judge of new by old events: to

conjecture. III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to

show by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμαρ*, τό, a fixed mark or bound-

dary, a goal, end; *Ἰλίου τέκμαρ* the end of Troy:

generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an

end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token,

a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ἡ, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a concluding from

signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way

or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμήριον, τό, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a sure sign or token,

a positive proof; *τεκμήριον* *δέ* is sometimes put in an

independent clause, here is the proof. II. in

Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the

fallible *σημείον*. Hence

τεκμηριώω, f. ὠσω, to give a token or proof, to show

or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure

sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = *τεκνίον*.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (*τεκνογόνος*) to bear children. Hence

τεκνογονία, ἡ, child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ov, (*τέκνον*, **γένω*) begetting or bear-

ing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ov, (*τέκνον*, *κτείνω*) child-murdering.

τεκνολητήρ, ἦρος; ὁ, (τέκνον, ἄλλυμι) *losing* or *having lost one's children*: fem. **τεκνολέτειρα**, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, ον, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child*, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, **τέκνον ἔμω**, *my son*: sometimes with masc. Adj., **φίλε τέκνον**. 2. of animals, *the young*.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ἥσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children*, of the mother;—Med. *to beget children*, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

τεκνοποιία, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

τεκνο-ποινος, ον, (τέκνον, ποιή) *child-avenging*.

τεκνο-ποιός, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τεκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ἥσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οἶσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) contr. from **τεκνοῦεις**, οἶσσα, οὖν, *having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγν) *eating children*.

τεκνοφονέω, *to murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ον, (τέκνον, *φένω) *child-murdering*,

τεκνώω, f. ὥσω (τέκνω) *to furnish with children*.

II. *to beget children*, of the father:—Med. of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., **χθὼν ἔτεκνώσατο τέκνα** *the earth gave birth to her children*: also of wealth, etc.:—Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, εως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of **τίκτω**.

τέκων, Ep. aor. 2 of **τίκτω**.

τέκος, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. **τέκεσσι**, **τεκέεσσι**: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for **τέκνον**, *a child*.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτῆναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of **τεκταίνομαι**.

τεκτῆναιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of **τεκταίνομαι**.

τεκτονεῖον, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., **τεκτονικός**, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ **τεκτονική** (sub. **τέχνη**) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder*: *carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; **νῆών τεκτων** *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*. 2. any craftsman or workman, a master of any art; hence of the art of poetry, **τέκτονες ὕμνων** *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver*, *plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τεκών, aor. 2 part. of **τίκτω**.

ΤΕΛΑ-ΜΩ'Ν, ὄνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leathern strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελέεις, εσσα, εν, shortened form of **τελήεις**.

ΤΕΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. **τελέθεσκε**:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From

τέλειος or **τέλεος**, α, ον, in Att. also ος, ον: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, **ἱερὰ τέλεια** *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; **τέλειος ἀνὴρ** *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*. 4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*: **ἀρὰ τέλεια** *a curse working its own fulfilment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; **τέλειος ἀνὴρ** *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*.

τελειώω or **τελεώω**, f. ὥσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of **τελέω**.

τέλειω, Ep. for **τελέω**.

τελείως, doubtful form for **τελέως**.

τελείωσις, ἡ, (τελειώω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

τελειωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τελειώω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; **ἀροτος τελεόμηνος**, i. e. *a full twelvemonth*.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of **τελέω**.

Τελέοντες, οἱ, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τελέω III), *Priests*.

τέλεος, α, ον, (τέλος) = **τέλειος**.

τέλεια, Aeol. aor. I opt. of **τελέω**.

τελεσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of **τελέω**.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, outlay*.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of **τελέω**.

τελεσσι-δότειρα, ἡ, poët. for **τελεσιδ-**, (τέλος, δίδωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

τελεσιφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for **τελεσιφρων**, (τέλεω, φρήν) *working its complete will*.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*. II. plur. **τελεστήρια**, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

τελίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for **τελεστής**, (τελέω) *a magistrate*.

τελεσφόρῳ, f. ἥσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τελεσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; **τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτὸν** *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*. II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; **πεσὺν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον** *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powerless, idle*. 2.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελούμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελούντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευτάω, f. ἤσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελεύτησθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II.

τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίον to make an end of life. 2.

intrans. to come to an end, finish; αἱ εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ὥσα, ὧν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κὰν ἐρίγνετο πληγὴ τελευτώσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτέω, Ion. for στελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες. τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end, of βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτοιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσῃα, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω. τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ: aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. εἰομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελέομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere; to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππέας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἑλλᾶνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀσσοὺς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διωνύσω τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερὰ to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; ῥέζειν τεληέσσας ἐκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τεληέντες οἰωνοὶ birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις).

II. τεληεῖς ποταμοί, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΑΔΩ: f. τελῶ: aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἐτείλαμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἡλίου τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίον, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλος, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω n), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρῆσθαι to farm a tax; λύνει τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advantageous, like λυσιτελέω. 2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

sessed: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. *consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation*, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, *the mysteries themselves*. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. *towards the end or term*.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλσον ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ὄνος, ὁ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες σήτες mischievous moths.

τελωνέα, ἡ, ὡς, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ἀνέομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ἡ, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, αἶος, ἡ, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ὁ, ὄν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελωνιον, τό, (τελωνέα) a toll-house, custom-house.

τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ὄν, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλὰς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [ἱ], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ἡ ἄκρα ἡ Τεμενίτης the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land.

II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called τέμενος Νείλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάννω: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμείν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμύσμαι: aor. 2 ἐταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτμήσθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim.

2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὅρια τάνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum.

III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῖρα τάνυσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάνυσθαι to hew stone wrought or hewn.

2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν to contrive a means.

3. τέμνειν γῆν, πεδίον, to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc.

IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide.

V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἄρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν ὁχέους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδούς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδὸν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to hold a middle course.

2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go.

VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempé, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τενᾶγιτης [ἱ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτης, ἰδος, used as Adj., shallow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΔΩ Att. τένω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τένθελα, ἡ, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, ὄντος, ὁ, (τένω) a sineu, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκω.

τίο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog.

τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen.

of enclit. τίς.

τίο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

τεοῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

τίοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίς.

τεός, ὅ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

τερᾶζω, ἡ, ὥσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμον or τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber: only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen. ατος Ep. αος Ion. εος, τό: plur., nom. τεράτᾱ Ep. τεράᾱ contr. τερά: Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τεράσι Ep. τεράεσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent.

II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τέρεα.

τερα-σκότος, ὄν, ποῖθ. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ὄν, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ἡ, (τεραπεύομαι) a dealing in the marvels, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portenta loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor.

τερατολόγῳ, ἡ, ὡς, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ἡ, (τερατολόγῳ) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ὄν, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents.

II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ὄν, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τερατουργία, ἡ, a working of wonders. From

τεράτ-ουργός, ὄν, (τέρας, ἔργω) wonder-working.

τερᾶτ-ώδης, ες, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τερᾶτ-ωπός, όν, (τέρας, ὤψ) with a marvellous face; τερατωπός ιδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβινθίνος, η, όν, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ή, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβιν-ώδης, ες, (τερεβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΪΝΑ, fem. of τέρην.

τέρειμον, τό, = τέραμινον.

τέρενος, η, όν, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίξω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

τερέτισμα, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. From

τέρεω, f. ήσω and έσω, (τέρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, όνος, ή, the wood-worm, Lat. teredo.

τέρην, ενιά, εν, gen. τέρενος, είνης, ενος, etc.: (τέρω): —worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener:—

Comp. τερενώτερος.

τερηρεύομαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρηριος, ός, (τέρηρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρηρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΟΠΟΝ, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. meta. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at.

II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries. 2. metaph. the finishing point: the acmé, height, summit.

τερμινθίνος, η, όν, = τερεβινθίνος.

τερμινθος, ή, = τερεβινθος.

τερμίοεις, εσσα, εν, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; ασπίς τερμίοεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτών τερμίοεις a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμιος, α, όν, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, τερμία ήμέρα the day of death.

τερμόνιος, α, όν, (τέρμα) at the far-end.

τέρμων, όνος, ός, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an end.

τερπι-κέραυνος, όν, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, ή, όν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. τερπνότερος, -ότατος. Hence

τερπνώς, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I έτερφα:—Pass., aor. I έτερφθην or έταρφθην: aor. 2 έταρπην, inf. ταρπῆναι Ep. ταρπήμεναι, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. τρᾶπείω, τρᾶπείομεν:—Med. aor. I έτερψάμην: aor. 2 έταρπόμην, Ep. redupl. τεταρπόμην, τεταρπετο, I pl. subj. τεταρπάμεσθα, part. τεταρπόμενος:—to delight, please. II. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry:—absol., πῖνε καὶ τέρπου drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. rei, to have enough of, have one's

full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc.,

τέρπεσθαι όνησιν, to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπωλή, ή, poet. for τέρψις, delight.

τερσαίνω: aor. I έτέρσωνα Ep. τέρσηνα: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; αίμα μέλαν τέρσηνε be dried up the black blood. Cp. τέρσομαι.

τερσιά, ή, like τρσιά, τρσιά, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΨΟΜΑΙ: aor. 2 inf. τερσῆναι Ep. τερσήμεναι (but no indic. έτέρσων occurs):—to be or become dry,

to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., όσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. τέρσω occurs

in Alexandr. poets, = τερσαίνω.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of τέρπομαι.

τερψίμ-βροτος, όν, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψίμ-voos, όν, (τέρπω, νόος) gladdening the heart.

τέρψις, εως, ή, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρᾱ, ή, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichoré, one of the nine Muses.

τερψί-χορος, όν, (τέρπω, χορός) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of τέσσερες.

τεσσαρά-βοιός, όν, (τέσσαρα, βοῖς) worth four steers.

τεσσαρά-καί-δεκα, τά, see τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα.

τεσσαράκαϊδεκά-δυρος, όν, (τεσσαρακαϊδεκα, δῶρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκ-έτης, όν, (τεσσαρακαϊδεκα, έτος) fourteen years old: fem. -έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τεττάρᾱκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (τέσσερες) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [pā]

τεσσαράκοντᾱ-έτης, όν, ός, and -ετής, ές, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, όν, (τεσσαράκοντα, όργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντ-ούτης, όν, ός, contr. for τεσσαρακονταέτης.

τεσσαράκοστός, ή, όν, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. quadragesimus. II. ή τεσσαρακοστή (sub. μοῖρα):

1. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. 2. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. τεσσάρων; dat. τέσσασι poet. τέτρασι:—Att. τέτταρες, τέτταρα: in Ion. prose τέσσερες, τέσσαρα, dat. pl. τέτταροι: Dor. τέττροες or τέτορες: Acol. πίσυρες:—four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσαῖρες-καί-δεκα Ion. τεσσerec-, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. = τέσσαρες καὶ δέκα, fourteen: the neut. form

τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα is very rare. Hence

τεσσαῖρεσκαϊδεκάτος, η, όν, Ion. τεσσerecκ-, ibe fourteenth.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for τεσσαράκοντα.

τέσσερες, τέσσαρα, Ion. for τέσσερες, τέσσαρα.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv.
 τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.
 τεταγών, ὄντος, ὁ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; ῥῥιπε ποδὸς τεταγάν he threw him *taking*
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of τεῖνω.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.
 τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τεῖνω.
 τετάνος, ὄν, (τεῖνω) stretched, strained, smooth.
 τετάνος, ὁ, (τεῖνω) a stretching, straining: tension.
 τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνω.
 τετάβομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταρασσω:—hence
 Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, -πώμεσθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρω.
 τεταρταῖος, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days:
 on the fourth day.
 τεταρτή-μόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth
 part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τετάρτος Ep. τέταρτος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth,
 Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth
 time. II. ἡ τετάρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the fourth
 day. 2. (sub. μοῖρα), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τεῖνω.
 τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεῖνω.
 τετάδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετέλεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.
 τετεύχομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.
 τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.
 τετεύχεται, τετεύχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχημαι, inf. τετεύχησθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without
 any pres. τεύχέω in use:—to be armed.
 τέτηκα, intr. pf. of τίκω.
 τετίμηαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τιέω in use,
 to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn:—used in
 2 dual τετίησθον; but more commonly in part. τι-
 ημένος, τετιημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase τετιημένος ἦτορ grieved at heart.
 τετιηώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. τιέω in
 use, = τετιημένος, grieved, sorrowing.
 τετίμμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τετίμησθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάω.
 τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίνω.
 τέτλα, shortd. for τετλάθι.
 τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάω.
 τετλαῖην, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ᾶ], Ep. pf. inf. of *τλάω;
 but τέτλαμεν, 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of τλάω.
 τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμι.
 τετλήγος, νῖα, gen. ὄτος, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.

τέτηκα, pf. of τέμνω.
 τετηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
 τετηγώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.
 τέτμοιμεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέμνω.
 τέτμον, Ep. for ἐτέμνον, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of.
 τετοκώς, τετοκυῖα, pf. part. of τίκω.
 τέτορες, οἱ, αἱ, τέτορα, τό, Dor. for τέσσαρες.
 τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τέρω.
 τετρα-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρα-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαῖνω) four-
 footed, quadruped. [βᾶ]
 τετρα-γλῶχῖς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τετρα-, γλῶχῖς) with four
 points or angles, square.
 τετρα-γῦος, ον, (τέτρα-, γύα) as large as four acres
 (γύαι) of land. II. τετράγωνον, τό, as Subst., a
 measure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετραγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to
 stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετραγών-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρα-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal
 angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square,
 a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
 ratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, per-
 fect. III. τετράγωνος ἀριθμός a square number,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετράδιον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [ᾶ]
 τετρα-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα-, ἐλίσσω) four times wound
 or coiled.
 τετρα-έτης, es, (τετρα-, ἔνος) = τετραετής. [ᾶ]
 τετρα-ἐτής, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἔτος) four years old. II.
 of four years.
 τετρα-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with
 four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a
 four-horsed chariot.
 τετρα-θελυμνος, ον, (τετρα-, θελυμνος) of four lay-
 ers; τετραθέλυμνος σάκος a shield of four ox-bides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 ἐτέτηνα Ep.
 τέτηνα: aor. 1 pass. ἐτετράνην: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑΨ), fut. τρήσω: aor. ἔτηρησ: pf. pass. τέ-
 τηρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.
 τετρα-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. -ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί,
 δέκα, ἔτος) fourteen years old.
 τετρα-κερως, ον, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-horned. [ᾶ]
 τετρα-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beaded.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [ᾶ]
 τετρακισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times
 ten thousand, forty thousand. [ῥ]
 τετρακισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) four thou-
 sand. [χῖ]
 τετρα-κλινος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρα-κνώμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-,
 κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked
 wheel.

τετρά-κόρυμβος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) *with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.*

τετρά-κόρωνος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) *four times a crow's age.*

τετρακόσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) *four-hundred.* Hence τετρακόσιοστος, *ή, όν*, *the four-hundredth.*

τετρακτίς, *ός, ή*, (τετράς) *the number four.*

τετρα-κύκλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) *four-wheeled.*

τετρά-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) *a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.*

τετρά-μετρος, *ov*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) *consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. στίχος), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.*

τετρά-μηνιαίος, *α, ov*, and τετράμηνος, *ov*, (τετρα-, μήν) *of four months, lasting four months.*

τέτραμμαι, *pf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετράμοιρα, *ή*, *a fourfold portion.* From τετρά-μοιρος, *ov*, (τετρά-, μοίρα) *consisting of four parts, fourfold.*

τετρανήϊος, *aor. I pass. part. of τετραίνω.*

ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, *άγος*, and άκος, *ό*, *prob. the pbeasant, Lat. avis Pbeasianus.*

τετραορία, *ή*, *a four-horsed chariot.* From τετρά-ορος *contr. τέτρωρος, ov*, (τετρα-, αείρω) *yoked four together; τετράορον άρμα a four-horsed chariot.* II. *four-legged. [α]*

τετρά-πάλαι, *Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.*

τετρά-παλαιστος, *ov*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) *of four spans, four spans long or broad.*

τετρά-πηγος, *v, gen. eos*, (τετρά-, πήγος) *four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.*

τετράπλάσιος, *α, ov*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus. [πλά]*

τετρά-πλευρος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πλευρά) *four-sided.*

τετράπλη, *Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.*

τετραπλόος, *η, ov contr. -πλοός, ή, ούν*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλόον = τετραμοίρια, a fourfold portion.*

τετρά-ποδῆδόν, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet.*

τετρά-ποδιότης, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours.*

τετρά-πολις *poët. τετράπολις, εως, ή*, (τετρά-, πόλις) *of, with four cities.*

τετρά-πολος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πολέω) *turned up or ploughed four times.*

τετρά-πους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό*, (τετρά-, πούς) *four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds.* II. *of four feet in length.*

τετρά-πτερος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πτερόν) *four-winged.* Hence

τετρα-περῦλλις, *ιδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.*

τετρά-πτύλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, πτίλον) *four-winged.*

τέτραπτο, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-πολις, *ή, poët. for τετράπολις.*

τετράρ-ρῦμος *or τετρά-ρῦμος, ov*, (τετρα-, ρῦμος) *with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.*

τετραρχέω, *to be a tetrarch.* From

τετράρχης, *ov, ό*, (τετρα-, άρχω) *a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country.* Hence τετραρχία, *ή*, *a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.*

τετράς, *άδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) *the number four.* 2. *the fourth day.*

τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) *four-legged, four-footed.*

τετρα-στάτηρος, *ov*, (τέτρα-, στάτήρ) *worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.*

τετρα-σύλλαβος, *ov*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) *of four syllables.*

τετρά-σώματος, *ov*, (τετρα-, σώμα) *with four bodies.*

τέτταρος, *η, ov, poët. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut.*

τὸ τέταρον *as Adv., for the fourth time.*

τετρά-τρυφος, *ov*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) *broken or beat may be broken into four pieces.*

τέτταρα, *pf. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φάλῆρος, *ov*, *of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά]*

τετρά-φάλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, φάλος) *of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλος.*

τετράφᾶται, -φάτο, *Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετράφθω, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φύλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, φυλή) *divided into four tribes.*

τέτταρα, *Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.*

τετράχη, *Adv. = τέτραχα.*

τετραχθά, *Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.*

τετρά-χους, *ov contr. -χους, ov*, (τετρα-, χους) *holding four χους.*

τετρά-χορδος, *ov*, (τετρα-, χορδή) *four-stringed:—as Subst., τὸ τετραχορδον, the tetracord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.*

τετρά-χυτος, *ov*, (τετρα-, χύτος) *made of four pots.*

τετρεμαίνω, *redupl. form of τρέπω, to tremble.*

τέτρημαι, *pf. pass. of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηνα, *Ep. for έτέτρηνα, aor. I of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηχα, *intr. pf. with pres. signif. of ταρασσω; part. fem. τετρηχῦα; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρήχει.*

τετρίγει, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίζω. [τ]*

τετρίγων, *τετρινγία, pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τετρίγως, *τετρινγίως, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τέτρημαι, *pf. pass. of τρίζω.*

τετρά-όργγιος, *ov*, (τετρα-, όργγια) *four fathoms long or broad.*

τέτροφα, *pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω.*

τετρῦσθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τρύω.*

τετράβολος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὀβολός) weighing or worth four obols :—as Subst., τετράβολον, τό, a four-obol piece.

τετρώκοστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαράκοστος, fortieth.

τέτρωμαι, pf. pass. of τετρώσκω.

τετρώρος, *ον*, contr. for τετράρορος.

τετρώροφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὄροφή) of four stories.

τετρώρυγος, *ον*, more correct form of τετρώργιος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father*, like ἄττα, πάππα.

τετταράκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-.

τεττιγο-φόρος, *ον*, (τέττις, φέρω) wearing a τέττις or cicada : epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες.

τεττιγ-ώδης, *ες*, (τέττις, εἶδος) like a τέττις or cicada.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, *δ*, a kind of grasshopper, the cicada, Lat. *cicada*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise :—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμαι, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυγμην, Ep. plpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω.

τετυκίσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τέτυγμαι, *ξαι*, *και*, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυγμην, *ξο*, *κτο*, plpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύφωμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφώω, stupidly.

τετύχηκα [ῶ], pf. of τυγχάνω.

τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεύ, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τῷ, sú.

τεύ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.) II. τεῦ enclit. gen. for τινός, from τίς (enclit.)

τεύμα, *ατος*, τό, (τεύχω) that which is made, a work.

τεύσις, ἴδος, *η*, a cuttle-fish, Lat. *sepia*, *loligo*.

τευκτός, *η*, *όν*, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, prepared, wrought.

τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω : opt. τεύξεα.

τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω.

τεύτλιον, = τεύτλον, *beet*.

ΤΕΥΤΛΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεύτλον, a kitchen-herb, *beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεα, τά, see τεύχος.

τευχεο-φόρος, *ον*, (τεύχεα, φέρω) bearing arms, wearing armour.

τευχηστήρ, *ἦρος*, *δ*, or τευχηστής, *οῦ*, *δ*, (τεύχεα) an armed man, warrior.

τεύχουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεύχος, *εος*, τό, (τεύχω) like ὄπλον, a tool, implement, utensil : mostly in plur. τεύχεα implements of war, armour, arms, harness. 2. in plur. also the tackle or rigging of a ship. 3. a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funeral urn. 4. a book, whence the term *Pentateuch* or *Five-books*.

ΤΕΥΧΩ : f. ξῶ : aor. I ἐτεύξα : Ep. aor. 2 τέτυ-

κον : pf. τέτευχα : Med., fut. τεύξομαι : Ep. aor. 2 τετύκωμαι : Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι : aor. I ἐτύθηον : pf. τέτυγμαι : Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plpf. τετεύχασται, τετεύχῃτο :—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge : to weave : also metaph. to work, bring about, cause : to form, create :—Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχεσθαι χρυσοῖο to be wrought of gold.

II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so : and pf. pass. τέτυγμαι is often used = εἰμί or γίγνομαι, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so : γυναικὸς ἀντὶ τέτυγο, *thou hadst been made, i. e. thou wert*, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος commonly means well or fully made, well-wrought, compact, lasting : metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, *η*, (τύφω) ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief : the ashes of the funeral pile.

τεφρώ, f. ὤσω, (τέφρα) to reduce to ashes, consume.

τεφρώ, aor. I pass. part. of τέρω.

τεχνάζω, f. ἄσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly.

τεχνάεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τεχνασμα, *ατος*, τό, (τεχνάζω) anything made by art, a piece of handiwork. II. an artifice, trick.

τεχνόομαι, f. ἥσομαι : aor. I ἐτεχνησάμην : Dep. : (τέχνη) :—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully : also followed by a relat., to contrive that ...

II. τεχνόομαι also occurs as a Pass. with pf. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art.

τέχνη, *η*, (τεκεῖν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing : τέχνην by rules of art. 2. art, craft, cunning, sleight : in plur. cunning devices, arts, wiles.

3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained : μηδεμῇ τέχνην in no wise : πάσῃ τέχνην by all means : παντοίῃ τέχνην by all manner of means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (τέχνη) cunningly wrought, ingenious. Adv. τεχνηέντως, artfully, with art.

τέχνημα, *ατος*, τό, (τεχνάω) that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a handiwork. II. an artful device, trick, artifice : of a man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = τεχνήεις.

τεχνήσσα, contr. for τεχνήεσσα, fem. of τεχνήεις.

τεχνικός, *η*, *όν*, (τέχνη) artistic, skilful. Adv. —κῶς, artistically.

τεχνίτης [ῆ], *ου*, *δ*, (τέχνη) an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman : one who works by rules of art.

τεχνίτις, ἴδος, fem. of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, *η*, poet. for τέχνη, art, skilfulness.

τέφ, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.). 2. τῶ

Ion. for τινί, dat. from τίς (enclit.)

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.). 2. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.).

τέως Ep. *τέως*, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while : also before, ere this :—antecedent to the relat. ἕως. II. absol. a while, for a time. [τέως : but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τῇ, Ep, 2. sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there I take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῇ, σπείσον Δί .. *take and pour a libation to Jove ..* : τῇ, πείε οἶνον .. *take and drink wine.*

τῇ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὁ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὅς. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, *here, this way.*

τῇδε, dat. fem. of ὅδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way.*

τῇδί, dat. fem. of ὀδί, used as Adv. = τῇδε.

ΤΗΘΗ or τηθή, ἡ, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

ΤΗΘΟΣ, εὖς, τό, an oyster.

Τηθύς, ὕος, ἡ, (τήθη) Tetys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a Sea Deity. II. later, put for the sea itself.

τηκεῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, (τήκω) a melting away, wasting away : hence consumption, decline, phtibisis.

τηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in : soluble.

ΤΗΚΩ Dor. τάκω : fut. τήξω : aor. I ἔτηξα : I. transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away : to smelt metals : metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τάκῃσθαι : aor. 2 pass. ἔτακην [ᾶ] :—to melt, melt away : to pine, waste away : to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτκη has been used intr. = pres. pass., and plqpf. ἔτετῃκεν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away : κρέα τετῃκότα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, ἐς, (τήλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar : hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγέστερος, -έστατος. Adv. τηλαυγῶς, clearly, distinctly.

ΤΗΛΕ, Adv., like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far : abroad : c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, οὐ, ὅ, (τήλε, βοάω) shouting afar or loud.

τηλε-βόλος, οὐ, (τήλε, βαλεῖν) striking from afar.

τηλε-γονος, οὐ, (τήλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεβῆπός, ἡ, ὄν, (τήλε) from a far country, foreign : also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep. -όων, ὠσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ὕλη, ἑλαία, δένδρεα, etc. : metaph., παῖδες τηλεθάοντες blooming children : χαίτη τηλεθόωσα luxuriant hair.

τηλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τήλε, κλέος) far-famed.

τηλε-κλητός, οὐ, (τήλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τήλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλε-κλειτός.

τηλε-μάχος, οὐ, (τήλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar : as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὁ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλε-πλάνος, οὐ, (τήλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, devious.

τηλε-πομπος, οὐ, (τήλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τηλε-πόρος, οὐ, (τήλε, πόρος) far-reaching.

τηλε-πύλος, οὐ, (τήλε, πύλη) with gates far apart.

τηλε-σκοπός, οὐ, (τήλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. II.

proparox. τηλεσκοπος, οὐ, pass., far-seen, conspicuous.

τηλε-φάνης, ἐς, (τήλε, φανῆναι) appearing afar, seen from far : of sound, heard from afar.

τηλε-φίλον, τό, (τήλε, φίλος) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned : if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

ΤΗΛΙΑ, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the boop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, οὐ, Dor. πάλικος, α, οὐ [r] :—of such an age, so old or so young : generally, so great, Lat. tantus : anteceded to the Relative ἥλικος, Interrog. πηλικος. Hence

τηλίκοςδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τηλίκουτος, -αὐτή or -οῦτος, -οῦτο, Att. for πηλικος, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or -θεν, Adv. (τηλοῦ) from afar, from a foreign land : c. gen. far from.

τηλόθι, Adv. (τηλοῦ) = τήλε, τηλοῦ, far, afar, at a distance : also c. gen., τηλόθι πάτρης far from fatherland.

τηλο-πέτης, ἐς, (τήλε, πέτομαι) far-flying.

τηλ-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τηλουρός.

τηλόσε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away.

τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furthest away.

τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away.

τηλοῦ, Adv., like τήλε, afar, far off or away, in a far country : also c. gen. far from.

τηλ-ουρός, ὄν, (τήλε, ὅρος) with distant boundaries or confines : generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, ἡ, οὐ, also os, οὐ, an epith. of sons, who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling : hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ὥς like a spoilt child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τήλε, *γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense ; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, ὄν, (τήλε, ὤψ) looking afar, seeing to a distance. II. pass. perceived or heard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ἦσω, to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τη-μελής, ἐς, careful, heedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τη- added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τήμη, Att. crasis for τῇ ἔμη.

τήμος, Adv. then, thereupon : ἔς τήμος till then.

τήμόςδε Dor. ταμόςδε, Adv. = τήμος.

τημοῦτος, Adv. = τήμος.

τηνεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there : also for ᾧδε here. τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήνελλα ὦ καλλίνυκε*, χαίρει; hence *τήνελλα καλλίνυκε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήνελλος, ὁ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of *τήνελλα*, a victor in the games.

τηνικά, Adv. (*τήνος*) at this or that time of day, then. [χ]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (*τηνικά*) at this time of day, so early; αὐριον *τηνικάδε* to-morrow at this time of day. [δ]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνικά*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θέρους* at this time of the summer. II. in this case, then.

τηνόθι, Adv. (*τήνος*) Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τήνος, *τήνα*, *τήνος*, Dor. for *κηνός*, = *κεῖνος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, that. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τηνώθε and *-θεν*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖθεν*, thence.

τηξί-μελής, ἑς, (*τήκω*, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τήπερ, Ep. and Ion. for *ἦπερ*, dat. fem. of ὅσπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἦσω, (*τηρός*) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; *τηρεῖν εἰρήνην* to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. to observe,

watch for a person or thing; *τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνον* having watched for a moonless night. II.

Med., f. ἥσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. *τηρήσομαι* is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, εὖς, ἡ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

ΤΗΡΟΣ, ov, a watch, guard.

τής, *τήσι*, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὅ and ὅς.

τηράω, f. ἦσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τήτης, Adv., Att. for Ion. *σῆτης*, this year, of or in this year. (From ἔτος, as *τήμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

τήτινος, η, ov, (*τήτης*) of this year, Lat. *hominis*.

τήτισιος, α, ov, empty, idle, vain. Adv. *-ίως*, in vain.

τί and *τί*, neut. of *τίς* (interrog.) and *τίς* (enclit.).

τιρά [ā], η, ov, or *τιράς* Ion. *τήρης*, ov, ὁ, a tiara, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιράο-ειδής, ἑς, (*τιρά*, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, *τιέμεναι*, Ep. inf. for *τίειν*.

τιέσκειν, *τιέσκειτο*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of *τίω*.

τή, strengthd. for *τί*; why? wherefore?

τήρης, ov, ὁ, Ion. for *τιράς*.

τιθαιβίσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθῆναι*, *τιθασός*.)

τιθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*τιθασός*) a barn-door fowl.

τιθάσεντής, οὐ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates. From

τιθάσένω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

τιθάσός, ὄν, (*τίτθῃ*, *τιθῆνῃ*) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., *τιθασός* Ἀρης domestic strife.

τιθέαμεν, for *τίθεμεν*, like *διδόαμεν* for *δίδομεν*, I pl. pres. of *τίθημι*: so *τιθέασι*, 3 pl. for *τιθεῖσι*.

τιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of *τίθημι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, 2 and 3 sing. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*: but *τιθέμεν*, I pl.

τιθέν, Aeol. and Dor. for *ἐτίθεσαν* Ep. *τίθεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τίθεσο Ep. *τίθεσσο*, pres. med. imperat. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέω, poet. form of *τίθημι*, whence 2 and 3 sing. *τιθεῖς*, *τιθεῖ*, and impf. *ἐτίθεις*, *ἐτίθει* Ep. *τιθεῖ*.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for *τιθέμενος*, pres. med. part. of *τίθημι*.

τίθημι, *τίθης*, *τίθησι*, also Ep. 2 sing. *τίθησθα*; 3 pl. *τιθεῖσι* Ion. *τιθέασι*; inf. *τιθέναι* Ep. *τιθήμεναι*, *τιθέμεν*; Impf. *ἐτίθην*, Ep. 3 pl. *τίθεσαν*; Ion. *τίθεσκον*: (there are also some forms from the

pres. *τιθέω*, q. v.): Fut. *θήσω*, Ep. inf. *θησέμεναι* or *θησέμεν*: Aor. I *έθηκα* Ep. *θήκα*: Pf. *τέθεικα*, plqpf. *έτεθεικεν*: Aor. 2 *έθην* only used in pl. *έθμεν*, *έθετε*, *έθεσαν* Ep. *έθεαν*; imperat. *θέε*; subj. *θῶ* Ion. *θέω*, I pl. *θέωμεν*; lengthd. Ep. *θεῖω*, 2 sing. *θήης*, pl. *θείομεν* for *θείομεν*, *θῶμεν*; opt. *θείην*, pl. *θείημεν* or *θείμεν*, *θεῖτε*, *θεΐσαν*; inf. *θεΐναι* Ep. *θεΐμεναι*, *έθμεν*; part. *θεΐς*.—MED. *τίθεμαι*, *τίθεσαι*, *τίθετα*; imperat. *τίθεσο*, *τιθοῦ*, Ep. part. *τιθήμενος*: impf. *ἐτίθειμι*: Fut. *θήσομαι*: Aor. I *έθηκάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *θήκατο*: part. *θηκάμενος*: Aor. 2 med. *έθήμεν*; imperat. *θέο* contr. *θοῦ*; opt. *θείμην*, 3 sing. *θεΐτο*.—

Pass. *τίθεμαι*: fut. *τεθήσομαι*: aor. I *έτέθην*: pf. *τέθειμαι*: plqpf. *έτεθειμην*. To place, put, set, Lat.

ponere; *θεΐναι* *τινί* *τι* ἐν *χεροῖ* to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., *θεΐναι* *τινι* *ἔπος* ἐν *φρεσὶ* or *βουλήν* ἐν *στήθεσσι*, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, *τιθέμεν νόμῳ* to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—MED., *θέσθαι* *θυμὸν* ἐν *στήθεσσι* to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart.

II. to fix, settle, determine; *τιθέναι* *ἀγῶνα* to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, *θεΐναι* *ἐς μέσον* to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, *θύμῳ* *ἐς μέσον* *ἀρχήν* *τιθεῖς* throwing it open to you publicly. 2.

to assign, award; *θεΐναι* *νόμον* to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; *θέσθαι* *νόμον* to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, establish, order, institute. 4. in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, settle.

III. to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict.

IV. to assign to a place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider.

V. in Med., *τίθεσθαι* *ψῆφον* to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence *τίθεσθαι* *τιν* *γνώμην* to determine, decide: *τίθεσθαι* *τινι* (sc.

πὴν ψῆφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι πῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2.

to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, to pass in a bank. VII.

in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take

up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to drago

them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender. VIII. τίθημι is often used of

persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λαὸν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, ap

point. 2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3.

παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θερὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι. IX. of things,

to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2.

εἶ or καλῶς θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τί

θημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκεδᾶσθαι θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρύπτειν, αἰνεῖν, etc.

τίθηνέω, f. ἔσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med.

From

τίθηνη, ἡ, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθηνητήρ, ἦρος, δ, (τιθηνός)=τιθηνός. Hence

τίθηνητήριος, α, ον, nursing, tending.

τιθηνός, ὄν, (τίτης) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, δ, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [γ], Ep. for τίτης, 2 sing. of τίθημι.

τίθημι [γ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

τιθυμαλός, δ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθυμαλα:—*spurge*, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τιθωνός, δ, *Titonus*, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit

old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TEKΩ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι,

inf. τεκείσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκεν Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, νῆα, ὄς:—Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the

same sense:—to bring into the world, I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3.

οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκοῦσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκὼν his father.

II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ὡς τίκεται to lay eggs. III.

of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλωσα, Dor. for τῖλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω.

Τῖλλω, f. τῖλῶ: aor. I ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμαι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of

lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one.

3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιλμός, δ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = σίλφη.

τίμαλφός, f. ἥσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ἑς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμῆν.

τιμᾶντα, Dor. for τιμῆντα, acc. of τιμῆς.

τίμ-όρος, ον, Dor. for τιμαρός.

τιμᾶ-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμοῦχος, held in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμασέειντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. I ἐτιμήσαμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: aor. I ἐτίμηθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή):

—to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμηῖσθαι τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen.

to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοὺ τιμάσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account. II. c. dat. rei, to honour with

a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III.

as Att. law-term: 1. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litem aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινα to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινα θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2.

Med., of the accuser, τιμάσθαι τινα [δίκην] δεμῶν, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμάσθαι or ὑποτιμάσθαι.

τίμη, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *donor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήεις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμῆς, acc. τιμῆντα; Dor. τιμᾶεις:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. —έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

A a

τύμβον *the honour of a tomb.* II. *an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine.* 2. *the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census: ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment.* [Ὶ]

τιμήντα, poet. for τιμήντα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις.

τιμή-οπος, ov, Ion. for τιμάοπος, τιμωρός.

τιμήης, poet. contr. for τιμήεις.

τιμήις, eow, ῆ, (τιμάω) *an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages.* [Ὶ]

τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήσσσα, fem. of τιμήεις.

τιμητεία or τιμητήα, ῆ, (τιμητής) *the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.*

τιμητέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, *to be honoured.* II. τιμητέον, *one must honour.*

τιμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τιμάω) *a valuer, assessor.* II. at Rome, *a censor.*

τιμητικός, ῆ, ὄν, (τιμητής) *estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment.* II. at Rome, *of censorial rank.*

τιμητός, ῆ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, *estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀριμηνος, where the penalty is fixed by law.*

τιμιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τιμή) *valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable.* 2. *of high price, dear, Lat. carus.* Hence

τιμότης, ητος, ῆ, *worth, value, preciousness.*

τίμος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, f. ῆσσι, (τιμωρός) *to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμωρεῖν τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τιμωρηθεῖν τινι to have vengeance taken for any one.* II. Med., f. ῆσσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τιμωρήμαι: *—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμωρεῖσθαι τινά τινα to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance.* Hence

τιμωρία, ατος, τό, *help, aid, succour.* II. *an act of vengeance.*

τιμωρήτεον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, *one must assist: one must avenge, punish.*

τιμωρητήρ, ητος, ὁ, (τιμωρέω) *a helper, aider.* 2. *an avenger.*

τιμωρία Ion. -ῆ, ῆ, (τιμωρέω) *help, aid, succour.* II. *vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.*

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἶρω) *contr. from τιμάοπος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμωρός, ὁ, a helper, aider.* II. *avenging, punishing for wrong.*

τίν, like τέιν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τινάσσω) *a shake, quaking.*

τινάκτηρ, ητος, and τινάκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (τινάσσω) *one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινάκτειρα.*

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. i. of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ξω, (τείνω) *to swing, shake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.*

τιναχθεῖς, aor. i. pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τινάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. i. pass. of τινάσσω.

τινύμαι, Med., poet. for τίνομαι, *to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself.* 2. *to avenge, take vengeance for.*

τινώ [Ὶ Ep., Ὶ Att.] f. τίσω [Ὶ]: aor. i. ἔτισα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. *to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνεω χάριν τινι to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνεω ἀμοιβὴν βοῶν to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay.* II. Med. *to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσεσθαι τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίσεσθαι τινι φονῇ to requite, punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.*

τιό, τίό, imitation of a bird's note.

τίον, Ep. for ἔτιον, impf. of τίω.

τί-ποτε; contr. τίποτε; Adv. (τί, πότε) *what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem?*

ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. σου; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τε; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά; gen. τινῶν; dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά; indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., *one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our inf. Article, a, an: of places and things, νησός τις an island, etc.: neut. anything, something: εἰ τις, εἰ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever.* II.

τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ὦδε δέ τις εἵπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus men said.

2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one, every one; εἰ μὲν τις δόρυ θηξάσθαι let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλὰ τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself.

3. so in Att., φοβέται τις some one fears, fear is among them; πέσειται τις some one will suffer.

III. τις, τι, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ἡῤῃς τις εἶναι

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδεὶς, μηδεὶς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν.

2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ἢ κῖων a man or a dog: but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θεραίτης τις ἦν there was one Therasties: hence τις is used for a slave.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; μαινόμενος a madman, μαινόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, οὗτος τις such a kind of person as...; πᾶς τις every one; εἰς τις some one; ὀλίγοι τινές some few; τρεῖς τινες some three or so.

2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; ἡττόν τι somewhat less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΣ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσιν; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. who? which? neut. what? which? Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὗτος ἐρχεται; who art thou that comest?

II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, who could, who would do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσατο who could do it? i.e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἥρῳτα δὲ ἔπειτα, τίς εἶπεν καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon who he was, and whence he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; who is he, and from whom descended?

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; of what sort? as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότερος; as Lat. quis for uter?

VI. τί; alone, what?—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., how? for why? wherefore?

2. τί δέ; but how? 3. τί δή; τί δή ποτε; why ever? τί δήνα; how pray? expressing surprise. 4. τί μήν; why not? how else? i.e. yes surely! Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

τίσαλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [ῖ], eos, ἡ, (τίω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιον δούνα to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare.

II. a requital in good sense, reward.

III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

τίσων, aor. I imperat. of τίνω; inf. τίσαι.

τίσω [ῖ], fut. of τίνω; also aor. I subj.

τιταίνω, aor. I ἐτίτνω, Ep. for τίνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow.

2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread.

3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιτανόμενος πεδίω stretching on over the plain; ἀψ ἄσασκε τιτανόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

τιταίνω, part. from Τίτῶν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τιταίνοντας ἀσασθᾶν μέγα βέβαιον ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τίτῶν [ῖ], ἄνως, ὁ, mostly in plur. Τίτῶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῆνες, οἱ, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τιτανῖς Ion. Τίτηνις, ἰδος, fem. of Τίτῶν, a Titaness.

ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τιτᾶν-ῶνις, es, (Τίτῶν, εἶδος) like Titans; Τιταν-ῶδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμωρός, an avenger. [ῖ]

Τίτῆνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τίτῶνες.

τιτθεῖα, ἡ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering.

πιτθῆω, f. σω, to suckle, nurse, foster.

ΤΙΤΘΗ, ἡ, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse.

τιτθλον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, ὁ, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast.

τίτλος, ου, ὁ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

πιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω; aor. I ἔτρωσα; Pass., fut. τρωθήσμαι, but also fut. aor. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐτρώην; pf. τέτρωμαι; (formed from Root *ΤΡΩΩ):—to wound, hurt; τετρώσθαι τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

πιττυβῖζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup.

(Formed from the sound.)

Τιτυο-κτόνος, ὁ, (Τιτύς, κτείνω) slayer of Tityos.

Τιτύς, ὁ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τιτύσκειν, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω:

I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare.

II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; ἀντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object.

2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i.e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

ΤΙΨΗ, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [ῖ]

τίφθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

τίφος, eos, τό, a pool.

ΤΙΩ [ῖ], Ep. inf. τιέμεν; impf. ἔτιον; Pass., pres. τίομαι; pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τίεσκόμεν, 3 sing. τίεσκετο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίουσιν the gods honour right.

2. to value or rate at a certain worth.

II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσομαι, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω*, *τίνομαι*:—in Act. to *pay a price*, *make return*: in Med. to *have a price paid*, or *return made one*: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θύμος, *ον*, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, *αor. 2 opt. of *τλάω*.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, *αor. 2 part. of *τλάω*.

*ΤΛΑΨΩ, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut.

τλήσομαι: *αor. 2 ἐτλην* (formed as if from τλημί), *imperat. τλήθι*, *opt. τλαίην*, *Ep. 3 pl. τλαίεν* (for τλαίησαν), *inf. τλήναι*, *part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν*: *pf. τέληκα*, also used in pres. sense; from this *pf.* is formed *imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω* [ᾶ]; *opt. τετλαίην*;

inf. τετλάναι [ᾶ] *Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι*, *Ep. part. τετληώς, τετληυία*, *gen. τετληότος*:—there is also a poet. *αor. 1 ἐτάλασα* (as if from a pres. *ταλάω*), *Ep.*

ἐτάλασσα, *subj. ταλάσσω*, *η, η*:—to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: sometimes *absol.*, esp. in *imperat. τλήθι*, *bear up, endure*:

so in *pf. part.*, *τετληότι θυμῷ* with *enduring, patient heart*.

II. to bear steadfastly, *bold out*: *c. inf. to dare to do something*, whether good or bad: also *c. acc. to dare a thing*, i. e. *dare to do it*.

τλή, *Ep. 3 sing. αor. 2 of *τλάω*.

τλή-θύμος Dor. τλά-, *ον*, (*τλάω, θυμός) of enduring soul, stout-hearted.

τλήμεναι, *Ep. αor. 2 inf. of *τλάω*.

τλημόνως, *Adv. of τλήμων, patiently*.

τλημοσύνη, *η*, that which is to be endured, misery, distress.

II. endurance, patience. From

τλήμων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, *vocat. τλήμων*, (*τλάω) suffering, enduring: hence,

I. patient, steadfast, stout-hearted: also *bold, daring*: in bad sense, reckless, rash, *Lat. audax*.

II. full of suffering, wretched, miserable.

τλήναι, *αor. 2 inf. of τλάω*.

τλησι-κάρδιος, *ον*, (*τλάω, καρδία) of patient heart, much-enduring, miserable.

II. bard-hearted.

τλήσομαι, *fut. of *τλάω*.

τλήτε, *2 pl. αor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω*.

τλητός, *η, ὅν*, *verb. Adj. of *τλάω*: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour.

II. pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμήγεν, *Ep. 3 pl. αor. 2 pass. of τμήγω*. [ᾶ]

τμήγον, *Ep. for ἐτμήγον, αor. 2 of τμήγω*.

τμήγω, *f. τμήξα*: *αor. 1 ἐτμήξα*: *αor. 2 ἐτμήγον*:

αor. 1 med. ἐτμήξαμην: *αor. 2 pass. ἐτμήγην* [ᾶ] and ἐτμήγην:—*Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave*:

—Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, *Adv. by cutting, scratching, grazing*.

τμήθηναι, *αor. 1 pass. inf. of τέμνω*.

τμήξας, *αor. 1 part. of τμήγω*.

τμητός, *η, ὅν*, (τέμνω) cut, hewn, cut into shape.

2. cut lengthwise, furrowed.

τμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) cut down with iron.

τοδί, *neut. of δόδι*.

τῶθεν, *demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and*

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) *bence, thence*.

II. *bence, therefore, thereupon*.

τῶθι, *demonstr. Adv. there, in that place*.

II. also for *relat. ὅθι, where*.

τοι, *enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly*; also strengthening an assertion, *in truth, in sooth, verily*: it is often joined with other Particles:

with *ἀρα* it coalesces by crasis into *τᾶρα*, with *ἀν* into *τάν*, with *μέντοι* *ἀν* into *μεντάν*.

τοι, *Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σύ*: always *enclitic*.

τοί, ταί, *Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς*.

τοι-γάρ, *strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly*.

τοι-γαρ-οὖν *Ion. τοι-γαρ-ὦν, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly*.

τοιγάρ-τοι, *strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative*.

τοῖν, *Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ*.

τοί-νύν, (τοί, νύν) *strengthd. form of the Particle τοι, so then, therefore*.

2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, *further, moreover*.

τοῖο, *Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ*.

τοῖος, τοία *Ion. τοίη, τοίον*: (from τοῖο, old gen. of ὁ, ἡ, τό):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, *Lat. talis*, *demonstr. Pron.*, to which the *relat. οἷος*, *interrog. ποῖος*, and *indef. ποῖος* correspond:

τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, *the following*.

2. τοῖος *c. inf.*, *such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do*; τοῖοι *ἀννέμεν* *able to assist*; *cf. οἷος*.

II. with an *Adj.* it makes the sense of the *Adj.* more prominent, *so very, just*; *ἐπικτὴς τοῖος* *just of moderate size*; *κερδαλέος τοῖος* *so very crafty*.

III. Homer uses *neut. τοῖον* as *Adv.*, *so, thus, so very, so much*.

τοῖσδε, τοιάδε *Ion. τοιῆδε, τοιόνδε*: Att. also *τοι-οσδί, etc.*, like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιοῦτος properly refers; *ἕτερος τοῖσδε* *just such another*.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον; and in strengthd. form Att. τοιουτοσί, like τοῖος and τοῖσδε, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: *absol.*, *ἐν τῷ τοιοῦτῳ, ἐν τοῖς τοιοῦτοις* in such a state of things: *strengthd.*, τοιούτος ἕτερος: also in *neut. ἕτερον τοιοῦτον, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα*.

τοιούτο-τρόπος, *ον*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of such fashion or kind, such like.

Adv. —τρόπως, *after such a fashion*.

τοιουτ-ώδης, *ες*, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of such kind or form.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, *Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε*.

τοίχαρχος, ὁ, (τοίχος, ἄρχω) captain of the rowers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, ὁ, (τείχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τεῖχος, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., ὁ εὖ πράττων τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχῳ, ἡ, ὁ, (τοιχωρύχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρύχια, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρύχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a housebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοίως, τοιώσδε, Adv. of τοῖος, τοιώσδε.

τόκάς, Dor. for τότε.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

τοκετός, ὁ, = τόκος.

τοκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκήες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II. metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾶ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσθεις, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε Dor. for τολμᾶτε: ἡ, ὁ, ὅ, (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εἶσα, εν, Dor. -άεις, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ἡσσα, ἡν (whence Sup. τολμησάτος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. -ρῶς, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμῆς, ἡσσα, ἡν, Ep. contr. for τολμῆεις, q. v. τολμηρότερον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man. τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμηστάτος, ἡ, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμῆεις. το-λοιπόν or divisim τό λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπαι, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΛΥΠΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [ῥ] τομαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree; the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καύσις καὶ τομή cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἱερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ὁ, εν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος. τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύξω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κλινάων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian.

III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νύν, = τὸ νύν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκότης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer. τός-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἄρχω) master of the bow, a Bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξῆται at Athens.

τόξευμα, ατος, τό, (τοξέω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐκινέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowshot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξῆται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (τοξέω) a Bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξέω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξέω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξήρης, *ες*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow. 2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, *ής, όν*, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. *ή τοξική* (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-δάμης, *αντος, ό*, and τοξό-δαμνος, *ον*, (τόξον, δάμω) subduing with the bow; τοξόδαμνος Ἀρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, *τό*, a bow; its arrows being ὀιστοί or ἰοί, the string νευρά or νεύρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πήχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξον ῥύμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχης ἰσχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξοδάμος. II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, *f. ήσω*, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιός, *όν*, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, *ής*, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-τευχής, *ές*, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, *ου, ό*, (τόξον) a Bowman, archer. II. at Athens, οἱ τοξόται were the police, also called Σκῦθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξότης, *ιδος*, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξότης χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξο-ουλκός, *όν*, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξοουλκόν ἕλημα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, *ός*, = τοξότης, an archer, Bowman.

τοπάζον, *τό*, = τόπαζος.

ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ, *ός*, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, *f. άσω*, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: *ἐς τοπᾶν* in general, for the mass.

το-παραυτίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

το-παροίθε, -θεν, Adv., = παροίθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ᾶ]

τόπ-αρχος, *ός*, also *ής*, (τόπος, ἀρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, *ός, ή*, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, *ός*, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.

3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus. III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

το-πρῶτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρνευμα, *τό*, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τὸρνευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, *έως, ό*, (τορεῖω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, *ής, όν*, verb. Adj. of τορεῖω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕ/Ω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτορον, also aor. I ἐτόρησα, part. τορήσας, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, *ός*, a hole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, *ός*, (τορνεύω, λύρα, άσπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, *f. σω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off; and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος, *ός*, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόμαι, *f. -ώσομαι*, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνόσαντο σήμα they rounded off the barrow; ἔδαφος νηὸς τορνώσεται ἀνὴρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, *ός, άν*, (τρέπω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II. of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τοροτίζε or τοροτίζει, imitation of a bird's note.

τορύνη, *ής*, (τρέπω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῥ]

τορύνω, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about. [ῥ]

τοσάκίς Ep. τοσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσος, *ης, όν*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρίς τόσοι thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much. 2. ἐκ τόσου, so long since.

τοσό-δε Ep. τοσσό-δε, -ήδε, -όνδε, = τόσος, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II. τοσσόνδε Ep. τοσσόνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσουτ-ἀριθμός, *ον*, (τοσουτός, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ᾶ]

τοσουτός Ep. τοσσουτός, -αῦτη, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἐς τοσσούτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἔτερον τοσσούτο as great, as much or many again. II.

τοσουτό or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαντηλί, τοσουτονί, Att. for τοσσούτος. τόσάκι and τοσσάκι, Adv. Ep. for τοσάκις. [ᾶ]

τόσσας, in Dor. form τόσσαις, = τυχάν, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυγχάνω, to hit, hit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσσούτος.

τόσσος, *ης, όν*, Ep. for τόσος.

τοσσόσδε -ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόδε.

τοσσούτος, -αύτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for τοσσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much.

τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., *aforetime*, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time.

2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότε ἔπειτα, τότε γάρ. 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτέ μὲν . . , τοτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another; τότε ἢ τότε, at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv., = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc.

το-τηνικά, or division τὸ τηνικά, Adv., = τηνικά. [Ἰ]

τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτρίταρον. [Ἰ]

τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.

του, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τοῦβολοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ.

τοῦκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τοῦλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον.

τοῦλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τοῦλευθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλευθερον.

τοῦμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τοῦμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.

τοῦμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.

τοῦμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.

τοῦμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές.

τοῦμφύλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφύλον.

τοῦναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον.

τοῦνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason,

therefore.

τοῦνένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνένδε.

τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.

τοῦντεῦθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, henceforth.

τοῦπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.

τοῦπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.

τοῦργον or τοῦργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.

τοῦράνου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀρανίου.

τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II.

so many times, so often. [Ἰ]

τουτέ, Adv., Dor. for ταύτη, in that direction, there,

yonder.

τοῦτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.

τουτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.

τόφρᾱ, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; an-

swering to the Relat. ὅφρα. II. τόφρα some-

times stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.

τράγᾱλίζω, = τρώγω.

Τράγᾱσαιος, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ἄς τραγασαία φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαίον πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.

τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγος, α, ον, poet. for τράγας: τραγείη (sub dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Ἰ]

τράγ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἐλάφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγῇ (sub. dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Ἰ]

τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τράγειν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. *bellaria*.

τράγηματιζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τράγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικός λῆπος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κῶς, in tragic style.

τράγιος, ἡ, ον, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a be-goat.

τράγιοςκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing be-goats.

τράγο-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.

τράγο-μάσχαλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-pits smelling like a be-goat.

τράγο-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, ποίς) goat-footed.

τράγος, ὁ, (τράγειν) a be-goat, Lat. *bircus, caper*. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. *bircus alarum*.

τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκεῖλος) goat-shanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τράγω, like πᾶτος for πᾶτος. [Ἰ] τράγωδῶ, f. ἦσω, (τραγωδῶς) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph.

to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically. Hence

τράγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδός.

τράγωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγωδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τράγωδο-διδασκᾱλος, ὁ, (τραγωδός, διδάσκειν) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τράγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδός, ποιῶ) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, ὁ, a tragic poet.

τράγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰδῶς contr. φῶς) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγωδός was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

ΤΡΑ-ΝΗΣ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.

τράνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.

τράνωος, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

τράνωος, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [Ἰ]

τρά-πεζα [τρά], ἡ, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table; ξενίη τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζῃ καὶ κοίτῃ

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal.

II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τετρα-πέζα; acc. to others from τρι-πέζα: Horace speaks of mensa stripes.) Hence

τραπέζεις, έως, ό, at or of a table; κύνες τραπέζης dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τραπέζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τραπέζιτης [τ], ου, ό, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τραπέζιτικός, ή, όν, concerning a banker or banking. τραπέομεν, Ep. for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τέρωω and τρέπω.

τράπεσθα, ή, Dor. for τράπεζα.

τράπεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [α]

ΤΡΑΠΕΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τραπήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τραπήνέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [α]

τράσιά, ή, (from ταρσός, as if ταρσιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ίσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

ΤΡΑΥΛΟΣ, ή, όν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραύμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; από του τρώματος άποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III. metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυματίας, ου, ό, Ion. τραυμ-, a wounded man.

τραυματίζω Ion. τραυμ-, f. ίσω, (τραύμα) to wound.

τράφειν, Ion. for τραπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω II. 4.

τράφειν, Ep. and Aeol. for έτράφησαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [α]

τράφερος, ά, όν, (τρέφω) like τρόφισ, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραπερή (sub. γή), as opp. to ύγρή, dry land, επί τραπερίν τε και ύγρήν over dry land and sea: as Subst. οι τραπεροί or τα τραπερά, the fishes.

τράφη [α], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [α]

τράχεος Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, harshly; τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι to be roughly handled.

τράχηλια, τά, (τράχηλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τράχηλιάω, (τράχηλος) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph. to be haughty, headstrong.

τράχηλιζω, f. ίσω, (τράχηλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχλο-δεσμός, ου, ό, (τράχλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, ό, the throat, neck. [α]

Τράχis Ion. Τρηχis, ύνος, ή, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τράχis). Hence

Τράχινος, α, ου Ion. Τρηχίνος, ή, ov, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; αι Τραχίνας the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τράχυνω Ion. τρηχύνω [υ]: f. ύνῶ: pf. τετράχυκα: Pass., aor. 1 έτρηχύνθη: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυνμαι: (τράχis):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τράχis ό δήμος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΤ'Σ Ion. τρηχύς, εια, ύ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, harsh, savage.

τράχυτης, ητος, ή, (τράχis) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, harshness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [α]

τράχων, ύνος, ό, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ιδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οι, αι, τρία, τά; gen. τριών; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεῖς-καί-δεκα, οι, αι, τρια-καί-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρέω, poet. for τρέω.

τρέω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver.

II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπτεόν, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέψω: aor. 1 έτρεψα: aor. 2 έτράπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor. 2 έτρέπόμεν: Pass., aor. 1 έτρέφθη Ion. έτράφθη: aor. 2 έτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπεῖομεν (for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν): pf. τέτραμμαί, 3 plur. τετράφθαί; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. έτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:—to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινά είς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, be-take oneself, Lat. converti; επί έργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, άντ' ήλίου τε-τραμμένως turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι όδόν to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; ποι τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me?

II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; πρέπειν την όργην είς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπωμαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οίνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour.

III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν είς φυγήν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee.

IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to hinder, prevent.

V. to overturn, upset.

VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Aeol. and Dor. **τράψω** [ἀ]: fut. **θρέψω**: aor. 1 **ἔθρεψα**: Ep. aor. 2 **ἐτρέφον**: pf. **τέτρεφα**: Pass., aor. 1 **ἔθρεφθην**: aor. 2 **ἐτρέφην** [ἀ]: pf. **τέθραμμαι** and **τέθρεμμαι**, inf. **τεθράφα**:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψαι to curdle milk; τυρὸν τρέφειν to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. **τέτρεφα**, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: **τρέφειν κόμην** to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. **comam alere**: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. **nutrire, alere**: hence poet. to contain, have.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. **ἐτραφον** in intrans. or pass. sense, as, **ἐτραφε** for **ἐτράφη**, **ἐτραφέτην** for **ἐτραφήτην**, inf. **τραφέμεν** (Att. **τραφήναι**) = **τραφήναι**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Dor. **τράχω** [ἀ]: fut. **θρέξωμαι**: aor. 1 **ἔθρεξα**: but more commonly (from Root *ΔΡΕΨΩ), fut. **δράμωμαι** Ion. **δραμέομαι** poet. **δράμομαι**: aor. 2 **ἔδραμον**: pf. **δεδράμηκα** [ἀ] poet. **δέδρομα**:—to run, Lat. **currere**: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over.

3. c. acc. cognato, **τρέχειν δρόμον** to run a course; metaph., **ἀγώνας δραμεῖν περὶ αὐτοῦ** to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγώνα, to run a risk or chance, as **τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς** to run a race for one's life; also, **παρ' ἐν πάλαισιν ἔδραμε νικᾶν** he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

τρέψαιαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of **τρέπω**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ poet. **τρέω**, inf. **τρεῖν**: f. **τρέσω**: aor. 1 **ἔτρεσα** Ep. **τρέσσα**:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: **ὁ τρέσας** the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, atos, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

τρηματούεις, εσσα, εν, (τρήμα) with many holes, porous.

τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (**πέλειαι** or **πελειαῖδες**): hence later as Subst., **τρήρων**, ἡ, = **πέλεια**, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of **τιτράω**.

τρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τιτράω**, bored or pierced through; **τρήτα λέχεια** bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχάλεος, ἡ, on, poet. for **τρηχύς**, **τραχύς**.

τρηχύς, εἶα, ὄν, Ion. for **τραχύς**: Adv. **τρηχῶς**, Sup.

τρηχύντα.

τρι-, in compds. **three times**, **thrice**, Lat. **ter**.

τριᾶ, neut. from **τρεῖς**.

τριάξω, f. ἄσω, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, **διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι** to be utterly undone.

τρίανα, ἡ, (τρία) Lat. **tridens**, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. Hence

τριανόνω, f. ἄσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; **τριανοῦν τὴν γῆν** δικέλλω to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριακάς Ep. and Ion. **τρηκάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. **τριακάδες**.

III. also any division of thirty.

τριακονθ-ἄμματος, on, (τριακοντα, ἄμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριακονθ-ἡμερος Ion. **τρηκοντήμερος** Dor. **τριακοντάμερος**, on, (τριακοντα, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

τριακοντα Ep. and Ion. **τρηκοντα**, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl.: (τρεῖς, τρία), Lat. **TRIGINTA**, thirty. II.

as Subst. of **τριακοντα**: I. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριακοντά-ετής Ion. **τρηκ-**, ἔς, (τριακοντα, ἔτος):—thirty years old. II. of or lasting thirty years:

also fem. —**εἰς**, ἰδος:—Att. contr. **τριακοντούτης**, ες: fem. **τριακοντουτῖς**, ἰδος, whence **τριακοντουτῖδες** σπονδαὶ a thirty years' truce.

τριακοντά-ζυγος, on, (τριακοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριακοντ-αρχία, ἡ, (τριακοντα, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. **τριακοντα** II. 2.

τριακοντ-όργυιος, on, (τριακοντα, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριακόντορος Ion. **τρηκόντερος**, on, with thirty oars:—as Subst. **τριακόντορος** (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριακοντ-ούτης, ες, see **τριακονταετής**.

τριακοντ-ώρυγος, on, more correct form of **τριακοντ-όρυγος**.

τριακόσιοι Ion. **τρηκόσιοι**, αι, α, (τρεῖς, τρία) three hundred, Lat. **triceni**.

τριακοσιο-μεδιμνος, on, (τριακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ **τριακοσιομεδιμνοὶ** those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian **Ἱππεῖς**.

τριακοστός Ion. **τρηκ-**, ἡ, ὄν, (τριακοντα) the thirtieth: ἡ **τριακοστή** (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριακτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (τριάξω) a conqueror: see **τριάξω**.

τρι-ἄρμενος, on, (τρία, ἄρμενον) with three sails.

τριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς) the number three, a triad.

τριάσω, ἄξω, = **τριάξω**.

τριβάκός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. **tritius**: ἡ **τριβάκη** a threadbare coat: cf. **τρίβω**.

Τριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελής, ἔς, (τρι-, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ἡ, (τριβῆναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; **βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις αἰς τὴν τριβὴν** a pleasant life in the spending. 2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.

3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.

4. delay, putting off, evasion; ἐς τριβὰς ἔλδω to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβὰς ἔτι no more delays.

τριβήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρίβω.

τριβόλ-εκτραπέλος, ov, (τριβόλος, εκτραπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτραπέλα unmannerly, coarse jests. [ἀ]

τρι-βόλος, ov, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) three-pointed, three-pronged.

II. as Subst., τριβόλος, ὁ. I. a prickly plant, burr.

2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes.

2. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τριβός, ὁ, also ὁ, (τριβήναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway.

2. metaph. a path of life, course, career.

II. a rubbing, like τριβίς.

III. metaphor. practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [τ]: f. τρίβω: aor. 1 ἐτριψα, inf. τρίψαι: pf. τέτριφα: Pass., fut. 1 τριφθήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paull-p. fut. τετριβόμαι, also fut. med. τρίβομαι in pass. sense: aor. 1 ἐτριβόην: aor. 2 ἐτριβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμα:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλων τρίψαι ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνῳ τρίβειν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with.

II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth.

2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τρίβειν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry.

3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander.

4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβώμε [τ], Dor. for τρίβωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of τρίβω.

τριβάν [τ], ανος, ὁ, (τριβήναι) a worn garment, threadbare cloak.

II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc.

2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τριβωνικός, Adv. (τριβών) in the fashion of a triβών, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τρίβων, a small cloak, a cape.

τρι-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

ΤΡΙΓΛΑΨ, ἡ, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρι-γλήνος, ov, (τρι-, γλήνως) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, ov, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, ov, (τρι-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τρίγλυφος, ἡ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλῶχis, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γλῶχis) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, ὁ, = τρισμός.

τριγόνια, ἡ, the third generation. From

τρι-γόνος, ov, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τριγόνοια κόρια three daughters.

τρι-γωνος, ov, (τρι-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τρίγωνον, τό, a triangle.

II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [τ]

τρι-δουλος, ov, (τρι-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρι-δραχμος, ov, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δύσκτηνος, ov, thrice wounded.

τρι-έλικτος, ov, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, ov, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-εσπερος, ov, (τρι-, ἐσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, ἴδος, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἑορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ov, ὁ, (τρι-, ἔτος) of three years, three years old.

Adv. τριέτες, three years long.

τριετία, ἡ, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζυγής, ἑς, and τρί-ζυγος, ov, and τρί-ζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τρίω; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγῶτες for τετριγότες; plqpf. ἐτετριγέιν Ep. τετριγέιν, with sense of impf.: of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, πῶτα τετριγεί their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-,

τρι-ἡμι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) three half-feet, i. e. a foot and half.

τριηραρχέω, f. ἡσώ, to be a triηραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νηὸς to be captain of a ship.

II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme.

II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ov, fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριήρ-αρχος, ὁ, (τριήρης, ἀρχω) the captain of a trireme.

II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αῦλος, ov, ὁ, (τριήρης, αἰλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. εὖς Ion. εὖς; acc. εα, η: plur., nom. εες, εις; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρών: (τρῖς, ἀρᾶν or ἐρίσσω) properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called *θαλάμιοι*, the middle *ζυγῖται*, and the topmost *θρανῖται*; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (*τετρήρεις*), *quinqueremes* (*πεντήρεις*), etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρίτης [ἦ], *ον, ὁ*, (*τριήρης*) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

τριηρο-ποιός, ὄν, (*τριήρης, ποιέω*) *building triremes.*

τρι-κάρηνος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κάρηνον*) *three-beaded.* [κᾶ]

τρι-κέφαλος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κεφαλή*) *three-beaded.*

τρι-κλίνος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κλίνη*) *with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst., τρικλινος* (sc. *οἶκος*), *ὁ*, like the Roman *triclinium*, a dining-room with three couches; also *τρικλινον, τό*.

τρι-κλωστος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κλώθω*) *thrice spun.*

τρι-κόρυθος, ὄν, and *τρι-κορυς, ὅθως, ὁ*, (*τρι-, κόρυς*) *with triple plume.*

τρι-κόρωνος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κορώνη*) *thrice a crow's age.*

τρι-κράντος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κράνον*) *three-beaded, with triple crest.*

τρι-κύαθος, ὄν, (*τρι-, κύαθος*) *holding three κύαθοι.*

τρι-κύμα, ἡ, (*τρι-, κύμα*) *the third wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., τρικυμία κακῶν a flood of evils.*

τριλ-ιστος, ὄν, poet. for *τρίλιστος, (τρι-, λίσσεται)* *thrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

τριλογία, ἡ, (*τρι-, λόγος*) *a trilogy; see τετραλογία.*

τριλοφία, ἡ, a triple crest. From

τρι-λοφος, ὄν, (*τρι-, λόφος*) *with three crests.*

τρι-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρι-, μάκαρ) *thrice-blessed.*

τρι-μετρος, ὄν, (*τρι-, μέτρον*) *of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος τριμετρος trimeter iambic verse.*

τρι-μήνος, ὄν, (*τρι-, μήν*) *of three months, three months old: ἡ τρίμηνος a period of three months.*

τρίμμα, ατος, τό, (*τρίβω*) *that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβων, a practised, backneyed knave.*

τριμμός, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) *a beaten road, like τρίβος.*

τριμορία, ἡ, triple pay. From

τρι-μοιρος, ὄν, (*τρι-, μοῖρα*) *threefold, triple.*

τρι-μορφος, ὄν, (*τρι-, μορφή*) *thrice-formed, triple: Μοῖραι τριμορφοὶ the three fates.*

Τρίν-ακρία, ἡ, (*τρι-, ἄκρα*) *epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories (ἄκραι): also written Τρινακία Ion. -ῖη from τρίναξ).*

Τρινάκριος, α, ὄν, of *Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian.*

τρίν-αξ, ἄκος, ὄν, (*τρίς, ἀξή*) *a trident.*

τριξός, ὄν, ὄν, Ion. for *τρισσός, threefold, triple; so διξός for δισσός.*

τρι-οδος, ἡ, (*τρι-, ὁδός*) *a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads, Lat. trivium.*

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρι-, ὁδός*) *with three teeth: as Subst., τριόδους, ὁ, a trident.*

τρι-όργυιος, ὄν, (*τρι-, ὄργυια*) *three fathoms long.*

τρι-όροφος, ὄν, = τριώροφος.

τρι-όρχης, ὄν, ὁ, and τρι-όρχος, ὄν, (*τρι-, ὄρχης*) *a kind of falcon or kite.*

τριστό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρι-πάλαι, Adv. (*τρι-, πάλαι*) *thrice long since, i. e. very long ago.*

τρι-πάλαιστος, ὄν, (*τρι-, παλαιστή*) *thrice hands broad, long, etc.*

τρι-παλτος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πάλλω*) *thrice-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.*

τρι-πάνουργος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πᾶνουργος*) *trebly a rogue.*

τρι-πάχυνος, ὄν, Dor. for *τριπῆχυς, q. v.*

τρι-πέτλος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πέτλον*) *thrice-leaved.*

τρι-πῆχυς, υ, gen. εος, (τρι-, πῆχυς) *thrice cubits long.*

τρι-πίθηκινος, η, ὄν, (*τρι-, πίθηκος*) *thrice apish.*

τριπλάξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρίς*) *triple, threefold, Lat. triplex. [ῥ]*

τριπλάσιος, α, ὄν, (*τρι-*) *thrice as many, thrice as much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ thrice as much as you.*

τρι-πλεθρος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πλέθρον*) *thrice plethra long.*

τριπλή, υ. τριπλός.

τριπλοιστός, ὄν, (*τριπλός*) *made threelfold, tripled, trebled.*

τριπλόος, η, ὄν contr. *τριπλοός, ἡ, οὖν*, (*τρεῖς*) *triple, threefold. Adv. -πλῶς, but dat. fem. τριπλῇ is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.*

τριπλόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of τρίπους.

τρι-πόδης, ὄν, ὁ, (*τρι-, πούς*) *three feet long.*

τρι-πόθητος, ὄν, (*τρι-, ποθέω*) *thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.*

τρι-πολις, εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρι-, πόλις*) *with three cities; cf. δεκάπολις.*

τρι-πόλιστος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πολίζω*) *thrice-built, triply or firmly founded.*

τρι-πολος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πολέω*) *thrice turned up or ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.*

τρι-πόνητος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πονέω*) *thrice-worked: ἔπις τριπόνητος a dispute between three labourers.*

τρι-πορθος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πορθέω*) *thrice wasted.*

τρι-πος, ὄν, ὁ, poet. for *τρίπους. [ῥ]*

τρι-πους, -πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (*τρι-, πούς*) *three footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three feet.*

II. *going on three feet; proverb. of an old man who leans on a staff, τριπόδας ὁδοῦς στείχει.*

2. *as Subst., τρίπους, ὁ, a tripod, a three-footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.*

3. *the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.*

τρι-πράστος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πιπράσκω*) *thrice sold.*

τριπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.*

τριπτης, ὄν, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber, shampooer.*

Τρι-πτόλεμος, ὁ, Triptolemus, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρι-πύχος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πύσσω*) *consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply thrice.*

τρι-πῶλος, ὄν, (*τρι-, πῶλος*) *of or with three horses,*

τρίρ-ρμος, *ov*, (τρι-, ῥμός) *with three poles*, i. e. *with four horses abreast*.

τρίς, *Adv.* of τρεῖς, *thrice, three times*, *Lat. ter*; *τρίς τόσος* *thrice as much*; *ἐς τρίς* *up to three times*: often used indefinitely in compounds, to strengthen the force of the simple word, like *Lat. ter*, and our *thrice*. *Proverb.*, τρίς ἑξ βάλλειν *to throw thrice six*, i. e. *the highest throw* (there being three dice), hence *to have the best luck*. [I]

τρίσ-άθλιος, *α, ov*, *thrice-unhappy*.

τρίσ-άλαστος, *ov*, *thrice-tormented*.

τρίσ-ἀριθμός, *ov*, *thrice-numbered*.

τρίσ-ἀσμενος, *η, ov*, *thrice-pleased*, i. e. *well-contented*.

τρίσ-ἄωρος, *ov*, *very untimely*.

τρίσ-δέιλαιος, *ov*, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-εὐστηνος, *ov*, *trebly*, i. e. *very, miserable*.

τρίσ-ἑνάς, *ἀδος, ἡ*, (τρίς, ἐνέας) *sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month*; i. e. *the ninth day of the third decad*, the 29th.

τρί-ελέηνος, *ov*, (τρι-, σελήνη) *of three moons or nights*.

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, *ὁ*, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) *thrice an overseer*.

τρίσ-θάνης, *ἐς*, (τρίς, θανεύ) *thrice worthy of death*.

τρίσ-καί-δεκα, *οἱ, αἱ, τά*, = τρεῖσκαίδεκα.

τρίσκαίδεκά-πηχυς, *v*, *gen. eos*, *thirteen cubits, high, long, etc.*

τρίσκαίδεκα-στάσιος, *ov*, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἵστημι) *of thirteen times the weight or value*. [σῳ]

τρίσκαίδεκάτος, *η, ov*, (τρίσκαίδεκα) *the thirteenth*.

τρίσκαίδε-έτης, *ov, ὁ, fem.* τρίσκαίδεκέτις, *ιδος*, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἔτος) *of thirteen years, thirteen years old*.

τρίσ-κάκοδᾶμων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, *thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated*.

τρί-σκαλμος, *ov*, (τρί-, σκαλμός) *with three benches of rowers*; *vñes* τρίσκαλοι = τριῖρες.

τρίσ-κατάραιτος, *ov*, (τρίς, καταράσμαι) *thrice accursed*.

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, *ov*, (τρίς, κοπάνιζω) *thrice struck*; ἄρτος τρισκοπάνιστος *thrice-kneaded bread*.

τρίσ-μάκαρ, *fem.* -μακάρα, *gen.* -μακάρος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (τρίς, μάκαρ) *thrice blest*; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, *Virgil's terque quaterque beati*.

τρίσ-μακάριος, *α, ov*, = τρισμάκαρ.

τρίσμός, *ὁ*, (τρίζω) *a squeaking*: *a squeak*.

τρίσ-μύριοι, *αι, α*, (τρίς, μύριοι) *thrice ten thousand, 30,000*: also in *sing.* with a collective Subst., as, τρισμύρια ἵππος *thirty thousand horse*. [v]

τρίσ-μυρίο-πάλαι, (τρίσ-μύριοι, πάλαι) *Adv.* *thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago*.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, *ov, ὁ*, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκης) *thrice victorious at Olympia*. [v]

τρι-οπίθαιμος, *ov*, (τρι-, οπιθαμή) *thrice spans long*.

τρί-σπονδος, *ov*, (τρι-, σπονδή) *thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering*.

τρίσ-αίς, *Adv.* (τρίς) *thrice, three times*. [ᾶ]

τρίσάσις, *η, ov*, *poët.* for τρισός. [ᾶ]

τρίσσθεν, *Adv.* (τρίσος) *from three sides*.

τρίσος *Att.* *τριπτός* *Ion.* τριξός, *ἡ, ὅν*, like δισός, διξός, (τρίς) *threifold, Lat. triplex*: in *plur.* = τρεῖς.

Adv. -σως, *three times*.

τρίσσο-φάης, *ἐς*, and, τρίσσο-φωτος, *ov*, (τρίς, φάος, φῶς) *in a threifold light*.

τρί-στεγος, *ov*, (τρι-, στέγη) *of or with three stories*: τὸ τρίστογον (*sub.* οἰκημα), *the third story*.

τρί-στοιχεί or -χί [I], *Adv.* of τρίστοιχος, *in three rows*.

τρί-στοιχος, *ov*, (τρι-, στοιχος) *in three rows*.

τρί-στομος, *ov*, (τρι-, στόμα) *three-mouthed*. II. *thre-edged or thre-pointed*.

τρίσ-χίλιοι, *αι, α*, (τρίς, χίλιοι) *three thousand*: also in *sing.* with a collective Subst., τρισχίλια ἵππος *3000 horse*. [χ]

τρί-σώματος, *ov*, (τρι-, σῶμα) *with three bodies, Lat. tricornor*.

τρίτάγωνιστέω, *f*, ἦσω, *to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters*. From

τρίτ-ἄγωνιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (τρίτος, ἄγωνιστής) *the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer*.

τρίταιος, *α, ov*, (τρίτος) *of time, in three days, on the third day*. τριταῖοι ἐγένοντο *they arrived on the third day*. 2. *three days old*; τριταῖος γενόμενος *after being three days dead*. 3. *three days ago*. 4. *generally for τρίτος, third*.

τρί-τάλαντος, *ov*, (τρι-, τάλαντον) *of three talents weight or worth*. [τᾶ]

τρί-τάλας, τάλαινα, τάλᾶν, (τρι-, τάλας) *thrice-wretched*. [τᾶ]

τρί-τάνυστος, *ov*, (τρι-, τανύω) *triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long*.

τρίτατος, *ov*, *poët.* lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσ-στος for μέσος. [I]

τρίτη-μόριος, *α, ov*, (τρίτος, μέρος) *equal to a third part, forming a third part*: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (*sub.* μέρος), τό, *a third part*.

τρίτη-μορίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, like τριτημόριον, *a third part*.

τρίτο-βάμων [ᾶ], *ov*, *gen. onos*, (τρίτος, βαίνω) *going as third, forming a third foot*.

Τρίτο-γένεια, *ἡ*, *the Triton-born, epith. of Minerva*; derived from the lake Τρίτωνίς in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, *ἑος, ἡ*, = Τριτογένεια.

Τρίτοκωέ, *to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth*. From

τρι-τόκος, *ov*, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) *bearing thrice or three at a birth*.

τρίτος, *η, ov*, (τρίς, τρεῖς) *the third, Lat. tertius*; τρίτος ἐλθεῖν *to come as third, i. e. with two others*;

τρίτος γενέσθαι *to be third in a race*; ἐς τρίτην ἡμέραν *on the third day, i. e. the day after to-morrow*.

II. τρίτον as *Adv.* *thirdly*, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτων, *in the third place*.

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν *to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστέω τι*. [I]

τρίτο-σπονδος, *ov*, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρισπονδος, *crowned with triple libation*; τριτόσπονδος αἰών *a life*

in which one pours the third libation (to Ζεὺς Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τρίτο-σπορος, *ov*, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριπτός, *ή, ov*, Att. for τρισσός.

τριτύς, *ος, ή*, also τριτύς, (τρέψ) the number three, Lat. *ternio*.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ove-taurilia*). III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, *αως, ό*, *Triton*, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitritē. 2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis.

II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [?] Hence Τριτωνιάς, *άδος, ή*, like *Tritaniās*, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτανιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτωνίς, *ιδος, ή*, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva.

τρίφασιος, *α, ov*, (τρέψ) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: also simply *three*. [ά]

τρί-φίλητος Dor. -άτος, *ov*, (τρι-, φίλέω) thrice-beloved.

τρί-φυλλον, *τό*, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, *trefoil*, *clover*.

τρί-φύλος, *ov*, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχή, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. *trifariam*: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [?]]

τρί-χάυκες [?] *oi*, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρί-χάλεπτος, *ov*, (τρι-, χαλέπω) very angry.

τρί-χάλος, *ov*, Dor. for τρί-χηλος, (τρί-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, *ai*, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [?]]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts.

[ά] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α, ov*, threefold. [ά]

τρίχινος, *η, ov*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρί]

τρίχης, *ιδος, ή*, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τρίχό-βρως, *ατος*, (θρίξ, Βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τρί-χοϊνίκος, *ov*, (τρί-, χοῖνιξ) holding three χοῖνικες: τριχοῖνικον ἔπος a most capacious word.

τρί-χόλωτος, *ov*, (τρι-, χολώ) thrice-detested.

τρίχό-μαλλος, *ov*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τρίχορρυνέω, f. ήσω, to shed or lose the hair. From τριχορ-ρῦής, *és*, (θρίξ, βέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τρίχου, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρί-χρωμος, *ov*, (τρί-, χρώμα) three-coloured.

τρίχωμα, *ατος, τό*, (τρίχω) a growth of hair, shock of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημέρεω, f. ήσω, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. *terere tempus*.

τρίψς, *αως, ή*, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II.

firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τρίψεις, *ai*, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, *τό*, (τρι-, όβολός) a three-όβολ piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρί-ώροφος, *ov*, (τρι-, όροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριώροφον, *τό*, the third story.

τριώρυγος, *ov*, more correct Att. form of τριόργυιος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ηθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροιάνδε Ion. -νδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροή, *ή*, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροῖα as trisyll.

τρομεῖατο, Ion. for τρομέιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω. 2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, *ά, όν*, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομέμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, f. ήσω, (τρός) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid. II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρός, *ός*, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαῖα (sub πνοή), *ή*, (τροπαῖος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαῖα a change in one's spirit. 2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, *τό*, properly neut. of τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. *tropaеum*, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, *α, ov*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή): θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat; Ἐκτοπος ὄμμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector.

III. turning away, averting, Lat. *averruncus*.

τροπαῖο-φόρος, *ov*, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλῖς, *ιδος, ή*, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, *ή*, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαὶ ηελίοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θερινὰ and χειμερινὰ, Lat. *solstitium* and *bruma*.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινας ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; ἐν τροπῇ δορός in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio* in future, 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ον, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρόπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II.

metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπῳ τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπῳ in no wise; παντὶ τρόπῳ by all means; ἐκουσίῳ τρόπῳ willingly; τρόπῳ φρενὸς according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρόπῳ Ἰξίονος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρόπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fashion. 3. ἐκ παντὸς τρόπου by all means. III.

of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἥσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπῶ, f. ὥσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπός): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφίλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφεῖα, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II.

living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ᾧ τροφῆς ἐμοί ye who have fed me.

τροφεύς, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίον τροφήν a livelihood, living: one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόφιμος, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῇ τρώφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφος, ὁ, ἡ, τρώφι, τό, gen. ἰος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρώφι κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφέας, εἶσα, ἐν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, ὁ δὲ ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse.

τροφο-φορέω, f. ἥσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφώνιος, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [ἀ]

τροχάδω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαῖος, α, ὄν, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχαῖος (sc. πούς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχᾶλος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round.

τροχῆλατέω, f. ἥσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ἀ], ὄν, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαίνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ηλάτος, ὄν, (τροχός, ἐλαίνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχιζώ, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχιλία, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. *trochlea*.

τροχιλος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [Υ]

τροχιός, ἄ, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly.

τρόχις, ἰος and ἰως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-δινέω, f. ἥσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-εἰδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχοεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἥσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, ὅς, (τροχός, ποίω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὐ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. *Graecus trochus*. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχιζώ; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ον, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΒΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρύγαν, f. ἥσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρύναν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμιας τρύναν (sc. ἀμπέλους) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [Υ], ἡ, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρύγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρύγῳ) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρύγητος, ὁ, (τρύγῳ) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρύγητρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγήτης, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρύγκος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρύξ) made of lees. II. = τρυγδικός, of or for comedy.

τρύγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγδός, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρύγο-οιπος, ὁ, (τρύξ, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρύγοφεν, Ep. for τρυγῶφεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγῶ.

ΤΡΥΓΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρύγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρύγῳ) = κωμωδία, comedy. Hence

τρύγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρύγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρύξ, ᾠδή) a must-singer or lees-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμωδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρύων, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρύζω) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΖΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρύμαλλα, ἡ, (τρώω) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρώω) a hole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρύξ, ἡ, gen. τρύγος, (τρώγω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρυπάνον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρυπάω, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. τετρυπήμαι: (τρύπη):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ὅσα τετρυπημένα

ears pierced for earrings; ψήφος τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through it).

τρύπη, ἡ, (τρώω) a hole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a hole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρυπῶ, contr. for τρυπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω.

τρυσ-άνωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρώω, ἀνὴρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ᾱ]

τρυσι-βιος, ον, (τρώω, βιος) wearing out life. [αῖ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutina. [ᾱ]

τρυ-φάλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρώω and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλος.)

τρυφάω, f. ἥσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ὥσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy.

2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρυφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανθείς, with a fastidious air.

τρυφερός, ὁ, ὄν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρυφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφήλός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός. τρυφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρυφός, εος, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρυχηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (τρύχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρυχνός, ὁ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρύχος, εος, τό, (τρύχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, shred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence

τρύχω, rare form of τρύχω.

τρώω, f. ἔω, (τρώω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρυχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαι τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΨΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τετρυπμαι, part. τετρυμένος, inf. τερύσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρώας, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώς, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλα, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γα]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a hole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into holes; οἱ Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwell in holes or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into holes.

τρωγούσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΓΩ, f. τρώωμαι: aor. I τρώω: aor. 2 ἔτρωγον: Pass., aor. 2 ἔτρωγην [ᾱ]: pf. τέρωμαι:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλα.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώιος, η, ου, Ep. for Τρωός, Trojan: fem. Τρωιάς, ἄδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτες, ου, ὁ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called *τρώκται*, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., *τρώκται* χείρες *greedy, grasping hands*.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, *gnawed, nibbled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*: neut. *τρωκτά*, τά, as Subst., = *τρωγάλα*.

τρώμα, **τρωματίζω**, **τρωματίς**, Ion. for **τρωμ-**.

τρώη Dor. **τρώμᾱ**, ἡ, = **τρώμα**, Ion. for **τρωῖμα**.

τρώξις, εὖς, ἡ, (τρώγω) *a gnawing*.

Τρώς, ἄ, ὄν, contr. for **Τρώος**, (Τρώς) *Trojan*.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ὄν, (Τρώς, φθείρω) *destructive to the Trojans or to Troy*.

τρωπᾶω, Ep. for **τρέπω**, *to turn, to change, alter*;—Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3. sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. **τρωπάσκειτο** **φεύγειν** *he turned himself to flight*.

Τρώς, ὄ, gen. **Τρώος**, **Tros**, the founder of Troy: plur. **Τρώες**, ὄ, gen. **Τρώων**, dat. **Τρωσὶ**, *Trojans*.

τρώσσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of **τιτρώσσω**.

τρώσω, fut. of **τιτρώσσω**.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τρώω**, **τιτρώσσω**, *wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable*.

τρώμα, false reading for **τρώμα**, Ion. for **τρωῖμα**.

τρωχάω, Ep. for **τρέχω**, *to run*.

ΤΡΩΩ, radic. form of **τιτρώσσω**, *to wound: to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief*.

τύ, Dor. for **σύ**: also acc. for **σέ**. [ῥ]

τύβι, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. **τεύξομαι**: aor. 2 **ἐτύχον**, Ep. subj.

τύχωμαι: Ep. aor. 1 **ἐτύχησα** [ῥ]: pf. **τετύχηκα** [ῥ], Ion. also **τέτευχα**: plqpf. **ἐτετεύχην**:—*to hit, esp. to hit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless*.

II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*: so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c. gen.

2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing*, also c. gen.

3. in aor. 2 part., ὁ **τυχών** *one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever*, Lat. *quivis*; οἱ **τυχόντες** *every-day men, the ordinary run of men*; τὸ **τυχόν** *any chance thing*.

4. in bad sense, **βίαις τυχεῖν** *to meet with, suffer violence*. III. absol. *to hit the mark, gain one's end or purpose*; **καλῶς τυχεῖν** *to fare well, succeed, in speaking, to hit the mark*, i. e. *to be right*.

2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*. Intr. *to happen, to be at a place*.

2. of things, *come to pass, fall out, occur by chance*; often impers., ὅπως **ἐτύγχανεν**, ὥσπερ **ἐτύχεν**, etc., *as it chanced, by mere accident*.

3. of events or undertakings, *to happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share*, c. dat. pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed*.

II. in Att. **τυγχάνω** was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, **τυγχάνω ἔχων** *I happen to have*, i. e. *I have in possession*; **παρὰν ἐτύγχανον** *I chanced to be by*; **ἐτύχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιρὸν ἐλθόν** *he happened to come at that nick of time*; **but, τυγχάνω ὦν** = **εἰμί**, *I am*; so also **without any part.**, **εἰ σοι χαρὰ τυγχανέι** *tāde* *if these things are pleasant*

to thee. 2. in such phrases as **ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι**, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, **ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν**, etc.

Τύδεύς, εὖς, Ep. εὖς, ὁ, **Tydeus**.

τύδις, Adv. Dor. for **τῆδε**, *here*.

τύκιζω, f. **ίσω**, (τύκος) *to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones*. Hence

ΤΥΚΗ, ἡ, (τέτυγμαι) *mason's work*. [ῥ]

τύκιμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*: in plur., **κανόνων τυκίσματα** *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (τέτυγμαι) *a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick*. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [ῥ] **τυκτά**, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*: in plur., **κανόνων τυκίσματα** *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τυκτός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τεύχω** (τέτυγμαι), *made, made ready*: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to natural: **τυκτὴ κρήνη** *a fountain made by man's hand*: esp. *well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully*.

ΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, like **τύλος**, *any swelling or lump*: esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. *callus*: the shoulder.

II. *a pad for carrying burdens on, a porter's knot*. III. *a cushion*. [ῥ in Att., ῥ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = **τύλη**, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. *anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot*; esp. *a wooden nail or bolt used in ship-building*. [ῥ]

τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. **τετυλωμένος**: (τύλος):—*to make hard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow hard or callous from rubbing*, as the hand from rowing or digging; **ρόπαλα σιδήρῳ τετυλωμένα** *clubs knobbed or knotted with iron*: cf. **τυλωτός**.

τύλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τύλω**; **ρόπαλα τυλωτά** *clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα*.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) *a burial, grave*. II. *the corpse to be burnt or buried*.

τυμβεύω, f. **σω**, (τύμβος) *to bury, burn or entomb a corpse*. 2. **χοῆς τυμβεύσαι τινι** *to pour libations as an offering on one's grave*. II. intr. *to be entombed*.

τυμβ-ήρης, ες, (τύμβος, ἀρᾶν) *buried, entombed, interred, sepulchred*. II. *like a grave or tomb*.

τυμβίτης [ῥ], ὄν, ὁ, fem. **τυμβίτις**, ιδος, (τύμβος) *in or at the grave*.

τυμβο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύμβος, γέρον) *an old man on the verge of the grave*.

τυμβ-ολήτης, ὄν, ὁ, (τύμβος, ἔλλυμι) *a destroyer of tombs*: fem. **τυμβόλητις**, ιδος.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the place where a dead body is burnt*, Lat. *bustum*: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow*, Lat. *tumulus*: generally, *a tomb, grave*. II. metaph., **γέρον τύμβος**, = **τυμβογέρον**, *a decrepit old man*: so also **τύμβος**, absol.

τυμβ-οῦχος, ὄν, (τύμβος, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb, sepulchral*.

τυμβο-φόνος, ὄν, (τύμβος, φένω) *tomb-destroying*.

·**τυμβοχοεώ**, *f. ήσω*, (·**τυμβοχόος**) to *throw up a cairn or barrow* : to raise a mound over a grave. Hence

·τυμβοχοή, *a throwing up a cairn or barrow.*

·τυμβο-χόος, *ον*, (·**τύμβος**, **χέω**) *throwing up a cairn or barrow.*

·τυμβό-χωστός, *ον*, (·**τύμβος**, **χώννυμι**) *heaped up into a cairn or barrow.*

·τυμβωρυχέω, *f. ήσω*, to *break open graves*. From **·τυμβωρύχος**, *ον*. (·**τύμβος**, **ὀρύσσω**) *digging up, breaking open graves* : as *Subst.*, **·τυμβώρυχος**, *ὁ*, *a grave-robbet*. [*ρῦ*]

·τύμμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (**τύπτω**) *a blow, stroke, wound.*

·τυμπάνίζω, *f. ίσω*, (·**τύμπανον**) *to beat a drum.* II. generally, *to beat with a stick, bastinado.*

·τυμπάνισμός, *ὁ*, (·**τυμπανίζω**) *a beating of drums*, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybelé.

·τυμπανιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (·**τυμπανίζω**) *one who beats the τύμπανον, a drummer* : *fem.* **·τυμπανίστρια**, of a priestess of Cybelé.

·τύμπανον, *τό*, (properly for **·τύπανον**, from **τυπεῖν**) *a kettle-drum*, such as was used in the worship of Cybelé. II. *a drum-stick* : generally, *a staff, cudgel.* III. in *Lat.*, *tympāna* were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers.

·Τυνδάρεος, *α, ον*, or *ος, ον*, of *Tyndarus*. From **·Τυνδάρεος** Att. **·Τυνδάρεως**, *ει, ὁ*, *Tyndarēus*, *Tyndarus*, husband of Leda.

·Τυνδαρίδης [*χ*], *ον, ὁ*, (formed as if from **·Τύνδαρος**) son of *Tyndarus* : **·Τυνδαρίδου**, *οἱ*, *Castor and Pollux* : *fem.* **·Τυνδαρίς**, *ιδος*, daughter of *Tyndarus*.

·τύνη, *Ep.* and *Dor.* for **·τύ**, *σύ*, as *ἐγώνη* for *ἐγώ*.

·τυνός, *ή, ὄν*, akin to **·τυτός**, so small, so little. Hence

·τυνοῦτος, *ον*, Att. **·τυνουτοσί**, *-ονί*, so small, so little, *Lat.* *tantillus*.

·τυντλάζω, to *dabble in the mud or mire* : esp. to *grub round the roots of a vine*. From

·ΤΥΝΤΛΑΟΣ, *ὁ*, *mud, mire, dirt.*

·τύπάνον, *τό*, (**τύπτω**) orig. form of **·τύμπανον**, preserved also in *Latin* *typanum*.

·τύπειν, *ης, η*, aor. 2 pass. opt. of **·τύπτω**.

·τύπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of **·τύπτω**.

·τύπεῖς, *είσα, έν*, aor. 2 part. pass. of **·τύπτω**.

·τύπη, *ή*, (**·τύπτω**) *a blow, wound.*

·τύπηγαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of **·τύπτω**.

·ΤΥΠΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a blow.* II. *the mark of a blow*,

the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind ; **·τύποι** *στίβου* the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. *figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone* : simply, *a figure, image, statue of a man.* 3. *an outline, sketch, draught* ; **·τύπω** *λέγειν* to describe in outline. 4. *the original pattern, model, mould, type* : metaph. *a type, figure.* 5. *a system, form of doctrine.* III. *the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet.* Hence

·τύπω, *f. ὦσω*, to *impress, stamp.* II. *to form, mould, model.*

·τυπτήσθαι, Att. fut. of **·τύπτω**.

·ΤΥΠΤΟΝΤΙ, *Dor.* for **·τύπτονται**.

·ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. **·τύπω** or **·τύπησθαι** : aor. I **·ἐτύπη** : aor. 2 **·ἐτύπον** : Pass., fut. **·τύπησομαι** : aor. I **·ἐτύφη** :

aor. 2 **·ἐτύπην** [*ϋ*] : pf. **·τέτυμμα** :—to *beat, strike, smite, knock* : metaph. *to strike or smite at heart* ; **·ἄχος** **ὁδὲ κατὰ φρένα** **·τύψε** sharp grief smote him to the heart ; **·ἡ ἀληθινή** **·έτυψε** **·Καμβύσεα** the truth of it struck Cambyses : later of bees, etc., to *sting*. In Homer **·τύπτω** is chiefly used of a blow struck band to band, as opp. to **·βάλλω**, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. **·ἅλα** **·τύπειν** **·ἐρετμοῖς** to *beat the sea with oars*, i. e. to *row* : absol., **·Ζέφυρος** **·λαίλαπι** **·τύπτων** the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II.

Med. to *beat or strike oneself* ; esp. like **·κόπτομαι**, *Lat.* *plangor*, to *beat one's breast for grief* :—c. acc. pers., **·τύπτεσθαι** *τινα* to *mourn for a person*.—III.

Pass. to *be beaten, struck or wounded* ; c. acc. cognato, **·τύπτομαι** **πολλάς** (sc. **·πληγάς**) *I get many blows.*

·τύττωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (**·τύπτω**) *that which is formed, fashioned, modelled* : a vessel wrought ; **·τύττωμα** **·χαλκόκλυρον** a brazen urn : *a figure, outline.*

·τύραννεύω, *f. εύσω* and **·τυραννέω**, *f. ήσω* : fut. *med.* **·τυραννήσομαι** in *pass.* sense : (**·τύραννος**) :—to *be a tyrannos or absolute sovereign* : to *rule absolutely* : c.

gen. to *be ruler of a people or place* ; **·τυραννεύειν** **·Αθηνών** to *be tyrant of Athens* :—the aor. I **·τυραννέσαι** means to *have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant.* II. *Pass.* **·τυραννέομαι** or

·έομαι, to *be ruled by tyrannoi*, to *be governed with absolute power.*

·τύραννικός, *ή, ὄν*, (**·τύραννος**) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial : besitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. **·τυραννικώτατος**.

·τύραννίς, *ιδος, ή*, vocat. **·τυραννί** : (**·τύραννος**) :—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty.

·τύραννος [*ϋ*], ὁ αλσὴ, properly *Dor.* for **·κόρπανος** (from **·κύρος**, **·κύριος**) *a lord and master* ; hence *an absolute sovereign*, unlimited by law or constitution : it was applied to *anyone who had made himself king by force* ; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia ; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct : later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot ; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, *the whole family of a τύραννος* :—hence also, *ή τύραννος* was the queen, princess ; as **·ὁ τύραννος** was the king's son, prince. II.

·τύραννος, *ον*, as *Adj.*, like **·τυραννικός**, princely, lordly : imperious, despotic ; **·τύραννος** **·δῶμα** the king's palace.

·τύραννο-φόνος, *ον*, (**·τύραννος**, ***·φένω**) *slaying tyrants.*

·τυρβάζω *f. ἄσω*, to *trouble, confuse, stir up*, *Lat.* *turbare* :—*Pass.* to *be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together.* From

·ΤΥΡΒΗ, *ή*, *disorder, throng, bustle*, *Lat.* *turba*.

·τύρευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (**·τυρεύω**) *that which is curdled, cheese.* [*ϋ*]

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and τυρευτής οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εὔσω, and τυρέω, f. ἥσω: (τυρός):—to make cheese.

II. metaph. to stir up, jumble, confound.

2. to concoct, brew a thing cunningly.

Τύριος, α, ον, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ]
τύριδω, Dor. for συρίζω.
τύροις, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τυρός)
Like cheese: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυρός, ὁ, cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese.

τύρο-κνήστις, ἡ, (τυρός, κνώα) a cheese-grater.
τύρό-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νῶτος) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τύροπαλῶ, f. ἥσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese. From

τύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (τυρός, πωλέω) a cheesemonger.
ΤΥΡΟ'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, cheese. II. the cheese-market.

Τύρος, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]
τυρούς, contr. for τυρείς.

τύρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread with cheese.

Τυρρη-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (Τυρρηνός, ὄλλυμι) destroyer of Tyrrhenians.

Τυρρηνός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ἡ, ὅν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρρηνοί or Τυρρηνοί the Etruscans:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ἡ, ὅν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡ'ΣΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος: acc. τύρινος: nom. pl. τύρσις, gen. ἑων, dat. εἰ, Lat. TURRIS:—a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

τυρώς, ὦντος, Dor. for τυρούς.
ΤΥΤΘΟ'Σ, ὅν, also ἡ, ὅν, little, small, young, of children.

II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, hardly: of the voice, low, softly, gently. 2. also in pl., τυτθὰ διατμήσαι to cut into small pieces.

Τυφάων, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφών: hence, Τυφάνιος, α, ον, poet. for Τυφάνιος.

τυφεδᾶνός, ὁ, (τύφω) one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-ήρης, ες, (τύφος, ἀράρειν) set on fire, burning.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τυφλός, πούς) with blind foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ἡ, ὅν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός τινος blind to a thing.

2. metaph., τυφλός τὰ τ' ὦτα τὸν τε νοῦν τὰ τ' ὄμματα blind in ears and mind and eyes.

3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure: τυφλαί σπιλάδες blind, i. e. sunken, rocks.

τυφλός, (τυφλός) to blind, make blind:—Pass. to be blinded or blind.

II. metaph. to blind, dull, baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλός, Adv. of τυφλός, blindly.
τύφλωσις, ἡ, a making blind, blinding.

τυφλώτω, (τυφλός) to be blind.
τύφο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύφω, γέρον) a silly old man, a dotard: cf. τυμβογέρον.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφω) smoke, mist, cloud. II. metaph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τύφω, f. ὥσω, (τύφος) to wrap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, to be shrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd.

ΤΥ'ΦΩ [ῥ], f. θύψω: aor. ἰ ἐθύψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμμαι:—to raise a smoke; c. acc.

cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν to make a cloud of smoke. II. to smoke; καπνῷ τύφειν μέλισσας to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνῷ τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke.

III. to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke:—Pass. to smoke, smoulder.

Τυφώεις, ἑως, Ep. ἑός, ὁ: contr. Τυφώς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφός.

Τυφών, ὄνος, Ep. Τυφάνω, ανος, ὁ, Typhon, Typhaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφώς, Τυφώεις.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, burricane, typhoon. Hence

Τυφωνικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or from Typhon. II. stormy, tempestuous.

Τυφός, ὁ, contr. for Τυφώεις. II. as appellat., τυφός, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῷ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφών II, a furious storm, burricane.

τύχη, Ep. for ἐτύχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ῥ], ἡ, what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna: κοινὸν τύχη luck is a thing common to all; τύχα θεῶν, σὺν θεοῦ τύχα by luck from the gods; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη by divine providence; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῇ was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχαγαθῇ, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῇ τύχῃ and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, forte, fortuna:—so also ἀπὸ or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. a chance, hap, lot, accident: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι your fortunes. Hence

τύχηρός, ὁ, ὅν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chance, accidental. Hence

τύχηρως, Adv. luckily.

τύχησας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχόν, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τύφ, dat. sing. of neut. τῷ, used absol., therefore, so, in this wise.

II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς; quis? τῷ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς, aliquis.

τῷαλαμ, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τῷδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτως, in this manner, thus.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσω: fut. -άσομαι: aor. I

ἐτάθασα, subj. τωθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τωθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζω.

τῶληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῶποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῶρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῶς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῶς; and to the Relat. ὡς, = ὡς, οὕτως, so, in this wise.

II. Dor. = οὗ, where.

τῶτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τῶτῷ, gen. τῶτῷ, dat. τῶτῷ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ.

Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ ψιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνυμα ὕμοις μύγῃς for ὄνομα ὅμοις μύγῃς. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θένω χένω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οῦ, as Μοῖσα for Μούσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Υάδες, ον, αἱ, (ὕω) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *Pluviae*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ὕ in Hom., ὕ in Eur.]

ὑαινᾶ, ἡ, (ὑς) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly hog's mane (whence the name).

Υακινθία (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

ὑακινθινο-βαφής, ἐς, (ὑακινθινος, βαφῆναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [ὕ]

ὑακινθίνος, ἡ, ον, (ὑακινθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

Υακινθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

ὑάκινθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΥΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἶ αἶ; hence it is called γραπτὰ ὑάκινθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ὑάκινθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ὑάλεος, α, ον, contr. ὑαλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, (ὑαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

ὑάλλινος later ὑέλινος, ἡ, ον, (ὑαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

ὑάλοος, ἐσσα, ον, (ὑαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy. ὑαλος or ὑέλος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανής ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire.

II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ὑαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ὑάλοος, ᾧ, οὖν, contr. for ὑαλέος.

ὑαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, οὖν, (ὑαλος, χροά) glass-coloured.

ὑαλο-χρώδης, ἐς, = ὑαλόχροος.

ὑβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

ΥΒΩΣ, ἡ, ον, bent outwards, bump-backed.

ὑβρίζω: f. ὑβρίσω Att. -ῶ: aor. I ὑβρισα: pf. ὕβρικα: plpf. ὕβρικεν. Med., fut. ὑβρισομαι: Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὑβρίσθην: pf. ὕβρισμαι:—to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank.

II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὑβρίξειν εἰς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὑβρίξειν ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato, ὑβρίξειν ὕβρει to commit outrages; so, ὑβρίξειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [ὕ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

ΥΒΡΙΣ [ὕ], εὖς Ep. ιος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness.

2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ὕβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [i]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as masc. Adj., ὕβρις ἀνὴρ, = ὕβριστής. ὑβρίσσω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὑβρίσσει for ὑβρίξει. ὕβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ὕβριζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia.

II. the object of insult. ὑβριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ὕβριστής. ὕβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὕβριζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man.

II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence ὕβριστικός, ἡ, ον, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

ὑβριστος, ἡ, ον, (ὕβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὑγιαίνω, f. σω: aor. I ὑγίασα (ὑγιής) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὑγιαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὑγίανα: (ὑγιής):—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy: τὸ ὑγιαίνειν τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3. ὑγιαίνει, like χαίρει, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ῥ, but ῥ in augmented tenses.]

ὑγιαῖα Ion. —είη, ἦ, and sometimes in Att. ὑγιαῖα: (ὑγιής)—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus: ὑγιαία φρονέων soundness of mind. [ῥ]

ὑγιαίνος, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑγιής) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ῥ] Hence

ὑγιαίνως, Adv. healthily:—Comp. ὑγιαίνωτερος and —ρον; Sup. —ότατα.

ὑγίαις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὑγιής: acc. masc. ὑγίαις. [ῥ]

ὑγιήρος, ἁ, ὅν, (ὑγιής) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus:—Sup. ὑγιήροτατος.

ὑγιής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ὑγιᾶ or —ῆ Ion. —έα: plur. nom. neut. ὑγιᾶ or —ῆ:—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus; σῶς καὶ ὑγιής safe and sound. II. sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγιὲς προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, —έστατος. [ῥ]

ὑγραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ὑγρός) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ὑγρο-βόλος, ον, (ὑγρός, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὑγρο-μελής, ἐς, (ὑγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs.

ὑγροπορεύω, f. ἦσω, to traverse water. From

ὑγρο-πόρος, ον, (ὑγρός, πόρος) traversing water.

ὑγρός, ἁ, ὅν, (ῥω, ὑδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat.

liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus): ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid

oil, as opp. to fat: ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν ἀέντες winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the

sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land; so, ὑγρά κέλευθα, or ὑγρά alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ

ὑγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θήγες ὑγροὶ water animals.

II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, wavering, Lat. mollis: κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow:

metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint.

III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing: ὑγρὸς πῶθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρά δεδορκώς with languishing glances. Hence

ὑγρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὑγρός) wetness, moisture. II.

generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὑγρο-φθογγος, ον, (ὑγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὑγρῶς, Adv. of ὑγρός, in liquid fashion: softly, pliantly.

ὑγρῶσσω, poet. for ὑγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ὑδάρις, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑδωρ) watery, washy: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, ἡ, ον also ον, (ὑδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

II. like ὑγρός, pliant, supple, flexible.

ὑδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὑδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδατοῖς, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery, like water.

ὑδατοποσία, ἡ, water-drinking. And

ὑδατοποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδατο-πότης, ον, ὅς, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquae potor.

ὑδατος, gen. of ὑδωρ.

ὑδατο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδάρ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water: watery, wet, sloppy.

ὑδρος, ὁ, (ὑδωρ) the dropsy.

ὑδνης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥω) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὑδραῖον, (ὑδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ὑδραῖα χροῖ to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεία, ἡ, (ὑδρεῖω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον Ion. —ῆιον, τό, (ὑδρεῖω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεῖω, f. σω, (ὑδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water:—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρηιον, τό, Ion. for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηιός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρηναμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of ὑδραῖω.

ὑδρία, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II.

a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funereal urn.

ὑδριαῖς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) of or from the water.

ὑδριαῖ-φόρος, ον, (ὑδρία, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὑδρῶεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery.

ὑδροποσία, ἡ, water-drinking; and

ὑδροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδρο-πότης, ον, ὅς, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase,

for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρορροή or —ρόη, ἡ, (ὑδωρ, ροή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, ὁ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, ον, (ὑδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὁ or ἡ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χέος, ὁ, (ὑδωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from ὑδροχοεύς.

ὑδρό-χυτος, ον, (ὑδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὑδρωπικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑδραψ) dropsical.

ὑδρωψ, ἄσος, also ὁσος, ὁ, (ὑδωρ) dropsy. II.

a dropsical person.

ὑδωρ, τό, gen. ὑδατος: Ep. dat. ὑδαί:—water of any kind; of rivers, ὑδατα Καφισία the waters of

Cephus; ὕδωρ πότιμον *fresh water*; ὕδωρ πλατὶ *salt water*:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ *to write in water*. 2. *rain-water*, and then *rain*, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ *the water of the water-clock* (κλεψύδρα), and also *the time it took in running out*; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ *to stop the water* (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ὑ]

ὑεικός, ἡ, ὄν, and ὑειος, α, ὄν, (ὕς) *of or belonging to a swine*. [ὑ]

ὑέλιος, ὑελίτης, Ion. forms of ὑάλ—

ὑέλιος, ν. sub ὑάλος.

ὑέσι, dat. pl. of ὑς.

ὑέτιος, α, ὄν, and ὑετοίης, εσσα, εν, (ὑετός) *rainy, bringing or causing rain*.

ὑετός, ὁ, (ὑώ) *rain*, Lat. *pluvia*: a *heavy shower*, a *storm of rain*, Lat. *nimbus*; whereas ὄμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a *lasting rain*, and ψεκάς, a *drizzling rain*. II. as Adj. in Sup., ἄνεμοι ὑετώτατοι *the rainiest winds*.

ὑήνια, ἡ, *swinishness, hoggishness*. From

ὑήνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) *swinish, hoggish*.

ὑθλέω, ἡ ἡσω, (ὑθλος) *to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle*, Lat. *nugari*.

*ΥΘΛΟΣ, ὁ, *idle talk, nonsense*, Lat. *nugae*.

ὑία, ὑίας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of ὑίος, as if from ὑίς.

ὑιάσι, poet. dat. pl. of ὑίός. [ἄ]

ὑιδεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (ὑίος) *a son's son, grandson*: fem.

ὑιδῆ, *a son's daughter, granddaughter*.

ὑιδιον, τό, Dim. of ὑίος, *a little son*. II. Dim.

of ὑς, *a little pig*.

ὑιδούς, οὗ, ὁ, (ὑίός) *a son's son, grandson*.

ὑίῃ, Ep. dat. of ὑίος.

ὑϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) *of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, hoggish*.

ὑιο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὑίος, τέτημη) *adoption as a son*.

ὑίος, Ep. gen. of ὑίος, as if from ὑίς.

ΥΙΟΣ, ὁ, declined regul. ὑιοῦ, ὑιῶ, ὑιόν, etc.: but

it is also declined as if from nom. *ὑιεύς,—gen. ὑιέος,

dat. ὑιέῃ, ὑιέῃ, acc. ὑιέα; Dual. ὑιέε, ὑιέον; Plur.

ὑιέες or ὑιέῃς, gen. ὑιέων, ὑιῶν, dat. ὑιέσιν, acc. ὑιέας,

ὑιέῃς:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from

nom. ὑίς,—gen. ὑίος, dat. ὑίῃ, acc. ὑία; Dual. ὑίε;

Plur. ὑίς, dat. ὑιάσι, acc. ὑίας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a

son; ὑιόν ποιεῖσθαι or τιθεῖσθαι *to adopt as son*.

2. later, the plur. was often periphr., ἱατρῶν ὑιέῃς, ῥητόρων ὑιέῃς *sons of physicians, sons of orators*, i. e. *physicians, orators themselves*; so in Homer, ὑιέῃς Ἀχαιῶν for Ἀχαιοί.

ὑίος, Ep. gen. of ὑίος, as if from *ὑίς.

ὑιώνός, οὗ, ὁ, (ὑίός) *a child's child, a grandson*.

ὑάγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑάω) *the bark of a dog, a bark, howl, yell*: metaph. in plur. *snarling words*. [ὑ]

ὑάγμος, ὁ, (ὑάω) *a barking, baying*. [ὑ]

ὑάγωγιέω [ὑ], ἡ ἡσω, *to carry wood*. From

ὑλ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, ἄγω) *carrying wood*. [ὑ]

ὑλάης, Dor. for ὑλῆης.

ὑλαῖος, α, ὄν, (ὑλῃ) *woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest*. [ὑ]

ὑλάκη, ἡ, (ὑλάω) *a barking, howling*. [ὑ]

ὑλάκω-μωρος, ὄν, (ὑλακή) *ever barking, howling or yelling*. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίμωρος, ἰόμωρος.

ὑλακτέω, ἡ ἡσω, (ὑλάω) *to bark, bay, howl*, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, *to cry out, yell, bark*: also, ἄμυνσα ὑλακτεῖ *he howls his uncouth songs*. II. transit. *to bark or yell at*, Lat. *alatrare*. Hence

ὑλακτητής, οὗ, ὁ, *a barker, bawler*. [ὑ]

ὑλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑλακτέω) *yelping*.

ὑλάς, gen. ἄντος, contr. for ὑλάεις, —ἡεις.

ὑλάσκω, = ὑλακτέω.

ΥΛΑΩ [ὑ], radic. form of ὑλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., *to bark, bay*:—3 pl. impf. med. ὑλάνον in same sense. II. transit. *to bark or bay at*.

ΥΛΗ [ὑ], ἡ, Lat. *SYLVA*, *wood, a wood, forest, woodland*, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of *copse, brushwood, underwood*, as opp. to timber-trees. II. *wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood*.

III. generally, like Lat. *material*, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. *matter*, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ὑλήεις, εσσα or —εις, εν, (ὑλῃ) *woody, wooded*.

ὑλη-κοίτης, οὗ, ὁ, (ὑλῃ, κοίτη) *one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood*. [ὑ]

ὑλη-τόμος, Dor. ὑλάτ-, ὄν, = ἱλοτόμος.

ὑλη-φόρος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, φόρος) *watching the wood,*

forest-ranging. [ὑ]

ὑλο-δρόμος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, δραμεῖν) *wood-ranging*.

ὑλο-κομος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, κόμη) *overgrown with wood*.

ὑλο-νόμος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, νέμομαι) *haunting the woods*.

ὑλοτομέω, ἡ ἡσω, *to cut or fell wood*. From

ὑλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, τεμείν) *cutting or felling wood*:—as Subst., ἱλοτόμος, ὁ, *a woodcutter, woodman*.

II. proparox. ἱλοτόμος, ὄν, pass. *cut in the wood*:—as Subst., ἱλοτόμον, τό, *a plant cut in the wood*, used as a charm. [ὑ]

ὑλ-συργός, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, *ἐργω) *working wood*:—as

Subst., ἱλουργός, ὁ, *a carpenter or woodman*. [ὑ]

ὑλο-φάγος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, φάγειν) *feeding in the woods*.

ὑλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, φέρβω) *feeding in the woods*.

ὑλο-φόρος, ὄν, (ὑλῃ, φέρω) *carrying wood*.

ὑλ-ώδης, ἑς, (ὑλῃ, εἶδος) *woody, wooded, bushy*.

ὑμέῃς [ὑ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὕμεις Ion. ὑμέες

Dor. ὑμέῃς: gen. ἐμῶν Ion. ὑμένων, Ep. also ὑμένων:

dat. ὑμῖν, old Aeol. ὑμῖν, ὑμῖν: but ὑμῖν [—ω] or

ὑμῖν, only in Trag.: also ὑμᾶς Ion. ὑμέας: Aeol.

ὑμμε Dor. ὑμέ, in Trag. also ὑμᾶς [—ω] or ὑμᾶς.

—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σύ, ye, you.

ὑμέναιος [ὑ], ὁ, (ῥῆμν) *hymenaeus, a wedding-song*, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house. II. later, = ῥῆμν, *Hymen*,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ὑμν ὦ Ὑμέναιε Dor. Ὑμν ὦ Ὑμέναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence

ἡμναιῶν, f. ὦσαι, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ὑ]

ἡμνήσιος, ὁ, (Ὑμν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy.

ἡμερό-πτερος, ον, (ὑμν, πτέρον) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ὑ]

ἡμερό-στρακος, ον, (ὑμν, στρακον) made of earthenware as tbin as a membrane. [ὑ]

ἡμέ, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ἡμέτερος, α, ον, (ἡμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ἡμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ἡμέτερονδε to your house; τὸ ἡμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ὑ]

ἡΜΗΝ [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ἡΜΗΝ [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Ὑμέναιος. II. like ἡμναιος, a wedding-song.

ἡμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμι, ἡμμι, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἡμν-ἀγῶρας, ον, ὁ, (ἡμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ἡμνέσται [ἄ], Ion. for ἡμνῆνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἡμνέω.

ἡμνέω, Ep. for ἡμνῶ.

ἡμνόμενος, Dor. for ἡμνέομεν, 1 pl. of ἡμνέω.

ἡμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ἡμνέουσιν, part. fem. ἡμνέουσα: fut. ἡσώ: aor. I ἡμνήσα: pf. ἡμνήκα: (ἡμνος) to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ἡμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*.

3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ἡμνεῖν to recite the form of the law. II. intr. to sing, chant.

ἡμνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἡμνητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ἡμνητός, ἦ, ὁν, verb. Adj. of ἡμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ἡμνῶ, Dor. for ἡμνέω.

ἡμνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἡμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet: —as Adj., ἡμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ἡμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἡμνος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ἡμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ἡμνο-πόλος, ον, (ἡμνος, πολέω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ἡμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ἡΜΝΟΣ, α song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ἡμνωδέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἡμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognate, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ἡμνωδία, ἦ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ἡμνωδός, ὄν, (ἡμνος, ᾄδῃ) singing hymns or odes; ἡμνωδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ἡμός, ἄ and ἦ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ἡμέτερος, your.

ἡν, acc. of ὅς.

ἡνο-μουσία, ἦ, (ὅς, Μούσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ἡός, gen. of ὅς.

ἡόσ-κύμος, ὁ, (ὅς, κύμος) hog-bean, answering to our *ben-dane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ἡπ-άγγελος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ἡπ-αγκάλῳ, f. ἰῶ, (ὑπό, ἀγκάλῳ) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ἡπγαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ἡπαγάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ἡπ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὦ, to dictate, Lat. *praeire verbis*.

ἡπ-άγω [ἄ]: impf. ἡπῆγον: f. ἡπάξω: aor. 2 ἡπήγαγον: —to lead or bring under; ἡπάγειν ἵππους ζυγόν to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ἡπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power: —Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*: —

Pass., ἡπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ἡπάγειν τινά ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ἡπάγειν τινά θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ἡπάγειν τινά alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*;

to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing): —Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ἡπάγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up! ἡπάγωγός, ἑως, ὁ, (ἡπάγω) a trowel or tool for shaping bricks.

ἡπάγωγῃ, ἦ, (ἡπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ἡπ-ᾄδω, f. —ᾄσσομαι, (ὑπό, ᾄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ἡπαί, poet. for ὑπό.

ἡπαιδείδουκα, Ep. for ὑποδεδουκα, pf. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ἡπαιδέομαι, f. —έσσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ἡπαιθᾶ, Adv. (ἡπαί poet. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ἡπ-αἰθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ἡπ-αἰθρος, ον, = ἡπαιθριος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ἡπαιθρῷ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ἡπ-αἰθω, = ἡποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ἡπ-αἰνίσσομαι Att. —τρομαι: f. —ξομαι: Dep.: —

to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αἰρέω, Ion. for ὑφαίρέω.

ὑπ-αἴσσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αἰσχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύω) to be somewhat asham'd of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αἴτιος, ov, (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τινι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπάκοη, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσιν, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. i imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα—to listen, hearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. II.

to hearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve. II. to anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself;

ὑπαλείφειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-ἀλέυμαι, imperat. -αλέυε; Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλείω): —to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.; mostly used in aor. i part. ὑπαλειύμενος.

ὑπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange. II. bypallage, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be inter-

changed.

ὑπ-ἀλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. i part. of ὑπαλύσκει.

ὑπαλύξεις, eus, ἡ, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-ἀλύσκει, f. ξω: aor. i part. ὑπαλύξας:—like ὑπαλεινομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγινώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ἀναλίσκει, f. -ανάλωσα, aor. i -ανάλωσα:—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπαναστάτεον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up, to make room for another.

ὑπ-ανδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνὴρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώθη, aor. i pass. of ὑπαναλίσκει.

ὑπ-αντιάω, f. άσω Ion. ἦσω:—to trouble or vex a little:—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. i -ανέστησα:—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:—to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι τῆς ἔδρας to rise up from one's seat to show respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui;

ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open underhand or furtively; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω:—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence

ὑπάντησις, eus, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντιάζω, f. άσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, to threaten underhand.

ὑπ-ἀπείμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἶμι ibo) to depart underhand or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι and -δραμοῦμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑπάπτω.

ῥῥΙΑΨ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὄναρ a mere dream: οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ῥῥαπ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [ῥ]

ὑπαργύριον, Ion. for ὑπηργύριον, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργύρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver.

II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, eus, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ό, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. i ὑπῆρξα: Pass., pf. ὑπηργμαί: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπηγκτο: (ὑπό, ἀρχω):—to begin: c. gen.: 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα he begins doing good to one. 3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one; Pass., τὰ ἐκ τινος ὑπαργμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be: ὑπάρχει impers., the case is: ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may.

III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκείμαι, to be taken for granted; τοῦτον ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. bis positus, this being granted, this being the case. IV. to belong to, fall to: of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων according to one's means.

3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have.

IV. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [†]

ὑπ-ασπίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, and ὑπασπιστής, *οὔ, δ*, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτωρος, *ή, ov*, (ὑπατος II) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ὑ], *η, ov*, contr. for ὑπέτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπάτοι, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάρη on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπάτοι λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus. II. ὑπατος, *δ*, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, *f. ἴσω*, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, *ov*, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό, αὐχὴν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίστημι, with *aor.* 2 act. -ἀπέστην, *pf.* -ἀφίστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-ἄφρων, *ovos, δ, η*, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστερος.

ὑπέασι, *Ion.* for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλον, *aor.* 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-ἐγγυός, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπέδαμνα, 3 sing. *impf.* of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδεισαν, *Ep.* for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. *aor.* I of ὑπο-δεῖδω.

ὑπ-εδεῖδισαν, 3 pl. *plqpf.* of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπέδειξα, *aor.* I of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. *Ep.* *aor.* 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, *aor.* 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, *aor.* 2 of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπέδυστο [ὑ], *Ep.* 3 sing. *aor.* I med. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπεθερμάνθη, *aor.* I pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπ-ειδομένη, (ὑπό, *εἶδω), *aor.* 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπ-εἰκάθον, *inf.* ὑπεκαθεῖν, *poët.* *aor.* 2 of ὑπέκω.

ὑπ-εἰκτέον, *verb.* Adj. one must give way. From

ὑπ-εἰκω *Ep.* ὑποεἰκω: *fut.* -εἴξω or -εἴξομαι: *aor.* ὑπέειξα *Ep.* ὑπόειξα: *poët.* *aor.* 2 ὑπέκασθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπέκειναι τινὶ ἔδρῳ to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπέκειναι τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word. 2. c. acc.

to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμὰς ὑπόειξε he escaped my hands. II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπείσσι μελάρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else. III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command. IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπέναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour. II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέξομαι, *fut. med.* of ὑπέκω: *Ep.* 2 sing. ὑπέξεαι. ὑπέκτον, (ὑπό, εἶπον) *aor.* 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest. 2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπεῖρ, *poët.* for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e.g. ὑπεῖρ ἄλα. [ὑ]

ὑπερέβαλον, *Ep.* *aor.* 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπεῖρ-εχον, *Ep.* for ὑπέρειχον, *impf.* of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέριηκα, ὑπέριημα, see ὑπερέω.

ὑπεῖρ-οχος, *ov*, *poët.* and *Ion.* for ὑπέροχος.

ὑπέισας, *Ion.* for ὑφέισας, *aor.* I part. of ὑφέισα having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, *Dep.*, with *aor.* 2 act. -εἰσέδυν, *pf.* -εἰσέδευκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεἰμι, (εἰμί ibo) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, *Dep.*, with *aor.* 2 act. -εξέδυν, *pf.* -εκδέδευκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκεχῦτο, 3 sing. *plqpf.* pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκκαίω, *f.* -καύσαι, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκκαλύπτω, *f. ψω*, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκκαυμα, *atos, τό*, (ὑπεκκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκκειμαι, *Pass.* to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκομίζω, *f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ*, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκαμβάνω, *f.* -λήσσομαι, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκκλίνην, *aor.* I pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underhand; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.
 ὑπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.
 ὑπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.
 ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρῆσσομαι, to flow forth from under.
 ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.
 ὑπεκπροφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.
 ὑπεκρυσθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.
 ὑπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.
 ὑπ-εκτάνυω, to stretch out under.
 ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.
 ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.
 ὑπέκλυα, aor. 1 of ὑποκλύω.
 ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III. intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῷ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.
 ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.
 ὑπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.
 ὑπεκχαλάω, f. ἀσω [ᾶ], to slacken from below or slightly.
 ὑπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.
 ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.
 ὑπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.
 ὑπελείφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑπολείπω.
 ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.
 ὑπέλοτο, Ep. for ὑφέλιοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαίρω.
 ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.
 ὑπελύσας [ῶ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. of ὑπολύω.
 ὑπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ὑπομένω.
 ὑπεμνάσθεις, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.
 ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπῆμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπημύω, to bang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε he stands with head utterly bung down: see ἡμύω.
 ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.
 ὑπ-εναντίος, a, on, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite. II. set against, hostile: as Subst., of ὑπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τοῦτον in opposition thereto.
 ὑπεναντίως, eως, ἡ, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.
 ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ἐνδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.
 ὑπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.
 ὑπ-εξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.
 ὑπεξάγαγαι [γᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.
 ὑπ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.
 ὑπ-εξαίρω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. -ἐξήρημαι Ion. -εξαράρηναι: aor. 2 -εξέλιον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually: τοῦτίκλημ⁸ ὑπεξέλιον having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τούτων ὑπεξαρηγμένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.
 ὑπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.
 ὑπ-εξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.
 ὑπεξᾶλίσσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπεξᾶλέομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλεύομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εξάλυσκω, f. ἕξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.
 ὑπ-εξανάγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμεν, to sail out and away secretly. [ᾶγ]
 ὑπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδυν, pf. -εξανέδεδυκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.
 ὑπεξαναδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.
 ὑπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.
 ὑπ-εξανέλω, f. ἦσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.
 ὑπεξαίρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαίρω.
 ὑπ-ἐξείμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually: ὑπεξίεναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.
 ὑπ-εξεύρω, Ion. for ὑπεξέρω.
 ὑπ-εξελαύνω: fut. -εξελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -εξελῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.
 ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαίρω.
 ὑπ-εξερύω Ion. -εξεέρω, to draw out from under, draw away underhand.
 ὑπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξέληλθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.
 ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσάω, = ὑπεκσάω.
 ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.
 ὑπ-εξίγω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.
 ὑπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid:

c. dat. *to give place to, rise up and make way for*. III. c. gen. rei, *to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition*.

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπτάμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπείρ, in phrases ὑπείρ ἁλός and ὑπείρ ἄλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. *SUPER*. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that over which something is: 1. of Place, *over*: of rest, *over, above*; ὑπείρ κεφαλῆς στήναι *to stand over a person's head*: 2. of motion, *over, across*; or *over, beyond*.

II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) *for, in defence of, in behalf of*; ὑπείρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀμύνειν *to fight in defence of one's country*. 2. *for, because of, by reason of*: *for the purpose of, for the sake of*; ὑπείρ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν *for the sake of not dying*. 3. *for, instead of, in the name of, acting for*; ὑπείρ ἐαυτοῦ *in his stead*. III. like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. *de*.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that over and beyond which a thing goes: I. of Place, *over, beyond, past*.

II. of Measure, *over, above, exceeding, beyond*; ὑπείρ τὴν ἡλικίαν *above his years*. 2. *beyond what is right, against, contrary to*; ὑπείρ αἶσαν *contrary to right*; ὑπείρ θεόν *contrary to the will of the god*.

III. of Number, *above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over*; ὑπείρ τὸ ἥμισυ *above half*.

POSITION: ὑπείρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπερ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπείρ signifies *over, above, of Place*, as in ὑπερ-βαίνω. 2. in *defence of, in behalf of*, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ἥφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἡ, (ὑπείρ) *the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπικρία), by means of which the sails are shifted*. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, ov, also α, ov, *above measure simple or silly*.

ὑπερ-ἀγάμαι, Dep. *to admire above measure*. [ἄγ]

ὑπερ-ἀγανάκτεω, f. ἤσω, *to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing*.

ὑπερ-ἀγαπάω, f. ἤσω, *to love exceedingly*.

ὑπερ-ἀγωνιάω, *to be in great distress of mind*.

ὑπερ-ἄης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπείρ, ἄημι) *blowing down from above or blowing very hard*.

ὑπερ-αἰμώω, (ὑπείρ, αἷμα) *to have overmuch blood*.

ὑπερ-αίρω, *to lift up over*: Med. and Pass. *to rise above, be lifted up*.

II. *to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc.* 2. *to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer*.

3. *to overshoot, go beyond, exceed, c. acc.* 4. absol. of a river, *to overflow*.

ὑπερ-αισχος, ov, *exceeding base or ugly*.

ὑπερ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. *to feel much ashamed*.

ὑπερ-αυρέω, f. ἤσω, *to bang up over or above*.

II. Pass. *to be suspended over, project*

over a thing:—of ships, c. gen. loci, *to lie off a place*.

ὑπερ-ακμος, ov, (ὑπείρ, ἀκμή) *beyond the bloom of youth*.

ὑπερ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, *to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινα κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing*.

ὑπερ-ἀκριβής, ἐς, *exceedingly accurate or careful*.

ὑπερ-ἀκρίβω, f. σω, *to mount and climb over*. II. *to project or beetle over, c. gen.*

ὑπερ-ἄρκιος, ov, (ὑπείρ, ἄρκα) *over or upon the heights: τὰ ὑπεράρκα the heights above the plain; οἱ ὑπεράρκοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands*.

ὑπερ-ακρος, ov, (ὑπείρ, ἄκρος) *over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, to excess*.

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ἤσω, *to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol. to feel great pain of mind*.

ὑπερ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπείρ, ἄλγος) *exceeding grievous or painful*.

ὑπερ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.*

ὑπερ-ἄλλος, ov, *over or above others*.

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. *to be surpassed in impudence*.

ὑπερ-αναίσχυρος, ov, *exceeding impudent*.

ὑπερ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατενῶ, *to stretch excessively*.

ὑπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, *to stand up or project above*.

ὑπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπείρ, ἀντλέω) *to be very leaky, to be waterlogged*.

ὑπερ-άντολος, ov, *quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwubelmed, borne down*. II. act. *overflowing, overwubelming*.

ὑπερ-άνω, Adv. *over, above: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι to get the upper band of*. [ἄ]

ὑπερ-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ἄπᾶτα, f. ἤσω, *to deceive or cheat excessively*.

ὑπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθνήσκω, *to die for*.

ὑπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. *to answer for any one, vindicate*. [ῖ]

ὑπερ-απολογίαίμαι, fut. med. ἤσομαι: Dep. *to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend*.

ὑπερ-αρρωδέω, f. ἤσω, Ion. for ὑπερορρωδέω, *to be exceedingly afraid, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas*.

ὑπερ-ασθμος, ov, (ὑπείρ, ἀσθμα) *gasping or panting exceedingly*.

ὑπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly*.

ὑπερ-ἄστοπος, ov, *beyond measure absurd*.

ὑπερ-αττικός, ἡ, ὅν, *excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess*. Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπερ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπείρ, αὐγή) *exceedingly bright*.

ὑπερ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, *to increase or enlarge*

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

sure.

ὑπερ-αὔξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπερ-αυχος, ον, (ὑπέρ, αὐχή) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι. aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks. 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitti: hence to omit. 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed.

II. Causal, in aor.

I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπερβάλλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβαλλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overshoot: to beat at ibrowing, to throw further. II. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλον he went on bidding more and more. 3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to be over and above. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλον, οὔσα, ον, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding high estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere; of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighted, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερβάσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled. II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβήκη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):—to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [α]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything; οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further; εἰς or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, hyperbolé. II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass.

III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπέρ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρῶω, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπέρργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπέρργασμαι ψυχῇ ἐρωτὶ I have been subdued in my soul by love. III.=ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπέρργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γέμζω, f. ἴσω, to overflow, overload.

ὑπερ-γήρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ον,=ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γηρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, γήρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δαῖσος, v, gen. ἐός, very hairy.

ὑπερ-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -ᾱ: (ὑπέρ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δεῖδω, f. -δεῖσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ον, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπερ-δέξιος, ον, placed high above one on the right hand. 2. placed above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground; ἐξ ὑπερδέξιον from vantage-ground. II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-διδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδύκεω, f. ἦσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, δική) exceeding righteous or just. II. pleading for.

ὑπέρ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδον, inf. ὑπερίδεν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπερόρα being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. *εἶδω.

ὑπ-ερίδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπῆριπον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκείνος) on your side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκθερόπτεω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμᾶσω [ᾱ], to hang out over.

ὑπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπέρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπίσσομαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπλήγημαι:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω [ῆ], f. ἴσω [ῆ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εκχέω, f. -χεῶ, also ὑπερ-εκχύνω [ῡ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-έλαφρος, ov, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-εμπλήγω, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-εμφορόμαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύχομαι, to intercede for another.

ὑπερ-εξήκοντα-έτης, es, gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω and ἥσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθυμέω, f. ἥσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέπτομαι.

ὑπερ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρίπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -ἐφάγον:—to eat immoderately.

ὑπερέσσομαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσείω.

ὑπερέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-έσχω, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπερ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὖγε, bravo, capital.

ὑπερ-ευτύχια, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-έχω Ep. ὑπερέχω: Ep. impf. ὑπέιρεχον: f.

ὑπέρεω: aor. 2 ὑπέρεσχον poet. -έρχεθον:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχειν

χείρας τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e.g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; οἱ ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχηῖ if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπέειπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέω, Adv. of ὑπέρηδus, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερηδιστα.

ὑπερ-ἡδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπερήδeto ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπέρ-ηδus, v, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ἡδιστος.

ὑπερηκόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίω.

ὑπερ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπέρ-ημαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above.

ὑπερ-ημερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπερ-ἡμερος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., ὑπερήμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμίσιος, v, (ὑπέρ, ἡμίσιος) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ηγορέω, onτος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, ἡγορέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II, excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἦνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνὴρ) overbearing.

ὑπερήσω, fut. of ὑπερήμι.

ὑπερηφανέω, f. ἥσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηγορέω, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπερηφάνια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανέω) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερή-φάνος, ov, = ὑπερ-φανής with ἡ inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θαλασσίσιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [σῆ]

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθαύω, f. ἄσσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπερ-θαύαστος, ov, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθεν εἶναι ἡ.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκειν, to die for or instead of.

ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

ὑπερθορεῖν Ion. -εἶν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

ὑπερ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερθέρον Ep. ὑπερθερον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εἶν:—to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.

ὑπερ-θύμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too high-couraged, restive. Hence

ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-θύρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ὑπερθύρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.

ὑπερ-ιᾶω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ᾱ]

ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπεριδόν.

ὑπερ-ίρμι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl beyond the mark.

ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.

Ἵππεριόνιδης, ov, δ, patronym. from Ἵππεριον [ῥ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.

ὑπερ-ιστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ιστήμι):—to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.

ὑπερ-ιστωρ, opos, δ, ῥ, knowing but too well, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ισχυρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ισχυρός) exceeding strong.

ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to boid above. II. intr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, c. gen.

Ἵππεριων [ῥ], onos, δ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ἵππεριον Ἥλιος, or Ἥλιος Ἵππεριον. (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, ἰών, be that walks on high.)

ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθεζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.

ὑπερ-καλής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.

ὑπερ-κάνω, f. -κᾶνομαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen.

ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.

ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd.

ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.

ὑπερ-καχλάξω, f. σω, to laugh outright.

ὑπερ-κεμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.

ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ῥω, to charm beyond measure.

ὑπερ-κολακεύω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.

ὑπερ-κόμπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.

ὑπερ-κοπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπερκόμπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence

ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κόρεθ, f. ῥω, to overfill or glut.

ὑπερ-κοτος, ov, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ:—to hang up over or out of the way.

ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτῆσάμην:—to acquire over and above.

ὑπερκύναντας, acc. pl. of

ὑπερ-κύνδος, αντος, δ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.

ὑπερ-κύντω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, press over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.

ὑπερ-λαμπρος, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-λύτew, f. ῥω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.

ὑπερ-λάνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -λᾶνομαι: aor. 2 pass. ὑπερλᾶνῃ [ᾱ]:—to be struck mad.

ὑπερ-μάκης, ἐς, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.

ὑπερ-μάχew, f. ῥω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.

ὑπερμαχητικός, ῥ, ὄν, inclined to fight for another.

ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μᾶ], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.

ὑπέρ-μάχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, δ, a champion.

ὑπερ-μεγάλis, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]

ὑπερ-μεγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.

ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγέθης [ᾱ], ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, μέγθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.

ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. :—to be excessively drunk.

ὑπερ-μενέτης, ov, ὄ, poet. for ὑπερμενής.

ὑπερμενέων, onτος, ὄ, excessively mighty. From

ὑπερ-μενής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

ὑπέρ-μετρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τως.

ὑπερ-μήκης, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.

ὑπερ-μίσew, f. ῥω, to hate exceedingly.

ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.

ὑπερ-νέφελος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.

ὑπερ-νικάω, f. ῥω, to be more than conqueror.

ὑπερ-νοέω, f. ῥω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.

ὑπερ-νότιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.

ὑπέρ-ογκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.

ὑπερ-οιδάινω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen.

ὑπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ῥω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, *f. ἦσω, to dwell above or beyond.*

ὑπέρ-οικος, *ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) dwelling above, beyond.*

ὑπεροπλία, *ῆ, (ὑπεροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [I Ep.]*

ὑπερ-οπλίζομαι, *ῆ, ἰσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὀπλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.*

ὑπέρ-οπλος, *ον, (ὑπέρ, ὀπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέρ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.*

ὑπερόπτης, *ον, ὄ, (ὑπερόφομαι) a contemner, disdain: absol. disdainful, haughty.*

ὑπεροπτικός, *ῆ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -κώς, disdainfully. From*

ὑπέρ-οπτος, *ον, (ὑπερόφομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.*

ὑπέρ-οράω, *fut. -όρομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον inf. -ιδεῖν: aor. I pass. -ώφθην: (cf. ὁράω):—to look over, survey. II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard:*

to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ὑπερ-όριος *poët. -ούριος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, ὕρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.*

ὑπέρ-ὀρνύμαι, *Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὀρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.*

ὑπέρ-ορρωδέω *Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.*

ἽΠΕΡΟΣ, *ὄ, or ὑπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.*

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, *ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the heavens.*

ὑπεροχή, *ῆ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preëminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.*

ὑπερόχος *Ep. ὑπέροχος, ὄν, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπέροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.*

ὑπεροψία, *ῆ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπέρ-ὀφμαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.*

ὑπερ-πάγης, *ἑς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπεραγές extremely hard frost.*

ὑπερ-παθεῖν, *f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.*

ὑπερ-παίω, *f. -παιήσω: pf. -πέπαικα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.*

ὑπερ-παλύνω, *to strew or scatter over. [V]*

ὑπερ-περισσεύω, *also Dep. -εύομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.*

ὑπέρ-περίσσω, *η, ὄν, excessive:—Adv. -σως, beyond measure.*

ὑπέρ-πέταμαι, *Dep., = ὑπερνέτομαι.*

ὑπέρ-πετάννυμι, *f. -πετάσω [ᾶ], to stretch over.*

ὑπέρ-πέτομαι *or -πέταμαι: fut. -πήσσομαι: aor. 2*

-επάμην [ᾶ], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέρπητο: we also

find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπέρπητᾰ, from ὑπέρπητῆν:

Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπέρ-πέττω, *Att. for ὑπερνέσσω.*

ὑπέρ-πηδάω, *f. -ῆσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.*

ὑπέρ-πίκρος, *ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.*

ὑπέρ-πίμπλημι, *f. -πλήσω, to overflow:—Pass. to be overflowed of a thing.*

ὑπέρ-πίνω, *f. -πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [I]*

ὑπέρ-πίπτω, *f. -πεσοῖμαι, to fall over or beyond. II.*

of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ὑπέρ-πλεονάζω, *f. ἄσω, to abound exceedingly.*

ὑπέρ-πλήθης, *ἑς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.*

ὑπέρ-πληρώω, *to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.*

ὑπέρπλουτέω, *f. ἦσω, to be exceeding rich. From*

ὑπέρ-πλουτος, *ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.*

ὑπέρ-πολύς, *πόλλα, πολὺ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) overmuch,*

very much or many.

ὑπέρ-πονέω, *f. ἦσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure*

for another:—Med., ὑπερπονέσθαι τινας to take trouble on oneself for another.

ὑπέρ-πόντιος, *ον, also α, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.*

ὑπέρπαιτος, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερνέτομαι.*

ὑπέρ-πυπιάζω, *(ὑπέρ, πύπιαξ) to make very much*

of one, to caress fondly.

ὑπέρ-πυρρίδιω, *f. ἄσω [ᾶ] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redder*

or blush for another.

ὑπέρ-πυτώμαι, *Ep. for ὑπερνέτομαι.*

ὑπερράγην, *aor. 2 pass. of ὑπερρήγνυμι. [ᾶ]*

ὑπέρ-σεμνύνομαι, *Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be ex-*

ceeding solemn or pompous.

ὑπέρ-σοφός, *ον, extremely wise or clever.*

ὑπέρ-σπουδάω, *f. ἴσω, to take excessive pains, be*

very anxious.

ὑπέρ-στάτέω, *= ὑπερίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.*

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, *3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of*

ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρτατος, *η, ὄν, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπατος:*

there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [ῆ]

ὑπερτεῖλας, *aor. I part. of ὑπερτέλλω.*

ὑπέρ-τείνω, *f. -τενώ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over*

or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιὰν σειρίου

κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the

house; ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot

over the beach, i. e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch,

stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρας to outflank the enemy's wing. 2.

metaph. to surpass, excel.

ὑπερτελέω, *to pass quite over, overleap. From*

ὑπέρ-τελής, *ἑς, gen. ἑός, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over*

or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleap-

ing: c. gen., ἄλλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached

the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερτέλλων, rising

over or above.

ὑπέρ-τέλλω, *f. -τελῶ: aor. I -έτεila:—to rise or*

appear over or above; ὑπερτέλλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to hang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. —ἰη, ἡ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ov, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, higher: hence better, more excellent; γενεῖ ὑπέρτερος higher by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέτερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., παντέρων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers. III. further, more.

ὑπέρ-τίμημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα; aor. 2 —έθην: —to put or set over:—Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπέρ-τίμιάω, f. ἦσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ov, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

ὑπέρτονος, ov, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξεύσιμος, ov, to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot.

ὑπέρ-τρέχω: f. —δραμούμαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπέρ-τρυφάω, f. ἦσω, to revel extravagantly.

ὑπ-ερυθρίαω, f. άσω [ά], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπ-έρυθρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπέρ-ύψηλος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ύψηλός) exceedingly high.

ὑπέρ-υψός, f. άσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.

ὑπέρ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ά]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ὑπέρ-φάλαγγέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπέρφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence

ὑπέρφάνης, ές, gen. έος, appearing over or above.

ὑπέρ-φάτος, ov, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπέρ-φέρω, f. —οίσω: aor. I act. —ήνεγκα, pass.

—ηνέχθην:—to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφῶς, excessively, overmuch: too highly.

ὑπέρ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 —έφθίτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of one.

ὑπερφιάλος, ov, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant; but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμός ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also haughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπέρ-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπέρ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. —ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπέρ-φοβος, ov, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπέρ-φορέω, to carry over.

ὑπέρ-φρίσσω Att. —ττω: f. ξω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπέρφρονέω, f. ἦσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain. From

ὑπέρ-φρων, ovos, ό, ή, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) big-minded, highspirited: haughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπέρφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπέρ-φύης, ές, (ὑπέρ, φύη) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extraordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of

things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφύης όσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ὑπέρ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έφυν pf. —πέφυκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel.

ὑπέρφῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφύης, excessively, marvellously; ὑπερφῶς ώς wonderfully how, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπέρφύς, όσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ὑπέρ-χαίρω, f. —χρήσω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. to delight in doing.

ὑπέρ-χάλας, f. άσω [ά], to let down over.

ὑπέρ-χθόνιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth.

ὑπέρ-χλιδάω, f. ἦσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερτρυφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ὑπ-έρχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. —ήλυθον or —ήλθον: pf. —ελήλυθα: (cf. έρχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into:

metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ov, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt.

ὑπ-ερωέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, έρωέω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπέρψη Att. ὑπερφά, ή, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερφός.

ὑπερωίδην, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῶν, Ep. and Ion. ὑπεριών, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερφός (sub. οίκεμα).

ὑπερῶς, α, ov, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερώιος (from ὑπέρ, as πατῶς from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead.

ὑπερῶτατος, η, ov, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρτατος.

ὑπερσείται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπεμι (έμι sum).

ὑπέσταται, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑφίστημι, also 2. Dor. for ὑέστην, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστειλα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, η, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέχω.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχέομαι.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of ὑπισχέομαι.

ὑπέρτερας, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑποτρέω.

ὑπέτυψα, aor. I of ὑποτύπτω.

ὑπ-εύθυνος, ov, (ὑπό, εύθυνος) liable to give account;

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing: 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-ευνάομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, εύνω) to lie under. ὑπέφθηνα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω. ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπέχω, f. ὑφέγω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον ποῖτ. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖδας, Lat. praebere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγων, ὑπήγων, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οἱ, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπ-ήνεικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρειν.

ὑπ-ήνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, άνεμος) full of wind; ὑπ-ήνεμον ών a wind-egg which produces no chicken. ὑπ-ήνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, άνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπ-ήνεμον on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπ-ηνήτης, ον, ὁ, a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπ-ηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηριός, ἡ, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργμαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάργω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἡ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers.

2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρεταί, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew.

II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρεσίον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἡσώ: pf. act. ὑπηρετήκα, pass. ὑπηρετήμαι: (ὑπηρετής):—to row, serve on board ship.

II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὸ ἀπ' ἡμεῶν εἰς τρέας ὑπηρετεῖται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, humour.

3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρετήμα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρετής ἔργον a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπηρετής) of or fit for rowing.

II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρετής or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτις, ιδος, fem. of ὑπηρετής, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπ-ηρίτε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπηρείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ηχέω, f. ἡσώ, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ήμι, Ion. for ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ἄλλω: aor. I ὑπἰλα: (ὑπό, ἄλλω = εἰλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπἰλλαιν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπιούσα, part. fem. of ὑπείμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ίσχνομαι, contr. —οῦμαι Ion. ὑπἰσχομαι: fut. ὑπἰσχήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπἰσχύομην, imperat. ὑπἰσχου:

pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to hold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπἰσχέομαι.

ὑπνἄλεος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ἀπάτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ἀπάτῶ) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνιδιος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [νἰ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχέω, f. ἡσώ, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ΥΠΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death.

II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ὑπνωκα, pass. ὑπνωμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber.

II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ώδης, es, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνών, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνῶσσω Att. —ττω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνῶσσις κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ΥΠΟ΄, Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: ποῖτ ὑπἰαί, metri grat.

WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, from under; ρέει

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπέιους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἱππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνεοῦ λυόμεν I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχῆρας having hit him under the chest. II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος to be slain by a man; θανέν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' αὐτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος to hear, i. e. be told by, one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald. 3. ὑπὸ is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέους, χαρᾶς, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆς to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ δέους by reason of fear, etc.; ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστίγῃν to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, ἀρετᾶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway. 5. ὑπὸ is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰαῶς at the blast of Zephyr; of music, καμᾶζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφρήμου βοῆς θῦσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is: I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσὶ ἀνδρὸς one's feet; ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ἄρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χειρὶ δαμνῆται to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so, φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος θῆναι to proceed under one's guidance. II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' αὐτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ στέος ἤλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην ἵεναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat. 2. under an object, without signif. of motion, ὑπ' ἡῷ τ' ἡλιόν τε under morning and the sun. II. of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near upon, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τῇ ἑω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νηὸν κατακαέντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: ὑπό sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

Τὸ Π stands absol. AS ADV., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: I. under, either of rest, as in ὑπ-ειμι to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαίνειν to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπ-άργυρος, ὑπό-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δύω. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θαπεύω.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέ-βηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρας [πυραμίδος] ταῦτὸ μέγαθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. ὑββάλλω: f. -βάλῳ: pf. act. -βέ-βληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. subternere. II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one.

ὑπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden. ὑπο-βένθιος, ον, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below. ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήτω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough. ὑπο-βιβάξω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπο-βαίω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down. ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ον, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children. ὑπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. ἔω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμα:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ον, also α, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ὑ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ον, = υποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or ὑπόγειος, ον, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γαστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch. II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ov*, = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γελᾶω, *f. -άσμαι* [ᾶ] :—to laugh at. II. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ὑπο-γενεάζω, *f. σω*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι : aor. 2 -εγενόμην : Dep. :—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ov*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκίς) to sweeten a little : metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνᾶμω, *f. ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώστης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ὑπογιγνώσκω.

ὑπόγραμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under : a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμματεύς, *εως, ὁ*, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμματεύω, *f. σω*, to be a ὑπογραμματεύς, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμίος, *ὁ*, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογράφεις, *εως, ὁ*, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis : at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, *ῆ*, a subscription, signature : an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio. III. a painting under of the eyelids. From

ὑπο-γράφω [ᾶ], *f. ψω* : pf. γέγραφα, pass. γέγραμαι : —to write under, subjoin : to subscribe, sign : to write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. adumbrare : metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III. to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυιος or -γυος, *ov*, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the band, close at band : fresh, new ; hence late, recent. II. sudden, unexpected ; ἐξ ὑπογύου off band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυῖως or -γυῖως, Adv. newly, lately : Comp. ὑπογυιότερον more recently ; Sup. ὑπογυιότατα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ov*, = ὑπόγυος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *f. ὕσω* [ῡ], to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δᾶμάω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ] : pf. δέδμηκα : Pass., aor. I ἱπεδμήθην : pf. -δέδμημαι : —to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome : aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμηθεῖσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδᾶμάω ; so also in Med. : —Pass. ὑποδᾶνμῃ, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδδείςας, Ep. aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑποδέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδέχημαι, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδεμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδῶ.

ὑποδεδῶς, pf. part. of ὑποδῶ.

ὑποδεδίως, *ὁ*, (ὑπό, δεδίως) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδεδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δεής, *ἐς*, gen. *εὖος*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him ; esp. in Comp., ὑποδέστωρ inferior ; ἐκ πολλῶ ὑποδέστωρ with means much inferior. —

Comp. Adv. ὑποδέστωρ, in inferior numbers.

ὑπόδειγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεῖδω, *f. σω* : aor. I ὑπέδεισα Ep. ὑπέδδεισα : Ep. pf. ὑποδείδια : 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδείδιαν : poet. pf. ὑπαιδεδοικα, for ὑποδεδοικα : —to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δείκνυμι and -ῶω : fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω : aor. I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα : —to shew underhand or secretly : to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand. II. to mark out : to shew, teach by example. III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to : also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δειλιάω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δαιμνῶ, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δειπνέω, *f. ῆσω*, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδείσας, aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπο-δέχομαι, Ion. for ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδέξῃ, *ῆ*, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of entertainment. [i in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, *α, ov*, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ὑπο-δέρις, *ιδος, ῆ*, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεσις, *εως, ῆ*, (ὑποδῶ) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes.

ὑποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι : *f. -δέχομαι* : aor. I -έδεξάμην : pf. -δέδεκαμην : also aor. I pass. -έδεχθην (in pass. sense) : Dep. :—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain ; ὁ ὑποδέξμενος one's entertainer or host. 3. to give ear to, hearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere : also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing ; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure, bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere. 2. to follow in rank or order : to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, *f. -δήσω* : pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι : —to bind or tie under : —Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., καθύπνου ὑποδέσθαι to put on one's buskins : absol., ὑποδέσθαι to put on one's shoes : pf. pass. part., ὑποδεδεμένος, with one's shoes on ; ὑποδεδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ὑπο-δηλώω, f. ὤσω, to shew secretly, indicate.
ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδῶ) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησις, αor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδῶ.
ὑποδηῖσαι, αor. I act. inf. of ὑποδῶ.
ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.
ὑπό-δικος, ον, (ὑπό, δική) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-διφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.
ὑποδηθῆς, αor. I pass. part. of ὑποδύμαι.
ὑπο-δῶς, -ῶς, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.
ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a harbouring, as of slaves.

II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.
III. a supposition, assumption.
IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακῆν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα, ἰδών, looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδρακῆν, αor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.
ὑποδραμεῖν, αor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.
ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδράω: f. -δράω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.
ὑποδρηστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.
ὑπόδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχους a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροσος, ον, somewhat dewy or damp.
ὑποδρώσσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.
ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύνω. [ὑ]
ὑποδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, αor. 2 part. of ὑποδύνω.
ὑποδύσθαι, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under. II.

refuge, escape from a thing. From
ὑπο-δύνω or -δύνω [ὑ]: f. -δύνω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσα:—to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc.

II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, αor. I ὑπέδυσάμην: also with αor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδυκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 3. to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc. 4. of feelings, to steal into or over, come on gradually. 5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποεδυκότες sunken eyes.

ὑπο-εἰκω, f. ὑπο-εἶχομαι, Ep. for ὑπέικω, ὑπέιχομαι.
ὑπο-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v.
ὑπο-ἐλάροπος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.
ὑπο-ἐλύγνυμι and -ῶω, f. -ἐλύγω: aor. I. ὑπέλυγα: Pass., αor. 2 ὑπέλυγην [ὑ]: pf. ὑπέλυμαι:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ἐλύγον, τό, (ὑπό, ἐλύγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ἐλύγω, f. ὤω, = ὑποζεύγνυμι.
ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ῶω: f. -ῶω: pf. act. ἐπέζωκα, pass. ἐτέζωμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλλω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, αor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.
ὑπο-θερμαίνω, to heat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπο-θερμος, ον, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.
ὑποθέσθαι, αor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.
ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio. 2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum. III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race. III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice. II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.
ὑπο-θλίβω [ἱ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.
ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἡσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτωμαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep.:—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμιάω, f. ἄω [ἁ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμῆς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck. II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.
ὑπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underhand:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-λάχω [ἁ], to sound forth a little or below.
ὑπο-οίγνυμι and ὑπο-οίγω, f. ὑποίγω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικέω, f. ἡσω, to dwell or lie under.
ὑπο-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποικέω.
ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build under or beneath.
ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ἡσω, to keep house, stay at home. II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underhand. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.
ὑπο-οιμύζω, fut. -ώσομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 2. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ὦ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare. II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάθημαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [α]

ὑπό-κειμαι, f. -κέισομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below: πεδίων ἑρῶ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυοῖν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κλευστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κίνω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -έκινησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπο-οκλάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [α], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. I ὑπεκλίνην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ἦσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ὑπο-κλύω, f. ὕσω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίζω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, atos, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ό, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ξω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρηττήριον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [ξ]

ὑποκρίναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [i]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [i]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [i], f. -κρινούμαι: aor. I med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [i]: Med.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίσθαι Προμηθεά to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσια, ἡ, = ὑπόκρισις.

ὑπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκριτής, οὔ, ό, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκριτικός, ἡ, όν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτικὴ (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harp striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύφθην:—to bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώω, f. ξω, to croak against.

ὑπο-κύκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ὑπέκυβα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκυναν Πέρσῃσι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. II. c. acc., ὑποκύπτειν τὴν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κύνω) of the woman, *to conceive, to become pregnant*; aor. I part. ὑποκύνσάμενη. ὑπο-κάλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κἄλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμῶδῶς, f. ἥσω, *to ridicule a little or underhand*.

ὑπο-κοφος, ov, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. ἐπέληφα, pass. ἐπείλημμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω)—*to take up from below, take on one's back*, Lat. *suscipere*.

2. *to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake*: of events, *to follow next, come next*.

3. *to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort*; often in aor. 2 part., ἔφη ὑπολαβὼν he said in answer.

4. *to take up the conqueror, fight with him*, Lat. *excipere*.

II. = ὑποδέχομαι, *to take or receive under one's protection*.

2. *to accept or entertain a proposal*.

III. *to take up a notion, assume, understand*:—Pass. *to be supposed*; ἡ ὑπειλημμένη χάρις the supposed favour.

2. *to suspect*.

IV. *to seize underhand*: *to draw away, entice*.

V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἵππον *to hold up or check a horse*.

ὑπολαμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, *shining with inferior light, gleaming*. From

ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, *to shine in under, to gleam beneath*.

II. *to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn*.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, *to pour a libation therewith or to*.

ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, *to leave remaining, leave behind*.

2. of things, *to fail one*, f. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, *to be left behind, stay behind or at home*; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου *to stay behind the expedition*: generally, *to remain behind, to be left over and above*.

2. *to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race*: of stragglers, *to lag behind*: metaph. *to be inferior to one*.

3. absol. *to fail, come to an end*: also *to fall short of what one expects*.

III. Med. *to leave a thing behind one*, c. acc.: *to leave remaining, keep in reserve*; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν *to leave cause for reproach against oneself*.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπνύω, *to make rather fine or delicate*.

ὑπο-λευκαίνω, *to make white underneath*:—Pass., *to become white underneath or somewhat white*.

ὑπο-λήγω, f. ξω, *to desist gradually*.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press *to receive the wine or oil, a vat*, Lat. *lacus*.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, *one must suppose or understand*.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) *a taking or catching up a word*; ἐξ ὑπολήψεως, *in turn, alternately*.

2. *a rejoinder, reply*.

II. *a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion*.

ὑπο-ολίζων, ov, gen. ονός, (ὑπό, ὀλίζων) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λιμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λίσπος Att. -λίσφος, ov, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχνος, ov, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to take into account or consideration*.

ὑπό-λογος, ὁ, *a taking into account, a reckoning, account*; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαι τινας, *to take account of a thing*, Lat. *rationem habere rei*.

ὑπο-λόγος, ov Adj. *taken into account, held accountable, responsible*.

ὑπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. *superstes*.

ὑπο-λόχαγος, ὁ, *a lieutenant*.

ὑπο-λύριος, ov, (ὑπό, λύρα) *under the lyre*; δόναξ ὑπολύριος *a bridge of reed on which the strings rest*. [v]

ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [v]: aor. I -έλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., pf. -λέλυμαι: plqpf. -ελελύμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἐτέλυτο, 3 pl. ἐτέλυντο:—*to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually*; ἐπέλυσε γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ἐτέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him.

II. *to loose from under the yoke*: *to loose from bonds, set free by stealth*.

2. *to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him*:—Med., *to take off one's own sandals or shoes*, opp. *to ὑποδίσσαι*.

ὑπό-μακρος, ov, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-μαλακίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) *to grow soft or cowardly by degrees*.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to soften a little or by degrees*:—Pass. *to be softened gradually*.

ὑπό-μαργος, ov, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath*.

ὑπο-μειδιάω, f. άσω [ά], *to smile a little or gently*.

ὑπομεῖναι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-μείων, ov, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομειώνες, oi, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. *to ὅμοιοι* (peers).

ὑπο-μενετέον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. *one must abide, endure*. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I -έμεινα:—*to stay behind: to stay at home*.

2. *to survive, remain alive*.

II. trans. *to abide or await another, to bide his attack*.

2. c. acc. rei, *to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure*: absol. *to stand one's ground, stand firm*: c. inf. *to undertake to do a thing*.

2. *to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing*.

3. *to uphold, support, maintain*.

ὑπο-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμυγμα:—*to mix among or up with*.

II. intr. *to come near secretly*, c. dat.; ὑπομῖαι τῇ γῇ *to run close under land*.

ὑπο-μνήσκω, f. -μνήσω: aor. I ἐπέμνησα:—I. c. acc. pers. *to put one in mind or remind one of a thing*.

2. c. acc. rei, *to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest*.

II. Pass. and Med., f. -μνή-

σομαι: aor. I —εμνησάμην: pf. —μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, *ον*, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπο-μνάσθαι contr. —μνᾶμαι: Dep.:—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνᾶσθαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνησθῶ; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, *ατος*, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. *commentarii*.

ὑπομνήσκει, aor. I inf. of ὑπομνησθῶ.

ὑπόμνησις, *εως*, ἡ, (ὑπομνησθῶ) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστέομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

ὑπο-μνῆμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-μνῆμι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι: aor. I ὑπομωσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II.

a holding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, *ον*, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νέλω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ὑπο-νέμομαι, aor. I —ενεμίμην: Med.:—to eat away from beneath; metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, *ον*, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds.

ὑπο-νήγιος, *ον*, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. —ἵχομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [ῖ], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow:—Pass., νύξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a bidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2. the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From

ὑπόνομος, *ον*, (ὑπονώμω) going underground, underground. II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. *cuniculus*: a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστήω, f. ἦσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. *subsidiere*: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting.

ὑπο-ξύζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, *ον*, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξύρω *ον* *ἢ* *ἔω*, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρμένος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ξυρόν) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὕσω, [ῖ], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. *stringo*.

ὑπο-περσθῶ, f. —ωθήσω and —ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. —πάσω [ᾶ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πείνω, f. ἦσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπειμπτός, *ον*, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. *submissus*. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. *submittere*.

ὑποπεπηγώς, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσω.

ὑποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 inf. ἐπέπαρδον: Dep.:—to break wind a little, Lat. *suppedere*.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. ἄσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. —πετᾶσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. —πέπτᾶμαι:—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, *ον*, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηξίω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. —πλήσω: aor. I ἐπέπλησα, pass.:—επλήσθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass., τέκνων ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πύμπρημι, f. —πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [ῖ]: f. —πίομαι: pf. —πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tripping: ὑποπεπωκώς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. —πεσοῦμαι: pf. —πέπτωκα: aor. 2 ἐπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πισσώ Att. —πτώω, f. ὤσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάσιος, *α, ον*, (ὑπό, Πλάσιος) under mount Placios near Troy: cf. ὑπονήσιος. [ᾶ]

ὑπό-πλάτυς, *υ*, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt: cf. πλατύς.

ὑπό-πλεως, *ον* Att. —πλεως, *ον*, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, *αν*, gen. *ω*, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, πούς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποίηω, f. ἦσω, to bring under:—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, *ον*, (ὑπό, πόλις) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, *ιος, ἡ*, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πραῖνω Ep. and Ion. —πρήνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [ῖ]

ὑπο-πρίλαι, Dep. to buy under the price.

ὑπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [7]

ὑπό-πτερος, ov, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.

ὑποπτεω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise:—Pass. to be suspected, mistrusted. From

ὑπ-όπτῃς, ου, ὁ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, shy.

ὑπο-πτήσω, f. ξω: pf. -πέπηχα, Ep. part. -πεπηώς, pl. -πεπηώτες:—to crouch or cower down from fear; πετάλοις ὑποπεπηώτες crouching under the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower before another: absol. to be modest, abashed.

ὑποπτος, ov, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at from under: looked askance at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspicax: as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion, jealousy.

ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.

ὑπ-όρθριος, ov, also, α, ov, (ὑπό, ὄρθρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.

ὑπο-ρίπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥίπις) to fan from below or gently.

ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρω: aor. I -ᾠρσα:—to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually:—Pass. ὑπόρνυμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπᾶτο: pf. 2 -ᾠροπα:—to arise from under or gradually.

ὑπ-όροφος, ov,=ὑπώροφος. II. sounding softly from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.

ὑπο-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up: metaph. to devise, make up.

ὑπορ-ρέω, f. pass. -ρρήσμαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρύν (in act. sense): pf. -ερρύναι:—to flow away under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subreperere; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off: of Time, to run on.

ὑπορ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath:—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break gradually open.

ὑπόρ-ρηνος, ov, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαρνος, with a lamb under it.

ὑπο-ρίπίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ,=ὑπορίπίζω.

ὑπο-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, undermine.

ὑπο-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to music.

ὑπό-σαθρος, ov, somewhat rotten, tainted.

ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ἰγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.

ὑπο-σειώ Ep. ὑποσείω: f. -σειῶ:—to shake from below or gently, set in motion a little.

ὑπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to give a hint of, intimate, indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to make signal by sound of trumpet.

ὑπο-σιγῶ, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.

ὑπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.

ὑπο-σκάω, f. ἄσω, to bait a little.

ὑπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.

ὑπο-σεαλίξω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.

ὑπό-σκιος, ov, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, overshadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olive-branches.

ὑπο-σμήχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:—Pass. to smoulder away. [5]

ὑπο-σπάνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπάνισμαι: Pass. :—to suffer want a little, c. gen. rei, βοῶς ὑπεσπανισμένος stinted or in want of food.

ὑπο-σπῶ, f. ἄω [ᾱ], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly:—Med., ὑποσπᾶσθαι τὸν ἵππον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.

ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty: τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or ἀναίρεισθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.

ὑποστάθμη, ἥ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.

ὑποσταίην, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.

ὑποστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.

ὑποσπᾶσις, εως, ἥ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III. subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.

ὑποστάτῳ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set under. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.

ὑπο-στάχυομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up gradually like ears of corn.

ὑπό-στεγος, ov, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under cover of a house. 2. covered over.

ὑπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, hide under.

ὑπο-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I ὑπέστειλα: pf. ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:—to let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence of.

2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: absol. to dissemble; οὐδὲν ὑποστυλάμενος with no dissimulation.

ὑπο-στενάξω, f. ξω,=ὑποστενάω, to sigh or moan in an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νῆατος ὑποστενάξει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.

ὑπο-στενάχίζω, f. ἰξω=ὑποστενάξω.

ὑπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to sigh or groan.

ὑποστήνη, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.

ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.

ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.

ὑπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.

ὑποστολή, ἥ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails: a shrinking back. II. submission.

ὑπο-στοναχίζω,=ὑποστεναχίζω.

ὑπο-στορέννυμι also -τόρνυμι and -στρώννυμι:

fut.—στορέσω and —στρώσω: aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and —έστρωσα: pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι:—to spread, lay or strew under:—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself: 3 sing. pf. pass., ᾧ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑποστράτηγος, f. ἦσω, to serve under as lieutenant. From

ὑπο-στράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρεφθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I —εστρέφην: pf. —έστραμμαι:—to turn round about, guide back. II. intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee: to return: so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφομαι and aor. I pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεφέλα, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστροφή, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round: a turning about, either to flee or to rally; ἐξ ὑποστροφῆς, Lat. *denovo*, again, anew: also on the contrary. ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστρέφνυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑπο-στρώννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-συρίζω or —ίτω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down: to trip up. [v]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γχω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχοι, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑποσχνέομαι.

ὑποσχέσις, ἐτώ, aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποσχνέομαι.

ὑποσχεσθή, ἡ, Ep. for ὑποσχεσις, a promising.

ὑποσχεσθῆναι, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποσχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχομένος, aor. 2 part. of ὑποσχνέομαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑποσχνέομαι.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγή, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. —ττω, contr. —θράσσω: f. ξω: pf. pass. τετάραγμαi:—to stir up, trouble from below or a little:—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρτάριος, ον, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπότασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτείνω) a stretching or spreading out from under; πεδῶν ὑποτάσεις the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. —ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. τετάγαμαι:—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τείνω, f. —τένω: aor. I —τέτινα:—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer:—Med. to propose by way of question, submit.

3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to build a wall under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτείχισις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall; and ὑπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate: absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. *vectigalis*, *tributarius*. II. act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. —τεμῶ and —τάμομαι:

aor. 2 ἐπέταμον: Pass., aor. I —ετέμην: pf. —τέρμμαι:—to cut away or under: to cut unfairly. II.

to cut off, Lat. *intercipere*; ὑποτέμνω τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage:—Pass., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I ἐπέθηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέθην:—to place under: to put under, make subject.

2. place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument: to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. to stake, bazaar, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τιμάομαι, f. —ήσομαι, Med.: as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρω, to bore through below.

*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ἐπέτλην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα:—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or —ύζω, to murmur or hum softly.

ὑποτοπεύω, = ὑποτοπέω.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὑπετόπησα: also as Dep. ὑποτοπέομαι: aor. I ὑπετοπήσθην (ὑποπτος):—to suspect or surmise that: also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-τρεῖω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. —θρέξομαι and —δράμομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέδραμον: pf. ὑποδέδραμαι:—to run in under; ὁ κύων ἐπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῖς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs.

II. to run under or below. III. to run in between, intercept. IV. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. —τρέσω, to tremble a little: to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [f]

ὑπο-τρέζω, to chirp or whistle softly.
 ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτριβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑποτριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.
 ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.
 ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.
 ὑποτροπή, ῆς, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, repulse. II. a return, recurrence.
 ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.
 ὑπο-τροχάω, ποῖτ, for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.
 ὑπο-τρύγω, f. —τρέξομαι: aor. 2 —ἐτρέγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.
 ὑπο-τύπω, f. ὠσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.
 ὑπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλονήφ ἀντλεί he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτοσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδωρέετο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.
 ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ῆς, (ὑποτύπω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.
 ὑπο-υθάτις, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὐθαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [ᾱ]
 ὑπο-υλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.
 ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐράνός) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.
 ὑπουργέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργημαι: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστὰ Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence
 ὑπούργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.
 ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.
 ὑπουργία, ῆς, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.
 ὑπο-ουργός, όν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *ἐργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.
 ὑπο-φαίνω, f. —φάνω: aor. I —έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνην ὑπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. III. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.
 ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ῆς, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαισιν, ῆς, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From
 ὑπο-φαύσκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.
 ὑπό-φαις, ιος, ῆς, Aeol. for ὑπόφαις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.
 ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σωμαί, Dep. to spare or forbear.
 ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑπόσω: aor. I ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνεκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III. to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.
 ὑπο-φεύγω, f. —φεύγομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.
 ὑποφήτεω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From
 ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ός, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.
 ὑπο-φθάνώ [ᾱ]: f. ὑποφθόσομαι later also —φθάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπέφθασα: aor. 2 ἐπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθάς: pf. ἐπέφθασκα:—to haste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθάς δουρὶ μέσον περόνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτείνεν he killed him beforehand.
 ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to feel secret envy at.
 ὑπό-φθονος, ου, α, a little envious or jealous: Adv. —νως, somewhat jealously.
 ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below.
 ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.
 ὑπο-φραδισότην, ῆς, suggestion: in plur. counsels. From
 ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.
 ὑπο-φρίσω Att. —πτω: f. ξω: pf. —πέφρικα:—to shudder a little.
 ὑποφύγω, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.
 ὑπο-φωλέω, to lie hidden under.
 ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call gently to.
 ὑπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 —κεκάζομαι: Dep.:—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.
 ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [ντ], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ῆς, a kind of snaffle-bridle.
 ὑπο-χαροπός, όν, (ὑπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.
 ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yaw open a little.
 ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιέσθαι to make subject.
 ὑπο-χέω, f. —χεῶ: aor. I ὑπέχεα Ep. ὑπέχενα: pf. pass. —κέχθυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχθυτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strewn or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass., to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστήν ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ον*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ονος*, *δ*, ἡ, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχος, *ον*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control, τινί to one:* also *c. gen.*, ὑποχοί τινος *a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *αν*, *gen. ω*, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt:* of property, *involved, embarrassed*, *Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, *f.* -χρίσω [Ὶ]: *aor. I act.* ὑπέχρισα, *pass.* ὑπεχρίσθην: *to smear under or on:* to besmear or anoint a little, *Lat. sublinere:* to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

ὑπό-χρυσος, *ον*, *containing a mixture of gold.*

ὑπο-χωρεῖω, *f. ἵσσομαι*, *to go back, recoil:* ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου *to retire from the plain:* ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου *to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one*, give it up to him. 2. *c. acc. pers.* *to retire before, avoid meeting.* II. *to go on in succession.*

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ον*, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy:* Comp. -ότερος, *somewhat sandy.*

ὑποψία *Ion.* -ῖη, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy:* ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατὰ τινος *to entertain suspicion of a person:* of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν *to admit of suspicion.* II. *a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, *ον*, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus:* hence *viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, *serv.* as fut. of ὑπορᾶω.

ὑπο-οψωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὑπό, ὀψωνέω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὑπτίος) *to bend oneself back:* to carry one's head high. II. *transit.* *to bend or throw back:* *Pass.*, ὑπτιάζεται κόρα *his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτίασμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost:* ὑπτίασματα χερῶν *hands stretched up in supplication*, *cp. Lat. supinis manibus.* II. *a backward fall.*

ὑπτιαστέον, *verb. Adj.* of ὑπτιάζω, *one must throw back.*

ὑπτίος, *α, ον*, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back*, *Lat. supinus, resupinus:* of one falling, πῶς ὑπτίος *he fell on his back:* ὑπτίους σέλμασιν ναυτίλλεται *he sails with planks turned bottom upwards:* γαστήρ ὑπτία *belly uppermost.*

2. generally, anything turned up, inverted: κράνος ὑπτιον *a helmet with the hollow uppermost:* so, ἀσπίς ὑπτία: but, κύλιξ ὑπτία *a cup with the bottom uppermost:* ἀσπίς ὑπτία *a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.*

3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

ὑπτίω, *f. ὤσω*, *to turn over, upset.*

ὑπο-ώθω, (ὑπό, ὠθέω) *to push or thrust away.*

ὑπο-ωλένιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὠλένη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπομωσάμην, *aor. I med.* of ὑπόμνυμι.

ὑπομωσία, ἡ, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit:* it was resisted by an ἀνθυμωσία.

ὑπωπιάζω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὑπώπιον) *to strike one under the eye:* generally, *to beat black and blue:* metaph. *to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly.* Hence ὑπωπιασμός, *δ*, *a striking under the eye:* affliction. ὑπο-ὥπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ὤψ) *the part under the eyes, the face.* II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, *a blow under the eye, a black eye.*

ὑπο-ὤρεα or ὑπο-ὤρεά, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a mountainous track:* plur. ὑπωρεά, *the roots of a mountain*, *Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπόρορε, 3 sing. pf. intrins. of ὑπόρρυμι.

ὑπο-ὠρόφος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) *under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house:* generally, *under shelter.*

ὑπο-ὠρόφος, *ον*, = ὑπωρόφος.

ἸΠΡΧΑ, ἡ, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar*, *Lat. orca.* (Aeol. word.)

ἸΣ, *δ* and ἡ, *gen. ὕς* [Ὶ]: *acc. ὕν*:—like σὺς, *a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig:* but ὕς ἄγριος, *a wild boar.*

ἸΣΓΗ, ἡ, *a shrub from which comes the dye ὕσινον.*

ὑσγίνο-βάφης, *ές*, (ὕσινον, βαφῆναι) *dipped or dyed in ὕσινον, scarlet.*

ὑσγίνον, τό, (ὕσγη) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour.*

ὕσδος, *for ὀσδος*, Aeol. *for ὄζος.*

ὑσθην, *aor. I pass.* of ὕω.

ἸΣΜΙΝΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, irreg. dat. ὕμνῳ, *a fight, battle, combat:* πρώτη ὕμνῃ *the front of the fight:* ὕμνῳ νῆρι *to the fight.* Ep. word.

ὑσπληγίς, *ἴδος*, ἡ, Dor. *for ὕσπληγίς*, = ὕσπληγξ.

ὑσπληγξ, *αγρος*, ἡ, Dor. *for ὕσπληγξ.*

ὑσπληγξ, ἡ, γνος, or -Πορξ, γνος, ἡ, *a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start.* II. *the snare of the fowler.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὕσσωπος, ἡ, *the aromatic plant hyssop.* (Oriental word.)

ὑστάτιος, *α, ον*, = ὕστατος, (*cp. μεσσάτιος* = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος,) *last, bindmost:* neut. ὑστάτιον as Adv., *last, at last.* [ᾱ]

ὑστάτος, *η, ον*, (Comp. ὕστερος, q. v.) *last, utmost, bindmost*, of space: also of time, ἡ ὑστάτῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ) *the last day:*—neut. ὕστατον and ὕστατα, as Adv., *last, at last.*

ὑστέρα *Ion.* -έρη, ἡ, (ὕστερος) *the womb*, mostly in plur. ὑστέραι, αἱ, *Ion. gen.* -ἔων.

ὑστεραίως, *α, ον*, (ὕστερος) *properly on the day after:* ἡ ὑστεραία (sub. ἡμέρα) *the day after, following day:* τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ *Ion.* -αίῃ, *on the following day, next day*, *Lat. postriede:* generally, = ὕστερος, *later, next.*

ὑστερέω, *f. ἴσω*: *aor. I* ὑστέρησα: pf. ὑστέρηκα: *Pass.*, *aor. I* ὑστέρήσθην: (ὕστερος):—*to be behind, come later:* of Place, *to come after or afterwards.*

II. of Time, c. gen. rei, *to come later than*, come too late for: ὑστερεῖν τῆς μάχης πέντε ἡμέρας *they were five days too late for the battle:* c. dat. pers. *to be too late for him:* absol. *to come late*

or too late.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to : also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of :—in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ὑστέρημα, atos, τό, a coming short, deficiency. ὑστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑστερέω) a coming short : want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰω : aor. I ὑστερίσθ' : (ὑστερος) :—to come after, come later or too late. II. c. gen. rei, to come later than ; ἡμέρη μὴ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day behind the day appointed.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack. ὑστερό-ποινος, ov, (ὑστερος, ποιμή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, with late foot, late-coming. ὑστερος, α, ov, (Sup. ὑστατος, q. v.) :—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of Time, after, later, too late ; c. gen., ὑστερός τις later than a person : c. gen. rei, too late for a thing ; with Prep., ἐς ὑστερον afterwards ; so, ἐν ὑστέρῳ, ἐξ ὑστέρου and ἐξ ὑστέρης. III. standing after, inferior, weaker ; γυναικὸς ὑστερος under a woman's power.

IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future ; also ὑστερα ; c. gen., ὑστερον τούτων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ov, (ὑστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying. ὑστερό-φωνος, ov, (ὑστερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing.

ΥΣΤΡΙΞ, ἰχος, ὁ and ἡ, a hedgehog, porcupine. Hence ὑστρίχίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a whip for punishing slaves. ὑφαγεύ, Dor. for ὑφηγού, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑφηγέομαι.

ὑφαίματος, ov, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-shot. II. bot-blooded.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ΥΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφάνω : aor. I ὑφῆνα later ὑφάνα : Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθην : pf. ὑφαίμαι :—to weave ; ἰσ-τὸν ὑφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μήτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφαίρῳ) a taking away under or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

ὑφαίρῳ Ion. ὑπαίρῳ : f. -αίρῳ : aor. 2 ὑφεῖλον : pf. ὑφῆρηκα : Pass., aor. I ὑφῆρθην : pf. ὑφῆρημαι, part. ὑφῆρημένος Ion. ὑπαρηρημένος :—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin : ὑφαίρεσθαι τινά τι or τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὑφ-ἄλος, ov, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea ; ὑφalon Ἐρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ov, ὁ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving : skilled in weaving.

ὑφαντο-δόνητος, ov, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ὑφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, woven : τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω : f. ψα : aor. I ὑψῆσα Ion. ὑπῆσα : pf. pass. ὑψημμαι :—to set on fire from underneath : metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. 2. absol. to light underneath : to light a fire under or in a place.

ὑφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω : f. -άσσομαι later -άσω : aor. I ὑφῆρπασα :—to snatch away from under, take away underband, filch away, Lat. surripere : to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt. ὑφαρπάμενος, poet. for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑφασμα, atos, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [ῥ]

ὑφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω : Ep. 3 pl. ὑφώοσι. ὑφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφίημι : Adv. ὑφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submissé.

ὑφ-εῖσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίζω, I placed under or secretly ; Ion. part., ὑπέισας ἄνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπέχω, one must support. ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλω or -ελεύσω [ῥ] : aor. I ὑφέιλκσα : (cf. ἔλκω) :—to draw away under, underband or gently ; ὑφέλλκειν τινά ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs :—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under :—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφέλοιστο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαίρῳ. ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφέας, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίημι. ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρψω or -ερόσω [ῥ] : aor. I ὑφείρπυσα : (cf. ἔρπω) :—to creep under or secretly ; ὑφ-εῖρπε πολὺ ἔκρεπ far on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-έσπερος, ov, (ὑπό, ἐσπέρα) towards evening : neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὑφή, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web ; πέπλον ὑφαί woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγέωμαι, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἡγεμῶν. ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσσομαι : pf. ὑφῆγημαι : Dep. :—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ὑφῆγησις, εως, ἡ, a leading, guiding ; and ὑφηγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑφ-ηγητής, οὐ, ὁ, one who leads the way, a conductor : metaph. a leader, adviser. ὑφῆνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

ὑφηνόχῳ, f. ἦσω, to be a charioteer :—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὑφ-ηνόχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡνόχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot,

ὕψ-ήσων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (ὕπό, ἥσων) *somewhat less or younger*.

ὕψ-ίζανω, *φ*, ἥσω, = ὑψίζω.

ὕψ-ίζω, *φ*, ἥσω, (ὕπό, ἥζω) *to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in*.

ὕψ-ιμι Ion. ὑπίμι: *φ*, ὑψήσω: aor. I ὑψηκα: pf. ὑψεικα, pass. ὑφείμαι: (see ἵμι):—*to send down, let down, to lower; ὑφίναυ ἰστόν to lower the mast; ὑφίναυ ἰστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑφίσθαι μαστοῖς to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, Lat. submittere: hence pf. pass. part. ὑφειμένος, secretly lurking.*

II. intr. *to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, ὑφίναυ τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑφίσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὑδωρ ὑτίεται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness. 2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, abate.*

III. in Pass. absol., *to submit, surrender: c. inf., to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑφειμένη to sail with lowered sails.*

ὕφίητι, Dor. for ὑφίησι, 3 sing. of ὑφίμι.

ὕψ-ίστημι: (cf. ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in *φ*, ὑποστήσω and aor. I ὑπέστησα:—*to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence.*

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑφέστηκα:—*to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream. 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποστήναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to do. 4. c. acc. rei, to submit to. 5. ὑποστήναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, hide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsistere.*

ὕψ-οράω, or as Dep. ὑφοράομαι: fut. ὑπόλομαι: (ὕπό, ὁράω):—*to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspicari.*

II. *to keep in view.*

ὕ-φορβός, *ὁ*, (ὕς, φέρβω) a swineherd.

ὕψ-ορμίζω, *φ*, ἴσω Αττ. ἴω, *to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence*

ὕφορμῖσις, *ῆ*, a place for ships to run into, harbour.

ὕφος, *εὐς*, τό, = ὑψή.

ὕφόωσι, Ep. for ὑφώσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

ὕψ-υδρος, *ον*, (ὕπό, ὑδρω) under water.

ὕψ-ἀγοράς, *ον*, *ὁ*, Ion. -αγορῆς, (ὕψι, ἀγορεύω) a big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ὕψαυχενέω, *φ*, ἴσω, and ὕψαυχενίζω, *φ*, ἴσω, *to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From*

ὕψ-αύχην, *ενος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὕψι, αὐχὴν) carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.

ὕψ-ερεφής, *ῆς*, (ὕψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

ὕψ-ηγόρας, Ion. for ὕλαγ-.

ὕψ-ήγορος, *ον*, (ὕψι, ἀγορεύω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ὕψηεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for ὑψηλός.

ὕψηλός, Dor. for ὑψηλῆς, fem. gen. of ὑψηλός.

ὕψηλ-αυχενία, *ῆ*, (ὕψηλός, αὐχὴν) a carrying the neck high.

ὕψηλ-οκρημνος, *ον*, (ὕψηλός, κρημνός) with high crags.

ὕψηλός, *ῆ*, *ὦν*, (ὕψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλὴ a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.

ὕψηλοφρονέω, *φ*, ἴσω, *to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From*

ὕψηλό-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὕψηλος, φρήν) highminded, high-spirited, haughty.

ὕψ-ηρεφής, *ῆς*, gen. *ῆος*, = ὑπερεφής.

ὕψ-ηχητός, *ῆς*, gen. *ῆος*, (ὕψι, ἦχος) sounding on high.

ὠΨΨ, Adv. high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. ὠψίων, Sup. ὠπιστος.

ὕψι-βάτος, *ον*, (ὕψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing high, high-placed.

ὕψι-βρεμετός, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὕψι, βρέμω) high-thundering.

ὕψι-γέννητος, *ον*, (ὕψι, γεννάω) high-grown, topmost.

ὕψι-γυος, *ον*, (ὕψι, γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [r]

ὕψι-ζυγος, *ον*, (ὕψι, ζυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὕψι-θρονος, *ον*, (ὕψι, θρόνος) high-throned.

ὕψι-κάρηνος, *ον*, (ὕψι, κάρηνον) with high head, high-topped. [ā]

ὕψι-κέλευθος, *ον*, (ὕψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ὕψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of ὑψίκερας.

ὕψι-κερας, *ων*, gen. *ω*, (ὕψι, κέρας) with high or lofty horns: there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψικέρατα πέτραι a high-peaked rock.

ὕψι-κομος, *ον*, (ὕψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the oak.

ὕψι-κόμπος, Adv. (ὕψι, κόμπος) with high boasts, arrogantly.

ὕψι-κρημνος, *ον*, (ὕψι, κρημνός) with high steep or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ὕψι-λοφος, *ον*, (ὕψι, λόφος) high-crested. [r]

ὕψι-μέδων, *οντος*, *ὁ*, (ὕψι, μέδω) high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ὕψι-μέλαθρος, *ον*, (ὕψι, μέλαθρον) high-built.

ὕψι-νεφής, *ῆς*, (ὕψι, νέφος) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὕψι-πάγης, *ῆς*, (ὕψι, παγῆναι) built on high.

ὕψι-πέδος, *ον*, (ὕψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-placed.

ὕψι-πετής, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for ὑψιπέτης.

ὕψι-πέτλητος, *ον*, (ὕψι, πέτλητον) with high leaves or foliage.

ὕψι-πέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high, soaring.*

ὕψι-πόλις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψι, πόλις) *biggest in one's city.* [I] ὕψι-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πουν, gen. -ποδος, (ὕψι, πούς) *high-footed: on high, sublime.*

ὕψι-πύλος, ου, (ὕψι, πύλη) *with high gates.*

ὕψι-πυργος, ου, (ὕψι, πύργος) *high-towering.*

ὕψιστος, η, ου, Sup. from Adv. ὕψι, *highest, loftiest; τὰ ὕψιστα the highest heavens.* 2. of persons, *most high, dwelling on high.*

ὕψιτερος, α, ου, Comp. from Adv. ὕψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὕψι-φάης, ἐς, (ὕψι, φάος) *beaming on high.*

ὕψι-φανής, ἐς, (ὕψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high.*

ὕψι-φόρητος, ου, (ὕψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring on high.*

ὕψι-φρων [I], ουος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψι, φρήν) *high-minded, haughty.*

ὕψι-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕψι, χαίτη) *long-haired.*

ὕψιων, ου, gen. ουος, poet. Comp. from ὕψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὕψθεν, Adv. (ὕψος) *from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. desuper.* II. *high, aloft, on high, above, over.*

ὕψοθι, Adv. (ὕψος) *high, aloft, on high.*

ὕψι-όροφος, ου, (ὕψι, ὀροφή) *high-roofed, high-vaunted.*

ὕψος, εος, τό, (ὕψι) *height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. ὕψος, in height.*

ὕψοσε, Adv. (ὕψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up.*

ὕψοθι, Adv. (ὕψος) *high, aloft, on high, up.*

ὕψωω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ὕψωσα: Pass., fut. ὕψωθήσομαι: aor. I ὕψάθην: (ὕψος):—*to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt.* Hence

ὕψωμα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation.*

“ΥΨΩ, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ὕσα: Pass., fut. med. ὕσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὕσθην: pf. ὕσμαι:—*to wet, water: to rain, Ζεὺς ὕε* Jove sent rain; *so, ὁ θεὸς ὕει* the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὕει used impers., like Lat. *pluit, it rains; εἰ ὕει* if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὕοντος πολλῶ *as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτεων οὐκ ὕε τὴν Θῆβην* for seven years it did not rain on Thera; c. acc. cognato, ὕσε χρυσόν *it rained gold.* II. Pass., of places, *to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὕμενος* a lion drenched with rain; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὕεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.

Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ = 500, but φ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion.

the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπύγγος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σφύγγος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός φάτρα for πανός πάτρα.

II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ὤφης, quasi ὤφης.

Φα, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φάαντατος, η, ου, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, *most brilliant, brighter.*

φάάντερος, α, ου, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, *more brilliant, brighter.*

ΦΑΓΕΪΝ Ion. φαγεῖν Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἔφαγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.*

φάγες, Ep. for ἔφαγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγεῖν.

φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν.

φάγος, ὁ, (φαγεῖν) *a glutton.* [ἄ]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν. [ἄ]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαεθοντίς, ἰδος, poet. for φαέθονσα, fem. of φαέθων, *shining.*

φαέθω, (φάος) *to shine; only found in part. φαέθων, beaming, radiant: hence φαέθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φαέθοντα* whole nights and days.

Φαέθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φαέθω) *Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.* 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινός, ἡ, ου poet. φαεννός, (φάος) *shining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότερος.* 2. also like λαμπρός, of the voice, *clear, distinct.* 3. generally, *splendid, brilliant.*

φαείνω, poet. form of φαίνω, *to shine, give light.*

φαεννός, ἡ, ου, poet. form of φαεινός.

φασεῖν-βροτος, ου, (φάος, βροτός) *bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.*

φασε-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ου, (φάος, φέρω) *light-bringing.*

φάν, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.

φᾶθι, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίᾱξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίᾱξ, ηκος, ὁ, *a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.*

φαιδιμῶις, εσσα, εν, poet. form of φαιδιμος.

φαιδιμός, ου, also η, ου, (φαίνω) *shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.*

φαιδρό-νους, ου, (φαιδρός, νοῦς) *of cheerful, joyous mind.*

φαιδρός, ἄ, εν, (φάω, φαίνω) *beaming, radiant:*

metaph. *beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay.*
Adv. —δρῶς, *joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. φαιδρά
as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ἡ, *brightness, lustre.* II. metaph. *joyousness.*

φαιδρῶ, f. ὦσω, (φαιδρός) *to make bright.* II.
metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous.*

φαιδρύντρια, ἡ, *a washer, cleanser.* From
φαιδρύνω [ῥ]: f. ὦνῶ: aor. I ἐφαιδρῖνα: (φαιδρός):
—*to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to*

cheer, please:—Pass. *to brighten up with joy.*
φαιδρ-ωπός, ὅν, (φαιδρός, ὦψ) *with a bright, joy-*
ous look.

φαῖν, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαῖκας, ἰδος, ἡ, (φάος) *a kind of white shoe.*

φαίμεν, for φαίμεν, 1 pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαίνεμεν, Ep. for φαίμεν, inf. of φαίνω.

φαίνεσθε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.

φαινύλας, ου, ὅ, formed from the Lat. *paenula*, *a*
thick upper garment or cloak.

φαινοῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φαίνω) *light-bringing.*

φανομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνωμαι.

φαίνω, f. φάνῶ: Att. also φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐφηνᾶ, inf.

φῆναι Dor. ἐφᾶνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf.

πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνᾶ: Pass. and Med. φαί-

νομαι: fut. φάνομαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φάνησομαι:

also ποῖτ. paulo-p. fut. πεφήσονται: aor. I ἐφάνην,

Ep. 3 sing. φάνθη, 3 pl. φάανθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep.

inf. φάνημεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φᾶω). I. *to bring*

to light, make to appear: *to shew, to make clear or*

know, hence *to lay bare, uncover, disclose*: hence

almost to grant, as, γόνον Ἑλένη φαίνειν *to grant*

Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν *to pro-*

claim a levy, call out the array. 2. of sound, *to*

make distinct, make ring clear. 3. *to bring to*

light, display, exhibit: also *to explain, expound.* 4.

in Att. *to inform against, indict, impeach*: *to inform*

of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα *articles in-*

formed against as contraband. 5. aor. I med. φή-

νασθαι *to shew or display as one's own.* II. intr.

to give light, shine forth. 2. *to appear*, like the

Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνᾶ. III.

Pass. *to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or*

manifest. 2. of the rising of heavenly bodies, *to*

appear; ἅμα ᾗοι φανομένην at break of day. 3.

generally, *to appear to be*, c. part. or c. inf., which

are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting

what appears or is likely; φαίνεται c. part. *what is*

apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται εἶναι *he appears*

or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι *he manifestly*

is. 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα; *does*

this appear so? is not this so? Ans., φαίνεται *it*

does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανῆναι ὁδόν,

to appear on the road, is shortd. for ἵνα ὁδὸν ὥστε

φανῆναι: so also, κέλευθον φαίνει. 6. in Att., esp.

in aor. I ἐφάνην, *to be denounced, informed against*;

see φαίνω 1. 4.

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dusky, dun, gray*, Lat. *fuscus*. II.
also like Lat. *fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow.*

φαιο-χίτων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φαῖος, χιτῶν) *dark-robed.*

ΦΑΪΚΕΛΟΣ, ὁ, ἡ, *a bundle*, Lat. *fasciculus*.

φᾶκῆ, ἡς, ἡ, (φᾶκος) *a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-*
porridge.

ΦΑΪΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant *lentil*; also *its fruit*, which
was eaten at funerals.

φᾶλαγγιδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in *phalanxes*.

φᾶλαγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) *a venomous kind of spider.*

φᾶλαγγομάχη, f. ἦσω, *to fight with or in a pha-*

lanx: to fight in the ranks. From

φᾶλαγγο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) *one that*

fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.

ΦΑΪΛΑΓΞ, ἄγχιος, ἡ, in Homer, *a line or order of*

battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. *the ranks of an*

army in battle. 2. later, *the Greek mode of draw-*

ing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of in-

fantry up, of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep:

the phalanx was brought to great excellence under

Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under

Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν *to lead in*

phalanx, Lat. *quadrato agmine*. 3. generally, *the*

main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα). 4.

also *a camp.* II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk*

or log; φάλαγγες ἐβένου *logs of ebony.* III. *a*

spider: see φάλαγγιον.

φάλαγξ, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑΪΛΑΙΝΑ, ἡ, *a whale*, Lat. *balaena*: hence of *a*

devouring monster. [φᾶ]

φᾶλάκρα, ἡ, (φαλακρός) *baldness, a bald head.*

φᾶλάκρος, ἄ, ὄν, (φᾶλος) *bald-beaded, bald-pated.*

φᾶλάκρῳ, f. ὦσω, (φαλακρός) *to make bald*: Pass.

to become bald.

φᾶλανθῖος, ου, ὁ, *a bald man.* From

φᾶλανθος, ου, (φᾶλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρα, τά, (φᾶλος) *the cheek-pieces of the hel-*

met. II. *the cheek-pieces of horses*: generally,

trappings. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρῖς Ion. φᾶληρῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φαλᾶρῖς) *a coot,*

Lat. *fulica*, so called from its *bald white head.*

φᾶλᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. φᾶληρός, (φᾶλος)

having a patch of white, white-crested.

Φᾶληρεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.*

φᾶληριῶν, (φαληρός) *to be or become white*: Ep.

part., κύματα φαληριῶντα *waves crested with white*

foam.

Φᾶληρον, τό, *Phalærum*, the western harbour of

Athens: Φαληρόθεν *from Phalerum*; Φαληρόνδε *to*

Phalerum. [ᾶ]

φᾶληρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for φαλαρός.

φᾶλῆς or φᾶλῆς, ητος, ὅ, = φᾶλλος.

φᾶλλαῖνα, ἡ, = φάλαῖνα.

Φᾶλλοῦς, ὁ, *membrum virile, a figure thereof,*

which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic

orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in

nature.

ΦΑΪΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a part of the helmet worn by the*

Homeric heroes: either *the peak* or *fore-piece*, or perh. a *metal ridge on the crown in which the plume* (λόφος) *was fixed*. [ᾶ]

φάμα, ἦ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2. poet. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμεν (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμενα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμι, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναί, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναί, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φάνειης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεσ, Aeol. and poet. for ἔφανησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω; but φανέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [ᾶ]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (φαίνω) *open to sight, visible: manifest, evident*: freq. joined with part., ἐπιστεῦδον φανερὸς ἦν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ=Adv., *φανερῶς, plainly, clearly*: so, ἐν φανερῷ, ἐν τῷ φανερῷ, κατὰ τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, *known, famous, conspicuous*. 3. of property, *tangible, real*, opp. to money.

φάνερώ, f. ὥσω, (φανερὸς) *to make visible or manifest*. II. *to make known or famous*:—Pass. with aor. I—ὤθην:—*to become known or famous*. Hence φανερῶς, Adv. of φανερὸς, *openly, manifestly*: Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, *a making visible: a manifestation*.

φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃ, ἡ, (φαίνω) *a torch*: in plur. *fanai, torch-processions*.

φάνῃη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.

φάνῃη, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃμεναι, for φανῇναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.

φάνῃσθαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), *a small torch, taper*.

φάνοιην, for φανοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίνω) *light, bright; τὸ φανόν brightness*:—of garments, *washed clean*. 2. *bright, joyous*, like φαιδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανότερος,—ὕτατος. [ᾶ]

φάνος, also πάνος, ὁ, (φαίνω) *a lamp, lantern, torch*. φανοίμην, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ἄσω, (φαίνω) *to make visible, clear or manifest*. II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐφαντάσθην:—*to become visible, appear, shew oneself*. 2. *to make a show or parade*, Lat. *se ostentare*. 3. φαντάζεσθαι τινι *to be like, assume a likeness to some one*. 4. *used for φανέσθαι or σκεοφαντεῖσθαι, to be informed against*. Hence

φαντάδια, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying*. 2. *display, parade*, Lat. *ostentatio*. II. *as a term*

of philosophy, *the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power*.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) *an appearance, image, phanton*, like φάσμα: also *a vision, dream*. 2. *an image presented to the mind by an object*, Lat. *visum: a mere image, unreal appearance*.

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φάντι, Dor. for φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶος: (φάω)—*light, daylight; ἐν φάει by daylight; ἔτι φάους ὄντος while there was still daylight*; often in phrases ὄραν φάος ἡλείοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, *to see the light of the sun*, i. e. *to be alive*; so also, φάος λείπειν ἡλείοιο, i. e. *to be dead*; εἰς φῶς ἵνα to come into the light, i. e. *into public*. 2. *the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light*. II. metaph. *light*, i. e. *joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like*; ὦ μέγιστον Ἕλλησιν φάος O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. III.

plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. *lumina*: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΡΑΞ [φᾶ], αργος, ἡ, *a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully*. (Akin to φάρυγξ.)

φάρῳ, to plough.

φάρετρα Ion.—τηρ, ἡ, (φέρω) *a quiver for carrying arrows*, Lat. *pharetra*. Hence

φάρετρών, ἄνος, ὁ,=φάρετρα.

φάρετριον, τό, Dim. of φάρετρα, *a small quiver*.

φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φάρετρα, φέρω) *quiver-bearing*.

Φαρισαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Pharisee: pl. οἱ Φαρισαῖοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) *to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison*. II. *to require medicine, as τομάω to require cutting*.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φαρμακεῖω) *the use of any kind of drugs, poisons or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery*.

φαρμακία, ἡ, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (φάρμακον) *one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner*: fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) *to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεῖν τι ἐς τὸν ποταμὸν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to drug, purge*.

φαρμακίς, ἴδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, *a sorceress, witch*.

φαρμακόμες, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) *drugged, poisonous*.

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, *a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσου a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύτης, a remedy against grief*. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

phills, and *πότιμα*, *ποτά*, *πιστά*, draughts or potions. II. *a poisonous drug, drug, poison*. III. *an enchanted potion, philtre*: also *a charm, spell, enchantment*: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also *a means of producing* something, as, *φάρμακον σωτηρίας* *an expedient to procure safety*. V. *a means for colouring, a dye, colour*.

φάρμακο-ποσία, *ή*, (*φάρμακον*, ΠΟ—Root of *πίνω*) *a drinking of medicine or poison*.

φάρμακο-πώλης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (*φάρμακον*, *πωλέω*) *one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary*.

φαρμάκος, *ὁ*, *ή*, (*φάρμακον*) = *φαρμακεύς*. II. *one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat*: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, *an arrant rascal, polluted wretch*, Lat. *bomo piacularis*.

φαρμάκο-τρίβης [*τ*], *ὁ*, (*φάρμακον*, *τριβῆναι*) *one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours*.

φαρμάκος, *φ*, *ᾠσω*, (*φάρμακον*) *to endure with healing power*.

φαρμάσσω Att. —*ττω*: *φ*. *ἔω*: *pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμα*: (*φάρμακον*):—*to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres*; *φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν* *to temper metal by plunging it in cold water*. II. *to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison*. III. *to alloy, adulterate*: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [*α*] or *φάρος* [*α*], *εὖς*, *τό*, *a cloth, sheet, web*: *sail-cloth*. II. *a wide, loose cloak or mantle*, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; *πίματον φάρος* *my last rag*.

Φάρος, *ή*, *Pharos*, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. *φάρος*, *ὁ*, *a lighthouse*.

φάρωσι, *Ep. 3 pl. of φάράω*.

φάρσος, *εὖς*, *τό*, (*φάρω*) *a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division*, Lat. *pars*; *φάρσεια πόλις* *the quarters of a city*.

φάρυγξ, *ή* or *ὁ*, *gen. ὕγος*, (*φάρω*) *the throat*. II. *a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth*: cf. *φάραγξ*. [*α*]

ΦΑΡΩ, *φ*, *φάρω*: *pf. πέφαρκα*:—*to cleave, part*.

φάς, *φάσα*, *φάν*, *part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί*.

φασγάν, *ἰδος*, *ή*, *Dim. of φάσανον, a knife*.

φάσγανον, *τό*, (*σφάζω*, for *σφάγανον*) *a thing to cut with, a sword*.

φασγάν-ουργός, *ὄν*, (*φάσανον*, **ἐργω*) *forging swords*.

φάσε, *Dor. and poet.* for *ἐφήσε*, *3 sing. aor. 1 of φημί*.

φάσλος [*α*], *ὁ*, *a sort of bean*, Lat. *phasēlus*. II. *a light boat, canoe, skiff*, from its likeness to the pod of the *φάσλος*. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, *Ep. med. inf. of φημί*.

φάσθε, *φάσθω*, *2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί*.

φᾶσι, *3 pl. of φημί*.

Φασιανικός, *ή*, *ὄν*, *from the river Phasis*, but with *a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like*.

Φάσιανός, *ὄν*, (*Φάσις*) *from the river Phasis*: hence *ὁ φάσιανος* (*sub. ὄρνις*) *the Pbsian bird, pbeasant*,

Lat. *phasianus*: but *Φάσιανος ἀνὴρ* with *a play on συκο-φάντης, an informer*: cf. *Φασιανικός*.

φάσις, *εὖς*, *ή*, for *φάνσις*, (*φαίνω*) *an accusation, information*. [*α*]

φάσις, *εὖς*, *ή*, (*φημί*) *a saying, speech, sentence*. II. *affirmation, assertion*. [*α*]

Φάσις, *ιος*, *ὁ*, *the river Phasis* in Colchis or Pontos. *φάσκω*, *impf. ἐφάσκον* *Ep. φάσκον*, (which is used as *impf. of φημί*) = *φημί*, *to say*, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, *to allege, to pretend*, Lat. *prae se ferre*: also *to think, suppose*: *to promise to do*.

φάσμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*φαίνω*) *an apparition, phantom*; *φάσμα ἀνδρός* *the phantom of a man*. 2. *a sign from heaven, a portent, omen*. 3. *a monster, prodigy, portent*; *φάσμα ταύρου* *a monster of a bull*.

ΦΑ ΞΣΑ Att. *φάττα*, *ή*, *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat*, Lat. *palumbus*.

φασσο-φόνος, *ον*, (*φάσσα*, **φένω*) *dove-killing*, of the hawk; as *Subst.*, *φασσοφόνος*, *ὁ*, *name of a kind of hawk*.

φᾶσῶ, *φᾶσεις*, *Dor.* for *φήσω*, *φήσεις*, *fut. of φημί*.

φᾶτέ, *2 plur. of φημί*.

φᾶτέος, *ᾶ*, *ὄν*, (*φημί*) *poët. for φατός, to be spoken of, pronounced*.

φᾶτέον, *verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say*.

φᾶτῖ, *Dor.* for *φησί*, *3 sing. pres. of φημί*.

φᾶτῖζω, *φ*, *ἴω* *Dor. ἴζω*: *aor. 1 ἐφάτισα*: *Pass., aor. 1 ἐφατίσθην*: *pf. πεφάτισμα*: (*φάτις*):—*to say, speak, report*; *τὸ φατίζονον* *used absol., as the saying is*. II. *to promise, plight, betroth*. III. *to call, name*.

φάτις, *εὖς* *Ion. ἰός*, *ή*, (*φημί*) *a saying, speech, report*; *κατὰ φάτιν* *as the report goes*; *ή φάτις ἔχει μιν* *the report goes of him*. II. *one's* (good or bad) *report, reputation, fame, report*, Lat. *fama*. III. *the saying, answer of an oracle*. [*α*]

φάτινη, *ή*, (*πατέομαι*) *a manger, crib*.

φάτο, *Ep. for φᾶτο*, *3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί*.

φᾶτός, *ή*, *ὄν*, *verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken*; *that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced*: with a negat., *οὐ φᾶτός*, *unspeakable, unutterable*. II. *famous*.

φάττα, *ή*, *Att. for φάσσα*.

φauλ-επί-fauλος, (*φᾶλος*, *επί*, *φᾶλος*) *bad upon bad, bad as bad can be*.

φauλῖζω, *φ*, *ἴω* *Att. ἴω*, (*φᾶλος*) *to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage*.

ΦΑΥΛΟΣ, *ή*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, like *φλαυρος*, *light, easy, slight, trifling*. 2. *trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad*. II. of persons, *low in rank, mean, common*:

worthless, poor, common, of no account; *οἱ φᾶλοι* *the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or undecorated, as opp. to οἱ σοφοί*. 2. of outward appearance, *ugly, mean-looking*. 3. *careless, thoughtless*.

φauλότης, *ητος*, *ή*, *meanness, paltriness*. 2. *want of accomplishments*; *ή ἐμὴ φauλότης* *my lack of judgment*.

φᾶλως, *Adv. of φᾶλος, easily, lightly*; *φᾶλως*

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. as from a rough guess; φάυλως λογίασθαι to estimate roughly; φαύλως εἰπεῖν to speak loosely.

φανισμόβροτος, ον, = φαεισμόβροτος.

ΦΑ'Ω, Root of φαῖνω, to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦΕΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΙΓΓΟΣ, εος, τό, light, splendour, lustre: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτω φέγγει ἔτος, periph. for in the tenth year. II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence φέγγω, to make bright:—Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φείδομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φείδο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδίον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common hall, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφιδόσθαι: aor. I ἐφείσαμην Ep. φείσαμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφιδόιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. parcere, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly, thriftily, charily.

φειδῶ, dos contr. οὖς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, refraining. II. thrifty, stinginess.

φειδωλὴ and φειδωλία, ἡ, = φειδῶ. From φειδωλός, ἡ, ὄν, (φειδῶ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλὸς χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv. -λῶς, sparingly, thriftily.

φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.

φειστόν, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.

φελλεύς, εὐς, ὁ, stony ground or soil: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλινος, η, ον, (φελλός) made of cork.

φέλλον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύς.

φελλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πουν, (φελλός, πούς) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, the cork-tree, Lat. quercus suber. 2. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. cortex.

φενάκιζω, f. ἰσῶ, (φένεω) to play the impostor, cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:—Pass. to be cheated. Hence

φενάκισμός, ὁ, quackery, imposture, trickery.

ΦΕΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a cheat, quack, impostor.

*ΦΕ'ΝΩ, to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἐπέφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσει.

φερ-ανθής, ἐς, (φέρω, ἄνθος) bringing flowers.

φερ-ασπυς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρω, ἀσπίς) shield-bearing.

φερ-αυγής, ἐς, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining.

ΦΕ'ΡΒΩ, plpf. ἐπεφέρβειν: to feed, nourish: to preserve. II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasci: metaph. to feed on.

III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to feed one's mind.

φερ-ἐγγυός, ον, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. inf., λιμὴν φερέγγυος διασώσαι τὰς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:—cf. ἐχέγγυος.

φερέμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελής, ποῖτ, for φερεμελής, ον, ὁ, (φέρω, μελέα) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φερέ-νίκος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory, victorious.

φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οἶκος) carrying one's house with one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ὁ, the house-carrier, i.e. snail; cf. πουλίπους, ἀνόστεος.

φερέ-πνος, ον, (φέρω, πένος) bringing trouble or sorrow.

φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σάκής, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (φέρω, σάκος) shield-bearing, heavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρетρον contr. φέρетρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. feretrum.

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.

φέριστος, η, ον, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best; mostly in addresses, ὦ φέριστε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ἡ, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. dos; φερναὶ πόλεμον the dowry of war, i.e. a wife won in battle.

φέρουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω; but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a temple or sanctuary of Persephónē. From

Φερσέφασσα Att. -ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ἡ, = Περσέφασσα, -ττα, Περσεφώνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφόνη, ἡ, = Περσεφώνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριςτος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From φέρω, as Lat. fortis from fero.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better, mightier, more powerful. See φέρτατος.

φερός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, *to be borne, enduring*.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΡΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρετε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρῃαι, Ep. for φέρῃ; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root *ΟΓΩ comes the fut. οἶσω, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσμεν, οἶσμεναι; also fut. pass. οἶσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝ-ΕΤΚΩ come aor. 1 ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεικα Ep. ἔνεικα, subj. ἐνείκαι, inf. ἐνείκαι: aor. 2 ἤνεικον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεικέμεν: Ion. aor. 1 pass. ἤνειχθην: 3 pl. aor. 1 med. ἤνεικαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἤνεχθην. I. like Lat. FERŌ, *to bear or carry a load*.

II. *to bear along*, with an idea of motion added, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. *to bear, endure, suffer*, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegrē, graviter ferre, *to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss*, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κούφως φέρειν τι, Lat. leviter ferre, *to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily*.

IV. *to fetch: to bring, present, give*; δῶρα φέρειν *to bring presents*; and Med. bring with one or for one's own use:—χάριν τινι φέρειν *to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness*; but later, *to shew gratitude to one*. 2. *to occasion, cause, work*; as, κακὸν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. *to bring in, pay, discharge*; φόρον or δασμὸν φέρειν *to pay tribute*; τιμὴν φέρειν *to pay a fine*.

4. ψήφον φέρειν *to give one's vote*, Lat. ferre suffragium. V. *to bear, bring forth, produce*: absol. of the earth or of trees, *to bear fruit, be fruitful*: metaph. *to bring in, yield, produce*; ἀγὼν ὃ τὸ πᾶν φέρον *the contest that bestows everything*.

VI. *to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder*, mostly in phrase φέρειν κατ' ἄγειν, Lat. agere et ferre, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἄγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν *to rob*. 2. *to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain*: also *to receive one's due*, e. g. *to receive pay*:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀέθλον φέρεσθαι *to carry off a prize*; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι *to win and hold the first, the second rank*: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, *to lead to a place*; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρει, like Lat. via fert or ducit. 2. of a tract of country, *to stretch, extend, verge to or towards*: metaph. *to lead or tend to an end or object*; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα *that which is conducive to health*; and so generally, *to contribute or conduce to or towards*. 3. *to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing*; ἐς ἀρτίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ μαντήιον *the oracle referring to martial contests*; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν *their opinion inclined to giving battle*: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἔφερε ὁ ἡ γνώμη, c. inf., *his opinion inclined rather to do so and so*:—φέρειν is also used like συμ-φέρει, *it tends [to one's interest], is expedient*. VIII. *to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of*; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι *to be well or ill spoken of*. 2. *to be carried about, to be in circulation*.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., *bear, carry, bring*: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., *come, now, well*, before the 1 sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω, *come let me hear*; φέρε στήσωμεν *come let us set*.

Pass. *to be borne or carried from a place*, esp. involuntarily; *to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along*, Lat. ferri; ἰθὺς φέρεσθαι *to rush right upon*; φερόμενοι ἐσπίπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινῆτας *bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans*: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλήν *bearing down she ran into a friendly ship*. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, *to hasten, run, fly, speed*. 3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., *to turn out, prosper well or ill*; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται *our affairs are in a bad state*.

ΦΕΥΓΩ, Exclamation of grief or anger, *ab! alas!* *woe!* like Lat. wāh, wae, *our fye!*: c. gen., φεὺ τῆς Ἑλλάδος *woe for Hellas!* II. of astonishment or admiration, *ab! ob!*

φεύγεμεν, —έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκον, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω. φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέσσαν, 3 pl. imperat., *let them flee*: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγων.

ΦΕΥΓΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύγομαι Dor. φευγούμαι: aor. 2 ἐφύγον: pf. act. πέφευγα, pass. (in act. sense) πέφυγμα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυγότες, as if from φύω:—*to flee, take flight*: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγὴν *to flee in flight*: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] *to flee [the way] by the sea*.

2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour *to flee*, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ὥς φεύγων προφύγη κακὸν ἢ ἐλῶν *it is better that running off one should escape than be caught*; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν.

3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to flee before any one*. 4. c. inf. *to shun or shrink from doing*: absol. *to fear, flinch*. II. c. acc. *to flee, shun, avoid*: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πόντον, etc.; metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἡνία *the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer*. 2. pf. passed. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοῖραν, ὄλεθρον *having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction*: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλον *escaped from toils*.

III. *to flee one's country for a crime*; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to be banished by one*: hence *to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished*, Lat. exulare. IV. as Att. law-term, *to be accused or prosecuted at law*, opp. to δικάω: hence, ὁ φεύγων *the accused, defend-*

ant, Lat. *reus*, ὁ διώκων *the accusér, prosecutor*; c. acc., *φεύγειν γραφήν* or *δίκην*, *to be put on one's trial* on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as *φεύγειν φόνου* (sc. *δίκην*) *to be defendant* on a charge of murder, i.e. *to be charged with murder*.

φεύζω, f. *ζω*: aor. *ἔφευξα*:—*to cry φεῦ, cry woe, wail*. (From *φεῦ*, as οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι, αἰδῶζω from αἰ αἶ.)

φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of *φεύγω*, *one must flee*.

φευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *φεύγω*, *to be avoided*: *that can be shunned or avoided*.

φευξείω, Desiderat. of *φεύγω*, *to wish or desire to flee*.

φεύξις, εως, ἡ, (*φεύγω*) = *φύξις*.

φευξομαι Dor. *φευξομαι*, fut. of *φεύγω*.

φεύξω, fut. of *φεύζω* (not of *φεύγω*).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ου, ὁ, and *φεψάλυξ*, υγος, ὁ, a *spark*, *brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes*. Hence

φεψάλλω, f. ὥσω, *to reduce to ashes, to burn up*.

φεψάλυξ, υγος, ὁ, = *φέψαλος*. [α]

φῆ, Ion. for *ἐφη*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of *φημί*.

φηγγίνεος, α, ουν, and *φῆγγινος*, η, ον, (*φηγγός*) *oaken, of oak*, Lat. *faginus*.

φηγγίνουδς, ἡ, ουν, contr. for *φηγγίνεος*.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. *the esculent fruit of the same tree*.

φήη, Ep. for *φῆ*, 3 sing. pres. subj. of *φημί*.

φῆληξ, ηκος, ὁ, (*φῆλός*) *deceiver*, name of a wild-fing, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φῆλητεύω, f. *σω*, *to cheat, deceive, trick*. From *φῆλητης*, ου, or *φῆλητῆς*, ου, ὁ, (*φῆλός*) *a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief*.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *deceitful, knavish*. Hence

φῆλώω, f. ὥσω, *to deceive, cheat, trick*. Hence

φῆλωμα, ατος, τό, *a deceit, deception, cheat*.

φήμη Dor. *φάμα*, ἡ, Lat. *fama*, (*φήμη*) *a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury*. II. *any voice or words, a speech, saying*: also a song.

2. a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage.

3. like Lat. *fama*, *a rumour, report*: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character.

4. a message.

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φῆσι: aor. 2 *ἐφην* (the impf. being *ἐφασκον*, see *φάσκω*), *ἐφησθα* Ep. *φήσθα*, *ἐφη*; imperat. *φάθι*; inf. *φάναι*; part. *φάς*, *φάσα*, *φάν*: fut. *φήσω*: aor. 1 *ἐφήσα*. Med., aor. 2 *ἐφάμην* [α], inf. *φάσθαι*, part. *φάμενος*: impf. or aor. 2 *ἐφάμην*: also pr. pass. *πέφασμαι*; 3 sing. imperat. *πεφάσθω*. Ep. forms 1 pl. pres. opt. *φάμεν* for *φάιμεν*; 3 sing. subj. *φήη* for *φῆ*; aor. 2 *φῆν*, *φῆς*, *φῆ*, for *ἐφην*, *ἐφῆς*, *ἐφη*, and 3 pl. *ἐφάν*, *φάν* for *ἐφασαν*; med. imperat. *φάω* for *φάσο*:—*ἦμι* is a shortd. form of *φημί*: *φάσκω* is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. *φήμι* is enclitic, except in 2 pers. *φῆς*. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, *to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine*, esp. in Med.; *ἴσον ἔμοι φάσθαι* *to fancy himself equal to*

me; in familiar language *φημί* is often put before its pronoun, as, *ἐφην ἐγώ* *said I*; *ἐφη ὁ Σωκράτης* *said Socrates*: *φημί* is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, *ἐφη λέγων*, *ἐλεγε φάς*, etc. II. *φημί* often means, *to say yes, affirm, assert*: opp. to *οὐ φημι* or *φημί οὐχί*, *to say no, deny, refuse*.

φημιζω: f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ* Dor. *ἰζω*: aor. 1 *ἐφήμισα*: (*φήμη*):—*to speak, utter, name*:—Med. *to express in words*.

φήμις, ιος, ἡ, poet. for *φήμη*, *speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation*; *δήμοιο φήμις* *the voice or judgment of the people*.

φῆν, Ep. for *ἐφην*, aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of *φαίνω*.

φῆνει, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of *φαίνω*.

ΦΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a kind of vulture.

φῆρ, ὁ, gen. *φῆρός*, Aeol. for *θήρ*, esp. in plur.

Φῆρες, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνης, ἐς, gen. *έος*, (*φῆρ*, *μανῆναι*) *madly fond of wild animals or hunting*.

φῆς, 2 sing. of *φημί*: but

2. *φῆς*, Ep. for *ἐφῆς*, 2 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for *φάτρα*.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of *φθάνω*.

φθαιρω, Dor. for *φθειρω*.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of *φθάνω*. [α]

φθάνω, Ep. for *ἐφθασαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 of *φθάνω*.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. *φθήσομαι*, later also *φθάσω* [α]:

aor. 1 *ἐφθάσα*: aor. 2 *ἐφθην*, 3 pl. *φθάν* for *ἐφθασαν*, subj. *φθώ*, Ep. 3 sing. *φθήη* and *φθῆσιν*, Ep. 1 pl. *φθῶμεν*, 3 pl. *φθῶσιν*, opt. *φθαίην*, inf. *φθῆναι*, part. *φθάς*: pf. *εφθάα*: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. *φθάμενος* [α]:

Dor. fut. *φθαζώ*, aor. 1 *ἐφθαζα*. *To come before, do, reach before*; ὁ *φθάσας* *the first comer*; *φθάνειν εἰς*

τὴν πόλιν *to come first into the city*:—c. acc. pers. *to be beforehand with, overtake, oustrip, anticipate*,

Lat. *praevenire*; and sometimes simply *to arrive*;

ἐφθασαν τὸν χειμῶνα *they anticipated the storm*; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, *ἐφθη βαλὼν αὐτὸν* *he was beforehand in striking him*; *ἡ κε πολὺ φθαίη πόλις ἀλοῦσα* *the city would be beforehand in being taken*, i.e. it would be taken first.

II. in these constructions, *φθάνειν* is best rendered in English by an Adv. *before, sooner, first*; *ἐφθην ἀπικόμενος* *I came sooner or first*: we also find the part. of *φθάνω* joined with another Verb,

οὐκ ἄλλος φθάς ἐμὲ κατήγορος ἔσται *no other shall be an accuser before me*; *φθάσας προσπεσοῦμαι* *I will first fall upon you*; so part. *φθάσας* with imperat., *λέγε φθάσας* *speak quickly*.

III. *φθάνειν* with οὐ and part., followed by *καί*, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, *οὐ φθάνει ἐξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὁμοῦς ἔστι* *no sooner is he brought out than he is like*; *οὐκ ἐφθη μοι συμ- βάσα ἡ ἀτυχία καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπεχείρησαν* *scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they at-*

tempted.

IV. in questions with οὐ, *φθάνω* de-

notes impatient to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων σὺν ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθεῖρω. φθαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθεῖρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθᾶς, φθᾶσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω. ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. I ἐφθεγγόμην: pf. ἐφθεγγαί: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἕως τοῦ to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, atos, τό, (φθέγγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι. φθείομεν, Ep. for φθέωμεν, φθῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.

φθειριῶν, f. ἄσα, (φθεῖρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τραγέω, f. ἦσω, (φθεῖρ, τραγέω) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθεῖρ.

φθεῖρω: fut. φθερέω Ep. φθερέω: aor. I ἐφθειρα; pf. ἐφθαρηκα, pf. 2 ἐφθορα: Pass., pf. ἐφθαρημαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάρηται: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [ᾶ]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθειρέω has a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθειρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθεροῦ-γενής, ἐς, (φθεῖρω, γένος) destroying the race or family.

φθῶμεν, φθῶσιν, Ep. for φθῶμεν, φθῶσιν, I and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἐφθῆ, 3 sing aor. 2 of φθάνω. φθῆῃ, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω. φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆῃσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω. φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, as, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Phtbia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [ῆ]

Φθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Phtbian woman. Φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω. Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phtbia. [ῆ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phtbia. [ῆ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθίνω, ἄδος, ἡ, (φθίω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσος φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, atos, τό, (φθίω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [ῆ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίω) to waste or pine. φθινό-καρπος, ὄν, (φθίω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.

φθινόπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal. φθινόπωρος, ἴδος, fem. of φθινόπωρινός.

φθινό-ἔσπερον, τό, (φθίω, ἔσπερα) the last part of ἔσπερα or the time after ἔσπερα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύσκει, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [ῆ]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II. trans. to consume, waste. [ῆ]

ΦΘΙΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθίλωμαι, Ep. for φθιλάμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj. Φθίος, α, ὄν, (Φθία) Phtbian; οἱ Φθίοι, the Phtbians.

φθίσεσθαι [ῆ], fut. med. inf. of φθίω. φθισ-ῖναι, opus, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίω, ἀνῆρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίω. φθισί-βροτος, ὄν, (φθίω, βρότος) man-destroying.

φθίσις, εως, ἡ, (φθίω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [ῆ]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: but, 2. φθίτο [ῆ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθίτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; οἱ φθιτοὶ the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. ἐφθίον, more common in form ΦΘΙΝΩ [ῆ Hom., Ἰ Att.]: fut. φθίσομαι [ῆ]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [ῆ]: —but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίατο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), 1 pl. φθιόμεσθαι (for φθιόμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτο; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθίμενος [ῆ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; οἱ φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν νῆξ φθίρ first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and μὴν φθίω, as in phrase, τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decades, μὴν ἱστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίω; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die. II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [ῆ], aor. I act. ἐφθίσω (like βῆσω, ἔβησα):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Phtbia:—fem. Φθιώτις, ἴδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Phtbia.

φθογγή, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθογγός, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.*

ΦΘΟΥΣ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοῖς, a kind of cake.

φθονερός, ἄ, ὄν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πᾶν ἔστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous.* Adv. φθονερώς ἔχειν *to be enviously disposed.*

φθονέω, f. ἴσσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθην: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσῃς bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οὐ τοι ἡμίονων φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy.* 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἓνα τῆς τε Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεύσαι they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe.

4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invidetur (in Horace).* Hence φθόνησις, εὖς, ἡ, *an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.*

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυπον, intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.*

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθορα) *corruption, decay: destruction, ruin: also a mortality, perdition, death.* 2. *seduction of a woman.* II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness.*

φθόρος, ὁ=φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἄπει]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i. e. go bang.*

II. like ὄλεθρος, *a pestilent fellow.*

—φι, —φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, Ἄρεος φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaphor for ἀπίς a shield.*

φιάλλω, f. φιάλῳ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

φιαρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. φιερός, ἡ, ὄν (πῆρ) *sleek, plump.* φιβάλει Att. φιβαλέω, αἰ, with or without ἰσάδες, *a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλις, a district of Attica or Megaris.*

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward.*

φιλ-ἀγαθός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness.*

φιλ-ἀγλαός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) *loving splendour.*

φιλ-ἀγραιυλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραιυλος) *fond of a country life. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀγρῆ) *a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἰδος, a huntress.*

φιλ-ἄγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life.*

φιλ-ἀγρυπνος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρυπνος) *fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἀγων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests. [ᾱ]*

φιλάδελφια, ἡ, *brotherly or sisterly love. From* φιλ-ἀδελφος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) *fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [ᾱ]*

φιλ-ἀεθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀεθλον) *fond of the games.*

φιλ-ἀθηναῖος, ὄν (φίλος, Ἀθηναῖος) *fond of the Athenians.*

φίλει, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αἰακτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάζω) *fond of wailing: lamentable.*

φιλ-αἰδημων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (φίλος, αἰδώς) *loving modesty.*

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty.*

φιλαίτερος, α, ὄν and φιλαίτατος, η, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest.*

φιλ-αίτιος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious.* II. *liable to blame.*

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following.*

φιλ-ἀκράτος Ion -ἀκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ᾱκρ]*

φιλᾶμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλᾶμενος, ποῖτ. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἀμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀμπελος) *friend of the vine.*

φιλανδρία, ἡ, *love for a husband: love for men. From* φιλ-ἀνδρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) *loving one's husband,*

conjugal. II. *loving men. [γ]*

φιλ-ανθής, ἔς, (φίλος, ἄνθος) *fond of flowers.*

φιλ-ανθρακεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers.*

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act humanely or kindly.*

φιλανθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.*

φιλ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind. Hence*

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. *humanely, kindly: Sup. -ότατα, most humanely.*

φιλ-ἀνῶρ [ᾱ], ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φίληνῶρ, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate.*

φιλ-αοιδός, ὄν, (φίλος, αοιδός) *fond of singing or singers.*

φιλαισιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φιλασιδός.

φιλ-ᾤεχθημοσύνη, ἡ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From*

φίλ-ἄπεχθήμων, *on*, gen. *onos*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνομαι) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling.* Adv. —μόνος.

φίλ-ἀπλοικός, *ή, όν*, (φίλος, ἀπλός) *fond of simplicity or frankness.*

φίλ-ἀπόδημος, *on*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) *fond of going abroad or travelling.*

φίλαργυρία, *ή, love of money, covetousness.* From φίλ-ἀργύρος, *on*, (φίλος, ἀργυρός) *fond of money, covetous, avaricious.*

φίλ-Ἀριστείδης, *on*, ό, (φίλος, Ἀριστείδης) *a friend of Aristides.*

φίλ-ἄρματος, *on*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) *fond of chariots or the chariot-race.*

φίλαρχία, *ή, love of rule, lust of power.* From φίλ-αρχος, *on*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) *fond of rule, ambitious.* [φι]

φίλᾱσε, —άσας, Dor. for ἐφίλησε, φιλήσας.

φίλᾱσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

φίλ-αστράγαλος, *on*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) *fond of playing at dice.* [τρά]

φίλ-ἄσματος, *on*, (φίλος, ἄσματος) *fond of profligacy.*

φίλᾱτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [ἱ]

φίλ-αυλος, *on*, (φίλος, αὐλός) *fond of the flute.* [χ]

φίλ-αυτος, *on*, (φίλος, αὐτός) *fond of oneself, self-loving, selfish.* Adv. —ἑως. [χ]

φίλέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω.

φίλ-έθειρος, *on*, (φίλος, έθειρα) *loving the hair, i.e. worn in the hair.*

φίλ-έλλην, *νος, ό, ή*, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) *fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.*

φίλ-έννυχος, *on*, (φίλος, έννυχος) *loving night.*

φίλείουσαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.

φίλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω; but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φίλ-έορτος, *on*, (φίλος, έορτή) *fond of feasts or holidays.*

φίλ-ἐπιτιμητής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, επιτιμάω) *fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.*

φίλ-εραστής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, έραστής) *dear to lovers.*

φίλεργία, *ή, love of labour, industry.* From φίλ-εργός, *όν*, (φίλος, έργον) *loving work, working willingly, industrious.*

φίλ-ερίθος, *on*, (φίλος, έριθος) *fond of wool-spinning.*

φίλ-ερος, *αυτος, ό, ή*, (φίλος, έρος) *prone to love, full of love.* [χ]

φίλ-εσπερος, *on*, (φίλος, έσπερα) *fond of evening.*

φίλ-εταυρία, *ή, love of comrades, friendship.* From φίλ-εταίρος, *on*, (φίλος, έταίρος) *fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them.* Adv. —ως.

φίλ-εϋιος, *on*, (φίλος, εϋοί) *loving the cry of εϋοί, epith. of Bacchus.*

φίλ-εϋ-λειχος, *on*, (φίλος, εϋ, λείχω) *fond of dainties.*

φίλ-εϋνος, *on*, (φίλος, εϋνή) *fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed.* [ι]

φιλεύντα, φιλεύντι, φιλεϋσα, Dor. for φιλοϋντα, φιλοϋντι, φιλοϋσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φίλ-εϋτακτος, *on*, (φίλος, εϋτακτος) *fond of order.*

φίλ-έφηβος, *on*, (φίλος, έφηβος) *fond of youths.*

φίλ-εχθής, *ές, gen. έος*, (φίλος, έχθος) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.*

φιλέω, *f. ήω*: aor. I ἐφίλησα: pf. πεφίληκα: Med., Ep. aor. I ἐφίλᾱμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλονται. part. φιλάμενος in pass. sense, beloved; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφίλησομαι: aor. I ἐφίληθην: pf. πεφίλημαι: (φίλος):—to love: Pass. to be beloved by one. From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend; παρ' ἅμῃ φιλήσειαι thou shalt be welcome with us. 2. to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss; φιλεῖν τῷ στόματι to kiss on the mouth:—Med. to kiss one another. 3. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do; impers., φιλεῖ γίγνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happens; absol., οἷα δὴ φιλεῖ as is wont, Lat. ut solet. [χ, except in Ep. aor. ἐφίλᾱμην.]

φίλη, *ή, fem. of φίλος, a mistress.* [χ]

φιληδέω, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat. From

φίλ-ηδής, *ές*, (φίλος, ηδός) *loving pleasure.* Hence φιληδία, *ή*, (φιληδέω) *fondness for pleasure, delight.*

φίλ-ηδόνος, *on*, (φίλος, ηδονή) *fond of pleasure.* 2. causing pleasure.

φιληκοία, *ή*, fondness for listening, attentiveness. From

φίλ-ήκοος, *on*, (φίλος, ἄκοή) *fond of listening: fond of hearing discussions.*

φίλ-ηλάκατος, *on*, (φίλος, ηλακάτη) *fond of the spindle.* [ᾱ]

φίλ-ηλιαστής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, ηλιαστής) *one who delights in trials, esp. as a jurymen in the court Heliae.*

φίλημα, *ατος, τό*, (φιλέω) *a kiss.* [χ]

φιλημάτιον, *τό*, Dim. of φίλημα, *a little kiss.*

φιλήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω.

φίλημι, Aeol. for φιλέω. [χ]

φιλημοσύνη, *ή*, (φιλέω) *friendliness.*

φίλ-ήνιος, *on*, (φίλος, ήνία) *obeying the rein, tractable.*

φίλ-ηρεμος, *on*, (φίλος, ηρεμός) *loving the oar, fond of the sea.*

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor. I of φιλέω. [χ]

φιλήσμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φιλησί-μολπος, *on*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φιλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, *one must love.*

φιλήτωρ, *ορος, ό*, = φιλητής, *a lover.*

φίλια Ion. φίλη, *ή, όν*, (φιλέω) *love, affection, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φίλια ή έμή, ή σή, friendship for me, for thee.*

φιλικός, *ή, όν*, (φίλος) *of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate; φιλικά proofs or marks of friendship.*

Adv. —κως, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. φιλικώτερον; Sup. —ώτατα.

φίλιος, *α, on*, also *ος, on*, (φίλος) *of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to πόλεμος, friendly, in alliance with one: ή φίλια (sc. χώρα) a friendly*

country, opp. to ἡ πολεμία.

as god of friendship. II. beloved, dear. Adv.

φίλιος, in a friendly way. [φί]

Φιλίππειος, α, ον, of Philippi.

Φιλίππῆσιος, ον, (Φιλίππειος) of or from Philippi: as Subst. a Philippiian.

Φιλίππιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (Φίλιππος) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philippiize.

Φίλιπποι, αἱ, a town in Thrace.

φίλιππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φί]

φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.

φίλιον, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.

φίλιος, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλο-βακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γαῖης, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογηθῆς.

φίλο-γαῖος, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.

φίλο-γαστροῖδας, ον, δ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φίλο-γέλως, ωτος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φιλογεργία, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, όν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθῆς Dor. -γαῖης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φίλο-δαφνός, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλο-δένδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.

φίλο-δεσποτός, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλο-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δήμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φίλοδύεω, f. ἦσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φίλο-δίκος, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: litigious.

φίλο-δίτης, ον, δ, (φίλος, δδότης) a friend of travellers. [τί]

φίλο-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.

φίλο-δουπος, (φίλος, δοῦπος) loving noise.

φίλο-δύρτος, ον, (φίλος, δδύρομαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

φίλο-δωρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -πῶς.

φίλο-εργός, όν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.

φίλο-ξέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-wind.

φίλο-ζῶος, ον, (φίλος, ζῷή) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῶον) fond of animals.

φίλο-θεάμων [α], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλο-θεός, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φίλοθηρία, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

φίλο-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.

φίλο-θουκυδίδης, ον, δ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Thucydides.

φίλο-θρηνῆς, ἐς, (φίλος, θρῆνος) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ον, δ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [ϋ]

φίλο-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθυτα ἔργα sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλο-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλο-οικτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οἰκτεῖρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μόνος.

φίλο-οικτίστος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φίλοικτος.

φίλο-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionate, fond of lamentation: piteous. [τί]

φίλονία, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλο-οἶνος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.

φίλο-οίφης, ον, δ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φίλοκαλῶ, f. ἦσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλο-κάλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.

φίλο-καμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκέρδεια, ἡ, (φιλοκερδής) love of gain.

φίλοκερδέω, f. ἦσω, to be greedy of gain. From

φίλο-κερδής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, όνος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδυνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturous, enterprising, bold. Adv. -νως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλο-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.

φίλο-κοῖνος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνός, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ἦσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτός, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.

φίλο-κτέανος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτηναύω, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτέανος.

φίλο-κύβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, κύδος) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.*

φιλο-κύννηγέτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, κυννηγέτης) *a lover of hunting or the chase.*

φιλό-κωμος, ου, (φίλος, κῶμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.*

φιλο-λάκων, ανος, ό, (φίλος, Λάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians.* [α]

φιλο-λήμιος, ου, poet. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήϊη, λέϊα) *loving booty.*

φιλό-λιχνος, ου, (φίλος, λίχνος) *loving dainties.*

φιλολογία, ή, love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history. From φιλό-λογος, ου, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy.*

II. *fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature*, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, ό, *a student of language and history, a learned man.*

φιλο-λοιδορος, ου, (φίλος, λοιδορος) *fond of reviling, abusive.*

φιλομάθεια, ή, love of knowledge. [μα] From

φιλο-μαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθεΐν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge.* Adv. —ώς.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, ό, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying.*

φιλό-μαστος, ου, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast.*

φιλομάχew, f. ήσω, to be fond of fighting, eager to fight. From

φιλό-μάχος, ου, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike.*

φιλ-όμβριος and φιλ-ομβρος, ου, (φίλος, όμβρος) *rain-loving.*

φιλομήλα Ion. —λη, ή, the nightingale, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ου, of, belonging to the nightingale.

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother.*

φιλομ-μειδής, ές, poet. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) *laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.*

φιλό-μολπος, ου, (φίλος, μολπή) *loving the dance and song.*

φιλομουσέw, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσος) *to love the Muses.*

φιλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέw) *love of the Muses.*

φιλό-μουσος, ου, (φίλος, Μούσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.*

φιλό-μῦθος, ου, (φίλος, μῦθος) *fond of fables.*

φιλό-μωμος, ου, (φίλος, μῶμος) *given to find fault, censorious.*

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμωσος.

φιλο-ναύτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, ναύτης) *loving sailors.*

φιλονεκέw, f. ήσω, (φιλόνεκος) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τῷ χείρw φιλονεκεΐν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy.* Hence

φιλονεκία, ή, love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.

φιλό-νεκος, ου, (φίλος, νεκος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.*

φιλονικέw, f. ήσω, (φιλόνικος) *to strive for victory.* Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory.*

φιλό-νικος, ου, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory.*

φιλο-νύμφιος, ου, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride.*

φιλό-ξενος, ου, poet. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος poet. —ξενος, ου, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable.* Adv. —ως, hospitably.

φιλό-οινος, ου, poet. for φιλοινος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ου, gen. ονός, (φίλος, παίγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.*

φιλό-παις, —παιδος, ό, ή, (φίλος, παΐς) *loving one's children, loving boys.*

φιλο-πατρία, (φίλος, πάτρις) *love of one's country.* 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father.*

φιλό-πατρις, ιδος, ή, acc. —πατριν, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country.*

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father.*

φιλό-πλεκτος, ου, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly braided.*

φιλό-πλοος, ου contr. —πλους, ουν, (φίλος, πλόος) *fond of sailing.*

φιλ-όπλος, ου, (φίλος, όπλον) *loving arms or war.*

φιλοπλουτία, ή, love of riches. From

φιλό-πλουτος, ου, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος άμλλα the race for wealth.*

φιλο-ποίμνος, ου, (φίλος, ποίμνη) *loving the flock.*

φιλο-πόλεμος poet. φιλοπόλεμος, ου, (φίλος, πόλεμος) *fond of war, warlike.* Adv. —ως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ό, ή: acc. —ιν: poet. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—*loving one's city, state or country:* as Subst., φιλόπολις, ό, *a patriot:*

φιλόπολις άρετή or τῷ φιλόπολι patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονέw, f. ήσω, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τῷ φιλοπονείν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.*

φιλοπονηρία, ή, love of bad men. From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ου, (φίλος, πονηρός) *fond of bad men.*

φιλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονέw) *love of labour, patient industry.*

φιλό-πονος, ου, (φίλος, πόνος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious.* II. of things, toilsome, laborious.

Adv. —ως, laboriously: Comp. —νῶτερον; Sup. —νῶτατα.

φιλοποσία, ή, love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia. From

φιλο-πότης, ου, ό, (φίλος, ΠΟ— Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus.*

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ή, *a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness.* From

φιλο-πράγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πράγμα) *fond*

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπρά-
γμων, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv.—μόνος.
φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability,
courtesy. From

φιλό-προσῆγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσῆγορος) easy of
address, affable.

φιλό-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to
be first or in the front rank.

φιλό-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φιλοπόλεμος.

φιλό-πτολις, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλοπωριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὀπώρα) a lover of
autumn fruits.

φιλό-ὄργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλό-ῥητιος, ον, (φίλος, ῥητιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ῥομίστερα, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥομίζω) she who loves
the harbour.

φιλό-ορνίθια, ἡ, fondness of birds. From
φιλό-ορνις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds:
sheltering, harbouring birds.

φιλο-ῥώξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥώξ) loving or bearing
grapes.

φιλό-ὀρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΩΣ, ἡ, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with
neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear,
Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ,
Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend
of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ
φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kins-
men, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends
have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing;
φίλον ἐστί μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat.
cordi est. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for
the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart,
limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γούνατα, φίλος
θυμός, ἄλχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is
implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ Ἀλθαίῃ χούμενος κῆρ
enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to
denote possession or custom, φίλα ἔμματα their own
garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour. II.

In Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving,
friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel
kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλος has several forms of Comparison: I.

Comp. φίλιον, ον; Sup. φίλιστος, ἡ, ον, 2. Comp.
φίλτερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος,
Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλό-σίτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agri-
cultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving or
carrying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or
haunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκώμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving
a jest.

φιλοσοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. πεφίλοσάμην: (φιλόσο-
φος);—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-
sophari. II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a
subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically,
Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a
philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work
at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom.

φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφῶ) love of knowledge and
wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the
systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation,
Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia
or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or
knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called him-
self φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage:
hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar
(οἱ πολλοί) 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who
professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one
who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-
sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπηλυγῆ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπηλυγῆ) fond
of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-
offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,
zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,
wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or
groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv.—ως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From
φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly,
affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv.—ως.

φιλο-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the
soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving
the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος, [α], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children
or offspring.

φιλοτεχνῶ, f. ἦσω, to love art, practise an art. From
φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, inge-
nious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ὡς, ἡ, (φίλος, φιλότης) friendship, love, affection:
also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φιλότης) of friend-
ship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια
ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτήσια κύλιξ, or
absol. ἡ φιλοτήσια (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to
friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτήσιαν λαβεῖν to have
one's health drunk; φιλοτήσιαν προσίνειν to drink a
health.

φιλοτιμέομαι: fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλο-
τάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτιμή-
μαι: Dep.: (φιλότημος):—to love honour or distinc-
tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's
fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμεῖσθαι τι or πρὸς τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμεῖσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάνν' ἂν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλῳ σοι χρῆσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φιλοτιμία Ion. -ίη, ἥ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry; hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φιλό-τιμος, on, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φιλό-φθογγος, on, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φιλό-φίλος, on, loving one's friends.

φιλό-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φιλό-φρονέομαι: f. med. ἡσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσῃην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρων) :-to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθηναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, on, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φιλόφροσύνη, ἡ, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυνος, η, on, = φιλόφρων.

φιλό-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρώνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φιλό-χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

φιλό-χορος, on, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φιλοχρημάτης, f. ἡσω, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρημάτια, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

φιλό-χρημάτος, on, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φιλό-χρηστος, on, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φιλό-χριστος, on, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

φιλό-χρῆστος, on, (φίλος, χρῆστος) greedy of gold.

φιλοχωρέω, f. ἡσω, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot. Hence

φιλοχωρία, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.

φιλό-χωρος, on, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

φιλο-ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fond of lies or lying.

φιλό-ψογος, on, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φιλοψυχέω, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

φιλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φιλό-ψυχος, on, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χως.

φιλάτατος, η, on, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φιλότερος, α, on, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φιλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

φιλ-υβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φιλό-υδρῆλος, on, (φίλος, ὑδρῆλος) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, on, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [Υ]

φίλ-υπνος, on, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [Υ]

ΦΙΛΔΤΡΑ Ion. φιλύρη, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tília. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat.

philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [Υ]

φιλύρινος, η, on, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [Υ]

φίλ-ωδός, ὄν, (φίλος, ᾠδή) fond of singing or song.

φίλ-ωρείτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλος, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [Υ]

ΦΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φῆμά, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrū, fiscella. II. the

nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached. III. a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φίμω, f. ὤσω: aor. I pass. ἐφίμωμαι: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φιμοῦν τῷ ἔγλῳ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτυ, τό, poet. contr. for φῆτυμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

φίτυμα, ατος, τό, (φίτυω) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φίτυ-ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (φίτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φίτυσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φῆτυω.

φῆτυω, f. ὤσω [Υ]: aor. I ἐφῆτυσα: (φῆτυ) = φυτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἐφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ. Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, *f. ίσω*, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαύρος, *a, on*, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion, writers.

φλαυρότης, *ητος, ή*, = φαυλότης.
φλαυρ-ούργος, *ον*, (φλαύρος, ἔργον) working badly : φλαυρούργος, *δ*, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαύρος, badly, meanly : φλαύρως ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well ; φλαύρως ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΪΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα : *f. φλάσω* [α̃] Dor. φλάσω : aor. *ι* ἔφλασσα : Pass., aor. *ι* ἔφλάσθη : pf. πέφλασμαι :—collat. form of θάω, to crush, bruise, pound : hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλέγέω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres. :—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up :—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, *ας, τό*, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, heat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, heat. 2. pblegm, Lat. pituita.

φλεγμάλω, *f. ἄνω* : aor. *ι* ἔφλεγμᾶνα and ἔφλέγμῃνα : (φλέγμα) :—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, *ας, ή*, Pblegra ; Φλέγρας πεδίων a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire ; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods : also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραιός, *α, on*, (Φλέγρα) of Pblegra, Pblegraeae. φλεγυρός, *α, όν*, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning, scorching : metaph. hot, ardent.

φλεγυάς, *ον, ό*, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

ΦΛΕΪΩ, fut. φλέξω : aor. *ι* ἔφλεξα :—trans. to burn, scorch : Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere : Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash ; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt :—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare :—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, *ονος*, and φλεδών, *ωνος, δ*, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler.

ΦΛΕΪΣ, *εως, ή*, name of an unknown bird.
φλέψ, *ή*, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein : metaph. any vein or channel : a vein of metal : a spring of water.
ΦΛΕΪΩ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, *ω, ό*, Att. for the Ion. φλόος, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνάφος, *f. ήσω*, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνάφος, *δ*, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ΦΛΙΓ΄Α΄, *ή*, in plur. φλιάι, the doorposts, jambs.

φλίβω, *f. ψω*, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [Γ]

φλόγεος, *α, όν*, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing.

φλογυρός, *α, όν*, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming.

φλογίζω, *f. ίσω*, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch : metaph. to inflame :—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγιος, *η, on*, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.

φλογιστός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, *δ*, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze : inflammation.

φλογέεις, *εσσα, εν*, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing.

φλογ-ώδης, *ες*, (φλόξ, είδος) like flame, fiery hot.

φλογ-ώπτος, *όν*, (φλόξ, ώψ) fiery-looking, flaming.

φλόγωσις, *εως, ή*, (φλογώω) burning beat.

φλογ-ώψ, *ώπος, ό, ή*, = φλογωπός.

φλόινος, *η, on*, (φλόος, φλέως) of or from the water-plant φλόος or φλέως ; ἐσθής φλόιναι garments made of φλόος, mat-garments.

φλοῖος, *δ*, (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοῖστος, *δ*, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din : the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, *ή*, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze ; φλόγα ἔγειρειν to raise a flame : metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine : pl. φλόγες, flames, fire.

φλόος, *δ*, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυαρέω Ion. φλυηρ- : *f. ήσω* : (φλυᾶρος) :—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly : also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυαρία, *ή*, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλυᾶρος, *δ*, (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλυκταῖνα, *ή*, (φλύω) a rising on the skin : a blister : a pustule.

φλύος, *τό*, = φλυαρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, *f. φλύσω* [ψ] : aor. *ι* ἔφλυσα : (φλέω) :—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble ; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβῆθης, Dor. for φοβηθῆς, 2 sing. aor. *ι* pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβέντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, *α, όν*, (φοβέω) fearful : either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable ; πλήθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear ; οὐδὲ ὄρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread ; φοβερὸν [ἔστι] μή there is reason to dread that . . .

II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic : anxious.

φοβερός, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, *ή*, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, *ή*, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβέμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to terrify, terrify, dismay: to put to flight.

II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπὸ τινος φοβέσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβεῖσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβεῖσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβεῖσθαι ἀμφὶ τι, περί τινος or τι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβεῖσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟ΄ΒΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's snaky locks.

II. metaph. like κόμην, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰων φόβαι tufts of violets.

φοβήθεις, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.
φοβήθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror.
φοβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.
φοβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror.

φόβος, ὁ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἵππους ἔχειν, τροπᾶσθαι, ἀτρεῖν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ἦν φόβους λέγει. 2. an object of terror, a terror.

II. Φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δεῖμος.

φοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, (φοῖβος) to cleanse, purify. II. (Φοῖβος) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοῖβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ἦσω, (φοῖβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοιβεῖος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ὄν: (Φοῖβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοιβη, ἡ, Pboibé, Lat. Phoebé, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβής, ἴδος, poet. fem. of Φοιβεῖος.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ὄν, Ion. for Φοιβόλαπτος, (Φοῖβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

φοῖβος, ὡ, ὄν, (φᾶος) pure, bright, radiant, beaming. II. as prop. n., Φοῖβος, ὁ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων.

φοινίχης, εσσα, εν, (φοίνις) blood-red, deep-red; δράκον φοινίχης a blood-red dragon.

φοινικ-άνθεμος, ὄν, (φοίνις, ἄνθεμον) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθεμον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

φοινίκεος, α, ὄν, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, ὄν, (φοίνις) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [ῖ]

Φοινικίη [νῆ], ἡ, (Φοίνις) Phoenicia.

φοινικίως, η, ὄν, Ion. for φοινίκεος, = φοινίκινος,

of the date or palm-tree; ἑσθῆς φοινικίη a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικίος οἶνος palm-wine. II.

= Φοινικικός, Phoenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φοίνις) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv. -κῶς, in Phoenician fashion. II. φοινίκιος, red.

φοινίκιος, η, ὄν, (Φοίνις) = φοινικίος, of, from the palm-tree; φοινίκιον μύρον palm-unguent. [νῆ]

φοινικίους, ἡ, ὄν, = φοινίκιος, purple, crimson.

φοινικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (Φοίνις) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain.

3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φοινικιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (Φοίνις) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτos, ὄν, (Φοίνις, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινικό-βάτew, f. ἦσω, (Φοίνις, βαίνω) to climb palms.

φοινικό-γενής, ἐς, (Φοίνις, *γένω) Phoenician-born.

φοινικό-δάκτυλος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

φοινικίους, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, κροκός) of purple woof.

φοινικό-λόφος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, λόφος) purple-crested.

φοινικό-πάρεος Ion. -πάρης, ὄν, (Φοίνις, παρεῖα) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

φοινικό-πέδος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινικό-πέξα, ἡ, (Φοίνις, πέξα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, ὁ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινικό-ροδος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, ῥόδον) red with roses.

φοινικό-σκελής, ἐς, (Φοίνις, σκέλος) red-legged, red-shanked.

φοινικό-στερότης, ὄν, Dor. -ας, α, ὁ, (Φοίνις, στεροπή) burling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ὄν, (Φοίνις, στέλλα) sent by Phoenicians.

φοινικίους, ἡ, ὄν, contr. for φοινίκεος.

φοινικό-φᾶής, ἐς, (Φοίνις, φᾶός) red-shining.

Φοίνις, ἴκος, ὁ, a Phoenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοίνις ἀνὴρ ἀπατήλια εἰδώς a Phoenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοίνισσα, ἡ, a Phoenician woman. 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

Φοίνις, ἴκος, ὁ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Phoenicians. II. the palm, date-palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὁ φοίνις ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ἡ φοίνις βαλανηφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of the palm, date,

3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians.

III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. *purple-red, purple or crimson, red*; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοινίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοίνος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φόνος) *blood-red*: hence *blood-stained, bloody*, Lat. *cruentus*: also *warlike*.

Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman.

II. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Adj.)
φοίνισσω, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐφοίνιχθην: (φόνος): —to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, bluish.

φονός, ἡ, ὁν, (φόνος) *blood-red*: *blood-stained, bloody*.

φοιτάλεος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοιτάω) *straying, ranging, roaming about*: metaph. *distracted, raving, frenzied*. II. act. *driving madly about, maddening*.

φοιταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτὰς νόσος *madness, frenzy*. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι περὶ οὐκον on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. εῷ: f. ἦσω: (φοῖτος): —to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖταν ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρει τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδα φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σῖτός σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day.

2. φοιτᾶν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινὸς to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκαλὸν [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτητήρ, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτηρ, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω. φοιτητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτιζέω, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, α going to and fro.

II. mad-

ness, frenzy.

φολκός, ὁ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάσα ἔλκειν) *squint-eyed*; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὄλκος) *bandy-legged*, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλυς, εως, ἡ, also ὁ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *follics*.

φονάω, f. ἦσω, (φόνος) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ; acc. φονεᾶ or φονεᾶ: nom. pl. φονεῖς, φονεῖς, acc. φονεάς: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς, in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὁν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λίβης, ἐς, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονορ-ῥυτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, ὁ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders. 2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *cruur*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, ὁ, (φοξός, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὁν, (δξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἔην κεφαλὴν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment.

3. a bearing, producing. II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2.

rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*. III. (also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*. 3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φοράδην [ᾶ], Adv. (φερόμαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, ἡ, (φέρβω) the halter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fiers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φορέω.
 φορέσι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.
 φορέιον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a handbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. *sella, lectica*.
 φορέισσα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.
 φορέυντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.
 φορέυς, έως Ion. ήος, ό, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.
 φορέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 έφόρησα Ep. φόρησα:—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελήν φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.
 φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.
 φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.
 φορήμεναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορήναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.
 φόριμος, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.
 Φορκίδες [Γ], ιδαν, αι, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryalé, Medusa.
 Φόρκος, ό, = Φόρκυς.
 Φόρκυς, ύνος and ύος, ό, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.
 φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or walling: crosswise, athwart.
 φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ή, the *phorminx*, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence
 φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. έίω, to play the φόρμυξ or lyre. Hence
 φορμικτής, ού, ό, Dor. —τάς, a lyre-player, harper.
 φορμίσ, ιδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.
 φορμο-ράφει or φορμορ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμός, βάπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, hampered.
 φορμός, ό, (φόρω) anything made of wicker-work: 1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. *stora*: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.
 φόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. *forum*; Φόρον 'Αππίου Αρπίι Forum, a small town on the Applan Way.
 φόρος, ό, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states: φόρον ύποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάσασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάσαι to impose tribute; φόρον ύποτελής subject to pay tribute.
 φορτάγωγις, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορτ-άγωγις, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights; ναύς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φορτηγέω, f. ήσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω.
 φορτηγικός, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοῖον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman. From
 φορτ-ηγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ό, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.
 φορτίζω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίξιν τινάς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίσθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.
 φορτικός, ή, όν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτική κωμωδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence
 φορτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.
 φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a burden, load: a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.
 φορτίς, ιδος, ή, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φόρτος, ό, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.
 φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [ύ]
 φορύσσω, f. ξω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.
 φορυτός, ό, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. *quisquiliae*: also c buff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware.
 φώς, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φώς, light. Hence
 φώσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.
 φραγέλλον, τό, the Lat. *flagellum*, a scourge. Hence
 φραγέλλω, f. ώσω, the Lat. *flagello*, to scourge.
 φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.
 φράγισμαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.
 φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.
 φραγμός, ό, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, a hedge, fence, paling.
 φράγγυμι, = φράσσω.
 φράδαίω: f. άσω: aor. 1 έφράδασα Ep. φράδασα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known.
 φράδη, ή, (φράω) understanding, knowledge. II. advice, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence
 φράδης, ές, gen. έος, understanding, sbrewd, cunning.
 φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From
 φράδιμον, ον, gen. ονος, (φράζω) = φραδής. From
 ΦΡΑ'ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. 1 έφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep. aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf., to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σήματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χειρί to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φραξέσκειτο; fut. φράσσομαι; aor. I med. ἐφράσασθην, pass. ἐφράσθην; pf. pass. πέφραμαι and πέφρασαι; to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφοῖς φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him. 3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that. 4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. φράνός, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, av, aor. I part. of φράσσω.

φράσσω, Dor. for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράζω.

φρασθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑΨΣΩ Att. -τω; f. ῥω; aor. I ἐφράξην; Pass., fut. φράγῃσσομαι; aor. I ἐφράχθην; aor. 2 ἐφράχην [ᾶ]; pf. πέφραγμαi;—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφαργμαι for πέφραγμαi, φαρκτός for φρακτός:—to fence in, hedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράζει δέμας ὅπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass. to be fenced in, fortified; φαρχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields; absol. πεφαργμένοις, fenced, secured.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρεα having put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ ὁδῶν a man who tells one the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὁδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, opos, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράτηρ, eros, or φράτωρ, opos, ὁ, (φάτρα) a member of a φάτρα; pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φάτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτερας he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὁδόντες (see φραστήρ). [ᾶ]

φρατορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φάτρα or φράτηρ Ion. φρήτηρ Dor. πάτρα, ἡ;—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρῖν ἄνδρας κατὰ φρήτρας, ὡς φρήτηρ φρήτηρῶν ἀρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but, II.

at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρία, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλῆται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτρια, ἡ, = φάτρα.

φράτριάζω, f. ᾶσω, to be in the same φατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ and φράτρι-αρχος, ὁ, (φρατρία, ἄρχω) president of a φατρία, Lat. magister curiae. φράτριος, α, ου, (φάτρα) of or concerning a φάτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary deities of the φρατρία. [ᾶ]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, opos, ὁ, see φράτηρ.

ΦΡΕΨΩ, τό, gen. φρέατος; Ion. φρέαρ, gen. φρεάτος;—a well; or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence φρεῦτία, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεῦτίας, ου, ὁ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρέαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-ᾤπατάω, f. ἦσω, (φρήν, ᾤπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρεναπάτης, ου, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ῆρης, es, gen. eos, (φρήν, ᾤπαρεῖν) master of his mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβής, es, (φρήν, βλαβῆναι) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γῆθής, es, (φρήν, γῆθος) of glad heart, delighting the heart.

φρενο-δᾶλής, es, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart, heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ου, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, ου, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστῆς) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνης, es, (φρήν, μανῆναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μώρος, Adv. (φρήν, μώρος) only found in phrase φρενομώρως νοσεῖν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγίης, es, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ου, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, = φρενοπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ου, gen. onos, (φρήν, τέκτω) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενῶν, f. ὥσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαῖων φρενώσεις thou shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ῶλης, es, (φρήν, ὀλλυμι) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕΨΩ, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰς-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρεωρυχέω, f. ἤσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaphor. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασίν:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστήναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπιβόλος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἄκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.
φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat. of φρήτρη.
φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.

φρίκη [ῖ], ἡ,=φρίξ, the ruffling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.

φρίκ-ώδης, ες, (φρίξ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικῶδες as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ἡ, gen. φρίκος, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. II. a

bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίζαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φριξο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίξος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From ΦΡΙΞΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίξω: aor. I ἐφριξα: pf. πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. horrere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν Λοφὸν to bristle with the mane; and πεπρίσσω to bristle with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to thrill or quiver with delight; ἐφριξέ' ἔρωτι I thrilled with love.

φροιάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι, Dep. (φροίμων) contr. for προοιμάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φροιάζεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροίμιον, τό, contr. for προοίμιον (cp. φροῦδος) a prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνουν: f. ἤσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοὶ μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονοῦντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding.

2. to be in one's sound senses; ἔξω ἐλαίνειν τιὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits.

3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἔπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἰδὺς φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγογὴ ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means.

2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὰ ἢ φίλα φρονεῖν τι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονεῖν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πικρὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν, to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; σμικρὸν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπον φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλη φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing.

IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes.

II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence φρονημάτις, ον, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption.

II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονήτεον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόνιμος, ον, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρόνιμος, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully.

φρόνις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.

φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ᾠ: aor. I ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τινος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίσας heed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντισκὸς βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, atos, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for hard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστὴς τῶν μετέωρων or φροντιστὴς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φροῦδος, η, ov, also os, ov: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροῖμον from προῖμον):—gone away: 1.

of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοι [εἶσι] διακοντὲς σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἶ θανὼν thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἡ, (φρούρος) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἄδειν (sub. ἐνεκα) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν παύειν, see παύω.

φρουραρχία, ἡ, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἄρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἦσω. aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. —ῆσμαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρουρήθην: (φρούρος). —to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρορονῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσωμαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρούρημα, atos, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βοσκῶν φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἡ, ὅν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρουρίον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship.

φρουρο-δόμος, ov, (φρουρός, δόμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προρός from προράω, as φροῦδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ) a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμε, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω.

φρύγγμα, atos, τό, (φρύγασσμαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυγαμο-σέμνακος, ov, (φρύγμα, σεμνός) wanton and naughty.

φρυάσσωμαι Att. —τομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρύγανίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι Att. ἰδομαι, Dep. (φρύγανον) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρύγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγανον [ν], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΓΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [ῖ]

Φρύγιος, α, ov, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [ῖ] Hence

Φρύγιστι, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΩ [ν], also ΦΡΥΓΣΣΩ Att. —τω: f. φρύξω Dor. ξω: aor. I ἐφρύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγγην [ν]: pf. πέφρυγμα: —to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰρῶνται ἐς τὸν φηρ-fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρυκτωρός) to give signals by fire: —Pass., ἐφρυκταρήθησαν νῆες προσπλέουσai the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἡ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτο-ωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, οἶπος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΓΓΗ, ἡ, a toad. [ῖ]

ΦΡΥΓΞ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, α, Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. —ξω, fut. of φρύγω.

φρύσσω Att. —τω, = φρύγω.

φρυγῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω.

φῦ, laugh! an exclamation of disgust

φῦ, Ep. for ἔφυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φύα, Dor. for φυή.

φύγαδε, Adv. (φύγη) like φύβονδε, *to flight*; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππους he turned his horse *to flight*.

φύγαδεύω, f. σω, (φυγὰς) *to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish*. II. intr. *to be an exile, live in banishment*.

φύγαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγὰς) *fit for an exile or refugee*; φυγαδικὴ προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμης, ου, ὁ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) *fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly*.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας *to recal the exiles*; κατιέναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδα, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, *to flight*.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγη, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) *flight in battle, Lat. fuga*: dat. φυγῇ, *in hasty flight, hastily*. 2. *flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.*; νόσων ἀμηχάνων φυγὰς ξυμπέφρασται he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγῇν φεύγειν *to live in banishment*. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, = φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees.

φύγησι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμιλος, ον, (φυγεῖν, δέμιον) *shunning the marriage-bed*.

φύγο-δίκηος, f. ἡσω, (φυγεῖν, δίκη) *to shun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation*.

φύγό-ξενος, ον, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) *shunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable*.

φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποῖτ. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πόλεμος, πτόλεμος) *shunning war, cowardly*.

φύγών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φυεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύξα, (φεύγω) ποῖτ. for φυγή, *flight, rout*. Hence φυζᾶκινός, ἡ, ὄν, *flying, shy, scared*.

φυζᾶλέος, α, ον, = φυζακινός.

φυή Dor. φυά, ἡ, (φύω) *growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature*. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φυή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φυήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φυήην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκιος, εσσα, εν, (φύκος) *full of sea-weed, weedy*.

φύκιον or φύκιον, τό, (φύκος) *sea-weed*.

φύκο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύκος, γείτων) *near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea*.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φύκος, Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, = φυεκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *to be shunned or escaped, that can be escaped*. II.

shunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακῃ, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακὰς ἔχειν *to mount the night-guard*; φυλακὰς φυλάττειν *to keep guard or watch*; τὰς φυλακὰς καταστῆσθαι *to set the watches*. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τινα ἐν φυλακῇ *to keep in custody*:—also φυλακὴν ἔχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι *to take heed or care, be cautious*; δεινὰς ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῇσι *to be straitly on one's guard*.

φύλακιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, (φυλακή) *to throw into prison*.

φυλάκος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, *to be watched or kept*. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φύλακτῆρ, ἡρος, ὁ, = φύλαξ, a guard. Hence φύλακτῆριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυλάσσω) *fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen.* II. cautious:—Adv. -κάς.

φύλας, ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακες the garrison: also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδὸς a protector of the lad. φύλαξεις, Dor. for φυλάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φύλαρχος, f. ἡσω, *to command the contingent of a tribe* (φυλή). II. *to command the cavalry*. From φυλ-αρχος, ὁ, (φυλή, ἀρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλαστέμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΛ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω fut. φυλάξω: aor. 1 ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθή-σμαι, also f. med. φυλάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφύλαχθην: pf. πεφύλαγμαi: I. absol. *to watch, be sleepless*: esp. *to keep watch and ward, be on guard*; νύκτα φυλάσσειν *to watch the night through*. II. trans. *to watch, guard, keep, secure*; φυλάττειν τινα ἀπό τινος *to guard one from a person or thing*. 2. *to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for*; *to watch, wait for or observe the right time*. 3. metaph. *to preserve, keep, maintain*; φυλάσσειν ὅρκια *to keep, respect oaths*; φυλάσσειν ἔπος *to observe a command*. III. Med. *to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard*; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένοι εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, ου, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribūlis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood.

II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΤΛΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἡδὴ κατακαπφομένης when his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; ραφανίδων φυλλεῖα, radish-tops.

φυλλίνος, ἡ, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολεῖν, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμω) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΤΛΑΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἵηται φύλλον γενεῖ, τοῖηδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ον, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλορροεῖν, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χόεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φυλο-κρίνεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation. III.

in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλο-πος, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. φύλοπιν or φυλόπιδα:—(φύλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φύξ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνὴρ) fleeing men. [ᾱ]

φύξ-ηλῆς, ἰος and ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύρᾱμα, ατος, τό, (φύρω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύρᾱω, f. ᾶσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐφύρᾱσα Ion. -ῆσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφύρᾱθην [ᾱ] Ion. -ῆσθην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστὰς φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΤΡΩ, f. φύρσω: aor. I ἐφύρσα: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρσομαι: aor. I ἐφύρθη: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [ῶ]: pf. πέφυρμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ῶ]

φύς [ῶ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φύσα, ἡς, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II.

a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθῆς, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσᾱῖς and φυσᾱλλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φυσᾱλος, ὁ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [ῶ]

φύσας, aor. I part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [ῶ]

φυσᾱτήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσσητήριον.

φύσᾱω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινὰ φυσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans.

to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύνισιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσθη ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown up, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσουέμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φύσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a snorting, *snuffing* : αἵματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητεον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.
φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Dor. **φυσατήριον**, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσῆλα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From **φυσάω**, Ep. part. **φυσῶν**, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φύσιγγόομαι, Pass. (φύσιγξ) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Megarians, ὁδὺναι πεφυσιγγόμενοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara : cf. φύσιγξ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.

φύσιγος, ἰγγος, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζοος, ον, (φύω, ζωῆ) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσικος, ἡ, ὄν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωμόνως, f. ἴσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιογνωμόνῳ, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φυσῶν, f. ὥσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φυσῶν, Ep. pres. part. of φυσῶν.

φύσις [ῡ], εως, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing : φύσις ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. *vis* : φύσις ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature : natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. *species*, like *φυή*. 4. natural order, nature : φύσις or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally) : ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσιν καὶ νόμοις διοικεῖται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws : ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature : so, προδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature.

II. natural origin, birth : φύσει by birth.

III. a creature : θνητὴ φύσις mankind : πόντον εἰναλία φύσις the creatures of the sea : θηλεῖα φύσις woman-kind.

φύσιωσις, εως, ἡ, (φυσῶν) a being puffed up, vanity.

φύσιγξ, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage or black pudding.

φυστήρ or **φυστήρ**, ἡ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εως, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φυτάλι, ἡ, (φυτλόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρά). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλμιος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourishing, fostering : fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth :

ἀρα καὶ ἥσθα φυτάλμιος δυσαίων : wast thou thus miserably from thy birth?

φύτεία, ἡ, (φυνεύω) a planting. II. a plantation : or simply a plant.

φύτευεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω : but **φυνευθέν**, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φύτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. *planta*, *stolo*. From

φύτεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐφύτευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφύτεύην : pf. πεφύτευμαι : (φυτλόν) :—to plant trees or plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρώω (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget : ὁ φύτεύσας πατήρ or ὁ φύτεύσας alone, the father : οἱ φυνεύαντες the parents :—

Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees : φυνεύει χωρίον to plant a spot with trees :—Pass., γῇ πεφύτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, ὄν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φύτλόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature : of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φύτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτλόν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants : φυτοσκάφος ἀνὴρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτλόν, σπείρω) planting trees :—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, ὁ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. **φύτο-εργός**, ὄν, (φυτλόν, *εργω) cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting : as Subst., φυτοουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [ῡ] : aor. I ἐφύσα : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow : τρήχας φύειν to make hair grow : φύειν περὰ τοῦ put forth, grow wings : of a country, φύειν καρπὸν τε θουμασθὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας, the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φέρνας φύειν to get understanding : δόξας φύειν to get or gain reputation.

II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύσομαι : the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφύν, inf. φύναι, part. φύν, φύσας, φύν : later in pass. form ἐφύνην, φύνῃς, φύνεις : perf. ἐφύκα, plupf. ἐπέφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύκασι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφύως, πεφυνῖα, πεφυκῶτος, for πεφύκως, -κυνῖα, -κότος : there is also an Ep. redupl. inipf. ἐπέφύκων, as if from a pres. πεφύκω : Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφύν for ἐφύσαν: aor. 2 opt. φύνην for φύνην:—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. 2. of men, to be begotten or born, μὴ φύναι νικᾶ not to have been born were best:—φύναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφύν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκός man according to his nature, as he is.

φῶς, ἶδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φῆδος: pl. φῶιδες, φῆδες: (φῶς):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φόκεια Ion.—αἰτή, ἡ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαεύς Att.—αἰεύς, εὼς, and Φωκαίτης, ὁ, a Phocæan: fem. Φωκαίς, ἶδος, a Phocæan woman. Φοκεύς, εὼς, ὁ, (Φοκίς) a Phocian.

Φῶλη, ἡ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. phoca. Φωκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian. Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἶδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, ἶδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (φωλεύς) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλεύς, ὁ, Ep. for φωλέος.

ΦΩΛΕΟΣ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλεύω, f. ἥσω, (φωλεύς) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole.

φωνάει, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωνάσαι, Dor. for φωνήσαι, aor. I inf. of φωνέω.

φωνασκέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκός, ἡ, practice of the voice.

φων-ασκός, ὄν, (φωνή, ασκέω) practising the voice.

φωνεῦντες, φωνέοντα, Dor. for φανοῦντες, φανοῦντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνηέντα.

II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ', ἡ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνὴν ῥηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals.

3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants.

II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo.

2. language, Lat. lingua.

3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εἶσα, εν; contr. in neut.

plur. φωνάντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνάντα συνετοῖσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἀφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, atos, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφάνησα, aor. I of φανέω.

ΦΩΡ', ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωροί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρών λιμὴν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἡς, ἡ, (φώρ) a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφαράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφάρμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a thief: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτης ὢν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργυρίου ἐφαράθη εξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φωρή, Ion. for φώρα.

φωρίμυός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, on, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, on, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτῶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνὴρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φάος.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, on, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star.

2. φωσφόροι κέρα, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye.

II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἄγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἡ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light.

φωτίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

X, x, χι, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but χ =

600,000; also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χ ίλοι, 1000.

Changes of χ , esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ , as $\theta\rho\iota\chi\omicron\varsigma$ for $\theta\rho\iota\theta\omicron\varsigma$. II. Ion. very freq. into κ , as $\delta\epsilon\kappa\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ $\kappa\iota\theta\upsilon\alpha$ for $\delta\epsilon\chi\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ $\chi\iota\tau\acute{\omega}\nu$ $\chi\iota\tau\rho\alpha$.

III. put before λ , as $\chi\lambda\alpha\iota\nu\alpha$ for $\lambda\alpha\iota\nu\alpha$, $\chi\lambda\iota\alpha\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ for $\lambda\iota\alpha\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$.

Like ϕ , χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in $\phi\alpha\iota\delta\chi\iota\tau\omega\nu$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon$, Ep. for $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon$, 3 sing. aor. 2 of $\chi\alpha\nu\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\alpha$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\iota\nu$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\epsilon\iota\nu$, aor. 2 inf. of $\chi\alpha\nu\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\alpha$.

$\chi\alpha\lambda\omega$, Ep. fut. $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\eta\sigma\omega$: Ep. aor. 2 $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$, for $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: f. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. I $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\alpha\sigma\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$, Ep. 3 sing. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\alpha\sigma\tau\omicron$, Ep. part. $\chi\alpha\sigma\acute{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\nu\omicron\varsigma$: there is also Ep. 3 pl. $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$ for $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$, from a redupl. Ep. 2 $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\mu\eta\nu$:—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., $\acute{\omicron}\pi\iota\omega$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; $\pi\upsilon\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega\nu$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ to retire from the gates; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ $\acute{\epsilon}\tau\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega\nu$ $\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$ $\theta\epsilon\nu\omicron\varsigma$ to retire into the troop of his companions.

3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

$\chi\alpha\iota\gamma\acute{\nu}\omega$, seldom used in pres. and impf., $\chi\alpha\iota\gamma\acute{\nu}\omega$, $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\alpha\sigma\kappa\omicron\nu$ being used instead: fut. $\chi\alpha\nu\theta\upsilon\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. 2 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\alpha\nu\omicron$: pf. $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\nu\alpha$, with pres. sense:—to gape, open wide; $\tau\acute{\omicron}\tau\epsilon$ $\mu\omicron\iota$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\nu\omicron\iota$ $\acute{\epsilon}\upsilon\rho\epsilon\iota\alpha$ $\chi\acute{\omega}\nu$ then may earth gape wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, $\gamma\alpha\nu\upsilon$.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or yawning from weariness or in eager expectation; $\acute{\alpha}\nu\omega$ $\kappa\epsilon\chi\eta\nu\acute{\epsilon}\nu\alpha\iota$ to look gaping up; $\omicron\iota$ $\kappa\epsilon\chi\eta\nu\acute{\omicron}\tau\epsilon\varsigma$ $\gamma\alpha\pi\epsilon\varsigma$, starers: $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\pi\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ $\tau\iota$ to gape or look greedily after a thing; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\pi\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ $\tau\iota\nu\alpha$ to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. *biscere*, c. acc.; $\delta\epsilon\iota\nu\acute{\alpha}$ $\rho\eta\mu\alpha\tau\alpha$ $\kappa\alpha\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\tau\iota\nu\omicron\varsigma$ $\chi\alpha\nu\acute{\epsilon}\iota\nu$ to speak fowl words against any one.

$\chi\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$, a, *on*, genuine, true, good, staunch.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\kappa\epsilon$, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\tau\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$, f. $\sigma\omega$, ($\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon$) to greet. Hence

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\tau\iota\sigma\mu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\omicron\upsilon$, δ , a greeting.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\eta\delta\acute{\omega}\nu$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$) joy, delight, formed like $\acute{\alpha}\lambda\gamma\eta\delta\acute{\omega}\nu$.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\eta\nu$, Dor. for $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$, inf. of $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\iota\sigma\alpha$, Dor. for $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omicron\sigma\alpha$, pres. part. fem. of $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\omicron}\nu\tau\omega\nu$, 3 pl. imperat. of $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$.

$\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\omicron}\nu$: f. $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\eta\sigma\omega$ Ep. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omega$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\kappa\alpha$, Ep. part. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\acute{\omega}\varsigma$:—Med., fut. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: Ep. aor. I $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\rho\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$, 3 sing. $\chi\eta\rho\alpha\tau\omicron$: and from a redupl. Ep. 2 $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\mu\eta\nu$ the 3 pl. ind. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\nu\tau\omicron$, 3 sing. and pl. opt. $\chi\eta\rho\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\iota\tau\omicron$, $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\iota\alpha\tau\omicron$: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$; Ep. paulo-p. fut. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$:

aor. 2 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\rho\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$ [$\acute{\alpha}$], Ep. 3 sing. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta$, opt. $\chi\alpha\rho\epsilon\acute{\iota}\nu$, inf. $\chi\alpha\rho\eta\acute{\nu}\alpha\iota$, part. $\chi\alpha\rho\epsilon\acute{\iota}\varsigma$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\alpha\iota$, later $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\mu\alpha\iota$:

Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\eta\nu$:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ $\nu\acute{\omicron}\theta\omega$ to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ $\gamma\acute{\epsilon}\lambda\omega\tau\iota$ to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\omega}$ $\delta\acute{\epsilon}$ σ' $\acute{\epsilon}\upsilon\theta\upsilon\chi\omicron\upsilon\tau\alpha$ I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$ $\acute{\alpha}\kappa\omicron\upsilon\sigma\alpha\varsigma$ I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\acute{\iota}\varsigma$ $\acute{\omicron}\rho\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\phi\acute{\omega}\varsigma$ thou rejoicest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omega$ is used also in sense of $\phi\iota\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., $\omicron\upsilon$ $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\eta\sigma\epsilon\acute{\iota}\varsigma$ thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\omega}\nu$ with impunity; $\omicron\upsilon$ $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\omicron\nu\tau\epsilon\varsigma$ $\acute{\alpha}\pi\alpha\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon$ is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, bail, welcome, Lat. *salve*; or at parting, farewell, Lat. *vale*; so in part., $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\omega}\nu$ $\theta\iota$ fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$, in phrase $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ $\sigma\omicron\iota$, is used as a greeting like $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon$; $\pi\rho\sigma\epsilon\iota\pi\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\tau\iota\nu\alpha$ $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, $\kappa\upsilon\pi\omicron\varsigma$ $\kappa\nu\alpha\delta\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta$ $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ [sc. $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\epsilon\iota$], Lat. *salvere jubet, salutem dicit*.

2. in bad sense, $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ $\acute{\epsilon}\alpha\nu$ or $\kappa\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\upsilon\epsilon\nu$ to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; $\pi\omicron\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}$ $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\acute{\iota}\nu$ $\tau\iota\nu\iota$ to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. $\chi\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omega$, like $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\pi\tau\omega$, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

$\chi\alpha\iota\tau\eta$, $\acute{\eta}$, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. *juba*.

II. of trees, like Lat. *coma*, leaves, foliage. Hence

$\chi\alpha\iota\tau\eta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ Dor. $-\acute{\alpha}\epsilon\iota\varsigma$, $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$, $\epsilon\nu$, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

$\chi\alpha\iota\tau\omega\mu\alpha$, = $\chi\alpha\iota\tau\eta$, hair, the plume of a helmet.

$\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}$, $\acute{\eta}$, Dor. for $\chi\eta\lambda\acute{\alpha}$.

$\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\varsigma$, $\eta\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, bail: a hail-shower, hail-storm; metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows.

II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\acute{\omega}$, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles.

$\chi\alpha\lambda\alpha\zeta\text{-}\epsilon\pi\eta\iota\varsigma$, $\acute{\epsilon}\varsigma$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\alpha$, $\acute{\epsilon}\pi\omicron\varsigma$) burling abuse as thick as hail.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\eta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ Dor. $-\acute{\alpha}\epsilon\iota\varsigma$, $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$, $\epsilon\nu$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\alpha$) like hail, thick as hail, pelting, pitiless.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\omicron\text{-}\beta\omicron\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, f. $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\zeta\alpha$, $\beta\alpha\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\iota\nu$), to strike with hail.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\acute{\iota}\nu\omega$, $\rho\omicron\delta\epsilon\tau$, for $\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\alpha}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$) slackened, loosened, slack;

$\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\alpha$ $\kappa\omicron\upsilon\tau\iota\lambda\eta\delta\acute{\omega}\nu$ a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\tau\eta\varsigma$, $\eta\tau\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, slackness, looseness.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$: f. $\acute{\alpha}\omega$ [$\acute{\alpha}$]: aor. I $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\alpha\sigma\sigma\alpha$, Dor. part. $\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\acute{\alpha}\varsigma$; pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\kappa\alpha$: Pass.,

aor. I $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\theta\eta\nu$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$: I. transit.

to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; $\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\tau\acute{\omicron}\zeta\alpha$ to unstring the bow; $\eta\nu\acute{\iota}\alpha\varsigma$ $\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ to slack the reins;

$\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\pi\upsilon\delta\alpha$ to slack the sheet of the sail.

2. to let down, let fall or droop; $\mu\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omega\pi\omicron\nu$ $\chi\alpha\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ to smooth

the brow. 3. *to let loose, loose, release*; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλᾶν *to loose the bar or bolts*. 4. metaph. *to relax, let go, give up*. II. intr. *to become slack or loose*: *to gape, stand wide open*. 2. metaph. c. gen. *to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from*. 3. c. dat. *to give way or yield to any one*: *to be indulgent to any one, pardon him*. 4. absol., like εἰκνυ, *to give in, yield*:—Pass., like the intr. usage, *to be loosened or slackened*.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖοστί, Adv. in the Chaldaee tongue.
Χάλ-ειμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

Χαλεπαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάσθην: (χαλεπός):—*to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms*, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, *to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered*; χαλεπαίνειν τινί *to be embittered or shew harshness towards one*; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τινι *to be angry at a thing*: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους *to be angry or grow embittered towards one another*.

χαλεπῆναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.

Χαλεπηρής, ἐς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟΨ [ᾱ], ἡ, ὅν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep.

II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry; οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitterer enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

Χαλεπότης, ητος, ἡ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

Χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, *to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass*: also *to bring low, humble*. 2. *to provoke, enrage, irritate*. II. intr. *to be angry, irritated*.

χαλεπῶ, Dor. for χαλεποῦ, gen. of χαλεπός.

χαλεπός, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty;

χαλεπὸς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegré. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπὸς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegré, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶς.

Χαλί-κράτος Ion. χαλί-κρητος, ον, (χάλις, κεράν-νυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

Χάλιν-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινός, ἄγω) *to guide with or as with a bridle*: hence *to curb, restrain*.

Χαλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τὰ, (χαλᾶω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδακύν *to champ the bit*; χαλινὸς διδόναι *to give a horse the rein*. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινός the curb imposed by Jove.

χαλινός, f. ὥσω, *to bridle or bit a horse*:—Pass. *to be bridled or curbed*. Hence

χαλινώσις, εως, ἡ, a bridling. [ε]

χαλινωτήρια, τὰ, (χαλινώ) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ᾱ]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλᾶω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρών, f. ἦσω, (χαλιφρων) *to be light-minded, flighty, silly*. Hence

χαλιφροσύνη, ἡ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χαλί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἄρματός, ον, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χαλκ-ασπίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχυς, ἐς, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεῖω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, ον Ion. χαλκήσιος, η, ον, poet. for χάλκεος, (χάλκος) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἐλάστος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) poet. for χαλκῆλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολάς, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-εμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἐς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεο-καρδῖος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεό-πεζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέ(α) brass-footed.

χαλκεί-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, ὅπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἅ Ion. ἐή, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκός, ἡ, ον: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ήσιος, η, ον: (χάλκος):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεὺς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἰστάναι τινά *to raise a brassen statue to one*. 2. metaph., like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i.e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἐς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i.e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεῖω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεῖω) a worker in copper, α

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith. χαλκευτής, οὔ, δ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεῖον, ἄνος, ὅ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκηδών, ὄνος, ὅ, (χαλκός) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκεῖον.

χαλκήιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ἡλάτος also χαλκ-έλατος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἐλαύω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, ἀρᾶρειν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ὄν, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or sbrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χάλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοῦρης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [ἀ]

χαλκο-βάρης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βάτης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ὄν, δ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ὄν, (χαλκός, γένειον), and χαλκό-γενυς, v, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὅ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλῶχίς) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδαλος, ὄν, (χαλκός, δαιδάλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμας, αντος, ὅ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sharpening brass.

χαλκο-δέτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὅ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκο-θώραξ, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὅ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνημῖς) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὔ, δ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ὄν, δ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-πᾶγης, ἐς, (χαλκός, παγγῆναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -πάρῃος, ὄν, (χαλκός, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πέδος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, πληθός) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πλησ-σω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, ὅ, ἡ, -πουν, τό; gen. -ποδος (χαλκός, πούς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II.

with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, οὔ, δ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. *aes*, called from its colour ἐρυθρός and αἰθῶψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκός was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκός was used for σίδηρος. Later, χαλκός was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, ἐς, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ὄν, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ὄν, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκο-τευχής, ἐς, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκό-τοξος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέω, f. ἦσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τοπος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκό-τύπος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὅ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2.

striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybelé. II. χαλκότηπος, ὄν, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκο-οὔργος, ὅ, (χαλκός, *ἐργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. from χάλκεος. II. as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὅ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ὄν, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φᾶ]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάριμης, ὄν, δ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ανος, ὅ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.

χαλκό-χυτος, ον, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκώω, f. ὥσω, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:—
aor. 1 pass. part. χαλκωθείς, clad in brass. II.
to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκώω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χάλυβδικός, ή, όν, (χάλυψ) of steel; τὸ χάλυβδ-
κόν steel.

χάλυβος, ό, poet. for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, ύβος, ό, one of the nation of the Cbalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as

appellat., χάλυψ, ύβος, ό, hardened iron, steel.

χαμάdis [μά], Adv. (χαμαί) poet. for χαμάζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμάζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χαμάθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.

ΧΑ-ΜΑΓ, Adv. on the earth, on the ground. 2.
like χαμάζε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χαμαι-γενής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-
born, sprung from the soil.

χαμαι-ευνας, άδος, poet. fem. of sq. [αἷ metri grat.]

χαμαι-ευνής, ου, ό, (χαμαί, ευνή) making one's bed
or lair on the ground. [αἷ metri grat.]

χαμαιζήλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the
ground: generally, low: ό χαμαιζήλος (sub. δίψος),
a low stool. II. metaph. fond of mean things,

bumble; τὸ χαμαιζήλον humility.

χαμαικοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the
ground. From

χαμαι-κοίτης, ου, ό, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making
one's bed on the ground.

χαμαιλεχής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, λέχος)=χαμαι-
κοίτης.

χαμαι-λέων, οντος, ό, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon,
a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαι-ευνή, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνώμα
χαμαιπετοῖσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χαμαι-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ=Root of πίπτω) fall-
ing to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to
earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleep-
ing on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph.

falling to the ground, coming to naught fruitless.

χαμαιπετοῖσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετοῖσα, part. fem.
of χαμαιπετέω.

χαμαι-τυπέιν, τό, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brothel.

χάμ-ερπής, ές, (χαμαί, έρπω) creeping on the
ground, grovelling.

χάμ-ευνή, ή, for χαμαιευνή, (χαμαί, ευνή) a bed on
the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead.

χάμ-εννίς, ίδος, ή, (χαμαί, ευνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χάμηλός, ή, όν, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2.
diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χάμóθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from
the ground.

χάμψαι, οί, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.
χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

Χανααίος, α, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—
Subst., Χανααίος, ό, a Canaanite; Χανααία, ή, a
Canaanitish woman. See Καναίτης.

χάνδαν, fut. χείσομαι: aor. 2 έχάδον Ep. χάδον:

pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with
impf. sense κεχάνδει:—to bold, take in, comprise,
contain, έξ έμνην χάνδανε κρητήρ the bowl held six
measures: οὐκ έδυνήσατο πάσας αιγιάλδς νήας χαδέ-
ειν the beach could not bold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χάινω) gaping, with mouth wide
open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χάνείν, aor. 2 inf. of χάινω.

χάνοι [ά], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χάινω.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [ά], eos, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by
Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of
existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite

space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space,
a gulf, chasm.

χάός, όν, like χάϊος, genuine, true, good.

χάρά, ή, (χαρήναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρᾶ with
joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted:
ή, έχίδνης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark

or line, character, inscription.

χαράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρ-
πος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself
(χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. tor-
rens. II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully,

rift, ravine. Hence

χαράδραϊος, α, ον, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χαράδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts
(χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χαράδρoυ, f. ὥσω: Pass., aor. 1 έχαραδρώθην: pf.
κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—
Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to
be full of ravines and gullies; χάρη κεχαδρωμένη
a country intersected with ravines.

χαράκός, f. ὥσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade,
fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χαρακτήρ, ήρος, ό, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in
or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.;

χαρακτήρα έπεμβάλλειν τίνι to set a stamp upon a
thing. 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed
on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive
mark, character; άνδρών οὐδέis χαρακτήρ έμπέφυκε
σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by
nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness,
image, exact representation.

χαρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in,
notched, like a saw.

χαράκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαράκω) a place paled round
or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling,

palisade, Lat. vallum.

χαράκωσις, εως, ή, (χαράκω) a fencing with pales,
a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, άκος, ό, also ή, (χαράσσω) a pointed stake:
a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortify-
ing the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence 2.

collectively, a place *paled in*, a fortified camp, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑΡΑΨΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. ζω: aor. *ἰ* ἐχάραξα: Pass., aor. *ἰ* ἐχαράχην: pf. κεχάραγμα:—to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρηναι, aor. *ἰ* inf. pass. of χαίρω.
χάρησθαι, later fut. of χαίρω.
χαρί-δότης, ου, δ, (χαρίς, δίδωμι) *be that gives joy or grace*.

χαρίεις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντος: (χαρίς):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant.

II. in Att., χαρίεις was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; of χαρίεντες men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written χάριεν. Hence

χαριεντίζομαι, f. —ίζομαι Att. —ιούμαι: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδῇ χαριεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

χαριέντως, Adv. of χαρίεις, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χαρι-εργός, όν, (χαίρω, εργον) *delighting in the arts, epith. of Minerva*.

χαρίζομαι: fut. med. —ίσομαι Att. —ιούμαι, also f. pass. —ισθήσομαι: aor. *ἰ* ἐχαρίσαμην and ἐχαρίσθην: pf. κεχαρίσμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χαρίς):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour.

2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι to indulge one's body.

II. c. acc. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι άλλοτριον to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμίη χαρίζομένη παρόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand.

III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχαρίστο it was done to please the Euboeans.

2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένῳ θυμῷ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

χαριεῖν, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι.
χαρίς [α], ἡ, gen. χάριτος: acc. χάριν or χάριτα: plur. χάριτες, dat. pl. χάρισι Ep. χαρίτεσσι poet. also χάρισσι: (χαίρω):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*:

I. outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχεύει τινα to shed grace over one.

2. of things, a grace, a charm.

II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases χάριν εἶδέναι to feel gratitude; χάριν ὀφείλειν to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; χάριν or χάριτα καταθέσθαι τινα to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i.e. earn his thanks; χάριν λαμβάνειν to receive thanks.

3. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; χάριτι πλείον ἢ φόβῳ more by favour than fear.

III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάριν φέρειν τινα to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, χάριν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δράσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness.

IV. a gratification, delight; φορμυγος from the harp. 2. δαιμόνων χάρις homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; εὐκταία χάρις a gift in consequence of a vow.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάριν, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, χάριν Ἑκτορος for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάριν for the sake of the Athenians:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ἔνεκα, Lat. *gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of*: so too, ἐμὴν χάριν, σὴν χάριν for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea, tua gratia*.

2. eis χάριν τινός to do one a pleasure; πρὸς χάριν λέγειν τινα to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρὸς χάριν ἐμὰς σαρκός for the sake of my flesh, i.e. of devouring it.

3. ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινα to decide from partiality to one.

4. διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι or γίνεσθαι τινα to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one.

VI. in Mythology, αἱ Χάριτες the Charitès or Graces, were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, Aglaia, Euphrosyne, Thalia.

Χάρισμα, atos, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χαρίσασθαι, Ep. aor. *ἰ* med. inf. of χαρίζομαι.

χαρίστηριος, ου, (χαρίζομαι) in token of thanks-giving.

II. as Subst., χαρίστηριον, τό, a grace, gift.

2. τὰ χαρίστηρια (sub. ἱερὰ), thank-offerings, χαρίτια, ἡ, (χαρίς) a jest, joke.

χαρίτο-βλέφαρος, ου, (Χαρίς, βλέφαρον) with eyelids like the Graces.

χαρίτο-γλωσσέω Att. —ττώ, f. ἡσω, (χαρίς, γλῶσσα) to speak to please, glose with the tongue.

χαρίτω, f. ὦσα, (χαρίς) to shew favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be highly favoured.

χαρίτ-ώπης, es, (χαρίς, ὦπ) graceful of aspect; fem. χαριτώπης, ἰδος.

χάρμα, atos, τό, (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ου, (χάρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, ουος, ό, ἡ, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιός, όν, (χαρά, ποίεω) causing joy, gladdening.

χάρ-οπός, ἡ, όν, also ός, όν, (χαρά, ὦπ) glad-eyed, bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, much like γλαυκός.

χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

χάρτης, ον, ὁ, (χαρᾶσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.

χαρτός, ἑ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, delightful, gladdening, cheerful.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. *ios*, ἡ, *Charybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla; then generally a whirlpool, gulf: metaph. of a greedy rapacious person, like Lat. *baratrum*.

Χάρων [ᾱ], ἄνους, ὁ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χάριος.

χασκάω, f. ἄσω, *Frequentat.* of χάσκει, c. acc., to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκει, ἔχασκον, to gape, yawn, used as pres. and impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning hollow, a chasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. *rictus*.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσμαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *rictus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσασται, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

ΧΑΤΕΨΩ, f. ἤσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c. gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χάτις, f. ἰσω, like χάρω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of; χατίζειν ἐργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part., one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χάτις, ἡ, and χάτος, εος, τό, want, need, = χητίς, χήτος.

χαυλιόδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth.

II. χαυλιόδοντες ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες sharp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ον, ὁ, (χαύνος, πολίτης) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [ἱ]

χαυνός-πρωκτος, ον, (χαύνος, πρωκτός) wide-breeched.

χαύνος, ἡ, ον, and os, ον, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.

II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ἡτος, ἡ, looseness, porousness. II. metaph. folly, vanity.

χαύνωσις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνός) a making loose or slack.

II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

χέειν, ἡ, like χεσέω, Desiderat. of χέω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΨΩ: f. χεσοῦμαι: pf. κέχουσα: aor. I ἔχεσα: aor. 2 ἔχεσον: pf. pass. κέχασμαι—to ease oneself:—Pass., σπέντελος ἄρτιος κεχασμένος dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ' Ion. χεῖη, ἡ, a bole, esp. of serpents.

χείλευς, Dor. for χείλος, gen. of χείλος.

χειλο-ποτέω, f. ἤσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΟΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χείλων contr. ὦν; dat. χείλει Ep. -εσι:—a lip: proverb., χείλει γελᾶν to laugh with the lips (only); χείλεα μὲν τ' ἐδίην', ἐπερὶ φῶν δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not. 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *hiems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χείμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [ᾱ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χειμαδίῳ χρήσθαι Διήμῳ to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χειμάζω, f. ἄσω: (χείμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter. II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. *hiemare*.

III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. 2. absol. χειμάζει (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like ὕει, νίφει, etc.; ἐχειμαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χειμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χείμα) distress by a storm or tempest:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost. II. intr. to be stormy.

χειμάρος, ὁ, (χείμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ποος, ον, Att. contr. -πους, ουν: (χείμα, βέω):—winter-flowing, swollen in winter; χειμάρποος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χειμάρπους, ὁ, a water-drain, conduit.

II. wintry, stormy.

χειμάρπος or χειμάρπος, ον, poet. for χειμάρποος.

χειμασία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (χείμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χειμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (χείμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy; χειμερινὸν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον: (χείμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ὥρη χειμερίη the winter-season; μήνες χειμεριῶτατοι the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; ἀκτὰ χειμέρια κυματοπληγὴ a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χειμέρια λύτη raging pain.—Generally, χειμέριος and χειμερινός are distinguished thus:—χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χειμερινός wintry, in winter-time.

χειμο-θνής, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείμα, θνήσκω) frozen to death.

χειμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; τὸν χειμῶνα during winter; χειμῶνος in winter-

time. II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; *χειμῶν νοτερός* a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, *ον*, (*χειμῶν, τύπτω*) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡ, *ῆ*, gen. *χειρός*: plur. *χείρες, χειρῶν, χειρί*: Ion. decl., *χείρ, χειρός, χειρί, χείρα, χείρες*, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are *χειροῖν* (rarely *χειροῖν*) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. *χείρεσι* and *χείρεσσι*:—the band, or rather the band and arm, the arm; *ἄκρα χεῖρ* the band; *χείρ σιδιρᾶ* an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapple.

2. *χείρ* is often joined with *δεξιός* and *ἀριστερός*, to mark the side on which a thing is; see *ἀριστερός, δεξιός*. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; *ἔπεον καὶ χειρὶν ἀρῆεν* to assist with word and deed; *προσφέρειν χείρας* to apply force; of deeds of violence, *χειρῶν ἀρchein* to begin the fray.

4. like Lat. *manus*, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman; also his handywork.

II. special usages: *χείρὸς ἔχειν τινά* to have, hold one by the band; *χείρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς* to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; *χείρας ὀρέξαι* to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty.

2. *ἀγασθαί τι ἐς χείρας* to take a thing in band: *ἐν χειρὶ, μετὰ* or *διὰ χείρας ἔχειν τι* to have a thing in band, be engaged in it.

3. *ἐν χειρὶ, ἐν χειρὶ*, in one's band or hands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, *ἐν χειρὶ* in the fray, in close fight, Lat. *cominus*.

4. *εἰς χείρας ἔλθειν* to fall into anyone's hands or power, but also to come to blows.

3. *ἐκ χειρός*, out of band, off hand; *ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίσασθαι* to reckon off band, roughly.

6. *πρὸ χειρῶν* at band, in readiness.

7. *ὑπὸ χειρὸς* or *χειρῶν*, under the bands, under the power; cp. *ὑποχείριος*.

χειρ-ἄγρα, *ῆ*, (*χείρ, ἄγρα*) gout in the band; as *ποδ-ἄγρα* in the feet.

χειρᾶγωγός, *φ*, *ῆσω*, to lead by the band. From *χειρ-ἄγωγός*, *όν*, (*χείρ, ἄγω*) leading by the band: as Subst., *χειραγωγός*, *ός*, one that leads by the band.

χειρ-ἅπτω, *φ*, *ἄσω*, (*χείρ, ἅπτω*) to touch with the band, take in band, handle.

χείρεσι, *χείρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *χείρ*.

χειριδωτός, *όν*, (*χείρ*) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτῶν or tunic: the χιτῶν without sleeves was called *ἐξήμις*.

χείριος, *α, ον*, (*χείρ*) in the hands, in the power of, subject, captive.

χείρις, *ῖδος, ῆ*, (*χείρ*) a covering for the hand, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χείριστος, *η, ον*, irreg. Sup. of *χείρων*, worst, Lat. *pejissimus*: οἱ *χείριστοι* men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βολέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, (*χείρ, βαλεῖν*) to throw with the band.

χειρο-γράφος, *ον*, (*χείρ, γράφω*) written with the band, in handwriting:—as Subst., *χειρογράφον, τό*, a handwriting, written decree.

χειρο-δαύκτος, *ον*, (*χείρ, δαΐω*) slain by the band.

χειρό-δεκτος, *ον*, (*δείκνυμι*) pointed out by the band, Lat. *digitō monstratus*: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκης, *ου, ὅ*, (*χείρ, δίκη*) one who asserts his right by force of hands, who uses the right of might. [*ῆ*]

χειρο-δράκων, *οντος, ὅ*, (*χείρ, δράκων*) with serpent-bands or arms. [*ᾶ*]

χειρο-ῆθης, *ες*, (*χείρ, ῆθος*) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. *mansuetus*: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρο-μακτρον, *τό*, (*χείρ, μάσσω*) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. *mantile*: the Scythians used scalp as *χειρομακτρα*.

χειρομαχέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, to fight with the hands. From *χειρο-μάχος*, *ον*, (*χείρ, μάχομαι*) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, *ῆ*, (*χείρ, μύλη*) a hand-mill. [*ῆ*]

χειρονομέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, (*χειρονόμος*) to move the hands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι *χειρονομεῖν* to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms.

Hence

χειρονομία, *ῆ*, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

χειρο-νόμος, *ον*, (*νέμω*) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., *χειρονόμος*, *ός*, Lat. *pantomimus*, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνων, Adv. of *χείρων*, worse.

χειρο-πληθής, *ές*, (*χείρ, πληθύνω*) filling the band, as large as can be held in the band.

χειρο-ποιέομαι, *φ*, *ῆσομαι*, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητος, *ον*, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

χειρό-σοφος, *ον*, (*χείρ, σοφός*) skilled with the hands: hence = *χειρονόμος*.

χειρο-τένων, *οντος, ὅ, ῆ*, (*χείρ, τείνω*) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

χειρότερος, *α, ον*, ποῖτ. for *χείρων*, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, *ου, ὅ*, (*χείρ, τέχνη*) a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; *χειροτέχνης* ἱατροῖα a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, *ῆ*, handicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (*χειροτέχνης*) of or for handicraft or a handicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -*κώς*.

χειροτονέω, *φ*, *ῆσω*, (*χειροτόνος*) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to *λαγχάνειν κλήρου* to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονήσας, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονήτης, *ῆ, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of *χειροτονέω*, elected by show of bands; ἀρχὴ *χειροτονητῆ* an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, *ῆ*, (*χειροτονέω*) a stretching out of hands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of hands; *χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου* election by the people.

II. a vote, Lat. *suffragium*: also collectively, the votes.

χειρο-τόνος, *ον*, (χείρ, *τείνω*) stretching out the hands; of prayers, offered with outstretched hands.

χειρο-τύπης, *ές*, (χείρ, *τυπῶ*) striking with the hands.

χειρουργέω, *ῥ. ῥ. ῥ. ῥ.* (χειρουργία) to do with the hands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

χειρουργία, *ῥ. ῥ.* a working by hand, practice of a handicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

χειρο-ουργός, *όν*, (χείρ, **ἔργω*) working or doing by hand, practising a handicraft or art. 2. as Subst., χειρουργός, *ός*, a chirurgeon, surgeon.

χειρώμα, *ῥ. ῥ. ῥ.* Med., *ῥ. ῥ. ῥ. ῥ.* χειρώσομαι: aor. I ἐχειρώσαμην: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχειρώθην: pf. κεχείρωμαι: (χείρ) —to take in hand, handle: to get into one's hands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:—Pass. χειρούμαι, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence

χειρώμα, *ατος*, *τό*, that which is done by hand; τυμβοχόα χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand. II. that which is brought into one's hands or under one's power, a conquest. 2. a deed of violence.

χείρων, *ός*, *ῥ. ῥ.* neut. *ον*; gen. *ονος*: plur., nom. and acc., χείρονες, χείρονας contr. χείρους, neut. χείρονα contr. χείρους; dat. χείροισι poet. χείρόνεσσι: Ep. χερείων, *ον*: Dor. χερήων: poet. also χειρότερος, χερείοτερος: irreg. Comp. of κακός (formed from *χέρης):—worse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, οὐ τι χείριον ἐν ῥῳ δεινὸν ἐλέσθαι, 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, οὐ χείρῳ [ἔστι] it is well: of persons, ὁ χείρων one of lower degree; οἱ χείρονες men of lower degree:—ἐπὶ τῷ χείρῳ τρέπεσθαι to fall off. II. χείρων, as Adv., worse.—See χείριστος.

Χείρων, *ωνος*, *ός*, Cheiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. χειρουργός).

χειρ-ῶναξ, *ακτος*, *ός*, (χείρ, *ἄναξ*) one who is master of his hand, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like *ιωάννης ἄναξ*: also as Adj., πᾶς ὁ χειρῶναξ *λεώς* all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειρ-αναξία Ion. —*ῥ. ῥ.* skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade.

Χειρώνις, *ίδος*, fem. Adj. of Cheiron: as Subst. (sub. βιβλίον) a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, *ός*, *όν*, verb. Adj. of χειρώω, subdued: to be subdued.

χείροσμαι, fut. of χανδάνω.

χέω, *ομαι*, for χέω, to pour.

χελιδόι, irreg. voc. of χελιδών, as if from χελιδώ.

χελιδονίζω, *ῥ. ῥ.* Ion. *ῥ. ῥ.* (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.

χελιδόνιον, *τό*, (χελιδών) swallow-wort, celandine, of which there were two kinds, χελιδόνιον κνάνειον (or γλαυκόν) and χλωρόν. Properly neut. of

χελιδόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (χελιδών) of the swallow, like the

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown.

χελιδόνισμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (χελιδονίζω) the swallow-song, an old popular song at the return of the swallows.

χελιδών, *όνος*, *ῥ.* irreg. vocat. χελιδού (as if from χελιδώ):—the swallow, Lat. *hirundo*. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for χελιδόνων μουσειά, see μουσεῖον: proverb., μία χελιδὼν ἔαρ οὐ ποιεῖ one swallow does not make a summer. II. the frog in the hollow of a horse's foot.

χελύνη [ῥ], *ῥ.* (χέλος) the lip; χελύνη ἐσθλὴν ὑπ' ὀργῆς to bite the lip from passion. II. Aeol. for χελώνη.

ΧΕΛΥΤΗΣ, *ῥ. ῥ.* ῥ. ῥ. a tortoise, Lat. *testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, Lat. *testudo*. II. the arched breast, the chest.

χελώνη, *ῥ.* (χέλυς) a tortoise: proverb., ἰὼ χελῶναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. the shell of the tortoise. II. the lyre: see χέλυς.

III. as a military term, a pent-house formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman *testudo*, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

χένας, poet. for χήνας, acc. pl. of χήν.

χέννιον, *τό*, a kind of quail.

χερ-άγρα, *ῥ.* = χερμάρα.

ΧΕΡΑΨΑΔΟΣ, *τό*, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, *shingle*.

ΧΕΡΑΨΑΣ, *άδος*, *ῥ.* doubtful form of χέραδος.

χέρεια, see χέρης.

χερίοτερος, *α*, *ον*, Ep. Comp. for χερείων.

χερίων, *ός*, *ῥ.* neut. χερίον, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χέρεισσι, poet. for χερσί, dat. pl. of χείρ.

ΧΕΡΗΣ, an absol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives χείρων and χερίων are formed, used in dat. χέρμη; acc. χέρηα; nom. pl. χέρηες; acc. neut. χέρηα or χέρεια:—χέρηος itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inferior.

χερήων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Dor. for χερείων.

χερτί-άρης, *ου*, *ός*, (χείρ, *ἀρᾶρεῖν*) fitting with the hand. **χερτί-φύρης**, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (χείρ, *φύρω*) mixed or kneaded by hand.

χερμάδιον, *τό*, = χερμάς, properly neut. of χερμάδιος. **χερμάδιος**, *ον*, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing. [ᾶ] From

χερμάς, *άδος*, *ῥ.* a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone. (Deriv. doubtful: either from χέραδος; or from χείρ, a stone that can be grasped in the hand.)

χερμαστήρ, *ῥπος*, *ός*, (χερμάς) a slinger: as masc. Adj., χερμαστήρ μινός the leather of a sling.

χέρνης, *ῥτος*, *ός*, (χείρ) one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man. II. as Adj., poor, needy.

χερνήτης, *ου*, *ός* = χέρνης.

ΧΕΡΝΗΤΙΣ, ἰδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

ΧΕΡ-ΝΙΒΕΙΩΝ and ΧΕΡ-ΝΙΒΩΝ, τό, (χείρ, νίω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

ΧΕΡΝΙΠΤΟΜΑΙ, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. *lustrare*. From

ΧΕΡ-ΝΙΨ, ἴβος, ἡ, (χείρ, νίω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur. χερνίβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργεσθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

ΧΕΡΝΙΨΑΝΤΟ, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

ΧΕΡΟ-ΜΥΣΤΙΣ, ἐς, (χείρ, μυσος) hand-defiling.

ΧΕΡΟ-ΠΛΗΚΤΟΣ, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

ΧΕΡΟΣ, Ion. and poet. gen. of χεῖρ.

ΧΕΡΡΟ-ΝΗΓΟΣ, ἡ, Att. for χερσίνης. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ-.

ΧΕΡΡΟΣ, Att. for χέρσος.

ΧΕΡΣΑΙΟΣ, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl; also of landmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

ΧΕΡΣΕΪΩ, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

ΧΕΡΣΟΘΕΝ, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

ΧΕΡΣΟΘΪ, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

ΧΕΡΣΟΝΔΕ, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

ΧΕΡΣΟΝΗΣΙΤΗΣ Att. χερρον-, ον, ὁ, (Χερσόνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

ΧΕΡΣΟΝΗΣΟ-ΕΙΔΗΣ Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσόνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

ΧΕΡΣΟ-ΝΗΓΟΣ Att. χερρόν-, ἡ, (χέρσος, νήσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

ΧΕΡΣΟΝΗΣ-ΩΔΗΣ Att. χερρον-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησιεύδης.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρπος, ἡ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἰκέσθαι to reach the land. II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, hardened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

ΧΕΡΥΔΡΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of χεῖρ, a little hand or arm.

ΧΕΣΕΪΩ, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself. ΧΕΪΑΙ, χεῖαν, χεῖς, Ep. inf., 3 pl., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

ΧΕΪΜΑ, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

ΧΕΪΟΜΕΝ, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω. ΧΕΪΩ, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕΪΩ, fut. χεῶ Ep. χέω: aor. I ἐχεα Ep. ἐχενά or χεῖα; imperat. χέον Ep. χέον; subj. χέω Ep. χέω, Ep. I pl. χέομεν; inf. χεῖαι Ep. χεῖαι, part. χέας Ep. χέας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχεάμην: Pass. f. χυθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχύθη [ῥ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῥ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχυτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἐχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill.—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth.

2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed.—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοῖν χεῖσθαι νεύεσσι to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χεῖα, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χεῖν to raise a mound.

2. χέειν δούρα to pour or shower spears. 3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow.

2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χεῖαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χέειν ἥερα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῶ χυμένη throwing herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

ΧΗΛ-ΑΡΓΟΣ Dor. χάλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἄμυλλαι the racing of fleet horses.

ΧΗΛΕΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, ἄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ, ἡ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox; pl. χηλαὶ also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

ΧΗΛΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΩΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗ'Ν, δ and ἡ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαῖνος, κέχνη) —a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

ΧΗΝ-ἈΛΩΠΗΣ, εκος, ὁ, (χην, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake, χήνεις, α, ον, (χην) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

ΧΗΝΕΟΣ, η, ον, Ion. for χήνεις.

ΧΗΝΙΣΚΟΣ, ὁ, (χην) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

ΧΗΡΑ Ion. χήρη, ἡ, see χήρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, a kind of muscle.

ΧΗΡΑΜΟ-ΔΥΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, (χηραμός, δύνω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

ΧΗΡΑΤΟ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χαιρῶ.

ΧΗΡΕΙΑ, ἡ, (χηρεύω) widowhood, widowed estate.

ΧΗΡΕΙΟΣ, α, ον, (χήρος) widowed.

·*χρηρεύω*, f. *σω*, (*χῆρος*) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., *νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χρηρεύει* the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

·*χρηρῖος*, η, ον, Ion. for *χῆριος*.
·*χῆρος*, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., *χῆρα* Ion. *χῆρη*, ἡ, a widow, Lat. *vidua*. Hence

·*χῆρῶς*, f. ὥστω: aor. I *ἐχῆρωσα* Ep. *χῆρῶσα*, pass. *ἐχῆρωθην*: to bereave, make desolate or desert. ed. 2. c. gen. to bereave of.: **Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχῆρωθη* was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like *χρηρεύω*, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

·*χρηρῶστίς*, οὔ, ὁ, a collateral relation, *heir-at-law*.
·*χῆρσεῖτε*, Dor. crasis for *καὶ ἦσετε*, fut. of ἔημι.
·*χῆρτις*, ιος Att. *εως*, ἡ, = *χῆτος*.
·*χῆτος*, εος, τό, (*χατέω*) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., *χῆτῇ τοιούτῳ* ὁ ἀνδρὸς from want or loss of such a man; *χῆτι* (Ion. dat. of *χῆτις*) *συμμάχων* from need of allies. Hence

·*χρητοσύνη*, ἡ, want, need, destitution.
·*χῆρθῶ*, Dor. for *καὶ ῥῆθῶ*, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
·*χθαμᾶλος*, ἡ, ὅν, (*χαμαί*) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.
·*ΧΘΕΣ*, Adv., lengthd. *ἐχθές*, yesterday; *πρῶην τε καὶ χθές* or *χθές καὶ πρῶην* yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

·*χθεσινός*, ἡ, ὅν, = *χθιζός*, of yesterday; *τὸ σκύροδον τὸ χθεσινόν* yesterday's onion.
·*χθιζά*, Adv.: see *χθιζός*.
·*χθιζίνος*, ἡ, ὅν, = *χθεσινός*.
·*χθιζός*, ἡ, ὅν, (*χθές*) = *χθεσινός*, of yesterday; ὁ *χθιζός* πόντος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, *χθιζὸς ἔβη* he went yesterday: the neut. *χθιζόν* and *χθιζά* are used as Adv., = *χθές*, of yesterday; *χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶζα* yesterday and the day before, lately, like *χθές καὶ πρῶην*.

·*χθόνιος*, α, ον, also os, ον, (*χθών*) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; *θεοὶ χθόνιοι* the gods of the nether world, Lat. *Inferi*; *χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς* Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

·*χθονο-στίβης*, ἐς, (*χθών*, *στιβεῖν*) treading the earth, οἷ or of the earth.
·*χθονο-τρέφης*, ἐς, gen. ἑός, (*χθών*, *τρέφω*) nourished by or growing on earth.

·*ΧΘΩΝ*, ἡ, gen. *χθονός*, the earth, ground; *χθόνα δύναι* to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; *ὑπὸ χθονός κεκευνθέναι* to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. οἱ *ὑπὸ χθονός* those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. *inferi*. II.

·*Earth*, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

·*ΧΙΓΔΡΟΝ*, τό, pl. *χιδρα*, τά, a dish of unripe unbeaten groats toasted:—as *ἀλφίτα* is a dish of barley groats.

·*χιλιάκις*, Adv., (*χίλιοι*) a thousand times. [ᾶ]
·*χίλι-ἀνδρος*, ον, (*χίλιοι*, ἄνθρωποι) containing a thousand men.

·*χίλι-ἀρχος* or *χίλι-αρχος*, ον, ὁ, (*χίλιοι*, ἄρχων) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman *tribunus militum*, a legionary tribune. Hence

·*χιλιαρχία*, ἡ, the office or post of *χιλιαρχος*, command of 1000 men.

·*χιλιάς*, ἀδός, ἡ, (*χίλιοι*) the number one thousand, a thousand.

·*χίλι-έτης*, ον, ὁ, or *χίλι-ετής*, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, (*χίλιοι*, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

·*ΧΙΛΙΟΙ*, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. *mille*: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, *χίλια ἵππος* a thousand horse, like *μυρία ἵππος*, etc.

·*χίλιο-ναῦς*, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*χίλιοι*, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

·*χίλιο-ναύτης*, ον, ὁ, Dor. —τάς, (*χίλιοι*, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., *χιλιοναύτης* ἀρωγία the help of a thousand ships.

·*χιλιό-πάλαι*, Adv. (*χίλιοι*, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

·*χίλιοστός*, ἡ, ὅν, (*χίλιοι*) the thousandth.

·*χίλιοστύς*, ὅς, ἡ, (*χίλιοι*) the body of a thousand.

·*ΧΙΛΟΣ*, οὔ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; *προέρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν* to go on to forage; *χιλὸς ξηρὸς* hay. Hence

·*χίλω*, f. ὥστω, to turn out to graze.
·*Χίμαιρα* [Ὶ], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. *capra*, fem. of *χίμαρος*. II. as prop. n., *Χίμαιρα*, ἡ, *Chimaera*, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

·*χίμαρο-βάτης* [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (*χίμαρα*, βαῖνω) epith. of Pan, he who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

·*χίμαρο-θύτης*, ον, ὁ, (*χίμαρα*, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

·*χίμαρο-φόνος*, ον, (*χίμαρα*, *φένω) slaying goats.

·*χιμάρ-αρχος*, ον, (*χιμαρος*, ἀρχω) leading goats; *τράγος χιμάραρχος* the he-goat that leads the flock.

·*ΧΙΜΑΡΟΣ* [χ], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. *capra*, = *τράγος*.
·*χιμάρο-σφάκτης*, ον, ὁ, (*χιμαρος*, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

·*χιμάρως*, Dor. for *χιμάρους*, acc. pl. of *χίμαρος*.
·*χιμέτλον* [Ὶ], τό, (*χεῖμα*) a chilblain, kibe.

·*Χίτο-γενής*, ἐς, (*Χίος*, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

·*χιών*, τό, (*χίος*) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ *χοῦς*, i. e. about a gallon.

·*χιόνεος*, α, ον, (*χιών*) of snow, snowy.

·*χιονίζω*, f. ἰσώ, (*χιών*) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., *εἰ ἐχίονιζε τὴν χώραν* if snow fell upon the country; absol., *ἐχίονιζε* it was snowing.

·*χιονο-βλέφαρος*, ον, (*χιών*, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

·*χιονό-βλητος*, ον, (*χιών*, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χιονο-βοσκός, ὄν, (χιών, βόσκω) *fostering snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-θρέμμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-κτύπος, ὄν, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten.*

χιονο-τρέφος, ὄν, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-χρως, ὄντος and οος, ὁ, ἡ, (χιών, χρώς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.*

χιον-ώδης, ἐς, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white.*

Χίος, ἡ, Chios, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

Χίος, α, ὄν, Chian, of or from Chios: οἱ Χίοι *the Chians.*

II. ὁ χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χίος ἀσπράγгалος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called Κῶος, Lat. *unio*; cp. Κῶος. The proverb οὐ Χίος ἀλλὰ Κεῖος referred to the contrast between the dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, in Ion. Prose *κίθων, an undergarment, frock, kirtle*, Lat. *tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάρος, χλαῖνα, or ἱμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδήρης: with sleeves it was called χιτών χειριδωτός.

II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνες λεπίδος σιδηρέης coats of iron scales. III. in plur. *the pieces of a shoe.*

IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάνος χιτών a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τεichών κίθωνες coats, lines of walls: also in plur. *the coats of an onion.*

χιτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, a little tunic, short coat.

χιτώνισκος, ὁ, = χιτώνιον.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς or νιφετός, falling snow; χιών *τηκομένη* melting snow.

II. snow-water.

ΧΛΑΪΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδώς, and plur. κεχλαδόντες (for κεχλαδότες):—to sound, ring, shout: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

ΧΛΑΙΝΑ Ion. χλαῖνη, ἡ, Lat. laena, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρος and ἱμάτιον.

χλαῖνιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνα, a small cloak.

χλαῖνός, f. ὥσω, (χλαῖνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

χλαῖνώμα, ατος, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμυδὴ-φόρος, ὄν, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a χλαμύς or horseman's cloak: as Subst., χλαμυδηφόρος, ὁ, a horseman, cavalier.

χλαμυδ-ουργία, ἡ, (χλαμύς, *ἔργω) *the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.*

χλαμύς, ὕδος [ῥ], ἡ, a short cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. *paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαῖνα.)

χλαῖνίδιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνίς, a small cloak or coverlet. [ῥ]

χλαῖνδο-ποιία, ἡ, (χλαῖνίς, ποιεῖν) *the art or trade of cloak-making.*

χλαῖνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (χλαῖνα) an upper garment of wool, like the χλαῖνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλαῖνιδα φορεῖν, to wear the χλαῖνίς, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλαῖνισκίδιον [κί], or χλαῖνίσκιον, τό, and χλαῖνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of χλαῖνίς, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. ἄσω, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. II. trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence

χλεύασια, ἡ, and χλευασμός, ὁ, mockery, scoffing.

ΧΛΕΪΤΗ, ἡ, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι τινα to make one a jest.

ΧΛΗΪΔΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a bouse, Lat. *quisquiliae*.

χλιαῖνω, f. ἄνω: αορ. i ἐχλήνω: (χλίω):—to make warm:—Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm. II. to soften by warmth, melt.

χλιερός, ὁ, ὄν Ion. χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλίω) warm, lukewarm, Lat. *tepidus*.

χλιδαῖνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:—Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλιδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλιδάω, f. ἴσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδανὸν ἐπὶ τινι to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

χλιδή, ἡ, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness.

2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance.

3. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. fine raiment, costly ornaments, Lat. *deliciae*: also charms, beauty.

χλιδήμα, ατος, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ῥ]

χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for χλιερός.

χλιώω, ἔρ. for χλιάω.

ΧΛΙΩ, only used in pres. and impf., to become

warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [ῥ]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, ἐς, (χλόη, αὐγή) with a greenish lustre.

χλοερός, ὁ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερο-τρόφος, ὄν, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing green herbs, grass-growing.

χλοερό-ῶπης, ἴδος, ἡ, (χλοερός, ὥψ) greenish looking.

ΧΛΟΪΗ, ἡ, and χλόα, as, also Ion. χλοῖη, ἡ, the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poet. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

χλοη-κομῶ, f. ἴσω, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a young leaf.

χλο-ήρης, ἐς, (χλόη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) = χλοερός, χλωρός.

χλοη-τόκος, ὄν, (χλόη, τεκεῖν) producing young shoots.

χλοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χλόη, φέρω) *putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.*

χλοῖάω, (χλοῖη) *Ion.* for χλοάω.

χλοῖη, *ῆ*, *Ion.* for χλόη.

χλοάντης, *ον*, *ῆ*, *Epic* epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean *feeding or living alone*: later as *Subst.* = κάπρος, *the wild boar itself.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

χλοῦνις, *ῆ*, a doubtful word in *Aesch. Eum.* 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean *green age*, i. e. *youth, freshness.*

χλωρ-αὔχην, *ενος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χλωρός, αὔχην) *with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale*: see χλωρίς.

χλωρίς, *ιδος*, *poët. fem.* of χλωρός, for χλωρά, *pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.*

χλωρό-κομος, *ον*, (χλωρός, κόμη) *green-leaved.*

χλωρός *poët.* χλοερός, *ά*, *όν*, (χλόη) *pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass*; also of the colour of honey and sand, *yellow.*

II. generally, *pale, pallid.* *III.* without regard to colour, *green, fresh*, as opp. to *dry*; τυρός χλωρός *fresh cheese*: *metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful*: *tender, delicate.*

χναύω, = κνάω, *to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.*

χνοάξω, *f. άσω*, (χνόος) *properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin*: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάξων ἄρτι λευκανθές κάρα *having his head just sprinkled with white.*

χνοάω, = χνοάξω.

ΧΝΟΉ *Ion.* χνοίη, *ῆ*, *the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.* 2. *metaph., χνόαι ποδῶν the joints on which the feet are set.*

χνόος, *α*, *ον*, (χνόος) *downy.*

ΧΝΟΪΣ *Att.* contr. χνούς, *gen.* χνού, *δ*, *any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like άχνή.*

χνά, *acc.* of χνόος, χνούς.

χοάνευω contr. χωνεύω, *to cast metal.* From

χοάνη contr. χώνη, *ῆ*, *a funnel.* *II.* = χόα-
νος. [ά]

χόανος, *δ*, (χέω) *the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.*

χόες, *οί*, *nom. pl.* of χόος, χούς.

χοή, *ῆ*, (χέω) *a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio* made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.

χο-ήρης, *ες*, *gen.* εος, (χοή, ἀρᾶρεν) *furnished with drink-offerings to the dead*; ἄγγος χοήρης *a vessel filled with them.*

χοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χοή, φέρω) *bearing drink-offerings.*

χοϊκός, *ῆ*, *όν*, (χούς) *of rubbish, of earth or clay.*

χοινίκις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, (χοίνιξ) *an iron ring.*

χοίνιξ, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, a *choenix*, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint *Engl.*) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the *choenix* of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; ὅς κεν ἑμῆς γε χοίνικος ἀπτήται *whoever tastes of my rations.* *II.* from the shape, *the box or nave of a wheel.*

2. a kind of *shackle* or *stocks* for fastening the legs in.

χοιράς, *άδος*, *ῆ*, (χοῖρος) *a low rock rising above the sea, like a hog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo*; χοιράς ἀμυδρά *a sunken rock*; χοιράς Δηλία *the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.* *II.*

χοιράδες, *αί*, *glandular swellings.*

χοίρειος, *α*, *ον*, (χοῖρος) *of a swine or hog.*

χοίρειος, *α*, *ον*, *poët.* for χοίρειος: χοίρεα (*sub. κρέ-
ατα*), *τά*, *hog's-flesh.*

χοιρίδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig.* [πῖ]

ΧΟΙΡΙΨΗ, *ῆ*, *a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting.* [ῖ]

χοιρίον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig, porker.*

χοιρίσκος, *δ*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, = χοιρίον.

χοίρο-κομῖον, *τό*, (χοῖρος, κομῖω) *a fence for keep-
ing swine in, a pig-sty.*

χοίρο-κτένος, *ον*, (χοῖρος, κτείνω) *slaying swine.* *II.* χοιρόκτονος, *pass.* of belonging to a slain swine; αἷμα χοιρόκτονον *blood of a slain swine.*

χοίρο-πώλης, *ον*, *δ*, *Dor.* -πώλας: (χοῖρος, πω-
λέω) = *a dealer in swine.*

ΧΟΙΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus*: *generally, a pig.*

χολάς, *άδος*, *ῆ*, (χολή) *in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.*

χολάω, (χολή) *like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad.* *II.* = χολόμαι, *to be angry, rage.*

ΧΟΛΗ, *ῆ*, = χόλος, *gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis*; χολή μέλαινα *black, i. e. diseased bile*: *pl. χολαί, the gall-bladder.* *II.* *metaph.* like *Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.*

ΧΟΛΙΑΞ, *ίκος*, *ῆ*, mostly in *plur. χολίαις*, *like χο-
λάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.*

χόλιος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (χόλος) *enraged, angry.*

ΧΟΛΟΣ, *δ*, *like χολή*, in *physical sense, gall, bile*, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή. *II.* bitter anger, wrath, *Lat. bilis*; χόλον σβέσαι, *παύσαι*, *to smother, get rid of, wrath*: *c. gen., χόλος τινός* either *rage towards another* or *another's rage towards oneself.* Hence

χολάω, *f. άσω*, *to stir one's gall or bile*: hence *to make angry, embitter.* *II.* *Med.* and *Pass.*, *f.*

χολώσσομαι, *paullō-post fut. κεχολώσσομαι*: *aor. I med. έχολώσαμην*, *pass. έχολώσθην*: *pf. pass. κεχόλω-
μαι*: — *to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered*; *κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with a person.*

χολώθεις, *είσα*, *έν*, *aor. I pass. part.* of χολάω.

χολώθην, *Ep. aor. I pass.* of χολάω.

χολωσμέν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of χολάω.

χολωτός, *ῆ*, *όν*, *verb. Adj.* of χολάω, *angry, wrath-
ful, passionate.*

χόνδρος, *δ*, *a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica*; ἄλς χόνδροι *lumps of salt.* 2. *wheat-groats.* 3.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείγειν* to sip gruel.

χονδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*χύνδρος*) like groats; *χονδροί ἄλεις* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοί ἄλεις*, fine salt.

χός, see *χούς*.

χορ-άγων, *χορ-ᾄγός*, Dor. and Att. for *χορηγ-*.

χόρδευμα, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

From

χορδεύω, f. σω, (*χορδή*) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πρᾶγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (*χορεύω*) a dancing: the choral dance.

χόρευμα, ατος, τό, (*χορεύω*) a choral dance.

χορευτικός, verb. Adj. of *χορεύω*, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (*χορεύω*) a choral dancer; θεοῦ *χορευτής* the votary of a god.

χορεύω; fut. -εύσω: aor. I ἐχόρευσα: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐχόρευσάμην: Pass., aor. I ἐχορεύθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (*χορός*):—to join in the dance,

to dance; to form a chorus, perform the part of a chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognate, *χορείας χορεύειν* to ply the dance; *φροῖμον χορεύσομαι* I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., *κεχόρευται* ἡμῖν our dance has been danced.

II. trans. to celebrate with choral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. *χορηγῶ*: f. ἴσω: (*χορηγός*):—to lead a chorus.

II. in Att. of the *χορηγός*, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; *χορηγεῖν ταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖς* to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; *χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος* the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them.

III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of *χορηγός*: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργία.

II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορηγός*) of or for a *χορηγός*; *χορηγικοὶ ἀγῶνες* rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορηγίον Dor. and Att. *χοράγιον*, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. *χορᾰγός*, ὁ, (*χορός*, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = *κορυφαῖος*: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus.

II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ιαμβος, ὁ, (*χόριος*, ἱαμβος) in metre, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorus* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἱπποῦμῆδων*.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορός*) of or for a choral dance; τὸ *χορικόν* the choral song.

ΧΟΡΙΟΝ, τό, skin, leather, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb, *χαλεπὸν χορίῳ κύνα γεῦσαι* 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto*.

χόριος, ὁ, (*χορός*) a metrical foot, = *τροχαῖος* or *trochee*, e. g. ἱππός.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*χορός*, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = *χοραγός* or *κορυφαῖος*, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (*χορός*, ἥθος) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλής, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (*χορός*, θαλεῖν) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μάνια, ἡ, (*χορός*, μανία) a rage for dancing.

χοροι-τύπια, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, ον, (*χορός*, τύπειν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. *χοροῖντυπος*, ον, pass.

played to the choral dance.

χορο-μᾶνής, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (*χορός*, μανῆμαι) mad after dancing.

χοροδόνει, Adv. (*χορός*) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, and *χορο-παίκτης*, ον, ὁ, (*χορός*, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χορός*, ποιέω) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3.

generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, *χορός ἀστρων* the company of the stars; *χορός καλᾶμων* a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the *χορός κυκλικός* performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the *χóρος τραγικός* consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the *καμικός* of twenty-four, and the *σατυρικός*. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (*χορὸν ἔδωκε*) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called *χορηγός*: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called *χοροδιδάσκαλος*.

χορτάζω, f. άσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence

χορτάσια, ή, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΡΤΟΣ, ό, a feeding-place; αύλης εν χόρτω in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντος the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σίτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφέλητης, ου, ό, (χορίς, ώφέλειω) helping or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, ό and ή, gen. χούς; dat. χού; acc. χού: plur. χούες, χούων, χουσί, χούας: but also, gen. χούας, acc. χούα [α] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. of Χόες the feast of Pithers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοῦς, ό, gen. χού, acc. χούιν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

χόω, see χώννυμι.

χραίνω, f. χράνω: aor. I έχράνα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράσμαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραισμησαι: aor. 2 χραίσμων, 3 sing. subj. χραίσμη and -ησι, inf. χραισμείν:—like άμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo: άλεθρόν τινι χραισμείν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμείν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήτιον, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράσμαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (A), Aeol. χραύω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερός ό έχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρήης, χρήσθα = χρήζεις.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρέω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I έχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχήρσομαι, aor. I έχρήσθην: pf. κέχηρμαι and κέχηρμαι.—χράω contracts ας into η, as χρής, χρή, inf. χρήν, etc., but Ion. into α, as χράς, χρά, χράν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρέόμενος, έχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλήν Διός ανθρώποισιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2. Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; το χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεχηρμένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχή χρησόμενος Θηβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρήσθαι μαντήϊω, χρηστηρίω, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράσμαι to use; see below. II. in aor. I έχρησα, pf. κέχηρκα, with the pres. κίχηρμι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχηρμαι, aor. 2 έχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, όμματα χρησόμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes.

III. the Med. χράσμαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχηρμαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσί γάρ κέχηρ* άγαθήσιν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; όργή ή θυμώ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εύτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; όμολογία χρήσθαι to come to an agreement: ώνή και πράσει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periph. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρω χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνην to follow a trade; χρήσθαι άνομία to practise lawlessness.

3. χρήσθαι τινι εις τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτω; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ότι βουλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; άπορέαν ύ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it. 4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ές φίλιν, ως πολεμίων to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν έαυτόν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., όι χρώμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., ούτω χρώνται όι Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' άγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχηρμαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; του κέχηρμένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεχηρμένος occurs in the regular sense of χράσμαι, as συμφορή κεχηρμένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. έχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αϊ νηες ούκ έχρήσθην the ships were not used.

χρέά, Ep. shortened for χρέα, acc. pl. of χρέος. χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράσμαι.

·χρέα, ἡ, (χράομαι) use, Lat. usus : advantage, service : τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρέα use things of no use or service : in plur. services. 2. using, usance, use; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις having and using. 3. of persons, acquaintance, intimacy. II. like Lat. opus, need, necessity; ἐν χρέα εἶναι or γίνεσθαι τινος to be in need, want of a thing. 2. want, poverty, lack : c. gen. want, lack of a thing. 3. need of a person's help, hence a request on the score of necessity : generally, a request. 4. a needful matter, business; ἐν πάσαις ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρέα in all functions of the body.

χρεῖη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρεῖν.

χρεῖος, τό, Ep. for χρεός.

χρεῖος, ον, (χρή) useful : needful, fitting. II.

act. needing, being in want of, c. gen. : absol. needy.

χρεώ, Ep. for χρεώ, χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρεώ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, Ep. for χρεώ.

χρεμετίζω, f. ἰσω, to neigh, snort, Lat. binnire, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, a neighing.

χρεμισαν, shortd. poet. for ἐχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of χρεμετίζω.

ΧΡΕΜΠΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. to hawk and spit, expectorate.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι : part. χρεόμενος.

χρεόν, Ion. for χρεών.

χρεός, τό, gen. χρεέος contr. χρεούς : Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρεᾶ Att. χρεᾶ : Ep. nom. sing. χρεῖος Att. χρεῖος : (χράομαι, χρή) : I. like χρεῖα, want, need. II. a needful matter, business, affair; κατὰ χρεός τινας ἐλθεῖν to come for need of a person or thing; ἐφ' ὃ τι χρεός ἐμώλετε; for what need came ye?—also, like χρήμα, a thing. III. a debt;

χρεῖος ὀφείλεται μοι a debt is due to me; χρεός ἀποδιδύναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover debts; τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε he left all property in outstanding debts. 2. metaph. a debt, trespass, sin. 3. a debt, due, duty; κατὰ χρεός according to what is due : hence a promise due, ὥρᾱς τίνων χρεός to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse.

χρεώ, Ion. for χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρεώ Ep. χρεώ, gen. ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ : (χρεός, χρεῖα) :—want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish, c. gen.; χρεῖω ἐμείω want, need of me; ἵν' οὐ χρεῖω πείσματος ἔστιν where there is no need of a cable. 2. in phrase, χρεῖω ἱκάνεται want or necessity arises, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῖω τύσων ἵκει; to whom doth necessity come so much? so also with γίγνομαι and εἶμι, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῖω γίγνεται νῆς need of a ship comes upon me; οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῖω ἔσται τυμβοχοῆς nor will need of a grave come upon him. 3. hence χρεῖω is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίποτε δὲ σε χρεῖω [sc. ἱκάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὐτέ με ταύτης χρεῖω τιμῆς no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῖω νεῶν ἐπιβαινόμενον need does not at all

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [χρεῖω in Homer is used as a monosyllable, χρεῶ.]

χρεώμενος, Ion. for χράμενος, part. of χράομαι.

χρεών, τό, Ion. χρεόν, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc. : properly a part. neut. from χρεῶ (Ion. for χράω), = τὸ χρεὼν γίγνεσθαι, *that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity*; χρεῶν or χρεόν ἐστι it is fated or necessary, it must be :—absol. χρεῶν, *it being necessary, since it was necessary*. 2. *that which is expedient or right* : absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῶν ἀρχετε ye rule not rightfully. [ὕ —, but sometimes poet. χρεῶν as one long syllable.]

χρεώνται, Ion. for χράνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.

χρεώς, τό, Att. for χρεός, a debt.

χρεώστης, ου, ὁ, (χρεῶς) a debtor.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, (χρεῶς, ὀφείλω) a debtor.

χρή or χρή, ἡ, = χρεῖα II, need, necessity.

χρή, impers. : subjunct. χρή; optat. χρεῖη : inf. χρήναι, poet. also χρήν : impf. ἐχρήν and χρήν : fut. χρήσει : (for part., see χρεῶν) :—*it is fated, necessary* : c. inf. *it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, meet*.

2. like δεῖ, Lat. oportet, decet, c. acc. pers. et inf. : *one must needs do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do*.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίποτε μάχης ἀποπαύσαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή why retest thou from the battle? *it behoves thee not* (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης).

3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀπροσύνης thou hast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; οὐ σε χρή ἐτ' αἰδοῦς thou hast no longer need of shame.

II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can*; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι; how is it to get through this? III. τὸ χρήν fate, destiny.

χρή, shortened for χρήζει.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf. : Ep. and Ion. χρήζω : Dor. χρήσδω and χρήδω : (χρεῖα) :—*to need, want, lack, have need of* : absol. in part. χρηζών, needy, poor. 2. to desire, long for : to ask, crave, desire, Lat. sollicitare :—c. gen. rei, to ask or demand a thing.

3. μή ἐχρήξες θανεῖν, like μή ὤφελες, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not ! ! 4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for εἰ χρήζει, if one will, if one choozes : hence wish-ing well, well-inclined.

χρήζω, like χράω I, to deliver an oracle, foretell.

χρηῖα, ἡ, Ion. for χρεῖα, use, need.

χρηζέω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήζω.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, to use, make use of.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (χράομαι) a thing that one uses or needs : mostly used in plur. goods, money : proverb., κρείσσαν χρημάτων superior to money, i. e. inaccessible to bribes.

II. a thing, matter, business, affair, event; κινεῖν πᾶν χρήμα to set everything in motion, 'to leave no stone unturned.' a dealing, business;

transaction, like Lat. *res*. 2. *χρῆμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, *τί χρῆμα*; for *τί*; *what*? 3. *χρῆμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, *μέγα σὺς χρῆμα* a huge monster of a boar; *τοῦ χειμῶνος χρῆμα ἀφόρητον* the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χρῆμα πολλῶν ἄρδων, νεῶν*, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; *ὅσον τὸ χρῆμα παρόντων* what a lot of locusts; *μέγα χρῆμα Λακωνῶν* a great host of Laconian women.

χρηματίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: pf. *κεχρημάτω*: (*χρημα*)—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. *χρηματίζομαι*, f.—*οῖμαι*, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another.

III. in late Greek, the Act. *χρηματίζω* means to bear a title or name; *χρηματίζει βασιλεὺς* he takes the title of king; *οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐχρημάτισαν πρῶτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ* the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρηματικός, ὁ, ὄν, (*χρημα*) of or for money. *χρηματίσις*, εως, ἡ, and *χρηματισμός*, ὁ, (*χρημα*-) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρηματιστέον, verb. Adj. of *χρηματίζω*, one must make money.

χρηματιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ὁ, ὄν, fitted for money-making; *χρηματιστικὸς οἶκός* an omen portending gain.

χρηματοδάλτης, οὗ, ὁ, (*χρῆμα*, *δατέομαι*) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρηματοποιός, ὄν, (*χρήματα*, *ποιέω*) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) = *χρεία*, need, want, lack. *χρῆναι*, inf. of *χρή*.

χρησδω, Dor. for *χρήσθω*.

χρῆς, *χρήσθα*, shortd. for *χρήσεις*, see *χράω* (B) π. *χρήσιμος*, ὃν, also *ος*, *ον*: (*χράομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ *χρήσιμον* use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for *χρησίμως*, acc. pl. of *χρήσιμος*.

χρήσις, εως, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. *usus*. II. (*χράω* c) an oracle.

χρησμολογέω, f. *ήσω*, to utter oracles, divine. From *χρησμο-λόγος*, *ον*, (*χρησμός*, *λέγω*) uttering oracles, divining; *χρησμολόγος ἀνὴρ* a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, *ποιέω*) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, ὁ, (*χράω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρησμοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) like *χρημοσύνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμοφύλας, ἄκος, ὁ, (*χρησμός*, *φύλαξ*) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμφέω, f. *ήσω*, (*χρησμφός*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophecy. Hence

χρησμφαδία, ἡ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμφδικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. —*κώς*. From

χρησμφός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, *φῆθι*) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χρησμφός*, ὁ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *κίχρημι*, to lend.

χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, one must use.

χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (*χρηστός*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάζω, f. *άσω*, like *χράω*, to give oracles, prophecy:—in Med., like *χράομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χρηστηριάσθαι θεῷ* to consult a god; *ἰροῖσι χρηστηριάσθαι* to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response. II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χρηστήριος*.

χρηστήριος, α, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (*χράω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστις, ὃς, ὄν, gen. pl. *χρήστων* (to distinguish it from *χρηστῶν*, gen. pl. of *χρηστός*): (*χράω*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χράομαι*) a debtor.

χρηστολογέω, f. *ήσω*, (*χρηστολόγος*) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ἡ, fair-speaking: a kind address. *χρηστο-λόγος*, *ον*, (*χρηστός*, *λέγω*) speaking fairly.

χρηστός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, like *χρήσιμος*, useful, serviceable: *χρηστά*, *τά*, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; *τελευτὴ χρηστὴ* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χρηστός εἰ* you are a nice fellow.

2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, *ητος*, ἡ, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like *εὐθθεια*.

χρίμα, *ατος*, τό, = *χρίσμα*.

χρίμπτω, f. *ψω*: also as Dep. *χρίμπτομαι*, f. *χρίμφομαι*; aor. I med. *ἐχρίμψαμην*, pass. *ἐχρίμφην*, part. *χρίμψθεις*:—poet. for *χρίω*, to touch the surface

of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. *radere*, *stringere*; *χρῖμθελς πέλας* grazing close:—more generally, to come nigh, draw near, *ἀπρροαχ*, c. dat.; *δόμοις χρίμπεσθαι* to draw near the house. 2.

also intr. in Act., to come or keep near: also with *πόδα* added, *πόδας χρίμπονσα* *βαχίαισι* keeping her feet close to the shore; so, *ἐπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἔχριμπτ' αἰεὶ σίριγγα* he kept the axle close upon the post.

χρίσαν, Ep. for *ἐχρίσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρίω*.

χρίσμα, ατος, τό, (χρίω) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.

Χριστιανός, ό, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *χρίω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά* salves. II.

anointed; τό *χριστόν* anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός*, ό, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

ΧΡΙΩ, f. *χρίσω* [ί]: aor. I *ἐχρίσα* Ep. *χρίσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρίσθην*: pf. *κέχριμαι*:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρίομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρίσάμην*, to anoint oneself; *χρίσθαι* *ιούς* to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; *χρίσθαι* τό *σώματα* *μύλτρν* to dye their bodies with vermilion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, *χροῖ*, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρώς*.

χροιά, ή, Ep. and Ion. *χροιή*, Att. also *χρόα*: (χρώς)—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion;

χροιάν *ἀλλάσσειν* to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χροῖζω, f. *ίω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (χρόα):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch:—Med. *χροῖζομαι*, to touch another person, to lie with.

χρόμαδος, ό, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ίω* Att. *ιώ*, (χρόνος) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, hold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off:—Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνος, α, όν, and Att. *ος*, *ον*: (χρόνος):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time;

χρόνιος *εἰμι* *ἀπὸ* *βοπᾶς* I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι* *πολέμοι* lasting wars: lingering, delaying:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ό, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον* for a while; *πολύν* *χρόνον* for a long time;

τόν *αἰ* *χρόνον* for ever; *ὀλίγον* *χρόνον* in a short time; *πόσῳ* *χρόνον*; for how long? *χρόνῳ* in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνά* *χρόνον* in course of time: *διὰ* *χρόνον* after an interval; *ἐκ* *πολλοῦ* *χρόνον* long ago; *ἐν* *χρόνῳ* in time, at length; *ἐν* *τός* *χρόνον* within a certain time; *ἐπὶ*

χρόνον for a time: *ἐς* *χρόνον* till aftertime. II.

time of life; *χρόνῳ* *βραδύς* slow from his time of life.

χρονο-τρίβω, (χρόνος, τρίβω) to waste time, loiter. *χρός*, gen. of *χρώς*.

χρυσ-ἀλάκατος, *ον*, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.

χρυσ-ἀμοιβός, ό, (χρυσός, ἀμείβω) changing gold or gold money: metaph., “*Ἀρρς σωματῶν χρυσαμοιβός* Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

χρυσ-ἀμπυξ, ύκος, ό, ή, (χρυσός, ἀμπυξ) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.

χρυσ-άνθης, *ες*, gen. *έος*, (χρυσός, άνθος) with flower of gold.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

χρυσ-ανταναγής, *ες*, (χρυσός, άνταναγής) reflecting a golden light.

χρυσ-άσπος, *ον*, (χρυσός, άσπ) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρυσ-άρματος, *ον*, (χρυσός, άρμα) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρυσ-ασπίς, *ιδος*, ό, ή, (χρυσός, άσπίς) with shield of gold. [v]

χρυσ-αύγης, *ες*, gen. *έος*, (χρυσός, αύγή) gold-gleaming.

χρυσ-άωρ, *oros*, ό, ή, (χρυσός, άσπ) = χρυσάωρος.

χρυσείον, τό, (χρυσός) mostly in plur., χρυσεία, τά, gold mines, in full *χρυσεία μέταλλα*.

χρύσεος, *η*, *ον*, poet. for *χρύσεος*.

χρυσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, *ον*, (χρυσός, έλέφας, ήλεκτρον) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

χρυσεο-βόστρυχος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, βόστρυχος) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρυσεό-δημτος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, δέμω) built or formed of gold.

χρυσεό-κμητος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, κάμνω) wrought of gold.

χρυσεό-κύκλος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, κύκλος) with disk of gold.

χρυσεό-μαλλος, *ον*, = χρυσόμαλλος.

χρυσεο-μήτρης, *ου*, ό, = χρυσομήτρης.

χρυσεό-νωτος, *ον*, = χρυσόνωτος.

χρυσεο-πήληξ, *ηκος*, ό, ή, (χρύσεος, πήληξ) with helm or casque of gold.

χρυσεο-πήνητος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, πήνη) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρύσεος, *η*, *ον*, and *ος*, *ον*; Att. contr. *χρυσούς*, *ή*, *οῦν*; Ep. *χρύσεος*, *η*, *ον*, (χρυσός):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσούν τινα* *ιστάναι* to raise a statue of gold to one. 2.

χρυσεία μέταλλα gold mines; see *χρυσείον*. II. gold-coloured, of golden hue.

III. metaph. golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, *χρυσήν*, *χρυσήν*, *χρυσέου*, *χρυσέφ*, etc. must be pronounced as spondee.

χρυσεο-σάνδαλος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, σάνδαλον) with sandals of gold; *ύκνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον* the step of golden sandals.

χρυσεο-στέφανος, *ον*, = χρυσοστέφανος.

χρυσεό-στολμος, *ον*, *οι* *χρυσεό-στολος*, *ον*, (χρύσεος, στέλλω) decked or dight with gold.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ov*, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρυσό-φάλαρος, *ov*, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) *with* *trappings of gold*.

Χρῦσις, *ιδος, ἡ*, patronym. of Χρύσης, *ov, ὁ*, *daughter of Chryses*.

χρῦσ-ηλεκάτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ηλεκάτη) *with* *spindle or arrow of gold*.

χρῦσ-ήλατος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ἐλαίνω) *beaten out of gold, of beaten gold*.

χρῦσ-ήνιος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ἡνία) *with* *reins of gold*.

χρῦσ-ήρης, *es, gen. eos*, (χρυσός, ἀρᾶν) *furnished or decked with gold, golden*.

χρῦσιδιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρύσιον, *a small piece of gold*.

χρύσιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσός, *a piece of gold, gold in general; anything made of gold, gold coin, money; ἀργύριον καὶ χρύσιον silver and gold money; but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum*. II. as a term of endearment, *my little treasure!*

χρῦσις, *ιδος, ἡ*, (χρυσός) *a vessel of gold*. 2. *a golden dress*.

χρῦσίτης [ῖ], *ov, ὁ*, fem. χρῦσίτις, *ιδος*, (χρυσός) *like gold, containing a proportion of gold*.

χρῦσο-βάφης, *es*, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) *gilded, gold-embroidered*.

χρῦσο-βωλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, βῶλος) *with* *soil containing gold*.

χρῦσο-γονος, *ov*, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) *born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaë*.

χρῦσο-δαίδαλτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) *richly wrought with gold*.

χρῦσο-δακτύλιος, *ov*, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) *with a gold ring*. [κτῦ]

χρῦσό-δετος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (χρυσός, δέω) *bound with gold, set in gold; overlaid with gold*.

χρῦσο-έθειρ, *ειρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ἔθειρα) *with golden hair*.

χρῦσο-εἰδής, *es*, (χρυσός, εἶδος) *like gold*.

χρῦσο-ζυγος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ζυγόν) *with* *yoke of gold*.

χρῦσό-θριξ, -τρίχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, θρίξ) *golden-haired*.

χρῦσό-θρονος, *ov*, (χρυσός, θρόνος) *on* *throne of gold, gold-embroned*.

χρῦσο-κάρηνος Dor. -ᾶνος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) *with* *head of gold*. [κᾶ]

χρῦσό-κερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, and χρῦσό-κερως, *ov*, *gen. ω: (χρυσός, κέρας):—with* *horns of gold*. II. *with* *gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice*.

χρῦσο-κόλλητος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or wrought of gold; generally, of gold, golden*.

χρῦσό-κολλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or inlaid with gold*.

χρῦσο-κόμης, *ὁ, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *be of the golden hair: ὁ Χρυσοκόμης the golden-haired, for Apollo*.

χρῦσό-κομος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *golden-haired: with* *golden plumage*.

χρῦσο-κρόταλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κρόταλον) *rattling or ringing with gold*.

χρῦσο-λίθος, *ἡ*, (χρυσός, λίθος) *the chrysolith or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz*.

χρῦσολογέω, *f. ἦσω, to talk of gold*. II. *to collect gold, i. e. money*. From

χρῦσο-λόγος, *ov*, (χρυσός, λέγω) *speaking of gold*.

χρῦσο-λογχος, *ov*, (χρυσός, λόγχη) *with* *golden spear*.

χρῦσό-λοφος, *α, ov*, (χρυσός, λóφος) *with* *golden crest*.

χρῦσο-λύρης, *ov, ὁ*, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) *with* *golden lyre*. [λῦ]

χρῦσό-μαλλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, μαλλός) *with* *golden fleece*.

χρῦσο-μάνης, *es*, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) *mad after gold*.

χρῦσο-μηλολόνη, *ἡ*, (χρυσός, μηλολόνη) *the gold-beetle or cockbeater*. Hence

χρῦσο-μηλολόνηιον or -όντιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρῦσομηλολόνη, *a little cockbeater: used as a term of endearment*.

χρῦσο-μίτρης, *ov, ὁ*, (χρυσός, μίτρα) *with* *girdle or head-band of gold*. [μῖ]

χρῦσό-μορφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, μορφή) *in the shape or likeness of gold*.

χρῦσό-νωτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, νῶτος) *with* *golden back: covered with gold; χρυσόνωτος ἡνία a rein studded with gold*.

χρῦσό-πατος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πάσσω) *sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσόπατος τήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours*.

χρῦσο-πέδιλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) *with* *sandals of gold*.

χρῦσό-πεπλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πέπλον) *with* *robe of gold*.

χρῦσο-πήληξ, *ηκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, πήληξ) *with* *helmet or casque of gold*.

χρῦσο-πλόκαμος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) *with* *tresses of gold*.

χρῦσο-ποιός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ποιέω) *working in gold: as* Subst., χρυσοποιός, *ὁ*, *a goldsmith*.

χρῦσό-πράσος, *ὁ*, (χρυσός, πράσον) *the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour*.

χρῦσό-πτερος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πτερόν) *with* *wings of gold*.

χρῦσό-ραψις, *ὁ*, poet. for χρυσόραπτις.

χρῦσό-ροος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ῥέω) *streaming with gold*.

χρῦσό-ροφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ὀροφή) *with* *golden roof or ceiling*.

χρῦσόρ-ραπίς, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ραπίς) *with* *wand of gold*.

χρῦσόρ-ρῦτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ῥέω) *flowing with gold, in a stream of gold*.

ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, *ὄν, ὁ*, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός κοῖλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἀπεφθός refined gold; λευκός χρυσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver.

χρῦσο-στέφανος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στέφανος) *gold-crowned*.

χρυσό-στομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσό-τέκτων, *ονος, ὁ*, a worker in gold, goldsmith.

χρυσότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold.

χρυσό-τευχής, *ἐς*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσό-τρίαινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [Ὶ]

χρυσό-οὔατος, *ον*, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσός, *ῆ, οὖν*, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

χρυσό-φάνενος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαής.

χρυσό-φαής, *ἐς*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσό-φεγγής, *ἐς*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσόφορέω, *ῖ, ῆσω*, to wear gold or golden apparel.

From

χρυσό-φόρος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ, ῆ*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φῦ]

χρυσό-χαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, ἰδος.

χρυσό-χάλινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [ἀ]

χρυσό-χειρ, -χειρος, *ὁ, ῆ*, (χρυσός, χεῖρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χίτων, *ωνος, ὁ, ῆ*, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold. [χῖ]

χρυσόχομος, *τό*, the shop of a goldsmith. From

χρυσόχομος, *ῖ, ῆσω*, (χρυσόχομος) to be a goldsmith

or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσόχοικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner: χρυσοχοικῆν τέχνην ἐργάσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσό-χόος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσοχόος, *ὁ*, one who gilds the horns of a victim: a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χροος, *ον* contr. -χρους, *ονν*, (χρυσός, χρῶα) gold-coloured.

χρυσός, *ῖ, ὦσω*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσοί, gen. of χρυσός.

χρυσώμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρυσῶω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ῶ]

χρυσῶ-ανέω, (χρυσός, ἀνέμαι) to buy or change gold.

χρυσῶ-ᾠπης, *ον, ὁ*, fem. -ᾠπης, ἰδος, = χρυσῶπός.

χρυσῶ-ὀπός, *όν*, (χρυσός, ᾠψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρυσῶσις, *εως, ὁ*, (χρυσῶω) a gilding. [ῶ]

χρυσῶ-ᾠψ, ᾠπος, *ὁ, ῆ*, (χρυσός, ᾠψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χρᾶου, pres. imperat. of χρᾶμαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρῶς.

χρῶς, *ῖ*, χρῶσω: aor. I ἐχρῶσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρῶσθην: pf. κέχρωμαι: (χρῶς):—like χροῖζω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp. 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρῶννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; μεθίσταται τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III.

metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. IV. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρωματικῇ (sc. μουσικῇ) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωματίον, *τό*, (χρῶμα) a colour, paint, dye. [ᾠ]

χρῶννυμι, = χρῶω.

χρῶς, *ὁ*, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρωτα: Ion. χρῶός, χρῶτ, χρῶα: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χρῶιά and χρῶμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame.

2. ἐν χρῶτ, Att. ἐν χρῶ, close to the skin; ἐν χρῶτ κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶτ it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶτ παραπλεῖν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's radere litus.

II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρῶς τρέπεται his colour changes.

χρωστήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (χρῶω) one who colours or dyes: χρωστήρ μόλυβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, *ῖ, ῖσω*, (χρῶς) like χρῶω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τὴν φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χῦδην [ῦ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry.

χῦθην, *ῖ*, Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. III. abundantly, utterly.

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χυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2.

of dry things, heaped up; χυτὴ γαῖα a mound of earth.

2. as Subst., χυτοί, οἱ, mounds, dykes, dams.

II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτραις ἰδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτεριος, α, ὄν, = χυτρεός, of earthenware: τὰ χύτερια earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χυτρεός, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτερεύς, ἐὺς, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χυτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίς, a small pot. [ῥ]

χυτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χυτρίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χυτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χυτρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae.

II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Antheisteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χῶεο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶομαι.

χωλαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (χωλός) to be or go lame.

χωλεῖω, (χωλός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

χωλ-ἱαμβος, ὁ, (χωλός, ἱαμβος) a lame or halting iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called σκάζων.

χωλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χωλός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed.

II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χῶμα, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χῶν, part. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χώνη, ἡ, contr. from χῶανη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι, aor. χῶω: aor. I ἐχῶσα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσονται: aor. I ἐχῶσθην: pf. κέχωσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χῶν, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or heap up; χῶματα χῶν to heap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury;

χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

ΧΩΛΟΜΑΙ, f. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶμένος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶεσθαι φρέσιν ἦσιν: c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μὴ μοι τύδε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

Χῶρα Ion. χώρα, ἡ, = χῶπος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χῶραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χῶραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; εἰς χῶραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; εἰς ἃν χῶραν λάβη τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραπόδων χῶρᾳ εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χῶρᾳ εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi.

II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χῶρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager.

3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χῶπος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν πρὸς Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him.

II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἦπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χωρεῖ τοῦργον the work advances not.

3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανόνα; ὁ κρητὴρ χωρεῖ ἑκατοβρέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χαρίον, a little spot. [ῥ]

χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίσθαι: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶπος and χῶρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort.
landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κεῖται χωρίς ὁ νεκρός the corpse lies apart. 2. separately, one by one. 3. χωρίς μὲν . . , χωρίς δέ . . , on one side . . , on the other, by themselves . . , by themselves . . 4. χωρίς ἢ ὅσοι except so many as . . ; χωρίς ἢ except; χωρίς ἢ ὅτι except that.

II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίς τό τ' εἰπεῖν πολλά καὶ τὰ καίρια it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., without: without the help or will of; χωρίς θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the favour of the gods. 2. separate from, apart from; χωρίς ὀμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes. 3. independent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation.

χωρίτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ιδος, (χώρα, χωρός) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτις, ιδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, beseming a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κῶς, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio:

c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος τῆς Ἀραβίης the tract of Arabia. 2. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανθάνω, χάζομαι.)

Χῶρος, ον, ὁ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ἡσώ, (χώρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὡς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χῶσαι.

χωσθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χῶσις, εως, ἡ, (χῶσαι) a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσους, crasis for καὶ ὄσους.

χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, heaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral ψ' = 700, but ψ = 700,000.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = πσ, βσ, or φσ. The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ξ: see H, η.

Changes of ψ, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older πσ was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλοπς for Πέλοψ.

II. ψ was resolved into σπ, as, ἀσπίνθιον for ἀψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ.

III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψιχος for κόσσυφος.

IV. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάματος.

ψαθύρῳ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροῖς οἶμον αἰθέρος to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. II. intr. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστόν, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τὰ ψαιστόα (sub. πέματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, masc. Adj. that which wipes off.

ψαίω, f. σῶ, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. σῶω, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὕει, etc., ψακάζει it drizzles.

ψακάς later ψεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; ἀργυρίου μηδὲ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμον ψακάς grains of sand. 2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to ὄμβρος; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάς a shower of blood.

ψαλιδο-στομος, ον, (ψαλῖς, στόμα) having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψαλιζω: fut. ἴσω and ἴξω Att. ὦ: (ψαλῖς):—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψαλῖς, ιδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. forfex.

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthd. from ψάω: f. ψᾶλῶ: aor. I ἐψηλα: pf. ἐψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τόξον νευρὰν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp. 3. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence

ψάλλα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χάρης, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delighting in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ῆρος, also της, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper.

ψάλτρια, ἡ, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, ὅσα ψάματος τε κόνις τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψᾶ]

ψάμαθ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψάματος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψαμαθών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-pits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακοσίον-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρ-γαροι) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as heaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκιστοι, αι, α, sand-hundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατον, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δις ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ὄν, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμμιος, α, ὄν, = ψάμμινος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης (ῖ), ὄν, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἰδος, (ψάμμος) of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ὁ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb, ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, es, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψάνος, Dor. for ψήνός.

ψάρ, ψάρός, Ion. ψήρ, ψήρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat. sturnus.

ψάρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ψάρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or speckled; ψάρος ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψάω, f. ψάσω: aor. ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαυόν κούρην φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψαυσας ἀλγεινοτάτας ἐμοὶ μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον οἶτον thou hast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-told fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπέγνω ψαυών τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομοῖς γλώσσαις he knew too late that he had attacked the god with abusive speech.

II. to touch as an enemy, lay hands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψαφᾶριτης, ὄν, ὁ, fem. -ῖτις, ἰδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψαφᾶρός, ἁ, ὄν Ion. ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency.

II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφάρα the shore, opp. to ἄλς.

ψαφᾶρό-τρίχους, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy hair or coat.

ψαφᾶρό-χροος, ὄν contr. -χρους, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, χροά) rough on the surface.

ψαφίγξ, ψάφος, Dor. for ψήφιγξ, ψήφος.

ΨΑΩ [α], ψῆς, ψῆ, inf. ψῆν (for the regular forms ψῆς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψῆσω: Pass., aor. ἔψῆσθην: pf. ἔψημαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. ἔψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινα περὶ τινος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-headed.

ψεθύρος or ψεθυρός, ἁ, ὄν, = ψιθυρός.

ψέλω, Ep. for ψάω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω, ψεκᾶς, see ψακάξω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. —τῶς.

ΨΕΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελίο-φόρος, ὄν, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence ψευδαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [ᾶ]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξίς, vos, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξος) a false, barren vine. [μάμ]

ψευδ-ἄπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false apostle.

Ψευδ-ἀρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-measure: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ἀτράφαξ, vos, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξ) false orchard, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἀττικός) false Attic, sham Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sham deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sham ambushade.

ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδιγορεύω, f. ἦσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδ-ηλογέω, f. ἦσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τά, falsehoods:—ψευδεὶς λόγοι fallacies.

II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ὄν, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδης, vos, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or lying berald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεύω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδό-λιτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδό-νιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογίω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἥσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλ-
λῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὅρος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νιτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδύλιτρος.

ψευδο-νυμφεutos, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφεutos γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-πάρθενος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὅν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδορκος) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδο-ορκιος, ον, (ψευδής, ὅρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψεύδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, ὅρκος)=ψευδορκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδο-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-φήμος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδο-χριστος, ὁ, (ψευδής, χριστόν) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἔψευσα: Pass., aor. I ἔψευσθην: pf. ἔψευσαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἔψευσάς με ἐλπίδος thou hast defrauded me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθῆναι δειπνον to be cheated of a supper; ἔψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν ἐνάλιστα ἔψευστα the third mode of explanation is most untrue.

II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευσθεῖσα ὑπόσχεσις the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἔψευσάμην: pf. pass. ἔψευσμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn. II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐφέσαντο τὰς ἀπειλὰς they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἔψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money. III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδώς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψευσι-στυς, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) hating falsehood and fraud.

ψεύσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ἥσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ου, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφνός, ἡ, ὅν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψη, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψη, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψηγμα, ατος, τό, (ψηχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψηγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψηγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψηκτρα, ἡ, (ψηχω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ἥσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφάων (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after.

II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, a touch: a caress. [λᾶ]

ΨΗΝ, ψηνός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (ὄλυνθος) and male palm. Hence

ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (ὄλυνθοι) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψηνές) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter.

II. to write a play called the Ψῆνες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. ψανός, ὁ, like ψενός or ψιλός, =φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψηῖς, εως, ἡ, (ψηχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψηρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling.

ψηῖσσα Att. ψηττα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to count or reckon. II.

Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I ἔψηφισάμην: pf. pass. ἐψήφισμαι: (ψηθω) —to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὕδριαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,

ψηφίζεσθαι τινι *to vote for any one.* 2. c. acc. *to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τινι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage; also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρὸν τινι ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one.* 3. c. inf. *to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἰ τοῦ προσδεύντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.*

ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψήφος) *a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.*

ψηφίσμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) *a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καθαιρεῖν to rescind a vote. ψηφισμὰ-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.*

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψήφος, ποιέω) *a making or tampering with votes.*

ψήφος Dor. ψῆφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) *a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble.* II. *a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus:—in plur. accounts, καθαρὰ ψήφοι an exact balance.* 2. in Att. *a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὕδρια), the vote itself; ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψήφῳ κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψήφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψήφος Ἀθηνᾶς, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψήφος, ballot, was different from that by κῶσμος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψήφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετρυνημένοι), the latter whole (πλήρεις).* 3. *the place of voting (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).*

ψήχω, f. ῥω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), *to rub down, curry a horse.* II. *to rub down, wear away.*

ΨΙΑΨΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. ἄσω, *to play, sport, dance, be merry.*

ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἡ, *a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.*

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, ἄος, ἡ, (ψίω) like ψακίς or ψεκίς, *a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.*

ΨΙΨΩ, f. ψίω: pf. pass. ἔψισμαι:—*to feed on rap.*

ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίσσω fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ψιθύρος):—*to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to*

mutter, mumble. 2. of any *whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.*

ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθύρίζω) *a whispering, rustling.*

ψιθύριςμός, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whispering.* 2. *a whispering of slander, slander.*

ψιθύριστης, οὔ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whisperer.* 2. *a tale-bearer, slanderer.*

ψιθύρος, ὧν, *whispering.* 2. *whispering, slanderous.* (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μερία, ἡ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) *heroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.*

ΨΙΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, bare, naked: c. gen. *stript bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλὴ ἄροσις a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδῖον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλὸν a champaign country of large extent and without trees; in full, γῆ ψιλὴ δενδρέων land bare of trees.* II. of animals, *stript of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus; ἴβις ψιλὴ κεφαλῇ the ibis without feathers on the head.* 2. generally, *unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλὴ σώματος οὕσα ἡ ψυχὴ the soul being divested of the body; ψιλὴ τρύμις the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλὴ θρίδαξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off.* III.

in Att. Prose, as a military term, of ψιλοί (sc. τῶν ὅπλων) *soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλιταί; ψιλὸς ἵππος a horse without housings: generally, unarmed, defenceless.* IV. ψιλὸς λόγος *language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence.* 2. *ψιλὴ ποίησις mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομερία.*

ψιλός, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλός):—*to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass. to become bald.* II.

c. gen. *to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείεστα τῆς δυνάμειος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless.* 2. *to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stript from the bones.*

ψιλῶς, Adv. of ψιλός, *simply, merely, only.*

ψιμίθιον, ψιμίως, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc. ψιμίθιον or ψιμιμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμύθος):—*white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face.* Hence

ψιμιυθίω, f. ὦσω, *to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμιυθίσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.*

ΨΙΜΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, *white lead.*

ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΙΞ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: *a crumb, morsel, bit.*

ψιττά, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.' ψιττάκος, ὁ, or ψιττάκης, ἡ, *a parrot.* (Foreign word.)

ψιχλον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, *a crumb of bread.*

ψίω, aor. I ἐψίσα, = ψίζω.

ψογερός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ψόγιος, ὁ, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγος, ὁ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψολός) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἡ, (ψολός, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δέης, ἑς, gen. ἑος, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at every noise. Adv. —ῶς, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ες, gen. εος, (ψόφος, μήδης) caring for noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣ, ὁ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σου ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφεῖν I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ες, (ψόφος, ἔδος) noisy, ranting.

ψυγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγήσονται, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύδος) = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψύδος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form

ψυδνός, lying untrue.

ψυθής, ἑς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, εος, τό, collat. form for ψεύθος, a lie. [v]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in

plur. of ψυκτήρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pullex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-word.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-archer, flea-knight, formed like ἵπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύσασα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξεις, εως, ἡ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττω, = ψύττα, σίττα.

ψυχ-αγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχάγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, persuasion.

ψυχ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχο-

πομπός. II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the

dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὁ, a necromancer.

ψυχ-ἁπάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψυχή, ἀπάτω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-denning.

ψυχενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχῆ, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχῆ τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχῆ τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.;

ποινὴν τῆς Αἰσώπου ψυχῆς ἀνελεῖσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχὴν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θείν περὶ ψυχῆς to fight, run for one's life.

II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. animus; ἀνθρώπου ψυχὴ ἄθανάτος ἐστὶ the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχῆ τιος is used for the man himself, e.g. ψυχῆ Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης:

ψυχαὶ absol. = ἀνθρώποι, ψυχαὶ πολλὰί ἐθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ὦ μελέα ψυχῆ O wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: desire, appetite.

III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψυχῆιος, ἡ, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [x]

ψυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II. mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life

only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δακτής, ὄν, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίω) destroying or killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπής, ἑς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul, lifeless.

ψυχό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἑς, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχο-ραγής, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχο-ρραγής, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

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ψυχο-ρραγής, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

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ψυχρο-δόχος, *ον*, (φυκρός, δέχομαι) *receiving what is cold*; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος *the cold-bath room*.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ῆ*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) *the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration*.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ον, ὁ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ-) Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a cold-water drinker*.

ψυχρός, *ἄ, ὢν*, (ψύχω) *cold, chill*, Lat. *frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρὸν (*sc. ὕδωρ*) *cold water*, Lat. *gelida* (*sc. aqua*); ψυχρῷ λούνται *they bathe in cold water*:—τὸ ψυχρὸν also = ψύχος, *cold*.

II. metaph. *cold, vain, fruitless, unreal*; ψυχρὰ νίκη *a delusive victory*: also *chilling, horrible*. 2. of persons, *cold-hearted, heartless, spiritless, indifferent*. 3. of exaggerated phrases, *cold, frigid*. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος, ῆ*, *coldness, chill*. II. metaph. of persons, *coldness of heart, indifference*. 2. of phrases, *frigidity*.

ψυχρῶ, *ῖ, ῶσα*, (ψυχρός) *to make cold*:—Pass. *to grow cold or cool*.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. of ψυχρός, *coldly, frigidly*.

ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *f. ψύω*: aor. I ἐψυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐψύχην (*sc. αὐτὸν*) *to breathe, blow*; ἦκα μάλα ψύσσα *breathing very faintly*. II. *to make cool or cold*: hence *to refresh, recruit*. 2. Pass. *to grow cool or cold*.

ψωλός, (ψάω) *ὁ, one circumcised*. 2. *a lewd fellow*.

ψωμίζω, *f. ἰσω* Att. ἰῶ (ψωμός):—*to feed by putting little bits into the mouth*, as nurses do children: hence *to pamper, feed, fatten*.

ψωμίον, τό, Dim. of ψωμός, *a morsel, crumb*.

ψωμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ψάω) *a bit, morsel, scrap*, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοὶ ἀνδρόμοι *gobbets of man's flesh*.

ψώρα Ion. ψόρη, *ῆ*, (ψάω) *a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange*, Lat. *scabies*.

ψωράλεος, *ἄ, ὢν*, (ψάω) *scabby, mangy*.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) *to rub in pieces, rub*.

*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, *to rub, rub in pieces*.

Ω

Ω, ω, ῶ μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral ω' = 800, but ω = 800,000. The name of ῶ μέγα, great or long o, was given to distinguish it from the ὀ μικρόν little or short o. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H. η.

Changes of ω in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for α, as ἀνθρωπος ἄριστος for ἀνθρώπος ἄριστος.

II. Ion. also for αυ, as ὠμα τραῦμα for θάυμα τραῦμα.

III. Aeol. and Dor., ω is often put for ου, as ἄρνας Μῶσα κῆρος λιπῶσα for οὐρανὸς Μοῦσα κούρος λιποῦσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βροτοῦ βροτούς.

IV. Dor. ω into ᾠ, as πῶτος πῶτιστος θεῶς into πᾶτος πᾶτιστος θεᾶς; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes *ᾠν*, as Μουσᾶν for Μουσῶν.

Ω and ῶ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! oh!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written ῶ, as an address ᾠ.

ῶα or ῶά ῆ, (ὄς) *a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it*. 2. *the edge or skirt of a garment*.

ῶπριον [ῶ], *ωνος, ὁ*, poet. for Ὀπριον. Hence ῶπριῶνος, *α, ὢν*, of Orion.

ῶας, *ατος, τό*, Dor. for οἶας, οἶς, *the ear*.

ῶγαθέ, with apostroph. ῶγάθ', contr. for ᾠ ἀγαθέ.

ῶγμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ῶζω) *a crying oh!*

ῶγγυλία, ῆ, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

ῶγυλός, *α, ὢν*, Att. also *ος, ὢν*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence *primeval, primal*. [ῶ]

ῶδᾱς, Dor. for ῶδῆς, gen. of ῶδή.

ῶδε Att. ὧδε, from ὧδῃ, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, *in this wise, so, thus*, also *so very, so exceedingly*: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, *in the following way, as follows*; ὧδ' ἡμεῖς παρὸν he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ῶδε γένους *thus off for family*. II. of Place, *hither, here*.

ῶδῃε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδειον, τό, (ῶδῆ) the Odæum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ῶδή, ῆ, contr. for δοῦδή, (ᾄδω, ᾄδω) *a song, lay, ode, strain*: in plur. *lyric poetry*.

ῶδῆκαντι, Dor. for ῶδῆκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδῆ, Att. strengthd. form of ὧδε. [ῶ]

ῶδικός, ῆ, ὢν, (ῶδῆ) *fond of singing, musical*. Adv. —κῶς, *musically, in good time or harmony*.

ῶδῖνας, acc. pl. of ὧδῖς.

ῶδῖνον [ῶ], *f. ἱνῶ*: aor. I ὧδῖνα: (ὧδῖς):—*to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour*: c. acc. *to be in travail of a child*: metaph. of a bee, κερρον ὧδῖναι *to be in labour with honey*. 2. of any great pain, *to be in travail, be in pangs or pains*. 3. *to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with*, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, *to be in the throes or agonies of thought*.

ῶδῖς, ῆ, *the pain of childbirth, travail-pain*; mostly in plur. *the pangs or throes of labour*. 2. in sing. also *the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child*. II. generally, *travail, pain, distress*. (Akin to ὧδῖν.)

ῶδο-ποιός, ὢν, (ῶδῆ, ποίεω) *making songs or odes*.

ῶδος, ὢ, contr. for δοῦδῶς, *a singer, minstrel*.

ῶδῶδε, poet. for ὧδῶδε, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὧζω.

ῶεον, τό, = ὧδῶν, an egg.

ῶζηναι, aor. I of ῶζω.

ῶζω, *to cry oh!* hence ὧγμός. (From ῶ or ῶ, as οἶζω from οἶ, οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι.)

ὤή, a call to another, *ho! holla!* Lat. *obe!* *beus!*
ὤήθην, aor. I pass. of οἶομαι.

ᾤεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ᾤέω.

ᾤεύντο, Dor. for ᾤούντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ὀΐεσθαι, impf. ᾤεον: fut. ᾤήσω and ᾤσω: aor. I ἔωσα Ion. and Ep. ᾤσα: pf. ἔωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔωσθην: pf. ἔωμαι Ion. ᾤμαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf. ᾤεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ᾤωσασκε: *to thrust, push, shove, force away or from a place; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ᾤσε be forced the spear from the thigh; ἔξω ἀψ ἔς κούλεον ᾤσε be thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push or force back in battle; ᾤσαι ἑαυτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush into the fire; ᾤσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry, push on; ᾤθεν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust or push from oneself, push or force back.*

ᾤόζω, f. ἰώω, = ᾤέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass. and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph. to be in hot dispute, Lat. *altercari*. Hence ᾤώσιμος, *a thrusting, pushing; a struggling, wrestling*: metaph., ᾤωσιμός λόγος *a struggle of words, a hot debate*.

ᾤγγυντο, Ep. for ᾤγγυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οἶγγυμι.

ᾤετο, Ep. for ᾤετο, 3 sing. impf. of οἶομαι. [Ὶ]

ᾤξεαι, Ep. for οἶξαι, inf. of οἶγγυμι.

ᾤξε, ᾤξαν, Ep. for ᾤξε; ᾤξαν, 3 sing. and 3 pl. aor. I act. of οἶγγυμι.

ᾤόσθη, Ep. aor. I of οἶομαι.

ᾤκα, poet. Adv. of ᾤκός, *quickly, swiftly, fast*.

ᾤκαλέος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ᾤκός.

ᾤκέα, Ep. and Ion. for ᾤκεία, fem. from ᾤκός.

ᾤκεάνη, ἡ, (ᾤκεανός) *daughter of Ocean, an Ocean-nymph*. [Ὶ]

ᾤκεάνης, ἴδος, ἡ, (ᾤκεανός) *daughter of Ocean*

ᾤκεανόνδε, Adv. *to the ocean or sea*. From

ᾤκεανός, οὐδ, ὁ, *Oceanos*, acc. to Hesiod, son of Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters: according to Homer, Ocean was a river which encompassed the whole earth, hence often called ᾤκεανός ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα. (From ᾤκός and νᾶω.)

ᾤκειῶν, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ᾤκός.

ᾤκέως, Adv. of ᾤκός, *quickly, swiftly*.

ᾤκήεις, ἔσσα, εἰ, poet. for ᾤκός, *swift*.

ᾤκιστα, neut. plur. of ᾤκός used as Adv., *most swiftly, very swiftly*.

ᾤκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ᾤκός.

ᾤκων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ᾤκός.

ᾤκνεον, impf. of ᾤκνέω.

ᾤκτεира, aor. I of οἰκτείρω.

ᾤκύ-ἄλος, ον, (ᾤκός, ἄλς) *sea-swift, speeding over the sea*, epith. of a ship. [Ὶ]

ᾤκύ-βόλος, ον, (ᾤκός, βολεῖν) *quick-biting or quick-shot: quick-darting*.

ᾤκύ-δήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ᾤκός, δάκνω) *biting sharply*.

ᾤκύ-διδάκτος, ον, (ᾤκός, διδάσκω) *quickly taught*.

ᾤκύ-δίνητος Dor. -δίνᾱτος, ον, (ᾤκός, δίνεω) *quick-whirling*. [Ὶ]

ᾤκυ-δρόμας, ον, ὁ, = ᾤκυδρομός.

ᾤκύ-δρόμος, ον, (ᾤκός, δραμέινω) *swift-running*.

ᾤκυ-επής, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ᾤκός, ἔπος) *quick-speaking*.

ᾤκύ-θεός, ον, also η, ον, (ᾤκός, θέω) *swift-running*.

ᾤκύ-μάχος [ᾱ], ον, (ᾤκός, μάχομαι) *quick to fight*.

ᾤκύ-μωρος, ον, (ᾤκός, μώρος) *short-lived, dying early*: Sup., ᾤκυμωράτατος. II. act. bringing a quick or early death.

ᾤκύ-πέτης, ον, ὁ, (ᾤκός, ΠΙΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) *quick-flying*.

ᾤκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ᾤκός, πλάνη) *quick-wandering*.

ᾤκύ-πλος, ον, (ᾤκός, πλέω) *fast-sailing*.

ᾤκύ-πόδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ᾤκύπους, *swift-footed*.

ᾤκύ-ποινος, ον, (ᾤκός, ποινή) *quickly-avenged*.

ᾤκύ-πομπτος, ον, (ᾤκός, πέμπω) *swift-conveying*.

ᾤκύ-πορος, ον, (ᾤκός, πόρος) *swift-passing*.

ᾤκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ᾤκύπους. [Ὶ]

ᾤκύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πον, τό, gen. -ποδος (ᾤκός, ποῖς), *swift-footed, fleet of foot*.

ᾤκύ-πτερος, ον, (ᾤκός, πτερὸν) *swift-winged, swift-flying*: τὰ ᾤκύπτερα *the long quill-feathers in a wing*.

ᾤκύ-ρότης, ον, ὁ Dor. -ρόας, = ᾤκύροος.

ᾤκύ-ροος, ον, (ᾤκός, ρέω) *swift-flowing*.

ᾤκός [Ὶ], ᾤκεία, ᾤκύ, gen. ᾤκέος, ἑίας, ἑός, Ep. fem. ᾤκέᾱ:—*quick, swift, fleet, speedy*. Adv. ᾤκίως, but more commonly ᾤκα, *swiftly, fleetly*.—Comp. and Sup.

ᾤκυτέρος, ᾤκυτάτος: irreg. ᾤκίω, ον, gen. ονος (like Lat. *occyro, ocyus*), ᾤκιστος. (Akin to δέξω.)

ᾤκύ-σκοπος, ον, (ᾤκός, σκοπέω) *quick-aiming*.

ᾤκύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ᾤκός) *quickness, swiftness, fleetness, speed*. [Ὶ]

ᾤκυτόκειος or -τόκιος, ον, *belonging to or promoting a quick and easy birth*: τὸ ᾤκυτόκιον (sc. φάρμακον) *a medicine to cause easy delivery*. From

ᾤκύ-τόκος, ον, (ᾤκός, τεκεῖν) *causing quick and easy birth*; of a river, *fertilising*: τὸ ᾤκυτόκον *a quick and easy birth*.

ᾤλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for αἰλαξ.

ᾤλάφιον, contr. for ᾤ ἐλάφιον.

ᾤλέ-κράνον, τό, properly ᾤλενό-κρανον, = ᾤλένης κράνον, *the point of the elbow*: also δλέκρανον.

ᾤΛΕ'NH, ἡ, *the elbow*, or rather *the arm from the elbow to the wrist, the lower arm*, Lat. *ulna*: generally, *an arm*; ἐπὶ ἀλένας δέρα βάλλειν *to throw one's arms round a person's neck*.

ᾤλεσα, aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ᾤλεσί-βωλος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, βᾶλος) *crushing clods of earth*.

ᾤλεσί-καρπος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, καρπός) *of a tree, losing its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe*.

ᾤλεσί-οικος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, οἶκος) *destroying or ruining the house*.

ᾤλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ῥλισθιν, aor. 2 of ῥλισθάνω.

ῥλισθηκα, pf. of ῥλισθάνω.

ῥλλοι, ῥλλοι, Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.

ῥλξ, ῥ, poet. contr. for ῥλαξ, αἰλαξ, a furrow : mostly used in acc. ῥλκα.

ῥλῳην, aor. 2 med. of ῥλλωμ.

ῥμ-αχθῆς, ῥς, (ῥμος, ἀχθος) heavy to the shoulders.

ῥμες, Dor. for ῥμεν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ῥμ-ηστῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (ῥμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating raw flesh ; also with a fem. Subst., ῥχινα ῥμ-ηστῆς. II. generally, savage, brutal.

ῥμαι, pf. pass. of ῥράω, formed from *ῥτομαι.

ῥμο-βοέος or -βόειος, α, ον, (ῥμός, βοῦς) of raw, untanned ox-hide :—as Subst., ῥμοβοέη (sc. δορά), ῥ, a raw ox-hide, like λεοντέη, etc. : but, ῥμοβόειον (sc. κρέας), τό, raw ox-flesh.

ῥμο-βοεύς, ῥς, ὁ, (ῥμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw ox-hide : acc. pl. ῥμοβοεῖς.

ῥμο-βόινος, η, ον, like ῥμοβοέος, of raw ox-hide.

ῥμο-βρώς, ῥτος, ὁ, ῥ, (ῥμός, βιβρώσκω) eating raw flesh.

ῥμό-βρωτος, ον, (ῥμός, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.

ῥμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ῥ, (ῥμός, γέρων) a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age ; cp. Virgil's *cruda viridisque senectus*.

ῥμο-δακῆς, ῥς, (ῥμός, δακεῖν) fiercely stung or fiercely stinging.

ῥμό-δροπος, ον, (ῥμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe ; νόμμο ῥμόδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.

ῥμο-θετέω, f. ῥσω, (ῥμός, τίθημι) :—in sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (ῥμός) : also in Med.

ῥμό-θύμος, ον, (ῥμός, θυμός) savage-hearted.

ῥμοι, not ῥμοι, = ῥ μοι, ab me, woe's me, Lat. *hei mihi*.

ῥμο-κράτης, ῥς, gen. ῥος, (ῥμος, κράτος) strong-shouldered, or (ῥμός, κράτος) of savage strength.

ῥμολογημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ῥμολογέω, confessedly, without contradiction.

ῥμο-πλάτη, ῥ, (ῥμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade, mostly in plur. ῥμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [ἀ]

ῥΜΟΞ, ὁ, the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder, Lat. *umerus* ; φέρειν ῥμοις to bear on one's shoulders ; ῥμοισι τοῖς ῥμοῖσι by the strength of mine arms : also of animals, as of a lion : of a horse, like Lat. *armus*.

ῥΜΟΞ, ῥ, ὄν, raw, undressed, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of flesh ; ῥμόν καταφαγεῖν τινα to eat one raw : of food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly of fruits : also of a man, ῥμόν γῆρας an untimely old age.

II. metaph. savage, rude, cruel. 2. rough, hardy.

ῥμοσα, aor. I of ῥμνωμ.

ῥμό-σιτος, ον, (ῥμός, σιτέομαι) eating men raw : hence savage, ferocious.

ῥμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ῥμός, σπάρασσω) torn in pieces raw.

ῥμότης, ῥτος, ῥ, (ῥμός) rawness, unripeness. II. metaph. *savageness, cruelty*.

ῥμο-φάγος, ον, (ῥμός, φάγεῖν) eating raw flesh. II.

ῥμόφαγος, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.

ῥμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ῥ, (ῥμός, φρήν) savage-minded. Adv. φρόνας.

ῥμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω.

ῥμώς, Adv. of ῥμός, savagely.

ῥν, Ion. for ὄν, now, therefore.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ῥν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ῥν.

ῥνα, ῥναξ, poet. contr. for ῥ ἄνα, ῥ ἄναξ.

ῥνάθην, Dor. for ἄνήθην, aor. I pass. of ὀνίημι.

ῥνάμην, ῥνάτω, I and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι.

ῥνάσσω, Dbr. aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ῥνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.

ῥνέομαι contr. ὀνύομαι : fut. ἄνήσομαι : impf. ἔωνύην Ion. ἄνέομαι : aor. I ἔωνησάμην, pf. ἔωνημαι ; (but pf. part. ἔωνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense) :—ἐπριάμην [ἄ] is used as aor. 2, Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο ; imperat. πριάσο, πρίω ; subj. πριάμαι ; opt. πριάμην ; inf. πριάσθαι ; part. πριάμενος (ἄνος) : Dep. :—to buy, purchase, opp. to πωλέω, πριάσκω, as Lat. *emere* to *vendere* ; ἄνείσθαι τι παρά τινος to buy a thing from a person : c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἄνείσθαι δραχμῆς to buy for a drachma. 2. to farm public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf. to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a thing, Lat. *liceri* : hence to buy off, effect a compromise by money : hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to be bought. Hence

ῥνή, ῥ, (ἄνος) a buying, Lat. *emptio*, ῥνή καὶ πῆσις buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain : esp. a contract for the farming of taxes.

ῥνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι.

ῥνήσα, aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ῥνήτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ἄνέομαι) a buyer.

ῥνήτός, ῥ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄνέομαι, bought. II. to be bought, that may be bought.

ῥνθρωπε, crasis for ῥ ἄνθρωπε.

ῥνθρωποισι, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωποι.

ῥνιος, α, ον, (ἄνος) to be bought, for sale, Lat. *venalis* ; πῶς ὁ σῖτος ῥνιος ; how is corn selling ? what is the market price ? τὰ ῥνια goods for sale, market-wares.

ῥνομα, ατος, τό, Acol. for ἔνομα.

ῥνομάδαται, Ion. for ῥνομασμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀνομίζω.

ῥΝΟΞ, ὁ, a price, value, payment for a thing. II. a buying, like ῥνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum* from *οἶνος*, *vicius* from *οἶκος*.)

ῥνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὀνωμαι.

ῥνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.

ῥνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.

ῥξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἔξ.

ῥξε, 3 sing. aor. I of οἰγνυμι.

ῥΟΝ, τό, an egg, Lat. *OVUM*.

ῥόπ, a cry of the *κελευστής* to make the rowers stop pulling, *avast* !

ῥασα, aor. I of ῥάω.

ῥασ, Dor. for οὔπερ, Adv. *where*.

ῥασσον, poet. crasis for ῥ' Ἀσλλον.

ῥασλλον, by crasis for ῥ' Ἀσλλον.

ῥασλοῖ, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰσλοῖ.

ῥασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥάω.

ῥαστα, ῥαστων, aor. I and impf. of ῥάω.

ῥασπα, pf. 2 of ῥάω.

ῥασ Ion. ῥασ, ῥ, Lat. *CURA*, *care, concern, heed*, regard for a person or thing; ῥαν τινός ἔχειν or ποιεῖσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

ῥασ Ion. ῥασ, ῥ, Lat. *HORA*, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full εἶπος ῥασ or ῥασ εἰαρινή; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ῥασ or autumn, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. later, the whole year,

ἐν τῇ πέρυσιν ῥασ last year, (as we say) last season.

II. the time of day: also, ῥασ νυκτός night-time.

III. generally, the right, fitting-time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ῥασ in good time, early: c. gen. rei, ῥασ ὕπνου the time for sleep, bed-time.

IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the heavens. V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manhood.

VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ῥασα, the fruits or produce of the year.

VII. as pr. n., ῥασ, αἱ, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Χάριτες or Graces.

ῥασ, α, ov, (ῥασ) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; ῥασοὶ καρποὶ or τὰ ῥασα, the fruits of the season. 2. as Subst., ῥασα, ῥη, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations.

II. happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable.

III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμον ῥασα a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death.

IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful.

ῥασότης, ῥτος, ῥη, the bloom of youth, beauty.

ῥασκιάω, f. ἄσω [ῥ], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ῥανός, ὁ, Dor. for οὐρανός.

ῥασ, ῥασιν, Adv. (ῥασ) in season, in good time.

ῥασ-τροφός, ov, poet. for ῥαστροφός, (ῥος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ῥασατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ῥάω.

ῥασ-δουπος, ov, (ῥος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains.

ῥασ-δότης, ov, ὁ, (ῥασ, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

ῥασ-εσιν, Ep. for ῥασεσιν, dat. of ῥασ.

ῥασο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ῥαννυ.

ῥασ, (ῥασ) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

ῥασ, ῥη, Ion. for ῥασ.

ῥασ, ῥη, Ion. for ῥασ.

ῥασ-ῥος, ov, (ῥασ, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ῥασ, pf. pass. inf. of ῥαννυ.

ῥασεσκον, Ion. impf. of ῥασίω.

ῥασίω, ῥη, ὄν, (ῥασ) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. II. in season, seasonable: Adv. -κῶς, ῥασκῶς πυνθάνεαι you ask seasonably.

ῥασμος, ov, (ῥασ) ripe, timely, in season.

ῥασινθη, aor. I pass. of ῥαννυ.

ῥασος, ov, (ῥασ) happening or returning in due season; ῥασα πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. II. timely, seasonable, ripe.

III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ῥασμένος, pf. pass. part. of ῥασίω.

ῥαστος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ῥαστος.

ῥασων, avos, ὁ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis.

II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [ῥ Ep., ῥ Att.]

ῥασάθη [ῥ], Dor. for ῥασάθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ῥασα.

ῥασάτο, ῥασάθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ῥασα.

ῥασάται, -ῥασ, Ion. for ῥασνται, ῥασντο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ῥασα.

ῥασναι, 3 pl. aor. I of ῥασαίω.

ῥασντο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ῥαννυ.

ῥασ-θετέω, f. ἴσω, (ῥασ, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in catching a nativity or observing the natal hour.

II. to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

ῥασ, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ῥαννυ.

ῥασ, εος, τό, Dor. for ῥος Ion. οὔπος, a mountain.

ῥασ, aor. I of ῥαννυ.

ῥασ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ῥαννυ.

ῥασνός, ὁ, a bawling, bellowing, roaring.

ῥασα, aor. I of ῥασίω.

ῥασομαι, fut. ὁσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ῥασομαι: Dep.: —to bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. *rugire*: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar.

II. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ῥασαίος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ῥασαίος.

ῥασεσθη, 3 dual impf. of ῥασομαι.

ῥασεύντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ῥασομαι.

ῥασει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ῥαννυ.

ῥασεχάται, Ion. for ῥασεχέμενοι εἰσιν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥάω.

ῥασεχτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ῥασομαι.

ῥασ, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, ῥσ.

2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ῥσ.

II. as Conj. that, when it is also without accent, ῥσ.

I. ὥς, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, *so, thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὥς*, *even so, nevertheless*: with a negat., *οὐδ' ὥς, μηδ' ὥς*, *not even so, in no way soever*. 3. in Comparisons, ὥς is answered by ὥς, so as, Lat. *sic ut*: also, ὥστε . . ὥς, as . . *thus*.

II. ὥς, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. *ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—ὥς in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, *θεὸς ὥς for ὥς θεός*.

2. with Elliptical Phrases, ὥς μοι or ὥς γ' μοι (sc. *δοκεῖ*); ὥς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. *εἰκάσαι*) to judge by eyesight; ὥς Λακεδαιμόνιος (sc. *εἶναι*) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπεμφας αὐτὸν ὥς φύλακα (sc. *εἶναι*) having sent him with them as a guard.

3. with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; ἀγανακτοῦσιν ὥς ἀδικοῦμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. *by reason of* being injured; so with questions, ὥς τί δὴ θέλων; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; εἰργοῦσιν αὐτὸν ὥς ἀδικούντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. *by reason of*: so also with Participles used absol., ὥς οὕτως ἐχόντων, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. *by reason of* their being so.

4. so also with Prepositions; ὥς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν as for a sea-fight, i. e. *as if* about to fight; ὥς ἐπὶ φρυγανισμῶν as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps. *ἐπὶ*, *εἰς*, *πρός*, but also with others; ὥς ἐκ κακῶν ἐχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence

5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and ὥς itself is used like a Prep., = *εἰς*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, ὥς τὸν Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, ὥς αἰὲν τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὥς τὸν ὅμοιον how God does ever bring like to like.

6. with Adverbs:—with the Positive, ὥς ἀληθῶς, ὥς ἑτέρως how truly! how differently! Lat. *quam veré, quam aliter*: so too ὥς follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστῶς ὥς, ὑπερφνῶς ὥς, etc.

7. ὥς strengthens the Superlative, like *ὅτι* and *ὅπως*, Lat. *quam, quā, quā, quā*, as much as possible; ὥς ῥόστα, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; ὥς τάχιστα, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases ὥς τὸ πολὺ, ὥς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ, ὥς ἐπὶ τὸ πλεῖστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque, ut plurimum*.

8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, ὥς ἀριστος, ὥς βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. ὥς as CONJUNCTION: I. expressing a fact, *that*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = ὥστε, so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. ὥς, *that*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἰπων ὥς τοῦτο εἶη, or εἰπον τοῦτο εἶναι.

4. ὥς, marking an end, like *ἵνα* or *ὅπως*, *that*, in order *that*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like ὥστε, c. inf., so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut, ita ut*: εὖρος ὥς δύο τριῖρας πλεῖν ὁμοῦ in breadth such that two triremes could sail abreast.

6. ὥς is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, as, *since*, Lat. *quippe*, *quandoquidem*: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = ὅπως, Lat. *quomodo, quemadmodum*.

IV. ὥς is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase ὥς αἰὲν τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὥς τὸν ὅμοιον how God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Adv., ὥς ἡλίθιος *ē* how silly thou art; ὥς σεμνὸς ὁ καταπατὴρ how pompous the rascal is; ὥς ὀξεῖα κλάζει how shrilly it screams.

2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ὥς ἰδεν, ὥς μὴ ἔβρας πικινὰς φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul; so, ὥς ἰδόν, ὥς ἐμάνην, ὥς μεν περὶ θυμὸς ἰάφθη, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*.

3. ὥς to express a wish, *ob that* I like εἴθε, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., ὥς ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος *ob that* another also might perish: also negatively, ὥς μὴ θάνοι *ob that* he might not die!

V. ὥς with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, *about, nearly*; ἀπέθανον ὥς πεντακόσιοι about 500 fell.

VI. ὥς in some Elliptical Phrases: I. ὥς τί (sc. *γένηται*); in order *that what* may happen? for *what end? wherefore?* 2. ὥς ἕκαστοι ἦσαν or ἐτυχον ὄντες, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*.

(Ἦς is an old pl. acc. of ὅς, as τῶς pl. acc. of ὁ; οὕτως from οὗτος, etc.): so *ἄτε* is used Adv.) ὥς or ὥς, Dor. for *ὅθι, where*. ὥς, τό, gen. ὡρός, Dor. for *ὅς, the ear*. ὥστα, Ion. and Ep. for ἔστω, aor. I of ὠθέω. ὥσταμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of ὠθέω. ὥς ἂν, Ep. ὥς κε or ὥς κεν, = ὥς with a conditional force added.

ὥσ-αν-εἰ or ὥς ἂν εἰ, like *as if*, as *if*. ὥσ-αν-εἰ, Hebr. word meaning *save now! save we pray!*

ὥσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὠθέω. ὥσ-αὐτως, Adv. of ὁ αὐτός (*the same*), strengthd. for ὥς, in *like manner, just so*; ὥσάτως καὶ . . in *like manner* as . .

ὥσδε, Dor. for ὡςδε, 3 sing. impf. of ὥδω. ὥσ-εἰ or ὥς εἰ, Adv. as *if, as though*: in Comparisons, as *if, like, just as*: so also ὥσ-εἰ-τε. II. with Numerals, *about*.

ὥσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ὠθέω. ὥσιν, dat. plur. of ὥς. ὥσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω; part. ὥσμένος. ὥσ-περ, Adv. (ὥς, περ) *even as, just as*; in Homer there is often a word interposed between ὥς and περ, as, ὥς τοπάρος περ, ὥς ἑσται περ, etc.

2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as *if, as if it were*: and so with Participles used absolutely, ὥσπερ ἐξόν as *if* it were in our power.

ὥσ-περ-εἰ or ὥσ-περ-εἰ, just as *if, even as*, Lat. *tanquam*. ὥσ-περ-οὖν, Adv. *even as, just as*: as really, *εἰ δ' ἔστιν ὡσπερὶν ἔστι θεός* but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ὥσ-τε, as Adv. (ὥς, τε) being to ὥς, as ὥστε to ὅς, D d 2

used to introduce a comparison, *as, like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, *as, as being*, like ἄτε, Lat. *utroque*: τὸν δ' ἐξήρπαξ' Ἀφροδίτῃ ρεῖα μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like ὥς with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν *as or since* the ways were guarded.

3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with ἤ; μέζω κακὰ ἤ ὥστε ἀνακλαίειν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, *as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν* too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρον ὥστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in.

III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει so *that*, or *therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὠσιζω, f. ἴωω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. *trudo*.

II. in Med., Att. fut. ὠσιτοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὠσιτίεσθαι *eis τὴν προεδρίαν* to jostle for the first seat.

ῥωτοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ὠσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνωμαι.

ὠσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ὠτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ἡσώ, (οὖς, ἀκούω) to hearken or listen covertly or anxiously.

ὠ τᾶν or ὠ τάν, see τάν.

ὠτάριον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a little ear. [ᾱ]

ὠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτειλή, ἡ, (οὐτάω) a wound: later also a scar, Lat. *ciatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a little ear.

ὠτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οὖς) a bustard with long ear-feathers.

ᾠτος, ὁ, Ὀτος, son of Alceus, brother of Ephialtes.

ὠτρύνα, aor. 1 of ὠτρύνω.

ὠτάεις, εἶσα, εν, (οὖς) with ears or bandles.

οὐτός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also οὐτός or οὐτός.

ὠφέλα, aor. 1 of ὠφέλλω.

ὠφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφέλεια, ἡ, (ὠφέ-
λέω) *help, aid, assistance, succour*, esp. in war. 2.

profit, advantage, gain: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφεῖλαι.

ὠφελέω, f. ἡσώ: (ὠφελος):—to *help, aid, assist,*

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ὠφελεῖ it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἐρωτος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνετ' ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*.

II. Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφελήθησομαι:—to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρὸς τινος from a person or thing: so, εἰκ or ἀπὸ τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελείσθαι τινι to be profited by a thing: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδὼν to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

ὠφέλημα, ατος, τό, *that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing*. II. generally = ὠφελία, use, advantage, benefit.

ὠφελήσιμος, ον, (ὠφελέω) *useful, serviceable*.

ὠφελήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφελέω) a *helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφελήτεός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὠφελέω, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελήτεον, one must assist.

ὠφέλεια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφέλιμος, ον, sometimes also η, ον, (ὠφελέω) *helping, aiding*: *useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous*. Adv. —μως: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφελον.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφεῖλαι.

ὠφθην, aor. 1 of ὀράω, in pass. sense.

ὠφληκα, pf. of ὀφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ῶχα, pf. of οἶγνυμι.

ῶχάτο, Ion. for ὠγμένοι ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ῶχετο, ὠχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἶχομαι.

ῶχηκα, Ep. for ὠχωκα, pl. of οἶχομαι.

ὠχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὀχθέω.

ὠχράω, f. ἡσώ, (ὠχρός) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.

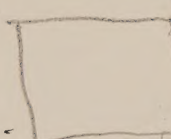
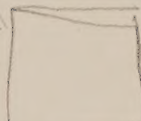
ὠχράω, f. ἡσώ [ᾱ], (ὠχρός) to be or turn pale.

ᾠχρὸς, ᾱ, ὄν, pale, wan, fallow. Hence

ὠχρος, ον, ὄ, or eos, τό, like ὠχρότης, *paleness, wanness*, esp. the paleness of fear.

ῶχωκα, Ion. pf. of οἶχομαι.

ὠψ, ἡ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὤψομαι, fut. of ὀράω) *the eye, face, countenance*; εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι τινί to look one full in the face: so absol., εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῖς εἰς ὠπα ἔοικεν *as to the face*, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.



D. Hay





